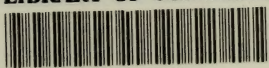
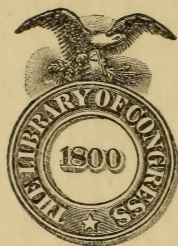


LIBRARY OF CONGRESS



00001545036



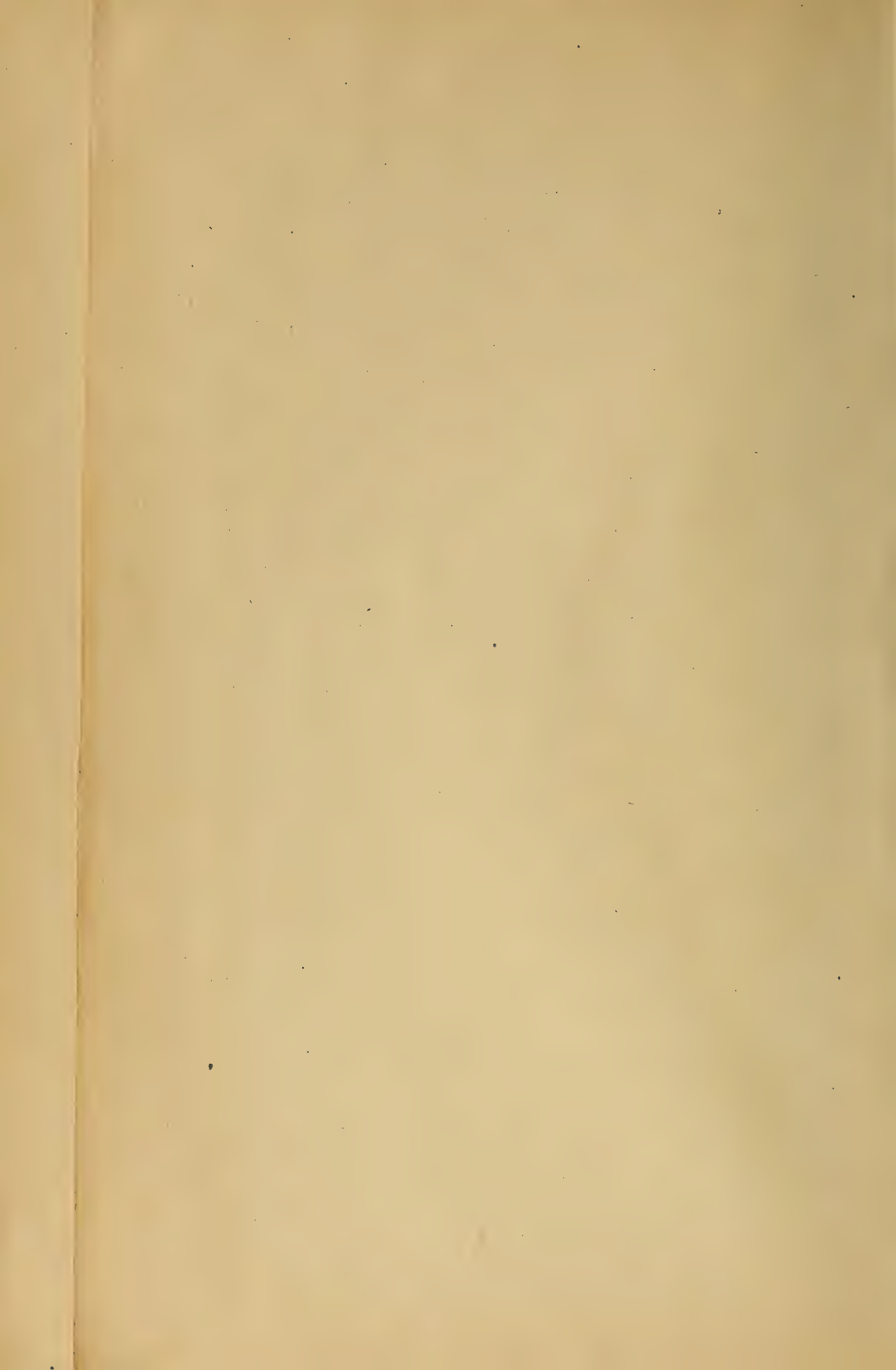
Class PS 589

Book .G7

Copyright N^o 1874

COPYRIGHT DEPOSIT

R. T.







Hunt

Rufus W. Griswold

THE
FEMALE POETS

OF

590
1063

AMERICA.

BY RUFUS WILMOT GRISWOLD.

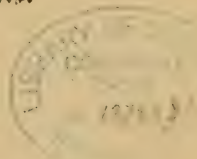
WITH ADDITIONS BY R. H. STODDARD.

I AM OBNOXIOUS TO EACH CARPING TONGUE
THAT SAYS MY HAND A NEEDLE BETTER FITS;
A POET'S PEN ALL SCORN I THUS SHOULD WRONG,
FOR SUCH DESPITE THEY CAST ON FEMALE WITS.
*** BUT SURE THE ANTIQUE GREEKS WERE FAR MORE MILD,
ELSE OF OUR SEX WHY FEIGNED THEY THOSE NINE,
AND POESY MADE CALLOPE'S OWN CHILD!—
SO MONGST THE REST THEY PLACED THE ARTS DIVINE.

THE FOUR ELEMENTS: By Anne Bradstreet, *Boston*, 1640.

CAREFULLY REVISED, MUCH ENLARGED, AND CONTINUED TO THE PRESENT TIME.

With Portraits on Steel, from Original Pictures.



NEW YORK:
JAMES MILLER, PUBLISHER, 647 BROADWAY.

1874.

PAID
1877
P. P.

ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS, IN THE YEAR 1848, BY CAREY & HART, IN THE OFFICE OF
THE CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1873, by
JAMES MILLER,
In the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington.

C
C
C
C
C
C
C

LANGE, LITTLE & Co.,
PRINTERS, ELECTROTYPERS AND STEREOTYPERS,
108 to 114 WOOSTER STREET, N. Y.

P R E F A C E .

It is less easy to be assured of the genuineness of literary ability in women than in men. The moral nature of women, in its finest and richest development, partakes of some of the qualities of genius ; it assumes, at least, the similitude of that which in men is the characteristic or accompaniment of the highest grade of mental inspiration. We are in danger, therefore, of mistaking for the efflorescent energy of creative intelligence, that which is only the exuberance of personal "feelings unemployed." We may confound the vivid dreamings of an unsatisfied heart, with the aspirations of a mind impatient of the fetters of time, and matter, and mortality. That may seem to us the abstract imagining of a soul rapt into sympathy with a purer beauty and a higher truth than earth and space exhibit, which in fact shall be only the natural craving of affections, undefined and wandering. The most exquisite susceptibility of the spirit, and the capacity to mirror in dazzling variety the effects which circumstances or surrounding minds work upon it, may be accompanied by no power to originate, nor even, in any proper sense, to reproduce. It does not follow, because the most essential genius in men is marked by qualities which we may call feminine, that such qualities when found in female writers have any certain or just relation to mental superiority. The conditions of æsthetic ability in the two sexes are probably distinct, or even opposite. Among men, we recognise his nature as the most thoroughly artist-like, whose most abstract thoughts still retain a sensuous cast, whose mind is the most completely transfused and incorporated into his feelings. Perhaps the reverse should be considered the test of true art in woman, and we should deem her the truest poet, whose emotions are most refined by reason, whose force of passion is most expanded and controlled into lofty and impersonal forms of imagination. Coming to the duty of criticism, however, with something of this antecedent skepticism, I have reviewed the collection of works which my task brought before me, with frequent admiration and surprise ; and leaving to others the less welcome task of rejecting pretensions, which must inspire interest, if they can not command acquiescence, I content myself with expressing, affirmatively, my own conviction, that the writings of Mrs. Maria Brooks, Mrs. Oakes-Smith, Mrs.

Osgood, Mrs. Whitman, and some others here quoted, illustrate as high and sustained a range of poetic art, as the female genius of any age or country can display. The most striking quality of that civilization which is evolving itself in America, is the deference felt for women. As a point in social manners, it is so pervading and so peculiar, as to amount to a national characteristic ; and it ought to be valued and vaunted as the pride of our freedom, and the brightest hope of our history. It indicates a more exalted appreciation of an influence that never can be felt too deeply, for it never is exerted but for good. In the absence from us of those great visible and formal institutions by which Europe has been educated, it seems as if Nature had designed that resources of her own providing should guide us onward to the maturity of civil refinement. The increased degree in which women among us are taking a leading part in literature, is one of the circumstances of this augmented distinction and control on their part. The proportion of female writers at this moment in America, far exceeds that which the present or any other age in England exhibits. It is in the West, too, where we look for what is most thoroughly native and essential in American character, that we are principally struck with the number of youthful female voices that soften and enrich the tumult of enterprise, and action, by the interblended music of a calmer and loftier sphere. Those who cherish a belief that the progress of society in this country is destined to develop a school of art, original and special, will perhaps find more decided indications of the infusion of our domestic spirit and temper into literature, in the poetry of our female authors, than in that of our men. It has been suggested by foreign critics, that our citizens are too much devoted to business and politics to feel interest in pursuits which adorn but do not profit, and which beautify existence but do not consolidate power : feminine genius is perhaps destined to retrieve our public character in this respect, and our shores may yet be far resplendent with a temple of art which, while it is a glory of our land, may be a monument to the honor of the sex.

The American people have been thought deficient in that warmth and delicacy of taste, without which there can be no genuine poetic sensibility. Were it true, it were much to be regretted that we should be wanting in that noble capacity to receive pleasure from what is beautiful in nature or exquisite in art—in that veneration sense—that prophetic recognition—that quick, intense perception, which sees the divine relations of all things that delight the eye or kindle the imagination. One endowed with an apprehension like this, becomes purer and more elevated, in sentiment and aspiration, after viewing an embodi-

ment of any such conception as that specimen of genius materialized, the Belvidere Apollo, "at the aspect of which," says Winckelmann, "I forget all the universe: I involuntarily assume the most noble attribute of my being in order to be worthy of its presence." I shall not inquire into the causes of the denial that this fine instinct exists among us. The earlier speculations upon the subject, by Depaw and others, were deemed of sufficient importance to be answered by the two of our presidents who have been most distinguished in literature and philosophy: but they have been repeated, in substance, by De Tocqueville, who had seen, or might have seen, the works of Dana, Bryant, Halleck, Longfellow, and Whittier; of Irving, Cooper, Kennedy, Hawthorne, and Willis; of Webster, Channing, Prescott, Bancroft, and Legaré; of Allston, Leslie, Leutze, Huntington, and Cole; of Powers, Greenough, Crawford, Clevenger, and Brown. Such prejudices, which could not be dispelled by the creations of these men, will be little affected by anything that could be offered here: yet to an understanding guided by candor, the additional display of a body of literature like the present, exhibiting so pervading an *aspiration* after the beautiful—under circumstances, in many cases, so little propitious to its action—and in a sex which in earlier ages has contributed so sparingly to high art—will come with the weight of cumulative testimony.

Several persons are mentioned in this volume whose lives have been no holydays of leisure: those, indeed, who have not in some way been active in practical duties, are exceptions to the common rule. One was a slave—one a domestic servant—one a factory girl: and there are many in the list who had no other time to give to the pursuits of literature but such as was stolen from a frugal and industrious housewifery, from the exhausting cares of teaching, or the fitful repose of sickness. These illustrations of the truth, that the muse is no respecter of conditions, are especially interesting in a country where, though equality is an axiom, it is not a reality, and where prejudice reverses in the application all that theory has affirmed in words. The propriety of bringing before the world compositions produced amid humble and laborious occupations, has been vindicated by Bishop Potter, with so much force and elegance, in his introduction to the Poems of Maria James, that I regret that the limits of this preface forbid my copying what I should wish every reader of this book to be acquainted with.

When I completed "The Poets and Poetry of America," a work of which the public approval has been illustrated in the sale of ten large editions, I determined upon the preparation of the present volume, the appearance of

which has been delayed by my interrupted health. I must be permitted, however, to congratulate with the public, that since my intention was announced and known, others have relieved me from the responsibility of singly executing that which I had been hardy enough singly to plan and propose. Their merits may compensate for my deficiencies. The first volume of this nature which appeared in this country, was printed in Philadelphia in 1844, under the title of "Gems from American Female Poets, with brief biographies, by Rufus W. Griswold." As Mr. T. B. Read, in his "Female Poets of America," (it is Mr. Read's *publisher* who declares, in the advertisement to this work, that "the biographical notices which it contains have been prepared in *every instance* from facts either within his personal knowledge, or communicated to him directly by the authors or their friends,") and Miss C. May, in her "American Female Poets," (in the preface to which she acknowledges a resort to "printed authorities,") have done me the honor to copy that slight performance with only a too faithful closeness, I owe them apologies for having led them into some errors of fact. Both of them, transcribing from the "Gems," speak of Mrs. Mowatt as the daughter of "the late" Mr. Samuel Gouverneur Ogden: I am happy to contradict the record, by stating that Mr. Ogden still enjoys in health and vigor the honors of living excellence. Mr. Read, reproducing my early mistake, has given Mrs. Hall the Christian name of Elizabeth, and the birthplace of Boston. Nothing but the extraordinary haste with which the trifling volume of 1844 was put together, could excuse my ignorance that the name of the authoress of "Miriam" was Louisa Jane, and that she was a native of Newburyport. In one or the other of these volumes are many more errors, for which I confess myself solely responsible: but it would be tedious to point them out, while it would be scarcely necessary to do so, as they will undoubtedly be corrected, from the present work, should the volumes referred to attain to second editions.

It is proper to state that a large number of the poems in this volume are now for the first time printed. Many authors, with a confidence and kindness which are justly appreciated, not only placed at my disposal their entire printed works, but gave me permission to examine and make use of their literary MSS. without limitation.

NEW YORK, December, 1848.

PREFACE TO THIS EDITION.

NEARLY twenty-five years have passed since the first publication of "THE FEMALE POETS OF AMERICA," of which a new and enlarged edition is here presented to the reader. Many who figured in its pages then have passed away, and others who remain have passed out of the remembrance of their contemporaries. It might almost be said that a new school of poetry has arisen, and a new race of female poets come into existence since this collection was first made. There is little or no similarity between the writers whom I have added to it, and those whom Dr. Griswold delighted to honor, and from whose writings he selected so lavishly. If he were alive now I have no doubt but that he would prefer the latter to the former, but he would hardly be able to bring his readers to his way of thinking. We have outgrown such singers of spontaneous verse as Mrs. Hemans and Miss Landon, and we insist that our songstresses shall outgrow them, too. If they *must* reflect other minds, those minds must be of a larger order than their own, or we will none of them—at second-hand. There is, if I am not mistaken, more force and more originality—in other words, more genius—in the living female poets of America than in all their predecessors, from Mistress Anne Bradstreet down. At any rate there is a wider range of thought in their verse, and infinitely more art.

I have not meddled with Dr. Griswold's selections, which are not in all cases, perhaps, such as I should have chosen, and I have, of course, let his criticisms stand for what they are worth: they are generally generous, never, I believe, severe. I have been obliged, however, to alter his text in several instances, either because the ladies to whom it referred have married, or died, or both, since it was first written. I have endeavored to

state with accuracy the dates of birth and death, but have not been able to do so in a number of instances, owing to the usual sins of omission in American biographical works. Dr. Griswold appears to have shrunk from fulfilling this part of his task,—at least so far as the dates of birth were concerned, for reasons which may be conjectured,—as I have myself. If I may allude to so delicate a matter as a lady's age, the age of no lady whose poetry is included in the additions which I have made will ever be known through any indiscretion of mine. I have to thank these ladies for information furnished with regard to their poems, as well as their publishers for permission to select what I chose from their works; especially Messrs. J. R. Osgood & Co., by whom the greater number are published.

R. H. STODDARD.

NEW YORK, *July 23, 1873.*

CONTENTS.

INTRODUCTION.....	PAGE 3
MRS. ANNE BRADSTREET.	
A Contemporary of Spenser and Shakspeare.....	17
Editions of her Poems published in Boston and London.....	17
John Woodbridge's Account of her and her Works.....	17
Du Bartas the Fashionable Poet of the Age.....	18
Verses to her, and Notices of her, by Nath. Ward, B. Woodbridge, John Norton, Cotton Mather, and President Rogers.....	18
Extracts from her Poems addressed to her Husband.....	19
An Elegy upon the Death of her Grandchild.....	19
Verses in her old Age upon the Death of her Daughter-in-law.....	19
Her Death, Character, and Descendants.....	19
Extract from the <i>Prologue to the Four Elements</i>	19
Extract from <i>Contemplations</i>	20
MRS. MERCY WARREN.	
Social Position and Connexion with Public Affairs.....	21
Notice of her Satire entitled <i>The Group</i> , with Extracts.....	21
Notices of her Tragedies, <i>The Sack of Rome</i> , and <i>The Ladies of Castile</i> , with Extracts.....	22
Extracts from other Poems.....	22
<i>Things necessary to the Life of a Woman</i>	23
Acquaintance with John Adams and Washington.....	23
History of the American Revolution.....	23
Character, and Rochefoucault's Opinion of her.....	23
MRS. ELIZABETH GRENE FERGUSON.	
Society in Philadelphia before the Revolution.....	24
Mrs. Ferguson's Family—Disappointment in Love—Voyage to Europe—Acquaintance with Laurence Sterne, &c.....	24
Her Marriage, and Relations with the Whigs and Tories.....	25
Connexion with Dr. Duché, and Affair of General Reed.....	25
Her later Years.....	25
Character of her Poems and Translations.....	25
<i>Invocation to Wisdom</i>	26
Extracts from <i>Telemachus</i>	26
<i>The Procession of Calypso</i>	26
<i>Apollo with the Flocks of King Admetus</i>	27
<i>The Invasion of Love</i>	27
MRS. ANNE ELIZA BLEECKER.	
Early Years, Marriage, and Removal to Tomhanick.....	28
Extract from a Poem descriptive of her Home.....	28
Extracts from Verses addressed to Mr. Bleecker.....	28
Flight from Tomhanick on the Approach of the British Army.....	28
Lines written on this Event.....	28
Visit to New York, last Return to Tomhanick, and Death.....	29
MRS. PHILLIS WHEATLEY PETERS.	
Purchased while a Child, in the Boston Slave Market.....	30
Her early Acquirements and the Interest they excited.....	30
Visits London, and is introduced to Lady Huntingdon.....	30
Curious Address to the Public respecting her, by the Governor of Massachusetts, and Others.....	30
Loses her Master, and marries for a Home.....	30
The Abbe Gregoire's Account of her.....	30
Her Husband a "handsome Man and a Gentleman".....	31
She quarrels with him without good Reason.....	31
General Washington's Letter to her.....	31
Her imeditd MSS. now in Philadelphia.....	31
Mr. Jefferson compares her to the Heroes of the Dunciad.....	31
Opinions respecting her by Gregoire, Clarkson, and others.....	31
<i>On the Death of the Rev. Mr. George Whitefield</i>	32
Extract from a Poem <i>On the Imagination</i>	32
<i>A Farewell to America</i>	32
MRS. SUSANNAH ROWSON.	
Her Father a British Officer in New England.....	33
Her Marriage in London and Literary Life there.....	33
Great Sale of her <i>Charlotte Temple</i>	33
Her Character and Career as an Actress.....	33
Retires from the Stage, and establishes a School in Boston.....	33
Account of her Works.....	33
<i>America, Commerce, and Freedom</i>	34
<i>Kiss the Brim, and Let it Pass</i>	34
<i>Thanksgiving</i>	34
MRS. MARGARETTA V. FAUGERES.	
A Daughter of Mrs. Bleecker.....	35
Unfortunate Marriage, and the Dissipation of her Fortune.....	35
Review of her <i>Belisarius, a Tragedy</i>	35
Extract from her Poem <i>On the Hudson</i>	37
<i>Verses addressed to the Members of the Cincinnati</i>	37

MISS ELIZA TOWNSEND.	
Mr. Nicholas Biddle's Opinion of her Prize Ode.....	PAGE 38
She is educated during a Period of singular Excitement.....	38
Southey's Ode on Napoleon, written in 1814, like hers of 1809.....	38
Dr. Cheever's Commendation of one of her Poems.....	38
<i>An Occasional Ode, written in June, 1809</i>	39
<i>Poem To Robert Southey, written in 1812</i>	41
<i>The Incomprehensibility of God</i>	42
<i>Another "Castle in the Air"</i>	43
Extract from a Poem <i>On the Death of Chas. Brockden Brown</i>	43
MRS. LAVINIA STODDARD.	
Her History and Character.....	44
<i>The Swallow's Defiance</i>	44
<i>Song</i>	44
MISS HANNAH F. GOULD.	
Her Father.....	45
Sprightliness and Individuality of her Genius.....	45
<i>A Name in the Sand</i>	45
<i>Changes on the Deep</i>	46
<i>The Scar of Lexington</i>	47
<i>The Snow Flake</i>	47
<i>The Winds</i>	48
<i>The Frost</i>	48
<i>The Waterfall</i>	48
<i>The Moon upon the Spire</i>	49
<i>The Robe</i>	49
<i>The Consignment</i>	49
<i>The Winter Burial</i>	50
<i>The Pebble and the Acorn</i>	50
<i>The Ship is Ready</i>	50
<i>The Child on the Beach</i>	51
<i>The Midnight Mail</i>	51
MRS. CAROLINE GILMAN.	
Marries Dr. Gilman, and resides in South Carolina.....	52
Notices of her Prose Writings and Poems.....	52
<i>Rosalie</i>	52
<i>The Plantation</i>	54
<i>Music on the Canal</i>	55
<i>The Congressional Burying-Ground</i>	55
<i>To the Urnlines</i>	56
<i>Return to Massachusetts</i>	56
<i>Annie in the Graveyard</i>	56
MRS. SARAH JOSEPHA HALE.	
Her Marriage and subsequent Literary Studies.....	57
Publishes <i>The Genius of Oblivion and other Poems</i>	57
Character of <i>Northwood</i> and her other Prose Works.....	57
Editor of <i>The Ladies' Magazine, the Lady's Book, &c.</i>	57
Publishes <i>Three Hours, or the Vigil of Love, and other Poems</i>	57
Her <i>Ormond Governor, Harry Guy</i> , and other Poems.....	58
Extent of her Writings, and their Character.....	58
<i>The Mississippi</i>	59
<i>The Four-Leaved Clover</i>	60
<i>Description of Alice Ray</i>	60
<i>Iron</i>	61
<i>The Watcher</i>	61
<i>I Sing to Him</i>	62
<i>The Light of Home</i>	62
<i>The Two Maidens</i>	62
MRS. ANNA MARIA WELLS.	
Her Husband an Author.....	63
Publication of her Poems, in 1830.....	63
<i>Ascuney</i>	63
<i>The Tamed Eagle</i>	63
<i>The Old Elm-Tree</i>	64
<i>Anna</i>	64
<i>The Future</i>	64
<i>The White Hare</i>	65
<i>The Sea-Bird</i>	65
MISS MARIA JAMES.	
Her Poems published by Bishop Potter.....	66
Her own Account of her Life.....	66
<i>Ode for the Fourth of July</i>	67
<i>The Pilgrims</i>	67
<i>The Soldier's Grave</i>	68
<i>To a Singing-Bird</i>	68
<i>Good Friday</i>	68

MRS. MARIA BROOKS, (*Maria del Occidente*.)

Her Early Life passed in the Vicinity of Boston.....	PAGE 69
Changes of Fortune described, in an Extract from <i>Idomen</i>	69
Publishes <i>Judith, Esther, and other Poems</i>	69
Review of this Volume.....	70
<i>Cupid the Runaway</i> , from the Greek of Moschus.....	70
Death of her Husband, Residence in Cuba, and Travels.....	70
Mr. Southey superintends the Publication of <i>Zophiel</i>	70
Verses addressed to him.....	70
Review of <i>Zophiel</i> , with Extracts.....	71
Creative Energy, Passion, and Delicacy, exhibited in it.....	79
Its Publication in Boston.....	79
Opinions of it by Southey, Charles Lamb, and others, (Note,).....	79
Mrs. Brooks's Residence at West Point and Fort Columbus.....	79
Prints <i>Idomen</i> , for Private Circulation.....	79
Her Life and Character illustrated in that Work.....	80
Visits her Estate in Cuba.....	80
Extracts from her Letters.....	80
Her Death.....	80
Further Extracts from <i>Zophiel</i>	81
<i>Ode on Revisiting Cuba</i>	83
<i>Ode to the Departed</i>	84
<i>Hymn</i>	86
<i>The Moon of Flowers</i>	86
<i>To the River St. Lawrence</i>	87
<i>To Niagara</i>	88
<i>Verses Written on Seeing Pharamond</i>	88
<i>Prayer</i>	88
<i>Song</i>	89
<i>Friendship</i>	89
<i>Farewell to Cuba</i>	89

MRS. JULIA RUSH WARD.

Marries Samuel Ward, the Banker.....	90
Literary Society in New York at this Period.....	90
" <i>Si je te perd, je suis perdue</i> ".....	90

MRS. LYDIA HUNTLEY SIGOURNEY.

Her Early Life.....	91
Publication of her <i>Moral Pieces, in Prose and Verse</i>	91
Marries Mr. Charles Sigourney.....	91
Review of <i>Traits of the Aborigines</i>	91
Works in Prose and Verse, for Twenty Years.....	92
She visits Europe.....	92
Review of <i>Pocahontas</i>	92
Her <i>Pleasant Memories of Pleasant Lands, &c.</i>	92
Her Popularity, and Merits as an Author.....	92
Mr. Alexander H. Everett's Opinion of her Poems.....	93
<i>The Western Emigrant</i>	94
<i>The Pilgrim Fathers</i>	94
<i>Waste</i>	95
<i>Niagara</i>	95
<i>The Alpine Flowers</i>	95
<i>Napoleon's Epitaph</i>	96
<i>The Death of an Infant</i>	96
<i>Mumony on Mrs. Hemans</i>	97
<i>The Mother of Washington</i>	97
<i>The Country Church</i>	98
<i>Solitude</i>	98
<i>Sunset on the Allegany</i>	98
<i>The Indian Girl's Burial</i>	99
<i>Indian Names</i>	99
<i>A Butterfly on a Child's Grave</i>	99
<i>Monody on the late Daniel Wadsworth</i>	100
<i>Advertisement of a Lost Day</i>	100
<i>Farewell to a Rural Residence</i>	101
<i>A Widow at her Daughter's Bridal</i>	101

MRS. KATHARINE A. WARE.

Edits <i>The Bower of Taste</i>	102
Residence abroad, and Death, in Paris.....	102
Her <i>Power of the Passions, and other Poems</i>	102
<i>Loss of the First-Born</i>	102
<i>Madness</i>	103
<i>A New Year's Wish</i>	103
<i>Marks of Time</i>	103

MRS. JANE L. GRAY.

Her Residence on the Forks of the Delaware.....	104
James Montgomery's Opinion of a Poem by her.....	104
<i>Two Hundred Years Ago</i>	104
<i>Sabbath Reminiscences</i>	105
<i>Morn</i>	106

MRS. SOPHIA L. LITTLE.

A Daughter of the Jurist and Statesman Ashur Robbins.....	107
Notices of her Works.....	107
<i>The Poet</i>	107
<i>Thanksgiving</i>	108

MRS. LYDIA MARIA CHILD

One of our most brilliant Prose Writers.....	110
<i>Marses amid the Ruins of Carthage</i>	110
<i>Lament on hearing a Boy mock the Sound of a Clock</i>	110

MRS. LOUISA J. HALL.

Educated by Dr. Park, her Father.....	PAGE 111
Her feeble Constitution.....	111
Circumstances under which <i>Miriam</i> was written.....	111
Her <i>Joanna of Naples</i> , and other Works.....	111
Review of <i>Miriam</i> , with Extracts.....	112
Character of the Work.....	117
<i>Justice and Mercy</i>	117
<i>A Dramatic Fragment</i>	118

MRS. ELIZA L. FOLLEN.

Death of her Husband, Professor Charles Follen.....	121
Her Writings.....	121
<i>Sachem's Hill</i>	121
<i>Winter Scene in the Country</i>	122
<i>Evening</i>	123

MRS. FRANCES H. GREEN.

The Misfortunes of her Father.....	123
She writes a Memoir of Eleanor Elbridge, &c.....	123
<i>The Mechanic</i> , by her, commended by Mr. Brownson.....	123
Notice of <i>Navarino</i>	123
Her <i>Songs of the Winds</i> , and other Poems.....	123
Opinions in Philosophy and Religion.....	123
<i>New England Summer in the Ancient Time</i>	124
<i>A Narragansett Sachem</i>	124
<i>Sassacus</i>	125
<i>Song of the North Wind</i>	127
<i>Song of the East Wind</i>	128
<i>Song of Winter</i>	129
<i>The Chickadee's Song</i>	130
<i>The Honey-Bee's Song</i>	130

MRS. JESSIE G. MCCARTEE.

A Descendant of Isabella Graham.....	131
Character of her Poems.....	131
<i>The Indian Mother's Lament</i>	131
<i>The Eagle of the Falls</i>	131
<i>Death-Song of Moses</i>	132
<i>How Beautiful is Sleep</i>	132

MISS CYNTHIA TAGGART.

Her interesting History.....	133
Letter from Dr. John W. Francis respecting her.....	133
Merit of her Writings.....	133
<i>Ode to the Poppy</i>	133
<i>Invocation to Health</i>	134
<i>Autumn</i>	134
<i>On a Storm</i>	134

MRS. FRANCESCA PASCALIS CANFIELD.

The Scientific Labors of her Father.....	135
Dr. Mitchell's <i>Valentine</i> to her.....	135
Her Learning and Accomplishments.....	135
Unfortunate Marriage, and Death.....	135
<i>Verses To Dr. Mitchell</i>	136
<i>Edith</i>	136

MISS ELIZABETH BOGART.

Writings under the Signature of "Estelle".....	137
<i>An Autumn View, from my Window</i>	137
<i>Retrospection</i>	138
<i>Forgetfulness</i>	138
<i>He Came too Late</i>	138

MRS. MARY E. BROOKS.

Marriage with James G. Brooks.....	139
Publishes <i>The Rivals of Este, and other Poems</i>	139
Death of Mr. Brooks.....	139
<i>The Close of the Year</i>	139
<i>A Pledge to the Dying Year</i>	140
<i>"Weep not for the Dead"</i>	140
<i>Dream of Life</i>	140

MRS. MARGARET ST. LEON LOUD.

Her Residence in the South.....	141
Mr. Poe's Opinion of her Writings.....	141
<i>A Dream of the Lonely Isle</i>	141
<i>The Deserted Homestead</i>	142
<i>Prayer for an Absent Husband</i>	142
<i>Rest in the Grave</i>	142

MRS. EMMA C. EMBURY.

Publishes <i>Guido and other Poems</i>	143
Character of her Tales.....	143
Her <i>Nature's Gems</i> , and other WORKS.....	143
<i>Two Portraits, from Life</i>	143
<i>The Duke of Reichstadt</i>	144
<i>Sympathy</i>	144
<i>Autumn Evening</i>	144
<i>Peace</i>	145
<i>The Eolian Harp</i>	145
<i>Unrest</i>	145
<i>The Old Man's Lament</i>	145
<i>The American River</i>	146
<i>The English River</i>	146

MRS. EMMA C. EMBURY, (CONTINUED.)

Ballad..... PAGE 147
Cheerfulness..... 147
The Widow's Wooer..... 147
Madame de Staël..... 148
Heart Questionings..... 148
Never Forget..... 148

MISS ELIZABETH MARGARET CHANDLER.

A Member of the Society of Friends..... 149
 Removal to Michigan, and Death there..... 149
 Her Works..... 149
The Devoted..... 149
The Battle-Field..... 150
A Revolutionary Soldier's Prayer..... 150
The Brandywine..... 151
Summer Morning..... 151

MISSES LUCRETIA AND MARGARET DAVIDSON.

Their Genius and Interesting Character..... 152
 The First Compositions of Lucretia Davidson..... 152
 Verses on the Grave of Washington..... 153
 Visits Canada..... 153
 Lines to her Infant Sister..... 153
 Writes *Amor Khun*..... 153
 Her Death..... 153
 Memoirs of her by Mr. Morse and Miss Sedgwick..... 153
 Her Poem addressed to Mrs. Townsend..... 153
To a Star..... 153
A Prophecy..... 154
Auction Extraordinary..... 154
Address to her Mother..... 154
On the Fear of Madness..... 155
 Effect of her Death upon Margaret Davidson..... 155
 Margaret's Education..... 155
 Verses, "*I would fly from the City*"..... 155
 Changes of Residence..... 155
 Her Death..... 156
Leure to the Spirit of Lucretia..... 156
Stanzas to her Mother..... 156
 The Writings of Mrs. Davidson..... 156

MRS. MARY E. STEBBINS.

Poems under the Signature of "Ione"..... 157
 Publishes *Songs of our Land, and other Poems*..... 157
 Character of her Poems..... 157
The Songs of our Land..... 157
The Two Voices..... 158
The Axe of the Settler..... 158
A Thought of the Pilgrims..... 159
The City by the Sea..... 159
The Sunflower to the Sun..... 160
The Last Chant of Corinne..... 160
Green Places in the City..... 160
Cameos..... 160
A Yarn..... 161
Imitation of Sappho..... 161
Love's Pleading..... 162
The Hearth of Home..... 162
The Launch..... 162
The Ode of Harold the Valiant..... 162
Lay..... 163

MRS. SUSAN R. A. BARNES.

Characteristics of her Works..... 164
Malice..... 164
The Army of the Cross..... 165
Penitence..... 165

MRS. SARAH HELEN WHITMAN.

Descended from a Companion of Roger Williams..... 166
 The Career and Death of her Husband..... 166
 Her Acquirements, and Writings in Prose..... 166
Her Fairy Tales..... 166
 Remarkable Merits of her Poems..... 166
The Sleeping Beauty..... 167
 Lines written in November..... 169
A Still Day in Autumn..... 169
 "*A Green and Silvery Spot among the Hills*"..... 170
The Waving of the Heart..... 170
A Day of the Indian Summer..... 171
 Translation of *The Lost Church*..... 172
The Post..... 172
A September Day on the Banks of the Moshassuck..... 173
Summer's Invitation to the Orphan..... 173
Stanzas with a Bridal Ring..... 173
 "*She Blooms no more!*"..... 174
The Maiden's Dream..... 174
 Poem before the Rhode Island Hist. Soc., upon Roger Williams..... 175
 "*How softly comes the Summer Wind*"..... 175
A Song of Spring..... 176
 On a Statue of David..... 176

MRS. ELIZABETH OAKES SMITH.

Her Descent from the Pilgrims..... PAGE 177
 Her Marriage..... 177
 Circumstances under which she has written..... 177
 Remarks on *The Sinless Child*, with Extracts..... 178
 Her Dramas..... 179
 Review of *The Roman Tribute*, with Extracts..... 180
 Review of *Jacob Leisler, a Tragedy*..... 182
 Scene from *Jacob Leisler*..... 183
 Her Prose Works..... 183
 Writings under the Name of "Ernest Helfenstein"..... 183
 Her Rank among the Female Poets..... 183
(The Acorn)..... 184
The Drowned Mariner..... 186
To the Hudson..... 186
Sonnets..... 187

I. *Poesy*..... 187
 II. *The Bard*..... 187
 III. *An Incident*..... 187
 IV. *The Unattained*..... 187
 V. *The Wife*..... 187
 VI. *Religion*..... 187
 VII. *The Dream*..... 187
 VIII. *Wayfarers*..... 187
 IX, X. *Heloise to Abelard*..... 188
 XI. *Despondency*..... 188
 XII. *Love*..... 188
 XIII. "*Look not behind Thee*"..... 188
 XIV. *Charity in Despair of Justice*..... 188
 XV. *The Great Aim*..... 188
 XVI. *Midnight*..... 188
 XVII. *Jealousy*..... 189
Ecce Homo..... 189
Ode to Sappho..... 189
Love Dead..... 190
Stanzas..... 190
Endurance..... 190
Ministering Spirits..... 191
The Recall, or Soul Melody..... 191
The Water..... 191
The Brook..... 191
The Country Maiden..... 192
The April Rain..... 192
Atheism..... 193
Let Me be a Fantasy..... 194
Strength from the Hills..... 194
Eros and Anteros..... 194
The Poet..... 194

MRS. E. C. KINNEY.

Account of her Writings..... 195
 Characterized, by a Correspondent..... 195
To the Eagle..... 195
Ode: To the Moon..... 196
The Spirit of Song..... 197
 Extract from *The Quakeress Bride*..... 197
Sonnets..... 198
 I. *Cultivation*..... 198
 II. *Encouragement*..... 198
 III. *Fading Autumn*..... 198
 IV. *A Winter Night*..... 198
 V. *To the Greek Slave*..... 198
 VI. *To Arabella*..... 198
The Woodman..... 194

MRS. ELIZABETH F. FLEET.

Her Domestic Connexions..... 195
 Translates *Euphemia of Messina*..... 199
 Production of her *Teresa Costarini*..... 199
 Papers in the Reviews..... 199
 Her Characters of Schiller, Joanna of Sicily, and other Works..... 199
 Characteristics of her Poems..... 199
Susquehanna..... 200
Lake Ontario..... 201
The Delaware Water-Gap..... 201
Insensibility..... 201
Love, in Youth and Age..... 201
Sodus Bay..... 202
 "*O'er the Wild Waste*"..... 202
Song..... 202
The old Love..... 203
The Sea Kings..... 203
Venice..... 203
Sonnets..... 204
 I. *Mary Magdalen*..... 204
 II. *The Good Shepherd*..... 204
 III. "*Oh, Weary Heart!*"..... 204
 "*Abide with Us*"..... 204
The Persecuted..... 204
A Dirge..... 206
The Burial..... 206

MRS. JULIA H. SCOTT.

Her Early Life and Beautiful Character.....	PAGE 206
Her Marriage, and Death.....	206
Her Poems published by Miss Edgerton.....	206
<i>The Two Graves</i>	206
<i>My Child</i>	207
<i>Invocation to Poetry</i>	207

MRS. ANNA PEYRE DINNIES.

Mrs. Hale's Account of her Marriage.....	208
She writes under the Signature of "Moira".....	208
Publishes <i>The Floral Year</i>	208
<i>Wedded Love</i>	208
<i>The Wife</i>	208
<i>Emblems</i>	209
<i>The True Ballad of a Wanderer</i>	209
<i>Love's Messengers</i>	209

MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS.

The Spirit and Popularity of her Prose Writings.....	210
<i>The Old Apple-Tree</i>	210

MRS. A. R. ST. JOHN.

Extent of her Productions.....	211
<i>Medusa, from an Antique Cameo</i>	211

MRS. SARAH LOUISA P. SMITH.

A Granddaughter of General Hull.....	212
Marriage with Samuel Jenks Smith.....	212
Changes of Residence, and Literary Activity.....	212
Her Death, and the Character of her Poems.....	212
<i>The Hymn</i>	212
<i>White Roses</i>	212
<i>Stanzas</i>	213
<i>The Fall of Warsaw</i>	213

MRS. SOPHIA HELEN OLIVER.

Her Poems.....	214
" <i>I mark the Hours that Shine</i> ".....	214
<i>The Cloud Ship</i>	214
<i>The Shadows</i>	215
<i>Ministering Spirits</i>	215

MISS MARY E. LEE.

Her Ballads and other Poems.....	216
<i>The Poets</i>	216
<i>An Eastern Love-Song</i>	216
<i>The Last Place of Sleep</i>	216

MRS. CATHERINE H. ESLING.

" <i>Brother, Come Home</i> ".....	217
" <i>He was our Father's Darling</i> ".....	217

MRS. CAROLINE M. SAWYER.

Her Early Education.....	218
Acquaintance with Foreign Literatures.....	218
Disadvantageous Channels of Publication.....	218
<i>The Blind Girl</i>	218
<i>Infidelity and Religion</i>	219
<i>The Valley of Peace</i>	219
<i>The Boy and his Angel</i>	220
<i>The Lady of Lurlei</i>	221
<i>The Wife's Renunciation</i>	221
<i>My Sleeping Children</i>	222
<i>Lake Malheur</i>	223
<i>The Warrior's Drape</i>	224
<i>Reunion</i>	224
<i>Pebbles</i>	224

MRS. MARGARET L. BAILEY.

Her Editorial Labors.....	225
Her Poems.....	225
<i>Life's Changes</i>	225
<i>The Pauper Child's Burial</i>	225
<i>Memories</i>	226
<i>Enthusiasm</i>	226
<i>Duty and Reward</i>	226

MRS. LAURA M. THURSTON.

Becomes a Teacher in Indiana.....	227
Marriage, and Death.....	227
Poems under the Signature of "Viola".....	227
" <i>The Green Hills of my Fatherland</i> ".....	227
<i>Crossing the Allegiances</i>	227

MISS MARTHA DAY.

Her Literary Remains, published by Professor Kingsley.....	228
<i>Hymn</i>	228
<i>Lines on Psalm CII.</i>	228

MISS MARY ANN HANMER DODD.

Her Literary Associations.....	229
Publication of her Poems.....	229
<i>Comment</i>	229
<i>The Mourner</i>	229
<i>To a Cricket</i>	230
<i>The Dreamer</i>	230
<i>Die Dove's Flight</i>	231
<i>Twilight</i>	231

MRS. ANNE C. BOTTA.

Her Father one of the United Irishmen.....	PAGE 232
Her Education.....	232
Literary Soirees.....	232
Characteristics of her Poems.....	232
<i>The Ideal</i>	233
<i>The Ideal Found</i>	233
<i>The Image Broken</i>	233
<i>The Battle of Life</i>	234
<i>Thoughts in a Library</i>	235
<i>Hagar</i>	235
<i>To the Memory of Channing</i>	235
<i>A Thought by the Seashore</i>	236
<i>The Dumb Creation</i>	236
<i>The Wounded Vulture</i>	236
<i>Eros</i>	237
<i>To —, in Obscurity</i>	237
<i>To —, with Flowers</i>	237
<i>On a Picture of Harvey Birch</i>	237
<i>Sonnets</i>	238
I. <i>Love</i>	238
II. <i>The Lake and the Star</i>	238
III. <i>A Remembrance</i>	238
IV. <i>The Sun and Storm</i>	238
V. <i>To —</i>	238
VI. <i>The Honey-Bee</i>	238
VII. <i>Aspiration</i>	238
VIII. <i>To the Savior</i>	238
IX. <i>Faith</i>	239
<i>Bones in the Desert</i>	239
<i>Christ Betrayed</i>	239
<i>The Wasted Fountain</i>	240
<i>Paul Preaching at Athens</i>	240

MRS. EMILY JUDSON.

Her Writings under the Pseudonym of "Fanny Forester".....	241
Publication of <i>Alderbrook</i>	241
Marriage to the Missionary Judson.....	241
Goes to India.....	242
Her <i>Astaroga, the Maid of the Rock</i> , in Four Cantos.....	242
<i>The Weaver</i>	242
<i>Ministering Angels</i>	243
<i>To my Mother</i>	243
<i>To Spring</i>	244
<i>Death</i>	244
<i>Lights and Shades</i>	244
<i>Clinging to Earth</i>	245
<i>Aspiring to Heaven</i>	245
<i>The Buds of the Saranac</i>	245
<i>My Bird</i>	245

MRS. ELIZABETH JESUP EAMES.

Contributions to the Periodicals.....	246
<i>Crowning of Petrarch</i>	246
<i>The Death of Pan</i>	247
<i>Cleopatra</i>	247
<i>My Mother</i>	247
<i>Sonnets</i>	248
I. <i>Milton</i>	248
II. <i>Dryden</i>	248
III. <i>Addison</i>	248
IV. <i>Tasso</i>	248
V. VI. <i>The Author of "The Sinner's Child"</i>	248
VII. <i>The Past</i>	249
VIII. <i>Diem Perdidi</i>	249
IX. X. <i>Books</i>	249
<i>On the Picture of a Departed Poetess</i>	249
<i>Charity</i>	249
<i>Flowers in a Sick-Room</i>	249

MRS. EMELINE S. SMITH.

Publication of <i>The Fairy's Search, and other Poems</i>	250
<i>Hymn to the Deity, in the Contemplation of Nature</i>	250
" <i>We've had our Share of Bliss, Beloved</i> ".....	250

MARGARET FULLER, MARCHIONESS D'OSSOLI.

Her Rank among the Writers of her Sex.....	251
Governor Everett receiving the Indian Chiefs, &c.....	251
<i>The Sacred Marriage</i>	252
<i>Sonnets</i>	252
I. <i>Orpheus</i>	252
II. <i>Instrumental Music</i>	253
III. <i>Beethoven</i>	253
IV. <i>Mozart</i>	253
V. <i>To Washington Allston's Picture, "The Bride"</i>	253
<i>To Edith, on her Birthday</i>	253
<i>Lines written in Illinois</i>	253
<i>On Leaving the West</i>	254
<i>Craymade in her Eagle</i>	254
<i>Life a Temple</i>	255
<i>Encouragement</i>	255
<i>Gambhira</i>	255

MRS. LYDIA JANE PEIRSON.

Her Early History..... PAGE 256
 Anecdote of Mrs. Peirson and Thaddeus Stevens..... 256
 Her *Forest Minstrel*, and *Forest Leaves*..... 256
My Song..... 256
My Muse..... 257
To an Eolian Harp..... 257
To the Wood Robin..... 258
The Wildwood Home..... 258
Isabella..... 258
Sonnet in the Forest..... 259
The last Pale Flowers..... 259
To the Woods..... 259

MRS. JANE TAYLOR WORTHINGTON.

Her Connexions in Virginia..... 260
 Marriage, Writings, Death..... 260
To the Peak of Otter..... 260
Lines, to One who will understand Them..... 260
Moonlight on the Grave..... 261
The Child's Grave..... 261
The Poor..... 261
Sleep..... 262
To Twilight..... 262
The Withered Leaves..... 262

MRS. SARAH ANNA LEWIS.

Publishes *Records of the Heart*..... 263
The Forsaken, by her, compared with a Poem by Motherwell..... 263
 Review of her *Child of the Sea*, with Extracts..... 264
 Extract from *Isabelle, or the Broken Heart*..... 265
Lament of La Vega, in Captivity..... 266
Una..... 266
The Dead..... 266

MRS. ANNA CORA MOWATT RITCHIE.

Notice of her Father..... 267
 Her Birth and Education, abroad..... 267
 Early Predilection for the Stage..... 267
 Story of her Marriage..... 267
 Publishes *Pelayo, or the Cavern of Cavadonga*..... 267
 Residence in Europe..... 267
 Publishes *Evelyn, Fashion*, and other Works..... 267
 Her Theatrical Career..... 267
 Vi-it to England..... 268
The Raising of Jairus' Daughter..... 268
My Life..... 269
Love..... 269
Time..... 269
Thy Will be done..... 269
On a Lock of my Mother's Hair..... 269

MRS. MARY NOEL MEIGS, (McDONALD.)

Publishes *Poems by M. N. M.*..... 270
June..... 270
The Spells of Memory..... 271
Love's Aspirations..... 271

MRS. FRANCES SARGENT OSGOOD.

Literary Abilities in her Family..... 272
 Writings under the Signature of "Florence"..... 272
 Marriage to Mr. Osgood the Painter..... 272
 Residence in London..... 272
 Publishes *A Wreath of Wild Flowers from New England*..... 272
 Her later Works..... 272
 Her Genius..... 273
Farewell to a Happy Day..... 273
"Had we but met"..... 273
To the Spirit of Poetry..... 274
Reflections..... 274
Lenore..... 274
The Cocoa-Nut Tree..... 275
A Mother's Prayer in Illness..... 275
Little Children..... 276
A Sermon..... 276
To a Child Playing with a Watch..... 276
Labor..... 277
Garden Gossip..... 277
To a Friend..... 277
Phrydice..... 278
Lady Jane..... 278
Ida's Farewell..... 279
To a Dear little Truant, who wouldn't come Home..... 279
The Unexpected Declaration..... 279
Stanzas for Music..... 280
The Flower Love-Letter..... 280
A Weed..... 281
To Sleep..... 281
Silent Love..... 281
Beauty's Prayer..... 281
Dream-Music, or the Spirit Flute..... 282
To my Pen..... 283
New England's Mountain-Child..... 283
Ashes of Roses..... 284
Song, "Yes, lover to the level"..... 285

MRS. FRANCES SARGENT OSGOOD, (CONTINUED.)

The Soul's Lament for Home..... PAGE 285
Bianca..... 285
Music..... 285
Song, "She loves Him yet"..... 286
No!..... 286
Song, "Should all who throng"..... 286
"Bois Tan Sung, Benumanoir"..... 286
Caprice..... 287
Song, "I loved an Ideal"..... 287
Aspirations..... 287

MISS LUCY HOOPER.

Writings under the Signature of "L. H."..... 288
Lines written on visiting Newburyport..... 288
 Her Works in Prose..... 289
 Letter upon her Death, from Dr. John W. Francis..... 289
 Poem on the same Subject, by J. G. Whittier..... 290
 Sonnet to her Memory, by H. T. Tuckerman..... 290
 Publication of her *Literary Remains*..... 290
The Summons of Death..... 291
Time, Faith, Energy..... 291
Last Hours of a Young Poetess..... 292
The Turquoise Ring..... 293
"Give me Armor of Proof"..... 293
The Cavalier's last Hours..... 294
The Daughter of Herodias..... 294
Evening Thoughts..... 294
Lines..... 295
The Old Days we Remember..... 295
Lines suggested by a Scene in "Muster Humphrey's Clock"..... 295
Life and Death..... 296
Legends of Flowers..... 297
Osceola..... 297

MRS. SARAH EDGARTON MAYO.

Her Life and Writings..... 298
The Supremacy of God..... 298
The last Lay..... 299
The Beggar's Death-Scene..... 300
Types of Heaven..... 300
The Shadow Child..... 300
Udalla..... 301
Crossing the Moor..... 302

MISS SARAH I. JACOBS.

The Changeless World..... 303
Benedetta..... 304
A Tesper..... 304
"Ubi Amor, Ibi Fides"..... 305

MRS. LUELLA J. B. CASE.

The Indian Relic..... 306
Energy in Adversity..... 306
La Revenante..... 307
A Death-Scene..... 307
Death leading Age to Repose..... 307

MRS. SARAH T. BOLTON.

Lines suggested by an Anecdote of S. F. B. Morse..... 308
The Spirit of Truth..... 308
Kentucky's Dead..... 309

MISS HANNAH J. WOODMAN.

The Annunciation..... 310
"When wilt thou love Me?"..... 310

MISS SUSAN ARCHER TALLEY.

Compared with James Nack..... 311
 Variety of her Abilities..... 311
Emmerlie..... 312
Genius..... 313
My Sister..... 314
The Sea-Shell..... 315

MRS. REBECCA S. NICHOLS.

Publishes *Bernice, and other Poems*..... 316
To my Boy in Heaven..... 316
My Sister Ellen..... 317
Farewell of the Soul to the Body..... 317
Lament of the Old Year..... 318
The Isle of Dreams..... 318
The Shaloon..... 319
Little Nell..... 319
The little Flock..... 320
Musings..... 320

MRS. JULIA WARD HOWE.

Extract from the Life of Schlesinger, by her Brother, Shm. Ward..... 321
 The Beauty of her Poems..... 322
The Burial of Schlesinger..... 322
Wordsworth..... 322
Woman..... 322
To a Beautiful Statue..... 323
Waving..... 323
Leet from the Cup of Life..... 323
"Speaks, for thy Servant's heareth"..... 324
A Mother's Fears..... 324

MRS. AMELIA B. WELBY.

Writings under the Signature of "Amelia".....	PAGE 325
Publication of her Poems.....	325
Their Character.....	325
The Rainbow.....	325
Pulpit Eloquence.....	326
On Entering the Mammoth Cave.....	327
Hopeless Love.....	328
The Old Maid.....	328
Melodia.....	329
To a Sea-Shell.....	329
The Last Interview.....	330
My Sisters.....	330
Matings.....	331
The Little Step Son.....	331
The Presence of God.....	332

MRS. CATH. WARFIELD AND MRS. ELEANOR LEE.

The Wife of Lem, &c., by "Two Sisters of the West".....	333
The Indian Chamber, and other Poems.....	333
These Works criticised.....	333
Their other Writings.....	333
Remorse.....	334
Death on the Prairie.....	335
Legend of the Indian Chamber.....	337
"She comes to Me".....	339
"I walk in Dreams of Poetry".....	340
Regret.....	340
Song, "I never knew how dear Thou wert".....	341
The Bird of Washington.....	341
The Deseried House.....	342

MISS SUSAN PINDAR.

Account of her Writings.....	343
The Spirit-Mother.....	343
The Lady Leonore.....	343
Lamallie.....	344
Greenwood.....	345
Thoughts in Spring-Time.....	345

MISS CAROLINE MAY.

Her Poems, &c.....	346
The Sabbath of the Year.....	346
To a Student.....	346
Sonnets:.....	347
I. On a warm November Day.....	347
II. On the Approach of Winter.....	347
III. Thought.....	347
IV. Hope.....	347
V. Memory.....	347
Lilies.....	347
To Nature.....	348
The Sun.....	348

ALICE G. HAVEN.

Writes under the Signature of "Alice G. Lee".....	349
Edits Neal's Saturday Gazette.....	349
The Bride's Confession.....	349
Midnight and Daybreak.....	349
The Church.....	349
Blind.....	350
A Memory.....	351

MRS. CAROLINE H. CHANDLER.

To my Brother.....	352
--------------------	-----

MISS ELIZA L. SPROAT.

The Prisoner's Child.....	353
A Few Stray Strawbeams.....	353
Guonare.....	354

MRS. HARRIET LISZT, (WINSLOW.)

Why this Longing?.....	354
------------------------	-----

MRS. JULIET H. L. CAMPBELL.

Her Early Culture.....	355
Dreams.....	355
Night-Blooming Flowers.....	356
A Story of Sunrise.....	356

MISS ELISE JUSTINE BAYARD.

Born of an Historical Family.....	357
Her Writings, and her Abilities.....	357
A Funeral Chant for the Old Year.....	357
On finding the Key of an Old Piano.....	358
Spiritual Beauty.....	358
The Sea and the Sovereign.....	359
Worship.....	359

MISS LUCY LARCOM.

A Factory Girl at Lowell.....	360
Extract from J. G. Whittier, respecting her.....	360
Elisa and the Angel.....	360
The Burning Prairie.....	361

"EDITH MAY."

She writes under a <i>Nomina de Plume</i>	362
The Character of her Genius.....	362
<i>Genus Ialto</i>	362

"EDITH MAY," (CONTINUED.)

A Storm at Twilight.....	PAGE 364
Juliette.....	364
Summer.....	366
A Forest Scene.....	366
A Poet's Love.....	367
A Song for Autumn.....	367
A True Story of a Fawn.....	367

MISSES FRANCES A. AND METTA V. FULLER.

Their Writings for the "Home Journal".....	368
(I.) A Revery.....	369
The Old Man's Favorite.....	369
(II.) The Postboy's Song.....	369
Midnight.....	370
The Silent Ship.....	370
The Spirit of my Song.....	371

MISSES ALICE AND PHOEBE CAREY.

Circumstances unfavorable to their Development.....	372
Extract from a Letter by Alice Carey.....	372
Poems of Alice and Phoebe Carey contrasted.....	372
(I.) The Handmaid.....	373
Hymn of the New Man.....	373
Palestine.....	373
Old Stories.....	373
Pictures of Memory.....	374
The Two Missionaries.....	374
Visions of Light.....	374
Helen.....	375
The Time to be.....	375
Lucy.....	375
A Legend of St. Mary's.....	376
Watching.....	376
An Evening Tale.....	377
George Broughs.....	377
Lights of Genius.....	378
Death's Ferryman.....	378
Sailor's Song.....	378
To the Evening Zephyr.....	378
Musings by Three Graves.....	379
(II.) The Loves.....	380
Bearing Life's Burdens.....	380
Resolves.....	381
Light in Darkness.....	381
The Wife of Bessieres.....	381
The Followers of Christ.....	382
Sympathy.....	383
Song of the Heart.....	383
The Prisoner's Last Night.....	383
Memories.....	384
Equal to Either Fortune.....	384
Coming Home.....	384
The Christian Woman.....	385
Death-Scene.....	385
Love at the Grave.....	385
MISS MARY LOCKHART LAWSON.	
Lucien Bonaparte's Opinion of her Father.....	386
Her English and Scottish Poems.....	386
The Banished Lover.....	386
Believe it.....	386
The Haunted Heart.....	387
Evening Thoughts.....	387
MRS. MARIA LOWELL.	
Original and Translated Poems.....	389
Jesus and the Dove.....	389
The Maiden's Harvest.....	389
Song, "Oh, Bird, thou darrest to the Sun".....	389
The Morning-Glory.....	389
MRS. SARA J. LIPPINCOTT.	
Early Residence in Rochester.....	390
Writings under the Signature of "Grace Greenwood".....	390
Her Genius.....	390
Ariadne.....	391
Dreams.....	392
Illumination.....	393
The Last Gift.....	393
A Lover to his Faithless Mistress.....	394
Hervey to Nina.....	394
"Canst Thou Forget?".....	395
Invocation to Mother Earth.....	395
"There was a Rose".....	395
The Sculptor's Love.....	396
A Dream.....	396
Darkened Hours.....	397
Love and Daring.....	398
A Morning Ride.....	398
MISS ANNE H. PHILLIPS.	
Writes under the Name of "Helen Irving".....	399
Love and Fams.....	399
Nina to Rienz.....	399

MRS. ELIZABETH AKERS ALLEN.

<i>Babyhood</i>	PAGE 401
<i>Going to Sleep</i>	401
<i>Left Behind</i>	401
<i>Endurance</i>	402
<i>Singing in the Rain</i>	402
<i>A Spring Love Song</i>	403
<i>The Amber Rosary</i>	403
<i>October</i>	403
<i>At Last</i>	404
<i>Last</i>	404
<i>Forgotten</i>	404
<i>In an Attic</i>	405
<i>October to May</i>	405
<i>Evening</i>	405
<i>Prophecy</i>	405
<i>"My Dearling"</i>	406
<i>When the Leaves are Turning Brown</i>	406
<i>Consolation</i>	406
<i>A Dream</i>	407
<i>Answer Me</i>	407
<i>The Sparrow at Sea</i>	408
<i>Rock Me to Sleep</i>	408

MRS. ROLLIN COOKE, "ROSE TERRY."

<i>Done For</i>	409
<i>After the Camanches</i>	409
<i>Doubt</i>	409
<i>Cain</i>	410
<i>"Che Sara Sara"</i>	410
<i>Midnight</i>	410
<i>At Last</i>	411
<i>December XXXI</i>	411
<i>New Moon</i>	411
<i>Indolence</i>	411
<i>Nemesis</i>	412
<i>Truths</i>	412
<i>A Child's Wish</i>	412
<i>The Two Villages</i>	413
<i>Blue Beard's Closet</i>	413
<i>The Iconoclast</i>	413
<i>Semele</i>	414
<i>Departing</i>	414
<i>La Coquette</i>	414

MRS. ELIZABETH STODDARD.

<i>The Chimney-Swallow's Idyl</i>	415
<i>Before the Mirror</i>	415
<i>November</i>	415
<i>"Hallo, my Fancy, whither wilt thou go?"</i>	416
<i>On my Bed of a Winter Night</i>	416
<i>The House by the Sea</i>	416
<i>You Left Me</i>	416
<i>The Poet's Secret</i>	416
<i>A Summer Night</i>	417
<i>The House of Youth</i>	417
<i>The Shadows on the Water Reach</i>	417
<i>Exile</i>	417
<i>A Sea-Side Idyl</i>	418
<i>Unreturning</i>	419
<i>The Colonel's Shield</i>	419
<i>Mercedes</i>	419
<i>The Bull-Fight</i>	420
<i>El Capitano</i>	420
<i>On the Campagna</i>	420
<i>Christmas Comes Again</i>	420
<i>Last Days</i>	421
<i>Memory is Immortal</i>	421
<i>The Message</i>	422

MRS. JULIA C. R. DORR.

<i>Over the Wall</i>	423
<i>"Earth to Earth"</i>	423
<i>Yesterday and To-Day</i>	424
<i>Agnes</i>	424
<i>Under the Palm Trees</i>	424
<i>The Last of Six</i>	425
<i>Waiting for Letters</i>	426
<i>Coming Home</i>	426

MRS. JULIA C. R. DORR, (CONTINUED.)

<i>Hidden Away</i>	PAGE 427
<i>Then and Now</i>	427

MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

<i>The Old Psalm Tune</i>	428
<i>The Other World</i>	428
<i>The Secret</i>	429
<i>Think not all is Over</i>	429
<i>The Crocus</i>	429
<i>"Only a Year"</i>	429
<i>Midnight</i>	430
<i>Second Hour</i>	430
<i>A Day in the Pamfil Doris</i>	430
<i>The Gardens of the Vatican</i>	431

MRS. MARY E. BRADLEY.

<i>Fearsease</i>	432
<i>Mignonette</i>	432
<i>Winter-green</i>	433
<i>Beside the Sea</i>	433
<i>A Rhyme of the Rain</i>	434
<i>In the Night</i>	434
<i>Song</i>	435
<i>The Four-leaved Clover</i>	436
<i>Irresolute</i>	436
<i>Ashes of Roses</i>	436

MISS KATE PUTNAM OSGOOD.

<i>Driving Home the Cours</i>	437
<i>Under the Maple</i>	437
<i>The Soul's Quest</i>	438
<i>Jimmy</i>	438
<i>By the Apple Tree</i>	439
<i>Marguerite</i>	439
<i>Mother Michel</i>	439
<i>In the Seed</i>	440
<i>Under the Moon</i>	440
<i>A Childish Fancy</i>	441
<i>Sixteen and Sixty</i>	441
<i>Awakened</i>	441
<i>Sandust</i>	442
<i>In Clover</i>	442

MRS. S. M. B. PLATT.

<i>The Fancy Ball</i>	443
<i>Twelve Hours Apart</i>	443
<i>To-Day</i>	443
<i>Meeting a Mirror</i>	443
<i>Earth in Heaven</i>	444
<i>Last Words</i>	444
<i>The End of the Rainbow</i>	444
<i>Two Blush Roses</i>	445
<i>Of a Parting</i>	445
<i>A Disenchantment</i>	445
<i>Questions of the Hour</i>	446
<i>A Walk to my own Grave</i>	446
<i>On a Wedding Day</i>	446

MRS. LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.

<i>The Song of a Summer</i>	447
<i>To my Heart</i>	447
<i>The Spring is Late</i>	447
<i>A Woman's Waiting</i>	448
<i>The Singer</i>	448
<i>A Weed</i>	449
<i>How Long?</i>	449
<i>A Problem</i>	449
<i>May-Flowers</i>	449

MRS. CELIA THAXTER.

<i>Expectation</i>	450
<i>The Sandpiper</i>	450
<i>The Minute-Guns</i>	450
<i>Rock Weeds</i>	451
<i>A Summer Day</i>	451
<i>November</i>	452
<i>Yellow-Bird</i>	452

MRS. ADELINE D. T. WHITNEY.

<i>Per Tenebras, Lumina</i>	453
-----------------------------------	-----

MRS. ADELINE D. T. WHITNEY (CONTINUED).

<i>Behind the Mask</i>	PAGE 453
<i>Larvae</i>	453
<i>North-east</i>	454
<i>Released</i>	454
<i>Beauty for Ashes</i>	454
<i>The Three Lights</i>	454
<i>Sunlight and Starlight</i>	455
<i>Hearth-Glow</i>	455
<i>Tucofold</i>	455
<i>Up in the Wild</i>	456
<i>Equinoctial</i>	456
<i>The Second Motherhood</i>	456
<i>The Last Reality</i>	456

MRS. HELEN HUNT.

<i>Spinning</i>	457
<i>The Prince is Dead</i>	457
<i>"Spoken"</i>	457
<i>Amreetu Wine</i>	458
<i>Coronation</i>	458
<i>Tryst</i>	458
<i>My Strawberry</i>	459
<i>"Down to Sleep"</i>	459
<i>Vintage</i>	459
<i>Thought</i>	459

MRS. MARGARET J. PRESTON.

<i>Sebastiano at Supper</i>	460
<i>Andrea's Mistake</i>	460
<i>Donna Margherita</i>	461
<i>Dorothea's Roses</i>	462
<i>In an Eastern Bazaar</i>	463
<i>St. Gregory's Supper</i>	463
<i>The Open Gate</i>	464
<i>God's Patience</i>	464

MISS NORA PERRY.

<i>In June</i>	465
<i>That Waltz of Von Weber's</i>	465
<i>Riding Down</i>	466
<i>My Lady</i>	466
<i>Another Year</i>	467
<i>After the Ball</i>	467

MISS LAURA C. REDDEN.

<i>Disarmed</i>	468
<i>Broken Off</i>	468
<i>Worn Out</i>	469
<i>A Love Song of Sorrento</i>	469
<i>An Empty Nest</i>	469
<i>The Fields are Gray with Immortelles</i>	470
<i>Entre Nous</i>	470

MISS HARRIET McEWEN KIMBALL.

<i>Via Dolorosa</i>	471
<i>My Knowledge</i>	471
<i>Praying in Spirit</i>	471
<i>Humble Service</i>	471

MISS HARRIET McEWEN KIMBALL (CONTINUED).

<i>My Friend</i>	PAGE 472
<i>The Bell in the Tower</i>	472
<i>All's Well</i>	472
<i>The Guest</i>	472

MISS EMMA LAZARUS.

<i>In the Jewish Synagogue at Newport</i>	473
<i>On a Tuft of Grass</i>	473
<i>Dreams</i>	474
<i>Exultation</i>	474
<i>Sonnet</i>	474

MISS MARIAN DOUGLAS.

<i>My Winter Friend</i>	475
<i>Politics</i>	475
<i>Waiting for the May</i>	475
<i>Chimney-Tops</i>	476
<i>The Yellow Cloud</i>	476
<i>The Rope Dancer</i>	476
<i>Ant Hills</i>	477
<i>The Lost Flowers</i>	477
<i>One Saturday</i>	477
<i>The Song of the Bee</i>	478
<i>The Year's Last Flower</i>	478
<i>Two Pictures</i>	478

MRS. LUCY HAMILTON HOOPER.

<i>Revelry</i>	479
<i>The Duel</i>	479
<i>Re-United</i>	479
<i>The King's Ride</i>	480
<i>At the Ball Mabile</i>	480
<i>Touch Not</i>	480

MRS. HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

<i>A Lover's Garden</i>	481
<i>At Twilight</i>	481
<i>Vanity</i>	481
<i>Flower Songs</i>	482
<i>Peace</i>	483
<i>Music in the Night</i>	483
<i>Hereafter</i>	483
<i>Daybreak</i>	483
<i>Nocturne</i>	484
<i>Magdalen</i>	484
<i>A Sigh</i>	484
<i>Alive</i>	484

MISS MARY N. PRESCOTT.

<i>A Lullaby</i>	485
<i>Rock, Little Nest</i>	485
<i>A Tear</i>	485
<i>To-Day</i>	485
<i>Song</i>	485
<i>Two Moods</i>	486
<i>A Song</i>	486
<i>Asleep</i>	486
<i>The Brook</i>	486

ANNE BRADSTREET.

(Born 1613—Died 1672).

IN the works of Mrs. ANNE BRADSTREET, wife of one and daughter of another of the early governors of Massachusetts, we have illustrations of a genius suitable to grace a distant province while the splendid creations of Spenser and Shakspeare were delighting the metropolis. A comparison of the productions of this celebrated person with those of Lady Juliana Berners, Elizabeth Melvill, the Countess of Pembroke, and her other predecessors or contemporaries, will convince the judicious critic that she was superior to any poet of her sex who wrote in the English language before the close of the seventeenth century.

She was born in 1613, while her father, Thomas Dudley—who had been educated in the family of the Earl of Northampton, and had served creditably with the army in Flanders—was steward to the Earl of Lincoln, in which situation he remained with a brief interruption from twelve to sixteen years, and in which he appears to have been succeeded by Mr. Simon Bradstreet, of Emanuel College—subsequently for a short time steward to the Countess of Warwick—who in 1629 married the future poetess, then about sixteen years of age, and in the following year came with the Dudley family and other non-conformists to New England.

It does not appear that Mrs. Bradstreet had written anything, which has been printed, before her arrival in America. Here was completed her education, under the care of her husband, and his friends among the learned men who then presided over the society of Cambridge and Boston; and by her experience and observation in this country nearly all her poems seem to have been suggested. The first collection of them was printed at Boston, in 1640, under the title of "Several Poems, compiled with great variety of Wit and Learning, full of delight; wherein especially is contained a compleat Discourse and Description of the Four Elements, Constitutions, Ages of Man, and Seasons of the Year, together with an exact Epitome of the Three First Monarchies, viz., the Assyrian, Persian,

and Grecian; and the beginning of the Roman Commonwealth to the end of their last King; with divers other Pleasant and Serious Poems: By a Gentlewoman of New England." In 1650 this volume was reprinted in London, with the additional title of "The Tenth Muse, lately sprung up in America;" and in 1678 a second American edition came from the press of John Foster, of Boston, "corrected by the author, and enlarged by the addition of several other poems found among her papers after her death."

The writer of the preface to the first edition, who was probably her brother-in-law, John Woodbridge, of Andover, says: "Had I opportunity but to borrow some of the author's wit, 'tis possible I might so trim this curious work with such quaint expressions as that the preface might bespeak thy further perusal; but I fear 't will be a shame for a man that can speak so little, to be seen in the titlepage of this woman's book, lest by comparing the one with the other the reader should pass his sentence that it is the gift of the woman not only to speak most but to speak best. I shall have therefore to commend that, which with any ingenious reader will too much commend the author, unless men turn more peevish than women and envy the inferior sex. I doubt not but the reader will quickly find more than I can say, and the worst effect of his reading will be unbelief, which will make him question whether it can be a woman's work, and ask, 'Is it possible?' If any do, take this as an answer, from him that dares avow it: It is the work of a woman, honored and esteemed where she lives, for her gracious demeanor, her eminent parts, her pious conversation, her courteous disposition, her exact diligence in her place, and discreet managing of her family occasions; and more than so, these poems are the fruit but of some few hours, curtailed from her sleep and other refreshments. . . . This only I shall annex: I fear the displeasure of no person in publishing these poems, but the author, without whose knowledge and contrary to whose ex-

pectation I have presumed to bring to public view what she resolved in such a manner should never see the sun."

It is evident, from some lines upon it by Mrs. Bradstreet, that Spenser's *Faery Queen* was not unknown in Massachusetts, but the fashionable poet of that period was Du Bartas,* translations of whose works, in cumbersome quartos and folios, were read by every person in the country pretending to taste or piety, though they seem to have evinced little genius and still less religion. Among the verses prefixed to Mrs. Bradstreet's volume are some by Nathaniel Ward, of Ipswich, the witty author of *The Simple Cobbler of Agawam*, who, puzzled by a comparison of his heroine with the recognised model of the age, declares that—

Mercury showed Apollo Bartas' book,
Minerva this, and wished him well to look
And tell uprightly which did which excel:
He viewed and viewed, and vowed he could not tell.

But Mrs. Bradstreet herself was more modest, and, in the prologue to one of her longer pieces, says—

But when my wondering eyes and envious heart
Great Bartas' sugared lines do but read o'er,
Fool! I do grudge the muses did not part
'Twixt him and me their overfluent store.
A Bartas can do what a Bartas will—
But simple I, according to my skill.

The "copies of verses" which are prefixed to these poems are curious, not only as indicating the position of the author and her associations, but as illustrative of the taste and culture of the time in the city which still claims to be our literary capital. Benjamin Woodbridge, the first graduate of Harvard college, exclaims—

Now I believe Tradition, which doth call
The muses, virtues, graces, females all;
Only they are not nine, eleven, nor three—
Our authoress proves them but one unity.

And further on, to his own sex—

In your own arts confess yourselves outdone—
The moon doth totally eclipse the sun:
Not with her sable mantle muffling him,
But her bright silver makes his gold look dim.

* William de Salluste du Bartas, the most celebrated French poet of his age, was born in 1544, and died in 1600. He was the friend and companion-in-arms of Henri IV., and wrote a canticle upon his victory of Yvri. His works were nearly all, by various hands, translated into English, and one of them, "Gulielmi Sallusti Bartasii Hebdoinas," etc., passed through more than thirty editions in six years. The translation which was probably best known in this country is that of Sylvestre, published in London, in a thick folio, in 1632.

The learned and pious John Norton, who declared this "peerless gentlewoman" to be "the mirror of her age and glory of her sex," said in a funeral ode that could Virgil hear her works he would condemn his own to the fire, and that—

Praise her who list, yet he shall be a debtor,
For art ne'er feigned, nor nature formed, a better:
Her virtues were so great, that they do raise
A work to trouble Fame, astonish Praise;
When, as her name doth but salute the ear,
Men think that they Perfection's abstract hear.
Her breast was a brave palace, a *broad street*,
Where all heroic, ample thoughts did meet;
Where Nature such a tenement had ta'en
That other souls to hers dwelt in a lane.
Beneath her feet pale Envy bites the chain,
And poisoned Malice whets her sting in vain.
Let every laurel, every myrtle bough,
Be stripped for leaves t' adorn and load her brow
Victorious wreaths, which, for they never fade,
Wise elder times for kings and poets made.
Let not her happy memory e'er lack
Its worth in Fame's eternal almanac,
Which none shall read but straight their loss deplore
And blame their fates they were not born before.
Do not old men rejoice their dates did last,
And infants too that theirs did make such haste,
In such a welcome time to bring them forth
That they might be a witness to her worth?

Dr. Cotton Mather in the *Magnalia* alludes to her works as a "monument to her memory beyond the stateliest marble;" and John Rogers, one of the presidents of Harvard college, addressed to her one of the finest poems written in this country before the Revolution, in which he says:—

Your only hand those poesies did compose; [flow;
Your head, the source whence all those springs did
Your voice, whence change's sweetest notes arose.
Your feet, that kept the dance alone, I trow;
Then veil your bonnets, poetasters, all:
Strike lower amain, and at these humbly fall,
And deem yourselves advanced to be her pedestal
Should all with lowly congees laurels bring,
Waste Flora's magazine to find a wreath,
Or Pineus' banks, 't were too mean offering.
Your muse a fairer garland doth bequeath
To guard your fairer front; here 't is your name
Shall stand immarbled; this—your little frame—
Shall great Colossus be to your eternal fame.

These praises run into hyperbole, and prove, perhaps, that their authors were more galling than critical; but we perceive from Mrs. Bradstreet's poems that they are not destitute of imagination, and that she was thoroughly instructed in the best learning of her age; and from the general and profound regret manifested on the occasion of her death,

we may believe she was personally deserving of unusual respect.

Her husband was frequently absent from his home, upon official duties, and several poems which she addressed to him in these periods have the fervor and simplicity of the sincerest passion. In one of them she says :

If ever two were one, then surely we ;
If ever man were loved by wife, then thee ;
If ever wife were happy in a man,
Compare with me, ye women, if ye can.

In another, apostrophizing the sun :

Phœbus, make haste—the day's too long—begone !
The silent night's the fittest time for moan.
But stay, this once—unto my suit give ear—
And tell my griefs in either hemisphere :
If in thy swift career thou canst make stay,
I crave this boon, this errand, by the way :
Commend me to the man, more loved than life :
Show him the sorrows of his widowed wife ;
And if he love, how can he there abide !
My interest's more than all the world beside. . . .
Tell him the countless steps that thou dost trace
That once a day thy spouse thou mayst embrace,
And when thou canst not meet by loving mouth,
Thy rays afar salute her from the south ;
But for one month, I see no day, poor soul !
Like those far situate beneath the pole,
Which day by day long wait for thy arise—
O how they joy when thou dost light the skies !
Tell him I would say more, but can not well ;
Oppress'd minds abruptest tales do tell.
Now part with double speed, mark what I say,
By all our loves conjure him not to stay !

In the prospect of death :

How soon, my dear, death may my steps attend,
How soon 't may be thy lot to lose thy friend,
We both are ignorant ; yet love bids me
These farewell lines to recommend to thee,
That when that knot's untied that made us one,
I may seem thine, who in effect am none.
And if I see not half my days that's due,
What Nature would, God grant to yours and you :
The many faults that well you know I have,
Let be interred in my oblivious grave ;
If any worth or virtue is in me,
Let that live freshly in my memory ;
And when thou feel'st no grief, as I no harms,
Yet love thy dead, who long lay in thine arms ;
And when thy loss shall be repaid, with gains,
Look to my little babes, my dear remains,

And if thou lovest thyself or lovest me,
These oh protect from stepdame's injury !
And if chance to thine eyes doth bring this verse,
With some sad sighs honor my absent hearse,
And kiss this paper, for thy love's dear sake.
Who with salt tears this last farewell doth take.

Some of her elegies are marked by similar beauties—as this, upon a grandchild who died in 1665:—

Farewell, dear child, my heart's too much content,
Farewell, sweet babe, the pleasure of mine eye.
Farewell, fair flower, that for a space was lent,
Then ta'en away into eternity.
Blest babe, why should I once bewail thy fate,
Or sigh, the days so soon were terminate,
Sith thou art settled in an everlasting state ?

By nature, trees do rot when they are grown,
And plums and apples thoroughly ripe do fall,
And corn and grass are in their season mown,
And time brings down what is both strong and tall.
But plants new set, to be eradicate,
And buds new blown, to have so short a date,
Is by His hand alone, that nature guides, and fate.

And some verses upon the death of a daughter-in-law, in 1669, from which the following is an extract:—

And live I still, to see relations gone,
And yet survive, to sound this wailing tone !
Ah, wo is me, to write thy funeral song
Who might in reason yet have lived so long !
I saw the branches lopped, the tree now fall ;
I stood so nigh, it crushed me down withal ;
My bruised heart lies sobbing at the root,
That thou, dear son, hast lost both tree and fruit ;
Thou, then on seas, sailing on foreign coast,
Wast ignorant what riches thou hadst lost,
But oh, too soon those heavy tidings fly,
To strike thee with amazing misery !

Mrs. Bradstreet died on the 16th of September, 1672, in the sixtieth year of her age. Her husband afterward married a sister of Sir George Dunning, and lived to be called the Nestor of New England, dying at Salem in 1697, when he was nearly a century old.

Many of Mrs. Bradstreet's descendants have been conspicuous for their abilities. Among them is the noble poet Dana, who traces his lineage through one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

FROM THE PROLOGUE TO THE FOUR ELEMENTS.

I AM obnoxious to each carping tongue
That says my hand a needle better fits ;
A poet's pen all scorn I should thus wrong,
For such despite they cast on female wits ;

If what I do prove well, it won't advance—
They'll say, It's stolen, or else it was by chance

But sure, the antique Greeks were far more mild,
Else of our sex why feigned they those Nine,
And Poesy made Calliops's own child !
So, 'mongst the rest, they placed the arts divine

But this weak knot they will full soon untie—
The Greeks did naught but play the fool and lie.

Let Greeks be Greeks, and women what they are ;
Men have precedency, and still excel ;
It is but vain unjustly to wage war,
Men can do best, and women know it well ;
Pre-eminence in each and all is yours,
Yet grant some small acknowledgment of ours :

And oh, ye high-flown quills that soar the skies,
And ever with your prey still catch your praise,
If e'er you deign these lowly lines your eyes,
Give thyme or parsley wreath: I ask no bays ;
This mean and unrefined ore of mine
Will make your glistening gold but more to shine.

EXTRACT FROM CONTEMPLATIONS.

UNDER the cooling shadow of a stately elm,
Close sat I by a goodly river's side,
Where gliding streams the rocks did overwhelm ;
A lonely place, with pleasures dignified.
I, once that loved the shady woods so well,
Now thought the rivers did the trees excel, [dwell.
And if the sun would ever shine, there would I

While on the stealing stream I fixed mine eye,
Which to the longed-for ocean held its course,
I marked nor crooks nor rubs that there did lie,
Could hinder aught, but still augment its force.
"O happy flood," quoth I, "that holdst thy race
Till thou arrive at thy beloved place,
Nor is it rocks or shoals that can obstruct thy pace.

"Nor is't enough that thou alone may'st slide,
But hundred brooks in thy clear waves do meet :
So hand in hand along with thee they glide
To Thetis' house, where all embrace and greet.
Thou emblem true of what I count the best—
O could I leave my rivulets to rest !
So may we press to that vast mansion ever blest.

"Ye fish which in this liquid region 'bide,
That for each season have your habitation,
Now salt, now fresh, when you think best to glide,
To unknown coasts to give a visitation,
In lakes and ponds you leave your numerous fry :
So Nature taught, and yet you know not why—
You wat'ry folk that know not your felicity !"

Look how the wantons frisk to taste the air,
Then to the colder bottom straight they dive,
Eftsoon to Neptune's glassy hall repair
To see what trade the great ones there do drive,
Who forage o'er the spacious sea-green field,
And take their trembling prey before it yield,
Whose armor is their scales, their spreading fins
their shield.

While musing thus with contemplation fed,
And thousand fancies buzzing in my brain,
The sweet tongued Philomel perched o'er my head,
And chanted forth a most melodious strain,

Which rapt me so with wonder and delight,
I judged my hearing better than my sight,
And wished me wings with her a while to take
my flight.

"O merry bird," said I, "that fears no snares ;
That neither toils nor hoards up in thy barn ;
Feels no sad thoughts, nor 'cruciating cares
To gain more good, or shun what might thee harm :
Thy clothes ne'er wear, thy meat is everywhere,
Thy bed a bough, thy drink the water clear, [fear
Reminds not what is past, nor what's to come dost

"The dawning morn with songs thou dost prevent*
Sets hundred notes unto thy feathered crew ;
So each one tunes his pretty instrument,
And warbling out the old, begins anew,
And thus they pass their youth in summer season,
Then follow thee into a better region,
Where winter's never felt by that sweet airy legion."

Man's at the best a creature frail and vain,
In knowledge ignorant, in strength but weak ;
Subject to sorrows, losses, sickness, pain,
Each storm his state, his mind, his body break :
From some of these he never finds cessation,
But day or night, within, without, vexation,
Troubles from foes, from friends, from dearest,
near'st relations.

And yet this sinful creature, frail and vain,
This lump of wretchedness, of sin and sorrow,
This weather-beaten vessel racked with pain,
Joys not in hope of an eternal morrow ;
Nor all his losses, crosses, and vexation,
In weight, in frequency, and long duration,
Can make him deeply groan for that divine trans-
lation.

The mariner that on smooth waves doth glide,
Sings merrily, and steers his bark with ease,
As if he had command of wind and tide,
And were become great master of the seas ;
But suddenly a storm spoils all the sport,
And makes him long for a more quiet port,
Which 'gainst all adverse winds may serve for fort.

So he that saileth in this world of pleasure,
Feeding on sweets, that never bit of the sour,
That's full of friends, of honor, and of treasure—
Fond fool ! he takes this earth e'en for heaven's
bower.

But sad affliction comes, and makes him see
Here's neither honor, wealth, nor safety :
Only above is found all with security.

O Time, the fatal wrack of mortal things,
That draws Oblivion's curtains over kings—
Their sumptuous monuments men know them not,
Their names without a record are forgot, [dust--
Their parts, their ports, their pomps, all laid i' the
Nor wit, nor gold, nor buildings, 'scape Time's rust
But he whose name is graved in the white stone,
Shall last and shine when all of these are gone !

* That is, anticipate.

MERCY WARREN.

(Born 1728—Died 1815).

THIS woman, once so well known as a poet, and whose historical writings are still consulted as among the most valuable authorities relating to our revolutionary age, was a sister of the celebrated James Otis and the wife of James Warren, for many years honorably conspicuous in public affairs. She was born in Barnstable, of a family which had been nearly a century in the Plymouth colony, on the 25th of September, 1728. Her youth was passed in retirement, but in habits and duties suitable for the eldest daughter of a gentleman of the first rank in the colonial society. Her education was directed first by the minister of the parish, and afterward by her brother James, who graduated at Harvard in 1743, and was a thoroughly accomplished scholar. When about twenty-six years of age she was married to Mr. Warren, then a merchant at Plymouth, and it was while residing with him and her children, in after years, near that town, at a place to which she gave the name of Clifford, that she wrote the greater part of her dramatic and miscellaneous poems.

The popular excitement which preceded the separation from England, and the relations sustained by her brother and her husband to the great parties by which the country was divided, had a quick and powerful influence upon her ardent and sympathetic spirit, and perhaps nothing would give us a more just impression of the feelings of the time than her eloquent and terse correspondence with the Adamses, with Jefferson, Dickinson, Gerry, Knox, and other leading characters, upon the aspects and prospects of affairs. Her intercourse with the remarkable women who seconded so earnestly the movements of the fathers of the republic, was more intimate, and probably would admit us yet further into the secrets and passions of the youthful heart of the nation. Her intelligence and patriotism are recognised by Mrs. Adams, who, in a letter to her written in 1773, remarks: "You are so sincere a lover of your country, and so hearty a mourner in all her misfortunes, that it will

greatly aggravate your anxiety to hear how much she is now oppressed and insulted. To you, who have so thoroughly looked through the deeds of men, and developed the dark designs of a 'Rapatio' soul, no action, however base or sordid, no measure, however cruel and villainous, will be a matter of surprise." By "Rapatio" is meant Governor Hutchinson, who is thus designated in *The Group*, a satirical drama, in two acts, which Mrs. Warren had published, and to which much influence is ascribed in contemporary letters. In the first scene of the second act, in describing the royal governor, she says:

But mark the traitor! his high crime glossed o'er
Conceals the tender feelings of the man,
The social ties that bind the human heart:
He strikes a bargain with his country's foes,
And joins to wrap America in flames,
Yet, with feigned pity and satanic grin,
As if more deep to fix the keen insult,
Or make his life a farce still more complete,
He sends a groan across the broad Atlantic,
And with a phiz of crocodilean stamp,
Can weep and writhe, still hoping to deceive.
He cries, The gathering clouds hang thick about her,
But laughs within—then sobs, Alas, my country!

And in another place, alluding to the destruction of the tea in Boston harbor:

India's poisonous weed,
Long since a sacrifice to Thetis, made
A rich regale. Now all the watery dames
May snuff souchong, and sip, in flowing bowls,
The higher-flavored choice hysonian stream,
And leave their nectar to old Homer's gods.

There is certainly very little poetry in these extracts, or in the piece from which they are taken; but as reflexions of the common feeling her satires received the best applause of the day.

Mrs. Warren's residence was changed during the Revolution to Milton, Watertown, and other places; Washington, Lee, Gates, and D'Estaing, were among her occasional guests; and many of the leading statesmen of New England by her fireside formed plans of the execution of which she subsequently became the historian. Her tragedies were written for amusement, in the solitary hours

in which her friends were abroad, and they are as deeply imbued with the general spirit as if their characters were acting in the daily experience of the country. They have little dramatic or poetic merit, but many passages are smoothly and some vigorously written—as the following, from *The Sack of Rome*:

SUSPICION.

I think some latent mischief lies concealed
Beneath the vizard of a fair pretence;
My heart ill brooked the errand of the day,
Yet I obeyed—though a strange horror seized
My gloomy mind, and shook my frame
As if the moment murdered all my joys.

REMORSE.

The bird of death that nightly pecks the roof,
Or shrieks beside the caverns of the dead;
Or paler spectres that infest the tombs
Of guilt and darkness, horror or despair,
Are far more welcome to a wretch like me
Than yon bright rays that deck the opening morn.

FORTUNE.

The wheel of fortune, rapid in its flight,
Lags not for man, when on its swift routine;
Nor does the goddess ponder unresolved:
She wafts at once and on her lofty car
Lifts up her puppet—mounts him to the skies,
Or from the pinnacle hurls headlong down
The steep abyss of disappointed hope.

ARDELIA.

She was, for innocence and truth,
For elegance, true dignity, and grace,
The fairest sample of that ancient worth
Th' illustrious matrons boasted to the world
When Rome was famed for every glorious deed.

DECLINE OF PUBLIC VIRTUE.

That dignity the gods themselves inspired,
When Rome, inflamed with patriotic zeal,
Long taught the world to tremble and admire,
Lies faint and languid in the wane of fame,
And must expire in Luxury's lewd lap
If not supported by some vigorous arm.

Or these, from *The Ladies of Castile*:

CIVIL WAR.

'Mongst all the ills that hover o'er mankind,
Unfeigned, or fabled in the poet's page,
The blackest scrawl the sister furies hold,
For red-eyed Wrath or Malice to fill up,
Is incomplete to sum up human wo,
Till Civil Discord, still a darker fiend,
Stalks forth unmasked from his infernal den,
With mad Aleeto's torch in his right hand.

THE COURAGE OF VIRTUE.

A soul, inspired by freedom's genial warmth,
Expands, grows firm, and by resistance, strong;
The most successful prince that offers life,
And bids me live upon ignoble terms,
Shall learn from me that virtue seldom fears.
Death kindly opens a thousand friendly gates,
And Freedom waits to guard her votaries through

Appended to her tragedies are several miscellaneous poems, generally in a flowing verse, but frequently marked by bad taste, and rarely evincing any real poetical power or feeling. The following lines are from the beginning of an epistle to a young gentleman educated in Europe:—

SUPERSTITION.

When ancient Britons piped the rustic lays,
And tuned to Woden notes of vocal praise,
The dismal dirges caught the listening throng
And ruder gestures joined the antique song.
Then the gray druid's grave, majestic air,
The frantic priestess, with dishevelled hair
And flaming torch, spoke Superstition's reign;
While elfin damsels dancing o'er the plain,
Allured the vulgar by the mystic scene,
To keep long vigils on the sacred green.

In *A Political Revery*, written before the commencement of the war, she gives a view of the future glory of America, and the punishment of her oppressors. After a sketch of the first history of the country, she says:

Here a bright form, with soft majestic grace,
Beckoned me on through vast unmeasured space
Beside the margin of the vast profound,
Wild echoes played and cataracts did bound;
Beyond the heights of nature's wide expanse,
Where moved superb the planetary dance,
Light burst on light, and suns o'er suns displayed
The system perfect Nature's God had laid.

And here the fate of nations is revealed to her. In *The Squabble of the Sea-Nymphs* is celebrated the destruction of tea in 1774. The following are the concluding lines:

The virtuous daughters of the neighb'ring mead
In graceful smiles approved the glorious deed
(And though the syrens left their coral beds,
Just o'er the surface lifted up their heads,
And sung soft pæans to the brave and fair,
Till almost caught in the delusive snare
To sink securely in a golden dream,
And taste the sweet, inebriating stream);
They saw delighted from the inland rocks,
O'er the broad deep poured out Pandora's box:
They joined, and fair Salacia's triumph sung—
Wild echo o'er the bounding ocean rung;
The sea-nymphs heard, and all the sportive train
In shaggy tresses danced around the main,
From southern lakes down to the northern rills,
And spread confusion round N—— hills.

The lines to the Hon. John Winthrop, who on the determination in 1774 to suspend all trade with England except for the real "necessaries of life," requested a list of articles the ladies might comprise under that head, are in the author's happiest vein of satire:—

THINGS NECESSARY TO THE LIFE OF A WOMAN.

An inventory clear

Of all she needs, Lamira offers here ;
 Nor does she fear a rigid Cato's frown,
 When she lays by the rich embroidered gown,
 And modestly compounds for just enough—
 Perhaps some dozens of mere flighty stuff:
 With lawns and lustrings, blond, and mecklin laces,
 Fringes and jewels, fans and tweezer-cases ;
 Gay cloaks and hats, of every shape and size,
 Scarfs, cardinals, and ribands, of all dyes ;
 With ruffles stamped, and aprons of tambour,
 Tippets and handkerchiefs at least threescore ;
 With finest muslins that fair India boasts,
 And the choice herbage from Chinesean coasts.
 Add feathers, furs, rich satins, and ducapes,
 And head-dresses in pyramidal shapes ;
 Sideboards of plate, and porcelain profuse,
 With fifty dittoes that the ladies use ;
 If my poor, treach'rous memory has missed,
 Ingenious T——! shall complete the list.
 So weak Lamira, and her wants so few,
 Who can refuse ?—they're but the sex's due.

Yet Clara quits the more dressed negligee,
 And substitutes the careless Polanee,
 Until some fair one from Britannia's court
 Some jaunty dress or newer taste import ;
 This sweet temptation could not be withstood,
 Though for the purchase's paid her father's blood ;
 Though earthquakes rattle, or volcanoes roar,
 Indulge this trifle—and she asks no more :
 Can the stern patriot Clara's suit deny ?
 'Tis Beauty asks, and Reason must comply.

John Adams was perhaps a better orator than critic. He writes to Mrs. Warren, upon the publication of her poems: "However foolishly some European writers may have sported with American reputation for genius, literature, and science, I know not where they will find a female poet of their own to prefer to the ingenious author of these compositions."

In the dedication of her poems to Washington, she says: "Feeling much for the distresses of America in the dark days of her affliction, a faithful record has been kept of the most material transactions, through a period that has engaged the attention both of the philosopher and the politician ; and, if life is spared, a just trait of the most distinguished characters, either for valor, virtue, or patriotism, for perfidy, intrigue, in-

consistency, or ingratitude, shall be faithfully transmitted to posterity." The work thus announced was published in three octavo volumes in 1805, under the title of "The History of the Rise, Progress, and Termination of the American Revolution, interspersed with Biographical, Political, and Moral Observations." It will always be consulted as one of the most interesting original authorities upon the revolution. It is written with care, and in a spirit of independence which is illustrated by her notice of the character of her friend Mr. Adams, which was so unfavorable as to cause a temporary interruption of the relations between the two families ; but Mrs. Adams in this case, as in that of her husband's quarrel with Mr. Jefferson, finally brought about a reconciliation, which was sealed with a ring which she sent to the historian, containing her own and her husband's hair.

Mrs. Warren continued to the close of her life to feel a lively interest in affairs, and she was intelligent and honest enough to be always a partisan. Though sometimes wrong, as she clearly was in her active opposition to the federal constitution, it was delightful to see even in a woman a contempt for that neutrality in regard to public measures which under a democratic government is invariably the sign of a feeble understanding or of time-serving wickedness. The duke de Rochefoucault, in his entertaining Travels in the United States, speaks of her extensive and varied reading, and declares that at seventy she had "lost neither the activity of her mind nor the graces of her person." In her old age she was blind, but she bore the misfortune with cheerfulness, and continued her intercourse with society. She died in her eighty-seventh year, on the 19th of October, 1814.

There is a portrait of Mrs. Warren, by Copley, in the possession of her family, and an excellent life of her is contained in Mrs. Ellet's recently published "Women of the Revolution."

ELIZABETH GRÆME FERGUSON.

(Born 1739—Died 1801).

THE most polite and elegant society in this country before the Revolution was probably that of Philadelphia, with its connexions in the southeastern part of the colony, and in Delaware and New Jersey. There were "solid men" in Boston, there was much real respectability in New York, and good families were scattered through New England and along the Old Dominion and the Carolinas: but in Philadelphia the distinction of classes was more marked, and the coteries of fashion larger and more exclusive, than elsewhere in America. Of the first rank here were the Græmes, of Græme Park, who by blood, fortune, abilities, and character, were alike entitled to consideration among the provincial gentry. Dr. Thomas Græme was a native of Scotland. He was a physician of large acquirements, and the respectability of his origin, his popular manners, and success in the practice of his profession, made him an eligible match for the daughter of Sir William Keith; and his alliance with the governor led to his appointment to the collectorship of the customs, which he held for many years.

ELIZABETH GRÆME, the youngest of the four children of Thomas Græme and Anne Keith, was born in Philadelphia in 1739. At an early age she evinced uncommon abilities, and the chief care of her mother was to educate her mind and heart so that she should illustrate by her intelligence and virtue the highest grade of female character. Much of her youth was passed at Græme Park, a beautiful country residence, twenty miles from the city, where she was frequently visited by her friends, and where her naturally feeble constitution was so improved, that when she appeared in society, at sixteen, the charms of her person were scarcely less distinguished than the wit and learning which made her a particular star in the metropolitan society. In her seventeenth year she was addressed by a young gentleman of the city, and engaged to be married to him upon his return from London, whither he soon after proceeded to complete his educa-

tion in the law. This contract for some reason was never fulfilled. To divert her attention from the disappointment, Miss Græme undertook the translation of Fénelon's *Telemachus* into English heroic verse; and she completed the work, in three years. In an introduction, written in 1769, she observes that "she is sensible the translation has little merit," but that "it is sufficient for her that it amused her in a period that would have been pensive and solitary without a pursuit."

It appears, however, that her health rapidly declined; and it was determined by her father,* after conferences upon the subject with other physicians, that she should seek its restoration by a sea-voyage and a temporary residence in England. She sailed for London under the care of the Rev. Dr. Richard Peters, a gentleman of polished manners and elevated character, whose connexions enabled him to secure her introduction to the most eminent persons and to the first circles in the kingdom. She was particularly noticed by George III.; she became acquainted with Laurence Sterne and other celebrated wits and men of letters; and she formed an intimacy with the well-known Dr. Fothergill, which was maintained by correspondence until his death. She remained in England a year, during which period she kept a journal, in which she described, with happy vivacity, manners and persons, and the contrasts between English and colonial society.

After her return to Philadelphia she occupied the place of her mother in her father's family. Every Saturday evening for several years was set apart for the reception of company, and on these occasions her pleasing manners and brilliant conversation were causes of never-ending admiration to the in-

* It is related that her mother assented to Miss Græme's departure for another reason. This venerable and excellent woman was anticipating, from some disease, a quick dissolution, and she desired the removal of her daughter, to whom she was tenderly attached, lest her presence should distract her attention from heaven, and wear her heart too much from the love of God in the hour of death. Archbishop Lightfoot wished for similar reasons to die from home.

telligent society of the city and to the strangers whose positions or abilities secured for them a presentation at Dr. Græme's house. At one of these parties she became acquainted with Mr. Hugh Henry Ferguson, a young gentleman who had recently arrived in the country from Scotland; and though he was ten years younger, her personal attractions and the congeniality of their tastes soon led to their marriage. Her father died in a few weeks after, and they retired to Græme Park; but the approach of the Revolution, and the adhesion of Mr. Ferguson to the British party, in 1775, induced a speedy and perpetual separation.

Mrs. Ferguson's position made her an object of respectful consideration to individuals of both parties during the war. Her domestic relations were principally with the enemy, but she was by birth a Pennsylvanian, and her old friends, some of whom were leading patriots, treated her with kindness. She appears in the public history of the time as the bearer of an extraordinary letter from the celebrated Dr. Duché to General Washington, and as the agent by whom Governor Johnstone made those overtures to General Joseph Reed which were answered by the famous declaration — "My influence is but small, but were it as great as Governor Johnstone would insinuate, the king of Great Britain has nothing in his gift that would tempt me."^{*}

The remainder of Mrs. Ferguson's life was passed chiefly at Græme Park, in the pursuits of literature, in domestic avocations, and in offices of friendship. Her income was greatly reduced, but her charities were never interrupted, nor was she ever known to murmur at the changed and comparatively desolate condition of her later years. She cherished an unhesitating faith in the Christian religion, and was familiar with the masters of divinity. It is related that she transcribed the whole Bible, to impress its contents more deeply in her memory.

More than twenty years after the comple-

tion of her translation of Telemachus, she rewrote the four volumes, adding occasional notes and observations. In some memoranda dated at Græme Park, May 20, 1788, she says of the copy which received her last corrections: "This is meant for a particular friend, but if I live I intend to give a more correct version, and perhaps, if I meet with encouragement, shall have it printed. I am now quite undetermined as to all my plans in life. I have little reason to think I am to remain here long; but at present I am at this place with only my old and faithful friend Eliza Stedman." She lived until the 23d of February, 1801, but it does not appear that she ever again revised the work, and it has not yet been printed.

She endeavored to make the translation as literal as the poetical form and the genius of our language would permit; it is, however, somewhat diffuse, the twenty-four books making twenty-nine thousand and six hundred lines. I have read Mrs. Ferguson's manuscript (which has been deposited by her heirs in the library of the Philadelphia Library Company), and have compared parts of it with the original and with other translations. She had command of a fine poetical diction, and all the learning necessary for the just apprehension and successful illustration of her author; and it appears to me that Fénelon has not been presented in a more correct or pleasing English dress.

Some of the minor poems, and a considerable number of the letters and other compositions of Mrs. Ferguson, have been published, and they all evince a delicate and vigorous understanding, and an honorable character.

A talent for versification was at that period not uncommon among the educated women of the country, but it was principally exercised in the expression of private feeling or for the amusement of particular circles. Some verses by Mrs. Stockton, welcoming Washington to New Jersey, have been preserved by Marshall, and in the monthly magazines of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, appeared many anonymous poems, evidently by female authors, which were eminently creditable to their literary abilities

^{*} Sparks's Washington, v. 95, 476; William B. Reed's Life of President Reed, i., 381; American Remembrancer, vi. 232, &c.

INVOCATION TO WISDOM.

PREFIXED TO THE AUTHOR'S TRANSLATION OF THE
ADVENTURES OF TELEMACHUS.

GRAVE WISDOM, guardian of the modest youth,
Thou soul of knowledge and thou source of truth,
Inspire my muse, and animate her lays,
That she harmonious may chant thy praise

O could a spark of that celestial fire,
Which did thy favored Fénélon inspire,
Light on the periods of my fettered theme,
And dart one radiant, one illumined beam,
Then struggling Passion might its portrait view,
And learn from thence its tumults to subdue.

This was the pious prelate's great design :
As rays converged to one bright point combine,
So do the fable and the tale unite
The path of Truth by Fancy's torch to light ;
Each to one noble, generous aim aspires,
And the rich galaxy at once conspires
To catch the fluttering mind and fix the sense
The end can justify the fine pretence,
For youthful spirits abstract reasonings shun,
And from grave precept void of life they run.
Though heathen gods are introduced to signet,
'Tis one Great Being radiates every light :
Seen through the medium of a lesser guide,
From one pure fount is each small rill supplied ;
Then, rigid Christian, be not too severe,
Nor think great Cambrai in an error here.

In parable the holy Jesus taught—
Unwound the clue with mystic knowledge fraught.
He knew the frailties of man's earthly lot,
That truths important were too soon forgot ;
He screened his purpose in the pleasing tale,
Then tore aside the heavenly-woven veil,
Showed his design—the perfect, sacred plan—
And raised to angel what he found but man ;
By nice gradation in this scale divine
The glorious meaning did illustrious shine.
Like his great Master, pious Cambrai taught,
And all the good of all mankind he sought :
Through his Telemachus he points to view
What youth should fly from and what youth pursue.
He makes pure Wisdom leave the realms above
To screen a mortal from bewitching love,
To lead him through the thorny ways below,
And all those arts of false refinement show
Which end in fleeting joy and lasting wo ;
He paints gay Venus in tumultuous rage,
Yet shows her baffled by the guardian sage,
Who draws his pupil from Idalian groves,
From blooming Cyprus and from melting loves.

Passion and Wisdom hold perpetual strife
Through the strange mazes of man's chequered life
Of all the evils our frail nature knows,
The most acute from Love's emotions flows.
The utmost efforts of the brave are seen,
To check the transports of the Paphian queen ;
Minerva gives an energy of soul
Which does the tide of Passion's rage control,
Nor damps that fire which generous youth should
But only tempers the high-finished steel : [feel,
For metal softened, polished, and refined,
Is like th' opening of the ductile mind,

Moulded by flame, made pliant to the hand,
Turned in the furnace to each just command :
This fire is disappointment, grief, and pain,
Which, if the soul with fortitude sustain,
The furnace of affliction makes more bright ;
Yet higher burnished in Jehovah's sight,
And it at last shall joyfully survey
The tangled path to where perfection lay,
And bless the briers of life's thorny road
That led to peace, to happiness, and God !

THE PROCESSION OF CALYPSO.
FROM THE FIRST BOOK OF TELEMACHUS

SHE moved along
Environed by a beauteous female throng,
As some tall oak, the wonder of the wood,
That long the glory of the grove has stood,
Raises its head superb above the rest,
Of the green forest stands the pride confest,
So does Calypso tower in state supreme,
And darts around her an illumined beam.
The royal youth doth her soft charms admire,
And the rich lustre of her gay attire.
Her purple robes hung negligent behind,
Her hair in careless ringlets met the wind,
Her sparkling eyes shone with a vivid fire,
Yet showed no unsubdued, impure desire.
With modest silence the young prince pursued
At awful distance, cautious to intrude ;
With downcast eyes the reverend sage came last :
Thus the procession through the green grove past
At length they reached the rural goddess' grove,
And as they entered the delightful spot,
Telemachus was much amazed to find
How Nature's beauty could allure the mind.
An elegant simplicity here reigned,
Which all the rules of studied art disdained :
No massy gold, no polished silver, glowed,
No stone that life in all its passions showed,
No lively tints spread vigor o'er a face
And spoke the picture's animating grace ;
No Doric pillars, no Corinthian style,
Rose in the turrets of a lofty pile.
Scooped from a rock the concave grotto lay,
Where Nature's touches thousand freaks display ;
There shells and pebbles the rough sides adorned
That rigid method and dull order scorned ;
A vine luxuriant round its tendrils flung ;
Beneath its foliage laden branches hung.
This vernal tapestry careless seemed to hide
The craggy roughness of its rocky side ;
The softest zephyrs made meridian suns
Cool as when Sol his morning progress runs ;
Meandering fountains stole along the green.
And amaranthus adorned the sprightly scene ;
The purple violet shed a richness round,
And strewed its beauties on the chequered ground ;
The flowery chaplets wreath around the lake,
And in small basins mimic baths they make ;
The flowers that spring and glowing summer yield
In gay profusion ornament the field.

Not very distant from the grotto stood
A tufted grove of fragrant vernal wood ;

The tempting fruit shone rich like burnished gold,
 A dazzling lustre charming to behold:
 The blossoms white as pure untrodden snow,
 Their edges shining with the scarlet's glow;
 They bloom perpetual, and perpetual bear,
 And waft their incense to the yielding air.
 So close their branches, and so near entwined,
 They scarcely trembled to the active wind;
 No piercing sunbeams could their shades annoy,
 No busy eye their sacred peace destroy;
 No sounds were heard but sprightly birds that sing,
 And the fleet skylark mounting early wing;
 A tumbling cascade, in which broken falls
 Gushed down in torrents from the rocks' sharp walls,
 But softly gliding ere it met the green,
 Smooth as a mirror, painted back the scene.

Not on the mountain's top the grot was placed,
 Nor yet too lowly at its feet debased;
 From all extremes the charming cave was free,
 At a small distance from the briny sea,
 Where oft you viewed it, softened, calm, and clear,
 Like the lulled bosom when no danger's near;
 Sometimes enraged, its angry waves were found
 Dashing the rocks and bursting every bound.

Your eyes you turn, and from the other side
 You see a river roll its ample tide.
 There scattered islands rose to charm the sight,
 And by the change of novelty delight;
 Lindens fall, blooming, laden flowers sustain,
 And raise their heads in lofty, high disdain;
 In wanton circles the smooth fountains run,
 And gayly glistened in the midday sun;
 In rapid motion some their streams unfurled,
 While others gently with the zephyrs curled—
 By various windings met their former track,
 And slowly murmuring, crept all lazy back.
 Then in a distant view in groups were seen
 Blue, misty mounts, and hills of doubtful green;
 Their lofty summits lost above the skies,
 And like the clouds deluded wandering eyes,
 As pleasing fancy changed its different mode
 And whim and caprice did each object robe.

The neighboring mountains were more highly
 graced:

There liberal Nature clustering vines had placed;
 In noble branches the grand bunches hung,
 And purple raisins burst beneath the sun;
 The foliage sought their lovely charge to hide,
 Yet the rich grapes shone through in gorgeous pride.
 Then low beneath, mixed with the golden grain,
 The fig and olive overspread the plain;
 Its tempting fruit the pomegranate displayed,
 And globes of gold burst through the vernal shade:
 The whole retreat was a delightful grove,
 A soft recess for friendship's sweets or love.

APOLLO WITH THE FLOCKS OF KING
 ADMETUS.

FROM THE SAME.

BENEATH the shady elms, where fountains played,
 The listening shepherds here his rest invade;
 Th' informing song new polished every soul,
 But bound their passions in a soft control. . . .

Swiftly the music and the theme would change
 To vivid meads where sparkling fountains range,
 Whose glittering waters the gay plains adorn,
 And all the rules of art-drawn channels scorn;
 Winding they sport: the meadows seem to smile,
 Their verdure heightened, and enriched their soil
 Hence the enraptured swains began to know
 That joys serene from moral pleasures flow;
 The happy rustic pitied now the king,
 That could not, like the cheerful shepherd, sing;
 Their lowly roofs began the great to draw
 To view the cottage humbly thatched with straw
 Courtiers too oft are strangers to delight:
 They rise unhappy from the restless night;
 But here the graces sweetly were arrayed,
 Here lovely females every charm displayed—
 Soft Innocence and ever-blooming Health,
 That cheerful triumph o'er the slaves of wealth;
 No torturing envy here the peace invades
 Of the mild shepherd in the greenwood shades;
 Each day superior shone with new delight,
 And gentle slumbers crowned the sportive wight,
 The fluttering birds put forth their liveliest notes,
 And stretched to music their expanded throats;
 The fragrant zephyrs undulate the trees,
 And fan to music the enamored breeze;
 The rills pellucid murmured to the sound,
 And floating harmony rolled all around;
 The muses band, the sacred virgin train,
 Inspired the numbers of the tuneful swain:
 But not supine they dwell in idle joys;
 An active vigor, too, their limbs employs:
 To run, to wrestle, to obtain the prize,
 And chase the stag as he o'er mountains flies,
 Was oft the business of a vacant day,
 As through the green grove they betook their way
 The gods looked down from great Olympus' height,
 And almost envied man's supreme delight.

THE INVASION OF LOVE.

FROM THE SEVENTH BOOK OF TELEMACHUS.

CALYPSO dwelt on Cupid's blooming face,
 And clasped him to her in a fond embrace;
 Though goddess born, she feels love's soft alarms
 As close she strains him in her circling arms.....

The thoughtless nymphs all felt the subtle flame,
 But for the strange sensation knew no name,
 Yet innate modesty and latent fear
 Whispered some power of wondrous force was near.
 In silence they the newborn blaze concealed,
 And, blushing, dreaded it might be revealed,
 The spreading fire a latent heat imparts
 And flings its influence o'er their tender hearts.

The princely youth, most careless, too, surveyed
 The jocund sweetness which in Cupid played,
 Saw all his little freaks with fond surprise,
 His thoughtless frolics, and his laughing eyes.
 With pleasing transport his fine features traced
 And on his knees the little urchin placed,
 Views all the changes in his boyish charms,
 Nor feels suspicion of impending harms.

ANNE ELIZA BLEECKER.

(Born 1752—Died 1783).

MRS. ANNE ELIZA BLEECKER, a daughter of Brandt Schuyler, of New York, was born in that city in 1752, and when seventeen years of age was married to John J. Bleecker of New Rochelle. After residing about two years in Poughkeepsie, Mr. Bleecker removed to Tomhanick, a secluded little village eighteen miles from Albany, where five years were passed in uninterrupted happiness.—Mrs. Bleecker's mother, and her half-sister, Miss Ten Eyck, passed much of the time with her, and her husband saw the fruition of his hopes in the success of plans which had drawn him from the more populous parts of the colony. It was in this period that Mrs. Bleecker wrote most of her poems which have been preserved. Before her marriage, her playful or serious verses had amused or charmed the circle in which she moved—one of the most intelligent and accomplished then in America—and she now found a solace for the absence of society in the indulgence of a taste for literature. The following extract from one of her poems not only illustrates her style, but gives us a glimpse of her situation :

From yon grove the woodcock rises,
Mark her progress by her notes;
High in air her wings she poises,
Then like lightning down she shoots.
Now the whip-poor-will beginning,
Clamorous on a pointed rail,
Drowns the more melodious singing
Of the cat-bird, thrush, and quail.
Cast your eyes beyond this meadow,
Painted by a hand divine,
And observe the ample shadow
Of that solemn ridge of pine.
Here a trickling rill depending,
Glitters through the artless bower;
And the silver dew descending,
Doubly radiates every flower.
While I speak, the sun is vanished,
All the gilded clouds are fled,
Music from the groves is banished,
Noxious vapors round us spread.
Rural toil is now suspended.
Sleep invades the peasant's eyes,
Each diurnal task is ended,
While soft Luna climbs the skies.

Some lines addressed to Mr. Bleecker while on a voyage down the Hudson, suggest the

changes of three quarters of a century in the travel and culture along the most beautiful of rivers. She says:

Methinks I see the broad, majestic sheet
Swell to the wind; the flying shores retreat:
I see the banks, with varied foliage gay,
Inhale the misty sun's reluctant ray;
The lofty groves, stripped of their verdure, rise
To the inclemence of autumnal skies. [woods
Rough mountains now appear, while pendant
Hang o'er the gloomy steep and shade the floods;
Slow moves the vessel, while each distant sound
The caverned echoes doubly loud rebound.

It was a custom for the lazy sloops occasionally to rest by the hunting-grounds or in the highlands, but she implores her husband not to tempt

Fate, on those stupendous rocks
Where never shepherd led his timid flocks,
and dreams that instead of the musket-shot,
she can hear—

The melting flute's melodious sound,
Which dying zephyrs waft alternate round;
While rocks, in notes responsive, soft complain,
And think Amphion strikes his lyre again.
Ah! 'tis my Bleecker breathes our mutual loves,
And sends the trembling airs through vocal groves.

The approach of the British army under General Burgoyne, in 1777, was the first event to disturb this repose. Mr. Bleecker left Tomhanick to make arrangements for the removal of his family to Albany; but while he was gone, hearing that the enemy was but two miles distant, she hastily started for the city, bearing her youngest child in her arms, and leading the other, who was but four years of age, by the hand. A single domestic accompanied her, and they rested at night in a garret, after a dreary and most exhausting walk through the wilderness. The next morning they met Mr. Bleecker coming from Albany, and returned with him to the city. The youngest of the children died a few days after, and within a month Mrs. Bleecker's mother expired in her arms, at Redhook. The death of her child is commemorated in the following lines, which evince genuine feeling, and are in a very natural style:—

WRITTEN ON THE RETREAT FROM BURGUYNE.

Was it for this, with thee, a pleasing load,
I sadly wandered through the hostile wood—
When I thought Fortune's spite could do no more,

To see thee perish on a foreign shore ?
 Oh my loved babe ! my treasures left behind
 Ne'er sunk a cloud of grief upon my mind ;
 Rich in my children, on my arms I bore
 My living treasures from the scalper's power ;
 When I sat down to rest, beneath some shade,
 On the soft grass how innocent she played,
 While her sweet sister from the fragrant wild
 Collects the flowers to please my precious child,
 Unconscious of her danger, laughing roves,
 Nor dreads the painted savage in the groves !

Soon as the spires of Albany appeared,
 With fallacies my rising grief I cheered :
 " Resign ! I bear," said I, " Heaven's just reproof,
 Content to dwell beneath a stranger's roof—
 Content my babes should eat dependent bread,
 Or by the labor of my hands be fed.
 What though my houses, lands, and goods, are gone,
 My babes remain—these I can call my own !"
 But soon my loved Abella hung her head—
 From her soft cheek the bright carnation fled ;
 Her smooth, transparent skin too plainly showed
 How fierce through every vein the fever glowed.
 —In bitter anguish o'er her limbs I hung,
 I wept and sighed, but sorrow chained my tongue ;
 At length her languid eyes closed from the day,
 The idol of my soul was torn away ;
 Her spirit fled and left me ghastly clay !

Then—then my soul rejected all relief,
 Comfort I wished not, for I loved my grief :
 " Hear, my Abella," cried I, " hear me mourn !
 For one short moment, oh, my child ! return ;
 Let my complaint detain thee from the skies,
 Though troops of angels urge thee on to rise"
 My friends press round me with officious care,
 Bid me suppress my sighs, nor drop a tear ;
 Of resignation talked—passions subdued—
 Of souls serene, and Christian fortitude—
 Bade me be calm, nor murmur at my loss,
 But unrepining bear each heavy cross.

" Go !" cried I, raging, " stoic bosoms, go !
 Whose hearts vibrate not to the sound of wo ;
 Go from the sweet society of men,
 Seek some unfeeling tiger's savage den,
 There, calm, alone, of resignation preach—
 My Christ's examples better precepts teach."
 Where the cold limbs of gentle Lazarus lay,
 I find him weeping o'er the humid clay ;
 His spirit groaned, while the beholders said,
 With gushing eyes, " See how he loved the dead !"
 Yes, 'tis my boast to harbor in my breast
 The sensibilities by God exprest ;
 Nor shall the mollifying hand of Time,
 Which wipes off common sorrows, cancel mine.

From this time a pensive melancholy took
 the place of the quiet gayety that had pre-
 viously distinguished her manners ; but her
 life was not marked by any event of partic-
 ular interest until the summer of 1781, when
 her husband was taken prisoner by a party
 of Tories, and her sensitive spirit was crushed
 in despair. She fled to Albany, where he re-
 joined her at the end of a week : but his sud-

den restoration produced an excitement even
 deeper than that occasioned by his supposed
 death, and she never regained her health, nor
 scarcely her composure. She returned to
 Tomhanick, and in the spring of 1783 revis-
 ited New York, in the hope that a change
 of scene and the society of her early friends
 would restore something of her strength and
 happiness ; but war had changed the pleas-
 ant places she remembered, and her dearest
 friends were dead. She went back with her
 husband to Tomhanick, where she died on
 the 23d of the following November. Her
 last return to her home is commemorated in
 these pleasing verses :

Hail, happy shades ! though clad with heavy
 At sight of you with joy my bosom glows ; [snows,
 Ye arching pines that bow with every breeze,
 Ye poplars, elms, all hail, my well-known trees !
 And now my peaceful mansion strikes my eye,
 And now the tinkling rivulet I spy ;—
 My little garden, Flora, hast thou kept,
 And watched my pinks and lilies while I wept ?
 Ah me ! that spot with blooms so lately graced,
 With storms and driving snows is now defaced :
 Sharp icicles from every bush depend,
 And frosts all dazzling o'er the beds extend ;
 Yet soon fair spring shall give another scene,
 And yellow cowslips gild the level green ;
 My little orchard, sprouting at each bough,
 Fragrant with clust'ring blossoms deep shall glow :
 Oh ! then 'tis sweet the tufted grass to tread,
 But sweeter slumb'ring in the balmy shade ;
 The rapid humming-bird, with ruby breast,
 Seeks the parterre with early blue-bells drest,
 Drinks deep the honeysuckle dew, or drives
 The lab'ring bee to her domestic hives ;
 Then shines the lupin bright with morning gems,
 And sleepy poppies nod upon their stems ;
 The humble violet and the dulcet rose,
 The stately lily then, and tulip, blows. . . .

But when the vernal breezes pass away,
 And loftier Phœbus darts a fiercer ray,
 The spiky corn then rattles all around,
 And dashing cascades give a pleasing sound ;
 Shrill sings the locust with prolonged note,
 The cricket chirps familiar in each cot ;
 The village children, rambling o'er yon hill,
 With berries all their painted baskets fill :
 They rob the squirrels' little walnut store,
 And climb the half-exhausted tree for more.
 Or else to fields of maize nocturnal hie,
 Where hid, th' elusive watermelons lie,
 Then load their tender shoulders with the prey,
 And laughing bear the bulky fruit away.

Mrs. Bleecker possessed considerable beau-
 ty, and she was much admired in society. A
 collection of her posthumous works, in prose
 and verse, was published in 1793, and again
 in 1809, with a notice of her life by her
 daughter, Mrs. Marg'retta V. Faugeres.

PHILLIS WHEATLEY PETERS.

(Born 1754—Died 1794).

THIS "daughter of the murky Senegal," as she is styled by an admiring contemporary critic, we suppose may be considered as an American, since she was but six years of age when brought to Boston and sold in the slave-market of that city, in 1761. If not so great a poet as the abbé Grégoire contended, she was certainly a remarkable phenomenon, and her name is entitled to a place in the histories of her race, of her sex, and of our literature.

She was purchased by the wife of Mr. John Wheatley, a respectable merchant of Boston, who was anxious to superintend the education of a domestic to attend upon her person in the approaching period of old age. This amiable woman on visiting the market was attracted by the modest demeanor of a little child, in a sort of "fillibeg," who had just arrived, and taking her home, confided her instruction in part to a daughter, who, pleased with her good behavior and quick apprehension, determined to teach her to read and write. The readiness with which she acquired knowledge surprised as much as it pleased her mistress, and it is probable that but few of the white children of Boston were brought up under circumstances better calculated for the full development of their natural abilities. Her ambition was stimulated: she became acquainted with grammar, history, ancient and modern geography, and astronomy, and studied Latin so as to read Horace with such ease and enjoyment that her French biographer supposes the great Roman had considerable influence upon her literary tastes and the choice of her subjects of composition. A general interest was felt in the sooty prodigy; the best libraries were open to her; and she had opportunities for conversation with the most accomplished and distinguished persons in the city.

She appears to have had but an indifferent physical constitution, and when a son of Mr. Wheatley visited England, in 1772, it was decided by the advice of the family physician that Phillis should accompany him for the benefit of the sea-voyage. In London she

was treated with nearly as much consideration as more recently has been awarded to Mr. Frederick Douglass. She was introduced to many of the nobility and gentry, and would have been received at court but for the absence of the royal family from the metropolis. Her poems were published under the patronage of the Countess of Huntingdon, with a letter from her master, and the following curious attestation of their genuineness:

"TO THE PUBLIC.—As it has been repeatedly suggested to the publisher, by persons who have seen the manuscript, that numbers would be ready to suspect they were not really the writings of Phillis, he has procured the following attestation from the most respectable characters in Boston, that none might have the least ground for disputing their original: We, whose names are underwritten, do assure the world that the poems specified in the following page* were (as we verily believe) written by Phillis, a young negro-girl, who was, but a few years since, brought an uncultivated barbarian from Africa, and has ever since been, and now is, under the disadvantage of serving as a slave in a family in this town. She has been examined by some of the best judges, and is thought qualified to write them.

His Excellency THOMAS HUTCHINSON, Governor.
The Hon. ANDREW OLIVER, Lieut. Governor.
The Hon. Thomas Hubbard, The Rev. Chas. Chauncey, D. D.,
The Hon. John Erving, The Rev. Mather Byles, D. D.,
The Hon. James Pitts, The Rev. Edw. J. Pemberton, D. D.,
The Hon. Harrison Gray, The Rev. Andrew Elliot, D. D.,
The Hon. James Bowdoin, The Rev. Samuel Cooper, D. D.,
John Hancock, Esq., The Rev. Mr. Samuel Mather,
Joseph Green, Esq., The Rev. Mr. John Moorhead,
Richard Carey, Esq., Mr. John Wheatley (her master)."

In 1774—the year after the return of Phillis to Boston—her mistress died; she soon lost her master, and her younger mistress, his daughter; and the son having married and settled in England, she was left without a protector or a home. The events which immediately preceded the Revolution now engrossed the attention of those acquaintances who in more peaceful and prosperous times would have been her friends; and though she took an apartment and attempted in some way to support herself, she saw with fears the approach of poverty, and at last, in despair, resorted to marriage as the only alternative of destitution.

Grégoire, who derived his information from M. Giraud, the French consul at Boston in 1805, states that her husband, in the

* The words "following page" allude to the contents of the manuscript copy, which are wrote at the back of the above attestation.

superiority of his understanding to that of other negroes, was also a kind of phenomenon; that he "became a lawyer, under the name of Doctor Peters, and plead before the tribunals the cause of the blacks;" and that "the reputation he enjoyed procured him a fortune."* But a later biographer† of Phillis declares that Peters "kept a grocery, in Court street, and was a man of handsome person and manners, wearing a wig, carrying a cane, and quite acting the gentleman;" that "he proved utterly unworthy of the distinguished woman who honored him with her alliance;" that he was unsuccessful in business, failing soon after their marriage, and "was too proud and too indolent to apply himself to any occupation below his fancied dignity." Whether Peters practised physic and law or not, it appears pretty certain that he did not make a fortune, and that the match was a very unhappy one, though we think the author last quoted, who is one of the family, shows an undue partiality for his maternal ancestor. Peters in his adversity was not very unreasonable in demanding that his wife should attend to domestic affairs—that she should cook his breakfast and darn his stockings; but she too had certain notions of "dignity," and regarded as altogether beneath her such unpoetical occupations. During the war they lived at Wilmington, in the interior of Massachusetts, and in this period Phillis became the mother of three children. After the peace, they returned to Boston, and continued to live there, most of the time in wretched poverty, till the death of Phillis, on the 5th of December, 1794.

Besides the poems included in the editions of 1773 and 1835, she wrote numerous pieces which have not been printed, one of which is referred to in the following letter from Washington:

"CAMBRIDGE, February 28, 1776.

"MISS PHILLIS: Your favor of the 26th of October did not reach my hands till the middle of December. Time enough, you will say, to have given an answer ere this. Granted. But a variety of important occurrences, continually interposing to distract the mind

* An Inquiry concerning the Intellectual and Moral Faculties and Literature of Negroes, followed with an Account of the Lives and Works of Fifteen Negroes and Mulattoes, distinguished in Science, Literature, and the Arts: By H. Grégoire, formerly Bishop of Blois, Member of the Conservative Senate, of the Institute of France, &c., &c. Translated by D. B. Warden, Secretary of Legation, &c. Brooklyn, 1810

† See memoir prefixed to the edition of her poems published by Light & Horton. Boston, 1835.

and withdraw the attention, I hope will apologise for the delay, and plead my excuse for the seeming but not real neglect. I thank you most sincerely for your polite notice of me, in the elegant lines you enclosed; and however undeserving I may be of such encomium and panegyric, the style and manner exhibit a striking proof of your poetical talents; in honor of which, and as a tribute justly due to you, I would have published the poem, had I not been apprehensive that, while I only meant to give the world this new instance of your genius, I might have incurred the imputation of vanity. This, and nothing else, determined me not to give it place in the public prints. If you should ever come to Cambridge, or near headquarters, I shall be happy to see a person so favored by the muses, and to whom Nature has been so liberal and beneficent in her dispensations. I am, with great respect, your obedient, humble servant,
"GEORGE WASHINGTON."

In a note to the memoir of Phillis published by one of her descendants, it is stated that after her death, her papers, which had been confided to an acquaintance, were demanded by Peters, and yielded to his importunity; and that Peters subsequently went to the south, carrying with him these papers, which were never afterward heard of. The MSS., however, are still in existence: they are owned by an accomplished citizen of Philadelphia, whose mother was one of the patrons of the author. I learn from this gentleman that Phillis wrote with singular fluency, and that she excelled particularly in acrostics and in other equally difficult tricks of literary dexterity.

The intellectual character of Phillis Wheatley Peters has been much discussed, but chiefly by partisans. On one hand, Mr. Jefferson declares that "the pieces published under her name are below the dignity of criticism," and that "the heroes of the Dunciad are to her as Hercules to the author of that poem;" and on the other hand, the abbé Grégoire, Mr. Clarkson, and many more, see in her works the signs of a genuine poetical inspiration. They seem to me to be quite equal to much of the contemporary verse that is admitted to be poetry by Phillis's severest judges; though her odes, elegies, and other compositions, are but harmonious commonplace, it would be difficult to find in the productions of American women, for the hundred and fifty years that had elapsed since the death of Mrs. Bradstreet, anything superior in sentiment, fancy, or diction.

—In a portrait of Phillis, prefixed to her poems and declared to be an extraordinary likeness, she is represented as of a rather pretty and intelligent appearance. It is from a picture painted while she was in London,

ON THE DEATH OF THE REV. MR.
GEORGE WHITEFIELD.—1770.

HAIL, happy saint! on thine immortal throne,
Possessed of glory, life, and bliss unknown:
We hear no more the music of thy tongue;
Thy wonted auditories cease to throng.
Thy sermons in unequalled accents flowed,
And every bosom with devotion glowed;
Thou didst, in strains of eloquence refined,
Inflame the heart, and captivate the mind.
Unhappy, we the setting sun deplore,
So glorious once, but ah! it shines no more.

Behold the prophet in his towering flight!
He leaves the earth for heaven's unmeasured height,
And worlds unknown receive him from our sight.
There Whitefield wings with rapid course his way,
And sails to Zion through vast seas of day.
Thy prayers, great saint, and thine incessant cries,
Have pierced the bosom of thy native skies.
Thou, moon, hast seen, and all the stars of light,
How he has wrestled with his God by night.
He prayed that grace in every heart might dwell;
He longed to see America excel;
He charged its youth that every grace divine
Should with full lustre in their conduct shine.
That Savior, which his soul did first receive,
The greatest gift that even a God can give,
He freely offered to the numerous throng
That on his lips with list'ning pleasure hung.

"Take him, ye wretched, for your only good,
Take him, ye starving sinners, for your food;
Ye thirsty, come to this life-giving stream,
Ye preachers, take him for your joyful theme;
Take him, my dear Americans," he said,
"Be your complaints on his kind bosom laid:
Take him, ye Africans, he longs for you;
Impartial Savior, is his title due:

Washed in the fountain of redeeming blood,
You shall be sons, and kings, and priests to God."
But though arrested by the hand of death,
Whitefield no more exerts his lab'ring breath,
Yet let us view him in the eternal skies,
Let every heart to this bright vision rise;
While the tomb safe retains its sacred trust,
Till life divine reanimates his dust.

FANCY.

FROM A POEM ON THE IMAGINATION.

THOUGH Winter frowns, to Fancy's raptur'd
The fields may flourish, and gay scenes arise; [eyes
The frozen deeps may burst their iron bands,
And bid their waters murmur o'er the sands.
Fair Flora may resume her fragrant reign,
And with her flowery riches deck the plain;
Showers may descend, and dews their gems disclose,
And nectar sparkle on the blooming rose. . . .

Fancy might now her silken pinions try
To rise from earth, and sweep the expanse on high;
From Tithon's bed now might Aurora rise,
Her cheeks all glowing with celestial dyes,
While a pure stream of light o'erflows the skies.
The monarch of the day I might behold,
And all the mountains tipped with radiant gold,

But I reluctant leave the pleasing views,
Which Fancy dresses to delight the muse;
Winter austere forbids me to aspire,
And northern tempests damp the rising fire:
They chill the tides of Fancy's flowing sea—
Cease, then, my song, cease then the unequalled lay

A FAREWELL TO AMERICA.

TO MRS. S. W.

ADIEU, New England's smiling meads,
Adieu, the flowery plain;
I leave thine opening charms, O Spring:
And tempt the roaring main.

In vain for me the flow'rets rise,
And boast their gaudy pride,
While here beneath the northern skies
I mourn for health denied.

Celestial maid of rosy hue,
Oh let me feel thy reign!
I languish till thy face I view,
Thy vanished joys regain.

Susannah mourns, nor can I bear
To see the crystal shower,
Or mark the tender falling tear,
At sad departure's hour;

Nor unregarding can I see
Her soul with grief oppress;
But let no sighs, no groans for me,
Steal from its pensive breast.

In vain the feathered warblers sing,
In vain the garden blooms,
And on the bosom of the spring
Breathes out her sweet perfumes,

While for Britannia's distant shore
We sweep the liquid plain,
And with astonished eyes explore
The wide-extended main.

Lo! Health appears, celestial dame!
Complacent and serene,
With Hebe's mantle o'er her frame,
With soul-delighting mien.

To mark the vale where London lies,
With misty vapors crowned,
Which cloud Aurora's thousand dyes,
And veil her charms around.

Why, Phæbus, moves thy car so slow?
So slow thy rising ray?
Give us the famous town to view,
Thou glorious king of day!

For thee, Britannia, I resign
New England's smiling fields;
To view again her charms divine,
What joy the prospect yields!

But thou, Temptation, hence away,
With all thy fatal train,
Nor once seduce my soul away,
By thine enchanting strain.

Thrice happy they, whose heavenly shield
Secures their soul from harms,
And fell Temptation on the field
Of all its power disarms!

SUSANNAH ROWSON.

(Born 1762—Died 1824).

SUSANNAH HASWELL, a daughter of Lieutenant William Haswell of the British navy, was about seven years of age when her father, then a widower, was sent to the New England station, in 1769. After being wrecked on Lovell's island, the family, consisting of the lieutenant, his daughter, and her nurse, were settled at Nantasket, where Haswell married a native of the colony, and resided at the beginning of the Revolution, when, being a half-pay officer, he was considered a prisoner of war, and sent into the interior, and subsequently, by cartel, to Halifax, whence he proceeded to London. His other children were two sons, who became officers in the American navy, in which they were honorably distinguished.

Miss Haswell, while a child, in Massachusetts, was often in the company of James Otis, and his sister, Mrs. Warren, who were pleased with her precocity, and careful education, and she won then many encomiums from the great orator, which were remembered in after years with more delight than all the plaudits of the dress circle or the praises of the critics. She arrived in London about the year 1784, and in 1786 was married there to William Rowson, who was probably in some way connected with the theatre. In the same year she published her first novel, *Victoria*, which was dedicated to Georgiana, Duchess of Devonshire, who became her patroness and introduced her to the Prince of Wales, through whom she obtained a pension for her father. She next edited *Mary or the Test of Honor*, a novel, published in 1785, and wrote, in quick succession, *A Trip to Parvassus*, *A Critique of Authors and Performers*, *The Fille de Chambre*, *The Inquisitor*, *Mentoria*, and *Charlotte Temple*, the tale by which she is now chiefly known, of which more than twenty-five thousand copies were sold in a few years.

In 1793 Mrs. Rowson returned to the United States, and was for three years engaged as an actress, in the Philadelphia theatre. She was pretty and graceful, and was a favorite in genteel comedy, but while attentive

to her professional duties, she was still industrious as an author, and wrote *The Trials of the Heart*, a novel; *Slaves in Algiers*, an opera; *The Female Patriot*, a comedy; and *The Volunteers*, a farce relating to the whiskey insurrection in Pennsylvania. In 1795, while temporarily in Baltimore, she wrote *The Standard of Liberty*, a poetical address to the armies of the United States, which was recited from the stage by Mrs. Whillock, one of the most accomplished actresses of the day, before all the uniformed companies of the city, in full dress. In 1796 she was engaged at the Federal-street theatre in Boston, where, at the end of a season, she closed her histrionic career, by appearing at her benefit, in her own comedy of *The Americans in England*.

She now opened a school for young women, which soon became very popular, so that it was thronged from the West Indies, the British provinces, and all the states of the Union. It was continued at Medford, Newton, and Boston, many years, with uniform success. But the business of instruction did not engross her attention, since she found time to compile a Dictionary and several other school books, and to write *Reuben and Rachel*, an American novel; *Biblical Dialogues*, a work evincing considerable research and reflection, and a volume of poems, and for two years to sustain a weekly gazette chiefly by her own contributions. She died in Boston, on the second of March, 1824, in the sixty-second year of her age.

Mrs. Rowson translated several of the odes of Horace and the tenth Eclogue of Virgil, and she wrote many original songs and other short pieces, of which the most ambitious was an irregular poem *On the Birth of Genius*, which was once much admired. Only a few of her songs are now remembered, and these less for any poetical qualities than for a certain social and patriotic spirit. Her "America, Commerce, and Freedom," is one of our few national songs. It would not dishonor a Dibdin, but it bears no marks of a feminine genius.

AMERICA, COMMERCE, AND FREEDOM.

How blest a life a sailor leads,
 From clime to clime still ranging ;
 For as the calm the storm succeeds,
 The scene delights by changing !
 When tempests howl along the main,
 Some object will remind us,
 And cheer with hopes to meet again
 Those friends we've left behind us.
 Then, under snug sail, we laugh at the gale,
 And though landsmen look pale, never heed 'em ;
 But toss off a glass to a favorite lass,
 To America, commerce, and freedom !

And when arrived in sight of land,
 Or safe in port rejoicing,
 Our ship we moor, our sails we hand,
 Whilst out the boat is hoisting.
 With eager haste the shore we reach,
 Our friends delighted greet us ;
 And, tripping lightly o'er the beach,
 The pretty lasses meet us.

When the full-flowing bowl has enlivened the soul,
 To foot it we merrily lead 'em,
 And each bonny lass will drink off a glass
 To America, commerce, and freedom !

Our cargo sold, the chink we share,
 And gladly we receive it ;
 And if we meet a brother tar
 Who wants, we freely give it.
 No freeborn sailor yet had store,
 But cheerfully would lend it ;
 And when 'tis gone, to sea for more—
 We earn it but to spend it.

Then drink round, my boys, 'tis the first of our joys
 To relieve the distressed, clothe and feed 'em :
 'Tis a task which we share with the brave and the fair
 In this land of commerce and freedom !

KISS THE BRIM, AND BID IT PASS.

WHEN Columbia's shores, receding,
 Lesson to the gazing eye,
 Cape nor island intervening
 Break th' expanse of sea and sky ;
 When the evening shades, descending,
 Shed a softness o'er the mind,
 When the yearning heart will wander
 To the circle left behind—
 Ah, then to Friendship fill the glass,
 Kiss the brim, and bid it pass.

When, the social board surrounding,
 At the evening's slight repast,
 Often will our bosoms tremble
 As we listen to the blast ;
 Gazing on the moon's pale lustre,
 Fervent shall our prayers arise
 For thy peace, thy health, thy safety,
 Unto Him who formed the skies :
 To Friendship oft we'll fill the glass,
 Kiss the brim, and bid it pass.

When in India's sultry climate,
 Mid the burning torrid zone,
 Will not oft thy fancy wander
 From her bowers to thine own !
 When, her richest fruits partaking,
 Thy unvitiated taste
 Oft shall sigh for dear Columbia,
 And her frugal, neat repast :
 Ah, then to Friendship fill the glass,
 Kiss the brim, and bid it pass !

When the gentle eastern breezes
 Fill the homebound vessel's sails,
 Undulating soft the ocean,
 Oh, propitious be the gales !
 Then, when every danger's over,
 Rapture shall each heart expand ;
 Tears of unmixed joy shall bid thee
 Welcome to thy native land :
 To Friendship, then, we'll fill the glass,
 Kiss the brim, and bid it pass.

THANKSGIVING.

AUTUMN, receding, throws aside
 Her robe of many a varied dye,
 And Winter in majestic pride
 Advances in the lowering sky.
 The laborer in his granary stores
 The golden sheaves all safe from spoil,
 While from her horn gay Plenty pours
 Her treasures to reward his toil.
 To solemn temples let us now repair,
 And bow in grateful adoration there ;
 Bid the full strain in hallelujahs rise,
 To waft the sacred incense to the skies.

Now the hospitable board
 Groans beneath the rich repast—
 All that luxury can afford
 Grateful to the eye or taste ;
 While the orchard's sparkling juice
 And the vintage join their powers ;
 All that nature can produce,
 Bounteous Heaven bids be ours.
 Let us give thanks : Yes, yes, be sure,
 Send for the widow and the orphan poor ;
 Give them wherewith to purchase clothes and food
 This the best way to prove our gratitude.

On the hearth high flames the fire,
 Sparkling tapers lend their light,
 Wit and Genius now aspire
 On Fancy's gay and rapid flight ;
 Now the viol's sprightly lay,
 As the moments light advance,
 Bids us revel, sport, and play,
 Raise the song, or lead the dance.
 Come, sportive Love, and sacred Friendship come,
 Help us to celebrate our harvest home :
 In vain the year its annual tribute pours, [hours.
 Unless you grace the scene, and lead the laughing

MARGARETTA V. FAUGERES.

(Born 1771—Died 1811).

MARGARETTA V. BLEECKER was a daughter of Mrs. Anne Eliza Bleecker, of whose life and writings a notice has been given in the preceding pages.* She was born at Tomhanick in 1771, and was about twelve years of age when her mother died. Her education, which had thus far been conducted with care and judgment, was continued under the best teachers of New York, where she made her appearance in society, soon after the close of the Revolution, as a highly accomplished girl, of the best connexions, and a liberal fortune. Her home was thronged with suitors, but, with a perversity which is often paralleled, she preferred the least deserving, one Dr. Peter Faugeres, an adventurer who shone in drawing rooms in the flimsy and worn-out costume of French infidelity, and him, in opposition to the wishes of her father, she married. Mr. Bleecker died in 1795, and Faugeres squandered the estate, and treated his wife in a scandalous manner, until 1798, when she was relieved of his presence by the yellow fever. It seems, from some allusions in her poems to the wretch Thomas Paine, as well as from her admiration of Faugeres, that she had a deeper sympathy with the vulgar skepticism of the time than was possible for a woman who united much capacity with virtue; but observation of its tendencies had perhaps led her to reflection, and she now came to believe that an inquiring and trusting spirit is quite as profound as one that doubts and despises. She became a teacher in an academy at New Brunswick, but her constitution was broken and her mind enfeebled by her misfortunes, and she died, in the twenty-ninth year of her age, in Brooklyn, on the ninth of January, 1801.

Mrs. Faugeres in 1793 edited the posthumous works of her mother, to which she appended several of her own compositions, in prose and verse. In 1795 she published *Belisarius*, a tragedy, in five acts, which is spoken of in the preface as her "first dramatic performance," as if she contemplated the

devotion of her attention to this kind of literature; and in the third number of the *New York Weekly Magazine*, for the same year, is an extract from a MS. comedy by her, but this appears never to have been printed.

*Belisarius** was evidently suggested by the fine romance of Marmontel, but Mrs. Faugeres combines the tradition of the putting out of the eyes of the great Byzantine, with that of Theophanes and Malala, that after a short imprisonment he was restored to his honors. Though unsuited to the stage, this tragedy has considerable merit, and is much superior to the earlier compositions of the author. The style is generally dignified and correct, and free from the extravagant declamation into which the subject would have seduced a writer of less taste and judgment. We have but a glimpse of the private intrigues that are revealed in the secret history by Procopius. Some time after the marriage of *Belisarius* to *Antonina*, they are referred to in conversation between *Arsaces*, a Bulgarian noble, and *Julia*, the niece of *Justinian*, of whom *Belisarius* had been a lover:

Arsaces. My darling *Julia*, drop these vain regrets,
For *Belisarius* is no longer thine:
Is he not wedded?

Julia. Too sure he is, and therefore I will weep,
For he *was* mine, and naught but wicked craft
E'er rent him from my bosom. Oh, my love!
Oh, my betrothed love! how are we severed!
Cursed be the monsters of iniquity
Who thus have burst the tenderest bonds asunder
Affection ever knew! Thou art betrayed:
Dungeons, and poverty, and shame, are thine
And everlasting blindness; while I, deserted,
Roam round the world.....

In the second act *Belisarius* appears, according to the narrative of *Tzetzes*, in the char-

* Of *Belisarius* there were probably printed only enough copies for subscribers, and it is now among the rarest of American books. While making a collection of nearly eight hundred volumes of poetry and verses written in this country, I never saw it; and *Dunlap*, who was a very industrious collector of plays, alludes to it in his *History of the American Theatre*, as a work which had eluded his research. It is not in any of our public libraries—which, indeed, are among the last places to be examined for American literature—and the only copy I have seen—the one now before me—is from the curious collection of *Henry A. Brady, Esq.*

* *Ante*, p. 28.

acter of a beggar, and in wandering through the country he is thus introduced to Gelimer, the captive king of Carthage, whom he himself had long before brought in triumph to Byzantium :

Gelimer, at daybreak, in a garden.—Enter Amala, his wife.

Amala. 'Tis yet too soon to labor, love; come, sit. This air blows fresh, and these sweet, bending flow-
Heavy with dew, shed such a fragrance round, [ers,
And so melodious sings the early lark,
'T would be a pity not to enjoy the hour.
Come, sit upon this sod. See, the morn breaks
In streams of quivering light upon the hills,
And the loose clouds, in changeful colors gay,
Now tinged with crimson, and with amber now,
Sail slow along the brightening horizon.

Gelimer. Yes, my Amala, 'tis a lovely morn,
And might inspire me with these calm ideas,
But that my thoughts are dwelling on the stranger,
Who claimed your hospitality, last night.
You said he was a soldier—old, and poor—
And that excites compassion; for I grieve
To see a veteran, who has spent his strength
In the big perils of uncertain war,
Far from his home, his country, and his friends;
Who oft has slept upon the frozen earth,
And suffered grievous want....That he, whose age
Has made him bald, and chilled his sickly veins,
And rendered him quite useless to himself,
Should be turned out upon the world, adrift,
To seek a scanty sustenance from alms!....
'T is much to be lamented.

In the following scene the degraded chiefs recognise each other, and Belisarius relates the story of his barbarous punishment :

Bel. When I first heard it my full heart beat slow,
My wonted fortitude forsook me; and when I thought
It was *Justinian* that urged the blow,
Casting my hopeless eyes to yon bright heaven,
As 'twere to take a lasting leave of light,
I wrung my hands, and bathed me in my tears.
The executioner, touched with my sorrows,
Sank on the ground and cried, "You are undone!
Wretched old man, why does your heart not break,
And give you a release from such a wo!"
But it is past, and, tranquil as the flood
When gently kissed by Twilight's softliest gale,
My spirit rests, and scarce consents to weep
When Memory would the piteous tale recall.

That most striking virtue of Belisarius, which appeared to Gibbon "above or below the character of a man," is happily illustrated, though by incidents that would seem very extraordinary were the historians upon this point less explicit and particular. The Prince of Bulgaria endeavors to enlist the blind old general against the Byzantines, and causes his proposals to be accompanied with a flourish of martial instruments, to renew in him

—the memory of past scenes,

When his proud steed, champing his golden bit,
Bore him o'er heaps of slaughtered enemies,
While vanquished thousands at his presence knelt
And kissed the dust o'er which the conqueror rode.

Belisarius says, declining—

Shall I now
Sully the glories of a long life's toil,
And justify the cruelty of my foes!

And then—

—Music, such as lulls *my* wayward cares,
Is often heard within the peasant's hamlet,
What time gray Twilight veils the eastern sky,
When the blithe maiden carols rustic songs
To soothe the infirmities of peevish age,
Or, when the moon shines on the dew-gemm'd plain,
Attunes her voice to chant some lightsome air
For those who dance upon the tufted green.
Such are the strains I love, and such as float
On the cool gale from a far mountain's side,
Where some lone shepherd fills his simple pipe,
Calling the echoes from their dewy beds,
To chase mute sleep away. Ah! blessed is he
If his choice melody be ne'er disturbed
By the death-breathing trumpet's woful tone.

Prince. If thou wert ever thus averse to war,
General, why didst thou fight?

Bel. To purchase peace, not to extend dominion.
Peace was the crown of conquest.

The heroine of the piece is the empress Theodosia, who in the third act inquires of her creature Barsames the result of his last efforts to detect a conspiracy :

Theodosia. Did you see Phædrus?

Barsames. Yes: but he did not know me.

He sat upon a heap of mouldering bones
With his shrunk hands, thus, folded on his breast;
And his sunk eyes were fixed on the ground
Half shut, and o'er his bosom streamed his beard,
Hoary and long. I twice accosted him
Ere he regarded me; then, looking up,
He eyed me with a vague and senseless gaze,
And heaving a most lamentable sigh,
Dropped his pale face upon his breast again.

Theo. I'll go myself, this moment, and give orders
For his removal to some cheerful place,
Where kind attendance, and my best physician,
May woo his scattered senses back again.....
When Reason rises cloudless in his brain,
Embracing courteous Hope, then I will go
And break the vain enchantment.....
This will be sweet revenge! Then let him try
If the bright wit that jeered a woman's foibles
Will light the dungeon where her fury dwells!

After the publication of *Belisarius*, Mrs. Faugeres was an occasional contributor to the *New York Monthly Magazine*, and some other periodicals. She appears to have been a favorite among her literary acquaintances, and is frequently referred to in their published poems in terms of sympathy and admiration.

THE HUDSON.

FROM A POEM PUBLISHED IN 1793.

NILE's beauteous waves and Tiber's swelling tide
Have been recorded by the hand of Fame,
And various floods, which through earth's channels
glide,

From some enraptured bard have gained a name:
E'en Thames and Wye have been the poet's theme,
And to their charms has many a harp been strung,
Whilst, oh! hoar Genius of old Hudson's stream,
Thy mighty river never has been sung!
Say, shall a female string her trembling lyre,
And to thy praise devote the adventurous song?
Fired with the theme, her genius shall aspire,
And the notes sweeten as they float along.....

Through many a blooming wild and woodland green
The Hudson's sleeping waters winding stray;
Now mongst the hills its silvery waves are seen,
Through arching willows now they steal away:
Now more majestic rolls the ample tide,
Tall waving elms its clovery borders shade,
And many a stately dome, in ancient pride
And hoary grandeur, there exalts its head.
There trace the marks of Culture's sunburnt hand,
The honeyed buckwheat's clustering blossoms
view—

Dripping rich odors, mark the beard-grain bland,
The loaded orchard, and the flax-field blue;
The grassy hill, the quivering poplar grove,
The copse of hazel, and the tufted bank,
The long green valley where the white flocks rove,
The jutting rock, o'erhung with ivy dank:
The tall pines waving on the mountain's brow,
Whose lofty spires catch day's last lingering beam;
The bending willow weeping o'er the stream,
The brook's soft gurglings, and the garden's glow.

Low sunk between the Alleganian hills,
For many a league the sullen waters glide,
And the deep murmur of the crowded tide
With pleasing awe the wondering voyager fills.
On the green summit of yon lofty cliff
A peaceful runnel gurgles clear and slow,
Then down the craggy steep-side dashing swift,
Tumultuous falls in the white surge below.
Here spreads a clovery lawn its verdure far,
Beyond it mountains vast their forests rear,
And long ere Day hath left her burnished car,
The dews of night have shed their odors there.
There hangs a lowering rock across the deep;
Hoarse roar the waves its broken base around;
Through its dark caverns noisy whirlwinds sweep,
While Horror startles at the fearful sound.
The shivering sails that cut the fluttering breeze,
Glide through these winding rocks with airy
sweep,
Beneath the cooling glooms of waving trees,
And sloping pastures specked with fleecy sheep.

3

VERSES

ADDRESSED TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CINCINNATI
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK ON THE 4TH OF JULY

COME, round Freedom's sacred shrine,
Flowery garlands let us twine;
And while we our tribute bring,
Grateful pœans let us sing:
Sons of Freedom, join the lay—
'T is Columbia's natal day!

Banish all the plagues of life,
Fretful Care and restless Strife,
Let the memory of your woes
Sink this day in sweet repose;
Even let Grief itself be gay
On Columbia's natal day.

Late a despot's cruel hand
Sent oppression through your land;
Piteous plaints and tearful moan
Found not access to his throne;
Or if heard, the poor, forlorn,
Met but with reproach and scorn.

Paine, with eager virtue, then
Snatched from Truth her diamond pen—
Bade the slaves of tyranny
Spurn their bonds, and dare be free.
Glad they burst their chains away:
'T was Columbia's natal day!

Vengeance, who had slept too long,
Waked to vindicate our wrong;
Led her veterans to the field,
Sworn to perish ere to yield:
Weeping Memory yet can tell
How they fought and how they fell!

Lured by virtuous Washington—
Liberty's most favored son—
Victory gave your sword a sheath,
Binding on your brows a wreath
Which can never know decay
While you hail this blissful day.

Ever be its name revered;
Let the shouts of joy be heard
From where Hampshire's bleak winds blow,
Down to Georgia's fervid glow;
Let them all in this agree:
"Hail the day which made us free!"

Bend your eyes toward that shore
Where Bellona's thunders roar:
There your Gallic brethren see
Struggling, bleeding to be free!
Oh! unite your prayers that they
May soon announce *their* natal day.

O thou Power! to whom we owe
All the blessings that we know,
Strengthen thou our rising youth,
Teach them wisdom, virtue, truth—
That when we are sunk in clay,
They may keep this glorious day!

ELIZA TOWNSEND.

(Born 1789—Died 1854).

ELIZA TOWNSEND, descended from a stock that for two centuries has occupied a distinguished and honorable position in American society, was the first native poet of her sex whose writings commanded the applause of judicious critics;—the first whose poems evinced any real inspiration, or rose from the merely mechanical into the domain of art. The late Mr. Nicholas Biddle, whose judgment in literature was frequently illustrated by the most admirable criticisms, once mentioned to me that a prize ode which Miss Townsend wrote for the *Port Folio* while he himself was editor of that miscellany, soon after the death of Dennie, was in his opinion the finest poem of its kind which at that time had been written in this country, and many of her other pieces received the best approval of the period, but, as she kept her authorship a secret, without securing for her any personal reputation.

She was born in Boston, and her youth was passed in the troubled times which succeeded the Revolution, when our own country was distracted by the strifes of parties, and Europe was convulsed with the tumultuous overthrows of governments whose subjects had caught from us the spirit of liberty. She sympathized with the feelings which were popular in New England, in regard both to our own and to foreign affairs, as is shown by her *Occasional Ode*, written in June, 1809, in which Napoleon is denounced with a vehemence and power which remind us of the celebrated ode of Southey, written nearly five years afterward, during the negotiations of 1814. This poem was first printed in the seventh volume of the *Monthly Anthology*, and though it bears the marks of hasty composition, in some minute defects, it is altogether a fine performance. The splendid genius of Napoleon was not yet revealed in all its magnificence even to those who were the immediate instruments of his will, but to all mankind his name was a word of division, and in this country those whose opinions were fruits of anything else than passion were commonly led by a conservative spirit

to distrust the man and to credit the worst views of his actions. This was most true in Boston, where, at the beginning of Mr. Madison's administration, Miss Townsend's ode was probably deemed not less just than poetical.

Among the pieces which she published about this time was *Another Castle in the Air*, suggested by Professor Frisbie's agreeable poem referred to in its title; *Stanzas commemorative of Charles Brockden Brown*; *Lines on the Burning of the Richmond Theatre*; and a poem to Southey, upon the appearance of his *Curse of Kehama*. At a later period she published several poems of a more religious cast, by one of which, *The Incomprehensibility of God*, she is best known. Of this, the Rev. Dr. Cheever remarks, that "it is equal in grandeur to the *Thanatopsis* of Bryant," and that "it will not suffer by comparison with the most sublime pieces of Wordsworth or of Coleridge."

Miss Townsend has not written, at least for the public, in many years, and there has been no collection of the poems with which, in the earlier part of this century, she enriched *The Monthly Anthology*, *The Port Folio*, *The Unitarian Miscellany*, and other periodicals which were then supported by the contributions of the youthful Adams, Allston, Buckminster, Webster, Ticknor, Greenwood, Edward Channing, Alexander Everett, and others of whose early hopes the fulfilment is written in our intellectual history. Such a collection would undoubtedly be well received.

There is a religious and poetical dignity, with all the evidences of a fine and richly-cultivated understanding, in most of the poems of Miss Townsend, which entitle her to be ranked among the distinguished literary women who were her contemporaries, and in advance of all who in her own country preceded her.

She is still living, in a secluded manner, with her sister, also maiden, in the old family mansion in Boston. They are the last of their race.

AN OCCASIONAL ODE.

WRITTEN IN JUNE, 1809

First of all created things,

God's eldest born, oh tell me, Time!

E'er since within that car of thine,
Drawn by those steeds, whose speed divine,
Through every state and every clime,

Nor pause nor rest has known,
Mongst all the scenes long since gone by
Since first thou opedst thy closeless eye,
Did its scared glances ever rest
Upon a vision so unblest,
So fearful, as our own?

If thus thou start'st in wild affright
At what thyself hast brought to light,
Oh yet relent! nor still unclose
New volumes vast of human woes.

Thy bright and bounteous brother, yonder Sun,
Whose course coeval still with thine doth run,

Sickenings at the sights unholly,
Frightful crime, and frantic folly,
By thee, presumptuous! with delight
Forced upon his awful sight,
Abandons half his regal right,
And yields the hated world to night.

And even when through the honored day
He still benignly deigns to sway,
High o'er the horizon prints his burnished tread,

Oft calls his clouds,
With sable shrouds,
To hide his glorious head!

And Luna, of yet purer view,
His sister and his regent too,
Beneath whose mild and sacred reign
Thou dar'st display thy deeds profane,
Pale and appalled, has frowned her fears,
Or veiled her brightness in her tears;
While all her starry court, attendant near,
Only glance, and disappear.

But thou, relentless! not in thee
These horrors wake humanity:
Though sun, and moon, and stars combined,
Ne'er did it change thy fatal mind,
Nor e'er thy wayward steps retrace,
Nor e'er restrain thy coursers' race,
Nor e'er efface the blood thou'dst shed,
Nor raise to life the murdered dead.

Is't not enough, thou spoiler, tell!
That, subject to thy stern behest,

The might of ancient empire fell,
And sunk to drear and endless rest?
Fallen is the Roman eagle's flight,
The Grecian glory sunk in night,

And prostrate arts and arms no more withstand:
Those own thy Vandal flame and these thy conq'ring
Then be Destruction's sable banner furled, [hand.
Nor wave its shadows o'er the modern world!

In vain the prayer. Still opens wide,
Renewed, each former tragic scene
Of Time's dark drama; while beside
Grief and Despair their vigils keep,
And Memory only lives to weep
The mouldering dust of what has been.

How nameless now the once-famed earth,
That gave to Kosciuszko birth—
The pillared realm that proudly stood,
Propped by his worth, cemented by his blood!

As towers the lion of the wood
O'er all surrounding living things,
So, mid the herd of vulgar kings,
The dauntless Dalecarlian stood.
"Pillowed by flint, by damps enclosed,"
Upon the mine's cold lap reposed,
Yet firm he followed Freedom's plar.;

"Dared with eternal night reside,
And threw inclemency aside,"
Conqu'ror of nature as of man!
And earned by toils unknown before,
Of Blood and Death, the crown he wore.
That radiant crown, whose flood of light
Illumined once a nation's sight—
Spirit of Vasa! this its doom?
Gleams in a dungeon's living tomb!

Where'er the frightened mind can fly,
But nearer ruins meet her eye.

Ah! not Arcadia's pictured scene
Could more the poet's dream engage,

Nor manners more befitting seem
The vision of a golden age,
Than where the chamois loved to roam
Through old Helvetia's rugged home,
Where Uri's echoes loved to swell
To kindred rocks the name of Tell,
And pastoral girls and rustic swains
Were simple as their native plains.
Nor mild alone, but bold the mind,
The soldier and the shepherd joined—
The Roman heraldry restored,
The crook was quartered with the sword.
Their seedtime cheerful labor stored,
Plenty piled their vintage board,
Peace loved their daily fold to keep,
Contentment tranquilized their sleep—
Till through those giant Guards of Stone,*
Where Freedom fixed her "mountain-throne,"
Battle's bloodhounds forced their way
And made the human flock their prey!

Is it Fact, or Fancy tells,

That now another mandate's gone?
Hark! even now those fated wheels

Roll the rapid ruin on!
Lo, where the generous and the good,

The heart to feel, the hand to dare:
Iberia pours her noblest blood,

Iberia lifts her holiest prayer!
The while from all her rocks and vales
Her peasant bands by thousands rise.

Their altar is their native plains,
Themselves the willing sacrifice.
While here, the "strangest birth of time,"
Red with gore, and grim with crime,
Whose fate more prodigies attend,
And in whose course more terrors blend,
And o'er whose birth more portents lower,
Than ever crowned,
In lore renowned,

* The Alps.

The Macedonian's natal hour!
 Now here, now there, he takes his stand,
 The established earth his footsteps jar;
 Goads to the fight his vassal band,
 While ebbs or flows, at his command,
 The torrent of the war!

Could the bard, whose powers sublime
 Scaled the heights of epic glory,
 And rendered in immortal rhyme
 Of Rome's disgrace the blushing story—
 Where, formed of treason and of woes,
 Pharsalia's gory genius rose—
 Might he again
 Renew the strain
 That once his truant muse had charmed,
 Each foreign tone
 Unwaked had lain;
 And patriot Spain
 And Spain alone

The Spaniard's patriot heart had warmed!

Then had the chords proclaimed no more
 His deeds, his death, renowned of yore;
 Who,* when each lingering hope was slain,
 And Freedom fought with Fate in vain,
 Lone in the city, and reft of all,
 While Usurpation stormed the wall,
 The tyrant's entrance scorned to see—
 But died, with dying Liberty.

Those chords had raised the local strain;
 That bard a filial flight had ta'en;
 Forgot all else: The ancient past,
 Thick in Oblivion's mists o'ercaст,
 Or past and present both combined
 Within the graspings of his mind;
 In what now is, viewed what hath been;
 The dead within the living seen:
 Owned transmigration's strange control,
 In Spaniards owned the Cato soul;
 And wailed in tones of martial grief
 The valiant band and hero chief,
 Who shared in Saragossa's doom,
 And made their Utica their tomb!
 Bright be the amaranth of their fame!
 May Palafox a Lucan claim!

That bard no more had filled his rhymes
 With Cæsar's greatness, Cæsar's crimes:
 Another Cæsar waked the string,
 Alike usurper, traitor, king.
 Another Cæsar! rashly said!
 Forgive the falsehood, mighty shade!
 Mongst Julius' treasons, still we know
 The faithful friend, the generous foe;
 And even enmity† could see
 Some virtues of humanity.

But thou! by what accurs'd name
 Shall we denote thy features here?
 In records of infernal fame
 Where shall we find thy black compeer?
 Thou, whose perfidious might of mind
 Nor pity moves nor faith can bind,

Whose friends, whose followers vainly crave
 That trust which should reward the brave;
 Whose foes, mid tenfold war's alarms,
 Dread more thy treachery than thine arms:
 The Ishmaelite, mid deserts bred,
 Who robs at last whom first he fed,
 The midnight murderer of the guest
 With whom he shared the morning's feast--
 This Arab wretch, compared with thee,
 Is honor and humanity!

And shall that proud, that ancient land,
 In treasure rich, in pageant grand,
 Land of romance, where sprang of old
 Adventures strange, and champions bold,
 Of holy faith, and gallant fight,
 And bannered hall, and armored knight,
 And tournament, and minstrelsy,
 The native land of chivalry!—
 Shall all these "blushing honors" bloom
 For Corsica's detested son?
 These ancient worthies own his sway—
 The upstart fiend of yesterday?
 Oh, for the kingly sword and shield
 That once the victor monarch sped,
 What time from Pavia's trophied field
 The royal Frank was captive led!
 May Charles's laurels, gained for you,
 Ne'er, Spaniards, on your brows expire
 Nor the degenerate sons subdue
 The conquerors of their nobler sire!

None higher mid the zodiac line
 Of sovereigns and of saints you claim,
 Than fair Castilia's star could shine,
 And brighten down the sky of fame.
 Wise, magnanimous, refined,
 Accomplished friend of human kind,
 Who first the Genoese sail unfurled—
 The mighty mother of an infant world,
 Illustrious Isabel!—shall thine,
 Thy children, kneel at Gallia's shrine!
 No! rise, thou venerated shade,
 In Heaven's own armor bright arrayed,
 Like Pallas to her Grecian band;
 Nerve every heart and every hand;
 Pervious or not to mortal sight,
 Still guard thy gallant offspring's right,
 Display thine ægis from afar,
 And lend a thunderbolt to war!

God of battles! from thy throne,
 God of vengeance, aid their cause:
 Make it, conqu'ring One, thine own!
 'Tis faith, and liberty, and laws.
 'Tis for these they pour their blood—
 The cause of man, the cause of God!
 Not now avenge, All-righteous Power,
 Peruvia's red and ruined hour:
 Nor mangled Montezuma's head,
 Nor Guatamozin's burning bed,
 Nor give the guiltless up to fate
 For Cortés' crimes, Pizarro's hate!
 Thou, who beholdst, enthroned afar,
 Beyond the vision of the keenest star,
 Far through creation's ample round,
 The universe's utmost bound;

* The younger Cato.

† His enemies confess

The virtues of humanity are Cæsar's.—AD. CATO.

Where war in other shape appears,
 The destined plague of other spheres,
 Other Napoleons arise
 To stain the earth and cloud the skies ;
 And other realms in martial ranks succeed,
 Fight like Iberians, like Iberians bleed.
 If an end is e'er designed
 The dire destroyers of mankind,
 Oh, be some seraphim assigned
 To breathe it to the patriot mind.
 What Brutus bright in arms arrayed,
 What Corde bares the righteous blade !
 Or, if the vengeance, not our own,
 Be sacred to *thine* arm alone,
 When shall be signed the blest release
 And wearied worlds refreshed with peace
 Oh, could the muse but dare to rise
 Far o'er these low and clouded skies,
 Above the threefold heavens to soar,
 And in thy very sight implore !—
 In vain.....while angels veil them there,
 While Faith half fears to lift her prayer,
 The glance profane shall Fancy dare !
 Yet there around, a fearful band,
 Thy ministers of vengeance stand :
 Lo, at thy bidding stalks the storm ;
 The lightning takes a local form ;
 The floods erect their hydra head ;
 The pestilence forsakes his bed ;
 Intolerable light appears to wait,
 And far-off darkness stands in awful state !

For thee, O Time !
 If still thou speedst thy march of crime
 'Gainst all that's beauteous or sublime,
 Still provest thyself the sworn ally
 And author of mortality—
 Infuriate Earth, too long supine,
 Whilst demon-like thou lovedst to ride,
 Ending every work beside,
 Shall live to see the end of thine—
 Her great revenge shall see !
 By prayer shall move th' Almighty power
 To antedate that final hour
 When the Archangel firm shall stand
 Upon the ocean and the land—
 His crown a radiant rainbow sphere,
 His echoes seven-fold thunders near—
 The last dread fiat to proclaim :
 Shall swear by His tremendous name,
 Who formed the earth, the heavens and sea,
 TIME shall no longer be !

TO ROBERT SOUTHEY.
 WRITTEN IN 1812.

O THOU, whom we have known so long, so well,
 Thou who didst hymn the Maid of Arc, and framed
 Of Thalaba the wild and wondrous song ;
 And in thy later tale of Times of Old,
 Remindest us of our own patriarch fathers,
 The Madoes of their age, who planted here
 The cross of Christ—and liberty—and peace !
 Minstrel of other climes, of higher hopes,
 And holier inspirations, who hast ne'er

From her high birth debased the goddess Muse,
 To grovel in the dirt of earthly things ;
 But learned to mingle with her human tones
 Some breathings of the harmonies of heaven !
 Joyful to meet thee yet again, we hail
 Thy last, thy loftiest lay ; nor chief we thank thee
 For every form of beauty, every light
 Bestowed by brilliancy, and every grace
 That fancy could invent and taste dispose.
 Or that creating, consummating power,
 Pervading fervor, and mysterious finish,
 That something occult, indefinable.
 By mortals genius named ; the parent sun
 Whence all those rays proceed ; the constant fount
 To feed those streams of mind ; th' informing soul
 Whose influence all are conscious of, but none
 Could e'er describe ; whose fine and subtle nature
 Seems like th' aerial forms, which legends say
 Greeted the gifted eye of saint or seer,
 Yet ever mocked the fond inquirer's aim
 To scan their essence !

Such alone, we greet not.
 Since genius oft (so oft, the tale is trite)
 Employs its golden art to varnish vice,
 And bleach depravity, till it shall wear
 The whiteness of the robes of Innocence ;
 And Fancy's self forsakes her truest trade,
 The lapidary for the scavenger ;
 And Taste, regardful of but half her province,
 Self-sentenced to a partial blindness, turns
 Her notice from the semblance of perfection,
 To fix its hoodwinked gaze on faults alone—
 And like the owl, sees only in the night,
 Not like the eagle, soars to meet the day.

Oblivion to all such !—For thee, we joy
 Thou hast not misapplied the gifts of God,
 Nor yielded up thy powers, illustrious captives,
 To grace the triumph of licentious Wit.

Once more a female is thy chosen theme ;
 And Kailyal lives a lesson to the sex,
 How more than woman's loveliness may blend
 With all of woman's worth ; with chastened love,
 Magnanimous exertion, patient piety,
 And pure intelligence. Lo ! from thy wand
 Even faith, and hope, and charity, receive
 Something more filial and more feminine.

Proud praise enough were this ; yet is there more :
 That neath thy splendid Indian canopy,
 By fairy fingers woven, of gorgeous threads,
 And gold and precious stones, thou hast enwrapped
 Stupendous themes that Truth divine revealed,
 And answering Reason owned : naught more sub-
 Beauteous, or useful, e'er was charactered [lime,
 On Hermes' mystic pillars—Egypt's boast,
 And more, Pythagoras' lesson, when the maze
 Of hieroglyphic meaning awed the world !

Could Music's potent charm, as some believed
 Have warmth to animate the slumbering dead,
 And "lap them in Elysium," second only
 To that which shall await in other worlds,
 How would the native sons of ancient India
 Unclose on thee that wondering, dubious eye,
 Where admiration wars with incredulity !
 Sons of the morning ! first-born of creation !
 What would they think of thee—thee, one of us

Sprung from a later race, on whom the ends
Of this our world have come, that thou shouldst pen
What Varanasi's* venerable towers
In all their pride and plenitude of power,
Ere Conquest spread her bloody banner o'er them,
Or Ruin trod upon their hallowed walls,
Could ne'er excel, though stored with ethnic wisdom,
And epic minstrelsy, and sacred lore!
For there, Philosophy's Gantami† first
Taught man to measure mind; there Valmick hymn'd
The conqu'ring arms of heaven-descended Rama;
And Calidasa and Vyasa there,
At different periods, but with powers the same,
The Sanscrit song prolonged—of Nature's works,
Of human woes, and sacred Krishna's ways.
That it should e'er be thine, of Europe born,
To sing of Asia! that Hindostan's palms
Should bloom on Albion's hills, and Brama's Vedas‡
Meet unconverted eyes, yet unprofaned!
And those same brows the classic Thames had bath'd
Be laved by holy Ganges! while the lotus,
Fig-tree, and cusa, of its healing banks,
Should, with their derva's vegetable rubies,
Be painted to the life!...Not truer touches,
On plane-tree arch above, or roseate carpet,
Spread out beneath, were ever yet employed
When their own vale of Cashmere was the subject,
Sketched by its own Abdallah!

He,|| too, of thine own land, who long since found
A refuge in his final sanctuary,
From regal bigotry—could thy voice reach him,
His awful shade might greet thee as a brother
In sentiment and song; that epic genius,
From whom the sight of outward things was taken
By Heaven in mercy—that the orb of vision
Might totally turn inward—there concentrated
On objects else perhaps invisible,
Requiring and exhausting all its rays;
Who (like Tiresias, of prophetic fame)
Talked with Futurity!—that patriot poet,
Poet of paradise, whose daring eye
Explored “the living throne, the sapphire blaze,”
“But blasted with excess of light,” retired,
And left to thee to compass other heavens
And other scenes of being!—

Bard beloved
Of all who virtue love—revered by all
That genius reverence—SOUTHEY! if thou art
“Gentle as bard be seems,” and if thy life
Be lovely as thy lay, thou wilt not scorn
This rustic wreath; albeit 'twas entwined
Beyond the western waters, where I sit
And bid the winds that wait upon their surges,
Bear it across them to thine island-home.
Thou wilt not scorn the simple leaves, though culled
From that traduced, insulted spot of earth,
Of which thy contumelious brethren oft
Frame fables, full as monstrous in their kind
As e'er Munchausen knew—with all his falsehood,
Guiltless o' all his wit! Not such art thou—
Surely thou art not, if, as Rumor tells,
Thyself in the high hour of hopeful youth

* The college of Benares

† Supposed the earliest founder of a philosophic school.

‡ Sacred books of the Hindoos. || Milton.

Had cherished nightly visions of delight,
And day-dreams of desire, that lured thee on
To see these sister states, and painted to thee
Our frowning mountains and our laughing vales
The countless beauties of our varied lakes,
The dim recesses of our endless woods,
Fit haunt for sylvan deities; and whispered
How sweet it were in such deep solitude,
Where human foot ne'er trod, to raise thy hut,
To talk to Nature, but to think of man.
Then thou, perchance, like Scotia's darling son,
Hadst sung our Pennsylvanian villages,
Our bold Oneidas, and our tender Gertrudes,
And sung, like him, thy listeners into tears.
Such were thy early musings: other thoughts,
And happier, doubtless, have concurred to fix thee
On Britain's venerated shore; yet still
Must that young thought be tenderly remembered,
Even as romantic minds are sometimes said
To cherish their first love—not that 't was wisest,
But that 'twas earliest.....If that morning dream
Still lingers to thy noon of life, remember,
And for its own dear sake, when thou shalt hear
(As oft, alas! thou wilt) those gossip tales,
By lazy Ignorance or inventive Spleen,
Related of the vast, the varied country,
We proudly call our own—oh! then refute them
By the just consciousness that still this land
Has turned no adder's ear toward thy Muse
That charms so wisely; that when'er her tones,
Mellowed by distance, o'er the waters come,
They meet a band of listeners—those who hear
With breath-suspending eagerness, and feel
With feverish interest. Be this their praise,
And sure they'll need no other! Such there are,
Who, from the centre of an honest heart,
Bless thee for ministering to the purest pleasure
That man, whilst breathing earthly atmosphere,
In this minority of being, knows—
That of contemplating immortal verse,
In fit communion with immortal Truth!

THE INCOMPREHENSIBILITY OF GOD.

WHERE art thou?—THOU! source and support
That is or seen or felt; thyself unseen, [of all
Unfelt, unknown—alas, unknowable!
I look abroad among thy works—the sky,
Vast, distant, glorious with its world of suns—
Life-giving earth, and ever-moving main,
And speaking winds—and ask if these are thee!
The stars that twinkle on, the eternal hills,
The restless tide's outgoing and return,
The omnipresent and deep-breathing air—
Though hailed as gods of old, and only less,
Are not the Power I seek; are thine, not thee!
I ask thee from the past: if, in the years,
Since first intelligence could search its source,
Or in some former unremembered being,
(If such, perchance, were mine), did they behold
And next interrogate Futurity, [thee!
So fondly tenanted with better things
Than e'er experience owned—but both are mute.
And Past and Future, vocal on all else,

So full of memories and phantasies,
 Are deaf and speechless here! Fatigued, I turn
 From all vain parley with the elements, [ward
 And close mine eyes, and bid the thought turn in-
 From each material thing its anxious guest,
 If, in the stillness of the waiting soul,
 He may vouchsafe himself—Spirit to spirit!
 O Thou, at once most dreaded and desired,
 Pavilioned still in darkness, wilt thou hide thee?
 What though the rash request be fraught with fate,
 Nor human eye may look on thine and live?
 Welcome the penalty! let that come now,
 Which soon or late must come. For light like this
 Who would not dare to die?

Peace, my proud aim,
 And hush the wish that knows not what it asks.
 Await His will, who hath appointed this,
 With every other trial. Be that will
 Done now, as ever. For thy curious search,
 And unprepared solicitude to gaze
 On Him—the Unrevealed!—learn hence, instead,
 To temper highest hope with humbleness.
 Pass thy novitiate in these outer courts,
 Till rent the veil, no longer separating
 The Holiest of all—as erst, disclosing
 A brighter dispensation; whose results
 Ineffable, interminable, tend
 Even to the perfecting thyself—thy kind—
 Till meet for that sublime beatitude,
 By the firm promise of a voice from heaven
 Pledged to the pure in heart!

◆
 ANOTHER "CASTLE IN THE AIR."

"TO ME, like Phidias, were it given
 To form from clay the man sublime,
 And, like Prometheus, steal from heaven
 The animating spark divine!"

Thus once in rhapsody you cried:
 As for complexion, form, and air,
 No matter what, if thought preside,
 And fire and feeling mantle there.

Deep on the tablets of his mind
 Be learning, science, taste, imprint;
 Let piety a refuge find
 Within the foldings of his breast.

Let him have suffered much—since we,
 Alas! are early doomed to know,
 All human virtue we can see
 Is only perfected through wo.

Purer the ensuing breeze we find
 When whirlwinds first the skies deform,
 And harder grows the mountain hind
 Bleaching beneath the wintry storm.

But, above all, may Heaven impart
 That talent which completes the whole—
 The finest and the rarest art—
 To analyze a woman's soul.

Woman—that happy, wretched being,
 * Of causeless smile, of nameless sigh,
 So oft whose joys unbidden spring,
 So oft who weeps, she knows not why!

Her piteous griefs, her joys so gay,
 All that afflicts and all that cheers;
 All her erratic fancy's play,
 Her fluttering hopes, her trembling fears.

With passions chastened, not subdued,
 Let dull inaction stupid reign;
 Be his the ardor of the good,
 Their loftier thought and nobler aim.

Firm as the towering bird of Jove,
 The mightiest shocks of life to bear;
 Yet gentle as the captive dove,
 In social suffering to share.

If such there be, to such alone
 Would I thy worth, beloved, resign;
 Secure, each bliss that time hath known
 Would consummate a lot like thine.

But if this gilded human scheme
 Be but the pageant of the brain,
 Of such slight "stuff" as forms our "dream,
 Which, waking, we must seek in vain.

Each gift of nature and of art
 Still lives within thyself enshrined;
 Thine are the blossoms of the heart,
 And thine the scions of the mind!

And if the matchless wreath shall blend
 With foliage other than its own,
 Or, destined not its sweets to lend,
 Shall flourish for thyself alone—

Still cultivate the plants with care;
 From weeds, from thorns, oh keep them free
 Till, ripened for a purer air,
 They bloom in immortality!

◆
 AMERICAN SCENERY.

FROM A POEM ON THE DEATH OF CHARLES
 BROCKDEN BROWN.

THOUGH Nature, with unsparing hand,
 Has scattered round thy favored land
 Those gifts that prompt the aspiring aim,
 And fan the latent spark to flame:
 Such awful shade of blackening woods,
 Such roaring voice of giant floods,
 Cliffs, which the dizzied eagles flee,
 Such cataracts, tumbling to the sea,
 That in this lone and wild retreat
 A Collins might have fixed his seat,
 Called Horror from the mountain's brow,
 Or Danger from the depths below—
 And then, for those of milder mood,
 Heedless of forest, rock, or flood,
 Gay fields, bedecked with golden grain,
 Rich orchards, bending to the plain,
 Where Sydney's fairy pen had failed,
 Which Mantuan Maro's muse had hailed
 Yet, midst this luxury of scene,
 These varied charms, this graceful mien
 Canst thou no hearts, no voices, raise,
 Those charms to feel, those charms to praise!

LAVINIA STODDARD.

(Born 1787—Died 1820).

LAVINIA STONE, a daughter of Mr. Elijah Stone, was born in Guilford, Connecticut, on the twenty-ninth of June, 1787. While she was an infant her father removed to Paterson, in New Jersey, and here she received, besides the careful instructions of an intelligent and judicious mother, such education in the schools as was at the time common to the children of farmers. In 1811 she was married to Dr. William Stoddard, a man of taste and liberal culture, of Stratford, in Connecticut, and in the then flourishing village of Troy, on the Hudson, they established an academy, which they conducted successfully for several years. Mrs. Stoddard was attacked with consumption, and about the year 1818 she removed with her family to Blakeley, in Alabama, where Dr. Stoddard soon after died, leaving her among strangers

and in poverty. Partially recovering her own health, she revisited Troy; but the severity of the climate induced her to return to Blakeley, where she died in 1820.

Mrs. Stoddard wrote many poems, which were printed anonymously in the public journals, or addressed privately to her acquaintances. She was a woman of piety, benevolence, and an independent temper; and the fine poem entitled *The Soul's Defiance*, her brother has informed me, "was interesting to her immediate friends for the truthfulness with which it portrayed her own experience and her indomitable spirit, which never quailed under any circumstances." This was written in a period of suffering and with a sense of injury. It is the last of her compositions, and perhaps the best. It is worthy of George Herbert.

THE SOUL'S DEFIANCE.

I SAID to Sorrow's awful storm,
That beat against my b. east,
Rage on—thou mayst destroy this form,
And lay it low at rest;
But still the spirit that now brooks
Thy tempest, raging high,
Udaunted on its fury looks,
With steadfast eye.

I said to Penury's meagre train,
Come on—your threats I brave;
My last poor life-drop you may drain,
And crush me to the grave;
Yet still the spirit that endures
Shall mock your force the while,
And meet each cold, cold grasp of yours
With bitter smile.

I said to cold Neglect and Scorn,
Pass on—I heed you not;
Ye may pursue me till my form
And being are forgot;
Yet still the spirit, which you see
Udaunted by your wiles,
Draws from its own nobility
Its highborn smiles.

I said to Friendship's menaced blow,
Strike deep—my heart shall bear;
Thou canst but add one bitter wo
To those already there;

Yet still the spirit that sustains
This last severe distress,
Shall smile upon its keenest pains,
And scorn redress.
I said to Death's uplifted dart,
Aim sure—oh, why delay?
Thou wilt not find a fearful heart—
A weak, reluctant prey;
For still the spirit, firm and free,
Unruffled by this last dismay,
Wrapt in its own eternity,
Shall pass away.

SONG.

Ask not from me the sportive jest,
The mirthful jibe, the gay reflection,
These social baubles fly the breast
That owns the sway of pale Dejection.
Ask not from me the changing smile,
Hope's sunny glow, Joy's glittering token,
It can not now my griefs beguile—
My soul is dark, my heart is broken!
Wit can not cheat my heart of wo,
Flattery wakes no exultation,
And Fancy's flash but serves to show
The darkness of my desolation.
By me no more in masking guise
Shall thoughtless repartee be spoken;
My mind a hopeless ruin lies—
My soul is dark, my heart is broken!

HANNAH F. GOULD.

(Born 1788—Died 1865).

Miss GOULD is a native of Lancaster, in the southern part of Vermont. Her father was one of the small company who fought in the first battle of the Revolution, and in the face of all the privations and discouragements of that long and often hopeless war remained in the army until it was disbanded. In *The Scar of Lexington*, *The Revolutionary Soldier's Request*, *The Veteran and the Child*, and several other pieces, we suppose she has referred to him; and it is probably but a versification of a family incident in which an old man, relating the story of his weary campaigns, says to a child—

"I carried my musket, as one that must be
But loosed from the hold of the dead, or the free.
And fearless I lifted my good, trusty sword,
In the hand of a mortal, the strength of the Lord."

Miss Gould's history is in a peculiar degree and in a most honorable manner identified with her father's. In her youth he removed to Newburyport, near Boston, and for many years before his death, (for the touching poem entitled *My Lost Father*, in the last volume of her writings, we presume had reference to that event,) she was his house-keeper, his constant companion, and the chief source of his happiness.

Miss Gould's poems are short, but they are frequently nearly perfect in their kind. Nearly all of them appeared originally in annuals, magazines, and other miscellanies, and their popularity has been shown by the

subsequent sale of several collective editions. The first volume she published came out in 1832, the second in 1835, and the third in 1841; and a new edition, embracing many new poems, is now (1848) in preparation.

Her most distinguishing characteristic is sprightliness. Her poetical vein seldom rises above the fanciful, but in her vivacity there is both wit and cheerfulness. She needs apparently but the provocation of a wider social inspiration to become very clever and apt in *jeux d'esprit* and epigrams, as a few specimens which have found their way into the journals amply indicate. It is however in such pieces as *Jack Frost*, *The Pebble and the Acorn*, and other effusions devoted to graceful details of nature, or suggestive incidents in life, that we recognise the graceful play of her muse. Often by a dainty touch, or lively prelude, the gentle raillery of her sex most charmingly reveals itself, and in this respect Miss Gould manifests a decided individuality of genius.

Miss Gould seems as fond as *Æsop* or *La Fontaine* of investing every thing in nature with a human intelligence. It is surprising to see how frequently and how happily the birds, the insects, the trees and flowers and pebbles are made her colloquists. Her poems could be illustrated only by some such ingenious artists as those who have recently amused Paris with *Scenes de la Vie Publique et Privée des Animaux*.

A NAME IN THE SAND.

ALONE I walked the ocean strand;
A pearly shell was in my hand:
I stooped and wrote upon the sand
My name—the year—the day.
As onward from the spot I passed,
One lingering look behind I cast:
A wave came rolling high and fast,
And washed my lines away.

And so, methought, 'twill shortly be
With every mark on earth from me:
A wave of dark Oblivion's sea

Will sweep across the place
Where I have trod the sandy shore
Of Time, and been to be no more,
Of me—my day—the name I bore,
To leave nor track nor trace.

And yet, with Him who counts the sands,
And holds the waters in his hands,
I know a lasting record stands,
Inscribed against my name,
Of all this mortal part has wrought,
Of all this thinking soul has thought.
And from these fleeting moments caught
For glory or for shame.

CHANGES ON THE DEEP.

A GALLANT ship! and trim and tight

Across the deep she speeds away,
While mant'ed with the golden light
The sun throws back at close of day
And who, that sees that stately ship
Her haughty stem in ocean dip,
Has ever seen a prouder one
Illumined by a setting sun?

The breath of summer, sweet and soft,
Her canvass swells, white, wide and fair,
And floating from her mast aloft,

Her flag plays off on gentle air.
And, as her steady prow divides
The waters to her even sides,
She passes, like a bird, between
The peaceful deep and sky serene.

And now gray twilight's tender veil
The moon with shafts of silver sends;
And down on billow, deck, and sail,

Her placid lustre gently sends.
The stars, as if the arch of blue
Were pierced to let the glory through,
From their bright world look out and win
The thoughts of man to enter in.

And many a heart that's warm and true
That noble ship bears on with pride;
While, mid the many forms, are two
Of passing beauty, side by side.

A fair young mother, standing by
Her bosom's lord, has fixed her eye,
With his, upon the blessed star
That points them to their home afar.

Their thoughts fly forth to those, who there
Are waiting now, with joy to hail

The moment that shall grant their prayer,
And heave in sight their coming sail.
For, many a time the changeful queen
Of night has vanished, and been seen,
Since, o'er a foreign shore to roam,
They passed from that dear, native home.

The babe, that on its father's breast
Has let its little eyelids close,
The mother bears below to rest,

And sinks with it in sweet repose.
The while a sailor climbs the shroud,
And in the distance spies a cloud:
Low, like a swelling seed, it lies,
From which the towering storm shall rise.

The powers of air are now about
To muster from their hidden caves;
The winds, unchained, come rushing out,
And into mountains heap the waves.

Upon the sky the darkness spreads!
The Tempest on the Ocean treads;
And yawning caverns are its track
Amid the waters wild and black.

Its voice—but who shall give the sounds
Of that dread voice?—The ship is dashed
In roaring depths—and now she bounds
On high, by foaming surges lashed.

And how is she the storm to bide?
Its sweeping wings are strong and wide!
The hand of man has lost control
O'er her—his work is for the soul!

She's in a scene of Nature's war:

The winds and waters are at strife;
And both with her contending for
The brittle thread of human life
That she contains; while sail and shroud
Have yielded, and her head is bowed.
Then who that slender thread shall keep
But He whose finger moves the deep?

A moment—and the angry blast
Has done its work and hurried on.
With parted cables, shivered mast—
With riven sides, and anchor gone,
Behold the ship in ruin lie;
While from the waves a piercing cry
Surmounts the tumult high and wild,
And shouts to heaven, "My child! my child!"

The mother in the whelming surge
Lifts up her infant o'er the sea,
While lying on the awful verge
Where time unveils eternity—
And calls to Mercy, from the skies
To come and rescue, while she dies,
The gift that, with her fleeting breath,
She offers from the gates of death.

It is a call for Heaven to hear.

Maternal fondness sends above
A voice, that in her Father's ear
Shall enter quick, for God is love.
In such a moment, hands like these
Their Maker with their offering sees;
And for the faith of such a breast
He will the blow of death arrest!

The moon looks pale from out the cloud,
While Mercy's angel takes the form
Of him, who, mounted on the shroud,

Was first to see the coming storm.
The sailor has a ready arm
To bring relief, and cope with harm;
Though rough his hand, and nerved with steel,
His heart is warm and quick to feel.

And see him, as he braves the frown
That sky and sea each other give!
Behold him where he plunges down,
That child and mother yet may live,
And plucks them from a closing grave!
They're saved! they're saved! the maddened
wave

Leaps foaming up, to find its prey
Snatched from its mouth and borne away.

They're saved! they're saved! but where is he,
Who lulled his fearless babe to sleep!

A floating plank on that wild sea
Has now his vital spark to keep!
But, by the wan, affrighted moon,
Help comes to him; and he is soon
Upon the deck with living men
To clasp that smiling boy again.

And now can He, who only knows
 Each human breast, behold alone
 What pure and grateful incense goes
 From that sad wreck to his high throne.
 The twain, whose hearts are truly one,
 Will early teach their prattling son
 Upon his little heart to bear
 The sailor to his God, in prayer :

“O Thou, who in thy hand dost hold
 The winds and waves, that wake or sleep,
 Thy tender arms of mercy fold
 Around the seamen on the deep!
 And, when their voyage of life is o'er,
 May they be welcomed to the shore
 Whose peaceful streets with gold are paved,
 And angels sing, ‘They’re saved!—they’re
 saved!’”

THE SCAR OF LEXINGTON.

WITH cherub smile, the prattling boy,
 Who on the veteran’s breast reclines,
 Has thrown aside his favorite toy,
 And round his tender finger twines
 Those scattered locks, that, with the flight
 Of fourscore years, are snowy white;
 And, as a scar arrests his view,
 He cries, “Grandpa, what wounded you?”

“My child, ’tis five-and-fifty years
 This very day, this very hour,
 Since, from a scene of blood and tears,
 Where va’or fell by hostile power,
 I saw retire the setting sun
 Behind the hills of Lexington;
 While pale and lifeless on the plain
 My brothers lay, for freedom slain!”

“And ere that fight, the first that spoke
 In thunder to our land, was o’er,
 Amid the clouds of fire and smoke,
 I felt my garments wet with gore!
 ’Tis since that dread and wild affray,
 That trying, dark, eventful day,
 From this calm April eve so far,
 I wear upon my cheek the scar.

“When thou to manhood shalt be grown,
 And I am gone in dust to sleep,
 May freedom’s rights be still thine own,
 And thou and thine in quiet reap
 The unblighted product of the toil
 In which my blood bedewed the soil!
 And, while those fruits thou shalt enjoy,
 Bethink thee of this scar, my boy.

“But, should thy country’s voice be heard
 To bid her children fly to arms,
 Gird on thy grandsire’s trusty sword:
 And, undismayed by war’s alarms,
 Remember, on the battle field,
 I made the hand of God my shield:
 And be thou spared, like me, to tell
 What bore thee up, while others fell!”

THE SNOWFLAKE.

“Now, if I fall, will it be my lot
 To be cast in some lone and lowly spot,
 To melt, and to sink unseen, or forgot?
 And there will my course be ended?”
 ’Twas this a feathery Snowflake said,
 As down through measureless space it strayed,
 Or as, half by dalliance, half afraid,
 It seemed in mid air suspended.

“Oh, no!” said the Earth, “thou shalt not lie
 Neglected and lone on my lap to die,
 Thou pure and delicate child of the sky!
 For thou wilt be safe in my keeping.
 But, then, I must give thee a lovelier form—
 Thou wilt not be a part of the wintry storm,
 But revive, when the sunbeams are yellow and
 warm,
 And the flowers from my bosom are peeping!”

“And then thou shalt have thy choice, to be
 Restored in the lily that decks the lea,
 In the jessamine bloom, the anemone,
 Or aught of thy spotless whiteness;
 To melt, and be cast in a glittering bead
 With the pearls that the night scatters over the
 mead,
 In the cup where the bee and the firefly feed,
 Regaining thy dazzling brightness.

“I’ll let thee awake from thy transient sleep,
 When Viola’s mild blue eye shall weep,
 In a tremulous tear; or, a diamond, leap
 In a drop from the unlocked fountain;
 Or, leaving the valley, the meadow, and heath,
 The streamlet, the flowers, and all beneath,
 Go up and be wove in the silvery wreath
 Encircling the brow of the mountain.

“Or wouldst thou return to a home in the skies,
 To shine in the Iris I’ll let thee arise,
 And appear in the many and glorious dyes
 A pencil of sunbeams is blending!
 But true, fair thing, as my name is Earth,
 I’ll give thee a new and vernal birth,
 When thou shalt recover thy primal worth,
 And never regret descending!”

“Then I will drop,” said the trusting Flake,
 “But, bear it in mind, that the choice I make
 Is not in the flowers nor the dew to wake;
 Nor the mist, that shall pass with the morning
 For, things of thyself, they will die with thee;
 But those that are lent from on high, like me,
 Must rise, and will live, from thy dust set free,
 To the regions above returning.

“And if true to thy word and just thou art,
 Like the spirit that dwells in the holiest heart,
 Unsullied by thee, thou wilt let me depart
 And return to my native heaven.
 For I would be placed in the beautiful bow
 From time to time, in thy sight to glow;
 So thou mayst remember the Flake of Snow
 By the promise that God hath given!”

THE WINDS.

WE come! we come! and ye feel our might,
As we're hastening on in our boundless flight,
And over the mountains and over the deep
Our broad, invisible pinions sweep,
Like the spirit of Liberty, wild and free!
And ye look on our works, and own 'tis we;
Ye call us the Winds: but can ye tell
Whither we go, or where we dwell?

Ye mark, as we vary our forms of power,
And fell the forests, or fan the flower,
When the harebell moves, and the rush is bent,
When the tower's o'erthrown, and the oak is rent,
As we waft the bark o'er the slumbering wave,
Or hurry its crew to a watery grave;
And ye say it is we!—but can ye trace
The wandering winds to their secret place?

And, whether our breath be loud or high,
Or come in a soft and balmy sigh,
Our threatenings fill the soul with fear,
Or our gentle whisperings woo the ear
With music aerial, still 'tis we.
And ye list and ye look; but what do ye see?
Can ye hush one sound of our voice to peace,
Or waken one note when our numbers cease?

Our dwelling is in the Almighty's hand;
We come and we go at his command.
Though joy or sorrow may mark our track,
His will is our guide, and we look not back:
And if, in our wrath ye would turn us away,
Or win us in gentle airs to play,
Then lift up your hearts to Him who binds
Or frees, as he will, the obedient winds.

THE FROST.

THE Frost looked forth one still, clear night,
And whispered, "Now I shall be out of sight:
So, through the valley, and over the height,
In silence I'll take my way.

I will not go on like that blustering train—
The wind and the snow, the hail and the rain—
Who make so much bustle and noise in vain;
But I'll be as busy as they."

Then he flew to the mountain and powder'd its crest;
He lit on the trees, and their boughs he drest
In diamond beads; and over the breast

Of the quivering lake he spread
A coat of mail, that it need not fear
The downward point of many a spear
That he hung on its margin, far and near,
Where a rock could rear its head.

He went to the windows of those who slept,
And over each pane, like a fairy, crept;
Wherever he breathed, wherever he stept,

By the light of the morn, were seen
Most beautiful things: there were flowers and trees;
There were beves of birds, and swarms of bees;
There were cities, with temples and towers—and
All pictured in silver sheen! [these

But he did one thing that was hardly fair:
He peeped in the cupboard, and finding there
That all had forgotten for him to prepare—
"Now, just to set them a-thinking,
I'll bite this basket of fruit," said he,
"This costly pitcher I'll burst in three;
And the glass of water they've left for me
Shall 'tchick!' to tell them I'm drinking."

THE WATERFALL.

YE mighty waters, that have joined your forces,
Roaring and dashing with this awful sound,
Here are ye mingled; but the distant sources
Whence ye have issued—where shall they be
found?

Who may retrace the ways that ye have taken,
Ye streams and drops? who separate you all,
And find the many places ye've forsaken,
To come and rush together down the fall?

Through thousand, thousand paths have ye been
roaming,
In earth and air, who now each other urge
To the last point! and then, so madly foaming,
Leap down at once from this stupendous verge

Some in the lowering cloud a while were centred,
That in the stream beheld its sable face,
And melted into tears, that, falling, entered
With sister waters on this sudden race.

Others, to light that beamed upon the fountain,
Have from the vitals of the rock been freed,
In silver threads, that, shining down the mountain,
Twined off among the verdure of the mead.

And many a flower that bowed beside the river,
In opening beauty, ere the dew was dried,
Stirred by the breeze, has been an early giver
Of her pure offering to the rolling tide.

Thus, from the veins, through earth's dark bosom
pouring,
Many have flowed in tributary streams;
Some, in the bow that bent, the sun adoring,
Have shone in colors borrowed from his beams.

But He, who holds the ocean in the hollow
Of his strong hand, can separate you all!
His searching eye the secret way will follow
Of every drop that hurries to the fall!

We are, like you, in mighty torrents mingled,
And speeding downward to one common home;
Yet there's an Eye that every drop hath singled,
And marked the winding ways through which
we come.

Those who have here adored the Sun of heaven,
And shown the world their brightness drawn
from him,
Again before him, though their hues be *seven*,
Shall blend their beauty, never to grow dim

We bless the promise, as we thus are tending
Down to the tomb, that gives us hope to rise
Before the Power to whom we now are bending,
To stand his bow of glory in the skies!

THE MOON UPON THE SPIRE.

THE full orb'd moon has reached no higher
Than yon old church's mossy spire,
And seems, as gliding up the air,
She saw the fane; and, pausing there,
Would worship, in the tranquil night,
The Prince of Peace—the Source of light,
Where man for God prepared the place,
And God to man unveils his face.

Her tribute all around is seen;
She bends, and worships like a queen!
Her robe of light and beaming crown
In silence she is casting down;
And, as a creature of the earth,
She feels her lowliness of birth—
Her weakness and inconstancy
Before unchanging purity!

Pale traveller, on thy lonely way,
'Tis well thine homage thus to pay;
To reverence that ancient pile,
And spread thy silver o'er the aisle
Which many a pious foot has trod,
That now is dust beneath the sod;
Where many a sacred tear was wept
From eyes that long in death have slept!

The temple's builders—where are they?
The worshippers!—all passed away,
Who came the first, to offer there
The song of praise, the heart of prayer!
Man's generation passes soon;
It wanes and changes like the moon.
He raises the perishable wall,
But, ere it crumbles, he must fall!

And does he sink to rise no more?
Has he no part to triumph o'er
The pallid king? no spark, to save
From darkness, ashes, and the grave?
Thou holy place, the answer, wrought
In thy firm structure, bars the thought!
The Spirit that established thee
Nor death nor darkness e'er shall see!

THE ROBE.

'T WAS not the robe of state
Which the high and the haughty wear,
That my busy hand, as the lamp burned late,
Was hastening to prepare.

It had no clasp of gold,
No diamond's dazzling blaze,
For the festive board; nor the graceful fold
To float in the dance's maze.

'T was not to wrap the breast
With gladness light and warm;
For the bride's attire—for the joyous guest,
Nor to clothe the sufferer's form.

'T was not the garb of wo
We wear o'er an aching heart,
When our eyes with bitter tears o'erflow,
And our dearest ones depart.

'T was what we all must bear
To the cold, the lonely bed!
'T was the spotless uniform they wear
In the chambers of the dead!
I saw the fair young maid
In the snowy vesture dress;
So pure, she looked as one arrayed
For the mansions of the blest.
A smile had left its trace
On her lip at the parting breath,
And the beauty in that lovely face
Was fixed with the seal of death!

THE CONSIGNMENT.

FIRE, my hand is on the key,
And the cabinet must ope!
I shall now consign to thee
Things of grief, of joy, of hope.
Treasured secrets of the heart
To thy care I hence intrust:
Not a word must thou impart,
But reduce them all to dust.
This—in childhood's rosy morn,
This was gayly filled and sent.
Childhood is for ever gone:
Here, devouring element!
This was Friendship's cherished pledge.
Friendship took a colder form:
Creeping on its gilded edge,
May the blaze be bright and warm!

These—the letter and the token,
Never more shall meet my view!
When the faith has once been broken,
Let the memory perish too!
This—'t was penned while purest joy
Warmed the heart, and lit the eye.
Fate that peace did soon destroy,
And its transcript now will I!

This must go! for, on the seal
When I broke the solemn yew,
Keener was the pang than steel;
'T was a heart string breaking, too!
Here comes up the *blotted leaf*,
Blistered o'er by many a tear.
Hence! thou waking shade of grief!
Go, for ever disappear!

This is his, who seemed to be
High as heaven, and fair as light:
But the visor rose, and he—
Spare, O Memory, spare the sight
Of the face that frowned beneath
While I take it, hand and name,
And entwine it with a wreath
Of the purifying flame!

These—the hand is in the grave,
And the soul is in the skies,
Whence they came. 'T is pain to save
Cold remains of sundered ties!
Go together, all, and burn,
Once the treasures of my heart!
Still, my breast shall be an urn
To preserve your better part!

THE WINTER BURIAL.

THE deep toned bell peals long and low
On the keen, midwinter air;
A sorrowing train moves sad and slow
From the so'emm place of prayer.

The earth is in a winding sheet,
And nature wrapped in gloom;
Cold, cold the path which the mourners' feet
Pursue to the waiting tomb.

They follow one who calmly goes
From her own loved mansion door,
Nor shrinks from the way through gathered snows,
To return to her home no more.

A sable line, to the drift crowned h^{ill}.
The narrow pass they wind;
And here, where all is drear and chill,
Their friend they leave behind.

The silent grave they're bending o'er,
A long farewell to take;
One last, last look, and then, no more
Till the dead shall all awake!

THE PEBBLE AND THE ACORN.

"I AM a Pebble! and yield to none!"
Were the swelling words of a tiny stone—
"Nor time nor seasons can alter me;
I am abiding, while ages flee.
The pelting hail and the drizzling rain
Have tried to soften me, long, in vain;
And the tender dew has sought to melt
Or touch my heart; but it was not felt.
There's none that can tell about my birth,
For I'm as old as the big, round earth.
The children of men arise, and pass
Out of the world, like the blades of grass;
And many a foot on me has trod,
That's gone from sight, and under the sod.
I am a Pebble! but who art thou,
Rattling along from the restless bough?"

The Acorn was shocked at this rude salute,
And lay for a moment abashed and mute;
She never before had been so near
This gravelly ball, the mundane sphere;
And she felt for a time at a loss to know
How to answer a thing so coarse and low.
But to give reproof of a nobler sort
Than the angry look, or the keen retort,
At length she said, in a gentle tone,
"Since it is happened that I am thrown
From the lighter element where I grew,
Down to another so hard and new,
And beside a personage so august,
Abased, I will cover my head with dust,
And quickly retire from the sight of one
Whom time, nor season, nor storm, nor sun,
Nor the gentle dew, nor the grinding heel,
Has ever subdued, or made to feel!"
And soon in the earth she sank away
From the comfortless spot where the Pebble lay.

But it was not long ere the soil was broke
By the peering head of an infant oak!

And, as it arose, and its branches spread,
The Pebble looked up, and, wondering, said,
"A modest Acorn—never to tell
What was enclosed in its simple shell!
That the pride of the forest was folded up
In the narrow space of its little cup!
And meekly to sink in the darksome earth,
Which proves that nothing could hide her worth
And, oh! how many will tread on me,
To come and admire the beautiful tree,
Whose head is towering toward the sky,
Above such a worthless thing as I!
Useless and vain, a cumberer here,
I have been idling from year to year.
But never from this, shall a vaunting word
From the humbled Pebble again be heard,
Till something without me or within
Shall show the purpose for which I've been!"
The Pebble its vow could not forget,
And it lies there wrapped in silence yet.

THE SHIP IS READY.

FARE thee well! the ship is ready,
And the breeze is fresh and steady.
Hands are fast the anchor weighing;
High in air the streamer's playing.
Spread the sails—the waves are swelling
Proudly round thy buoyant dwelling.
Fare thee well! and when at sea,
Think of those who sigh for thee.

When from land and home receding,
And from hearts that ache to bleeding,
Think of those behind, who love thee,
While the sun is bright above thee!
Then, as, down to ocean glancing,
In the waves his rays are dancing,
Think how long the night will be
To the eyes that weep for thee!

When the lonely night watch keeping
All below thee still and sleeping—
As the needle points the quarter
O'er the wide and trackless water,
Let thy vigils ever find thee
Mindful of the friends behind thee!
Let thy bosom's magnet be
Turned to those who wake for thee!

When, with slow and gentle motion
Heaves the bosom of the ocean—
While in peace thy bark is riding,
And the silver moon is gliding
O'er the sky with tranquil splendor,
Where the shining hosts attend her:
Let the brightest visions be
Country, home, and friends, to thee!

When the tempest hovers o'er thee,
Danger, wreck, and death, before thee,
While the sword of fire is gleaming,
Will the winds, the torrent streaming,
Then, a pious suppliant bending,
Let thy thoughts, to Heaven ascending,
Reach the mercy seat, to be
Met by prayers that rise for thee!

THE CHILD ON THE BEACH.

MARY, a beautiful, artless child,
 Came down on the beach to me,
 Where I sat, and a pensive hour beguiled
 By watching the restless sea.
 never had seen her face before,
 And mine was to her unknown;
 But we each rejoiced on that peaceful shore
 The other to meet alone.
 Her cheek was the rose's opening bud,
 Her brow of an ivory white;
 Her eyes were bright as the stars that stud
 The sky of a cloudless night.
 To reach my side as she gayly sped,
 With the step of a bounding fawn,
 The pebbles scarce moved beneath her tread,
 Ere the little light foot was gone.
 With the love of a holier world than this
 Her innocent heart seemed warm;
 While the glad young spirit looked out with bliss
 From its shrine in her sylphlike form.
 Her soul seemed spreading the scene to span
 That opened before her view,
 And longing for power to look the plan
 Of the universe fairly through.
 She climbed and stood on the rocky steep,
 Like a bird that would mount and fly
 Far over the waves, where the broad, blue deep
 Rolled up to the bending sky.
 She placed her lips to the spiral shell,
 And breathed through every fold;
 She looked for the depth of its pearly cell,
 As a miser would look for gold.
 Her small, white fingers were spread to toss
 The foam, as it reached the strand:
 She ran them along in the purple moss,
 And over the sparkling sand.
 The green sea egg, by its tenant left,
 And formed to an ocean cup,
 She held by its sides, of their spears bereft,
 To fill, as the waves rolled up.
 But the hour went round, and she knew the space
 Her mother's soft word assigned;
 While she seemed to look with a saddening face
 On all she must leave behind.
 She searched mid the pebbles, and finding one
 Smooth, clear, and of amber dye,
 She held it up to the morning sun,
 And over her own mild eye.
 Then, "Here," said she, "I will give you this,
 That you may remember me!"
 And she sealed her gift with a parting kiss,
 And fled from beside the sea.
 Mary, thy token is by me yet:
 To me 'tis a dearer gem
 Than ever was brought from the mine, or set
 In the loftiest diadem.
 It carries me back to the far off deep,
 And places me on the shore,
 Where the beauteous child, who bade me keep
 Her pebble, I meet once more.

And all that is lovely, pure, and bright,
 In a soul that is young, and free
 From the stain of guile, and the deadly blight
 Of sorrow, I find in thee.
 I wonder if ever thy tender heart
 In memory meets me there,
 Where thy soft, quick sigh, as we had to part,
 Was caught by the ocean air.
 Blest one! over Time's rude shore, on thee
 May an angel guard attend,
 And "a white stone bearing a new name," be
 Thy passport when time shall end!

THE MIDNIGHT MAIL.

'TIS midnight—all is peace profound!
 But, lo! upon the murmuring ground,
 The lonely, swelling, hurrying sound
 Of distant wheels is heard!
 They come—they pause a moment—when
 Their charge resigned, they start, and then
 Are gone, and all is hushed again,
 As not a leaf had stirred.
 Hast thou a parent far away,
 A beauteous child, to be thy stay
 In life's decline—or sisters, they
 Who shared thine infant glee?
 A brother on a foreign shore?
 Is he whose breast thy token bore,
 Or are thy treasures wandering o'er
 A wide, tumultuous sea?
 If aught like these, then thou must feel
 The rattling of that reckless wheel,
 That brings the bright or boding seal
 On every trembling thread
 That strings thy heart, till morn appears,
 To crown thy hopes, or end thy fears,
 To light thy smile, or draw thy tears,
 As line on line is read.
 Perhaps thy treasure's in the deep,
 Thy lover in a dreamless sleep,
 Thy brother where thou canst not weep
 Upon his distant grave!
 Thy parent's hoary head no more
 May shed a silver lustre o'er
 His children grouped—nor death restore
 Thy son from out the wave!
 Thy prattler's tongue, perhaps, is stilled,
 Thy sister's lip is pale and chilled,
 Thy blooming bride, perchance, has filled
 Her corner of the tomb.
 May be, the home where all thy sweet
 And tender recollections meet,
 Has shown its flaming winding-sheet
 In midnight's awful gloom!
 And while, alternate, o'er my soul
 Those cold or burning wheels will roll
 Their chill or heat, beyond control,
 Till morn shall bring relief—
 Father in heaven, whate'er may be
 The cup which thou hast sent for me,
 I know 'tis good, prepare I by thee,
 Though filled with joy or grief!

CAROLINE GILMAN.

(Born 1794).

CAROLINE HOWARD was born in Boston, in 1794, and in 1819 was married to the Rev. Samuel Gilman, one of the most accomplished scholars of the Unitarian church, who is known as an author by his very clever work entitled *Memoirs of a New England Village Choir*, and by numerous elegant papers in the reviews. Soon after their marriage they removed to Charleston, South Carolina, where Dr. Gilman has ever since been actively engaged in the duties of his profession.

Mrs. Gilman is best known as a writer of prose, and her works will long be valued for the spirit and fidelity with which she has painted rural and domestic life in the northern and in the southern states. Her *Recollections of a New England Housekeeper*, and *Recollections of a Southern Matron*, are equally happy, and both show habits of minute observation, skill in character-writing,

and an artist-like power of grouping; they are also pervaded by a genial tone, and a love of nature, and good sense. Her other works are, *Love's Progress, a Tale*; *The Poetry of Travelling in the United States*; *Tales and Ballads*; *Stories and Poems for Children*; and *Verses of a Lifetime*. She edited for several years, in Charleston, a literary gazette called *The Southern Rose*; published a collection of the *Letters of Eliza Wilkinson*, a heroine of the Revolution; and illustrated the extent of her reading in poetical literature, by two ingenious volumes, entitled *Oracles from the Poets*, and *The Sybil*.

The poems of Mrs. Gilman are nearly all contained in *Verses of a Lifetime*, just issued (at the close of the year 1848) by James Munroe & Company, of Boston. They abound in expressions of wise, womanly feeling, and are frequently marked by a graceful elegance of manner.

ROSALIE.

'Tis fearful to watch by a dying friend,
Though luxury glistens nigh;
Though the pillow of down be softly spread
Where the throbbing temples lie—
Though the loom's pure fabric enfold the form,
Though the shadowy curtains flow,
Though the feet on sumptuous carpets tread
As "lightly as snow on snow"—
Though the perfumed air as a garden teems
With flowers of healthy bloom,
And the feathery fan just stirs the breeze
In the cool and guarded room—
Though the costly cup for the fevered lip
With grateful cordial flows,
While the watching eye and the warning hand
Preserve the snatched repose.
Yes, even with these appliances,
From wealth's unmeasured store,
'Tis fearful to watch the spirit's flight
To its dim and distant shore.
But oh, when the form that we love is laid
On Poverty's chilly bed,
When roughly the blast to the shivering limbs
Through crevice and pane is sped—
When the noonday sun comes streaming in
On the dim or burning eye,

And the heartless laugh and the worldly tread
Is heard from the passers by—
When the sickly lip for a pleasant draught
To us in vain upturns,
And the aching head on a pillow hard
In restless fever burns—
When night rolls on, and we gaze in wo
On the candle's lessening ray,
And grope about in the midnight gloom,
And long for the breaking day—
Or bless the moon as her silver torch
Sheds light on our doubtful hand,
When pouring the drug which a moment wrests
The soul from the spirit-land—
When we know that sickness of soul and heart
Which sensitive bosoms feel,
When helpless, hopeless, we needs must gaze
On woes we can not heal:
This, this is the crown of bitterness!
And we pray, as the loved one dies,
That our breath may pass with their waning pulse,
And with theirs close our aching eyes.
My story tells of sweet Rosalie,
Once a maiden of joy and delight,
A ray of love, from her girlish days,
To her parents' devoted sight.

The girl was free as the river wave
 That dances to ocean's rest,
 And life looked down like a summer's sun
 On her pure and gentle breast.

She saw young Arthur—their happy hearts
 Like two young streamlets shone,
 That leap along on their mountain path,
 Then mingle their waters as one.

They parted: he roved to western wilds
 To seek for his bird a nest,
 And Rosalie dwelt in her father's halls,
 And folded her wings to rest.

But her father died, and a fearful blight
 O'er his child and his widow fell—
 They sunk from that day in the gloomy abyss
 Where sorrow and poverty dwell.

Consumption came, and he whispered low
 To the widow of early death;
 He hastened the beat of her constant pulse,
 And baffled the coming breath.

He preyed on the bloom of her still soft cheek,
 And shrivelled her hand of snow;
 He checked her step in its easy glide,
 And her eye beamed a restless glow.

He choked her voice in its morning song,
 And stifled its evening lay,
 And husky and coarse rose her midnight hymn
 As she lay on her pillow to pray.

Poor Rosalie rose by the dawning light,
 And sat by the midnight oil;
 But the pittance was fearfully small that came
 By her morning and evening toil.

'T was then in *her* lodging the night-wind came
 Through crevice and broken pane;
 'T was there that the early sunbeam burst
 With its glaring and burning train.

When Rosalie sat by her mother's side,
 She smothered her heart's affright,
 And essayed to smile, though the monster Want
 Stood haggard and wan in her sight.

She pressed her feet on the cold damp floor,
 And crushed her hands on her heart,
 Or stood like a statue so still and pale,
 Lest a tear or a cry should start.

Her household goods went one by one
 To purchase their scanty fare;
 And even the little mirror was sold
 Where she parted her glossy hair.

Then hunger glared in her full blue eye,
 And was heard in her tremulous tone;
 And she longed for the crust that the beggar eats,
 As he sits by the wayside stone.

The neighbors gave of their scanty store,
 But their jealous children scowled;
 And the eager dog, that guarded the street,
 Looked on the morsel and howled.

Then her mother died—'t was a blessed thing!
 For the last faint embers had gone
 On the chilly hearth, and the candle was out
 As Rosalie watched for the dawn.

'T was a blessed exchange from this dark, cold earth
 To those bright and blossoming bowers,
 Where the spirit roves in its robes of light
 And gathers immortal flowers!

Poor Rosalie lay on her mother's breast,
 Though its fluttering breath was o'er,
 And eagerly pressed her passive hand,
 Which returned the pressure no more.

In darkness she closed the fixing eyes,
 And saw not the deathly glare—
 Then straightened the warm and flaccid limbs
 With a wild and fearful care.

And ere the dawn of the morrow broke
 On the night that her mother died,
 Poor Rosalie sank from her long, long watch,
 In sleep by her mother's side.

'T was a sorrowful sight for the neighbors to see,
 (When they woke from their kindlier rest,)
 The beautiful girl, with her innocent face,
 Asleep on the corpse's breast.

Her hair flowed about by her mother's side,
 And her hand on the dead hand fell;
 Yet her breathing was light as the lily's roll,
 When waved by the ripple's swell.

There was surely a vision of heaven's delight
 Haunting her exquisite rest,
 For she smiled in her sleep such a heavenly smile
 As could only beam out from the blest.

'T was fearful as beautiful: and as they gazed,
 The neighbors stood whispering low, [dead,
 Nor dared they remove her white arm from the
 Where it seemed in its fondness to grow.

Life is not always a darkling dream:
 God loves our sad waking to bless—
 More brightly, perchance, for the dreary shade
 That heralds our happiness.

A stranger stands by that humble door,
 A youth in the flush of life,
 And sudden hope in his thoughtful glance
 Seems with sorrow and care at strife.

Manly beauty and soul-formed grace
 Stand forth in each movement fair,
 And speak in the turn of his well-timed step,
 And shine in his wavy hair.

With travel and watchfulness worn was he,
 Yet there beamed on his open brow
 Traces of faith and integrity,
 Where conscience had stamped her vow.

'T was Arthur: he gazed on those two pale forms,
 Soon one was clasped to his heart;
 In piercing accents he called her name—
 That voice made the life-blood start!

Not on the dead doth she ope her eyes—
 Life, love, spread their living wings;
 And she rests on her lover's breast as a child
 To its nursing mother clings.

A pure white tomb in the near graveyard
 Betokens the widow's rest,
 But Arthur has gone to his forest-home,
 And shelters his dove in his nest.

THE PLANTATION.

FAREWELL, awhile, the city's hum,
 Where busy footsteps fall,
 And welcome to my weary eye
 The planter's friendly hall.

Here let me rise at early dawn,
 And list the mockbird's lay,
 That, warbling near our lowland home,
 Sits on the waving spray.

Then tread the shading avenue
 Beneath the cedar's gloom,
 Or gum tree, with its flickered shade,
 Or chinquapen's perfume.

The myrtle tree, the orange wild,
 The cypress' flexile bough,
 The holly with its polished leaves,
 Are all before me now.

There, towering with imperial pride,
 The rich magnolia stands,
 And here, in softer loveliness,
 The white-bloomed bay expands.

The long gray moss hangs gracefully,
 Idly I twine its wreaths,
 Or stop to catch the fragrant air
 The frequent blossom breathes.

Life wakes around—the red bird darts
 Like flame from tree to tree ;
 The whip-poor-will complains alone,
 The robin whistles free.

The frightened hare scuds by my path,
 And seeks the thicket nigh ;
 The squirrel climbs the hickory bough,
 Thence peeps with careful eye.

The hummingbird, with busy wing,
 In rainbow beauty moves,
 Above the trumpet-blossom floats,
 And sips the tube he loves.

Triumphant to yon withered pine
 The soaring eagle flies,
 There builds her eyry mid the clouds,
 And man and heaven defies.

The hunter's bugle echoes near,
 And see—his weary train,
 With mingled howlings, scent the woods
 Or scour the open plain.

Yon skiff is darting from the cove,
 And list the negro's song—
 The theme, his owner and his boat—
 While glide the crew along.

And when the leading voice is lost,
 Receding from the shore,
 His brother boatmen swell the strain,
 In chorus with the oar.

There stands the dairy on the stream,
 Within the broad oak's shade ;
 The white pails glitter in the sun,
 In rustic pomp arrayed.

And she stands smiling at the door,
 Who " minds " that *milky way*—

She smooths her apron as I pass,
 And loves the praise I pay.

Welcome to me her sable hands,
 When in the noontide heat,
 Within the polished calibash,
 She pours the pearly treat.

The poulterer's feathered, tender charge,
 Feed on the grassy plain ;
 Her Afric brow lights up with smiles,
 Proud of her noisy train.

Nor does the herdman view his flock
 With unadmiring gaze,
 Significant are all their names,
 Won by their varying ways.

Forth from the negroes' humble huts
 The laborers now have gone ;
 But some remain, diseased and old—
 Do they repine alone ?

Ah, no : the nurse, with practised skill,
 That sometimes shames the wise,
 Prepares the herb of potent power,
 And healing aid applies.

On sunny banks the children play,
 Or wind the fisher's line,
 Or, with the dexterous fancy braid,
 The willow baskets twine.

Long ere the sloping sun departs
 The laborers quit the field,
 And, housed within their sheltering huts
 To careless quiet yield.

But see yon wild and lurid clouds,
 That rush in contact strong,
 And hear the thunder, peal on peal,
 Reverberate along.

The cattle stand and mutely gaze,
 The birds instinctive fly,
 While forked flashes rend the air,
 And light the troubled sky.

Behold yon sturdy forest pine,
 Whose green top points to heaven—
 A flash ! its firm, encasing bark
 By that red shock is riven.

But we, the children of the South,
 Shrink not with trembling fears ;
 The storm, familiar to our youth,
 Will spare our ripened years.

We know its fresh, reviving charm,
 And, like the flower and bird,
 Our looks and voices, in each pause,
 With grateful joy are stirred.

And now the tender rice upshoots,
 Fresh in its hue of green,
 Spreading its emerald carpet far,
 Beneath the sunny sheen ;

Though when the softer, ripened hue
 Of autumn's changes rise,
 The rustling spires instinctive lift
 Their gold seeds to the skies.

There the young cotton-plant unfolds
 Its leaves of sickly hue,

But soon advancing to its growth,
Looks up with beauty too.
And, as midsummer suns prevail,
Upon its blossoms glow
Commingling hues, like sunset rays—
Then bursts its sheeted snow.
How shall we fly this lovely spot,
Where rural joys prevail—
The social board, the eager chase,
Gay dance, and merry tale ?
Alas ! our youth must leave their sports,
When spring-time ushers May ;
Our maidens quit the planted flower,
Just blushing into day—

Or, all beneath yon rural mound,
Where rest th' ancestral dead,
By mourning friends, with severed hearts,
Unconscious will be led.

Oh, southern summer, false and fair !
Why, from thy loaded wing,
Blent with rich flowers and fruitage rare,
The seeds of sorrow fling ?

MUSIC ON THE CANAL.

I was weary with the daylight,
I was weary with the shade,
And my heart became still sadder
As the stars their light betrayed ;
I sickened at the ripple,
As the lazy boat went on,
And felt as though a friend was lost,
When the twilight ray was gone.
The meadows, in a firefly glow,
Looked gay to happy eyes,
To me they beamed but mournfully,
My heart was cold with sighs.
They seemed, indeed, like summer friends—
Alas ! no warmth had they ;
I turned in sorrow from their glare,
Impatient turned away.
And tear-drops gathered in my eyes,
And rolled upon my cheek,
And when the voice of mirth was heard,
I had no heart to speak :
I longed to press my children
To my sad and homesick breast,
And feel the constant hand of love
Caressing and caressed.
And slowly went my languid pulse,
As the slow canal-boat goes,
And I felt the pain of weariness,
And sighed for home's repose ;
And laughter seemed a mockery,
And joy a fleeting breath,
And life a dark, volcanic crust,
That crumbles over death.
But a strain of sweetest melody
Arose upon my ear,
The blessed sound of woman's voice,
That angels love to hear !

And manly strains of tenderness
Were mingled with the song—
A father's with his daughter's notes,
The gentle with the strong.
And my thoughts began to soften,
Like snows when waters fall,
And open as the frost-closed buds,
When spring's young breezes call ;
While to my faint and weary soul
A better hope was given,
And all once more was bright with faith,
'Twixt heart, and earth, and Heaven.

THE CONGRESSIONAL BURYING-GROUND

THE pomp of death was there—
The lettered urn, the classic marble rose,
And coldly, in magnificent repose,
Stood out the column fair.
The hand of art was seen
Throwing the wild flowers from the gravelled walk,
The sweet wild flowers, that hold their quiet talk
Upon the uncultured green.

And now perchance, a bird,
Hiding amid the trained and scattered trees,
Sent forth his carol on the scentless breeze—
But they were few I heard.

Did my heart's pulses beat ?
And did mine eye o'erflow with sudden tears,
Such as gush up mid memories of years,
When humbler graves we meet ?

An humbler grave I met,
On the Potomac's leafy banks, when May,
Weaving spring flowers, stood out in colors gay,
With her young coronet :

A lonely, nameless grave,
Stretching its length beneath th' o'erarching trees,
Which told a plaintive story, as the breeze
Came their new buds to wave.

But the lone turf was green
As that which gathers o'er more honored forms ;
Nor with more harshness had the wintry storms
Swept o'er that woodland scene.

The flower and springing blade
Looked upward with their young and shining eyes,
And met the sunlight of the happy skies,
And that low turf arrayed.

And unchecked birds sang out
The chorus of their spring-time jubilee
And gentle happiness it was to me,
To list their music-shout.

And to that stranger-grave
The tribute of enkindling thoughts—the free
And unbought power of natural sympathy
Passing, I sadly gave.

And a religious spell
On that lone mound, by man deserted, rose—
A conscious presence, from on high, which glows
Not where the worldly dwell.

TO THE URSULINES.

Oh, pure and gentle ones, within your ark
 Securely rest!
 Blue be the sky above—your quiet bark
 By soft winds blest!

Still toil in duty, and commune with Heaven,
 World-weaned and free;
 God to his humblest creatures room has given
 And space to be.

Space for the eagle in the vaulted sky
 To plume his wing—
 Space for the ringdove by her young to lie,
 And softly sing.

Space for the sunflower, bright with yellow glow,
 To court the sky—
 Space for the violet, where the wild woods grow,
 To live and die.

Space for the ocean, in its giant might,
 To swell and rave—
 Space for the river, tinged with rosy light,
 Where green banks wave.

Space for the sun to tread his path in might
 And golden pride—
 Space for the glow-worm, calling, by her light,
 Love to her side.

Then, pure and gentle ones, within your ark
 Securely rest!
 Blue be the skies above, and your still bark
 By kind winds blest.

RETURN TO MASSACHUSETTS.

THE martin's nest—the simple nest!
 I see it swinging high,
 Just as it stood in distant years,
 Above my gazing eye;
 But many a bird has plumed its wing,
 And lightly flown away,
 Or drooped his little head in death,
 Since that—my youthful day!

The woodland stream—the pebbly stream!
 It gayly flows along,
 As once it did when by its side
 I sang my merry song;
 But many a wave has rolled afar,
 Beneath the summer cloud,
 Since by its bank I idly poured
 My childish song aloud.

The sweet-brier rose—the wayside rose,
 Still spreads its fragrant arms,
 Where graciously to passing eyes
 It gave its simple charms;
 But many a perfumed breeze has passed,
 And many a blossom fair,
 Since with a careless heart I twined
 Its green wreaths in my hair.

The barberry bush—the poor man's bush!
 Its yellow blossoms hang,
 As erst, where by the grassy lane
 Along I lightly sprang;
 But many a flower has come and gone,
 And scarlet berry shone,
 Since I, a school-girl in its path,
 In rustice dance have flown.

ANNIE IN THE GRAVEYARD.

SHE bounded o'er the graves,
 With a buoyant step of mirth;
 She bounded o'er the graves,
 Where the weeping willow waves,
 Like a creature not of earth.

Her hair was blown aside,
 And her eyes were glittering bright;
 Her hair was blown aside,
 And her little hands spread wide,
 With an innocent delight.

She spelt the lettered word
 That registers the dead;
 She spelt the lettered word,
 And her busy thoughts were stirred
 With pleasure as she read.

She stopped and culled a leaf
 Left fluttering on a rose;
 She stopped and culled a leaf,
 Sweet monument of grief,
 That in our churchyard grows.

She culled it with a smile—
 'T was near her sister's mound:
 She culled it with a smile,
 And played with it awhile,
 Then scattered it around.

I did not chill her heart,
 Nor turn its gush to tears;
 I did not chill her heart—
 Oh, bitter drops will start
 Full soon in coming years.

SARAH J. HALE.

(Born 1790.)

SARAH JOSEPHA BUELL, now Mrs. HALE, was born in 1795 at Newport in New Hampshire, whither her parents had removed soon after the close of the Revolution, from Saybrook in Connecticut. There were then few schools in that part of the country, and perhaps none from which the parents of Miss Buell would have sought for her more than the most elementary instruction. Her mother, however, was a woman of considerable cultivation, and of a fine understanding; she attended carefully to the education of her children, and the studies of our author which she could not direct were afterward guided by a brother, who graduated at Dartmouth college in 1809, and was a good classical and general scholar. But the completion of her education was deferred until after her marriage, which took place about the year 1814. Her husband, Mr. David Hale, was an accomplished lawyer, well read in the best literature, and anxious for the thorough development of her abilities, of which he had formed a high estimate. "We commenced," writes Mrs. Hale, "immediately after our marriage, a system of study, which we pursued together, with few interruptions, and these unavoidable, during his life. The hours we allotted for this purpose were from eight o'clock in the evening till ten. In this manner we studied French, botany — then almost a new science in this country, but for which my husband had an uncommon taste — and obtained some knowledge of mineralogy, geology, &c., besides pursuing a long and instructive course of miscellaneous reading."

Mr. Hale died suddenly in September, 1822, having been married about eight years, during which he had been eminently successful in attaining to professional eminence, but without having yet secured even the basis of a fortune. Mrs. Hale was a widow and was poor, and after the strongest feelings of sorrow had subsided, and the affairs of her deceased husband had been settled, she formed plans for the support and education of her family, which she subsequently executed with an energy and perseverance which

command admiration, and which with her powers could not fail of success. Literature, which had hitherto been cultivated for its own reward, became now her profession and only means of support.

The first publication of Mrs. Hale was *The Genius of Oblivion*, and other Original Poems, printed at Concord in 1823. *The Genius of Oblivion* is a descriptive story in about fifteen hundred octo-syllabic lines — founded upon a tradition of the aboriginal settlement of this country. At the close of the poem is an intimation of a half-formed design to write a sequel to it. She says:

And hence Columbia's first inhabitants—
The authors of these Monuments of Old:
And their destruction, I may sing, perchance,
If haply this, my tale, so fealty told,
Escape Medusan critics' withering glance,
And in my country's favor live enrolled,
As not unworthy of her smile: but this,
A hope I may but cherish, or—dismiss.

Her next work, however, was *Northwood*, a Tale of New England, in two volumes, published in Boston in 1827. Her object in this novel is to illustrate common life among the descendants of the Puritans, and she undoubtedly succeeded in sketching with spirit and singular fidelity the forms of society with which she was acquainted by observation. The doctor, the deacon, the family of the squire, and other village characters, are most natural and truthful delineations. But *Northwood* evinces little of the constructive faculty, and only its portraits that have been referred to can be much commended.

In 1828 Mrs. Hale removed to Boston to conduct the *American Ladies' Magazine*, a monthly miscellany established at that time, and edited by her for about nine years. In this work were originally published many of the prose compositions which were subsequently issued in two separate volumes under the titles of *Sketches of American Character*, and *Traits of American Life*. In the same period she published *Flora's Interpreter*, *The Lady's Wreath*, and several small books for children. She remained in Boston until 1838, when she removed to Philade-

phia, where she has since resided, as editor of the *Lady's Book*, one of the most popular and widely-circulated literary periodicals in the English language.

In 1846 Mrs. Hale published a poem more remarkable than any other she has written, for a certain delicacy of fancy and expression, under the name of Alice Ray; and in 1848 appeared her *Three Hours, or the Vigil of Love*, and other Poems, a collection in which Alice Ray is included, and upon which altogether must rest her best literary reputation. *Three Hours, or the Vigil of Love*, is very much in the style of some of the more fantastic stories of Winthrop Mackworth Praed. The heroine has fled with her lover, an escaped state prisoner, from England to Boston, and the interest of the poem arises from the effective manner in which, while she is waiting his return, in a stormy night, her fears are awakened, and by a vivid recollection of tales of horror heightened to an indescribable dread.

It was two hundred years ago,
When moved the world so very slow,
And when the wide Atlantic sea
Appeared like an eternity.

The following scene, from ghostly stories she heard in childhood, is among the phantasms by which she is haunted, and it exhibits in a favorable light Mrs. Hale's capabilities in this line of art:

Once a holy man was set
Watching where the witches met.
Open Bible, naked sword—
And three candles on the board—
There the godly man was set
Watching where the witches met;
Knowing well his dreadful doom,
Should they drive him from the room.
The candles three were burning bright,
The sword was flashing back the light,
As it struck the deep midnight;
While the holy book he read,
And all was still as are the dead.
Suddenly there came a roar
Like breakers on a rocky shore,
When the ocean's thundering boom
Knells the mariner to his tomb.
The good man felt the struggling strife,
As the ship went down with its load of life!
His seat was shaken by the roar,
And upward seemed to rise the floor!
While round and round, as eddies hurl,
The room and table seemed to whirl!
Yet still the holy book read he,
And prayed for those who sail the sea.

Then came a shrieking, wild and high,
As when flames are bursting nigh,
And their blood has stained the sky!
"Fly! fly! fly!" in a strangling cry,
Was hoarsely rattled on his ear—
While the crackling flames came near!
And still the holy book read he,
And prayed for those whose fires might be.
And then appeared a sight of dread:
The roof was opened above his head;
He saw, in the far-off, dusky view,
A bloody hand and an arm come through!—
The lady seemed to see them too.

At the close of the third hour the husband is restored, and all these fearful shadows are dispelled. The plot is simple and the execution of the poem generally finished; but its effect is marred by the introduction of some needless reflections and by occasional changes of the rhythm.

Among the published works of Mrs. Hale is *Ormond Grosvenor*, a Tragedy, in Five Acts, founded upon the celebrated case of Colonel Isaac Hayne, the revolutionary martyr of South Carolina. This was printed in 1838, but it has since been partly re-written and very much improved. In 1848 she gave to the public *Harry Guy, a Story of the Sea*, in nearly three thousand lines of most compact versification. Her long and elaborate poems entitled *Felicia*, and *The Rhime of Life*, appear from some extracts that have been printed, to possess more impassioned earnestness than her other compositions, and they contain perhaps the clearest expressions of her intellectual and social character.

Mrs. Hale has a ready command of pure and idiomatic English, and her style has frequently a masculine strength and energy. She has not much creative power, but she excels in the aggregation and artistical disposition of common and appropriate imagery. She has evidently been all her life a student, and there has been a perceptible and constant improvement in her writings ever since her first appearance as an author.

Besides her works that have been published in separate volumes, she has written a very large number of tales, sketches, essays, criticisms, poems, and other compositions, which are scattered through the various periodicals with which she has been connected. They are all indicative of sound principles, and of kindness, knowledge, and judgment.

THE MISSISSIPPI.

MONARCH of rivers in the wide domain
 Where Freedom writes her signature in stars,
 And bids her eagle bear the blazing scroll
 To usher in the reign of peace and love,
 Thou mighty Mississippi!—may my song
 Swell with thy power, and though an humble rill,
 Roll, like thy current, through the sea of time,
 Bearing thy name, as tribute from my soul
 Of fervent gratitude and holy praise,
 To Him who poured thy multitude of waves.

Shadowed beneath these awful piles of stone,
 Where liberty has found a Pisgah height,
 O'erlooking all the land she loves to bless,
 The jagged rocks and icy towers her guard,
 Whose splintered summits seize the warring clouds,
 And roll them, broken, like a host o'erthrown,
 Adown the mountain's side, scattering their wealth.
 Of powdered pearl and liquid diamond drops—
 There is thy source, great river of the west!

Slowly, like youthful Titan gathering strength
 To war with Heaven and win himself a name,
 The stream moves onward through the dark ravines,
 Rending the roots of over-arching trees,
 To form its narrow channel, where the star,
 That fain would bathe its beauty in the wave,
 Like lover's glance steals trembling through the
 That veil the waters with a vestal's care: [leaves
 And few of human form have ventured there,
 Save the swart savage in his bark canoe.

But now it deepens, struggles, rushes on;
 Like goaded war-horse, bounding o'er the foe,
 It clears the rocks it may not spurn aside,
 Leaping, as Curtius leaped adown the gulf,
 And rising, like Antæus from the fall,
 Its course majestic through the land pursues,
 And the broad river o'er the valley reigns!

It reigns alone: the tributary streams
 Are humble vassals, yielding to its sway;
 And when the wild Missouri fain would join
 A rival in the race—as Jacob seized
 On his red brother's birthright—even so
 The swelling Mississippi grasps that wave,
 And, rebaptizing, makes the waters one.

It reigns alone—and earth the sceptre feels:
 Her ancient trees are bowed beneath the wave,
 Or, rent like reeds before the whirlwind's swoop,
 Toss on the bosom of the maddened flood,
 A floating forest, till the waters, calmed,
 Like slumbering anaconda gorged with prey,
 Open a haven to the moving mass,
 Or form an island in the dark abyss.

It reigns alone: old Nile would ne'er bedew
 The lands it blesses with its fertile tide.
 Even sacred Ganges, joined with Egypt's flood,
 Would shrink beside this wonder of the west!
 Ay, gather Europe's royal rivers all—
 The snow-swelled Neva, with an empire's weight
 On her broad breast, she yet may overwhelm;
 Dark Danube, hurrying, as by foe pursued,
 Through shaggy forests and from palace walls,
 To hide its terrors in a sea of gloom;
 The castled Rhine, whose vine-crowned waters flow,
 The fount of fable and the source of song;

The rushing Rhone, in whose cerulean depths
 The loving sky seems wedded with the wave;
 The yellow Tiber, choked with Roman spoils,
 A dying miser shrinking 'neath his gold;
 And Seine, where Fashion glasses fairest forms;
 And Thames, that bears the riches of the world:
 Gather their waters in one ocean mass—
 Our Mississippi, rolling proudly on,
 Would sweep them from its path, or swallow up,
 Like Aaron's rod, these streams of fame and song!

And thus the peoples, from the many lands,
 Where these old streams are household memories,
 Mingle beside our river, and are one—
 And join to swell the strength of Freedom's tide,
 That from the fount of Truth is flowing on,
 To sweep earth's thousand tyrannies away.

How wise, how wonderful the works of God!
 And, hallowed by his goodness, all are good.
 The creeping glow-worm, the careering sun,
 Are kindled from the effluence of his light;
 The ocean and the acorn-cup are filled
 By gushings from the fountain of his love.
 He poured the Mississippi's torrent forth,
 And heaved its tide above the trembling land—
 Grand type how Freedom lifts the citizen
 Above the subject masses of the world—
 And marked the limits it may never pass.
 Trust in his promises, and bless his power,
 Ye dwellers on its banks, and be at peace.

And ye, whose way is on this warrior wave,
 When the swoln waters heave with ocean's might,
 And storms and darkness close the gate of heaven,
 And the frail bark, fire-driven, bounds quivering on,
 As though it rent the iron shroud of night,
 And struggled with the demons of the flood—
 Fear nothing! He who shields the folded flower,
 When tempests rage, is ever present here.
 Lean on "our Father's" breast in faith and prayer
 And sleep—his arm of love is strong to save.

Great Source of being, beauty, light, and love
 Creator—Lord—the waters worship thee!
 Ere thy creative smile had sown the flowers—
 Ere the glad hills leaped upward, or the earth,
 With swelling bosom, waited for her child—
 Before eternal Love had lit the sun,
 Or Time had traced his dial-plate in stars,
 The joyful anthem of the waters flowed:
 And Chaos like a frightened felon fled,
 While on the deep the Holy Spirit moved.

And evermore the deep has worshipped God;
 And bards and prophets tune their mystic lyres.
 While listening to the music of the floods.
 Oh, could I catch this harmony of sounds,
 As borne on dewy wings they float to heaven,
 And blend their meaning with my closing strain.

Hark! as a reed-harp thrilled by whispering winds,
 Or naïd murmurs from a pearl-lipped shell,
 It comes—the melody of many waves!
 And loud, with Freedom's world-awaking note,
 The deep-toned Mississippi leads the choir.
 The pure, sweet fountains chant of heavenly hope
 The chorus of the rills is household love;
 The rivers roll their song of social joy;
 And ocean's organ voice is sounding forth
 The hymn of Universal Brotherhood!

THE FOUR-LEAVED CLOVER.

"There's wisdom in the grass—its teachings would we heed."

THERE knelt beneath the tulip tree
 A maiden fair and young;
 The flowers o'erhead bloomed gorgeously,
 As though by rainbows flung,
 And all around were daisies bright,
 And pansies with their eyes of light;
 Like gold the sun-kissed crocus shone,
 With Beauty's smiles the earth seemed strown,
 And Love's warm incense filled the air,
 While the fair girl was kneeling there.

In vain the flowers may woo around—
 Their charms she does not see,
 For she a dearer prize has found
 Beneath the tulip tree:
 A little four-leaved clover, green
 As robes that grace the fairy queen,
 And fresh as hopes of early youth,
 When life is love, and love is truth—
 A talisman of constant love
 This humble clover sure will prove!

And on her heart that gentle maid
 The severed leaves has pressed,
 Which through the coming night's dark shade
 Beneath her cheek will rest:
 Then precious dreams of one will rise,
 Like Love's own star in morning skies,
 So sweetly bright, we would the day
 His glowing chariot might delay.
 What tones of pure and tender thought
 Those simple leaves to her have taught!

Of old the sacred misletoe
 The Druid's altar bound;
 The Roman hero's haughty brow
 The fadeless laurel crowned.
 Dark superstition's sway is past,
 And war's red star is waning fast,
 Nor misletoe nor laurel hold
 The mystic language breathed of old;
 For nature's life no power can give,
 To bid the false and selfish live.

But still the olive-leaf imparts,
 As when, dove-borne, at first,
 It taught heaven's lore to human hearts—
 Its hope, and joy, and trust;
 Nor deem the faith from folly springs,
 Which innocent enjoyment brings;
 Better from earth foot every flower,
 Than crush imagination's power,
 In true and loving minds, to raise
 An Eden for their coming days.

As on each rock, where plants can cling,
 The sunshine will be shed—
 As from the tiniest star-lit spring
 The ocean's depth's are fed—
 Thus hopes will rise, if love's clear ray
 Keep warm and bright life's rock-strewn way;
 And from small, daily joys, distilled,
 The heart's deep fount of peace is filled:
 Oh, blest when Fancy's ray is given,
 Like the ethereal spark, from Heaven!

DESCRIPTION OF ALICE RAY.

THE birds their love-notes warble
 Among the blossomed trees;
 The flowers are sighing forth their sweets
 To wooing honeybees;
 The glad brook o'er a pebbly floor
 Goes dancing on its way—
 But not a thing is so like spring
 As happy Alice Ray.

An only child was Alice,
 And, like the blest above,
 The gentle maid had ever breathed
 An atmosphere of love;
 Her father's smile like sunshine came,
 Like dew her mother's kiss;
 Their love and goodness made her home,
 Like heaven, the place of bliss.

Beneath such tender training
 The joyous child had sprung,
 Like one bright flower, in wild-wood bower
 And gladness round her flung;
 And all who met her blessed her,
 And turned again to pray,
 That grief and care might ever spare
 The happy Alice Ray.

The gift that made her charming
 Was not from Venus caught;
 Nor was it, Pallas-like, derived
 From majesty of thought:
 Her healthful cheek was tinged with brown,
 Her hair without a curl—
 But then her eyes were love-lit stars,
 Her teeth as pure as pearl.

And when in merry laughter
 Her sweet, clear voice was heard,
 It welled from out her happy heart
 Like carol of a bird;
 And all who heard were moved to smiles,
 As at some mirthful lay,
 And, to the stranger's look, replied,
 "Tis that dear Alice Ray."

And so she came, like sunbeams
 That bring the April green—
 As type of nature's royalty,
 They called her "Woodburn's queen!"
 A sweet, heart-lifting cheerfulness,
 Like springtime of the year,
 Seemed ever on her steps to wait—
 No wonder she was dear.

Her world was ever joyous—
 She thought of grief and pain
 As giants of the olden time,
 That ne'er would come again;
 The seasons all had charms for her,
 She welcomed each with joy—
 The charm that in her spirit lived
 No changes could destroy.
 Her love made all things lovely,
 For in the heart must live
 The feeling that imparts the charm—
 We gain by what we give.

IRON.

"Truth shall spring out of the earth."—*Psalm lxxxv. 11.*

As, in lonely thought, I pondered
On the marv'ulous things of earth,
And, in fancy's dreaming, wondered
At their beauty, power, and worth,
Came, like words of prayer, the feeling—
Oh! that God would make me know,
Through the spirit's clear revealing,
What, of all his works below,
Is to man a boon the greatest,
Brightening on from age to age,
Serving truest, earliest, latest,
Through the world's long pilgrimage.

Soon vast mountains rose before me,
Shaggy, desolate, and lone,
Their scarred heads were threat'ning o'er me,
Their dark shadows round me thrown;
Then a voice, from out the mountains,
As an earthquake shook the ground,
And like frightened fawns the fountains,
Leaping, fled before the sound;
And the Anak oaks bowed lowly,
Quivering, aspen-like, with fear—
While the deep response came slowly,
Or it must have crushed mine ear!

"Iron! iron! iron!"—crashing,
Like the battle-axe and shield!
Or the sword on helmet clashing,
Through a bloody battle-field:
"Iron! iron! iron!"—rolling,
Like the far-off cannon's boom;
Or the death-knell, slowly tolling,
Through a dungeon's charnel gloom!
"Iron! iron! iron!"—swinging,
Like the summer winds at play;
Or as bells of Time were ringing
In the blest millennial day!

Then the clouds of ancient fable
Cleared away before mine eyes;
Truth could tread a footing stable
O'er the gulf of mysteries!
Words, the prophet-bards had uttered,
Signs, the oracle foretold,
Spells, the weird-like sybil muttered,
Through the twilight days of old,
Rightly read, beneath the splendor,
Shining now on history's page,
All their faithful witness render—
All portend a better age.

Sisyphus, for ever toiling,
Was the type of toiling men,
While the stone of power, recoiling,
Crushed them back to earth again!
Stern Prometheus, bound and bleeding,
Imaged man in mental chain,
While the vultures, on him feeding,
Were the passions' vengeful reign;
Still a ray of mercy tarried
On the cloud, a white-winged dove,
For this mystic faith had married
Vulcan to the queen of love!

Rugged strength and radiant beauty—
These were one in nature's plan;
Humble toil and heavenward duty—
These will form the perfect man!
Darkly was this doctrine taught us
By the gods of heathendom;
But the living light was brought us,
When the gospel morn had come!
How the glorious change, expected,
Could be wrought, was then made free;
Of the earthly, when perfected,
Rugged iron forms the key!

"Truth from out the earth shall flourish,"
This the Word of God makes known—
Thence are harvests men to nourish—
There let iron's power be shown.
Of the swords, from slaughter gory,
Ploughshares forge to break the soil;
Then will Mind attain its glory,
Then will Labor reap the spoil—
Error cease the soul to 'wilder,
Crime be checked by simple good,
As the little coral-builder
Forces back the furious flood.

While our faith in good grows stronger,
Means of greater good increase;
Iron, slave of war no longer,
Leads the onward march of peace;
Still new modes of service finding,
Ocean, earth, and air, it moves,
And the distant nations binding,
Like the kindred tie it proves;
With its Atlas-shoulder sharing
Loads of human toil and care;
On its wing of lightning bearing
Thought's swift mission through the air
As the rivers, farthest flowing,
In the highest hills have birth;
As the banyan, broadest growing,
Oftenest bows its head to earth—
So the noblest minds press onward,
Channels far of good to trace;
So the largest hearts bend downward,
Circling all the human race;
Thus, by iron's aid, pursuing
Through the earth their plans of love,
Men our Father's will are doing,
Here, as angels do above!

THE WATCHER.

THE night was dark and fearful,
The blast swept wailing by;—
A watcher, pale and tearful,
Looked forth with anxious eye:
How wistfully she gazes—
No gleam of morn is there!
And then her heart upraises
Its agony of prayer!
Within that dwelling lonely,
Where want and darkness reign,
Her precious child, her only,
Lay moaning in his pain!

And death alone can free him—
 She feels that this must be :
 "But oh! for morn to see him
 Smile once again on me!"

A hundred lights are glancing
 In yonder mansion fair,
 And merry feet are dancing—
 They heed not morning there :
 Oh! young and lovely creatures,
 One lamp, from out your store,
 Would give that poor boy's features
 To her fond gaze once more!

The morning sun is shining—
 She heedeth not its ray ;
 Beside her dead, reclining,
 That pale, dead mother lay!
 A smile her lip was wreathing,
 A smile of hope and love,
 As though she still were breathing—
 "There's light for us above!"

◆
 I SING TO HIM.
 —

I SING to *him!* I dream he hears
 The song he used to love,
 And oft that blessed fancy cheers
 And bears my thoughts above.
 Ye say 'tis idle thus to dream—
 But why believe it so?
 It is the spirit's meteor gleam
 To soothe the pang of wo.

Love gives to nature's voice a tone
 That true hearts understand—
 The sky, the earth, the forest lone,
 Are peopled by his wand ;
 Sweet fancies all our pulses thrill
 While gazing on a flower,
 And from the gently whisp'ring rill
 Is heard the words of power.

I breathe the dear and cherished name,
 And long-lost scenes arise ;
 Life's glowing landscape spreads the same ;
 The same hope's kindling skies ;
 The violet-bank, the moss-fringed seat
 Beneath the drooping tree,
 The clock that chimed the hour to meet,
 My buried love, with thee—

O, these are all before me, when
 In fancy's realms I rove ;
 Why urge me to the world again ?
 Why say the ties of love,
 That death's cold, cruel grasp has riven,
 Unite no more below ?
 I'll sing to him—for though in heaven,
 He surely heeds my wo!

THE LIGHT OF HOME.

My son, thou wilt dream the world is fair,
 And thy spirit will sigh to roam,
 And thou *must* go;—but never, when there,
 Forget the light of home!

Though pleasure may smile with a ray more bright,
 It dazzles to lead astray ;
 Like the meteor's flash, 't will deepen the night
 When treading thy lonely way :

But the hearth of home has a constant flame,
 And pure as vestal fire ;
 'T will burn, 't will burn for ever the same,
 For nature feeds the pyre.

The sea of ambition is tempest-tossed,
 And thy hopes may vanish like foam :
 When sails are shivered and compass lost,
 Then look to the light of home!

And there, like a star through the midnight cloud,
 Thou shalt see the beacon bright,
 For never, till shining on thy shroud,
 Can be quenched its holy light.

The sun of fame may gild the *name*,
 But the *heart* ne'er felt its ray ;
 And fashion's smiles that rich ones claim,
 Are beams of a wintry day :

How cold and dim those beams would be,
 Should life's poor wanderer come!—
 My son, when the world is dark to thee,
 Then turn to the light of home.

◆
 THE TWO MAIDENS.
 —

ONE came with light and laughing air,
 And cheek like opening blossom—
 Bright gems were twined amid her hair,
 And glittered on her bosom,
 And pearls and costly diamonds deck
 Her round, white arms and lovely neck.

Like summer's sky, with stars bedight,
 The jewelled robe around her,
 And dazzling as the noontide light
 The radiant zone that bound her—
 And pride and joy were in her eye,
 And mortals bowed as she passed by.

Another came : o'er her sweet face
 A pensive shade was stealing ;
 Yet there no grief of earth we trace—
 But the heaven-hallowed feeling
 Which mourns the heart should ever stray
 From the pure fount of truth away.

Around her brow, as snowdrop fair,
 The glossy tresses cluster,
 Nor pearl nor ornament was there,
 Save the meek spirit's lustre ;
 And faith and hope beamed in her eye,
 And angels bowed as she passed by.

ANNA MARIA WELLS.

(Born 1797).

Mrs. WELLS, formerly Miss FOSTER, was born in Gloucester, Massachusetts. Her father died while she was an infant, and her mother, in a few years, married Mr. Locke, of Boston, the father of Mrs. Osgood. She began to write verses when very young, but published little until her marriage, in 1829, with Mr. Thomas Wells, of the United States revenue service, who was also an author of considerable merit, as is evident from some pieces by him quoted in Mr. Kettell's *Specimens of American Poetry*.

In 1830 Mrs. Wells published a small vol-

ume entitled *Poems and Juvenile Sketches*, and she has since been an occasional contributor to several periodicals that have been edited by her personal friends. The poems of Mrs. Wells are characterized by womanly feeling and a tasteful simplicity of diction. Her range is limited, and she has the good sense to enter only the fields to which she is invited by her affections and the natural fancies which are their children. While therefore her successes have not been brilliant they have been honorable, and she has to regret no failures.

ASCUTNEY.

In a low, white-washed cottage, overrun
With mantling vines, and sheltered from the sun
By rows of map'le trees, that gently moved
Their graceful limbs to the mid breeze they loved,
Oft have I lingered—idle it might seem,
But that the heart was busy; and I deem
Those minutes not misspent, when silently
The soul communes with nature, and is free.

O'erlooking this low cottage, stately stood
The huge Ascutney: there, in thoughtful mood,
I loved to hold with her gigantic form
Deep converse—not articulate, but warm
With feeling's noiseless eloquence, and fit
The soul of nature with man's soul to knit.

In various aspect, frowning on the day,
Or touched with morning twilight's silvery gray,
Or darkly mantled in the dusky night,
Or by the moonbeams bathed in showers of light—
In each, in all, a glory still was there,
A spirit of sublimity; but ne'er
Had such a might of loveliness and power
The mountain wrapt, as when, at midnight hour,
I saw the tempest gather round her head:
It was an hour of joy, yet tinged with dread.
As the deep thunder rolled from cloud to cloud,
From all her hidden caves she cried aloud:
Wood, cliff, and valley, with the echo rung;
From rock and crag darting, with forked tongue
The lightning glanced, a moment laying bare
Her naked brow, then silence—darkness there!
And straight again the tumult, as if rocks
Had split, and headlong rolled. But nature mocks
All language: these are scenes I ne'er again
May look upon—but precious thoughts remain
On memory's page; and ever in my heart,
Amid all other claims, that mountain hath a part.

THE TAMED EAGLE.

HE sat upon his humble perch, nor flew
At my approach;
But as I nearer drew,
Looked on me, as I fancied, with reproach,
And sadness too:
And something still his native pride proclaimed,
Despite his wo;
Which, when I marked—ashamed
To see a noble creature brought so low—
My heart exclaimed:
"Where is the fire that lit thy fearless eye,
Child of the storm,
When from thy home on high,
Yon craggy-breasted rock, I saw thy form
Cleaving the sky?"
"It grieveth me to see thy spirit tamed—
Gone out the light
That in thine eyeball flamed,
When to the midday sun thy steady flight
Was proudly aimed!"
"Like a young dove forsaken, is the look
Of thy sad eye,
Who, in some lonely nook,
Mourns on the willow bough her destiny,
Beside the brook."
"Oh, let not me insult thy fallen dignity,
Thou monarch bird,
Gazing with vulgar eye
Upon thy ruin; for my heart is stirred
To hear thy cry."
"Yet, something sterner in thy downward gaze
Doth seem to lower,
And deep disdain betrays,
As if thou cursed man's poorly-acted power,
And scorned his praise."

THE OLD ELM TREE.

EACH morning, when my waking eyes first see,
Through the wreathed lattice, golden day appear,
There sits a robin on the old elm tree,
And with such stirring music fills my ear,
I might forget that life had pain or fear,
And feel again as I was wont to do, [new.
When hope was young, and joy and life itself were
No miser, o'er his heaps of hoarded gold,
Nor monarch, in the plenitude of power,
Nor lover, free the chaste maid to enfold
Who ne'er hath owned her love till that blest hour,
Nor poet, couched in rocky nook or bower,
Knoweth more heartfelt happiness than he,
That never tiring warbler of the old elm tree.

From even the poorest of Heaven's creatures, such
As know no rule but impulse, we may draw
Lessons of sweet humility, and much
Of apt instruction in the homely law
Of nature : and the time hath been, I saw
Naught, beautiful or mean, but had for me [tree.
Some charm, even like the warbler of the old elm

And listening to his joy inspiring lay,
Some sweet reflections are engendered thence :
As half in tears, unto myself I say,
God, who hath given this creature sources whence
He such delight may gather and dispense,
Hath in my heart joy's living fountain placed,
More free to flow, the oftener of its waves I taste.

ANNA.

WITH the first ray of morning light
Her face is close to mine—her face all smiles :
She hovers round my pillow like a sprite
Mingling with tenderness her playful wiles.

All the long day
She's at some busy play ;
Or 'twixt her tiny fingers
The scissors or the needle speeds ;
Or some sweet story-book she reads,
And o'er it serious lingers.

She steps like some glad creature of the air,
As if she read her fate, and knew it fair—
In truth, for fate at all she hath no care.

Yet hath she tears as well as gladness :
A butterfly in pain

Will make her weep for sadness,
But straight she'll smile again.
And lately she hath pressed the couch of pain :
Sickness hath dimmed her eye,
And on her tender spirit lain,
And brought her near to die.

But like the flower
That droops at evening hour,
And opens gayly in the morning,
Again her quick eye glows,
And health's fresh rose
Her soft cheek is adorning.

Husied was her childish lay :
Like some sweet bird did sickness hold her in a net ;

And when she broke away,
And shook her wings in the bright day,
Her recent capture she did quite forget.
What joy again to hear her blessed voice !
My heart, lie still, but in thy quietness rejoice !
Again, along the floor and on the stair,

Coming and going, I hear her rapid feet ;
Again her little, simple, earnest prayer,

Hear her, at bedtime, in low voice repeat.
Again, at table, and the fire beside,

Her dear head rises, smiling with the rest ;
Again her heart and mind are open wide

To yield and to receive—bless and be blest—
Pliant and teachable, and oft revealing
Thoughts that must ripen into higher feeling.

Oh, sweet maturity !—the gentle mood
Raised to the intellectual and the good ;
The bright, affectionate, and happy child—
The woman, pure, intelligent, and mild !
It must be so : they can not waste on air
A mother's labor and a mother's prayer.

THE FUTURE.

THE flowers, the many flowers,
That all along the smiling valley grew,
While the sun lay for hours,
Kissing from off their drooping lids the dew ;
They, to the summer air
No longer prodigal, their sweet breath yield :
Vainly, to bind her hair,
The village maiden seeks them in the field.

The breeze, the gentle breeze,
That wandered like a frolic child at play,
Loitering mid blossomed trees,
Trailing their stolen sweets along its way,
No more adventuresome,
Its whispered love is to the violet given ;
The boisterous North has come,
And scared the sportive trifer back to heaven.

The brook, the limpid brook,
That prattled of its coolness, as it went
Forth from its rocky nook,
Leaping with joy to be no longer pent—
Its pleasant song is hushed :
The sun no more looks down upon its play—
Freely, where once it gushed,
The mountain torrent drives its noisy way.

The hours, the youthful hours,
When in the cool shade we were wont to lie,
Idling with fresh culled flowers,
In dreams that ne'er could know reality :
Fond hours, but half enjoyed,
Like the sweet summer breeze they passed away,
And dear hopes were destroyed,
Like buds that die before the noon of day.

Young life, young turbulent life,
If, like the stream, it take a wayward course,
'T is lost mid folly's strife—
O'erwhelmed at length by passion's curbless force :
Nor Jeem youth's buoyant hours
For idle hopes or useless musings given—
Who dreams away his powers,
The reckless slumberer sha!l not wake to heaven.

THE WHITE HARE.

It was the sabbath eve—we went,
My Geraldine and I, intent
The twilight hour to pass,
Where we might hear the water flow,
And scent the freighted winds that blow
Athwart the vernal grass.

In darker grandeur—as the day
Stole scarce perceptibly away—
The purple mountain stood,
Wearing the young moon as a crest:
The sun, half sunk in the far west,
Seemed mingling with the flood.

The cooling dews their balm distilled;
A holy joy our bosoms thrilled;
Our thoughts were free as air;
And, by one impulse moved, did we
Together pour instinctively
Our songs of gladness there.

The green wood waved its shade hard by,
While thus we wove our harmony:
Lured by the mystic strain,
A snow-white hare, that long had been
Peering from forth her covert green,
Came bounding o'er the plain.

Her beauty, 't was a joy to note—
The pureness of her downy coat,
Her wild yet gentle eye—
The pleasure that, despite her fear,
Had led the timid thing so near
To list our minstrelsy.

All motionless, with head inclined,
She stood, as if her heart divined
The impulses of ours—
Till the last note had died—and then
Turned half reluctantly again,
Back to her greenwood bowers.

Once more the magic sounds we tried—
Again the hare was seen to glide
From out her sylvan shade;
Again, as joy had given her wings,
Fleet as a bird she forward springs
Along the dewy glade.

Go, happy thing! disport at will—
Take thy delight o'er vale and hill,
Or rest in leafy bower:
The harrier may beset thy way,
The cruel snare thy feet betray—
Enjoy thy little hour!

We know not, and we ne'er may know
The hidden springs of joy and wo,
That deep within do lie:

The silent workings of thy heart
Do almost seem to have a part
With our humanity!

THE SEA-BIRD.

SEA-BIRD! haunter of the wave,
Delighting o'er its crest to hover;
Half engulfed where yawns the cave
The billow forms in rolling over;
Sea-bird! seeker of the storm!
In its shriek thou dost rejoice;
Sending from thy bosom warm
Answer shriller than its voice.

Bird, of nervous wingéd flight,
Flashing silvery to the sun,
Sporting with the sea-foam white—
When will thy wild course be done?
Whither tends it? Has the shore
No alluring haunt for thee?
Nook, with tangled vines grown o'er,
Scented shrub, or leafy tree?

Is the purple seaweed rarer
Than the violet of the spring?
Is the snowy foam-wreath fairer
Than the apple's blossoming?
Shady grove and sunny slope—
Seek but these, and thou shalt meet
Birds not born with storm to cope,
Hermits of retirement sweet—

Where no winds too rudely swell,
But in whispers, as they pass,
Of the fragrant flow'ret tell,
Hidden in the tender grass.
There the mockbird sings of love;
There the robin builds his nest;
There the gentle-hearted dove,
Brooding, takes her blissful rest.

Sea-bird, stay thy rapid flight:
Gone! where dark waves foam and dash,
Like a lone star on the night—
Far I see his white wing flash.
He obeyeth God's behest,
All their destiny fulfil:
Tempests some are born to breast—
Some to worship and be still.

If to struggle with the storm
On life's ever-changing sea,
Where cold mists enwrap the form,
My harsh destiny must be—
Sea-bird! thus may I abide
Cheerful the allotment given,
And, rising o'er the ruffled tide,
Escape at last, like thee, to heaven!

MARIA JAMES.

(Born 1795).

In 1833, Bishop Potter, then one of the professors in Union College, was shown by his wife, who had just returned from a visit to Rhinebeck on the Hudson, the Ode for the Fourth of July which is quoted on the next page, and informed that it was the production of a young woman at service in the family of a friend there, whom he had often noticed on account of her retiring and modest manners, and who had been in that capacity more than twenty years. When further advised that these lines had been thrown off with great rapidity and apparent ease, and that the writer had been accustomed almost from childhood to find pleasure in similar efforts, the information awakened a lively interest, and led him to examine other pieces from the same hand, and finally to introduce them to the public notice, in a preface over his signature to the volume entitled *Wales and other Poems*, by MARIA JAMES, published in 1839.

MARIA JAMES is the daughter of poor but pious parents who emigrated to this country from Wales, near the beginning of the present century, and settled near the slave quarries in the northern part of New York. Her remaining history is told in an interesting manner in the following extracts from a letter which she addressed to Mrs. Potter:

"Toward the completion of my seventh year, I found myself on ship-board, surrounded by men, women and children, whose faces were unknown to me. It was here, perhaps, that I first began to learn in a particular manner from observation—soon discovering that those children who were handsome or smartly dressed received much more attention than myself, who had neither of these recommendations: however, instead of giving way to feelings of envy and jealousy, my imagination was revelling among the fruits and flowers which I expected to find in the land to which we were bound. I also had an opportunity to learn a little English during the voyage, as 'Take care,' and 'Get out of the way,' seemed reiterated from land's end to land's end.

"After our family were settled in some measure, I was sent to school, my father having commenced teaching me at home some time previous. I think there was no particular aptness to learn about me. After I could read, I took much delight in John Rogers's last advice to his children, with all the excellent et ceteras to be found in the old English Primer. I was also fond of reading the common hymnbook. The New Testament was my only school-book. Thus accomplished, I happened one

day to hear a young woman read Addison's inimitable paraphrases of the twenty-third psalm: I listened as to the voice of an angel. Those who know the power of good reading or good speaking, need not be told that, where there is an ear for sound, the manner in which either is done will make every possible difference. This, probably, was the first time that I ever heard a good reader.

"My parents again removing, I found myself in a school where the elder children used the American Preceptor. I listened in transport as they read Dwight's Columbia, which must have been merely from the smoothness of its sound, as I could have had but very little knowledge of its meaning. I was now ten years of age, and as an opportunity offered which my parents saw fit to embrace, I entered the family in which I now reside, where, besides learning many useful household occupations, that care and attention was paid to my words and actions as is seldom to be met with in such situations. I had before me some of the best models for good reading and good speaking; and any child, with a natural ear for the beautiful in language, will notice these things, and though their conversation may not differ materially from that of others in their line of life, they will almost invariably *think* in the style of their admiration.

"The Bible here, as in my father's house, was the book of books, the heads of the family constantly impressing on all, that 'the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom,' and that to 'depart from iniquity is understanding.' There is scarcely anything that can affect the mind of young persons like those lessons of wisdom which fall from lips they love and respect.

"Besides frequent opportunities of hearing instructive books read, my leisure hours were often devoted to one or the other of these works: first, the Female Mentor, comprising within itself a little epitome of elegant literature; two odd volumes of the Adventurer; Miss Hannah More's Cheap Repository; and Pilgrim's Progress. During a period of nearly seven years which I spent in this family, the newspapers were more or less filled with the wars and fightings of our European neighbors. My imagination took fire, and I lent an ear to the whispers of the muse.

"'T was then that first she pruned the wing;

"'T was then she first essayed to sing."

But the wing was powerless, and the song without melody. As I advanced toward womanhood, I shrunk from the nickname of poet, which had been awarded me: the very idea seemed the height of presumption. In my seventeenth year I left this situation to learn dressmaking. I sewed neatly, but too slow to insure success. My failure in this was always a subject of regret. After this, I lived some time in different situations, my employment being principally in the nursery. In each of these different families I had access to those who spoke the purest English, also frequent opportunities of hearing correct and elegant readers—at least I believed them such by the effect produced on my feelings; and although nineteen years have nearly passed away since my return to the home of my early life, I have not ceased to remember with gratitude the kind treatment received from different persons at this period, while my attachment to their children has not been obliterated by time nor by absence, and is likely to continue till death.....

"With respect to the few poems which you have

been so kind as to overlook, I can hardly say myself how they came to be written. I recollect, many years ago, of trying something in this way for the amusement of a little boy who was very dear to me; except this, with a very few other pieces, long forgotten, no attempt of the kind was made until *The Mother's Lament*, and *Elijah*, with a number of epitaphs, which were written previous to those which have been produced within the last six years. The subject of the *Hummingbird*, (the oldest of these,) was taken captive by my own hand. The *Adventure* is described just as it happened. Wales is a kind of retrospect of the days of childhood.....Of Ambition, permit me, dear madam, to call your attention to the summer of 1832, when yourself, with the other ladies of this family, were reading Bourrienne's *Life of Napoleon Bonaparte*: I had opportunities of hearing a little sometimes, which brought forcibly to my mind certain conversations which I heard in the early part of my life respecting this wonderful man. The poem was produced the following summer. In the year 1819, *The American Flag* appeared in the *New York American*, signed 'Croaker & Co.': this kindled up the poetic fires in my breast, which, however, did not find utterance until fourteen years afterward, in the *Ode on the Fourth of July*, 1833. This appearing in print, some

who did not know me very well inquired of others, 'Do you suppose she ever wrote it?' Being answered in the affirmative, it was imagined 'she must have had help.' These remarks gave rise to the question, What is poetry? The *Album* was begun and carried through without previous arrangement or design, laid aside when the mind was weary, and taken up again just as the subject happened to present itself. *Friendship* was produced in the same way. Many of the pieces are written from impressions received in youth, particularly the *Whip-poor-will*, the *Meadow Lark*, the *Firefly*, &c."

In the Introduction to her poems Bishop Potter vindicates in an admirable manner, against the sneers of Johnson, the propriety of recognising the abilities of the humblest classes. It will be seen that the poems of Maria James will bear a very favorable comparison with the compositions of any of the "uneducated poets" whose names are celebrated in Mr. Southey's fine essay upon this subject.

ODE,

WRITTEN FOR THE FOURTH OF JULY, 1833.

I SEE that banner proudly wave—
 Yes, proudly waving yet;
 Not a stripe is torn from the broad array,
 Not a single star is set;
 And the eagle, with unruffled plume,
 Is soaring aloft in the welkin dome.

Not a leaf is plucked from the branch he bears;
 From his grasp not an arrow has flown;
 The mist that obstructed his vision is past,
 And the murmur of discord is gone:
 For he sees, with a glance over mountain and plain,
 The Union unbroken, from Georgia to Maine.

Far southward, in that sunny clime,
 Where bright magnolias bloom,
 And the orange with the lime tree vies
 In shedding rich perfume,
 A sound was heard like the ocean's roar,
 As its surges break on the rocky shore.

Was it the voice of the tempest loud,
 As it felled some lofty tree,
 Or a sudden flash from a passing storm
 Of heaven's artillery?
 But it died away, and the sound of doves
 Is heard again in the scented groves.

The links are all united still
 That form the golden chain,
 And peace and plenty smile around,
 Throughout the wide domain:
 How feeble is language, how cold is the lay,
 Compared with the joy of this festival day—

To see that banner waving yet—
 Ay, waving proud and high—
 No rent in all its ample folds,
 No stain of crimson dye:
 And the eagle spreads his pinions fair,
 And mounts aloft in the fields of air.

THE PILGRIMS.

TO A LADY.

WE met as pilgrims meet,
 Who are bound to a distant shrine,
 Who spend the hours in converse sweet
 From noon to the day's decline—
 Soul mingling with soul, as they tell of their fears
 And their hopes, as they pass thro' the valley of tears.

And still they commune with delight,
 Of pleasures or toils by the way,
 The winds of the desert that chill them by night,
 Or heat that oppresses by day:
 For one to the faithful is ever at hand,
 As the shade of a rock in a weary land.

We met as soldiers meet,
 Ere yet the fight is won—
 Ere joyful at their captain's feet
 Is laid their armor down:
 Each strengthens his fellow to do and to bear,
 In hope of the crown which the victors wear.

Though daily the strife they renew,
 And their foe his thousands o'ercome,
 Yet the promise unfailing is ever in view
 Of safety, protection, and home: [conferred,
 Where they knew that their sovereign such favor
 "As eye hath not seen, as the ear hath not heard."

We met as seamen meet,
 On ocean's watery plain,
 Where billows rise and tempests beat,
 Ere the destined port they gain:
 But tempests they baffle, and billows they brave,
 Assured that their pilot is mighty to save.

They dwell on the scenes which have past,
 Of perils they still may endure—
 The haven of rest, where they anchor at last
 Where bliss is complete and secure—
 Till its towers and spires arise from afar.
 ('To the eye of faith,) as some radiant star

We met as brethren meet,
 Who are cast on a foreign strand,
 Whose hearts are cheered as they hasten to greet
 And commune of their native land—
 Of their Father's house in that world above,
 Of his tender care and his boundless love.
 The city so fair to behold,
 The redeemed in their vestments of white—
 In those mansions of rest, where, mid pleasures un-
 They finally hope to unite: [told,
 Where ceaseless ascriptions of praise shall ascend
 To God and the Lamb in a world without end.

◆◆◆
 THE SOLDIER'S GRAVE.*

In Gallia's sunny fields,
 Where blooms the eglantine,
 And where luxuriant clusters bend
 The fruitful vine—
 The youth to manhood rose,
 ('Tis fancy tells the tale :)
 His step was swift as mountain deer
 That skims the vale.
 And his eagle glance,
 Which told perception keen,
 "Of will to do and soul to dare,"
 Deep fixed within.
 Perchance a mother's love,
 A father's tender care,
 With every kindly household bond,
 Were his to share.
 Perchance the darling one,
 The best beloved was he,
 Of all that gathered round the hearth
 From infancy.
 How fair life's morn to him !
 The world was blithe and gay—
 Hope, beckoning with an angel's smile,
 Led on the way.
 He left his native plain,
 He bade his home farewell—
 And she, the idol of his heart,
 The fair Adele.
 Though sad the parting hour,
 What ardor fixed his breast,
 To view the streams, to tread the soil,
 Far in the West !
 From where the Huron's wave
 First greets the ruddy light,
 To where Superior, in its glow,
 Lies calm and bright—
 Where rose the forest deep,
 Where stretched the giant shore,
 From Del Fuego's utmost bound
 To Labrador.

* The grave here spoken of was pointed out to the writer as the final resting place of a French officer—a single mound, without a stone to mark the spot, in Rutland county Vermont.

How many a gallant ship
 Since then has crossed the sea,
 Deep freighted from the western world—
 But where is he ?
 Oh, ne'er beside that hearth
 The unbroken ring shall meet,
 To tell th' adventurous tale, or join
 In converse sweet !
 For in that stranger-land
 His lonely grave is seen,
 Where northern mountains lift their heads
 In fadeless green.

◆◆◆
 TO A SINGING BIRD.

Hush, hush that lay of gladness,
 It fills my heart with pain,
 But touch some note of sadness,
 Some melancholy strain,
 That tells of days departed,
 Of hopes for ever flown—
 Some golden dream of other years,
 To riper age unknown.
 The captive, bowed in sadness,
 Impatient to be free,
 Might call that lay of gladness
 The voice of liberty :
 Again the joyous carol,
 Warm gushing, peals along,
 As if thy very latest breath
 Would spend itself in song.
 Oft as I hear those tones of thine
 Will thoughts like these intrude—
 "If once compared, thy lot with mine,
 How cold my gratitude ;
 Though gloom or sunshine mark the hours,
 Thy blossom, ne'ertheless,
 Will pour, as from its inmost fount,
 The tide of thankfulness."

◆◆◆
 GOOD FRIDAY.

THE scene is fresh before us,
 When Jesus drained the cup,
 As new the day comes o'er us
 When he was offered up—
 The veil in sunder rending,
 The types and shadows flee,
 While heaven and earth are bending
 Their gaze on Calvary.
 Should mortal dare in numbers,
 Where angels, trembling, stand—
 Or wake the harp that slumbers
 In flaming seraph's hand ?
 Then tell the wondrous story
 Where rolls Salvation's wave,
 And give Him all the glory,
 Who came the lost to save.

MARIA BROOKS.

(Born 1795—Died 1845).

It may be doubted whether, in the long catalogue of those whose works illustrate and vindicate the intellectual character and position of woman, there are many names that will shine with a clearer, steadier, and more enduring lustre, than that of MARIA DEL OCCIDENTE.

MARIA GOWEN, afterward Mrs. BROOKS, upon whom this title was conferred originally, I believe, by the poet Southey, was descended from a Welsh family that settled in Charlestown, near Boston, sometime before the Revolution. A considerable portion of the liberal fortune of her grandfather was lost by the burning of that city in 1775, and he soon afterward removed to Medford, across the Mystic river, where Maria Gowen was born about the year 1795. Her father was a man of education, and among his intimate friends were several of the professors of Harvard college, whose occasional visits varied the pleasures of a rural life. From this society she derived, at an early period, a taste for letters and learning. Before the completion of her ninth year, she had committed to memory many passages from the best poets; and her conversation excited special wonder by its elegance, variety, and wisdom. She grew in beauty, too, as she grew in years, and when her father died, a bankrupt, before she had attained the age of fourteen, she was betrothed to a merchant of Boston, who undertook the completion of her education, and as soon as she quitted the school was married to her. Her early womanhood was passed in commercial affluence; but the loss of several vessels at sea in which her husband was interested was followed by other losses on land, and years were spent in comparative indigence. In that remarkable book, *Idomen, or The Vale of Yumuri*, she says, referring to this period: "Our table had been hospitable, our doors open to many; but to part with our well-garnished dwelling had now become inevitable. We retired, with one servant, to a remote house of meaner dimensions, and were

sought no longer by those who had come in our wealth. I looked earnestly around me; the present was cheerless, the future dark and fearful. My parents were dead, my few relatives in distant countries, where they thought perhaps but little of my happiness. Burleigh I had never loved other than as a father and protector; but he had been the benefactor to my fallen family, and to him I owed comfort, education, and every ray of pleasure that had glanced before me in this world. But the sun of his energies was setting, and the faults which had balanced his virtues increased as his fortune declined. He might live through many years of misery, and to be devoted to him was my duty while a spark of his life remained. I strove to nerve my heart for the worst. Still there were moments when fortitude became faint with endurance, and visions of happiness that might have been mine came smiling to my imagination. I wept and prayed in agony."

In this period, poetry was resorted to for amusement and consolation. At nineteen she wrote a metrical romance, in seven cantos, but it was never published. It was followed by many shorter lyrical pieces, which were printed anonymously; and in 1820, after favorable judgments of it had been expressed by some literary friends,* she gave to the public a small volume entitled *Judith, Esther, and other Poems*, by a Lover of the Fine Arts. It contained many fine passages, and gave promise of the powers of which

* One of the friends here alluded to was the late Dr. Kirkland, president of Harvard college. On a blank leaf of the first copy of the volume that she received, she wrote the following lines, which have not before been printed.

Should e'er my half-learn'd muse attain the height
She trembling longs, yet fears to tempt no more,
Still will she bless, though wounded in her fight,
The generous hand that gave her strength to soar.
But should resistless tempests fiercely meet,
And cast her, struggling, to the whelming wave,
Even then, one tender, grateful pulse shall beat,
In her torn heart, for him who strove to save

Writing to me in 1842, Mrs. Brooks enclosed these verses and observed: "I recall them after an interval of twenty years. They have meaning and sincerity in them; but having during that time extended my acquaintance with muses and angels, I can not now bear to see either of them represented with plumage on their wings. Some of the most celebrated painters have, however, set the example."

the maturity is illustrated by Zophiël. The volume was dedicated to a friend

who cheered her first faint lays
With the hope-kindling breath of timely praise,
in the following verses :

Lady, I've woven for thee a wreath—
Though pale the buds that gem it,
Think of the gloom they grew beneath,
Nor utterly condemn it.

Scarce in my cradle was I laid,
Ere Fate relentless bound me,
Deep in a narrow vale of shade,
Where prisoning rocks surround me.

Lady, I've culled a wreath for you,
From the few flowers that grow there,
Because 't was all that I could do
To lull the sense of wo there.

Yet, lady, I have known delight
The heart with bliss overflowing,
Endearing forms have blest my sight
With soul and beauty glowing.

For Hope came all arrayed in light,
And pitying stood before me,
Smiled on each flinty barrier's height,
And to its summit bore me.

She showed many a scene divine—
She told me—and descended—
Of joys that never must be mine—
And then—her power was ended.

Oh, pleasures dead as soon as born,
To be forgotten never!—
Oh, moments fleeting, few, and gone,
To be regretted ever!

A few sweet waves of glowing light
Upon Time's dreary ocean,
Light gales that wake the dead, calm night
To momentary motion;

Bright beams that in their beauty bless
A dark and desert plain,
To show its fearful loneliness,
And disappear again.

Yet oft she hovers o'er me now,
Each soothing effort making:
So mothers kiss the infant's brow,
But can not cure its aching.

Then, lady, oh, accept my wreath,
Though all besides condemn it;
Think of the gloom it grew beneath,
Nor utterly condemn it.

In the two principal poems are presented characters entirely different in mind and person, but equally entitled to admiration. In Judith are exhibited prudence, fortitude, and decision, softened by a feminine sensibility; in Esther a soul painfully alive to every tender emotion, and a noble elevation of mind struggling with constitutional softness and timidity. Many passages remind us of her ma-

turest style, as this description of the slayer of the Assyrian :

With even step, in mourning garb arrayed,
Fair Judith walked, and grandeur marked her air
Though humble dust, in pious sprinklings laid,
Soiled the dark tresses of her copious hair.

And this picture of a boy :

Softly supine his rosy limbs reposed,
His locks curled high, leaving the forehead bare :
And o'er his eyes the light lids gently closed,
As they had feared to hide the brilliance there.

And this description of the preparations of Esther to appear before Ahasuerus :

"Take ye, my maids, this mournful garb away ;
Bring all my glowing gems and garments fair ;
A nation's fate impending hangs to-day
But on my beauty and your duteous care."

Prompt to obey, her ivory form they lave ;
Some comb and braid her hair of wavy gold ;
Some softly wipe away the limpid wave [rolled.
That o'er her dimply limbs in drops of fragrance

Refreshed and faultless from their hands she came
Like form celestial clad in raiment bright ;
O'er all her garb rich India's treasures flame,
In mingling beams of rainbow-colored light.

Graceful she entered the forbidden court,
Her bosom throbbing with her purpose high ;
Slow were her steps, and unassured her port,
While hope just trembled in her azure eye.

Light on the marble fell her ermine tread,
And when the king, reclined in musing mood,
Lifts, at the gentle sound, his stately head,
Low at his feet the sweet intruder stood.

Among the shorter poems are several that are marked by fancy and feeling, and a graceful versification, of one of which, an elegy, these are the opening verses :

Lone in the desert, drear and deep,
Beneath the forest's whispering shade,
Where brambles twine and mosses creep,
The lovely Charlotte's grave is made.

But though no breathing marble there
Shall gleam in beauty through the gloom,
The turf that hides her golden hair
With sweetest desert-flowers shall bloom.

And while the moon her tender light
Upon the hallowed scene shall fling,
The mocking-bird shall sit all night
Among the dewy leaves, and sing.

The following clever translation of the Greek of Moschus, from this volume, was made in the author's seventeenth year :

CUPID THE RUNAWAY.

LISTEN, listen, softly, clear—
Venus' accents woo the ear!
"Gentle stranger, hast thou seen,"
Thus begins the beauteous queen :
"Hast thou seen my Cupid stray,
Lurking, near the public way ?

Bring him back, and thou shalt sip
 A kiss at least from Venus' lip.
 'Tis a boy of well-known name,
 Thou canst know him by his fame:
 Fair his face, but overspread,
 Cheek and brow, with rosy red;
 And his eyes of azure bright
 Sparkle with a fiery light.
 Small and snowy are his hands,
 But their tender power commands
 Even Pluto's empire wide;
 Acheron's polluted tide
 Loses at their gentle waving
 Half the terror of its raving.
 At his dimpled shoulders move
 Plumy pinions like a dove,
 And or youth or maiden meeting,
 When among the flowers he's flitting,
 Like a swallow swift he darts,
 Perching on their beating hearts.
 From his back a quiver fair,
 Golden like his curly hair,
 Pendent falls in purple ties,
 Scattering radiance as he flies.
 He the slender dart can throw,
 Singing from his polished bow,
 Far as heaven: nor will he spare
 Even me, his mother, there.
 And when'er a victim bleeds,
 Laughing, glorying in his deeds,
 Still, with added fires to scorch,
 He, a little hidden torch,
 Deeming not his mischief done,
 Kindles at the glowing sun.
 If the urchin thou shouldst find,
 Let not pity move thy mind;
 Suffer not his tears to grieve thee,
 They but trickle to deceive thee.
 If he smile upon thee, haste,
 Heed him not, but bind him fast.
 Should he pout his lips to kiss,
 Oh! avoid the treacherous bliss!
 Turn thy head, nor dare to meet
 Of his breath the poison sweet.
 Should he ply his potent charms,
 And presenting thee his arms,
 Graceful kneel, and sweetly say,
 'Take my proffered gifts, I pray,'
 Do not touch them—still disdain—
 All are fraught with venom'd pain."

In the summer of 1823 Mr. Brooks died, and a paternal uncle soon after invited the poetess to Cuba, for which island she sailed on the 20th of the following October. Here, in 1824, she completed the first canto of Zophiël, or The Bride of Seven, which had been planned and nearly written before she left Boston, and it was published in that city in 1825. The second canto was finished in Cuba in the opening of 1827; the third, fourth, and fifth, in 1828, and the sixth in the beginning of 1829. The uncle of Mrs. Brooks

was now dead, and he had left to her his coffee plantation and other property, which afforded her a liberal income. She returned again to the United States, and resided more than a year in the vicinity of Dartmouth College, where her son was pursuing his studies; and in the autumn of 1830, in company with her only surviving brother, Mr. Hammond Gowen, of Quebec, she went to Paris, where she passed the following winter. The curious and learned notes to Zophiël were written in various places—some in Cuba, some in Hanover, some in Canada (which she visited during her residence at Hanover), some at Paris, and the rest at Keswick, in England, the home of Robert Southey, where she passed the spring of 1831. When she quitted the hospitable home of this much honored and much attached friend, she left with him the completed work, which he subsequently saw through the press, correcting the proofsheets himself, previous to its appearance in London, in 1833. On leaving Keswick, Mrs. Brooks addressed to Southey the following poem; and the subsequent correspondence between the two poets, which I have seen, shows that the promise of continued regard was fulfilled:

TO ROBERT SOUTHEY, ESQ.

Oh! laureled bard, how can I part,
 Those cheering smiles no more to see,
 Until my soothed and solaced heart
 Pours forth one grateful lay to thee?
 Fair virtue tuned thy youthful breath,
 And peace and pleasure bless thee now;
 For love and beauty guard the wreath
 That blooms upon thy manly brow.
 The Indian, leaning on his bow,
 On hostile cliff, in desert drear,
 Cast with less joy his glance below,
 When came some friendly warrior near;—
 The native dove of that warm isle
 Where oft, with flowers, my lyre was drest.
 Sees with less joy the sun a while
 When vertic rains have drenched her nest,
 Than I, a stranger, first beheld
 Thine eye's harmonious welcome given
 With gentle word, which, as it swelled,
 Came to my heart benign as heaven.
 Soft be thy sleep as mists that rest
 On Skiddaw's top at summer morn;
 Smooth be thy days as Derwent's breast
 When summer light is almost gone!
 And yet, for thee why breathe a prayer?
 I deem thy fate is given in trust
 To seraphs, who by daily care
 Would prove that Heaven is not unjust.

And treasured shall thine image be
 In Memory's purest, holiest shrine,
 While truth and honor glow in thee,
 Or life's warm, quivering pulse is mine.

The materials of Zophiël are universal; that is, such as may be appropriated by every polished nation. In all the most beautiful oriental systems of religion, including our own, may be found such beings as its characters. The early fathers of Christianity not only believed in them, but wrote cumbrous folios upon their nature and attributes. It is a fact deserving of notice, that they never doubted the existence and the power of the Grecian and Roman gods, but supposed them to be fallen angels, who had caused themselves to be worshipped under particular forms and for particular characteristics. To what an extent and to how very late a period this belief has prevailed, may be learned from a remarkable little work of Fontenelle,* in which that pleasing writer endeavors seriously to disprove that any preternatural power was illustrated in the responses of the ancient oracles. The Christian belief in good and evil angels is too beautiful to be laid aside. Their actual and present existence can be disproved neither by analogy, philosophy, nor theology, nor can it be questioned without casting a doubt also upon the whole system of our religion. This religion, by many a fanciful skeptic, has been called barren and gloomy; but setting aside all the legends of the Jews, and confining ourselves entirely to the generally received Scriptures, there will be found sufficient food for an imagination warm as that of Homer, Apelles, or Praxiteles. It is astonishing that such rich materials for poetry should for so many centuries have been so little regarded, appropriated, or even perceived.

The story of Zophiël, though accompanied by many notes, is simple and easily followed. Reduced to prose, and a child, or any person of the commonest apprehension, would read it with satisfaction. It is in six cantos, and is supposed to occupy the time of nine months: from the blooming of roses at Ecbatana to the coming in of spices at Babylon. Of this time the greater part is supposed to elapse between the second and third cantos, where Zophiël thus speaks of Egla to Phraërión:

Yet still she bloomed—uninjured, innocent—
 Though now for seven sweet moons by Zophiël
 watched and wooed.

* Histoire des Oracles.

The king of Medea, introduced in the second canto, is an ideal personage; but the history of that country, near the time of the second captivity, is very confused, and more than one young prince like Sardiüs might have reigned and died without a record. So much of the main story, however, as relates to human life is based upon sacred or profane history; and we have sufficient authority for the legend of an angel's passion for one of the fair daughters of our own world. It was a custom in the early ages to style heroes, to raise to the rank of demigods, men who were distinguished for great abilities, qualities, or actions. Above such men the angels who are supposed to have visited the earth, were but one grade exalted, and they were capable of participating in human pains and pleasures. Zophiël is described as one of those who fell with Lucifer, not from ambition or turbulence, but from friendship and excessive admiration of the chief disturber of the tranquillity of heaven: as he declares, when thwarted by his betrayer, in the fourth canto:

Though the first seraph formed, how could I tell
 The ways of guile? What marvels I believed
 When cold ambition mimicked love so well
 That half the sons of heaven looked on deceived!

During the whole interview in which this stanza occurs, the deceiver of men and angels exhibits his alleged power of inflicting pain. He says to Zophiël, after arresting his course:

“Sublime Intelligence!

Once chosen for my friend and worthy me:
 Not so wouldst thou have labored to be hence,
 Had my emprise been crowned with victory.
 When I was bright in heaven, thy seraph eyes
 Sought only mine. But he who every power
 Beside, while hope allured him, could despise,
 Changed and forsook me in misfortune's hour.”

To which Zophiël replies:

“Changed, and forsook thee? this from thee to me?
 Once noble spirit! Oh! had not too much
 My o'erfond heart adored thy fallacy,
 I had not now been here to bear thy keen reproach;
 Forsook thee in misfortune? at thy side
 I closer fought as perils thickened round,
 Watched o'er thee fallen: the light of heav'n denied,
 But proved my love more fervent and profound.
 Prone as thou wert, had I been mortal born,
 And owned as many lives as leaves there be,
 From all Hyrcania by his tempest torn
 I had lost, one by one, and given the last for thee
 Oh! had thy pledged pact of faith been kept,
 Still unaccomplished were the curse of sin;
 Mid all the woes thy ruined followers wept,
 Had friendship lingered, hell could not have been.”

Phraëriön, another fallen angel, but of a nature gentler than that of Zophiël, is thus introduced :

Harmless Phraëriön, formed to dwell on high,
Retained the looks that had been his above ;
And his harmonious lip, and sweet blue eye,
Soothed the fallen seraph's heart, and changed his
No soul creative in this being born, [scorn to love ;
Its restless, daring, fond aspirings hid ;
Within the vortex of rebellion drawn,
He joined the shining ranks *as others did*.
Success but little had advanced ; defeat
He thought so little, scarce to him were worse ;
And, as he held in heaven inferior seat,
Less was his bliss, and lighter was his curse.
He formed no plans for happiness : content
To curl the tendril, fold the bud ; his pain
So light, he scarcely felt his banishment.
Zophiël, perchance, had held him in disdain ;
But, formed for friendship, from his o'erfraught soul
'T was such relief his burning thoughts to pour
In other ears, that oft the strong control [more.
Of pride he felt them burst, and could restrain no
Zophiël was soft, but yet all flame ; by turns
Love, grief, remorse, shame, pity, jealousy,
Each boundless in his breast, impels or burns :
His joy was bliss, his pain was agony.

Such are the principal preterhuman characters in the poem. Eglä, the heroine, is a Hebræss, of perfect beauty, who lives with her parents not far from the city of Ecbatana, and has been saved by stratagem from a general massacre of captives under a former king of Medea. Being brought before the reigning monarch to answer for the supposed murder of Meles, she exclaims :

Sad from my birth, nay, born upon that day
When perished all my race, my infant ears
Were opened first with groans ; and the first ray
I saw, came dimly through my mother's tears.

Zophiël is described throughout the poem as burning with the admiration of virtue, yet frequently betrayed into crime by the pursuit of pleasure. Straying accidentally to the grove of Eglä, he is struck with her beauty, and finds consolation in her presence. His first appearance to her is beautifully described : in the dusky room, where she mourned her destiny, is suddenly a light, then something like a silvery cloud :

The form it hid
Modest emerged, as might a youth beseech ;
Save a slight scarf, his beauty bare, and white
As cygnet's bosom on some silver stream ;
Or young Narcissus, when to woo the light
Of his first morn, that floweret open springs ;
And near the maid he comes with timid gaze,
And gently fans her with his full-spread wings,
Transparent as the cooling gush that plays

From ivory fount. Each bright prismatic tint
Still vanishing, returning, blending, changing
About their tender mystic texture glint,
Like colors o'er the fullblown bubble ranging,
That pretty urchins launch upon the air,
And laugh to see it vanish ; yet, so bright,
More like—and even that were faint compare—
As shaped from some new rainbow. Rosy light,
Like that which pagans say the dewy car
Precedes of their Aurora, clipped him round,
Retiring as he moved ; and evening's star
Shamed not the diamond coronal that bound
His curly locks. And still to teach his face
Expression dear to her he wooed, he sought ;
And in his hand he held a little vase
Of virgin gold, in strange devices wrought.

He appears however at an unfortunate moment, for the fair Judean has just yielded to the entreaties of her mother and assented to proposals offered by Meles, a noble of the country ; but Zophiël causes his rival to expire suddenly on entering the bridal apartment, and his previous life at Babylon, as revealed in the fifth canto, shows that he was not undeserving of his doom. Despite her extreme sensibility, Eglä has much strength of character ; she is conscientious and cautious, and she regards the advances of Zophiël with distrust and apprehension. Meles being missed, she is brought to court to answer for his murder. Her sole fear is for her parents, who are the only Hebrews in the kingdom, and are suffered to live but through the clemency of Sardiüs, a young prince who has lately come to the throne, and who, like many oriental monarchs, reserves to himself the privilege of decreeing death. The king is convinced of her innocence, and, struck with her extraordinary beauty and character, resolves suddenly to make her his queen. We know of nothing in its way finer than the description which follows, of her introduction, in the simple costume of her country, to a gorgeous banqueting hall in which he sits with his assembled chiefs :

With unassured yet graceful step advancing,
The light vermilion of her cheek more warm
For doubtful modesty ; while all were glancing
Over the strange attire that well became such form.
To lend her space the admiring band gave way ;
The sandals on her silvery feet were blue ;
Of saffron tint her robe, as when young day
Spreads softly o'er the heavens, and tints the
trembling dew.
Light was that robe as mist ; and not a gem
Or ornament impedes its wavy fold,
Long and profuse, save that, above its hem,
'T was bordered with pomegranate wreath, in
gold.

And, by a silken cincture, broad and blue,
 In shapely guise about the waist confined,
 Blent with the curls that, of a lighter hue,
 Half floated, waving in their length behind;
 The other half, in braided tresses twined,
 Was decked with rows of pearls, and sapphire's az-
 Arranged with curious skill to imitate [ure too.
 The sweet acacia's blossoms; just as live
 And droop those tender flowers in natural state,
 And so the trembling gems seemed sensitive,
 And pendent, sometimes touch her neck; and there
 Seemed shrinking from its softness as alive.
 And round her arms, flour-white and round and fair,
 Slight bandelets were twined of colors five,
 Like little rainbows seemly on those arms;
 None of that court had seen the like before,
 Soft, fragrant, bright—so much like heaven her
 It scarce could seem idolatry to adore. [charms,
 He who beheld her hand forgot her face;
 Yet in that face was all beside forgot;
 And he who, as she went, beheld her pace,
 And locks profuse, had said, "Nay, turn thee not."
 Placed on a banquet couch beside the king,
 Mid many a sparkling guest no eye forbore;
 But, like their darts, the warrior princes fling
 Such looks as seemed to pierce, and scan her o'er
 Nor met alone the glare of lip and eye— [and o'er;
 Charms, but not rare: the gazer stern and cool,
 Who sought but faults, nor fault or spot could spy;
 In every limb, joint, vein, the maid was beautiful,
 Save that her lip, like some bud-bursting flower,
 Just scorned the bounds of symmetry, perchance,
 But by its rashness gained an added power,
 Heightening perfection to luxuriance.
 But that was only when she smiled, and when
 Dissolved the intense expression of her eye;
 And had her spirit love first seen her then,
 He had not doubted her mortality.

Idaspes, the Medean vizier, or prime minister, has reflected on the maiden's story, and is alarmed for the safety of his youthful sovereign, who consents to some delay and experiment, but will not be dissuaded from his design until five inmates of his palace have fallen dead in the captive's apartment. The last of these is Altheëtor, a favorite of the king (whose Greek name is intended to express his qualities), and the circumstances of his death, and the consequent grief of Eglá and despair of Zophiël, are painted with a beauty, power, and passion, scarcely surpassed:

Touching his golden harp to prelude sweet,
 Entered the youth, so pensive, pale, and fair;
 Advanced respectful to the virgin's feet, [there.
 And, lowly bending down, made tuneful parlance
 Like perfume, soft his gentle accents rose,
 And sweetly thrilled the gilded roof along;
 His warn, devoted soul no terror knows,
 And trutin and love lend fervor to his song.
 She hides her face upon her couch, that there
 She may not see him die. No groan—she springs

Frantic between a hope beam and despair,
 And twines her long hair round him as he sings
 Then thus: "Oh! being, who unseen, but near
 Art hovering now, behold and pity me!
 For love, hope, beauty, music—all that's dear,
 Look, look on me, and spare my agony!
 Spirit! in mercy make not me the cause,
 The hateful cause, of this kind being's death!
 In pity kill me first! He lives—he draws—
 Thou wilt not blast! he draws his harmless breath!"

Still lives Altheëtor; still unguarded strays
 One hand o'er his fallen lyre; but all his soul
 Is lost—given up. He fain would turn to gaze,
 But can not turn, so twined. Now all that stole
 Through every vein and thrilled each separate nerve,
 Himself could not have told, all wound and clasped
 In her white arms and hair. Ah! can they serve
 To save him? "What a sea of sweets!" he gasped,
 But 'twas delight, sound, fragrance, all, were breath-
 ing.

Still swell'd the transport: "Let me look and thank,
 He sighed, (celestial smiles his lips enwreathing;)
 "I die—but ask no more," he said, and sank—
 Still by her arms supported—lower—lower—
 As by soft sleep oppressed; so calm, so fair,
 He rested on the purple tapestried floor,
 It seemed an angel lay reposing there.

And Zophiël exclaims—

"He died of love, of the o'erperfect joy
 Of being pitied—prayed for—pressed—by thee!
 Oh, for the fate of that devoted boy
 I'd sell my birthright to eternity.
 I'm not the cause of this, thy last distress.
 Nay! look upon thy spirit ere he flies!
 Look on me once, and learn to hate me less!"
 He said, and tears fell fast from his immortal eyes.

Beloved and admired at first, Eglá becomes an object of hatred and fear; for Zophiël being invisible to others, her story is discredited, and she is suspected of murdering by some baleful art all who have died in her presence. She is, however, sent safely to her home, and lives, as usual, in retirement with her parents. The visits of Zophiël are now unimpeded. He instructs the young Jewess in music and poetry; his admiration and affection grow with the hours; and he exerts his immortal energies to preserve her from the least pain or sorrow, but selfishly confines her as much as possible to solitude, and permits for her only such amusements as he himself can minister. Her confidence in him increases, and in her gentle society he almost forgets his fall and banishment.

But the difference in their natures causes him continual anxiety; knowing her mortality, he is always in fear that death or sudden blight will deprive him of her; and he consults with Phraëion on the best means of

saving her from the perils of human existence. One evening,

Round Phraërión, nearer drawn,
One beauteous arm he flung: "First to my love!—
We'll see her safe; then to our task till dawn."
Well pleased, Phraërión answered that embrace;
All balmy he with thousand breathing sweets,
From thousand dewy flowers. "But to what place,"
He said, "will Zophiël go? who danger greets
As if 't were peace. The palace of the gnome,
Tahathyam, for our purpose most were meet;
But then, the wave, so cold and fierce, the gloom,
The whirlpools, rocks, that guard that deep retreat!
Yet *there* are fountains which no sunny ray
E'er danced upon, and drops come there at last,
Which, for whole ages, filtering all the way,
Through all the veins of earth, in winding maze
have past.

These take from mortal beauty every stain,
And smooth the unseemly lines of age and pain,
With every wondrous efficacy rife;
Nay, once a spirit whispered of a draught,
Of which a drop, by any mortal quaffed, [life.

Would save, for terms of years, his feeble, flickering
Tahathyam is the son of a fallen angel, and
lives concealed in the bosom of the earth,
guarding in his possession a vase of the elixir
of life, bequeathed to him by a father whom
he is not permitted to see. The visit of Zo-
phiël and Phraërión to this beautiful but un-
happy creature will remind the reader of the
splendid creations of Danté:

The soft flower spirit shuddered, looked on high,
And from his bolder brother would have fled;
But then the anger kindling in that eye
He could not bear. So to fair Eglá's bed [dread,
Followed and looked; then shuddering all with
To wondrous realms, unknown to men, he led;
Continuing long in sunset course his flight,
Until for flowery Sicily he bent;

Then, where Italia smiled upon the night, [scent.
Between their nearest shores chose midway his de-
The sea was calm, and the reflected moon
Still trembled on its surface; not a breath
Curled the broad mirror: night had passed her noon;
How soft the air! how cold the depths beneath!

The spirits hover o'er that surface smooth,
Zophiël's white arm around Phraërión's twined,
In fond caress, his tender cares to soothe, [hind.
While either's nearer wing the other's crossed be-
Well pleased, Phraërión half forgot his dread,
And first, with foot as white as lotus leaf,

The sleepy surface of the waves essayed; [grief.
But then his smile of love gave place to drops of
How could he for that fluid, dense and chill,
Change the sweet floods of air they floated on?
E'en at the touch his shrinking fibres thrill;

But ardent Zophiël, panting, hurries on,
And (catching his mild brother's tears, with lip
That whispered courage 'twixt each glowing kiss)
Persuades to plunge: limbs, wings, and locks, they
dip;

Whate'er the other's pains, the lover felt but bliss.

Quickly he draws Phraërión on, his toil
Even lighter than he hoped; some power benign
Seems to restrain the surges, while they boil
Mid crags and caverns, as of his design
Respectful. That black, bitter element,
As if obedient to his wish, gave way;
So, comforting Phraërión, on he went,
And a high, craggy arch they reach at dawn of day,
Upon the upper world; and forced them through
That arch, the thick, cold floods, with such a roar,
That the bold sprite receded, and would view
The cave before he ventured to explore.
Then, fearful lest his frightened guide might part
And not be missed amid such strife and din,
He strained him closer to his burning heart,
And, trusting to his strength, rushed fiercely in.
On, on, for many a weary mile they fare;
Till thinner grew the floods, long dark and dense,
From nearness to earth's core; and now, a glare
Of grateful light relieved their piercing sense;
As when, above, the sun his genial streams
Of warmth and light darts mingling with the waves
Whole fathoms down; while, amorous of his beams,
Each scaly, monstrous thing leaps from its slimy
And now, Phraërión, with a tender cry, [caves.
Far sweeter than the landbird's note, afar
Heard through the azure arches of the sky,
By the long baffled, storm worn mariner:
"Hold, Zophiël! rest thee now—our task is done,
Tahathyam's realms alone can give this light!
Oh! though 'tis not the life awakening sun,
How sweet to see it break upon such fearful night!"
Clear grew the wave, and thin; a substance white
The wide expanding cavern floors and flanks;
Could one have looked from high, how fair the sight!
Like these, the dolphin, on Bahaman banks,
Cleaves the warm fluid, in his rainbow tints,
While even his shadow on the sands below
Is seen, as through the wave he glides and glints,
Where lies the polished shell, and branching corals
No massive gate impedes; the wave in vain [grow.
Might strive against the air to break or fall;
And, at the portal of that strange domain,
A clear, bright curtain seemed, or crystal wall.
The spirits pass its bounds, but would not far
Tread its slant pavement, like unbidden guest;
The while, on either side, a bower of spar
Gave invitation for a moment's rest.
And, deep in either bower, a little throne
Looked so fantastic, it were hard to know
If busy Nature fashioned it alone,
Or found some curious artist here below.
Soon spoke Phraërión: "Come, Tahathyam, come,
Thou knowest me well—I saw thee once, to love,
And bring a guest to view thy sparkling dome
Who comes full fraught with tidings from above."
Those gentle tones, angelically clear,
Passed from his lips, in mazy depths retreating,
(As if that bower had been the cavern's ear,
Full many a stadia far; and kept repeating,
As through the perforated rock they pass,
Echo to echo guiding them; their tone
(As just from the sweet spirit's lip) at last
Tahathyam heard: where on a glittering throne
he solitary sat.

Sending through the rock an answering strain, to give the spirits welcome, the gnome prepares to meet them at his palace door :

He sat upon a car (and the large pearl,
Once cradled in it, glimmered now without),
Bound midway on two serpents' backs, that curl
In silent swiftness as he glides about.
A shell, 't was first in liquid amber wet,
Then, ere the fragrant cement hardened round,
All o'er with large and precious stones 't was set
By skilful Tsavaven, or made or found.
The reins seemed pliant crystal, (but their strength
Had matched his earthly mother's silken band),
And, flecked with rubies, flowed in ample length,
Like sparkles o'er Tahathyam's beauteous hand.
The reptiles, in their fearful beauty, drew,
As if from love, like steeds of Araby ;
Like blood of lady's lip their scarlet hue ; [to see.
Their scales so bright and sleek, 't was pleasure but
With open mouths, as proud to show the bit, [eye
They raise their heads and arch their necks (with
As bright as if with meteor fire 't were lit) ;
And dart their barbéd tongues 'twixt fangs of ivory.
These, when the quick advancing sprites they saw
Furl their swift wings, and tread with angel grace
The smooth, fair pavement, checked their speed in
And glided far aside as if to give them space. [awe.

The errand of the angels is made known to the sovereign of this interior and resplendent world, and upon conditions the precious elixir is promised ; but first Zophiël and Phræron are ushered through sparry portals to a banquet :

High towered the palace, and its massive pile,
Made dubious if of nature or of art,
So wild and so uncouth ; yet, all the while,
Shaped to strange grace in every varying part.
And groves adorned it, green in hue, and bright,
As icicles about a laurel tree ;
And danced about their twigs a wondrous light ;
Whence came that light so far beneath the sea ?
Zophiël looked up to know, and to his view
The vault scarce seemed less vast than that of day ;
No rocky roof was seen ; a tender blue
Appeared, as of the sky, and clouds about it play :
And, in the midst, an orb looked as 't were meant
To shame the sun, it mimicked him so well.
But ah ! no quickening, grateful warmth it sent ;
Cold as the rock beneath, the paly radiance fell.
Within, from thousand lamps, the lustre strays,
Reflected back from gems about the wall ;
And from twelve dolphin shapes a fountain plays,
Just in the centre of a spacious hall ;
But whether in the sunbeam formed to sport,
These shapes once lived in suppleness and pride,
And then, to decorate this wondrous court,
Were stol'n from the waves and petrified ;
Or, moulded by some imitative gnome,
And sca'led all o'er with gems, they were but stone,
Casting their showers and rainbows neath the dome,
To man, or angel's eye might not be known.
No snowy fleece in these sad realms was found,

Nor si'ken ball by maiden loved so well ;
But ranged in lightest garniture around,
In seemly folds, a shining tapestry fell.
And fibres of asbestos, bleached in fire,
And all with pearls and sparkling gems o'erflecked,
Of that strange court composed the rich attire,
And such the cold, fair form of sad Tahathyam
decked.

Gifted with every pleasing endowment, in possession of an elixir of which a drop perpetuates life and youth, surrounded by friends of his own choice, who are all anxious to please and amuse him, the gnome feels himself inferior in happiness to the lowest of mortals. His sphere is confined, his high powers useless, for he is without the "last, best gift of God to man," and there is no object on which he can exercise his benevolence. The feast is described with the terse beauty which marks all the canto, and at its close —

The banquet cups, of many a hue and shape,
Bossed o'er with gems, were beautiful to view ;
But, for the madness of the vaunted grape,
Their only draught was a pure, limpid dew.
The spirits while they sat in social guise,
Pledging each goblet with an answering kiss,
Marked many a gnome conceal his bursting sighs ;
And thought death happier than a life like this.
But they had music : at one ample side
Of the vast area of that sparkling hall,
Fringed round with gems, that all the rest outvied,
In form of canopy, was seen to fall
The stony tapestry, over what, at first,
An a'tar to some deity appeared ;
But it had cost full many a year to adjust
The limpid crystal tubes that neath upreared
Their different lucid lengths ; and so complete
Their wondrous 'rangement, that a tuneful gnome
Drew from them sounds more varied, clear, and
sweet,
Than ever yet had rung in any earthly dome.
Loud, shrilly, liquid, soft ; at that quick touch
Such modulation wooed his angel ears,
That Zophiël wondered, started from his couch,
And thought upon the music of the spheres.

But Zophiël lingers with ill dissembled impatience, and Tahathyam leads the way to where the elixir of life is to be surrendered :

Soon through the rock they wind ; the draught divine
Was hidden by a veil the king alone might lift.
Cephroniel's son, with half averted face
And fatering hand, that curtain drew, and showed,
Of solid diamond formed, a lucid vase ;
And warm within the pure elixir glowed ;
Bright red, like flame and blood (could they so meet)
Ascending, sparkling, dancing, whirling, ever
In quick, perpetual movement ; and of heat
So high, the rock was warm beneath their feet,
(Yet heat in its intenseness hurtful never.)

Even to the entrance of the long arcade
Which led to that deep shrine, in the rock's breast
As far as if the half-angel were afraid
To know the secret he himself possessed.
Tahathyam filled a slip of spar, with dread,
As if stood by and frowned some power divine;
Then trembling, as he turned to Zophiël, said,
"But for one service shalt thou call it thine;
Bring me a wife; as I have named the way
(I will not risk destruction save for love!)—
Fair-haired and beauteous, like my mother; say—
Plight me this pact; so shalt thou bear above,
For thine own purpose, what has here been kept
Since bloomed the second age, to angels dear.
Bursting from earth's dark womb, the fierce wave
swept

Off every form that lived and loved, while here,
Deep hidden here, I still lived on and wept."

Great pains have evidently been taken to have everything throughout the work in keeping. Most of the names have been selected for their particular meaning. Tahathyam and his retinue appear to have been settled in their submarine dominion before the great deluge that changed the face of the earth, as is intimated in the lines last quoted; and as the accounts of that judgment and of the visits and communications of angels connected with it are chiefly in Hebrew, they have names from that language. It would have been better perhaps not to have called the persons of the third canto gnomes, as at this word one is reminded of all the varieties of the Rosierucian system, of which Pope has so well availed himself in the Rape of the Lock, which sprightly production has been said to be derived, though remotely, from Jewish legends of fallen angels. Tahathyam can be called gnome only on account of the retreat to which his erring father has consigned him.

The spirits leave the cavern, and Zophiël exults a moment, as if restored to perfect happiness. But there is no way of bearing his prize to the earth except through the most dangerous depths of the sea.

Zophiël, with toil severe,
But bliss in view, through the thrice murky night,
Sped swiftly on. A treasure now more dear
He had to guard, than bo'dest hope had dared
To breathe for years; but rougher grew the way;
And soft Phraëriön, shrinking back and scared [day,
At every whirling depth, wept for his flowers and
Shivered, and pained, and shrieking, as the waves
Wildly impel them 'gainst the jutting rocks;
Not all the care and strength of Zophiël saves
His tender guide from half the wildering shocks
He bore. The calm, which favored their descent,
And bade them look upon their task as o'er,

Was past; and now the inmost earth seemed rent
With such fierce storms as never raged before.
Of a long mortal life had the whole pain
Essenced in one consummate pang, been borne,
Known, and survived, it still would be in vain
To try to paint the pains felt by these sprites forlorn
The precious drop closed in its hollow spar,
Between his lips Zophiël in triumph bore.
Now, earth and sea seem shaken! Dashed afar
He feels it part;—'tis dropped: the waters rear,
He sees it in a sable vortex whirling,
Formed by a cavern vast, that neath the sea
Sucks the fierce torrent in.

The furious storm has been raised by the power of his betrayer and persecutor, and in gloomy desperation Zophiël rises with the frail Phraëriön to the upper air:

Black clouds, in mass deform,
Were frowning; yet a moment's calm was there,
As it had stopped to breathe a while the storm.
Their white feet press the desert sod; they shook
From their bright locks the briny drops; nor stayed
Zophiël on ills, present or past, to look.

But his flight toward Medea is stayed by a renewal of the tempest:

Loud and more loud the blast; in mingled gyre
Flew leaves and stones, and with a deafening crash
Fell the uprooted trees; heaven seemed on fire—
Not, as 'tis wont, with intermitting flash,
But, like an ocean all of liquid flame,
The whole broad arch gave one continuous glare,
While through the red light from their prowling
came
The frightened beasts, and ran, but could not find a
lair.

At length comes a shock, as if the earth crashed against some other planet, and they are thrown amazed and prostrate upon the heath. Zophiël—

in a mood
Too fierce for fear, uprose; yet ere for flight
Served his torn wings, a form before him stood
In gloomy majesty. Like starless night,
A sable mantle fell in cloudy fold
From its stupendous breast; and as it trod,
The pale and lurid light at distance rolled
Before its princely feet, receding on the sod.

The interview between the bland spirit and the prime cause of his guilt is full of the energy of passion, and the rhetoric of the conversation has a masculine beauty of which Mrs. Brooks alone of all the poets of her sex was capable.

Zophiël returns to Medea and the drama draws to a close, which is painted with consummate art. Egla wanders alone at twilight in the shadowy vistas of a grove, wondering and sighing at the continued absence of the enamored angel, who approaches un-

seen while she sings a strain that he had taught her.

His wings were folded o'er his eyes; severe
 As was the pain he'd borne from wave and wind,
 The dubious warning of that being drear,
 Who met him in the lightning, to his mind
 Was torture worse; a dark presentiment
 Came o'er his soul with paralyzing chill,
 As when *Fatè* vaguely whispers her intent
 To poison mortal joy with sense of coming ill.
 He searched about the grove with all the care
 Of trembling jealousy, as if to trace
 By track or wounded flower some rival there;
 And scarcely dared to look upon the face
 Of her he loved, lest it some tale might tell
 To make the only hope that soothed him vain:
 He hears her notes in numbers die and swell,
 But almost fears to listen to the strain
 Himself had taught her, lest some hated name
 Had been with that dear gentle air enwreathed,
 While he was far; she sighed—he nearer came—
 Oh, transport! *Zophiël* was the name she breathed.
 He saw her—but

Paused, ere he would advance, for very bliss.
 The joy of a whole mortal life he felt
 In that one moment. Now, too long unseen,
 He fain had shown his beauteous form, and knelt,
 But while he still delayed, a mortal rush'd between.

This scene is in the sixth canto. In the fifth, which is occupied almost entirely by mortals, and bears a closer relation than the others to the chief works in narrative and dramatic poetry, are related the adventures of *Zameia*, which, with the story of her death, following the last extract, would make a fine tragedy. Her misfortunes are simply told by an aged attendant who had fled with her in pursuit of *Meles*, whom she had seen and loved in *Babylon*. At the feast of *Venus Mylitta*,

Full in the midst, and taller than the rest,
Zameia stood distinct, and not a sigh
 Disturbed the gem that sparkled on her breast;
 Her oval cheek was heightened to a dye
 That shamed the mellow vermeil of the wreath
 Which in her jetty locks became her well,
 And mingled fragrance with her sweeter breath,
 The while her haughty lips more beautifully swell
 With consciousness of every charm's excess;
 While with becoming scorn she turned her face
 From every eye that darted its caress,
 As if some god alone might hope for her embrace.
 Again she is discovered, sleeping, by the
 rocky margin of a river:
 Pallid and worn, but beautiful and young, [trace;
 Though marked her charms by wildest passion's
 Her long round arms, over a fragment flung,
 From pillow all too rude protect a face
 Whose dark and high arched brows gave to the
 thought

To deem what radiance once they towered above
 But all its proudly beauteous outline taught
 That anger there had shared the throne of love.

It was *Zameia* that rushed between *Zophiël* and *Egla*, and that now with quivering lip, disordered hair, and eye gleaming with phrensy, seized her arm, reproached her with the murder of *Meles*, and attempted to kill her. But as her dagger touches the white robe of the maiden, her arm is arrested by some unseen power, and she falls dead at *Egla's* feet. Reproached by her own handmaid and by the aged attendant of the princess, *Egla* feels all the horrors of despair, and, beset with evil influences, she seeks to end her own life, but is prevented by the timely appearance of *Raphael*, in the character of a traveller's guide, leading *Helon*, a young man of her own nation and kindred who has been living unknown at *Babylon*, protected by the same angel, and destined to be her husband; and to the mere idea of whose existence, imparted to her in a mysterious and vague manner by *Raphael*, she has remained faithful from her childhood.

Zophiël, who by the power of *Lucifer* has been detained struggling in the grove, is suffered once more to enter the presence of the object of his affection. He sees her supported in the arms of *Helon*, whom he makes one futile effort to destroy, and then is banished for ever. The emissaries of his immortal enemy pursue the baffled seraph to his place of exile, and by their derision endeavor to augment his misery:

And when they fled, he hid him in a cave [there,
 Strewn with the bones of some sad wretch who
 Apart from men, had sought a desert grave,
 And yielded to the demon of despair.
 There beauteous *Zophiël*, shrinking from the day,
 Envyng the wretch that so his life had ended,
 Wailed his eternity;

but, at last, is visited by *Raphael*, who gives him hopes of restoration to his original rank in heaven.

The concluding canto is entitled *The Bridal of Helon*, and in the following lines it contains much of the author's philosophy of life:
 The bard has sung, God never formed a soul
 Without its own peculiar mate, to meet
 Its wandering half, when ripe to crown the who'e
 Bright plan of bliss, most heavenly, most complete!
 But thousand evil things there are that hate
 To look on happiness; these hurt, impede, [fate,
 And, leagued with time, space, circumstance, and
 Keep kindred heart from heart, to pine, and pant,
 and bleed.

And as the dove to far Palmyra flying,
 From where her native founts of Antioch beam,
 Weary, exhausted, longing, panting, sighing,
 Lights sadly at the desert's bitter stream—
 So many a soul, o'er life's drear desert faring,
 Love's pure, congenial spring unfound, unquaffed,
 Suffers, recoils—then thirsty and despairing
 Of what it would, descends and sips the nearest
 draught.

On consulting Zophiël, it will readily be seen that the passages here extracted have not been chosen for their superior poetical merit. It has simply been attempted by quotations and a running commentary to convey a just impression of the scope and character of the work. There is not perhaps in the English language a poem containing a greater variety of thought, description, and incident, and though the author did not possess in an eminent degree the constructive faculty, there are few narratives that are conducted with more regard to unities, or with more simplicity and perspicuity.

Though characterized by force and even freedom of expression, it does not contain an impure or irreligious sentiment. Every page is full of passion, but passion subdued and chastened by refinement and delicacy. Several of the characters are original and splendid creations. Zophiël seems to us the finest fallen angel that has come from the hand of a poet. Milton's outcasts from heaven are utterly depraved and abraded of their glory; but Zophiël has traces of his original virtue and beauty, and a lingering hope of restoration to the presence of the Divinity. Deceived by the specious fallacies of an immortal like himself, and his superior in rank, he encounters the blackest perfidy in him for whom so much had been forfeited, and the blight of every prospect that had lured his fancy or ambition. Egla, though one of the most important characters in the poem, is much less interesting. She is represented as heroically consistent, except when given over for a moment to the malice of infernal emissaries. In her immediate reception of Helon as a husband, she is constant to a long cherished idea, and fulfils the design of her guardian spirit, or it would excite some wonder that Zophiël was worsted in such competition. It will be perceived upon a careful examination that the work is in admirable keeping, and that the entire conduct of its several persons bears a just relation to their characters and positions.

Mrs. Brooks returned to the United States, and her son being now a student in the military academy, she took up her residence in the vicinity of West Point, where, with occasional intermissions in which she visited her plantation in Cuba or travelled in the United States, she remained until 1839. Her marked individuality, the variety, beauty, and occasional splendor of her conversation, made her house a favorite resort of the officers of the academy, and of the most accomplished persons who frequented that romantic neighborhood, by many of whom she will long be remembered with mingled affection and admiration.

In 1834 she caused to be published in Boston an edition of Zophiël, for the benefit of the Polish exiles who were thronging to this country after their then recent struggle for freedom. There were at that time too few readers among us of sufficiently cultivated and independent taste to appreciate a work of art which time or accident had not commended to the popular applause, and Zophiël scarcely anywhere excited any interest or attracted any attention. At the end of a month but about twenty copies had been sold, and, in a moment of disappointment, Mrs. Brooks caused the remainder of the impression to be withdrawn from the market. The poem has therefore been little read in this country, and even the title of it would have remained unknown to the common reader of elegant literature but for occasional allusions to it by Southey and other foreign critics.*

In the summer of 1843, while Mrs. Brooks was residing at Fort Columbus, in the bay of New York—a military post at which her son, Captain Horace Brooks, was stationed several years—she had printed for private circulation the remarkable little work to which allusion has already been made, entitled *Idomen, or The Vale of the Yumuri*. It is in the style of a romance, but contains little that is fictitious except the names of the characters. The account which *Idomen* gives of her own history is literally true, except in

* Maria del Occidente is styled in "The Doctor," &c., "the most impassioned and most imaginative of all poetesses." And without taking into account *quædam ardentiora* scattered here and there throughout her singular poem, there is undoubtedly ground for the first clause, and, with the more accurate substitution of "fanciful" for "imaginative," for the whole of the eulogy. It is altogether an extraordinary performance.—*London Quarterly Review*.

Which [Zophiël] he [Southey] says is by some Yankee woman, as if there ever had been a woman capable of anything so great!—*Charles Lamb*.

relation to an excursion to Niagara, which occurred in a different period of the author's life. It is impossible to read these interesting "confessions" without feeling a profound interest in the character which they illustrate; a character of singular strength, dignity, and delicacy, subjected to the severest tests, and exposed to the most curious and easy analyses. "To see the inmost soul of one who bore all the impulse and torture of self-murder without perishing, is what can seldom be done: very few have memories strong enough to retain a distinct impression of past suffering, and few, though possessed of such memories, have the power of so describing their sensations as to make them apparent to another." Idomen will possess an interest and value as a psychological study, independent of that which belongs to it as a record of the experience of so eminent a poet.

Mrs. Brooks was anxious to have published an edition of all her writings, including Idomen, before leaving New York, and she authorized me to offer gratuitously her copyrights to an eminent publishing house for that purpose. In the existing condition of the copyright laws, which should have been entitled acts for the discouragement of a native literature, she was not surprised that the offer was declined, though indignant that the reason assigned should have been that they were "of too elevated a character to sell." Writing to me soon afterward she observed: "I do not think anything from my humble imagination can be 'too elevated,' or elevated enough, for the public as it really is in these North American states.....In the words of poor Spurzheim, (uttered to me a short time before his death, in Boston,) I solace myself by saying, 'Stupidity! stupidity! the knowledge of that alone has saved me from misanthropy.'"

In December, 1843, Mrs. Brooks sailed the last time from her native country for the island of Cuba. There, on her coffee estate, Hermita, she renewed for a while her literary labors. The small stone building, smoothly plastered, with a flight of steps leading to its entrance, in which she wrote some of the cantos of Zophiël, is described by a recent traveller* as surrounded by alleys of "palms, cocoas, and oranges, interspersed with the tamarind, the pomegranate, the mangoe, and

the rose-apple, with a back ground of coffee and plantains covering every portion of the soil with their luxuriant verdure. I have often passed it," he observes, "in the still night, when the moon was shining brightly, and the leaves of the cocoa and palm threw fringe-like shadows on the walls and the floor, and the elfin lamps of the cocullos swept through the windows and door, casting their lurid, mysterious light on every object, while the air was laden with mingled perfume from the coffee and orange, and the tube-rose and night-blooming ceres, and have thought that no fitter birthplace could be found for the images she has created."

Her habits of composition were peculiar. With an almost unconquerable aversion to the use of the pen, especially in her later years, it was her custom to finish her shorter pieces, and entire cantos of longer poems, before committing a word of them to paper. She had long meditated, and had partly composed, an epic under the title of Beatriz, the Beloved of Columbus, and when transmitting to me the manuscript of *The Departed*, in August, 1844, she remarked: "When I have written out my *Vistas del Inferno* and one other short poem, I hope to begin the penning of the epic I have so often spoken to you of: but when or whether it will ever be finished, Heaven alone can tell." I have not learned whether this poem was written, but when I heard her repeat passages of it, I thought it would be a nobler work than *Zophiël*.

But little will be said here of the minor poems of Mrs. Brooks. They evince the same power and passion—the imagination, fancy, command of poetical language, and intense feeling, which are so apparent in her chief work. Many of them were written under the pressure of extraordinary circumstances, and these breathe of the fresh and deep emotions by which they were occasioned. Others are in a more eminent degree works of art, composed for the mere love of giving form to the lights and shadows, and vague creations, of a mind teeming with beauty. One of her latest productions is the *Ode to the Departed*. She wrote to me on the seventeenth of August, 1844, "I send you a poem which may possibly please you, as I remember your approval of a hymn of mine not dissimilar. On the seventeenth of last April it was conceived and partly executed in the midst of a

* The author of "Notes on Cuba."—Boston, 1844.

dearth such as had not for many years been known in the island of Cuba. A late attempt at insurrection had been followed by such scenes and events as could not fail to call forth thoughts and hopes of a future existence, even if private sorrow had not before awakened them." This poem, one written about the same time under the title of *Con*

Vistas del Infierno, another To the Departed, one on Revisiting Cuba, one to Painting, and an Invocation to Poetry, are all that have appeared in this stanza which was invented by Mrs. Brooks, and was admirably suited to the tone of her later compositions.

Mrs. Brooks died at Matanzas, in Cuba, on the eleventh of November, 1845.

EXTRACTS FROM ZOPHIEL.

MORNING.

How beautiful art thou, O thou morning sun!—
The old man, feebly tottering forth, admires
As much thy beauty, now life's dream is done,
As when he moved exulting in his fires.
The infant strains his little arms to catch
The rays that glance about his silken hair;
And Luxury hangs her amber lamps, to match [fair.
Thy face, when turned away from bower and palace
Sweet to the lip the draught, the blushing fruit;
Music and perfumes mingle with the soul;
How thrills the kiss, when feeling's voice is mute!
And light and beauty's tints enhance the whole.
Yet each keen sense were dulness but for thee:
Thy ray to joy, love, virtue, genius, warms;
Thou never weariest; no inconstancy
But comes to pay new homage to thy charms.
How many lips have sung thy praise, how long!
Yet, when his slumbering harp he feels thee woo,
The pleased bard pours forth another song,
And finds in thee, like love, a theme for ever new.
Thy dark eyed daughters come in beauty forth,
In thy near realms; and, like their snowwreaths fair,
The bright haired youths and maidens of the north
Smile in thy colors when thou art not there.
'Tis there thou bidst a deeper ardor glow,
And higher, purer reveries' completest;
As drops that farthest from the ocean flow,
Refining all the way, from springs the sweetest.
Haply, sometimes, spent with the sleepless night,
Some wretch, impassioned, from sweet morning's
breath,
Turns his hot brow, and sickens at thy light;
But Nature, ever kind, soon heals or gives him
death.

VIRTUE.

Virtue! how many as a lowly thing,
Born of weak folly, scorn thee! but thy name
Alone they know; upon thy soaring wing
They'd fear to mount; nor could thy sacred flame
Burn in their baser hearts: the biting thorn,
The flinty crag, flowers hiding, strew thy field;
Yet blest is he whose daring bides the scorn
Of the frail, easy herd, and buckles on thy shield.
Who says thy ways are bliss, troils but a lay
To lure the infant: if thy paths, to view,
Were always pleasant, Crime's worst sons would lay
Their daggers at thy feet, and, from mere sloth,
pursue.

CONFIDING LOVE.

What bliss for her who lives her little day,
In blest obedience, like to those divine,
Who to her loved, her earthly lord, can say,
"God is thy law, most just, and thou art mine."
To every blast she bends in beauty meek:
Let the storm beat—his arms her shelter kind—
And feels no need to blanch her rosy cheek
With thoughts befitting his superior mind.
Who only sorrows when she sees him pained,
Then knows to pluck away Pain's keenest dart;
Or bid Love catch it ere its goal be gained,
And steal its venom ere it reach his heart.
'Tis the soul's food: the fervid must adore.—
For this the heathen, unsufficed with thought,
Moulds him an idol of the glittering ore,
And shrines his smiling goddess, marble wrought
What bliss for her, even in this world of wo,
Oh, Sire! who makest yon orbstrewn arch thy
That sees thee in thy noblest work below [throne;
Shine undefaced, adored, and all her own!
This I had hoped; but hope, too dear, too great,
Go to thy grave!—I feel thee blasted, now.
Give me Fate's sovereign, well to bear the fate
Thy pleasure sends: this, my sole prayer, allow!

LANGUAGE OF GEMS.

Look! here's a ruby; drinking solar rays,
I saw it redden on a mountain tip;
Now on thy snowy bosom let it blaze:
'T will blush still deeper to behold thy lip!
Here's for thy hair a garland: every flower
That spreads its blossoms, watered by the tear
Of the sad slave in Babylonian bower,
Might see its frail bright hues perpetuate here.
For morn's light bell, this changeful amethyst.
A sapphire for the violet's tender blue;
Large opals, for the queenrose zephyr kist;
And here are emeralds of every hue,
For folded bud and leaflet, dropped with dew
And here's a diamond, culled from Indian mine,
To gift a haughty queen: it might not be;
I knew a worthier brow, sister divine,
And brought the gem; for well I deem for thee
The "arch chymic sun" in earth's dark bosom
wrought
To prison thus a ray, that when dull Night
Frowns o'er her realms, and Nature's all seems
naught
She whom he grieves to leave may still behold his
light.

AMBITION.

Wo to thee, wild Ambition! I employ
 Despair's low notes thy dread effects to tell;
 Born in high heaven, her peace thou couldst destroy;
 And, but for thee, there had not been a hell.
 Through the celestial domes thy clarion pealed;
 Angels, entranced, beneath thy banners ranged,
 And straight were fiends; hurled from the shrinking
 They waked in agony to wail the change. [field,
 Darting through all her veins the subtle fire,
 The world's fair mistress first inhaled thy breath;
 To lot of higher beings learned to aspire;
 Dared to attempt, and doomed the world to death.
 The thousand wild desires, that still torment
 The fiercely struggling soul where peace once dwelt,
 But perished; feverish hope; drear discontent,
 Impoisoning all possessed—oh! I have felt
 As spirits feel—yet not for man we moan:
 Scarce o'er the silly bird in state were he,
 That builds his nest, loves, sings the morn's return,
 And sleeps at evening, save by aid of thee.
 Fame ne'er had roused, nor Song her records kept;
 The gem, the ore, the marble breathing life,
 The pencil's colors, all in earth had slept,
 Now see them mark with death his victim's strife.
 Man found thee, Death: but Death and dull Decay,
 Baffling, by aid of thee, his mastery proves;
 By mighty works he swells his narrow day,
 And reigns, for ages, on the world he loves.
 Yet what the price! With stings that never cease
 Thou goadst him on; and when too keen the smart,
 His highest dole he'd barter but for peace—
 Food thou wilt have, or feast upon his heart.

MELES AND EGLA CONTRASTED.

She meekly stood. He fastened round her arms
 Rings of refulgent ore; low and apart
 Murmuring, "So, beauteous captive, shall thy charms
 For ever thrall and clasp thy captive's heart."
 The air's light touch seemed softer as she moved,
 In languid resignation; his quick eye
 Spoke in black glances how she was approved,
 Who shrank reluctant from its ardency.
 'T was sweet to look upon the goodly pair
 In their contrasted loveliness: her height
 Might almost vie with his, but heavenly fair,
 Of soft proportion she, and sunny hair; [night.
 He cast in manliest mould, with ringlets murk as
 And oft her drooping and resigned blue eye
 She'd wistful raise to read his radiant face;
 But then, why shrunk her heart?—a secret sigh
 Told her it most required what there it could not
 trace.

EGLA RECLINING.

Lone in the still retreat,
 Wounding the flowers to sweetness more intense,
 She sank. Thus kindly Nature lets our wo
 Swell till it bursts forth from the o'erfraught breast;
 Then draws an opiate from the bitter flow,
 And lays her sorrowing child soft in the lap of Rest.
 Now all the mortal maid lies indolent—
 Save one sweet cheek, which the cool velvet turf
 Had touched too rude, though all with blooms be-
 spreant,

One soft arm pillowed. Whiter than the surf
 That foams against the sea rock looked her neck
 By the dark, glossy, odorous shrubs relieved,
 That close inclining o'er her, seemed to beck
 What 'twas they canopied; and quickly heaved,
 Beneath her robe's white folds and azure zone,
 Her heart yet incomposed; a fillet through
 Peeped softly azure, while with tender moan,
 As if of bliss, Zephyr her ringlets blew
 Sportive: about her neck their gold he twined.
 Kissed the soft violet on her temples warm,
 And eyebrow just so dark might well define
 Its flexile arch—throne of expression's charm.
 As the vexed Caspian, though its rage be past,
 And the blue smiling heavens swell o'er in peace,
 Shook to the centre by the recent blast, [cease;
 Heaves on tumultuous still, and hath not power to
 So still each little pulse was seen to thro',
 Though passion and its pain were lulled to rest;
 And ever and anon a piteous sob
 Shook the pure arch expansive o'er her breast.

AN ARCHER.

Rememberest thou
 When to the altar, by thy father reared,
 As we went forth with sacrifice and vow,
 A victim dove escaped, and there appeared
 A stranger? Quickly from his shrilly string
 He let an arrow glance; and to a tree
 Nailed fast the little truant, by the wing,
 And brought it, scarcely bleeding, back to thee.
 His voice, his mien, the lustre of his eye,
 And pretty deed he'd done, were theme of praise;
 Though blent with fear that stranger should espy
 Thy lonely haunts. When, in the sunny rays
 He turned and went, with black locks clustering
 Around his pillar neck—" 'T is pity he," [bright
 Thou saidst, "in all the comeliness and might
 Of perfect man, 'tis pity he should be
 But an idolator! How nobly sweet
 He tempers pride with courtesy! A flower
 Drops honey when he speaks. His sandaled feet
 Are light as antelope's. He stands, a tower."

EGLA'S COURAGE.

Despite of all, the starting tear,
 The melting tone, the blood suffusing, proved
 The soul that in them spoke could spurn at fear
 Of death or danger; and had those she loved
 Required it at their need, she could have stood,
 Unmoved, as some fair sculptured statue, while
 The dome that guards it, earth's convulsions rude
 Are shivering, meeting ruin with a smile.

SIGHING FOR THE UNATTAINABLE.

'T is as a vine of Galilee should say,
 "Culturer, I reckon not thy support, I sigh
 For a young palm tree of Euphrates; nay,
 Or let me him entwine, or in my blossom die."

LOVE'S SURGERY.

He who would gain
 A fond, full heart—in love's soft surgery skilled,
 Shou'd seek it when 'tis sore; allay its pain
 With balm by pity prest: 'tis all his own so healed

ODE ON REVISITING CUBA.

ISLE of eternal spring, thou'rt desolate
To me; thy limpid seas, thy fragrant shores,
Whither I've sighed to come
And make a tranquil home,
Have lost to me their charm; my heart deploras,
Vainly, of two it loved the melancholy doom.

Well may I weep you, gentle souls, that, while
On earth, responded to the love of mine,
Through eyes of heavenly blue,
More deeply, fondly true,
Haply, than He, who lent his breath divine,
May give again on earth to cheer me with their smile.

My George, if thou hadst faults, they only were
That thou wert gifted ill for this poor sphere
Where first he faints who spares
Earth's selfish, sordid cares;
And what might faults to baser eyes appear,
When ta'en where angels dwell, must be bright virtues there.

Men toil, betray, nay, even kill, for gold;
But had some wretch pressed by misfortune sore
Asked thy last piece of thee
To ease his misery,
When thou couldst only look to Heaven for more,
That last piece had been given, and thine own safety sold.

Oft when the noisome streams of pestilence
Poisoned the air around thee, hast thou stayed
By friends, while thirsty Death
Lurked near, to quaff their breath;
And soothed and saved while others were afraid,
And hardier hearts and hands than thine rushed wildly thence.

Oh, could I find thee in some palm leaf cot,
Still for this earth, with thy sweet brothers too,
Though scarce our worldly hoard
Sufficed a frugal board,
Hope should beguile no more: I'd live for you,
Disclaim all other love—and sing, and bless my lot.

All other love?—what love for me was e'er,
My Edgar, oh, my first born! like to thine?
Too faithful for thy state
Thou wert—too passionate—
Too vehement—devoted—Powers benign!
That thy last pain should pass, and I not by to share!

Love speaks, 'tis said, but what entones his voice?
Avarice, ambition, vanity, or oft
Sensations such as wake
Blind mole and mottled snake;
Fierce with the cruel, gentle with the soft—
Promiscuous in their aim,—indifferent in their choice.

Haply more often but the common wants,
That man with every mortal creature feels,
And satisfaction finds
In mantle, as it binds
His neck, when cold; or in those daily meals
Sufficing all the life that coldness leads or vaunts.

If one be lost, another serves as well;
Another mantle, or another fair,
As well may be his own
If one dies his—alone
He sighs not long;—enter his home, and there,
When past one little year, another fair will dwell.
Or see yon smiling Creole—her black hair
Braided and glittering, with one lover's gold.
Ere the quick flower has grown
O'er where he sleeps alone,
Already to some other lover so'd,
Or given, what both call love, and he's content to share.

Better for those who love this world, to be
Even as such: a pure, pure flame, intense,
Edgar, as thine, consumes
The cheek its light illumines; [hence,
And he whose heart enshrines such flame, must
And join with it, betimes, its own eternity.

For masculine or feminine gave naught
Of fuel to the hallowed fire, that burned
And urged thee on, of life.
Reckless, amid the strife
For worldly wealth, that better had been spurned:
Thy happiness and love, alas! were all I sought.

How could I kneel and kiss the hand of Fate,
Were it but mine to decorate some hall—
Here, where the soil I tread
Colors my feet with red—
Far down these isles, to hear your voices call,
Then haste to hear and tell what happ'd while separate!

Beautiful isles! beneath the sunset skies
Tall silver shafted palm trees rise between
Full orange trees that shade
The living colonnade;
Alas! how sad, how sickening is the scene
That were ye at my side would be a paradise!
E'en one of those cool caves which, light and dry,
In many a leafy hillside, near this spot,
Seem as by Nature made
For shelter and for shade
To such as bear a homeless wanderer's lot,
Were home enough for me, could those I mourn
be nigh.

Palace or cave (where neath the blossom and lime
Winter lies hid with wreaths) alike may be,
If love and taste unite,
A dwelling for delight,
And kings might leave their silken courts, to see
O'er such wild, garnished grot, the grandiflora climb.
Thus, thus, doth quick eyed Fancy fondly wait
The pauses of my deep remorse between;
Before my anxious eyes
'Tis thus her pictures rise;
They show what is not, yet what might have been,
Angels, why came I not?—why have I come too late!
The cooling beverage—strengthening draught—as
craved
The needs of both, could but these hands have
given;

Could I have watched the glow—
The pulse, too quick, or slow—
My earnest, fond, reiterate prayers to Heaven,
Some angel might have come, besought, returned,
and saved.

To stay was imbecility—nay, more— [see,
'T was crime—how yearned my panting heart to
When, by mere words delayed,
'Gainst the strong wish, I stayed,
(Trifling with that which inly spoke to me.)
And longed, and hoped, and feared, till all I feared
was o'er!

Mild, pitying George, when maple leaves were red
O'er Ladaüanna* in his much loved north,
Breathed here his last farewell—
And when the tears that fell
From April, called Mohecan's† violets forth,
Edgar, as following his, thy friendly spirit fled.

Now, side by side, neath cross and tablet white
Is laid, sweet brothers, all of you that's left;
Yet, all the tropic dew
Can damp, would seem not you:
Your finer particles from earth are reft,
Haply, (and so I'll hope,) for lovelier forms of light.

Myriads of beings, (for the whole that's known
In all this world's combined philosophy.)
The eternal will obeyed,
To finish what was made, [and sea
When, warm with new breathed life, new earth
Returned the smile of Him who blessed them from
his throne.

Such beings, haply, hovering round us now,
When flesh or flowers in beauty fade or fall,
Gather each precious tint
Once seen to glow and glint,
With fond economy to gladden all:
Heaven's hands, howe'er profuse, no atom's loss
allow.

Yet, brothers, spirits, loiter if ye may
A little while, and look on all I do—
Oh! loiter for my sake,
Ere other tasks ye take,
Toward all I should do influence my view,
Then haste, to hear the spheres chime with heaven's
favorite lay.

Go, hand in hand, to regions new and fair,
In shapes and colors for the scene arrayed—
With looks as bland and dear
As charms, by glimpses, here.
Receive divine commissions; follow—aid
Those legions formed in heaven for many a guardian
care.

By every sigh, and throb, and painful throe,
Remembered but to heighten the delight
That crowns the advancing state
Of soul's emancipate—
Oh! as I think of you, at lonely night,
Say to my heart, ye're blest, and I can bear my wo.

Island of Cuba—Cafetel Hermita, May 7, 1840.

* Ladaüanna, the aboriginal name of the St. Lawrence.
† Mohecan, the aboriginal name of the Hudson.

ODE TO THE DEPARTED.

"Con Vistas del Cielo."

THE dearth is sore: the orange leaf is curled,
There's dust upon the marble o'er thy tomb.
My Edgar, fair and dear;
Though the fifth sorrowing year
Hath past, since first I knew thine early doom,
I see thee still, though death thy being hence hath
hurled.

I could not bear my lot, now thou art gone—
With heart o'ersoftened by the many tears
Remorse and grief have drawn—
Save that a gleam, a dawn,
(Haply, of that which lights thee now,) appears,
To unveil a few fair scenes of life's next coming
morn.

What—where is heaven? (earth's sweetest lips ex-
In all the holiest seers have writ or said, [claim;)
Blurred are the pictures given:
We know not what is heaven,
Save by those views, mysteriously spread,
When the soul looks afar by light of her own flame.

Yet all our spirits, while on earth so faint,
By glimpses dim, discern, conceive, or know,
The Eternal Power can mould
Real as fruits or gold—
Bid the celestial, roseate matter glow, [paint.
And forms more perfect smile than artists carve or

To realize every creed, conceived
In mortal brain, by love and beauty charmed,
Even like the ivory maid
Who, as Pygmalion prayed,
Oped her white arms, to life and feeling warmed,
Would lightly task the power of life's great Chief
believed.

If Grecian Phidias, in stone like this,
Thy tomb, could do so much, what can not he
Who from the cold, coarse clod,
By reckless laborer trod,
Can call such tints as meeting seraphs see,
And give them breath and warmth like true love's
soulfelt kiss?

Wild fears of dark annihilation, go!
Be warm, ye veins, now blackening with despair!
Years o'er thee have revolved,
My firstborn—thou'rt dissolved—
All—every tint—save a few ringlets fair—
Still, if thou didst not live, how could I love thee so!

Quick as the warmth which darts from breast to
When lovers, from afar, each other see, [breast,
Haply, thy spirit went,
Where mine would fain be sent,
To take a heavenly form, designed to be
Meet dwelling for the soul thine azure eye exprest.

Thy deep blue eye! say, can heaven's bliss exceed
The joy of some brief moments tasted here?
Ah! could I taste again—
Is there a mode of pain
Which, for such guerdon, could be deemed severe?
Be ours the forms of heaven, and let me bend and
bleed!

To be in place, even like some spots on earth,
 In those sweet moments when no ill comes near;
 Where perfumes round us wreath,
 And the pure air we breathe
 Nerves and exhilarates; while all we hear
 So tells content and love, we sigh and bless our birth.

To clasp thee, Edgar, in a fragrant shape
 Of fair perfection, after death's sad hour,
 Known as the same I've prest,
 Erst, to this aching breast—
 The same—but finished by a kind, bland Power,
 Which only stopped thy heart to let thy soul escape—

Oh! every pain that vexed thy mortal life,
 Nay, even the lives of all who round thee lie:
 Be this one bliss my share,
 The whole condensed I'll bear—
 Bless the benign creative hand—and sigh,
 And kneel, to ask again the expiatory strife!—

Strife, for the hope of making others blest,
 Who trespassed only that they were not brave
 Enough to bear or take
 Pains, even for pity's sake;
 Strife, for the hope to wake, incite, and save,
 Even those who, dull with crime, know not fair
 honor's zest,

If, in the pauses of my agony,
 (Be it or flame, stab, scourge, or pestilence,)
 If, fresh and blest, as dear,
 Thou'lt come in beauty, near—
 Speak, and with looks of love charm my keen sense,
 I'll deem it heaven enough even thus to feel and
 see!—

To feel my hand wrenched, as with mortal rack;
 Then see it healed, and ta'en, and kindly prest;
 And fair as blossoms white
 Of cerea in the night;
 While tears, that fall upon thy spotless breast,
 Are sweet as drops from flowers touched in thy
 heavenly track!

In form to bear nor stain nor scar designed—
 Yes! let me kneel to agonize again:
 Ask every torment o'er
 More poignant than before;
 Of a whole world the price of a whole pain,
 Were small for such blest gifts of matter and of mind!

Comes a cold doubt—that still thou art alive,
 Edgar, my heart tells while these numbers thrill,
 Yet of a bliss so dear,
 And as death's portal's near,
 I feel me too unworthy: dreary Time
 I fear must bear his part ere Hope her plight fulfil!

Time, time was meet (so many a sacred scroll
 Has told and tells) ere light was bid to smile;
 Ere yet the spheres, revealed,
 Gave music, as they wheeled;
 Warm, rife, eternal love—a time—a while—
 Brooded and charmed, and ranged till chaos gloomed
 no more.

As time was needful ere a world could bloom
 With forms of flowers and flesh, haply must wait

Some spirits; and lingering still,
 Of deeds both good and ill
 Mark the effect in intermediate state, [tomb,
 And think, and pause, and weep, even over their own

Be it so: if thin as fragrance, light, or heat,
 Thine essence, floating on the ambient air,
 Can, with freed intellect,
 View every deed's effect,
 Read, even my heart, in all its pantings bare:
 When denser pulses cease, how sweet, even thus,
 to meet!

To roam those deep green aisles, crowned with tall
 And weep for all who tire of toil and ill, [palms,
 While moons of winter bring
 Their blossoms fair as spring;
 To move unseen by all we've left, and will
 Such influence to their souls as half their pain be-
 calms;—

On deep Mohecan's mounts to view the spot
 Where, as these arms were oped to clasp thee, came
 The tidings, dread and cold,
 I never more might hold
 Thy pulsing form, nor meet the gentle flame
 Of thy fair eyes, till mine for those of earth were not;

On precipice where the gray citadel
 Hangs over Ladaüanna's billows clear,
 How sweet to pause and view,
 As erst, the far canoe;
 To glide by friends, who know not we are near,
 And hear them of ourselves in tender memory tell;

Or where Niagara with maddening roar
 Shakes the worn cliff, haply to flit, and ken
 Some angel, as he sighs
 With pleasure at the dyes
 Of the wild depth, while to the eyes of men
 Invisible we speak by signs unknown before;

Or, far from this wild western world, where dwelt
 That brow whose laurels bore a leaf for mine,
 When, strong in sympathy,
 Thy sprite shall roam with me,
 Edgar, mid Derwent's flowers, one soul benign
 May to thy soul impart the joy I there have felt!

What though "imprisoned in the viewless winds,"
 Mid storms and rocks, like earthly ship, were
 Unsevered while we're blent, [dashed
 We'll bear in sweet content
 The shock of falling bolt or forest crashed,
 While thoughts of hope and love nerve well our
 mystic minds.

Wafted or wandering thus, souls may be found
 Or ripe for forms of heaven, or for that state
 Of which, when angels think,
 Or saints, they weep and shrink;
 And oft, to draw, or save from such dread fate,
 Are fain their beauteous heads to dash 'gainst blood-
 stained ground.

Freed from their earthly gyves, if spirits laugh
 And shriek with horrid joy, when victims bleed
 Or suffer, as we view
 Mortals in vileness do,
 The Eternal and his court may keep their meed
 Of joy: far other cups fell thirsty Guilt must quaff!

Oh, Edgar! spirit, or on earth or air,
 Seen, or impalpable to artist's sketch,
 In essence, or in form,
 In bliss, pain, calm, or storm.
 Let us, wherever met a suffering wretch,
 Task every power to shield and save him from de-
 spair!

Nature hath secrets mortals ne'er suspect:
 At some we glance, while some are sealed in night;
 The optician, by his skill,
 Even now can show, at will,
 Long absent pheers, in shapes of moving light:
 If man so much can do, what can No. Heaven ef-
 fect!

Shade, image, manes, all the ancient priest
 Told to his votarists in fraud or zeal,
 May be, and might have been,
 By means and arts we ween
 No more of, in this age: for wo or weal
 Of man, full much foreknown to this late race hath
 ceased.

That souls may take ambrosial forms in heaven,
 A dawning science half assures the hope:
 These forms may sleep and smile
 Midst heaven's fresh roses, while
 Their spirits, free, roam o'er this world's whole scope
 For pleasure and for good, Heaven's full permission
 given!

I have not sung of meeting those we've loved,
 Or known, and listening to their accents meek,
 While, pitying all they've pained
 On earth, while passion reigned,
 To wreak redress upon themselves they seek,
 And bless, for each stern deed, the pain they now
 have proved.

I have not sung of the first, fairest court,
 Of all those mansions; of the heavenly home,
 Of which the best hath told
 Who e'er trod earthly mould;
 To courts of earthly kings the fairest come,
 Haply, to show faint types of this supreme resort!

Haply, the Sire of sires may take a form
 And give an audience to each set unfurled
 With bands of sympathy,
 Wreathen in mystery,
 Round those who've known each other in this
 world,
 Perfecting all the rest, and breathing beauty warm.
 Essence, light, heat, form, throbbing arteries—
 To deem each possible, enough I see!
 Edgar, thou knowest I wait:
 Guard my expectant state—
 Console me, as I bend in prayers for thee—
 Aid me, even as thou mayst, both Heaven and thee
 to please!

This song to thee alone! though he who shares
 Thy bed of stone, shared well my love with thee;
 Yet, in his noble heart
 Another bore a part,
 Whilst thou hadst never other love than me:
 Sprites, brothers, manes, shades, present my tears
 and prayers!

Patrici^o island of Cuba, July 24, 1844.

HYMN.

SIRE, Maker, Spirit, who alone cans know
 My soul and all the deep remorse that's there—
 I ask no mitigation of my wo;
 Yet pity me, and give me strength to bear!
 Remorse?—ah! not for ill designedly done:
 To look on pain, to me is pain severe;
 Yet, yet, dear forms which Death from me hath won,
 Had Love been Wisdom, haply ye were here!
 Much have I suffered; yet this form, unscathed,
 Declares thy kind protection, by its thrift:
 With secret dew the wounded plant is bathed;
 My ills are my desert, my good thy gift.
 Three years are flown since my sore heart bereft
 Hath mourned for two, ta'en by the powers on high,
 Nor tint nor atom that is fair is left
 Beneath the marble where their relics lie.
 Yet no oblivious veil is o'er them cast:
 Blent with my blood, the sympathetic glow
 Burns brighter now their mortal lives are past,
 Than when, on earth, I felt their joy and wo.
 Oh! may their spirits, disembodied, come,
 And strong though secret influence dispense—
 Pitying the sorrows of an earthly doom,
 And smoothing pain with sweet beneficence.
 Oh! cover them with forms so made to meet
 The models of their souls, that, when they see,
 They cast themselves in beauty at thy feet,
 In all the heaven of grateful ecstasy.
 Methinks I see them, side by side, in love,
 Like brothers of the zodiac, all around
 Diffusing light and fragrance, as they move
 Harmonious as the spheric music's sound.
 And may these forms in warm and rosy sleep,
 (In some fair dwelling for such forms assigned,)
 Lie, while o'er air, earth, sea, their spirits sweep,
 Quick as the changeful glance of thought and mind.
 This fond ideal which my grief relieves,
 Father, beneath thy throne may live, may be:
 For more than all my feeble sense conceives,
 Thy hand can give in blest reality.
 Sire, Maker, Spirit! source of all that's fair!
 Howe'er my poor words be unworthy thee,
 Oh! be not weary of the imperfect prayer
 Breathed from the fervor of a wretch like me!

THE MOON OF FLOWERS.

Oh, moon of flowers! sweet moon of flowers! *
 Why dost thou mind me of the hours
 Which flew so softly on that night
 When last I saw and felt thy light?
 Oh, moon of flowers! thou moon of flowers!
 Would thou couldst give me back those hours
 Since which a dull, cold year has fled,
 Or show me those with whom they sped!
 Oh, moon of flowers! oh, moon of flowers!
 In scenes afar were passed those hours,
 Which still with fond regret I see,
 And wish my heart could change like thee!

* The savages of the northern part of America some-
 times count by moons. May they call the moon of flowers

TO THE RIVER ST. LAWRENCE.

THE first time I beheld thee, beauteous stream,
How pure, how smooth, how broad thy bosom heav'd!
What feelings rushed upon my heart!—a gleam
As of another life my kindling soul received.

Fair was the day, and o'er the crowded deck
Joy shone in many a smile; light clouds, in hue
As silvery as the new fledged cygnet's neck,
Cast, as they moved, faint shadows on the blue,
Soft, deep, and distant, of the mountain chain,
Wreathing and blending, tint with tint, and traced
So gently on the smiling sky. In vain
Time, scene, has changed: 't will never be effaced.

Now o'er thy tranquil breast the moonbeams quiver:
How calm the air, how still the hour—how bright!
Would thou wert doom'd to be my grave, sweet river!
How blends my soul with thy pure breath to-night!

The dearest hours that soul has ever known
Have been upon thy brink: would it could wait,
And, parted, watch thee still!—to stay and moan
With thee, were better than my promised fate.

Ladaïanna! monarch of the north!
Father of streams unsung, be sung by me!
Receive a lay that flows resistless forth!
Oh, quench the fervor that consumes, in thee!

I've seen more beauty on thy banks, more bliss,
Than I had deemed were ever seen below;
Dew falls not on a happier land than this;
Fruits spring from desert wilds, and love sits thron'd
on snow;

Snows that drive warmth to shelter in the heart;
Snows that conceal, beneath their moonlit heaps,
Plenty's rich embryo; fruits and flowers that start
To meet their full grown Spring, as strong to earth
he leaps.

How many grades of life thou view'st! thy wave
Bears the dark daughter of the woods, as light
She springs to her canoe, and wildly grave
Views the Great Spirit mid the fires of night.

A hardy race, sprung from the Gaul, and gay,
Frame their wild songs and sing them to the oar;
And think to chase the forest fiends away,
Where yet no mass bell tink'les from the shore.

The pensive nun throws back the veil that hides
Her calm, chaste eyes; straining them long, to mark
When the mist thickens, if perchance there bides
The peril, wildering on, some little bark:

And trims her lamp and hangs it in her tower;
Not as the priestess did of old; (she's driven
To do that deed by no fierce passion's power,
But kindly, calmly, for the love of Heaven.

Who had been lost, what heart from breaking saved,
She knows not, thinks not; guided by her star,
Some being leaps to shore: 't was all she craved;
She makes the ho'ly sign, and blesses him from far.

The plaided soldier, in his mountain pride
Exulting, as he treads with state'ier pace,
Views his white limbs reflected in thy tide,
While wave the sable plumes that shade his manly
face.

The song of Ossian mingles with thy gale,
The harp of Carolan's remembered here;
The bright haired son of Erin tells his tale,
Dreams of his misty isle, and drops for her a tear

Thou'st seen the trophies of that deathless day,
Whose name bright glance from ev'ry Briton brings,
When half the world was marshalled in array,
And fell the great, self nurtured "king of kings."

Youthful! Columbia, ply thy useful arts;
Rear the strong nursling that thy mother bore,
Called Liberty. Thy boundless fields, thy marts,
Enough for thee: tempt these brown rocks no more:

Or leave them to that few, who, blind to gold,
And scorning pleasure, brave with higher zest
A doubtful path; mid pain, want, censure, bold
To pant one fevered hour on Genius' breast.

Nature's best loved, thine own, thy virtuous West
Chose for his pencil a Canadian sky:
Bade Death recede, who the fallen victor prest,
And made perpetuate his latest sigh.*

Sully, of tender tints transparent, fain
I would thy skill a while; for Memory's showing
To prove thy hand the purest of thy train,
A native beauty from thy pencil glowing.

Or he who sketched the Cretan: gone her Greek
She, all unconscious that he's false or flying,
Sleeps, while the light blood revels in her cheek
So rosy warm, we listen for her sighing.†

Could he paint beauty, warmth, light, happiness,
Diffused around like fragrance from a flower—
And melody—all that sense can bless,
Or soul concentrate in one form—his power

I'd ask. But Nature, Nature, when thou wilt,
Thou canst enough to make all art despair;
Guard well the wondrous model thou hast built,
Which these, thy nectared waves, reflect and love
to bear.

Nature, all powerful Nature, thine are ties
That seldom break: though the heart beat so cold,
That Love and Fancy's fairest garland dies—
Though false, though light as air—thy bonds may
hold.

The mother loves her child; the brother yet
Thinks of his sister, though for years unseen;
And seldom doth the bridegroom quite forget
Her who hath blest him once, though seas may
roll between.

But can a friendship, pure and rapture wrought,
Endure without such bonds? I'll deem it may
And bless the hope it nurtures: beauteous thought
Howe'er fantastic!—dear illusion—stay!

Oh stream, oh country of my heart, farewell!
Say, shall I e'er return? shall I once more—
Ere close these eyes that looked to love—ah, tell
Say, shall I tread again thy fertile shore?

Else, how endure my weary lot—the strife
To gain content when far—the burning sighs—
The asking wish—the aching void? Oh, life!
Thou art, and hast been, one long sacrifice!

* In allusion to West's celebrated picture, "The Death of Wolfe." † Vanderlyn—see his picture of "Ariadne"

TO NIAGARA.

SPIRIT of Homer! thou whose song has rung
From thine own Greece to this supreme abode
Of Nature—this great fane of Nature's God—
Breathe on my brain! oh, touch the fervid tongue
Of a fond votaress kneeling on the sod!

Sublime and Beautiful! your chapel's here—
Here, 'neath the azure dome of heaven, ye're wed;
Here, on this rock, which trembles as I tread,
Your blended sorcery claims both pulse and tear,
Controls life's source and reigns o'er heart and head.

Terrific, but, oh, beautiful abyss!
If I should trust my fascinated eye,
Or hearken to thy maddening melody, [kiss,
Sense, form, would spring to meet thy white foam's
Be lapped in thy soft rainbows once, and die!

Color, depth, height, extension—all unite
To chain the spirit by a look intense!
The dolphin in his clearest seas, or thence
Ta'en, for some queen, to deck of ivory white,
Dies not in changeful tints more delicately bright.

Look, look! there comes, o'er yon pale green ex-
Beyond the curtain of this altar vast, [pansé,
A glad young swan; the smiling beams that cast
Light from her plumes, have lured her soft advance;
She nears the fatal brink: her graceful life has past!

Look up! nor her fond, foolish fate disdain:
An eagle rests upon the wind's sweet breath;
Feels he the charm? woos he the scene beneath?
He eyes the sun; nerves his dark wing again;
Remembers clouds and storms, yet flies the lovely
death.

"Niagara! wonder of this western world,
And half the world beside! hail, beauteous queen
Of cataracts!"—an angel, who had been [furred,
O'er heaven and earth, spoke thus, his bright wings
And knelt to Nature first, on this wild cliff unseen.

WRITTEN ON SEEING PHARAMOND.

HAD the blest fair, who gave thee birth,
Lived where Ægean waves are swelling,
Ere yet calm Reason came to earth,
Warm Fancy's lovelier reign dispelling,
The Sire of heaven, she had believed,
To stamp thy form had ta'en another,*
And all who saw had been deceived,
And given the Delphic god a brother.
And many a classic page had told
Of nymphs and goddesses admiring:
Altars, libations, harps of gold,
And milkwhite hecatombs expiring.
And oh! perchance there had remained
Some Phidian wonder—still, still breathing
Love, life, and charms—past, but retained—
And warmth and bliss had still seemed wreathing
Softly around the heaven touched stone,
As now a light seems from thee beaming;
While thought, sense, lost in looks alone,
Grow dubious if awake or dreaming.

* In allusion to the fable of Jupiter and Alcmena.

And must thou pass? nor picture show,
Nor sculpture, what my lyre is telling,
Too feeble lyre! as morn's bright glow
Fades o'er the river near thy dwelling!
Spirit of Titian! hear and come,
If come thou may'st, a moment hither;
Leave thy loved Italy, thy home—
Oh! let but one acanthus wither
Round her loved ruins, while thou stayest;
Come to these solitudes, and view them:
Must Genius ne'er their beauties taste,
Nor tear of rapture ever dew them?—
View the dark rock, the melting blue
Of mount and sky so soft embracing;
The bright, broad stream: But beauty, hue,
Life, form, are here—all else effacing.
Nature, to mock the forms of bliss
Which fervid mortals have created,
From their own souls' excess, made this,
And gazed at her own powers elated.
Fragrant o'er all the western groves
The tall magnolia towers unshaded,
But soon no more the gale he loves
Faints on his ivory flowers; they're faded.
The fullblown rose, mid dewy sweets,
Most perfect dies; but, soon returning,
The next born year another greets,
When summer fires again are burning.
Another rose may bloom as sweet,
Other magnolias ope in whiteness—
But who again fair scenes shall meet
The like of him who lends you brightness?
Come, then, my lyre—ere yet again
Faded these fresh fields I shall forsake them;
But some fond ear may hear thy strain,
When all is cold which thus can wake them.

PRAYER.

SIRE of the universe—and me—
Dost thou reject my midnight prayer!
Dost thou withhold me even from thee,
Thus writhing, struggling 'gainst despair!
Thou knowest the source of feeling's gush,
Thou knowest the end for which it flows:
Then, if thou bidst the tempest rush,
Ah! heed the fragile bark it throws!
Fain would my heaving heart be still—
But Pain and Tumult mock at rest:
Fain would I meekly meet thy will,
And kiss the barb that tears my breast.
Weak I am formed, I can no more—
Weary I strive, but find not aid;
Prone on thy threshold I deplore,
But ah! thy succor is delayed.
The burning, beauteous orb of day,
Amid its circling host upborne,
Smiles, as life quickens in its ray:
What would it, were thy hand withdrawn!—
Scorch—devastate the teeming whole
Now glowing with its warmth divine!
Spirit, whose powers of peace control
Great Nature's heart, oh! pity mine!

SONG.

DAY, in melting purple dying,
 Blossoms, all around me sighing,
 Fragrance, from the lilies straying,
 Zephyr, with my ringlets playing,
 Ye but waken my distress;
 I am sick of loneliness.

Thou, to whom I love to hearken,
 Come, ere night around me darken;
 Though thy softness but deceive me,
 Say thou 'rt true, and I'll believe thee;
 Veil, if ill, thy soul's intent—
 Let me think it innocent!

Save thy toiling, spare thy treasure:
 All I ask is friendship's pleasure;
 Let the shining ore lie darkling,
 Bring no gem in lustre sparkling:
 Gifts and gold are naught to me;
 I would only look on thee!

Tell to thee the high wrought feeling,
 Ecstasy but in revealing;
 Paint to thee the deep sensation,
 Rapture in participation,
 Yet but torture, if comprest
 In a lone, unfriended breast.

Absent still! Ah! come and bless me!
 Let these eyes again caress thee;
 Once, in caution, I could fly thee:
 Now, I nothing could deny thee;
 In a look if death there be,
 Come, and I will gaze on thee!

FRIENDSHIP.

TO MEET a friendship such as mine,
 Such feelings must thy soul refine
 As are not oft of mortal birth:
 'Tis love without a stain of earth,
Fratello del mio cor.

Looks are its food, its nectar sighs,
 Its couch the lips, its throne the eyes,
 The soul its breath: and so possest,
 Heaven's raptures reign in mortal breast,
Fratello del mio cor.

Though Friendship be its earthly name,
 Purely from highest heaven it came;
 'Tis seldom felt for more than one,
 And scorns to dwell with Venus' son,
Fratello del mio cor.

Him let it view not, or it dies
 Like tender hues of morning skies,
 Or morn's sweet flower of purple glow,
 When sunny beams too ardent grow,
Fratello del mio cor.

A charm o'er every object plays;
 All looks so lovely, while it stays,

So softly forth in rosier tides
 The vital flood ecstatic glides,
Fratello del mio cor,

That, wrung by grief to see it part,
 A very life drop leaves the heart:
 Such drop, I need not tell thee, fell,
 While bidding it, for thee, farewell!
Fratello del mio cor.

FAREWELL TO CUBA.

ADIEU, fair isle! I love thy bowers,
 I love thy dark eyed daughters there,
 The cool pomegranate's scarlet flowers
 Look brighter in their jetty hair.
 They praised my forehead's stainless white!
 And when I thirsted, gave a draught
 From the full clustering cocoa's height,
 And smiling, blessed me as I quaffed.

Well pleased, the kind return I gave,
 And clasped in their embraces' twine,
 Felt the soft breeze, like Lethe's wave,
 Becalmed this beating heart of mine.

Why will my heart so wildly beat!
 Say, seraphs, is my lot too blest,
 That thus a fitful, feverish heat
 Must rifle me of health and rest?

Alas! I fear my native snows—
 A clime too cold, a heart too warm—
 Alternate chills, alternate glows—
 Too fiercely threat my flower like form.

The orange tree has fruit and flowers;
 The grendilla, in its bloom,
 Hangs o'er its high, luxuriant bowers,
 Like fringes from a Tyrian loom.

When the white coffee blossoms swell,
 The fair moon full; the evening long,
 I love to hear the warbling bell,
 And sunburnt peasant's wayward song.

Drive gently on, dark muleteer,
 And the light seguidilla frame;
 Fain would I listen still, to hear
 At every close thy mistress' name.

Adieu, fair isle! the waving palm
 Is pencilled on thy purest sky;
 Warm sleeps the bay, the air is balm,
 And, soothed to languor, scarce a sigh

Escapes for those I love so well,
 For those I've loved and left so long;
 On me their fondest musings dwell,
 To them alone my sighs belong.

On, on, my bark! blow, southern breeze.
 No longer would I lingering stay;
 'T were better far to die with these
 Than live in pleasure far away

JULIA RUSH WARD.

(Born 1796—Died 1824).

MISS JULIA RUSH CUTLER, the daughter of the late Mr. B. C. Cutler, of Boston, was born in that city on the fifth of January, 1796. Her maternal ancestors were of South Carolina, and her grandmother was the only sister of the famous partisan leader, General Francis Marion. Miss Cutler was married on the ninth of October, 1812, when she was in the seventeenth year of her age, to the late Mr. Samuel Ward, of New York, whose name was long conspicuous for his relations with the commercial world, and who in private life was eminent for all the virtues that dignify human nature. Mrs. Ward came to New York to reside at a time when Irving, Paulding, Cooper, and others, were making

their first and most brilliant essays in literature, and her fine abilities, improved by the best culture, brought into her circle the wits and men of genius in the city, who soon perceived that she needed but provocation to claim rank as a star of mild but pervading lustre in their brightest constellations.

The compositions of Mrs. Ward are of the class called occasional poems, written with grace and sincerity, with a sort of impromptu ease, and from a heart full of truth and a mind to which beauty was familiar as the air.

She died on the ninth of November, 1824, leaving the inheritance of her genius to her daughter, whose literary character is exhibited in another part of this volume.

“SI JE TE PERDS, JE SUIS PERDU.”*

THE tempest howls, the waves swell high,
Upward I cast my anxious eye,
And fix my gaze, amidst the storm,
Upon thy bright and heavenly form.
Angel of mercy! beam to save;
See, tossing on the furious wave,
My little bark is sorely prest:
Oh, guide me to some port of rest;
Shine on, and all my fears subdue,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

To catch the ray, my aching sight
Shall pierce the gloomy mists of night;
But if, amidst the driving storm,
Dark clouds should hide thy glittering form,
In vain each swelling wave I breast,
Which rushes on with foaming crest—
Mid the wild breakers' furious roar,
O'erwhelmed, I sink to rise no more.
Shine out to meet my troubled view,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

Then if I catch the faintest gleam,
Onward I'll rush beneath the beam,
And fast the winged waves shall bear
My form upon the midnight air,
Nor know my breast one anxious fear—
For I am safe if thou art near.

* Written on seeing the device on a seal, of a man guiding a small boat, with his eye fixed on a star, and this motto: “Si je te perds, je suis perdu.”

Lead onward, then, while I pursue,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

So may the Star of Bethlehem's beam
With holy lustre mildly gleam,
To guide my soul with sacred light
Amidst the gloom of error's night;
Its cheering ray shall courage give—
Midst seas of doubt my hope shall live;
Though dark and guilty fears may storm,
Bright peers above its radiant form:
Though seen by all, yet sought by few,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

Within my heart the needle lies,
That upward points me to the skies:
The tides may swell, the breakers roar,
And threaten soon to whelm me o'er—
Their wildest fury I defy:
While on that Star I keep my eye,
My trembling bark shall hold her way,
Still guided by its sacred ray,
To whose bright beam is homage due,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

Soon to illumine those threatening skies,
The Sun of Righteousness shall rise,
And on my soul his glories pour:
Securely then my bark I'll moor
Within that port where all are blest—
The haven of eternal rest.
Shine onward, then, and guide me through,
Si je te perds, je suis perdu.

LYDIA H. SIGOURNEY.

(Born 1791—Died 1865).

LYDIA HUNTLEY, now Mrs. SIGOURNEY, was born on the first of September, 1791, in Norwich, Connecticut, a town of which she has furnished an agreeable picture in her *Sketch of Connecticut Forty Years Since*, and of which she says in one of her poems,

Sweetly wild

Were the scenes that charmed me when a child:
Rocks, gray rocks, with their caverns dark,
Leaping rills, like the diamond spark,
Torrent voices thundering by
When the pride of the vernal floods swelled high,
And quiet roofs like the hanging nest
Mid cliffs, by the feathery foliage drest.

Almost from infancy she was remarkable for a love of knowledge, and facility in its acquisition. She read with fluency when but three years of age, and at eight she wrote verses which attracted attention among the acquaintances of her family. After completing her education, at a boarding school in Hartford, she associated herself with Miss Hyde, (of whose literary remains she was subsequently the editor,) and opened a school for girls at Norwich, which was continued successfully two years. At the end of this period she removed to Hartford, where she also pursued the business of teaching. Some of her early contributions to the journals having attracted the attention of the late Daniel Wadsworth,* a wealthy and intelligent gentleman of that city, he induced her to collect and publish them in a volume, which appeared in 1815, under the modest title of *Moral Pieces in Prose and Verse*, which very well indicates its general character. None of its contents are deserving of special commendation, but they are all respectable, and the volume procured her an accession of reputation which was probably of much indirect advantage.

In 1819 Miss Huntley was married to Mr. Charles Sigourney, a reputable merchant and banker of Hartford, and she did not appear

again as an author until 1822, when she published in Cambridge her *Traits of the Aborigines of America*, a descriptive, historical, and didactic poem, in five cantos. It is a sort of poetical discourse upon the discovery and settlement of this continent, and the duties of its present masters toward the aborigines, but it is too discursive to produce the deep impression which might have been made with such a display of abilities, learning, and just opinions. Its tone is dignified and sustained, and it contains passages of considerable power and beauty, though few that can be separated from their contexts without some injustice to the author. The condition of the Indian before the invasion of the European is thus forcibly sketched in the beginning of the first canto:

O'er the vast regions of that western world,
Whose lofty mountains hiding in the clouds,
Concealed their grandeur and their wealth so long
From European eyes, the Indian roved
Free and unconquered. From those frigid plains
Struck with the torpor of the arctic pole,
To where Magellan lifts his torch to light
The meeting of the waters; from the shore
Whose smooth green line the broad Atlantic laves,
To the rude borders of that rocky strait
Where haughty Asia seems to stand and gaze
On the new continent, the Indian reigned
Majestic and alone. Fearless he rose,
Firm as his mountains; like his rivers, wild;
Bold as those lakes whose wondrous chain controls
His northern coast. The forest and the wave
Gave him his food; the slight constructed hut
Furnished his shelter, and its doors spread wide
To every wandering stranger. There his cup,
His simple meal, his lowly couch of skins,
Were hospitably shared. Rude were his toils,
And rash his daring, when he headlong rushed
Down the steep precipice to seize his prey;
Strong was his arm to bend the stubborn bow,
And keen his arrow. This the bison knew,
The spotted panther, the rough, shaggy bear,
The wolf dark prowling, the eye piercing lynx,
The wild deer bounding through the shadowy glade,
And the swift eagle, soaring high to make
His nest among the stars. Clothed in their spoils
He dared the elements: with eye sedate,
Breasted the wintry winds; o'er the white heads
Of angry torrents steered his rapid bark
Light as their foam; mounted with tireless speed
Those slippery cliffs, where everlasting snows
Weave their dense robes; or laid him down to sleep

* Mr. Wadsworth, to whose early perception and liberal encouragement of the abilities of Miss Huntley we are perhaps indebted for their successful devotion to literature, died at Hartford on the 28th of July, 1848—since the above paragraphs were written. The Wadsworth Athenaeum and the Wadsworth Tower are pleasing memorials to the people of Hartford of his taste and liberality.

Where the dread thunder of the cataract lulled
His drowsy sense. The dangerous toils of war
He sought and loved. Traditions, and proud tales
Of other days, exploits of chieftains bold,
Dauntless and terrible, the warrior's song,
The victor's triumph—all conspired to raise
The martial spirit.....

Of the rude, wandering tribes
Rushed on to battle. Their aspiring chiefs,
Lofty and iron framed, with native hue
Strangely disguised in wild and glaring tints,
Frowned like some Pictish king. The conflict raged
Fearless and fierce, mid shouts and disarray,
As the swift lightning urges its dire shafts [blasts
Through clouds and darkness, when the warring
Awaken midnight. O'er the captive foe
Unsated vengeance stormed: flame and slow wounds
Racked the strong bonds of life; but the firm soul
Smiled in its fortitude to mock the rage
Of its tormentors; when the crisping nerves
Were broken, still exulting o'er its pain,
To rise un murmuring to its father's shades,
Where in delightful bowers the brave and just
Rest and rejoice.....

Yet those untutored tribes
Bound with their stern resolves and savage deeds
Some gentle virtues; as beneath the gloom
Of overshadowing forests sweetly springs
The unexpected flower..... Their uncultured hearts
Gave a strong soil for friendship, that bold growth
Of generous affection, changeless, pure,
Self sacrificing, counting losses light,
And yielding life with gladness. By its side,
Like sister plant, sprang ardent Gratitude,
Vivid, perennial, braving winter's frost
And summer's heat; while nursed by the same dews,
Unbounded reverence for the form of age
Struck its deep root spontaneous..... With pious awe
Their eyes uplifted sought the hidden path
Of the Great Spirit. The loud midnight storm,
The rush of mighty waters, the deep roll
Of thunder, gave his voice; the golden sun,
The soft effulgence of the purple morn,
The gentle rain distilling, was his smile,
Dispensing good to all..... In various forms arose
Their superstitious homage. Some with blood
Of human sacrifices sought to appease
That anger which in pestilence, or dearth,
Or famine, stalked; and their astonished vales,
Like Carthaginian altars, frequent drank
The horrible libation. Some, with fruits,
Sweet flowers, and incense of their choicest herbs,
Sought to propitiate Him whose powerful hand
Unseen sustained them. Some with mystic rites,
The ark, the orison, the paschal feast,
Through glimmering tradition seemed to bear,
As in some broken vase, the smothered coals
Scattered from Jewish altars.

Of the regions which first greeted the Scan-
dinavian discoverer she says:

There Winter frames
The boldest architecture, rears strong towers
Of rugged frostwork, and deep laboring whorls
A glassy pavement o'er rude tossing floods.

Long near this coast he lingered, half illumed
By the red gleaming of those fitful flames
Which wrathful Hecla through her veil of snows
Darts on the ebon night. Oft he recalled,
Pensive, his simple home, ere the New World,
Enwrapped in polar robes, with frigid eye
Received him, and in rude winds hoarsely hailed
Her earliest guest. Thus the stern king of storms,
Swart Eolus, bade his imprisoned blasts
Breathe dissonant welcome to the restless queen,
Consort of Jove, whose unaccustomed step
Invaded his retreat. The pilgrim band
Amazed beheld those mountain ramparts float
Around their coast, where hoary Time had toiled,
Even from his infancy, to point sublime
Their pyramids, and strike their awful base
Deep 'neath the main. Say, Darwin, Fancy's son!
What armor shall he choose who dares complete
Thine embassy to the dire kings who frown
Upon those thrones of frost? what force compel
Their abdication of their favored realm
And rightful royalty? what pilot's eye,
Unglazed by death, direct their devious course
(Tremendous navigation!) to allay
The fervor of the tropics? Proudly gleam
Their sparkling masses, shaming the brief dome
Which Russia's empress queen bade the chill bore
Quench life's frail lamp to rear. Now they assume
The front of old cathedral gray with years;
Anon their castellated turrets glow
In high baronial pomp; then the tall mast
Of lofty frigate, peering o'er the cloud,
Attracts the eye; or some fair island spreads
Towns, towers, and mountains, cradled in a flood
Of rainbow lustre, changeful as the web
From fairy loom, and wild as fabled tales
Of Araby.

At the close of the poem is a large body of
curious and entertaining notes, scarcely nec-
essary for its illustration, but welcome as
a collection of well written and instructive
miscellanies upon the various subjects inci-
dentally suggested or referred to in it.

In 1824 Mrs. Sigourney published in prose
A Sketch of Connecticut Forty Years Since;
in 1827, Poems by the author of Moral Pieces;
in 1833, Poetry for Children; in 1834, Sketch-
es, a collection of prose tales and essays; in
1835, Zinzendorf and other Poems; in 1836,
Letters to Young Ladies; and, in 1838, Let-
ters to Mothers. In the summer of 1840 she
went to Europe, and after visiting many of
the most interesting places in England, Scot-
land, and France, and publishing a collection
of her works in London, she returned in the
following April to Hartford.

In 1841 appeared her Select Poems, em-
bracing those which best satisfied her own
judgment in previous volumes, and in the
same year, with many other pieces, Poca-
hontas, the best of her long poems, and much

the best of the many poetical compositions of which the famous daughter of Powhatan has been the subject. Pocahontas is in the Spenserian measure, which is used with considerable felicity, as will be seen from the following description of the heroine in early womanhood, while the thoughtful beauty for which she is celebrated is ripening to its most controlling splendor :

On sped the seasons, and the forest child
Was rounded to the symmetry of youth ;
While o'er her features stole, serenely mild,
The trembling sanctity of woman's truth,
Her modesty, and simpleness, and grace :
Yet those who deeper scan the human face,
Amid the trial hour of fear or ruth,
Might clearly read, upon its heaven writ scroll,
That high and firm resolve which nerved the Roman
soul.

The simple sports that charm'd her childhood's sway,
Her greenwood gambols mid the matted vines,
The curious glance of wild and searching ray,
Where innocence with ignorance combines,
Were changed for deeper thought's persuasive air,
Or that high port a princess well might wear :
So fades the doubtful star when morning shines ;
So melts the young dawn at the enkindling ray,
And on the crimson cloud casts off its mantle gray.

Though Pocahontas is the most sustained of Mrs. Sigourney's poems, the contents of this volume do not altogether exhibit any deeper thought, or finer fancy, or larger command of poetical language, than some of her productions that had been many years before the public.

In 1842 she published Pleasant Memories of Pleasant Lands, the records, in prose and verse, of impressions made during her tour in Europe. Two years afterward this was followed by a similar work under the title of Scenes in my Native Land ; and in 1846, by Myrtis, with other Etchings and Sketchings. The most complete and elegant edition of her poems was published by Carey and Hart, with illustrations by Darley, in 1848.

Mrs. Sigourney has acquired a wider and more pervading reputation than many women will receive in this country. The times have been favorable for her, and the tone of her works such as is most likely to be acceptable in a primitive and pious community. Though possessing but little constructive power, she has a ready expression, and an ear naturally so sensitive to harmony that it has scarcely been necessary for her to study the principles of versification in order to produce some of its finest effects. She sings

impulsively from an atmosphere of affectionate, pious, and elevated sentiment, rather than from the consciousness of subjective ability. In this respect she is not to be compared with some of our female poets, who exhibit an affluence of diction, a soundness of understanding, and a strength of imagination, that justify the belief of their capability for the highest attainments in those fields of poetical art in which women have yet been distinguished. Whether there is in her nature the latent energy and exquisite susceptibility that, under favorable circumstances, might have warmed her sentiment into passion, and her fancy into imagination ; or whether the absence of any deep emotion and creative power is to be attributed to a quietness of life and satisfaction of desires that forbade the development of the full force of her being ; or whether benevolence and adoration have had the mastery of her life, as might seem, and led her other faculties in captivity, we know too little of her secret experiences to form an opinion : but the abilities displayed in Napoleon's Epitaph and some other pieces in her works, suggest that it is only because the flower has not been crushed that we have not a richer perfume.

The late Mr. Alexander H. Everett, in a reviewal of the works of Mrs. Sigourney, published a short time before his departure for China, observes that " they express with great purity and evident sincerity the tender affections which are so natural to the female heart, and the lofty aspirations after a higher and better state of being which constitute the truly ennobling and elevating principle in art as well as nature. Love and religion are the unvarying elements of her song....If her powers of expression were equal to the purity and elevation of her habits of thought and feeling, she would be a female Milton or a Christian Pindar. But though she does not inherit

'The force and ample pinion that the Theban eagles bear,
Sailing with supreme dominion through the liquid vaults of air,'

she nevertheless manages language with ease and elegance, and often with much of the *curiosa felicitas*, that 'refined felicity' of expression, which is, after all, the principal charm in poetry. In blank verse she is very successful. The poems that she has written in this measure have not unfrequently much of the manner of Wordsworth, and may be nearly or quite as highly relished by his admirers."

THE WESTERN EMIGRANT.

AN axe rang sharply mid those forest shades
Which from creation toward the sky had towered
In unshorn beauty. There, with vigorous arm,
Wrought a bo'd emigrant, and by his side
His little son, with question and response,
Beguiled the toil. "Boy, thou hast never seen
Such glorious trees. Hark, when their giant trunks
Fall how the firm earth groans! Rememberest thou
The mighty river, on whose breast we sailed
So many days, on toward the setting sun?
Our own Connecticut, compared to that,
Was but a creeping stream."—"Father, the brook
That by our door went singing, where I launched
My tiny boat, with my young playmates round
When school was o'er, is dearer far to me
Than all these bold, broad waters. To my eye
They are as strangers. And those little trees
My mother nurtured in the garden bound
Of our first home, from whence the fragrant peach
Hung in its ripening god'd, were fairer, sure,
Than this dark forest, shutting out the day."
—"What, ho! my little girl," and with light step
A fairy creature hasted toward her sire,
And, setting down the basket that contained
His noon repast, looked upward to his face
With sweet, confiding smile. "See, dearest, see,
That bright winged parouquet, and hear the song
Of yon gay red bird, echoing through the trees,
Making rich music. Didst thou ever hear,
In far New England, such a mellow tone?"
—"I had a robin that did take the crumbs
Each night and morning, and his chirping voice
Did make me joyful as I went to tend
My snowdrops. I was always laughing then
In that first home. I should be happier now,
Methinks, if I could find among these dells
The same fresh violets." Slow night drew on,
And round the rude hut of the emigrant
The wrathful spirit of the rising storm
Spake bitter things. His weary children s'ept,
And he, with head declined, sat listening long
To the swollen waters of the Illinois,
Dashing against their shores. Starting, he spake:
"Wife! did I see thee brush away a tear?
'T was even so. Thy heart was with the halls
Of thy nativity. Their sparkling lights,
Carpets, and sofas, and admiring guests,
Befit thee better than these rugged walls
Of shapeless logs, and this lone, hermit home."
—"No, no. All was so still around, methought
Upon mine ear that echoed hymn did stea',
Which mid the church, where erst we paid our vows,
So tuneful pea'ed. But tenderly thy voice
Dissolved the illusion." And the gentle smile
Lighting her brow, the fond caress that soothed
Her waking infant, reassured his soul
That, wheresoe'er our best affections dwell,
And strike a healthful root, is happiness.
Content and placid, to his rest he sank;
But dreams, those wild magicians, that do play
Such pranks when reason slumbers, tireless wrought
Their will with him. Up rose the thronging mart
Of his own native city—roof and spire,

All glittering bright, in fancy's frostwork ray.
The steed his boyhood nurtured proudly neighed,
The favorite dog came frisking round his feet
With shrill and joyous bark; familiar doors
Flew open; greeting hands with his were linked
In friendship's grasp; he heard the keen debate
From congregated haunts, where mind with mind
Doth blend and brighten: and till morning roved
Mid the loved scenery of his native land.

THE PILGRIM FATHERS.

How slow yon lonely vessel ploughs the main!
Amid the heavy billows now she seems
A toiling atom; then from wave to wave
Leaps madly, by the tempest lashed, or reef's [wane,
Half wrecked thro' gulfs profound. Moons wax and
But still that patient traveller treads the deep.
—I see an icebound coast toward which she steers
With such a tardy movement, that it seems
Stern Winter's hand hath turned her keel to stone,
And sealed his victory on her slippery shrouds.
—They land! they land! not like the Genoese,
With glittering sword, and gaudy train, and eye
Kindling with golden fancies. Forth they come
From their long prison, hardly forms that brave
The world's unkindness, men of hoary hair,
Maidens of fearless heart, and matrons grave,
Who hush the wailing infant with a g'ance,
Beak Nature's desolation wraps them round,
Eternal forests, and unyielding earth,
And savage men, who through the thickets peer
With vengeful arrow. What could lure their steps
To this drear desert? Ask of him who left
His father's home to roam through Haran's wilds,
Distrusting not the guide who called him forth,
Nor doubting, though a stranger, that his seed
Shou'd be as ocean's sands. But yon lone bark
Hath spread her parting sail; they crowd the strand,
Those few, lone pilgrims. Can ye scan the wo
That wrings their bosoms, as the last frail link,
Binding to man and habitable earth,
Is severed? Can ye tell what pangs were there,
With keen regrets; what sickness of the heart,
What yearnings o'er their forfeit land of birth,
Their distant dear ones? Long, with straining eye,
They watch the lessening speck. Heard ye no shriek
Of anguish, when that bitter lone'iness
Sank down into their bosoms? No! they turn
Back to their dreary, famished huts, and pray!
Pray, and the ills that haunt this transient life
Fade into air. Up in each girded breast
There sprang a rooted and mysterious strength,
A loftiness to face a world in arms,
To strip the pomp from sceptres, and to lay
On Duty's sacred altar the warm blood
Of s'ain affections, shou'd they rise between
The soul and God. O ye, who proudly boast,
In your free veins, the blood of sires like these,
Look to their lineaments. Dread lest ye lose
Their likeness in your sons. Shou'd Mammon cling
Too close around your heart, or wealth beget
That bloated luxury which eats the core
From manly virtue, or the tempting world

Make faint the Christian purpose in your soul,
Turn ye to Plymouth rock, and where they knee't
Kneel, and renew the vow they breathed to God.

◆
WINTER.

I DEEM thee not unlovely, though thou comest
With a stern visage. To the tuneful bird,
The blushing floweret, the rejoicing stream,
Thy discipline is harsh. But unto man
Methinks thou hast a kindlier ministry.
Thy lengthened eye is full of fireside joys,
And deathless linking of warm heart to heart,
So that the hoarse storm passes by unheard.
Earth, robed in white, a peaceful sabbath holds,
And keepeth silence at her Maker's feet.
She ceaseth from the harrowing of the plough,
And from the harvest shouting. Man should rest
Thus from his fevered passions, and exhale
The unbreathed carbon of his festering thought,
And drink in holy health. As the tossed bark
Doth seek the shelter of some quiet bay
To trim its scattered cordage, and restore
Its riven sails—so should the toilworn mind
Refit for Time's rough voyage. Man, perchance,
Soured by the world's sharp commerce, or impaired
By the wild wanderings of his summer way,
Turns like a truant scholar to his home,
And yields his nature to sweet influences
That purify and save. The ruddy boy [sport,
Comes with his shouting schoolmates from their
On the smooth, frozen lake, as the first star
Hangs, pure and cold, its twinkling cresset forth,
And, throwing off his skates with boisterous glee,
Hastes to his mother's side. Her tender hand
Doth shake the snowflakes from his glossy curls,
And draw him nearer, and with gentle voice
Asks of his lessons, while her lifted heart
Solicits silently the Sire of heaven
To "bless the lad." The timid infant learns
Better to love its sire, and longer sits
Upon his knee, and with a velvet lip
Prints on his brow such language as the tongue
Hath never spoken. Come thou to life's feast
With dove eyed Meekness, and bland Charity,
And thou shalt find even Winter's rugged blasts
The minstrel teacher of thy well tuned soul,
And when the last drop of its cup is drained—
Arising with a song of praise—go up
To the eternal banquet.

◆
NIAGARA.

Flow on, for ever, in thy glorious robe
Of terror and of beauty. Yea, flow on
Unfathomed and resistless. God hath set
His rainbow on thy forehead, and the cloud
Mantled around thy feet. And he doth give
Thy voice of thunder power to speak of him
Eternally—bidding the lip of man
Keep silence—and upon thy rocky altar pour
Incense of awe struck praise. Ah! who can dare
To lift the insect trump of earthly hope,
Or love, or sorrow, mid the peal sublimine

Of thy tremendous hymn? Even Ocean shrinks
Back from thy brotherhood: and all his waves
Retire abashed. For he doth sometimes seem
To sleep like a spent laborer, and recall
His wearied billows from their vexing play,
And lull them to a cradle calm: but thou,
With everlasting, undecaying tide,
Dost rest not, night or day. The morning stars,
When first they sang o'er young Creation's birth,
Heard thy deep anthem; and those wrecking fires,
That wait the archangel's signal to dissolve
This solid earth, shall find JЕНОУАН's name
Graven, as with a thousand diamond spears,
Of thine unending volume. Every leaf,
That lifts itself within thy wide domain,
Doth gather greenness from thy living spray,
Yet tremble at the baptism. Lo! yon birds
Do boldly venture near, and bathe their wing
Amid thy mist and foam. 'Tis meet for them
To touch thy garment's hem, and lightly stir
The snowy leaflets of thy vapor wreath,
For they may sport unharmed amid the cloud,
Or listen at the echoing gate of heaven,
Without reproof. But as for us, it seems
Scarce lawful, with our broken tones, to speak
Familiarly of thee. Methinks, to tint
Thy glorious features with our pencil's point,
Or woo thee to the tablet of a song,
Were profanation. Thou dost make the soul
A wondering witness of thy majesty,
But as it presses with delirious joy
To pierce thy vestibule, dost chain its step,
And tame its rapture, with the humbling view
Of its own nothingness, bidding it stand
In the dread presence of the Invisible,
As if to answer to its God through thee.

◆
THE ALPINE FLOWERS.

MEEK dwellers mid yon terror stricken cliff!
With brows so pure, and incense breathing lips,
Whence are ye? Did some white winged messenger
On Mercy's missions trust your timid germ
To the cold cradle of eternal snows?
Or, breathing on the callous icicles,
Did them with tear drops nurse ye?—

—Tree nor shrub

Dare that drear atmosphere; no polar pine
Uprears a veteran front; yet there ye stand,
Leaning your cheeks against the thick ribbed ice,
And looking up with brilliant eyes to Him
Who bids you bloom unblanched amid the waste
Of desolation. Man, who, panting, toils
O'er slippery steeps, or, trembling, treads the verge
Of yawning gulfs, o'er which the headlong plunge
Is to eternity, looks shuddering up,
And marks ye in your placid loveliness—
Fearless, yet frail—and, clasping his chill hands,
Blesses your pencilled beauty. Mid the pomp
Of mountain summits rushing on the sky,
And chaining the rapt soul in breathless awe,
He bows to bind you drooping to his breast,
Inhales your spirit from the frost winged gal,
And freer dreams of heaven.

NAPOLEON'S EPITAPH.

'The moon of St. Helena shone out, and there we saw the face of Napoleon's sepulchre, characterless, uninscribed.'

AND who shall write thine epitaph, thou man
Of mystery and might! Shall orphan hands
Inscribe it with their father's broken swords?
Or the warm trickling of the widow's tear
Channel it slowly mid the rugged rock,
As the keen torture of the water drop [ghosts
Doth wear the sentenced brain? Shall countless
Arise from hades, and in lurid flame
With shadowy finger trace thine effigy,
Who sent them to their audit unannealed,
And with but that brief space for shrift of prayer
Given at the cannon's mouth? Thou, who didst sit
Like eagle on the apex of the globe,
And hear the murmur of its conquered tribes,
As chirp the weak voiced nations of the grass,
Why art thou sepulchred in yon far isle,
Yon little speck, which scarce the mariner
Descries mid ocean's foam? Thou, who didst hew
A pathway for thy host above the cloud,
Guiding their footsteps o'er the frostwork crown
Of the throned Alps, why dost thou sleep unmarked,
Even by such slight memento as the hind
Carves on his own coarse tombstone? Bid the
throng

Who poured thee incense, as Olympian Jove,
And breathed thy thunders on the battle field,
Return, and rear thy monument. Those forms
O'er the wide valleys of red slaughter spread,
From pole to tropic, and from zone to zone,
Heed not thy clarion call. But should they rise,
As in the vision that the prophet saw,
And each dry bone its severed fellow find,
Piling their pillared dust as erst they gave
Their souls for thee, the wondering stars might deem
A second time the puny pride of man
Did creep by stealth upon its Babel stairs,
To dwell with them. But here unwept thou art,
Like a dead lion in his thicket lair,
With neither living man nor spirit condemned
To write thine epitaph. Invoke the climes,
Who served as playthings in thy desperate game
Of mad ambition, or their treasures strewed
Till meagre Famine on their vitals preyed,
To pay the reckoning. France! who gave so free
Thy life stream to his cup of wine, and saw
That purple vintage shed over half the earth,
Write the first line, if thou hast blood to spare.
Thou, too, whose pride did deck dead Cæsar's tomb,
And chant high requiem o'er the tyrant band
Who had their birth with thee, lend us thine arts
Of sculpture and of classic eloquence,
To grace his obsequies at whose dark frown
Thine ancient spirit quailed, and to the list
Of mutilated kings, who gleaned their meat
'Neath Agag's table, add the name of Rome.
—Turn, Austria! iron browed and stern of heart,
And on his monument, to whom thou gavest
In anger, battle, and in craft a bride,
Grave "Austerlitz," and fiercely turn away.
—As the reined war horse snuffs the trumpet blast,
Rouse Prussia from her trance with Jena's name,

And bid her witness to that fame which soars
O'er him of Macedon, and shames the vaunt
Of Scandinavia's madman. From the shades
Of lettered ease, oh, Germany! come forth
With pen of fire, and from thy troubled scroll,
Such as thou spreadst at Leipsic, gather tints
Of deeper character than bold Romance
Hath ever imaged in her wildest dream.
Or History trusted to her sybil leaves.
—Hail, lotus crowned! in thy green childhood fed
By stiff necked Pharaoh and the shepherd kings,
Hast thou no tale of him who drenched thy sands
At Jaffa and Aboukir! when the flight
Of rushing souls went up so strange and strong
To the accusing Spirit?—Glorious isle!
Whose thrice enwreathed chain, Promethean like,
Did bind him to the fatal rock, we ask
Thy deep memento for this marble tomb.
—Ho! fur clad Russia! with thy spear of frost,
Or with thy winter mocking Cossack's lance,
Stir the cold memories of thy vengeful brain,
And give the last line of our epitaph.
—But there was silence: for no sceptred hand
Received the challenge. From the misty deep,
Rise, island spirits! like those sisters three
Who spin and cut the trembling thread of life—
Rise on your coral pedestals, and write
That eulogy which haughtier climes deny.
Come, for ye lulled him in your matron arms,
And cheered his exile with the name of king,
And spread that curtained couch which none disturb,
Come, twine some trait of household tenderness,
Some tender leaflet, nursed with Nature's tears,
Around this urn.—But Corsica, who rocked
His cradle at Ajaccio, turned away;
And tiny Eba in the Tuscan wave
Threw her slight annal with the haste of fear;
And rude Helena, sick at heart, and gray
'Neath the Atlantic's smiting, bade the moon,
With silent finger, point the traveller's gaze
To an unhonored tomb.—Then Earth arose,
That blind old empress, on her crumbling throne,
And to the echoed question, "Who shall write
NAPOLEON'S epitaph?" as one who broods
O'er unforgiven injuries, answered, "None!"

DEATH OF AN INFANT.

DEATH found strange beauty on that polished
brow,

And dashed it out. There was a tint of rose
On cheek and lip. He touched the veins with ice,
And the rose faded. Forth from those blue eyes
There spake a wishful tenderness, a doubt
Whether to grieve or sleep, which innocence
Alone may wear. With ruthless haste he bound
The silken fringes of those curtaining lids
For ever. There had been a murmuring sound
With which the babe would claim its mother's ear,
Charming her even to tears. The spoiler set
The seal of silence. But there beamed a smile,
So fixed, so holy, from that cherub brow,
Death gazed, and left it there. He dared not steal
The signet ring of Heaven.

MONODY ON MRS. HEMANS.

NATURE doth mourn for thee. There comes a voice
 From her far solitudes, as though the winds
 Murmured low dirges, or the waves complained.
 Even the meek plant, that never sang before,
 Save one brief requiem, when its blossoms fell,
 Seems through its drooping leaves to sigh for thee,
 As for a florist dead. The ivy, wreathed
 Round the gray turrets of a buried race,
 And the proud palm trees, that like princes rear
 Their diadems 'neath Asia's sultry sky,
 Blend with their ancient lore thy hallowed name.
 Thy music, like baptismal dew, did make
 What'er it touched more holy. The pure shell,
 Pressing its pearly lip to Ocean's floor;
 The cloistered chambers, where the seagods sleep;
 And the unfathomed, melancholy Main,
 Lament for thee through all the sounding deeps.
 Hark! from sky piercing Himmaleh, to where
 Snowdon doth weave his coronet of cloud—
 From the scathed pine tree, near the red man's hut,
 To where the ever-asting Banian bui'ds
 Its vast columnar temple, comes a wail
 For her who o'er the dim cathedral's arch,
 The quivering sunbeam on the cottage wall,
 Or the sere desert, poured the lofty chant
 And ritual of the muse: who found the link
 That joins mute Nature to ethereal mind,
 And make that link a melody. The vales
 Of glorious Albion heard thy tuneful fame, [bards
 And those green cliffs, where erst the Cambrian
 Swept their indignant lyres, exulting tell
 How oft thy fairy foot in childhood climbed
 Their rude, romantic heights. Yet was the couch
 Of thy last s'umber in yon verdant isle
 Of song, and eloquence, and ardent soul—
 Which, loved of lavish skies, though banned by fate,
 Seemed as a type of thine own varied lot,
 The crowned of Genius, and the child of Wo.
 For at thy breast the ever pointed thorn
 Did gird itself in secret, mid the gush
 Of such unstained, sublime, impassioned song,
 That angels, poisoning on some silver cloud,
 Might listen mid the errands of the skies,
 And linger all unblamed. How tenderly
 Doth Nature draw her curtain round thy rest,
 And, like a nurse, with finger on her lip,
 Watch that no step disturb thee, and no hand
 Profane thy sacred harp. Methinks she waits
 Thy waking, as some cheated mother hangs
 O'er the pale babe, whose spirit Death hath stolen,
 And laid it dreaming on the lap of Heaven.
 Said we that thou art dead? We dare not. No.
 For every mountain, stream, or shady dell,
 Where thy rich echoes linger, claim thee still,
 Their own undying one. To thee was known
 Alike the language of the fragile flower
 And of the burning stars. God taught it thee.
 So, from thy living intercourse with man,
 Thou shalt not pass, until the weary earth
 Drops her last gem into the doomsday flame.
 Thou hast but taken thy seat with that blest choir,
 Whose harmonies thy spirit learned so well
 Through this low, darkened casement, and so long

Interpreted for us. Why should we say
 Farewell to thee, since every unborn age
 Shall mix thee with its household charities?
 The hoary sire shall bow his deafened ear,
 And greet thy sweet words with his benison.
 The mother shrine thee as a vestal flame
 In the lone temple of her sanctity;
 And the young child who takes thee by the hand,
 Shall travel with a surer step to heaven.

THE MOTHER OF WASHINGTON.*

LONG hast thou slept unnoted. Nature stole
 In her soft ministry around thy bed,
 Spreading her vernal tissue, violet gemmed,
 And pearled with dews.

She bade bright Summer bring
 Gifts of frankincense, with sweet song of birds,
 And Autumn cast his reaper's coronet
 Down at thy feet, and stormy Winter speak
 Sternly of man's neglect. But now we come
 To do thee homage—mother of our chief!
 Fit homage—such as honoreth him who pays.

Methinks we see thee—as in olden time—
 Simple in garb—majestic and serene,
 Unmoved by pomp or circumstance—in truth
 Inflexible, and with a Spartan zeal
 Repressing vice and making folly grave.
 Thou didst not deem it woman's part to waste
 Life in inglorious sloth—to sport a while
 Amid the flowers, or on the summer wave;
 Then fleet, like the ephemeron, away,
 Building no temple in her children's hearts,
 Save to the vanity and pride of life
 Which she had worshipped.

For the might that clothed
 The "Pater Patrie"—for the glorious deeds
 That make Mount Vernon's tomb a Mecca shrine
 For all the earth—what thanks to thee are due,
 Who, mid his elements of being, wrought,
 We know not—Heaven can tell!

Rise, sculptured pile!
 And show a race unborn who rests below,
 And say to mothers what a holy charge
 Is theirs—with what a kingly power their love
 Might rule the fountains of the newborn mind.
 Warn them to wake at early dawn, and sow
 Good seed before the World hath sown her tares.
 Nor in their toil decline—that angel bands
 May put the sickle in, and reap for God,
 And gather to his garner. Ye, who stand,
 With thrilling breast, to view her trophied praise,
 Who nobly reared Virginia's godlike chief—
 Ye, whose last thought upon your nightly couch,
 Whose first at waking, is your cradled son,
 What though no high ambition prompts to rear
 A second WASHINGTON, or leave your name
 Wrought out in marble with a nation's tears
 Of deathless gratitude—yet may you raise
 A monument above the stars—a soul
 Led by your teachings and your prayers to God

* On laying the corner stone of her monument at Fredricksburg, Virginia.

THE COUNTRY CHURCH.

It stood among the chestnuts—its white spire
And slender turrets pointing where man's heart
Should oftener turn. Up went the wooded cliffs,
Abruptly beautiful, above its head,
Shutting with verdant screen the waters out,
That just beyond, in deep sequestered vale,
Wrought out their rocky passage. Clustering roofs
And varying sounds of village industry
Swelled from its margin.....

But all around
The solitary dell, where meekly rose
That consecrated church, there was no voice
Save what still Nature in her worship breathes,
And that unspoken lore with which the dead
Do commune with the living..... And methought
How sweet it were, so near the sacred house
Where we had heard of Christ, and taken his yoke,
And sabbath after sabbath gathered strength
To do his will, thus to lie down and rest,
Close 'neath the shadow of its peaceful walls;
And when the hand doth moulder, to lift up
Our simple tombstone witness to that faith
Which can not die.

Heaven bless thee, lonely church,
And daily mayst thou warn a pilgrim-band
From toil, from cumbrance, and from strife to flee,
And drink the waters of eternal life:
Still in sweet fellowship with trees and skies,
Friend both of earth and heaven, devoutly stand
To guide the living and to guard the dead.

SOLITUDE.

DEEP solitude I sought. There was a dell
Where woven shades shut out the eye of day,
While, towering near, the rugged mountains made
Dark background 'gainst the sky. Thither I went,
And bade my spirit taste that lonely fount,
For which it long had thirsted mid the strife
And fever of the world.—I thought to be
There without witness: but the violet's eye
Looked up to greet me, the fresh wild rose smiled,
And the young pendent vine flower kissed my cheek.
There were glad voices too: the garrulous brook,
Untiring, to the patient pebbles told
Its history. Up came the singing breeze,
And the broad leaves of the cool poplar spake
Responsive, every one. Even busy life
Woke in that dell: the dexterous spider threw
From spray to spray the silver-tissued snare.
The thrifty ant, whose curving pincers pierced
The rifled grain, toiled toward her citadel.
To her sweet hive went forth the loaded bee,
While, from her wind-rocked nest, the mother-bird
Sang to her nurslings.

Yet I strangely thought
To be alone and silent in thy realm,
Spirit of life and love! It might not be:
There is no solitude in thy domains,
Save what man makes, when in his selfish breast
He locks his joy, and shuts out others' grief.
Thou hast not left thyself in this wide world
Without a witness: even the desert place

Speaketh thy name; the simple flowers and streams
Are social and benevolent, and he
Who holdeth converse in their language pure,
Roaming among them at the cool of day,
Shall find, like him who Eden's garden dressed,
His Maker there, to teach his listening heart.

SUNSET ON THE ALLEGANY.

I WAS a pensive pilgrim at the foot
Of the crowned Allegany, when he wrapped
His purple mantle gloriously around,
And took the homage of the princely hills,
And ancient forests, as they bowed them down,
Each in his order of nobility.
—And then, in glorious pomp, the sun retired
Behind that solemn shadow: and his train
Of crimson, and of azure, and of gold,
Went floating up the zenith, tint on tint,
And ray on ray, till all the concave caught
His parting benediction.

But the glow
Faded to twilight, and dim evening sank
In deeper shade, and there that mountain stood
In awful state, like dread ambassador [severe
'Tween earth and heaven. Methought it frowned
Upon the world beneath, and lifted up
The accusing forehead sternly toward the sky,
To witness 'gainst its sins: and is it meet
For thee, swoln out in cloud-capped pinnacle,
To scorn thine own original, the dust
That, feebly eddying on the angry winds,
Doth sweep thy base? Say, is it meet for thee,
Robing thyself in mystery, to impeach
This nether sphere, from whence thy rocky root
Draws depth and nutriment?

But lo! a star,
The first meek herald of advancing night,
Doth peer above thy summit, as some babe
Might gaze with brow of timid innocence
Over a giant's shoulder. Hail, lone star!
Thou friendly watcher o'er an erring world,
Thine uncondemning glance doth aptly teach
Of that untiring mercy, which vouchsafes
Thee light, and man's salvation.

Not to mark
And treasure up his follies, or recount
Their secret record in the court of Heaven,
Thou com'st. Methinks thy tenderness would
With trembling mantle, his infirmities. [shroud
The purest natures are most pitiful;
But they who feel corruption strong within
Do launch their darts most fiercely at the trace
Of their own image, in another's breast.
—So the wild bull, that in some mirror spies
His own mad visage, furiously destroys
The frail reflector. But thou, stainless star!
Shalt stand a watchman on Creation's walls,
While race on race their little circles mark,
And slumber in the tomb. Still point to all,
Who through this evening scene may wander on
And from yon mountain's cold magnificence
Turn to thy milder beauty—point to all,
The eternal love that nightly sends thee forth,
A silent teacher of its boundless love.

THE INDIAN GIRL'S BURIAL.

A VOICE upon the prairies,
 A cry of woman's wo,
 That mingleth with the autumn blast
 All fitfully and low;
 It is a mother's wailing:
 Hath earth another tone
 Like that with which a mother mourns
 Her lost, her only one!

Pale faces gather round her,
 They marked the storm swell high
 That rends and wrecks the tossing soul,
 But their cold, blue eyes are dry.
 Pale faces gaze upon her,
 As the wild winds caught her moan,
 But she was an Indian mother,
 So she wept her tears alone.

Long o'er that wasted idol
 She watched, and toiled, and prayed,
 Though every dreary dawn revealed
 Some ravage death had made,
 Till the fleshless sinews started,
 And hope no opiate gave,
 And hoarse and hollow grew her voice,
 An echo from the grave.

She was a gentle creature,
 Of raven eye and tress;
 And dovelike were the tones that breathed
 Her bosom's tenderness,
 Save when some quick emotion
 The warm blood strongly sent,
 To revel in her olive cheek,
 So richly eloquent.

I said Consumption smote her,
 And the healer's art was vain,
 But she was an Indian maiden,
 So none deplored her pain;
 None, save that widowed mother,
 Who now, by her open tomb,
 Is writhing, like the smitten wretch
 Whom judgment marks for doom.

Alas! that lowly cabin,
 That bed beside the wall,
 That seat beneath the mantling vine,
 They're lone and empty all.
 What hand shall pluck the tall green corn,
 That ripeneth on the plain?
 Since she for whom the board was spread
 Must ne'er return again.

Rest, rest, thou Indian maiden,
 Nor let thy murmuring shade
 Grieve that those pale browed ones with scorn
 Thy burial rite surveyed;
 There's many a king whose funeral
 A black robed realm shall see,
 For whom no tear of grief is shed
 Like that which falls for thee.

Yea, rest thee, forest maiden,
 Beneath thy native tree!
 The proud may boast their little day,
 Then sink to dust like thee:

But there's many a one whose funeral
 With nodding plumes may be,
 Whom Nature nor affection mourn
 As here they mourn for thee.

INDIAN NAMES.

YE say they all have passed away,
 That noble race and brave;
 That their light canoes have vanished
 From off the crested wave;
 That, mid the forests where they roamed,
 There rings no hunter's shout:
 But their name is on your waters—
 Ye may not wash it out.

'T is where Ontario's billow
 Like Ocean's surge is curled;
 Where strong Niagara's thunders wake
 The echo of the world;
 Where red Missouri bringeth
 Rich tribute from the west;
 And Rappahannock sweetly sleeps
 On green Virginia's breast.

Ye say their conelike cabins,
 That clustered o'er the vale,
 Have disappeared, as withered leaves
 Before the autumn's gale:
 But their memory liveth on your hills,
 Their baptism on your shore,
 Your everlasting rivers speak
 Their dialect of yore.

Old Massachusetts wears it
 Within her lordly crown,
 And broad Ohio bears it
 Amid her young renown;
 Connecticut has wreathed it
 Where her quiet foliage waves,
 And bold Kentucky breathes it hoarse
 Through all her ancient caves.

Wachusett hides its lingering voice
 Within its rocky heart,
 And Allegany graves its tone
 Throughout his lofty chart.
 Monadnock, on his forehead hoar,
 Doth seal the sacred trust:
 Your mountains build their monument,
 Though ye destroy their dust.

A BUTTERFLY ON A CHILD'S GRAVE.

A BUTTERFLY basked on a baby's grave,
 Where a lily had chanced to grow:
 "Why art thou here, with thy gaudy dye,
 When she of the blue and sparkling eye
 Must sleep in the churchyard low?"

Then it lightly soared through the sunny air,
 And spoke from its shining track:
 "I was a worm till I won my wings,
 And she whom thou mourn'st, like a seraph sings
 Wouldst thou call the blest one back?"

MONODY ON THE LATE DANIEL WADSWORTH.

THOU, of a noble name,
 That gave in days of old
 Shepherds to Zion's fold,
 And chiefs of power and fame,
 When Washington in times of peril drew [true—
 Forth in their country's cause the valiant and the
 Thou, who so many a lonely home didst cheer,
 Counting thy wealth a sacred trust—
 With shuddering heart the knell we hear
 That tells us thou art dust.
 Friend! we have let thee fall
 Into the grave, and have not gathered all
 The wisdom thou didst love to pour
 From a full mind's exhaustless store:
 Ah, we were slow of heart,
 To reap the rapid moments ere their flight—
 Or thou, perchance, to us hadst taught the art
 Heaven's gifts to use aright—
 Amid infirmity and pain.
 Time's golden sands to save;
 With upright heart the truth maintain;
 To frown on wiles the life that stain,
 Making the soul their slave;
 To joy in all things beautiful, and trace [face.
 The slightest smile, or shade, that mantled Nature's
 Yes, we were slow of heart, and dreamed
 To see thee still at wintry tide, [beside,
 With page of knowledge spread, thy pleasant hearth
 When to thy clearer sight there gleamed
 The beckoning hand, the waiting eye,
 The smile of welcome through the sky,
 Of her who was thine angel here below, [to go.
 And unto whom 't was meet that thou shouldst long
 Friend! thou didst give command
 To him who dealt thy soul its hallowed bread,
 As by thy suffering bed
 He took his faithful stand,
 Not to pronounce thy praise when thou wert dead:
 So, though impulsive promptings came,
 Warm o'er his lips like rushing flame,
 He struggled and o'ercame.
 Even when, in sad array,
 From thy lone home, where summer roses twined,
 The funeral weepers held their way
 Thy sable hearse behind:
 When in the holy house, where thou so long
 Hadst worshipped with the sabbath throng,
 Thy venerated form was laid,
 While mournful dirges rose, and solemn prayers
 were made.
 Oh friend! thou didst o'er-master well
 The pride of wealth, and multiply
 Good deeds not done for the good word of men,
 But for Heaven's judging pen,
 And clear, omniscient eye;
 And surely where the "just made perfect" dwell,
 Earth's voice of highest eulogy
 Is like the bubble of the far-off sea—
 A sigh upon the grave, [wave.
 Scarce moving the frail flowers that o'er its surface

Yet think not, friend revered,
 Oblivion o'er thy name shall sweep,
 While the fair domes that thou hast reared
 Their faithful witness keep.
 The fairy cottage in its robe of flowers—
 The classic turrets, where the stranger strays
 Amid the pencil's tints and scrolls of other days,
 And yon gray tower on Montevideo's crest,
 Where, mid Elysian haunts and bowers,
 Thou didst rejoice to see all people blest:
 These chronicle thy name—
 And ah, in many a darkened cot
 Thou hast a tear-embalméd fame
 That can not be forgot!
 But were all dumb beside,
 The lyre that thou didst wake, the lone heart thou
 didst guide,
 In early youth, with fostering care—
 These may not in cold silence bide:
 For were it so, the stones on which we tread
 Would find a tongue to chide
 Ingratitude so dread!
 No—till the fading gleam of memory's fires
 From the warm altar of the heart expires,
 Leave thou the much indebted free
 To speak what truth inspires,
 And fondly mourn for thee.

ADVERTISEMENT OF A LOST DAY.

Lost! lost! lost!
 A gem of countless price,
 Cut from the living rock,
 And graved in paradise:
 Set round with three times eight
 Large diamonds, clear and bright,
 And each with sixty smaller ones,
 All changeful as the light.
 Lost—where the thoughtless throng
 In Fashion's mazes wind,
 Where trilleth Folly's song,
 Leaving a sting behind:
 Yet to my hand 't was given
 A golden harp to buy,
 Such as the white-robed choir attune
 To deathless minstrelsy.
 Lost! lost! lost!
 I feel all search is vain;
 That gem of countless cost
 Can ne'er be mine again:
 I offer no reward—
 For till these heart-strings sever,
 I know that Heaven-entrusted gift
 Is reft away for ever.
 But when the sea and land
 Like burning scroll have fled,
 I'll see it in His hand
 Who judgeth quick and dead,
 And when of scathe and loss
 That man can ne'er repair,
 The dread inquiry meets my soul,
 What shall it answer there?

FAREWELL TO A RURAL RESIDENCE.

How beautiful it stands,
 Behind its elm tree's screen,
 With simple attic cornice crowned,
 All graceful and serene!
 Most sweet, yet sad, it is
 Upon yon scene to gaze,
 And list its inborn melody,
 The voice of other days:

For there, as many a year
 Its varied chart unrolled,
 I hid me in those quiet shades,
 And called the joys of old;
 I called them, and they came
 When vernal buds appeared,
 Or where the vine clad summer bower
 Its temple roof upreared,

Or where the o'erarching grove
 Spread forth its copses green,
 While eyebright and asclepias reared
 Their untrained stalks between;
 And the squirrel from the boughs
 His broken nuts let fall,
 And the merry, merry little birds
 Sing at his festival.

Yon old forsaken nests
 Returning spring shall cheer,
 And thence the unfledged robin breathe
 His greeting wild and clear;
 And from yon clustering vine,
 That wreathes the casement round,
 The humming-birds' unresting wing
 Send forth a whirring sound;

And where alternate springs
 The lilach's purple spire
 Fast by its snowy sister's side;
 Or where, with wing of fire,
 The kingly oriole glancing went
 Amid the foliage rare,
 Shall many a group of children tread,
 But mine will not be there.

Fain would I know what forms
 The mastery here shall keep,
 What mother in yon nursery fair
 Rock her young babes to sleep:
 Yet blessings on the hallowed spot,
 Though here no more I stray,
 And blessings on the stranger babes
 Who in those halls shall play.

Heaven bless you, too, my plants,
 And every parent bird
 That here, among the woven boughs,
 Above its young hath stirred.
 I kiss your trunks, ye ancient trees,
 That often o'er my head
 The blossoms of your flowery spring
 In fragrant showers have shed.

Thou, too, of changeful mood,
 I thank thee, sounding stream,
 That blent thine echo with my thought.
 Or woke my musing dream.
 I kneel upon the verdant turf,
 For sure my thanks are due
 To moss-cup and to clover leaf,
 That gave me draughts of dew.

To each perennial flower,
 Old tenants of the spot,
 The broad leafed lily of the vale,
 And the meek forget-me-not;
 To every daisy's dappled brow,
 To every violet blue,
 Thanks! thanks! may each returning year
 Your changeless bloom renew.

Praise to our Father-God,
 High praise, in solemn lay,
 Alike for what his hand hath given,
 And what it takes away:
 And to some other loving heart
 May all this beauty be
 The dear retreat, the Eden home,
 That it hath been to me!

WIDOW AT HER DAUGHTER'S BRIDAL

Deal gently thou, whose hand hath won
 The young bird from its nest away,
 Where careless, 'neath a vernal sun,
 She gayly carolled, day by day;
 The haunt is lone, the heart must grieve,
 From whence her timid wing doth soar,
 They pensive list at hush of eve,
 Yet hear her gushing song no more.

Deal gently with her; thou art dear,
 Beyond what vestal lips have told,
 And, like a lamb from fountains clear,
 She turns confiding to thy fold;
 She, round thy sweet domestic bower
 The wreaths of changeless love shall twine,
 Watch for thy step at vesper hour,
 And blend her holiest prayer with thine.

Deal gently thou, when, far away,
 Mid stranger scenes her foot shall rove,
 Nor let thy tender care decay—
 The soul of woman lives in love:
 And shouldst thou, wondering, mark a tear,
 Unconscious, from her eyelids break,
 Be pitiful, and soothe the fear
 That man's strong heart may ne'er partake.

A mother yields her gem to thee,
 On thy true breast to sparkle rare;
 She places 'neath thy household tree
 The idol of her fondest care:
 And by thy trust to be forgiven,
 When Judgment wakes in terror wild
 By all thy treasured hopes of heaven,
 Deal gently with the widow's child!

KATHERINE A. WARE.

(Born 1797—Died 1813.)

KATHERINE AUGUSTA RHODES was born in 1797 at Quincy, in Massachusetts, where her father was a physician. She was remarkable in childhood for a love of reading, and for a justness of taste much beyond her years. She wrote verses at a very early age, and a poem at fifteen, upon the death of her kinsman, Robert Treat Paine, which possessed sufficient merit to be included in the collection of that author's works. In 1819 she was married to Mr. Charles A. Ware, of the Navy, and in the next few years she appeared frequently as a writer of odes for public occasions and as a contributor to literary journals. Among her odes was one addressed to Lafayette and presented to him in the ceremony of his reception in Boston, by her eldest child, then five years old; and another, in honor of Governor De Witt Clinton, which was recited at the great Canal Celebration in New York.

In 1828 Mrs. Ware commenced in Boston the publication of a literary periodical, entitled *The Bower of Taste*, which was continued several years. She subsequently resided in New York, and in 1839 went to Europe, where she remained until her death, in Paris in 1843.

A few months before she died, Mrs. Ware published, in London, a selection from her writings, under the title of *The Power of the Passions and other Poems*. The composition from which the volume has its principal title was originally printed in the *Knickerbocker Magazine*, for April in the same year. This, though the longest, is scarcely the best of her

productions, but it has passages of considerable strength and boldness, and some felicities of expression. She describes a public dancer, as

Moving as if her element were air,
And music was the echo of her step;

and there are many other lines noticeable for a picturesque beauty or a fine cadence. In other poems, also, are parts which are much superior to their contexts, as if written in moments of inspiration, and added to in laborious leisure: as the following, from *The Diamond Island*, which refers to a beautiful place in Lake George:

How sweet to stray along thy flowery shore,
Where crystals sparkle in the sunny ray;
While the red boatman plies his silvery oar
To the wild measure of some rustic lay!

and these lines, from an allusion to Athens:

Views the broad stadium where the gymnastic art
Nerved the young arm and energized the heart.

or this apostrophe to sculpture, from *Musings in St. James's Cemetery*:

Sculpture, oh, what a triumph o'er the grave
Hath thy proud art! thy powerful hand can save
From the destroyer's grasp the noble form,
As if the spirit dwelt, still thrilling, warm,
In every line and feature of the face,
The air majestic, and the simple grace
Of flowing robes, which shade, but not conceal,
All that the classic chisel would reveal.

These inequalities are characteristic of the larger number of Mrs. Ware's poems, but there are in her works some pieces marked by a sustained elegance, and deserving of praise for their fancy and feeling as well as for an artist-like finish.

LOSS OF THE FIRST-BORN.

I SAW a pale young mother bending o'er
Her first-born hope. Its soft blue eyes were closed,
Not in the balmy dream of downy rest:
In Death's embrace the shrouded babe reposed;
It slept the dreamless sleep that wakes no more.
A low sigh struggled in her heaving breast,
But yet she wept not: hers was the deep grief
The heart, in its dark desolation, feels;
Which breathes not in impassioned accents wild,

But slowly the warm pulse of life congeals;
A grief which from the world seeks no relief—
A mother's sorrow o'er her first-born child.
She gazed upon it with a steadfast eye, [thee!
Which seemed to say, "Oh, would I were with
As if her every earthly hope were fled
With that departed cherub. Even he— [sigh
Her young heart's choice, who breathed a father's
Of bitter anguish o'er the unconscious dead—
Felt not, while weeping by its funeral bier,
One pang so deep as hers, who shed no tear.

MADNESS.

I'VE seen the wreck of loveliest things: I've wept
 O'er youthful Beauty in her snowy shroud,
 All cold and pale, as when the moon hath slept
 In the white foldings of a wintry cloud.....
 I've seen the wreck of glorious things: I've sighed
 O'er sculptured temples in prostration laid;
 Towers which the blast of ages had defied,
 Now mouldering beneath the ivy's shade.
 Yet oh! there is a scene of deeper wo,
 To which the soul can never be resigned:
 'Tis Phrensy's triumph, Reason's overthrow—
 The ruined structure of the human mind!
 Yes! 'tis a sight of paralyzing dread,
 To mark the rolling of the maniac's eye
 From which the spark of intellect hath fled—
 The laugh convulsive, and the deep-drawn sigh;
 To see Ambition, with his moonlight helm,
 Armed with the fancied panoply of war,
 The mimic sovereign of a powerful realm—
 His shield a shadow, and his spear a straw;
 To see pale Beauty raise her dewy eyes,
 Toss her white arms, and beckon things of air,
 As if she held communion with the skies,
 And all she loved and all she sought were there;
 To list the warring of unearthly sounds,
 Which wildly rise, like Ocean's distant swell,
 Or spirits shrieking o'er enchanted grounds,
 Forth rushing from dark Magic's secret cell.
 Oh, never, never may such fate be mine!
 I'd rather dwell in earth's remotest cave,
 So I my spirit calmly might resign
 To Him who Reason's glorious blessing gave.

◆

A NEW-YEAR WISH.
 TO A CHILD AGED FIVE YEARS.

DEAR one, while bending o'er thy couch of rest,
 I've looked on thee as thou wert calmly sleeping,
 And wished—Oh, couldst thou ever be as blest
 As now, when haply all thy cause of weeping
 Is for a truant bird, or faded rose!
 Though these light griefs call forth the ready tear,
 They cast no shadow o'er thy soft repose—
 No trace of care or sorrow lingers here.
 With rosy cheek upon the pillow prest,
 To me thou seem'st a cherub pure and fair,
 With thy sweet smile and gently heaving breast,
 And the bright ringlets of thy clustering hair.
 What shall I wish thee, little one? Smile on
 Thro' childhood's morn—thro' life's gay spring—
 For oh, too soon will those bright hours be gone!—
 In youth time flies upon a silken wing.
 May thy young mind, beneath the bland control
 Of education, lasting worth acquire;
 May Virtue stamp her signet on thy soul,
 Direct thy steps, and every thought inspire!
 Thy parents' earliest hope—be it their care
 To guide thee thro' youth's path of shade and
 flowers,
 And teach thee to avoid false pleasure's snare—
 Be thine, to smile upon their evening hours.

MARKS OF TIME.

AN infant boy was playing among flowers:
 Old Time, that unbribed register of hours,
 Came hobbling on, but smoothed his wrinkled face,
 To mark the artless joy and blooming grace
 Of the young cherub, on whose cheek so fair
 He smiled, and left a rosy dimple there.

Next Boyhood followed, with his shout of glee,
 Elastic step, and spirit wi'd and free
 As the young fawn that scales the mountain height.
 Or new-fledged eaglet in his sunward flight:
 Time cast a glance upon the care'less boy,
 Who frolicked onward with a bound of joy. [eye

Then Youth came forward: his bright-glancing
 Seemed a reflection of the cloud'less sky!
 The dawn of passion, in its purest glow,
 Crimsoned his cheek, and beamed upon his brow,
 Giving expression to his blooming face,
 And to his fragile form a manly grace;
 His voice was harmony, his speech was truth—
 Time lightly laid his hand upon the youth.

Manhood next followed, in the sunny prime
 Of life's meridian bloom: all the sublime
 And beautiful of nature met his view,
 Brightened by Hope, whose radiant pencil drew
 The rich perspective of a scene as fair
 As that which smiled on Eden's sinless pair;
 Love, fame, and glory, with alternate sway,
 Thro' his warm heart, and with electric ray
 Illumed his eye; yet still a shade of care,
 Like a light cloud that floats in summer air,
 Would shed at times a transitory gloom,
 But shadowed not one grace of manly bloom.
 Time sighed, as on his polished brow he wrought
 The first impressive lines of care and thought,

Man in his grave maturity came next:
 A bold review of life, from the broad text
 Of Nature's ample volume! He had scanned
 Her varied page, and a high course had planned;
 Humb'ed ambition, wealth's deceitful smile,
 The loss of friends, disease, and mental toil,
 Had blanched his cheek and dimmed his ardent eye,
 But spared his noble spirit's energy!
 God's proudest stamp of intellectual grace
 Still shone unclouded on his careworn face!
 On his high brow still sate the firm resolve
 Of judgment deep, whose issue might involve
 A nation's fate. Yet thoughts of milder glow
 Would oft, like sunbeams o'er a mount of snow
 Upon his cheek their genial influence cast,
 While musing o'er the bright or shadowy past:
 Time, as he marked his noblest victim, shed
 The frost of years upon his honored head.

Last came, with trembling limbs and bending
 form,
 Like the old oak scathed by the wintry storm,
 Man, in the closing stage of human life—
 Nigh passed his every scene of peace or strife,
 Reason's proud triumph, Passion's wild control,
 No more dispute for mastery o'er his soul,
 As rest the billows on the sea-beat shore,
 The war of rivalry is heard no more;
 Faith's steady light alone illumes his eye,
 For Time is pointing to Eternity!

JANE L. GRAY.

(Born 1800).

Mrs. J. L. GRAY is a daughter of William Lewers, Esquire, of Castle Clayney, in the north of Ireland. She was educated at the celebrated Moravian seminary of Gracehill, near Belfast, was married at an early age, and has resided nearly all her lifetime at Easton, in Pennsylvania, where her husband, the Rev. John Gray, D. D., is pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. In this beautiful, romantic, and classical spot—the veritable “Forks of the Delaware,” consecrated by the labors of Brainard, and celebrated in poetry and romance as in history—Mrs. Gray has written all her pieces which have been given to the public. Her life has been one of re-

tiring, domestic quietude, such as Christian women spend in the midst of a numerous family to whom they are devoted with maternal solicitude. Her Sabbath Reminiscences are descriptive of real scenes and events connected with the church of which her father was an elder. The poem entitled *Morn*, having been attributed by some reviewer to Mr. Montgomery, that poet observes, in a published letter, that the author of the mistake “did him honor.” It is certainly a fine poem, though scarcely equal, perhaps, to some pieces which Mrs. Gray has written from the more independent suggestions of her own mind.

TWO HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

A N O D E,

Written for the bi-centennial celebration of the illustrious Westminster Assembly of Divines, by whom the standards of the Presbyterian Church were formed.

Two hundred years, two hundred years, our bark
o'er billowy seas
Has onward kept her steady course, through hur-
ricane and breeze;
Her Captain was the Mighty One, she braved the
stormy foe,
And still he guides who guided her two hundred
years ago!
Her chart was God's unerring word, by which
her course to steer;
Her helmsman was the risen Lord, a helper ever
near:
Though many a beauteous boat has sunk the
treacherous waves below,
Yet ours is sound as she was built, two hundred
years ago!
The wind that filled her swelling sheet from many
a point has blown,
Still urging her unchanging course, through shoals
and breakers, on—
Her fluttering pennant still the same, whatever
breeze might blow—
It pointed, as it does, to heaven, two hundred
years ago!
When first our gallant ship was launched, although
her hands were few,
Yet dauntless was each bosom found, and every
heart was true;
And still, though in her mighty hull unnumbered
bosoms glow,

Her crew is faithful as it was two hundred years
ago!
True, some have left this noble craft, to sail the
seas alone,
And made them, in their hour of pride, a vessel
of their own;
Ah me! when clouds portentous rise, when threat-
ening tempests blow,
They'll wish for that old vessel built two hundred
years ago!
For onward rides our gallant bark, with all her
canvass set,
In many a nation still unknown to plant her
standard yet;
Her flag shall float where'er the breeze of Free-
dom's breath shall blow,
And millions bless the boat that sailed two hun-
dred years ago!
On Scotia's coast, in days of yore, she lay almost
a wreck—
Her mainmast gone, her rigging torn, the boarders
on her deck!
There Cameron, Cargill, Cochran, fell; there Ren-
wick's blood did flow,
Defending our good vessel built two hundred years
ago!
Ah! many a martyr's blood was shed—we may
not name them all—
They tore the peasant from his hut, the noble from
his hall;
Then, brave Argyle, thy father's blood for faith did
freely flow:
And pure the stream, as was the fount, two hun-
dred years ago!

Yet onward still our vessel pressed, and weathered
 out the gale ;
 She cleared the wreck, and spliced the mast, and
 mended every sail,
 And swifter, stancher, mightier far, upon her cruise
 did go—
 Strong hands and gallant hearts had she, two hun-
 dred years ago !
 And see her now—on her beam ends cast, beneath
 a northwest storm :
 Heave overboard the very bread, to keep the ship
 from harm !—
 She rights ! she rides !—hark ! how they cheer—
 “ All’s well, above, below !”
 She’s tight as when she left the stocks, two hun-
 dred years ago !
 True to that guiding star which led to Israel’s cra-
 dled hope,
 Her steady needle pointeth yet to Calvary’s bloody
 top !
 Yes, there she floats, that good old ship, from mast
 to keel below,
 Sea-worthy still, as erst she was, two hundred years
 ago !
 Not unto us, not unto us, be praise or glory
 given,
 But unto Him who watch and ward hath kept for
 her in heaven ;
 Who quelled the whirlwind in its wrath, bade tem-
 pests cease to blow—
 That God who launched our vessel forth, two hun-
 dred years ago !
 Then onward speed thee, brave old bark, speed
 onward in thy pride,
 O’er sunny seas and billows dark, Jehovah still
 thy guide ;
 And sacred be each plank and spar, unchanged by
 friend or foe,
 Just as she left Old Westminster, two hundred
 years ago !

◆◆◆
 SABBATH REMINISCENCES.

I REMEMBER, I remember, when sabbath morning
 rose,
 We changed, for garments neat and clean, our soiled
 week-day clothes ;
 And yet no gaudy finery, nor brooch nor jewel
 rare,
 But hands and faces looking bright, and smoothly-
 parted hair.
 ’T was not the decking of the head, my father used
 to say,
 But careful clothing of the heart, that graced that
 holy day—
 ’T was not the bonnet nor the dress ; and I believed
 it true :
 But these were very simple times, and I was sim-
 ple too.
 I remember, I remember, the parlor where we
 met ;
 Its papered wall, its polished floor, and mantle black
 as jet ;

’T was there we raised our morning hymn, melo-
 dious, sweet, and clear,
 And joined in prayer with that loved voice which
 we no more may hear.
 Our morning sacrifice thus made, then to the house
 of God
 How solemnly, and silently, and cheerfully, we
 trod !—
 I see e’en now its low, thatched roof, its floor of
 trodden clay,
 And our old pastor’s timeworn face, an l wig of
 silver gray.
 I remember, I remember, how hushed and mute we
 were,
 While he led our spirits up to God in heartfelt,
 melting prayer ;
 To grace his action or his voice, no studied charm
 was lent :
 Pure, fervent, glowing from the heart, so to the heart
 it went.
 Then came the sermon, long and quaint, but full
 of gospel truth ;
 Ah me ! I was no judge of that, for I was then in
 youth ;
 But I have heard my father say, and well my father
 knew,
 In it was meat for full-grown men, and milk for
 children too.
 I remember, I remember, as ’t were but yesterday,
 The psalms in Rouse’s Version sung, a rude but
 lovely lay ;
 Nor yet though Fashion’s hand has tried to train
 my wayward ear,
 Can I find aught in modern verse so holy or so
 dear !
 And well do I remember, too, our old preceptor’s
 face,
 As he read out and sung the line with patriarchal
 grace ;
 Though rudely rustic was the sound, I’m sure that
 God was praised
 When David’s words to David’s tune* five hun-
 dred voices raised !
 I remember, I remember, the morning sermon
 done,
 An hour of intermission came—we wandered in
 the sun ;
 How hoary farmers sat them down upon the daisy
 sod,
 And talked of bounteous Nature’s stores, and Na-
 ture’s bounteous God ;—
 And matrons talked, as matrons will, of sickness
 and of health—
 Of births, and deaths, and marriages, of poverty
 and wealth ;
 And youths and maidens stole apart, within the
 shady grove,
 And whispered ’neath its spreading boughs per-
 chance some tale of love !

* St. David’s was one of the few tunes used by the con-
 gregation to which I have allusion.

I remember, I remember, how in the churchyard lone
 I've stolen away and sat me down beside the rude
 gravestone,
 Or read the names of those who slept beneath the
 clay-cold clod,
 And thought of spirits glittering bright before the
 throne of God!

Or where the little rivulets danced sportively and
 bright,
 Receiving on its limpid breast the sun's meridian
 light,
 I've wandered forth, and thought if hearts were
 pure like this sweet stream,
 How fair to heaven they might reflect heaven's
 uncreated beam!

I remember, I remember, the second sermon o'er,
 We turned our faces once again to our paternal
 door;
 And round the well-filled, ample board sat no re-
 luctant guest,
 For exercise gave appetite, and loved ones shared
 the feast!

Then, ere the sunset hour arrived, as we were
 wont to do,
 The catechism's well conned page, we said it
 through and through;
 And childhood's faltering tongue was heard to lisp
 the holy word,
 And older voices read aloud the message of the
 Lord.

Away back in those days of yore—perhaps the
 fault was mine—
 I used to think the sabbath day, dear Lord, was
 wholly thine;
 When it behooved to keep the heart and bridle
 fast the tongue:
 But these were very simple times, and I was very
 young.

The world has grown much older since these sun-
 bright sabbath days—
 The world has grown much older since, and she
 has changed her ways:
 Some say that she has wiser grown; ah me! it
 may be true,
 As wisdom comes by length of years, but so does
 dotage, too.

Oh! happy, happy years of truth, how beautiful,
 how fair,
 To Memory's retrospective eye, your trodden path-
 ways are!

The thorns forgot—remembered still the fragrance
 and the flowers—
 The loved companions of my youth, and sunny
 sabbath hours!—

And onward, onward, onward still, successive sab-
 baths come,
 As guides to lead us on the road to our eternal
 home;
 Or like the visioned ladder once to slumbering
 Jacob given,
 From heaven descending to the earth, lead back
 from earth to heaven!

MORN.

IN IMITATION OF "NIGHT," BY JAMES MONTGOMERY

MORN is the time to wake—
 The eyelids to uncloset—
 Spring from the arms of Sleep, and break
 The fetters of repose;
 Walk at the dewy dawn abroad,
 And hold sweet fellowship with God.

Morn is the time to pray:
 How lovely and how meet
 To send our earliest thoughts away
 Up to the mercy seat!
 Embassadors, for us to claim
 A blessing in our Master's name.

Morn is the time to sing:
 How charming 'tis to hear
 The mingling notes of Nature ring
 In the delighted ear!
 And with that swelling anthem raise
 The soul's fresh matin song of praise!

Morn is the time to sow
 The seeds of heavenly truth,
 While balmy breezes softly blow
 Upon the soil of youth;
 And look to thee, nor look in vain,
 Our God, for sunshine and for rain.

Morn is the time to love:
 As tendrils of the vine,
 The young affections fondly rove,
 And seek them where to twine.
 Around thyself, in thine embrace,
 Lord, let them find their resting place.

Morn is the time to shine,
 When skies are clear and blue—
 Reflect the rays of light divine
 As morning dewdrops do:
 Like early stars, be early bright,
 And melt away like them in light.

Morn is the time to weep
 O'er morning hours misspent:
 Alas! how oft from peaceful sleep
 On folly madly bent,
 We've left the strait and narrow road,
 And wandered from our guardian God!

Morn is the time to think,
 While thoughts are fresh and free,
 Of life just balanced on the brink
 Of dark eternity!
 And ask our souls if they are meet
 To stand before the judgment seat.

Morn is the time to die,
 Just at the dawn of day—
 When stars are fading in the sky,
 To fade like them away:
 But lost in light more brilliant far
 Than ever merged the morning star.

Morn is the time to rise,
 The resurrection morn—
 Upspringing to the glorious skies,
 On new-found pinions borne,
 To meet a Savior's smile divine:
 Be such ecstatic rising mine!

SOPHIA L. LITTLE.

(Born 1799).

MRS. LITTLE was born at Newport, in the year 1799. She is the second daughter of the late eminent jurist and statesman Asher Robbins, who for fourteen years was a senator of the state of Rhode Island in the national Congress. She inherits much of her father's genius and love of letters, and she displayed from early childhood, under the advantages of his judicious culture, the strong imagination, ready fancy, and chastened taste, which in him were united to an uncommon capacity for analysis and a vigorous and far reaching logic.

In 1824 she was married to Mr. William Little, junior, of Boston, a gentleman of congenial tastes, whose principles of criticism, more severe and exacting than her own, contributed very much to the discipline and growth of her poetical abilities. She had occasionally written versés for the amusement of her friends, and had published in the

journals a few pieces, under the signature of ROWENA, previous to 1823, when her poem entitled Thanksgiving appeared in The Token, an annual souvenir edited for many years by Mr. S. G. Goodrich. Thanksgiving is a natural and striking picture of the New England autumn festival: it has an odor of nationality about it; and it will live, both for its fidelity and its felicity, as one of the finest memorials of an institution which in later years has lost much of its primitive character and attractiveness.

Besides many shorter poems which have appeared in periodicals, Mrs. Little has since published: in 1839, The Last Days of Jesus; in 1842, The Annunciation and Birth of Jesus, and The Resurrection; and in 1844, The Betrothed, and The Branded Hand. In 1843 she also published a small work in prose, entitled The Pilgrim's Progress in the Last Days, in imitation of Bunyan.

THE POET.

He is happy: not that fame
Giveth him a glorious name;
For the world's applause is vain,
Lost and won with little pain:
But a sense is in his spirit
Which no vulgar minds inherit—
A second sight of soul which sees
Into Nature's mysteries.

Place him by the ocean's side,
When the waters dash with pride:
With their wild and awful roll
Deep communes his lifted soul.
Now let the sudden tempest come
From its cloudy eastern home;
Let the thunder's fearful shocks
Break among the dark, rough rocks,
And lightning, as the waves aspire,
Crown him with a wreath of fire;
Let the wind with sullen breath
Seem to breathe a dirge of death:
Thou mayst feel thy cheek turn pale;
But he that looks within the veil,
The bard, high priest at Nature's shrine,
Trembles with a warmth divine.
His heaving breast, his kindling eye,
His brow's expanded majesty,

Show that the spirit of his thought
Hath Nature's inspiration caught.

Now place him in a gentle scene,
'Neath an autumn sky serene;
Let some hamlet skirt his way,
Gleaming in the fading day;
Let him hear the distant low
Of the herds that homeward go;
Let him catch, as o'er it floats,
The music of the robin's notes,
As softly sinks upon its nest
He, of birds the kindest;
Let him catch from yonder nook
The murmur of the minstrel brook;
The stones that fain would check its way
It leapeth o'er with purpose gay,
Or only lingereth for a time,
To draw from them a merrier chime;
E'en as a gay and gentle mind,
Though rough breaks in life it find,
Passeth by as 't were not so,
Or draws sweet uses out of wo;
The scene doth on his soul impress
Its glory and its loveliness.

Now place him in some festal hall
The merry band of minstrels call,
Banish sorrow, pain, and care,
Let graceful, sprightly youth be there

Beauty, with her jewelled zone
 And sparkling drapery round her thrown ;
 Beauty, who surest aims her glance
 When the free motion of the dance
 All her varied charms hath stirred,
 As the plumage of a bird
 Shows brightest when in air he springs,
 Spreading forth his sunny wings.
 Place the bard in scenes like this,
 E'en here he knows no common bliss.
 Beauty, mirth, and music, twined,
 Shed bland witchery o'er his mind.
 Yet not alone these charm his eyes—
 In fancy other sights he spies :
 The ancient feats of chivalry,
 Of war's and beauty's rivalry.

That hall becomes an open space,
 Where knights contend for ladies' grace.
 He sees a creature far more fair
 Than any forms around him are ;
 One love glance of her radiant eyes,
 The boon for which the valiant dies.
 He sees the armored knights advance,
 He hears the shiver of the lance,
 And then the shout when tourney's done
 That greets the conquering champion,
 While, kneeling at his lady's feet,
 The victor's heart doth scarcely beat,
 As, blushing like a newborn rose,
 His chosen queen the prize bestows.

But would you know the season when
 He triumphs most o'er other men,
 See him when heart, pulse, and brain,
 Are bound in Love's mysterious chain.
 Behold him then beside the maid :
 There's not one curl hath thrown its shade
 In vain upon that bosom's swell ;
 All are secrets of the spell
 That holds the visionary boy
 Breathless in his trance of joy.
 And yet no definite desire
 Does that strong sense of bliss inspire ;
 But sweetly vague and undefined
 The feeling that entralls his mind—
 An indistinct, deep dream of heaven,
 Her melting, shadowy eye hath given.

These the poet's pleasures are ;
 These the dull world can not share ;
 These make fame so poor a prize
 In his heaven enlightened eyes.
 What is poetry but this—
 A glimpse of our lost state of bliss ;
 A noble reaching of the mind
 For that for which it was designed—
 A sign to lofty spirits given,
 To show them they were born for heaven ;
 Light from above, quenched when it falls
 Where the gross earth with darkness palls
 The fallen soul content to be
 Wed to its sad degeneracy ;
 But when, like light on crystal streams,
 On a pure mind its effluence beams,
 How brightly in such spirit lies
 An image of the far off skies !

THANKSGIVING.

It is thanksgiving morn—'tis cold and clear ;
 The bells for church ring forth a merry sound ;
 The maidens, in their gaudy winter gear,
 Rival the many tinted woods around ;
 The rosy children skip along the ground,
 Save where the matron reins their eager pace,
 Pointing to him who with a look profound
 Moves with his 'people' toward the sacred place
 Where duly he bestows the manna crumbs of
 grace.

Of the deep learning in the schools of yore
 The reverend pastor hath a golden stock :
 Yet, with a vain display of use'less lore,
 Or sapless doctrine, never will he mock
 The better cravings of his simple flock ;
 But faithfully their humble shepherd guides
 Where streams eternal gush from Calvary's rock ;
 For well he knows, not Learning's purest tides
 Can quench the immortal thirst that in the soul
 abides.

The anthem swells ; the heart's high thanks are
 given :
 Then, mildly as the dews on Hermon fall,
 Begins the holy minister of heaven.
 And though not his the burning zeal of Paul,
 Yet a persuasive power is in his call :
 So earnest, though so kindly, is his mood,
 So tenderly he longs to save them all,
 No bird more fondly flutters o'er her brood
 When the dark vulture screams above their native
 wood.

"For all His bounties, dearest charge," he cries,
 "Your hearts are the best thanks ; no more refrain ;
 Your yielded hearts he asks in sacrifice.
 Almighty Lover ! shalt thou love in vain,
 And vainly woo thy wanderers home again ?
 How thy soft mercy with the sinner pleads !
 Behold ! *thy* harvest loads the ample plain ;
 And the same goodness lives in all thy deeds,
 From the least drop of rain, to those that Jesus
 bleeds."

Much more he spake, with growing ardor fired :
 Oh, that my lay were worthy to record
 The moving eloquence his theme inspired !
 For like a free and copious stream, outpoured
 His love to man and man's indulgent lord.
 All were subdued ; the stoutest, sternest men,
 Heart melted, hung on every precious word :
 And as he uttered forth his full amen,
 A thousand mingling sobs reëchoed it again.

Beho'd that ancient house on yonder lawn,
 Close by whose rustic porch an elm is seen :
 Lo ! now has past the service of the morn ;
 A joyous group are hastening o'er the green,
 Led by an aged sire of gracious mien,
 Whose gay descendants are all met to hold
 Their glad thanksgiving in that sylvan scene,
 That once enclosed them in one happy fold,
 Ere waves of time and change had o'er them
 rolled.

The hospitable doors are open thrown ;
 The bright wood fire burns cheerly in the hall ;
 And, gathering in, a busy hum makes known
 The spirit of free mirth that moves them all.
 There, a youth hears a lovely cousin's call,
 And flies alertly to unclasp the cloak ;
 And she, the while, with merry laugh lets fall
 Upon his awkwardness some lively joke,
 Not pitying the blush her bantering has woke.

And there the grandam sits, in placid ease,
 A gentle brightness o'er her features spread :
 Her children's children cluster round her knees,
 Or on her bosom fondly rest their head.
 Oh, happy sight, to see such blossoms shed
 Their sweet young fragrance o'er such aged tree !
 How vain to say, that, when short youth has fled,
 Our dearest of enjoyments cease to be,
 When hoary old is loved but the more tenderly !

And there the manly farmers scan the news ;
 (Strong is their sense, though plain the garb it
 wears ;)

Or, while their pipes a lulling smoke diffuse,
 They look important from their elbow chairs,
 And gravely ponder on the nation's cares.
 The matrons of the morning sermon speak,
 And each its passing excellence declares ;
 While tears of pious rapture, pure and meek,
 Course in soft beauty down the Christian mother's
 cheek.

Then, just at one, the full thanksgiving feast,
 Rich with the bounties of the closing year,
 Is spread ; and, from the greatest to the least,
 All crowd the table, and enjoy the cheer.
 The list of dainties will not now appear—
 Save one I can not pass unheeded by,
 One dish, already to the muses dear,
 One dish, that wakens Memory's longing sigh—
 The genuine far famed Yankee pumpkin pie !

Who e'er has seen thee in thy flaky crust
 Display the yellow richness of thy breast,
 But, as the sight awoke his keenest gust,
 Has owned thee of all cates the choicest, best ?
 Ambrosia were a fool, to thee compared,
 Even by the ruby hand of Hebe drest—
 Thee, pumpkin pie, by country maids prepared,
 With their white, rounded arms above the elbow
 oared !

Now to the kitchen come a vaxrant train,
 The plenteous fragments of the feast to share.
 The old lame fiddler wakes a merry strain,
 For his mulled cider and his pleasant fare—
 Reclining in that ancient wicker chair.
 A veteran soldier he, of those proud times
 When first our Freedom's banner kissed the air :
 His battles oft he sings in untaught rhymes,
 When wakening Memory his aged heart sublines.

But who is this, whose scarlet cloak has known
 Full oft the pelting of the winter storm ?
 Through its fringed hood a strong, wild face is
 shown—

Tall, gaunt, and bent with years, the beldame's
 form :

There's none of all these youth, with vigor warm,
 Who dare by slightest word her anger stir.
 So dark the frown that does her face deform,
 That half the frightened villagers aver
 The very de'il himself incarnate is in her !

Yet now the sybil wears her mildest mood ;
 And round her see the anxious, silent band.
 Falls from her straggling locks the antique hood,
 As close she peers in that fair maiden's hand,
 Who scarce the struggles in her heart can stand ;
 Affection's strength hath made her nature weak
 She of her lovely looks hath lost command :
 The fleckered red and white within her cheek—
 Oh, all her love doth there most eloquently speak !

Thy doting faith, fond maid, may envied be,
 And half excused the superstitious art.
 Now, when the sybil's mystic words to thee
 The happier fortunes of thy love impart,
 Thrilling thy soul in its most vital part,
 How does the throb of inward ecstasy
 Send the luxuriant blushes from thy heart
 All o'er thy varying cheek, like some clear sea
 Where the red morning glow falls full but trem-
 blingly !

'T is evening, and the rural balls begin :
 The fairy call of music all obey ;
 The circles round domestic hearths grow thin ;
 All, at the joyful signal, hie away
 To yonder hall, with lights and garlands gay.
 There, with elastic step, young belles are seen
 Entering, all conscious of their coming sway :
 Not oft their fancies underrate, I ween,
 The spoils and glories of this festal scene.

New England's daughters need not envy those
 Who in a monarch's court their jewels wear :
 More lovely they, when but a simple rose
 Glows through the golden clusters of their hair.
 Could light of diamonds make her look more fair,
 Who moves in beauty through the mazy dance,
 With buoyant feet that seem to skim the air,
 And eyes that speak, in each impassioned glance,
 The poetry of youth, love's sweet and short ro-
 mance ?

He thinks not so, that young enamored boy,
 Who through the whirls her graceful steps doth
 guide,
 While his heart swells with the deep pulse of joy.
 Oh, no : by Nature taught, unlearned in pride,
 He sees her in her loveliness arrayed,
 All blushing for the love she can not hide,
 And feels that gaudy Art could only shade
 The brightness Nature gave to his unrivalled
 maid.

Gay bands, move on ; your draught of pleasure
 I love to listen to your joyous din ; [quaff ;
 The lad's light joke, the maiden's mellow laugh,
 And the brisk music of the violin.
 How b'ithe to see the sprightly dance begin !
 Entwining hands, they seem to float along,
 With native rustic grace that well might win
 The happiest praises of a sweeter song,
 From a more gifted lyre than doth to me belong

While these enjoy the mirth that suits their years,
Round the home fires their peaceful elders meet.
A gent'er mirth their friendly converse cheers ;
And yet, though calm their pleasures, they are
sweet :

Through the cold shadows of the autumn day
Of breaks the sunshine with as genial heat
As o'er the soft and sapphire skies of May,
Though Nature then be young and exquisitely gay.

On the white wings of peace their days have flown,
Nor wholly were they thrall'd by earthly cares ;
But from their hearts to Heaven's paternal throne
Arose the daily incense of their prayers.
And now, as low the sun of being wears,

The God to whom their morning vows were paid,
Each grateful offering in remembrance bears ;
And cheering beams of mercy are displayed,
To gild with heavenly hopes their evening's pensive
shade.

But now, farewell to thee, Thanksgiving Day !
Thou angel of the year ! one bounteous hand
The horn of deep abundance doth display,
Raining its rich profusion o'er the land ;
The other arm, outstretched with gesture grand,
Pointing its upraised finger to the sky,
Doth the warm tribute of our thanks demand
For him, the Father God, who from on high
Sheds gleams of purest joy o'er man's dark destiny

LYDIA M. CHILD.

(Born 1802).

MISS FRANCIS, now Mrs. DAVID L. CHILD, is a native of Massachusetts, and a sister of the Rev. Dr. Conyers Francis, of Harvard University. She is one of the most able and brilliant authors of the country, as is shown by her *Philothea*, *Letters from New York*,

and other works, of which an account is given in the *Prose Writers of America*. Most of her poems are contained in a small volume which she published many years ago, under the title of *The Coronet*. She resides in New York.

MARIUS.

SUGGESTED BY A PAINTING BY VANDERLYN, OF MARIUS SEATED AMONG THE RUINS OF CARTHAGE.

Pillars are falling at thy feet,
Fanes quiver in the air,
A prostrate city is thy seat—
And thou alone art there.

No change comes o'er thy noble brow,
Though ruin is around thee—
Thine eye-beam burns as proudly now,
As when the laurel crowned thee.

It can not bend thy lofty soul,
Though friends and fame depart ;
The car of fate may o'er thee roll,
Nor crush thy Roman heart.

And Genius hath electric power,
Which earth can never tame ;
Bright suns may scorch, and dark clouds lower—
Its flash is still the same

The dreams we loved in early life
May melt like mist away ;
High thoughts may seem, mid passion's strife,
Like Carthage in decay.

And proud hopes in the human heart
May be to ruin hurled,
Like mouldering monuments of art
Heaped on a sleeping world.

Yet there is something will not die,
Where life hath once been fair :
Some towering thoughts still rear on high,
Some Roman lingers there !

LINES,

ON HEARING A BOY MOCK THE SOUND OF A CLOCK IN A CHURCH-STEEPLE, AS IT RUNG AT MID-DAY.

AY, ring thy shout to the merry hours :
Well may ye part in glee ;
From their sunny wings they scatter flowers,
And, laughing, look on thee.

Thy thrilling voice has started tears :
It brings to mind the day
When I chased butterflies and years—
And both flew fast away.

Then my glad thoughts were few and free :
They came but to depart,
And did not ask where heaven could be—
'T was in my little heart.

I since have sought the meteor crown,
Which fame bestows on men :
How gladly would I throw it down,
To be so gay again !

But youthful joy has gone away :
In vain 'tis now pursued ;
Such rainbow glories only stay
Around the simple good.

I know too much, to be as blessed
As when I was like thee ;
My spirit, reasoned into rest,
Has lost its buoyancy.

Yet still I love the winged hours :
We often part in glee—
And sometimes, too, are fragrant flowers
Their far-~~vell~~ gifts to me.

LOUISA J. HALL.

(Born 1802).

LOUISA JANE PARK, now Mrs. HALL, was born in Newburyport, Massachusetts, on the seventh of February, 1802. Her father was a physician, but when she was about two years of age he abandoned his profession to remove to Boston, for the purpose of editing *The Repertory*, a leading political journal of the Federal party. In a few years he became weary of the conflict, then waged with so much violence, and, urged to do so by some of the most intelligent citizens, opened a school for young women, in which a more thorough education might be received than was common in that period. His daughter was then in her tenth year; he had already made her familiar with Milton and Shakspeare; and it was partly with the view of executing his plans for her education that he decided to become a public teacher. His school was opened in the spring of 1811, and for twenty years was eminently successful. His daughter, except when her studies were interrupted by ill health, was eight years his pupil. She early showed symptoms of a susceptible constitution, and her experience, of a spirit ever prompting action, and a body incapable of fulfilling its commands without suffering, has been perpetual.

Her writings show that her mind was wisely as well as carefully disciplined, and probably her habits of composition were formed at an early period. She published nothing, however, until she was twenty years of age, and then anonymously, in the *Literary Gazette*, and the newspapers. She wrote *Miriam* only for amusement, as she did many little poems and tales which she destroyed. The first half of this drama, written in 1825, was read at a small literary party in Boston. The author, not being known, was present, and was encouraged by the remarks it occasioned to finish it in the following summer. Her father forbade her design to burn it; it was read, as completed, in the winter of 1826, and the authorship disclosed; but she had not courage to publish it for several years. She saw its defects more distinctly than before, when it appeared in print, and resolved

never again to attempt anything so large in the form of poetry. Her eyesight failed for four or five years, during which time she was almost entirely deprived of the use of books, the pen, and what she says she most regretted, the *needle*.

Previously to this, however, in 1831, her father had retired to Worcester, carrying with him a library of some three thousand volumes, containing many valuable works in Latin, French, and Italian. During her partial blindness, he read to her several hours every day, and assisted her in collecting the materials for her tale of *Joanna of Naples*, and for a biographical notice of Elizabeth Carter, the English authoress.

On the first of October, 1840, she was married to the Rev. Edward B. Hall, of Providence, Rhode Island, where she still resides, too much interested in domestic affairs, and in the duties which grow out of her relation to her husband's society, to bestow much further attention upon literature.

Miriam was published in 1837. It received the best approval of contemporary criticism, and a second edition, with such revision as the condition of the author's eyes had previously forbidden, appeared in the following year. Mrs. Hall had not proposed to herself to write a tragedy, but a dramatic poem, and the result was an instance of the successful accomplishment of a design, in which failure would have been but a repetition of the experiences of genius. The subject is one of the finest in the annals of the human race, but one which has never been treated with a more just appreciation of its nature and capacities. It is the first great conflict of the Master's kingdom, after its full establishment, with the kingdoms of this world. It is Christianity struggling with the first persecution of power, philosophy, and the interests of society. Milman had attempted its illustration in his brilliant and stately tragedy of *The Martyr of Antioch*; Bulwer had laid upon it his familiar hands in *The Last Days of Pompeii*; and since, our countryman, William Ware, has exhibited it with

power and splendor in his masterly romance of *The Fall of Rome*; but no one has yet approached more nearly its just delineation and analysis than Mrs. Hall in this beautiful poem.

The plot is single, easily understood, and steadily progressive in interest and in action. Thraseno, a Christian exile from Judea, dwells with his family in Rome. He has two children, Euphas, and a daughter of remarkable beauty and a heart and mind in which are blended the highest attributes of her sex and her religion. She is seen and loved by Paulus, a young nobleman, whose father, Piso, had in his youth served in the armies in Palestine. The passion is mutual, but secret; and having failed to win the Roman to her faith, the Christian maiden resolves to part from him for ever. The family are summoned to the funeral of an aged friend, but she excuses herself for not going, and the agitation of her countenance arrests attention and leads to the most affectionate inquiries from Thraseno and Euphas. She replies:

My father! I am ill.

A weight is on my spirits, and I feel
The fountain of existence drying up,
Shrinking I know not where, like waters lost
Amid the desert sands. Nay! grow not pale!
I have felt thus, and thought each secret spring
Of life was failing fast within me. *Then*
In saddest willingness I could have died.
There have been hours I would have quitted you,
And all that life hath dear and beautiful,
Without one wish to linger in its smiles:
My summons would have called a weary soul
Out of a heavy bondage. But this day
A better hope hath dawned upon my mind.
A high and pure resolve is nourished there,
And even now it sheds upon my breast
That holy peace it hath not known so long.
This night—ay! in a few brief hours, perchance,
It will know calm once more—(or break at once!)

[*Aside.*

This is unsatisfactory; their suspicions are excited, and they urge her to dispel the mystery that invests her conduct. She says:

I can not—can not *yet*.

Have I not told you that a starlike gleam
Was rising on my darkened mind? When Hope
Shall sit upon the tossing waves of thought,
As broods the halcyon on the troubled deep,
Then, if my spirit be not blighted, wrecked,
Crushed, by the storm, I will unfold my griefs.
But until then—and long it will not be!—
Yet in that brief, brief time my soul must bear
A fiercer, deadlier struggle still!—Ye dear ones!
Look not upon me thus but in your thoughts,

When ye go forth unto your evening prayers,
Oh, bear me up to heaven with all my grief:
Pray that my holy courage may not fail!

They renew their entreaties that she should go with them to the funeral of their friend; but she will carry no "troubled soul" to the "good man's obsequies," and answers to Thraseno's inquiry where would she seek for peace?—

Within these mighty walls of sceptred Rome
A thousand temples rise unto her gods,
Bearing their lofty domes unto the skies,
Grac'd with the proudest pomp of earth; their shrines
Glittering with gems, their stately colonnades,
Their dreams of genius wrought into bright forms,
Instinct with grace and godlike majesty,
Their ever smoking altars, white robed priests,
And all the pride of gorgeous sacrifice. [ascend
And yet these things are naught. Rome's prayers
To greet th' unconscious skies, in the blue void
Lost like the floating breath of frankincense,
And find no hearing or acceptance there.
And yet there is an Eye that ever marks
Where its own people pay their simple vows,
Though to the rocks, the caves, the wilderness,
Scourged by a stern and ever watchful foe!
There is an Ear that hears the voice of prayer
Rising from lonely spots where Christians meet,
Although it stir not more the sleeping air
Than the soft waterfall, or forest breeze.
Think'st thou, my father, this benignant God
Will close his ear, and turn in wrath away
From the poor sinful creature of his hand,
Who breathes in solitude her humble prayer?
Think'st thou he will not hear me, should I kneel
Here in the dust beneath his starry sky,
And strive to raise my voiceless thoughts to him,
Making an altar of my broken heart?

They are at length persuaded to leave her, and they are scarcely gone when Paulus enters, with expressions of confidence and love, which are quickly checked by the changed expression of her countenance:

Paulus. Never, except in dreams, have I beheld
Such deep and dreadful meaning in thine eye,
Such agony upon thy quivering lip!
Speak, Miriam! breathe one blessed word of life;
For in the middle watch of yesternight
Even thus I saw a dim and shadowy ghost
Standing beneath the moon's uncertain light,
So mute—so motionless—so changed—and yet
So like to thee!

Miriam. My Paulus!

Paul. 'Tis thy voice!

Praised be the gods! it never seemed so sweet.
Say on! my spirit hangs upon thy words.
What blight hath stricken thee since last we met?

Mir. A blight that is contagious, and will fall
Perchance upon thy fairest, dearest hopes,
With no less deadly violence than now
It hath on mine. Paulus! is there no word

These lips can utter, that may make thee wish
Eternal silence there had stamped her seal!

Paul. I know not, love! thou startlest me!—
no! none!

Unless it be of hatred—change—or death!
And these—it can be none of these!

Mir. Why not!

Paul. Ye gods, my Miriam! look not on me thus!
My blood runs cold. "Why not," saidst thou? Be-
Thou art too young, too good, too beautiful, [cause
To die; and as for change or hatred, love,
Not til I see yon clear and starry skies
Rüning down fire and pestilence on man,
Turning the beauteous earth whereon we stand
Into an arid, scathed, and blackening waste,
Miriam, will I believe that thou canst change.

Mir. Oh, thou art right! the anguish of my soul,
My spirit's deep and rending agony,
Tell me that though this heart may surely break,
There is no change within it! and through life,
Fondly and wildly—though most hopelessly—
With all its strong affections will it cleave
To him for whom it nearly yielded all
That makes life precious—peace and self esteem,
Friends upon earth, and hopes in heaven above!

Paul. Mean'st thou—I know not what. My
mind grows dark

Amid a thousand wildering mazes lost.
There is a wild and dreadful mystery
Even in thy words of love I can not solve.

Mir. Hear me: for with the holy faith that erst
Made strong the shuddering patriarch's heart and
hand,

When meek below the glittering knife lay stretched
The boy whose smiles were sunshine to his age,
This night I offer up a sacrifice
Of life's best hopes to the One Living God!
Yes, from this night, my Paulus, never more
Mine eyes shall look upon thy form, mine ears
Drink in the tones of thy beloved voice.

Paul. Ye gods! ye cruel gods! let me awake
And find this but a dream!

Mir. Is it then said?

O God! the words so fraught with bitterness
So soon are uttered—and thy servant lives!
Ay, Paulus; ever from that hour, when first
My spirit knew that thine was wholly lost,
And to its superstitions wedded fast,
Shrouded in darkness, blind to every beam
Streaming from Zion's hill athwart the night
That broods in horror o'er a heathen world,
Even from that hour my shuddering soul beheld
A dark and fathomless abyss yawn wide
Between us two; and o'er it gleamed alone
One pale, dim twinkling star! the lingering hope
That grace descending from the Throne of Light
Might fall in gentle dews upon that heart,
And melt it into humble piety.

A'as! that hope hath faded; and I see
The fatal gulf of separation still
Between us, love, and stretching on for aye
Beyond the grave in which I feel that soon
This clay with all its sorrows shall lie down.
Union for us is none, in yonder sky:
Then how on earth!—so in my inmost soul!

8

Nurtured with midnight tears, with blighted hopes,
With silent watchings and incessant prayers,
A holy resolution hath ta'en root,
And in its might at last springs proudly up.
We part, my Paulus! not in hate, but love,
Yielding unto a stern necessity.

And I along my sad, short pilgrimage,
Will bear the memory of our sinless love
As mothers wear the image of the babe
That died upon their bosom ere the world
Had stamped its spotless soul with good or ill,
Pictured in infant loveliness and smiles,
Close to the heart's fond core, to be drawn forth
Ever in solitude, and bathed in tears.—
But how! with such unmanly grief struck down,
Withered, thou Roman knight!

Paul. My brain is pierced!

Mine eyes with blindness smitten! and mine ear
Rings faintly with the echo of thy words!
Henceforth what man shall ever build his faith
On woman's love, on woman's constancy!—
Maiden, look up! I would but gaze once more
Upon that open brow and clear, dark eye,
To read what aspect Perjury may wear,
What garb of loveliness may falsehood use,
To lure the eye of guileless, manly love!
Cruel, cold blooded, fickle that thou art,
Dost thou not quail beneath thy lover's eye?
How! there is light within thy lofty glance,
A flush upon thy cheek, a settled calm
Upon thy lip and brow!

Mir. Ay, even so.

A light—a flush—a calm—not of this earth!
For in this hour of bitterness and wo,
The grace of God is falling on my soul
Like dews upon the withering grass which late
Red scorching flames have seared. Again
The consciousness of faith, of sins forgiven,
Of wrath appeased, of heavy guilt thrown off,
Sheds on my breast its long forgotten peace,
And shining steadfast as the noonday sun,
Lights me along the path that duty marks.
Lover too dearly loved! a long farewell!
The bannered field, the glancing spear, the shout
That bears the victor's name unto the skies—
The laurelled brow—be thine—

Before the conclusion of this scene, which is
full of natural pathos and the illustrations of
a passionate fancy, they are interrupted by
Euphas, who suddenly returns to inform his
sister that the funeral party had been sur-
prised by a band of Roman soldiers, some
slain, and others, among whom was their
father, borne to prison. The indignation of
Euphas is excited by finding Paulus with
Miriam, and she answers to his reproaches

Stay, stay, rash boy! Alas!

The thickening horrors of this awful night
Have flung, methinks, a spell upon my soul.
I tell thee, Euphas, thou hast far more cause,
Proudly to clasp my breaking heart to thine,
And bless me with a loving brother's praise
Than thus to stand with sad but angry eye.

Hurling thy hasty scorn upon a brow
As sinless as thine own—breaking the reed
But newly bruised—pouring coals of fire
Upon my fresh and bleeding wounds! Oh, tell me,
What hath befallen my father? Say he lives,
Or let me lay my head upon thy breast,
And die at once!

Euphas answers harshly, and by the aid of a body of Christians, armed for the emergency, he seizes Paulus as a hostage, and goes to the palace of Piso to claim the liberation of Thraseno. Miriam, who had fainted during this scene, on her recovery follows him on his hopeless errand; and we are next introduced to the palace, where the young Christian is urging, on the ground of humanity, the release of his father, in a manner finely contrasted with the contemptuous fierceness of the hardhearted magistrate. Piso is inexorable, and Euphas reminds him of his son, tells him that he is a hostage, and discloses his love for Miriam. The Roman exclaims:

Knowest thou not
Thou hast but sealed thy fate? His life had been
More precious to me than the air I breathe;
And cheerfully I would have yielded up
A thousand Christian dogs from yonder dens
To save one hair upon his head. But now—
A Christian maid! Were there none other? Gods!
Shame and a shameful death be his, and thine!

Euph. It is the will of God. My hopes burnt dim
Even from the first, and are extinguished now.
The thirst of blood hath rudely choked at last
The one affection which thy dark breast knew,
And thou art *man* no more. Let me but die
First of thy victims—

Piso. Would't she among them—
Where is the sorceress? I fain would see
The beauty that hath witch'd Rome's noblest youth.

Euph. Hers is a face thou never wilt behold.

Piso. I will. On her shall fall my worst revenge;
And I will know what foul and magic arts—

Here Miriam glides in, and changes the whole current of Piso's feelings, by her extraordinary resemblance to a Jewess whom he had loved in youth and never ceased to lament. He addresses her as the spirit of the object of his early passion:

Beautiful shadow! in this hour of wrath,
What dost thou here? In life thou wert too meek,
Too gentle for a lover stern as I.
And, since I saw thee last, my days have been
Deep steeped in sin and blood! What seekest thou?
I have grown old in strife, and hast thou come,
With thy dark eyes and their soul searching glance,
To look me into peace? It can not be.
Go back, fair spirit, to thine own dim realms!
He whose young love thou didst reject on earth,
May tremble at this visitation strange,
But never can know peace or virtue more!

Thou wert a Christian, and a Christian dog
Did win thy precious love. I have good cause
To hate and scorn the whole detested race;
And till I meet that man, whom most of all
My soul abhors, will I go on and slay!
Fade, vanish, shadow bright! In vain that look,
That sweet, sad look! My lot is cast in blood!

Mir. Oh, say not so!

Piso. The voice that won me first!
Oh, what a tide of recollections rush
Upon my drowning soul! my own wild love—
Thy scorn—the long, long days of blood and guilt
That since have left their footprints on my fate:
The dark, lark nights of fevered agony,
When, mid the strife and struggling of my dreams,
The gods sent thee at times to hover round,
Bringing the memory of those peaceful days
When I beheld thee first! But never yet
Before my waking eyes hast thou appeared
Distinct and visible as now. Fair spirit!
What wouldst thou have?

Mir. Oh, man of guilt and woe!

Thine own dark fantasies are busy now,
Lending unearthly seeming to a thing
Of earth, as thou art.

Piso. How! Art thou not she?
I know that face! I never yet beheld
One like to it among earth's loveliest.
Why dost thou wear that semblance, if thou art
A thing of mortal mould? Oh, better meet
The wailing ghosts of those whose blood doth clog
My midnight dreams, than that half pitying eye!

Mir. Thou art a wretched man! and I do feel
Pity even for the suffering guilt hath brought.
But from the quiet grave I have not come,
Nor from the shadowy confines of the world
Where spirits dwell, to haunt thy midnight hour
The disembodied should be passionless,
And wear not eyes that swim in earthborn tears,
As mine do now. Look up, thou conscience struck!

Piso. Off! off! She touched me with her damp,
Cold hand,
But 'twas a hand of flesh and blood! Away!
Come thou not near me till I study thee.

Mir. Why are thine eyes so fixed and wild?—
thy lips
Convulsed and ghastly white? Thine own dark
Vexing thy soul, have clad me in a form [sins,
Thou darest not look upon—I know not why.
But I must speak to thee. Mid thy remorse,
And the unwonted terrors of thy soul,
I must be heard, for God hath sent me here.

Piso. Who, who hath sent thee here!

Mir. The Christian's God,
The God thou knowest not.

Piso. Thou art of earth!
I see the rose tint on thy pallid cheek,
Which was not there at first: it kindles fast!
Say on. Although I dare not meet that eye,
I hear thee.

Mir. He hath given me strength,
And led me safely through the broad, lone streets
Even at the midnight hour. My heart sunk not
My noiseless foot paced on unfaltering
Through the long colonnades, where stood aloft

Pa'e gods and goddesses on either hand,
 Bending their sightless eyes on me! by founts,
 Waking with ceaseless plash the midnight air!
 Through moonlit squares, where, ever and anon,
 Flashed from some dusky nook the red torchlight,
 Flung on my path by passing reveller.
 And HE hath brought me here before thy face;
 And it was HE who smote thee even now
 With a strange, nameless fear.

Piso. Girl! name it not.

I deemed I looked on one whose bright young face
 First glanced on me mid the shining leaves
 Of a green bower in sunny Palestine,
 In my youth's prime. I knew the dust,
 The grave's corroding dust, had soiled
 That spotless brow long since. A shadow fell
 Upon the soul that never yet knew fear.
 But it is past. Earth holds not what I dread;
 And what the gods did make me, am I now.
 What seekest thou?

Euph. Miriam! go thou hence.

Why shouldst thou die?

Mir. Brother!

Piso. Ha! is this so?

Now, by the gods!—Bar, bar the gates, ye slaves!
 If they escape me now—Why, this is good!
 I had not deemed of hap so glorious.
 She that beguiled my son! his sister!

Mir. Peace!

Name not, with tongue unhal'owed, love like ours.

Piso. Thou art her image; and the mystery
 Confounds my purposes. Take other form,
 Foul sorceress, and I will baffle thee!

Mir. I have no other form than this God gave;
 And he already hath stretched forth his hand,
 And touched it for the grave.

Piso. It is most strange.

Is not the air around her full of spells?
 Give me the son thou hast seduced!

Mir. Hear, *Piso*!

Thy son hath seen me, loved me, and hath won
 A heart too prone to worship nob'e things,
 Although of earth; and he, alas! was earth's.
 I strove, I prayed in vain. In a l things else
 I might have stirred his soul's best purposes;
 But for the pure and cheering faith of Christ,
 There was no entrance in that iron soul.
 And I—amid such hopes, despair arose,
 And laid a withering hand upon my heart.
 I feel it yet! We parted. Ay, this night
 We met to meet no more.

Euph. Sister! my tears—

They choke my words—else—

Mir. Euphas, thou wert wroth

When there was litt'e cause; I loved thee more.
 Thy very frowns in such a holy cause
 Were beautiful. The scorn of virtuous youth,
 Looking on fancied sin, is nob'e.

Piso. Maid!

Hath, then, my son withstood thy witchery,
 And on this ground ye parted?

Mir. It is so.

Alas! that I rejoice to tell it thee.

Piso. Nay,

Well thou mayst, for it hath wrought his pardon.

That he had loved thee would have been a sin
 Too full of degradation—infamy,
 Had not these cold and ag'd eyes themselves
 Beheld thee in thy loveliness! And yet, bold girl!
 Think not thy Jewish beauty is the spell
 That works on one grown old in deeds of blood.
 I have looked calmly on when eyes as bright
 Were drowned in tears of bitter agony,
 When forms as full of grace and pride, perchance,
 Were writhing in the sharpness of their pain,
 And cheeks as fair were mangled—

Euph. Tyrant! cease.

Wert thou a fiend, such brutal boasts as these
 Were not for ears like hers!

Mir. I tremble not.

He spake of pardon for his guiltless son,
 And that includeth life for those I love.
 What need I more?

Euph. Let us go hence at once. *Piso*!
 Bid thou thy myrmidons unbar the gates,
 That shut our friends from light and air.

Piso. Not yet,

My haughty boy, for we have much to say
 Ere you two pretty birds go free. Chafe not!
 Ye are caged close, and can but flutter here
 Till I am satisfied.

Mir. How! hast thou changed—

Piso. Nay; but I must detain ye till I ask—

Mir. Detain us if thou wilt. But look—

Piso. At what?

Mir. There, through yon western arch!—the
 moon sinks low.

The mists already tinge her orb with blood.
 Methinks I feel the breeze of morn e'en now.
 Knowest thou the hour?

Piso. I do; but one thing more
 I fain would know; for, after this wild night,
 Let me no more behold you. Why didst thou,
 Bold, dark-haired boy, wear in those pleading eyes,
 When thou didst name thy boon, an earnest look
 That fell familiar on my soul? And thou,
 The lefty, calm, and oh, most beautiful!
 Why are not only that soul-searching glance,
 But e'en thy features and thy silver voice,
 So like to hers I loved long years ago,
 Beneath Judea's palms? Whence do ye come?

Mir. For me, I bear my own dear mother's brow;
 Her eye, her form, her very voice, are mine.
 So, in his tears, my father oft hath said,
 We lived beneath Judea's shady palms,
 Until that saintlike mother faded, drooped,
 And died. Then hither came we o'er the waves,
 And till this night have worshipped faithfully
 The one, true, living God, in secret peace.

Piso. Thou art her child! I cou'd not harm thee
 Oh, wonderful! that things so long forgot— [now.
 A love I thought so crushed and trodden down,
 E'en by the iron tread of passions wild—
 Ambition, pride, and, worst of all, revenge—
 Revenge, that hath shed seas of Christian blood!
 To think this heart was once so waxen soft,
 And then congealed so hard, that naught of all
 Which hath been since could ever have the power
 To wear away the image of that girl—
 That fair young Christian girl! 'T was a wild love

But I was young, a soldier in strange lands,
And she, in very gentleness, said nay
So timidly, I hoped—until, ye gods!
She loved another! Yet I slew him not!
I fled. Oh, had I met him since!

Euph. Come, sister!

The hours wear on.

Piso. Ye shall go forth in joy—

And take with you yon prisoners. Send my son,
Him whom *she* did not bear—home to these arms,
And go ye out of Rome with all your train.
I will shed blood no more; for I have known
What sort of peace deep-glutted vengeance brings.
My son is brave, but of a gentler mind
Than I have been. His eyes shall never more
Be grieved with sight of sinless blood poured forth
From tortured veins. Go forth, ye gentle two!
Children of her who might perhaps have poured
Her own meek spirit o'er my nature stern,
Since the bare image of her buried charms,
Soft gleaming from your youthful brows, hath power
To stir my spirit thus! But go ye forth!
Ye leave an altered and a milder man
Than him ye sought. Tell Pau'us this,
To quicken his young steps.

Mir. Now may the peace

That follows just and worthy deeds, be thine!
And may deep truths be born, mid thy remorse,
In the recesses of thy soul, to make
That soul even yet a shrine of holiness.

Euph. Piso, how shall we pass yon steelclad men,
Keeping stern vigil round the dungeon gate?

Piso. Take ye my well known ring—and here,
the list—

Ay, this is it, methinks: show these—Great gods!

Euph. What is there on yon scroll which shakes
him thus?

Mir. A name, at which he points with stiffening
And eyeballs full of wrath! Alas! alas! [band,
I guess too well.—My brother, droop thou not.

Piso. Your father, did ye say? Was it *his* life
Ye came to beg?

Mir. *His* life; but not alone

The life so dear to us; for he hath friends
Sharing his fetters and his final doom.

Piso. Little reck I of *them*. Tell me his name!

[A pause.

Speak, boy, or I will tear thee piecemeal!

Mir. Stay,

Stern son of violence! the name thou askest
Is—is—Thraseno!

Piso. Well I knew it, girl!

Now, by the gods, had I not been entranced,
I sooner had conjectured this. Foul name!
Thus do I tear thee out, and even thus
Rend with my teeth! Oh, rage! she wedded him,
And ever since that hated name hath been
The voice of serpents in mine ear! But now—
Why go ye not? Here is your list: and all,
Ay, every one whose name is here set down,
Will my good guards forthwith release you.

Mir. Piso!

In mercy mock us not! children of her
Whom thou didst love—

Piso. Ay, maid, but ye are *his*

Whom I do hate! That chord is broken now—
Its music hushed. Is *she* not in her grave,
And *he* within my grasp?

Mir. Where is thy peace,
Thy penitence?

Piso. Fled all—a moonbeam brief
Upon a stormy sea. That magic name
Hath roused the wild, loud winds again. Begone!
Save whom ye may.

Mir. Piso! I go not hence
Until my father's name be on this scroll.

Piso. Take root, then, where thou art! for by
I swear— [dark Styx

Mir. Nay, swear thou not, till I am heard.
Hast thou forgot thy son?

Piso. No! let him die,
So that I have my long deferred revenge.
Thy lip grows pale! Art thou not answered now?

Mir. Deep horror falls upon me! Can it be
Such demon spirits dwell on earth?

Piso. Bold maiden,
While thou art safe, go hence; for in his might
The tiger wakes within me!

Mir. Be it so.

He can but rend me where I stand. And here,
Living or dying, will I raise my voice
In a firm hope! The God that brought me here
Is round me in the silent air. On me
Falleth the influence of an unseen eye!

And in the strength of secret, earnest prayer,
This awful consciousness doth nerve my frame.
Thou man of evil and ungoverned soul!
My father thou *mayst* slay! Flames will not fall
From heaven to scorch and wither thee! The earth
Will gape not underneath thy feet! And peace,
Mock, hollow, seeming peace, may shadow still
Thy home and hearth! But deep within thy breast
A fierce, consuming fire shall ever dwell.

Each night shall ope a gulf of horrid dreams
To swallow up thy soul. The livelong day
That soul shall yearn for peace and quietness,
As the hart panteth for the water brooks,
And know that even in death is no repose!
And this shall be thy life. Then a dark hour
Will sure'y come—

Piso. Maiden, be warned! All this
I know. It moves me not.

Mir. Nay, one thing more
Thou knowest not. There is on all this earth—
Full as it is of young and gentle hearts—
One man alone that loves a wretch like thee;
And he, thou sayest, must die! All other eyes
Do greet thee with a cold or wrathful look,
Or, in the baseness of their fear, shun thine!
And he whose loving glance alone spake peace,
Thou say'st must die in youth! Thou know'st not
The deep and bitter sense of loneliness, [yet
The throes and achings of a childless heart,
Which yet will all be thine! Thou know'st not yet
What 'tis to wander mid thy spacious halls,
And find them desolate! wildly to start
From thy deep musings at the distant sound
Of voice or step like his, and sink back sick—
Ay, sick at heart—with dark remembrances!
To dream thou seest him as in years gone by

When in his bright and joyous infancy,
His laughing eyes amid thick curls sought thine,
And his soft arms were twined around thy neck,
And his twin rosebud lips just lisp'd thy name—
Yet feel in agony 'tis but a dream!

Thou knowest not yet what 'tis to lead the van
Of armies hurrying on to victory,
Yet, in the pomp and glory of that hour,
Sadly to miss the well known snowy plume,
Whereon thine eyes were ever proudly fixed
In battle field!—to sit, at midnight deep,
Alone within thy tent—all shuddering—
When, as the curtained door lets in the breeze,
Thy fancy conjures up the gleaming arms
And bright young hero face of him who once
Had been most welcome there! and worst of all—

Piso. It is enough! The gift of prophecy
Is on thee, maid! A power that is not thine
Looks out from that dilated, awful form—
Those eyes deep flashing with unearthly light—
And stills my soul. My Paulus must not die!
And yet—to give up thus the boon!—

Mir. What boon?

A boon of blood!—To him, the good old man,
Death is not terrible, but only seems
A dark, short passage to a land of light,
Where, mid high ecstasy, he shall behold
Th' unshrouded glories of his Maker's face,
And learn all mysteries, and gaze at last
Upon th' ascended Prince, and never more
Know grief or pain, or part from those he loves!
Yet will his blood cry loudly from the dust,
And bring deep vengeance on his murderer!

Piso. My Paulus must not die! Let me revolve:
Maiden, thy words have sunk into my soul;
Yet would I ponder ere I thus lay down
A purpose cherished in my inmost heart,
That which hath been my dream by night—by day
My life's sole aim. Have I not deeply sworn,
Long years ere thou wert born, that should the gods
E'er give him to my rage—and yet I pause!—

JUSTICE AND MERCY.

I saw in my dream a countless throng
By a mighty whirlwind hurried along,
Hurried along through boundless space
With a fearful, onward, rushing sweep,
Looking like beings roused from sleep,
Till they met their Maker face to face.

Then, consciousness waked in each dark eye,
The mercy seat shone above on high,

And a timid, wild, but hopeful gaze
Those wandering spirits upward cast,
As if they had cause of joy at last,

When they saw the throne of judgment blaze.

"Justice!" they cried, with sound so clear,
The stars of the universe needs must hear;

"Justice!" again, again rang out,
As of those who felt the hour had come
When earth-choked lips should no more be dumb,
And all God's worlds must hear their shout.

Shall Christian vipers sting mine only son,
And I not crush them into nothingness?
Am I so pinioned, vain, and powerless?
Work, busy brain! thy cunning must not fail.

[Retires.]

The tyrant promises to restore Thraseno to his children, and the scene changes to where Paulus is awaiting the result. The long soliloquy in which he expresses his varying moods reminds us somewhat too much of the sombre reveries of Manfred, though its original conceptions illustrate a power equal to its independent composition.

Piso but keeps the word of his last promise, for only the dead body of Thraseno is restored to Euphas and Miriam. Paulus, in horror, renounces his parent and his religion, and, while a dirge is sung over the martyr, Miriam dies.

The fine and poetical spirit which pervades the poem is sufficiently apparent in these extracts. There is in parts a slight want of keeping, and it may be that the tone is generally too oratorical, though the incidents justify almost throughout the work a certain dignity of expression, and the youthful ages of the chief characters make appropriate a more ornate style than would befit a greater maturity of life.

Among the minor poems of Mrs. Hall perhaps the best is a Dramatic Sketch, in *The Token*, for 1839. There has been no collection of her fugitive pieces, and it is probable that I have seen too few of them to form an intelligent estimate of their character.

They were the souls of myriad men

Who had died, and none cared how or when,

Who had dwelt on earth as slaves—as slaves!
They were the men by death set free,

And flocking they came from their million graves,
They who on earth had scarce dared be,
Shaking the bonds from their half-crushed souls,
Uttering a cry that rent the poles,
For they knew that God would hear them then.

And afar I beheld a smaller band,

With hands clasp'd over their downcast eyes,
For before the blaze they could not stand.

And away had fallen their robes of lies.

Naked, affrighted, pierced with light,

They knew themselves and their deeds at last
From their quivering lips to the throne of Right
A faint low cry of "Mercy!" passed.

Justice and Mercy! hear them both!

Bondman and master both are here;

Each asketh that he needeth most.

Now pass from my soul, thou dream of fear!

A DRAMATIC FRAGMENT.

CHARACTERS.

KING HENRY THE SEVENTH.

LADY CATHERINE, *the Wife of Perkin Warbeck.*CLARA, *her Attendant.*SIR FLORIAN, *a Friend of Perkin Warbeck.**Scene.—A Castle on the Staconat, in Cornwall.**Time.—The Autumn of the year 1499.*

LADY CATHERINE and CLARA.

Lady C. OPEN that casement toward the sea,
I gaze in vain along the hilly waste, [my Clara.
Watching the lone and solitary road
Until mine eyes are strained. The dull day wanes,
The sad November day—and yet there come
No tidings from my lord! Ay, that is well!
Sit thou where I have sat these many hours
In patience sorrowful; and summon me
With a most joyous cry, if thy kind watch
Be more successful. Sea! for ever tossing,
Thy very motion is so beautiful,
So wild and spirit-stirring, as I turn
From the bleak, changeless moor, a'1 desolate,
I bless each wave that breaks against yon cliff.
Oh, mighty ocean! thou art free—art free!
Dash high, thou foamy-crested billow, high!
That was a leap, which sent the snowy spray
Up to yon o'erhanging crag, and forth
The screaming sea-bird sprang rejoicingly.
Clara, do not forget thy watch.

Clara. Nay, lady,

Return not yet; thou shalt have warning swift,
If but a lonely traveller tread the heath.

Lady C. Yes: I will trust thee, and again look
Upon the glorious sea. In my youth's prime [forth
Is it not strange I thus should love to gaze
On a wild ocean-view and frowning sky?
Oh, sorrow, fear, and dark suspense, what change
Ye work in brief—brief space on careless hearts!
Methinks it was not many months ago
Childhood was round me with its rainbow dreams;
Then came the glittering vision of a court,
Dear Scotland's court, where on my bridal hour
A gracious monarch smiled, and silently
Time stole the wings of love. My husband! dearest!
Our happy hours were few. The echoes still
Ring back the harp's sweet nuptial melody,
When came a fearful voice, I scarce knew whence—
But terrible, oh terrible it was!
The dew scarce dry upon the snowy rose
I wore that morn, when it was wet afresh
With tears of parting! 'T was but for a time,
He said, and we should meet again. My heart
Clings to the promise sweet—"We meet again;"
But when, oh when? Ye vain remembrances!
Depart. Let me survey the heath once more.
The ocean breeze has fanned the pain away
From my hot brow, and now it wearies me
To look upon those restless waves. Their roar
Comes faintly up from yonder wet, black rocks,
Monotonous and hoarse; the mighty clouds
Sweep endless o'er the heavens; I am sad,
And all things sadden me. They'll set him free,
They sure'y will, my Clara! thou hast said it
Full twenty times this day, and yet again
I fain would hear such empty words of cheer.

What is yon speck upon the dusky neath?
Look—look!

Clara. I have been watching it, dear lady:
'T is but a lonely tree.

Lady C. No, no, it moves.

My heart's solicitude doth give me sight
Keener than thine: it moves; it comes this way.
What may its form and bearing be? It nears
Yon pile of rocks. Clara, such speed denotes
A horseman fleet. Peace, heart! throb not so fast.

Clara. The gray mist settles down and mocks
It is a peasant, toiling through the furze. [thine eye.

Lady C. Nay, 'tis a mounted knight! yon hil-
Thou wilt descry him plain. [lock passed,

Clara. 'T is so! he rides—
He rides for life. Is't not the jet-black steed
Sir Florian mounts?

Lady C. It is my husband's friend!
'T is he that rushes on with such mad haste.

Tidings at last—oh, Clara, I am faint. [comes

Clara. Be calm, my much-tried mistress; joy sti-
Close upon apprehension.

Lady C. Is it so?

I can not tell. Would bad news spur him thus?

Clara. Believe me, no. Be calm.*Lady C.* I will—I will.

Is he not here? he's wondrous slow, methinks.

Clara. The noble charger's spent; his smoking
Are flecked with foam, and every gallant leap [sides
Seems as 't would be his last. Why doth his rider
Cast back such troubled glances o'er the moor?
Now to the ground he springs; the brave steed drops
Lady, look up! Sir Florian is at hand.

Enter FLORIAN.

Sir F. Where is the lady Catherine? Oh, away!
Fly for your life!

Lady C. Fly! and from whom? or why?

Sir F. Question me not: I do conjure you, fly!
The danger's imminent;—moments are precious;
Down to the beach: take boat without delay.
It is your husband's bidding.

Lady C. Oh, thank Heaven

For those two words! Am I to meet him, then?

Sir F. No, lady, no! but I have been delayed,
Crossed, intercepted, and well nigh cut off,
Till on a moment's grace your life depends.
The king pursues.

Lady C. The king! in mercy say,
Where is my husband?

Sir F. London Tower held still
The princely wanderer, when the rumor came
That Henry's wrath burnt hot 'gainst thee, sweet
And that the place of thy retreat was known. [lady,
Fly! 'tis thy husband's word.

Lady C. Imprisoned still!

Take me to London, noble Florian. Nay,
How can I live but in that same dark Tower,
Where they have pinioned down my gallant lord,
My noble, much-wronged lord? Not yet set free?
He hath been pardoned once, if men told true.

Sir F. Come, fair and most unhappy!

Lady C. I have heard
Such fearful tales of bloody murders done
In the mysterious circuit of those walls!
What, didst thou leave him well?

Sir F. In truth I did,
Though somewhat wan and wasted; anxious, too,
For thy most precious life. Come, I conjure thee!
Cla. There is a strange and hollow sound abroad.
'Tis not the sea!

Sir F. No, nor the sweeping wind.
It is the tramp of steeds fast galloping! [now

Cla. They come! like mounted giants looming
Through the dim mist.

Sir F. She's lost! Why lingered I? [now

Cla. Quick! there is time; our startled menials
Bar fast the outer doors: yon staircase leads
Down through a vaulted passage to the shore.
Still motionless, sweet mistress?

Lady C. Was he worn
And pale, saidst thou? Truly I do rejoice
The king draws nigh, for on my bended knees
Will I entreat to share my husband's cell.

Cla. She is distraught.

Sir F. Most gracious lady, list!
It is *your* blood this haughty monarch seeks,
And with a vow against the innocent
His soul is burdened; do not wildly dream
That he will pity thee: and for thy lord—

Lady C. Pause not; I do conjure thee, speak!

Sir F. He hath been tried, condemned—

Lady C. And slain?

Cla. That shriek

Doth guide thee hither.

Sir F. Nay, he lives as yet,
But vainly—

Lady C. Oh, God bless thee for that word!
He lives! Monarch of England, come!

Cla. Hark, hark!

That crash—the doors are burst!

Sir F. Her doom is sealed.

Enter KING HENRY and Attendants.

K. Hen. We are in time: the bird hath not escaped.

Those hoof-tracks made me fear some traitor fleet
Had warned her from the nest. Ha, frowning youth,
Whence comest thou? What may thine errand be,
That brought thee hither in such furious haste?

Sir F. Thou well mightst guess: 't was from thy
bloody fangs

I vainly hoped one victim to withdraw.
She chose to trust thy clemency—alas! [tongue

K. Hen. Alas, indeed! bold heart is thine, and
As bold. But garb so travel-stained, fair sir,
Fits not a lady's bower; and thou'lt not love,
Perchance, to fix that pity-beaming eye
Upon my deeds of clemency. Take hence
This youthful rebel, and let manacles
Bind those officious hands.

[Exit SIR FLORIAN with two Officers.]

Now for our work.

We will survey this far-famed Scottish lily,
Ere the sharp steel do crop its drooping head.
Indeed, she's wondrous fair! Hast thou no voice,
Pale suppliant? Its music must be rich,
And e'en more eloquent than those clasped hands,
That sweet, imploring face. Speak, for thy moments
Flit into nothingness, and if thou hast
One last petition for thy dying hour—

Lady C. My husband, gracious king!

K. Hen. What, art thou mad? [hence

Lady C. Let me but see his face! oh, drag me
With scorn and violence to share his doom,
And I will bless thy name.

K. Hen. She hath gone wild
With sudden terror. He's condemned, sweet lady
To die a shameful death, and thou this hour—
This very hour—must perish in thy youth.
So bids my heedful policy. Thinkest thou
Of aught but precious life, with such a fate
Darkening around thee, fair one? Now, ask aught
But life—

Lady C. Life, life, mere breath! and what is that?
Take it, my sovereign! He who gave it me
Will call my spirit home to heaven and peace,
When this poor dust lies low. I have no prayer
To offer for my wretched life, if joy
Lie dead and buried in my husband's grave.
Is there no mercy for my gallant lord?
Crowned monarch, speak! what can thy mightiness
Grant thee beyond the ho'y power to bless?

K. Hen. I must be stern in words as well as deeds.
I charge thee, if thou hast a last request—
A dying message to the noble house
Whence thou art sprung—

Lady C. My home—forsaken home!
It was for him I left the heathy hills
Of my own Scotland; there we had not perished
Thus in life's early bloom. May blessings rest
On the old quiet castle, and each head
Its gray roof shelters! How those ancient halls
Will ring a wild lament, when comes the tale
That Eng'land's broken faith had widowed me,
And laid me, all unmourned, in English dust!
Thy fame, proud king, thy fame—

K. Hen. Ha! dost thou dare
Breathe such reproach? Hear, then, unthinking girl,
Since thou dost stir my wrath. Dost thou not know,
Daughter of Gordon's stainless house, that thou
Art to a mean and base impostor linked?
Duped and beguiled by crafty words, thy king
Gave with his own pledged faith thy maiden hand
To Margaret's lowborn tool; and he hath lied—
Lied his own life away, and stained his soul
With foulest perjury to steal the crown
Of glorious Eng'land from her lawful king.
The fraud is plain; the forfeit, his mean life,
And men with eyes amazed shrink back from him
They followed in a dream. Awake thou, too;
Die not in thy delusion.

Lady C. Now be still,
My swelling heart! speak calmly, quivering lips!
Man—I will call thee monarch now no more,
While ring thy words of insult in mine ear.
Thou dost defame the husband I adore,
And, in mine hour of fear and agony,
With cruel calumnies dost strive to rend
The one true heart that loves him yet. Enough
Unkingly words were thine; but I depart
Where earthly slanders can not reach mine ear.
Give orders: let me die.

K. Hen. Nay, it is past;
It was a flash of momentary heat,
For of a fiery race I came. Alas! I mourn
That in cold blood, fair lady, I must doom

A creature young and innocent as thou
To an untimely grave. And, if I gaze
Longer upon that brow ingenuous,
My purposes will surely melt. Farewell.

Lady C. Stay, stay! hear but a few brief words,
Not for myself I plead, not of my life, [my king!
My worthless life, would speak; but fame, his fame,
Dearer than kingdoms to his noble heart,
Claims of his wife one burst of warm defence.
If royal blood flow not within the veins
Of him I loved and wedded, that deceit
Was never his. The artful may have played
Upon his open nature, and have lured
Their victim to the toils for purposes
They dared not own; and now they may forsake—
Oh, God of heaven! I never will desert
My mocked and much wronged husband, though
Shrink from him as a serpent. I may die [false men
A bloody death, but with my last, last breath,
Will still avow my trusting love, and sue
For mercy on his innocence.

K. Hen. Now, lady—

Lady C. Oh, peace—unless I read thy restless
eye aright.

Wilt thou not look on me?

Doth thy heart swell
With an unwonted fulness? Ha! the vest
Heaves glittering on thy breast!—thou then art
And, if tears choke me not, I will dare plead [moved,
Even for him—him whom I may not name.

K. Hen. Loosen my robe: away; I will not hear.

Lady C. Thou must, thou wilt: though slanderous
tongues do say
Thy heart is steel, I will believe it not,
While on that gracious face I gaze. Thou'lt hear me.
His trust in flattering tongues for ever cured,
His wild hopes mock'd, his young ambition quench'd,
His wisdom ripened by adversity,
Forth from his prison will my husband come
A subject true and faithful to thy sway.
And I will lead him far away from courts,
Into the heart of lonely Scottish hills;
There by some quiet lake his home shall be,
So still and happy, that his stormy youth,
With all its perilous follies, will but seem
As a dim memory of some former state,
In some forgotten world. He shall grow old
Ruling my simple vassals with such power
As a brave hand and gentle heart may use;
And never, never ask again, what b'ood
Flows in his veins; nor dream one idle dream
Of courtiers, palaces, and sparkling crowns,
While these fond lips can whisper winning words,
And woman's ever-busy love can weave
Ties strong but viewless round his manly heart.
Thou'lt hear it not, but in that bless'd home
How will I murmur in my nightly prayers
The name of England's king!

He's free—he's pardoned!

That tearful smile all graciously declares
I am not widowed in my wretched youth!
I shall behold his noble face again.

God bless thee, generous prince, and give thee power
Through long, long years, to bind up bleeding hearts,
And use thy sceptre as a wand of peace!
My tears—they flowed not when I prayed—but now
The grateful gush declares, when language fails,
The ecstasy of joy!

Enter a Messenger, who presents a packet to the King. He breaks it open, and, after casting his eye over it, turns away abruptly.

Cl. The king is troubled.

K. Hen. (After a pause.) My sweet petitioner
look up!

Lady C. Alas!

I dare not.

K. Hen. Nay, why now such sudden fear?

What sawest thou mirrored in my face?

Lady C. A nameless terror robs me of all strength
That packet! oh, these quick and dread forebodings!
Speak! it were mercy should thine accents kill.

K. Hen. Thou hast a noble spirit: rouse it now
Daughter of Gordon.

Lady C. King! say on—say all.

K. Hen. Art thou prepared?

Lady C. What matters it? speak, speak!
Prepared? what, with this dizzy, whirling brain?
Comes fortune amid such fierce suspense?
Tell me the worst—and show thy pity so.

K. Hen. Blanced, gasping, but angelic still!—
What words

Can sheathe the piercing news? Thy suit
Was all too late, true wife! He is in heaven.

[*LADY CATHERINE faints*

“Pale rose of England!”—men have named thee
well.

What brought me hither? what? to murder thee?
Oh, purpose horrible! I can not think
This bosom ever harbored scheme so fierce.
Dark, bloody policy! it is dissolved
Beneath the gentle light of innocence,
Melted by woman's true and faithful love,
Conquered by grief it is not mine to heal.
The dead may not return—but *she* may live!
Quit not the broken-hearted! weeping maid.
She hath been true till death. And I will give
Shelter to sorrow such as these stern eyes
Ne'er saw till now. To my own gentle queen
Will I consign the victim of harsh times. [rose!
Thou shouldst have bloomed in sunshine, blighted
And ne'er have been transplanted from thy bower
To waste such fragrant virtues mid the storm.

NOTE.—In the reign of Henry VII. of England, a pretender to the crown appeared, in the person of Perkin Warbeck, a youth who declared himself to be Richard, Duke of York, second son of Edward IV. He was supported by Margaret of York, the Duke of Burgundy, and other powerful friends; and the young king of Scotland went so far as to bestow on him the hand of the lady Catherine Gordon, nearly allied to the royal family, and celebrated for her beauty. She remained fondly attached to him through his reverses, when all England had forsaken him; and it is said that the cold heart of Henry was so softened by her loveliness, constancy, and sorrow for her husband, that he relented in his bloody purpose, and instead of taking her life, as he had intended, placed her honorably in his queen's household. Warbeck had adopted the title of the “Pale Rose of England;” but the people transferred it to her.—See Mackintosh's History of England, Philadelphia ed., p. 197.

ELIZA L. FOLLEN.

(Born 1797—Died 1859).

ELIZA LEE CABOT, a native of Boston, was married on the fifteenth of September, 1828, to the amiable and learned Charles Follen, J. U. D., of Germany, then of the Divinity School at Cambridge, and soon afterward professor of the German language and literature in Harvard College. This union was eminently happy, and it continued more than eleven years. Dr. Follen perished in the conflagration of the steamer Lexington, on

the night of the thirteenth of January, 1840. Mrs. Follen is the author of several works in prose, of which the most important are Sketches of Married Life, The Skeptic, and a Life of Charles Follen, in one volume, published in Boston in 1844. She has also edited the works of her husband, in four volumes. The larger part of her poems are contained in a volume published in Boston, in 1839.

SACHEM'S HILL.

HERE, from this little hillock,
In days long since gone by,
Glanced over hill and valley
The sagem's eagle eye:
His were the pathless forests,
And his the hills so blue,
And on the restless ocean
Danced only his canoe.

Here stood the aged chieftain,
Rejoicing in his glory:
How deep the shade of sadness
That rests upon his story!
For the white man came with power,
Like brethren here they met—
But the Indian fires went out,
And the Indian sun has set.

And the chieftain has departed,
Gone is his hunting-ground,
And the twanging of his bowstring
Is a forgotten sound:
Where dwelleth yesterday—and
Where is echo's cell?
Where has the rainbow vanished?—
There does the Indian dwell.

But in the land of spirits
The Indian has a place,
And there, midst saints and angels,
He sees his Maker's face:
There from all earthly passions
His heart may be refined,
And the mists that once enshrouded
Be lifted from his mind.

And should his freeborn spirit
Descend again to earth,
And here, unseen, revisit
The spot that gave him birth,
Would not his altered nature
Rejoice with rapture high,

At the changed and glorious prospect
That now would meet his eye?

Where nodded pathless forests,
There now are stately domes;
Where hungry wolves were prowling,
Are quiet, happy homes;
Where rose the savage warwhoop,
Are heard sweet village bells,
And many a gleaming spire
Of faith in Jesus tells.

And he feels his soul is changed—
'Tis there a vision glows
Or more surpassing beauty
Than earthly scenes disclose;
For the heart that felt revenge,
With boundless love is filled,
And the restless tide of passion
To a holy calm is stilled.

Here, to my mental vision,
The Indian chief appears,
And all my eager questions
Fancy believes he hears:
Oh, speak, thou unseen being,
And the mighty secrets tell
Of the land of deathless glories,
Where the departed dwell!

I can not dread a spirit—
For I would gladly see
The veil uplifted round us,
And know that such things be:
The things we see are fleeting,
Like summer flowers decay—
The things unseen are real,
And do not pass away.

The friends we love so dearly
Smile on us, and are gone,
And all is silent in their place,
And we are left alone;
But the joy "that passeth show,"
And the love no arm can sever:
And all the treasures of their souls,
Shall be with us for ever.

WINTER SCENES IN THE COUNTRY.

THE short, dull, rainy day drew to a close ;
 No gleam burst forth upon the western hills,
 With smiling promise of a brighter day,
 Dressing the leafless woods with golden light ;
 But the dense fog hung its dark curtain round,
 And the unceasing rain poured like a torrent on.
 The wearied inmates of the house draw near
 The cheerful fire ; the shutters all are closed ;
 A brightening look spreads round, that seems to say,
 Now let the darkness and the rain prevail—
 Here all is bright ! How beautiful is the sound
 Of the descending rain ; how soft the wind
 Through the wet branches of the drooping elms :
 But hark ! far off, beyond the sheltering hills,
 Is heard the gathering tempest's distant swell,
 Threatening the peaceful valley ere it comes.
 The stream that glided through its pebbly way,
 To its own sweet music, now roars hoarsely on ;
 The woods send forth a deep and heavy sigh ;
 The gentle south has ceased ; the rude northwest,
 Rojoicing in his strength, comes rushing forth :
 The rain is changed into a driving sleet,
 And when the fitful wind a moment lulls,
 The feathery snow, almost inaudible,
 Fal's on the window-panes as soft and still
 As the light brushings of an angel's wings,
 Or the sweet visitings of quiet thoughts
 Midst the wild tumult of this stormy life.
 The tightened strings of nature's ceaseless harp
 Send forth a shrill and piercing melody,
 As the full swell returns. The night comes on,
 And sleep, upon this little world of ours,
 Spreads out her sheltering, healing wings ; and man,
 The heaven-inspired soul of this fair earth—
 The bo'd interpreter of Nature's voice,
 Giving a language even to the stars—
 Unconscious of the throbbings of his heart,
 Is still : and all unheeded is the storm,
 Save by the wakeful few who love the night—
 Those pure and active spirits that are placed
 As guards o'er wayward man—they who show forth
 God's holy image on the soul impressed—
 They listen to the music of the storm,
 And ho'd high converse with the unseen world :
 They wake, and watch, and pray, while others sleep.
 The stormy night has passed ; the eastern clouds
 Glow with the morning's ray : but who shall tel
 The peerless glories of this winter day ?
 Nature has put her jewels on—one blaze
 Of sparkling light and ever-varying hues
 Bursts on the enraptured sight.
 The smallest twig with brilliants hangs its head ;
 The graceful elm and all the forest trees
 Have on a crystal coat of mail, and seem
 All decked and tricked out for a holiday,
 And every stone shines in its wreath of gems.
 The pert, familiar robin, as he flies
 From spray to spray, showers diamonds around,

And moves in rainbow light where'er he goes
 The universe looks glad : but words are vain
 To paint the wonders of the splendid show.
 The heart exults with uncontrolled delight :
 The glorious pageant slowly moves away,
 As the sun sinks behind the western hills.
 So fancy, for a short and fleeting day,
 May shed upon the cold and barren earth
 Her bright enchantments and her dazzling hues,
 And thus they melt and fade away, and leave
 A cold and dull reality behind.

But see where, in the clear, unclouded sky,
 The crescent moon, with calm and sweet rebuke
 Doth charm away the spirit of complaint :
 Her tender light falls on the snow-clad hills,
 Like the pure thoughts that angels might bestow
 Upon this world of beauty and of sin,
 That mingle not with that whereon they rest :
 So should immortal spirits dwell below.
 There is a holy influence in the moon,
 And in the countless hosts of silent stars,
 The heart can not resist : its passions sleep,
 And all is still, save that which shall awake
 When all this vast and fair creation sleeps.

EVENING.

THE sun is set, the day is o'er,
 And labor's voice is heard no more ;
 On high the silver moon is hung ;
 The birds their vesper hymns have sung,
 Save one, who oft breaks forth anew,
 To chant another sweet adieu
 To all the glories of the day,
 And all its pleasures past away.
 Her twilight robe all nature wears,
 And evening sheds her fragrant tears,
 Which every thirsty plant receives,
 While silence trembles on its leaves :
 From every tree and every bush
 There seems to breathe a soothing hush,
 While every transient sound but shows
 How deep and still is the repose.
 Thus calm and fair may all things be,
 When life's last sun has set with me ;
 And may the lamp of memory shine
 As sweetly on my day's decline
 As yon pale crescent, pure and fair,
 That hangs so safely in the air,
 And pours her mild, reflected light,
 To soothe and bless the weary sight :
 And may my spirit often wake
 Like thine, sweet bird, and, singing, take
 Another farewell of the sun—
 Of pleasures past, of labors done.
 See, where the glorious sun has set,
 A line of light is lingering yet :
 Oh, thus may love awhile illumine
 The silent darkness of my tomb !

FRANCES H. GREEN.

FRANCES HARRIET WHIPPLE, now Mrs. GREEN, was born in Smithfield, Rhode Island, and is descended from two of the oldest and most honorable families of that state. While she was very young, her father, Mr. George Whipple, lost by various misfortunes his estate, and she was therefore left to her own resources for support and for the cultivation of her fine understanding, of which some of the earliest fruits were poems printed in the gazettes from 1830 to 1835. Her first volume was *Memoirs of Eleanor Elbridge*, a colored woman, of which there were sold more than thirty thousand copies. In 1841 she published *The Mechanic*, a book addressed to the operatives of the country, which was much commended in Mr. Brownson's *Boston Quarterly Review*. In 1844 she gave to the public *Might and Right*, a history of the attempted revolution in Rhode Island, known as the *Dorr Insurrection*. During a part of the year 1842 she conducted *The Wampanoag*, a journal designed for the elevation of the laboring portion of the community, and she has since been a large contributor to what are called "reform periodicals," particularly *The Nineteenth Century*, a quarterly miscellany, and *The Univercolum and Spiritual Philosopher*, a paper "devoted to philosophico-theology, and an exposition and inculcation of the principles of Nature, in their application to individual and social life." In the autumn of 1848 she became editress of *The Young People's Journal of Science, Literature, and Art*, a monthly magazine of an attractive character, printed in New York.

One of the best known of Mrs. Green's poems is *The Dwarf's Story*, a gloomy but passionate and powerful composition, which appeared in *The Rhode Island Book*, in 1841. The longest and most carefully finished is *Nanuntenuo*, a *Legend of the Narragansetts*, in six cantos, of which the first, second and third were published in Philadelphia in 1848. This is a work of decided and various merit. We have few good poems upon aboriginal superstition, tradition, or history. The best

are *Yamoyden*, by Sands and Eastburn, *Mogg Megone*, by Whittier, the *Legend of the Adirondach Mountains*, by Hoffman, *Yonondio*, by Hosmer, *Nemahmin*, by Louis L. Noble, and Mrs. Green's *Nanuntenuo*, with which, — though it is not yet published — may be classed Mr. Street's admirable romance of *Frontenac*. In *Nanuntenuo* are shown descriptive powers scarcely inferior to those of Bryant and Carlos Wilcox, who have been most successful in painting the grand, beautiful, and peculiar scenery of New England. The rhythm is harmonious, and the style generally elegant and poetically ornate. In the delineations of Indian character and adventure, we see fruits of an intelligent study of the colonial annals, and a nice apprehension of the influences of external nature in psychological development. It is a production that will gratify attention by the richness of its fancy, the justness of its reflection, and its dramatic interest.

The minor poems of Mrs. Green are numerous, and they are marked by idiosyncracies which prove them fruits of a genuine inspiration. Her *Songs of the Winds*, and sketches of Indian life, from both of which series specimens are given in the following pages, are frequently characterized by a masculine energy of expression, and a minute observation of nature. Though occasionally diffuse, and illustrated by epithets or images that will not be approved, perhaps, by the most fastidious tastes, they have meaning in them, and the reader is not often permitted to forget the presence of the power and delicacy of the poetical faculty.

Mrs. Green has perhaps entered more largely than any of her countrywomen into discussions of religion, philosophy, and politics. Her views are frequently original and ingenious, and they are nearly always stated with clearness and maintained with force of logic and felicity of illustration. A consideration of them would be more appropriate in a reviewal of her prose-writings. Their peculiarities are not disclosed in her poems, of which the only law is the sense of beauty.

NEW ENGLAND SUMMER IN THE AN-
CIENT TIME.

FROM THE FIRST CANTO OF "NANUNTENOO."

STILLNESS of summer noontide over hill,
And deep embowering wood, and rock, and stream,
Spread forth her downy pinions, scattering sleep
Upon the drooping eyelids of the air.
No wind breathed through the forest, that could stir
The lightest foliage. If a rustling sound
Escaped the trees, it might be nesting bird,
Or else the poished leaves were turning back
To their own natural places, whence the wind
Of the last hour had flung them. From afar
Came the deep roar of waters, yet subdued
To a melodious murmur, like the chant
Of naiads, ere they take their noontide rest.
A tremulous motion stirred the aspen leaves,
And from their shivering stems an utterance came,
So delicate and spirit-like, it seemed
The soul of music breathed, without a voice.
The anemone bent low her drooping head,
Mourning the absence of her truant love,
Till the soft languor closed her sleepy eye,
To dream of zephyrs from the fragrant south,
Coming to wake her with renewed life.
The eglantine breathed perfume; and the rose
Cherished her reddening buds, that drank the light,
Fair as the vermil on the cheek of Hope.
Where'er in sheltered nook or quiet dell,
The waters, like enamored lovers, found
A thousand sweet excuses for delay,
The clustering lilies bloomed upon their breast,
Love-tokens from the naiads, when they came
To trifle with the deep, impassioned waves.

The wild bee, hovering on voluptuous wing,
Scarce murmured to the blossom, drawing thence
Slumber with honey; then in the purpling cup,
As if oppressed with sweetness, sank to sleep.
The wood-dove tenderly caressed his mate;
Each looked within the other's drowsy eyes,
Till outward objects melted into dreams.

The rich vermilion of the tanager,
Or summer red-bird, flashed amid the green,
Like rubies set in richest emerald.
On some tall maple sat the oriole,
In black and orange, by his pendent nest,
To cheer his brooding mate with whispered songs;
While high amid the loftiest hickory
Perched the loquacious jay, his turquoise crest
Low drooping, as he plumed his shining coat,
Rich with the changeful blue of Nazareth.
And higher yet, amid a towering pine,
Stood the fierce hawk, half-slumbering, half-awake,
His keen eye flickering in his dark unrest,
As if he sought for plunder in his dreams.

The scaly snake crawled lazily abroad,
To revel in the sunshine; and the hare
Stole from her leafy couch, with ears erect
Against the soft air-current; then she crept,
With a light, velvet footfall, through the ferns.
The squirrel stayed his gambols; and the songs
Which late through all the forest arches rang,
Were graduated to a harmony
Of rudimental music, breathing low,
Making the soft wind richer—as the notes

Had been dissolved, and mingled with the air.
Pawtucket almost slumbered, for his waves
Were lulled by their own chanting: breathing low
With a just-audible murmur, as the soul
Is stirred in visions with a thought of love,
He whispered back the whisper tenderly
Of the fair willows bending over him,
With a light hush upon their stirring leaves,
Blest watchers o'er his day-dreams. Not a sign
Of man or his abode met ear or eye,
But one great wilderness of living wood,
O'er hill, and cliff, and valley, swelled and waved,
An ocean of deep verdure. By the rock
Which bound and strengthened'd all their massive roots
Stood the great oak and giant sycamore;
Along the water-courses and the glades
Rose the fair maple and the hickory;
And on the loftier heights the towering pine—
Strong guardians of the forest—standing there,
On the o'd ramparts, sentinels of Time,
To watch the flight of ages. Indian hordes,
The patriarchs of Nature, wandered free;
While every form of being spake to them
Of the Great Spirit that pervaded all,
And curbed their fiery nature with a law
Written in light upon the shadowy soil—
Bowing their sturdy hearts in reverence
Before the Great Unseen yet Ever FELT!

The very site where villages and towns,
As if called forth by magic, have arisen;
Where now the anvils echo, hammers clank,
The hum of voices in the stirring mart,
And roar of dashing wheels, create a din
That almost rivals the old cataract—
As if its thunder had grown tired and hoarse
In striving to be heard above the din—
Two centuries gone, was one unbroken wild,
Where the fierce wolf, the panther, and the snake
A forest aristocracy, scarce feared
The monarch man, and shared his common lot—
To hunger, plunder from the weak, and slay;
To wake a sudden terror; then lie down,
To be unnamed—unknown—for evermore.

A NARRAGANSETT SACHEM,
FROM THE SAME.

A FOOTFALL broke the silence, as along
Pawtucket's bank an Indian warrior passed.
Awed by the solemn stillness, he had passed
In deep, reflecting mood. A nobler brow
Ne'er won allegiance from Roman hosts,
Than his black plume half shaded; nor a form
Of kinglier bearing, moulded perfectly,
E'er flashed on day-dreams of Praxiteles.
The mantle that o'er one broad shoulder hung,
Was brodered with such trophies as are worn
By sachems only. Ghastly rows of teeth
Glistened amid the wampum. On the edge
A lace of woven scalp-locks was inwrought,
Where the soft, glossy brown of white man's hair
Mingled with Indian tresses, dark and harsh.
The wampum-beit, of various hues inwrought,
Graced well his manly bosom; and below,
His taper limbs met the rich moccasin.

SASSACUS.*

THE orient sun was coming proudly up,
 And looking o'er the Atlantic gloriously ;
 Old Ocean's bosom felt the living rays ;
 A rich smile flashed up from his hoary cheek,
 Subduing pride with beauty, as he turned,
 In each clear wave, a mirror to the sky ;
 And Earth was beautiful, as when, of erst,
 In the young freshness of her vestal morn,
 She wore the dew-gems in her bridal crown,
 And met, and won, the exulting lord of Day.

The beauty-loving Mystic wound along
 Through the green meadows, as if led by Taste,
 That knew and sought the purest emerald,
 And had the art of finding fairest flowers ;
 While his young brother, Thames, enrobed in light,
 Lingered with sparkling eddies round the shore.
 The sea-bird's snowy wing was tinged with gold,
 And scarcely wafted on the ambient air,
 As, lightly poised, she hung above the deep,
 And looked beneath its crystal. With a scream
 Of wild delight at all the wealth she saw,
 Down like a flake of living snow she plunged ;
 Then, momentarily upgleaming, like a burst
 Of winged light from the waters, shaking off
 The liquid pearls from all her downy plumes,
 She soared in triumph to her wave-girl nest.

The spirit of the morning over all
 Went with a quickening presence, fair and free,
 Till every beeting crag, and steric rock,
 And swamp, and wilderness, and desert ground,
 Were instinct with her glory. Moss and fern,
 And clinging vine, and all unnumbered trees,
 That make the woods a paradise, were stirred
 By whispering zephyrs, and shook off the dew ;
 While fragrance rose, like incense, to the skies.
 The soft May wind was breathing through the wood,
 Calling the sluggish buds to light and life—
 As, stealing softly through the sicken bonds,
 It freed the infant leaf, and gently held
 Its trembling greenness in his lambent arms.
 The eagle from his cloud-wreathed eyry sprang,
 Soaring aloft, as he had grown in love,
 Aspiring to the lovely Morning-Star,
 That lately vanished mid the kindling depths
 Of saffron-azure ; and the smaller birds
 Plumed the bright wing with sweetest carolings,
 Instinctive breath of joy, and love, and praise.

No sound of hostile legions marred the scene ;
 Trumpet and war-cry, sword and battle-axe,
 With all their horrid din, were far away,
 And gentle Peace sat, queenlike—Was it so ?

Behold yon smouldering ruin ! Lo, yon height !
 The Pequot there his simple fortress reared,
 And there he slept in peace but yester-eve,
 And his fair dreams spake not of coming death !
 Where are the hundred dwellers of this spot—
 The parents, children, and the household charms,
 That woke a soft, familiar magic here ?
 The crackling cinders—one chaotic mass
 Of death and ruin—utter all the wrong,
 In their deep, voiceful silence. Fire and sword,
 Sped by the Yengees' hate, have only left
 The ashes of the beautiful ; or, worse,
 The mangled type of each familiar form,
 Looks grimly through the horrid mask of death !

There slumbers all that woke a thrill of love
 In the firm warrior's bosom. Death stole on,
 Swift in the track of Gladness ; and young hearts,
 Yet quick with rapture, in the halcyon dreams
 Of youth, and love, and hope, awoke—to die.
 They grappled with the subtle element,
 Then rushed on lance, and spear, and naked sword,
 To quench with their hot blood the torturing flames.
 The few strong warriors had grown desperate ;
 But desperation could not long avail—
 And nerveless valor fall beside the weak.
 Mothers and children, aged men and strong,
 Bore the fierce tortures of dissolving life,
 And all consumed together ; till, at last,
 The feeble wail of dying infancy—
 A muttering curse—a groan but half respired—
 A prayer for vengeance on the subtle foe—
 Were lost amid the wildly-crackling flames :
 Then the mute smoke went upward. All was still,
 Save the sweet harmonies that Nature woke,
 Careless of man's destruction, or his pangs.

But hark ! the tramp of warriors ! They come !
 Their loving thoughts, winged heralds, sent before
 To dear ones clustering in their wigwams' shade,
 That wooing them from the memory of their toils,
 To watch their soft repose with eyes of love ;
 While sweet anticipation sketches forth
 One sunny hour of joy encircling all—
 The rainbow-blessing of their clouded life—
 More bright, more heavenly, for the gloom it gilds

But is there joy in that wildly piercing cry ?
 The agonizing consciousness of wrong,
 Not graduated, but with one fell scath,
 Blasts now, like sudden lightning ; and the fire
 Awakes the latent sulphur of the soul !
 The horrid truth, in all its length, and breadth,
 And height, and depth, before them lies revealed,
 An utter desolation. They are mad :
 Or more or less than man might not be so.

Great Sassacus draws nigh. The panther-skin
 Parts from his bosom, and the tomahawk
 Is flung off, with the quiver and the bow.
 No word he utters ; for the marble lip
 May give to sound no passage ; but his eye
 Looks forth in horror : all its liquid fires
 Shoot out a crystal gleam, like icicles—
 And not a single nerve is stirring now
 In the still features, frozen with their pride,
 But, 'neath the brawny folding of his arms,
 The seamed and scarry chest is heaving up.
 Like a disturbed volcano. All he loved

* On a morning of May, 1637, the English, under Major John Mason, attacked the fort of Mystic, one of the strongholds of Sassacus. The Indians, believing the enemy afar, had sung and danced till midnight ; and the depth of their morning slumbers made them an easy prey. "The resistance," says Thatcher, "was manly and desperate, but the work of destruction was completed in little more than an hour." And again, "Seventy wigwams were burnt, and five or six hundred Pequots killed. Parent and child alike, the sanop and squaw, the gray-haired man and the babe, were buried in one promiscuous ruin." Sassacus, flushed with conquest, with his followers returned just in time to witness the expiring flames. After this, the fortunes of the sachem rapidly declined ; and when his own hatchets were turned against him, he fled with Mononotto to the Mohawks, by whom he was treacherously murdered.

Sleep in the arms of Ruin. There they lie.
 He knew that he was revered as a god—
 That on the roll of heroes, prouder name.
 Or clothed with mightier majesty, was not,
 Than Sassacus the Terrible. That name
 The bronzed cheek of the warrior would blanch;
 There was a magic in its very sound
 That made the bravest blood turn pale as milk.
 And curdle in its passage. SASSACUS!—
 When those dire syllables were uttered loud,
 The vulture clapped her wings, and gave a scream,
 By instinct scenting the far field of Death.
 At his fell war-cry down the eagle came,
 To perch upon some overhanging cliff,
 And glory in his glory. Her response
 Echoed afar the thrilling call to strife,
 As on her lofty battlements she sat,
 Like some wild spirit of a kindred power.
 Such was the fame that burnished his dark crest,
 Such were the signs that marked the chief a god.
 Had he a weakness that could yield to grief,
 The strong—the mighty—the invincible?
 May he not rend affection from his heart,
 Or trifle with his passions?

On he went

With half-averted eye—as what he sought
 Among those mangled forms he durst not find.
 Sudden there came a shadow o'er his brow—
 An awful spirit to his flaming eye:
 He stood before his threshold. Stretched across,
 As the last horrid blow had checked her flight,
 Lay his weak, gray-haired mother. Just below,
 A pair of round arms, clinging to her knees,
 Alone were left to tell him of his babe.
 With one long, earnest, agonizing thought,
 He gazed to gather strength for fiercer pangs;
 Then faltering step sped onward; but again
 Abruptly pauses, for his form is fixed,
 Like some dark granite statue of Despair.

The delicate proportions, fair and soft,
 Of his young wife, came suddenly to view—
 Unmarred, as if to aggravate the more,
 Save by one cruel wound beneath her hair
 Upon the upturned forehead. Can it be
 The gay young creature he-but left at eve,
 So very beautiful, is sleeping thus—
 Cold—cold in death—irrevocably gone?
 Remembereth not that shadowy maze of hair
 How dotingly he wreathed it yesterday?—
 Or that fair, ruby lip the tender kiss
 That won him back, when he had turned away,
 With all its tempting sweetness? She is dead;
 And all her garments and her flowing hair
 Are dank and heavy with the waste of blood!
 Her arms are folded on her marble breast,
 A lovely, but an ineffectual shield;
 The lids are lifted, and the parting lips
 Are curved beseechingly, as when they sued
 For mercy from the murderer—in vain!

He looked upon her, as if life would burst
 In one long, agonizing, phrensied gaze;
 The blasting sight was madness: then he laughed,
 In utter desperation, utter scorn!
 He knew that Fate herself might never crush
 A soul that could endure such pangs, and live!

Why starts he, as some yet-untroubled nerve
 Had quickened for the torture? Hush! a wail
 From yonder dying child!—Can that arrest
 A pride that seemed to glory in its pangs?
 Oh, gracious God! his first-born, darling child,
 Whom he had nurtured with a chieftain's pride,
 And doated on with all a father's love,
 Lies at his feet—though mangled, living still.
 A rapturous pang of momentary joy,
 That this one, dearest treasure, yet might be
 Spared to his bosom, shot through heart and soul
 The struggling hope, in bitter mockery,
 A meteor on the midnight of despair,
 Lived for an instant—quivered—vanished—died—
 Leaving more utter blackness. Ere he bent
 To lift the little sufferer in his arms,
 The livid type of death was on his brow.
 One look of recognition, full of power—
 The agonizing power of love in death—
 Sped from the dying. With a piteous moan,
 As if to show how much he had endured,
 He lifted up his little mangled arm, [died:
 And murmuring, "Father!" struggled, gasped, and
 And Sassacus was martyred o'er again!

He breathed no prayer, he spoke no malison—
 But one hand lifted up the mangled boy
 With the firm grasp of madness nerve to steel;
 And in the other his sharp battle-axe
 He swung above him with a dizzying whirl,
 And thundered out the war-cry! Then they turned
 To the fell work of vengeance and of death.

Again I marked the warrior. He stood
 Among the scenes of early triumph, where
 His soul first wedded Glory—on the spot
 Where, on his high hereditary throne,
 He poised a sceptre that could sway the free:
 Was yonder broken-hearted man a king?—
 Forsaken, wretched, desolate, and crushed—
 Hunted through all his fair paternal woods—
 His own knives turned by Treason to view!
 In the wide earth without a single friend,
 Alone he standeth—like the blasted oak,
 Mocked by the greenness that was once his own;
 A mighty ruin in a pleasant place—
 A ruin, storm, or tempest, could not bow,
 And waiting for the earthquake! It shall come.

Where are his kindred? Yonder ashy mound
 Looks forth at once their tomb and their epitaph.
 His followers?—They are fallen, or fled, or slaves.
 His land?—He has none. And his peaceful home
 The mighty outcast is denied a grave!
 His fathers' land—his own—contains no spot
 Where he of right may lay his body down
 To the long sleep his broken nature craves!
 The white man's voice is echoing on his hills;
 The white man's axe is ringing through his woods;
 And he is banished—ah! he reck not where.

His step hath lost its firm, elastic tone,
 But it hath caught a majesty from wo,
 Such as would crush to atoms meaner hearts.
 His features are like granite; but his brow,
 Like the rude cliff on the volcano's front,
 Is haggard with the conflict—written o'er
 With the fell history of his burning wrongs.
 The snow is falling; but he heedeth not—

It is not colder than his stricken heart.
Behold him clinging to that little mound,
As if the senseless earth, that covers o'er
The ashes of the beautiful, might feel
The last strong heart-thrubs that are beating there
Against its icy bosom. Doth he weep?—
A few hot tears, yet freezing as they fall,
Are mingling with the hail-drops. It is o'er—
His first, last weakness. Yonder rigid form—
'T is Mononotto—beckons him away.

SONG OF THE NORTH WIND.

From the home of Thor, and the land of Hun,
Where the valiant frost-king defies the sun,
Till he, like a coward, sinks away
With the spectral glare of his meager day—
And throned in beauty, peerless Night,
In her robe of snow and her crown of light,
Sits queenlike on her icy throne,
With frost-flowers in her pearly zone—
And the fair Aurora floating free,
Round her form of matchless symmetry—
An irised mantle of roseate hue,
With the go'd and hyacinth melting through;
And from her forehead, beaming far,
Looks forth her own true polar star.
From the land we love—our native home—
On a mission of wrath we come, we come!
Away, away, over earth and sea!
Unchained, and chainless, we are free!
As we fly, our strong wings gather force,
To rush on our overwhelming course:
We have swept the mountain and walked the main,
And now, in our strength, we are here again;
To beguile the stay of this wintry hour,
We are chanting our anthem of pride and power;
And the listening earth turns deadly pale—
Like a sheeted corse, the silent vale
Looks forth in its robe of ghastly white,
As now we rehearse our deeds of might.
The strongest of God's sons are we—
Unchained, and chainless, ever free!

We have looked on Hecla's burning brow,
And seen the pines of Norland bow
In cadence to our deafening roar,
On the craggy steep of the Arctic shore; [flood,
We have waltzed with the maelstrom's whirling
And curled the current of human blood,
As nearer, nearer, nearer, drew
The struggling bark to the boiling blue—
Till, resistless, urged to the cold death-clasp,
It writhes in the hideous monster's grasp—
A moment—and then the fragments go
Down, down, to the fearful depths below!
But away, away, over land and sea—
Unchained, and chainless, we are free!

We have startled the poisoning avalanche,
And seen the cheek of the mountain blanc.
As down the giant Ruin came,
With a step of wrath and an eye of flame
Hurling destruction, death, and wo,
On all around and all below,
Till the piling rocks and the prostrate cloud

Conceal the spot where the village stood:
And the choking waters vainly try
From their strong prison-hold to fly!
We haste away, for our breath is rife
With the groans of expiring human life!
Of that hour of horror we only may tell—
As we chant the dirge and we ring the knell,
Away, away, over land and sea—
Unchained and chainless—we are free!
Full often we catch, as we hurry along,
The clear-ringing notes of the Laplander's song,
As, borne by his reindeer, he dashes away
Through the night of the North, more refulgent
than day!

We have traversed the land where the dark Es-
quimaux
Looks out on the gloom from his cottage of snow;
Where in silence sits brooding the large milk-white
owl,
And the sea-monsters roar, and the famished wolves
howl;
And the white polar bear her grim paramour hails,
As she hies to her tryste through those crystalline
vales,
Where the Ice-Mountain stands, with his feet in
the deep,
That around him the petrified waters may sleep;
And light in a flood of refulgence comes down.
As the lunar beams glance from his shadowless
crown.

We have looked in the hut the Kamschatkan hatli
reared,
And taken old Behring himself by the beard,
Where he sits like a giant in gloomy unrest,
Ever driving asunder the East and the West.
But we hasten away, over mountain and sea,
With a wing ever chainless, a thought ever free!

From the parent soil we have rent the oak—
His strong arms splintered, his sceptre broke:
For centuries he has defied our power,
But we plucked him forth like a fragile flower,
And to the wondering Earth brought down
The haughty strength of his hoary crown.
Away, away, over land and sea—
Unchained and chainless—we are free!

We have roused the Storm from his pillow of air,
And driven the Thunder-King forth from his lair;
We have torn the rock from the dizzying steep,
And awakened the wilds from their ancient sleep,
We have howled o'er Russia's desolate plains,
Where death-cold silence ever reigns,
Until we come, with our trumpet breath,
To chant our anthem of fear and death!
The strongest of God's sons are we—
Unchained and chainless—ever free!

We have hurled the glacier from his rest
Upon Chamouni's treacherous breast;
And we scatter the product of human pride,
As forth on the wing of the Storm we ride.
To visit with tokens of fearful power
The lofty arch and the beetling tower;
And we utter defiance, deep and loud,
To the taunting voice of the bursting cloud;
And we laugh with scorn at the ruin we see
Then away we hasten—for we are free:

Old Neptune we call from his ocean-caves
 When for pastime we dance on the crested waves;
 And we heap the struggling billows high
 Against the deep gloom of the sky;
 Then we plunge in the yawning depths beneath,
 And there on the heaving surges breathe,
 Till they toss the proud ship like a feather,
 And Light and Hope expire together;
 And the bravest cheek turns dead'y pale
 At the cracking mast and the rending sail,
 As down, with headlong fury borne,
 Of all her strength and honors shorn,
 The good ship struggles to the last
 With the raging waters and howling blast.
 We hurry the waves to their final crash,
 And the foaming floods to phrensy lash;
 Then we pour our requiem on the billow,
 As the dead go down to their ocean pi low—
 Down—far down—to the depths below,
 Where the pearls repose and the sea-gems glow;
 Mid the coral groves, where the sea-fan waves
 Its palmy wand o'er a thousand graves,
 And the insect weaves her stony shroud,
 Alike o'er the humble and the proud,
 What can be mightier than we,
 The strong, the chainless, ever free!
 Now away to our home in the sparkling North,
 For the Spring from her South-land is looking forth.
 Away, away, to our arctic zone,
 Where the Frost-King sits on his flashing throne,
 With his icebergs piled up mountain high,
 A wall of gems against the sky—
 Where the stars look forth like wells of light,
 And the gleaming snow-crust sparkles bright!
 We are fainting now for the breath of home;
 Our journey is finished—we come, we come!
 Away, away, over land and sea—
 Unchained and chainless—ever free!

SONG OF THE EAST WIND.

FROM the border of the Ganges
 Where the gentle Hindoo laves,
 And the sacred cow is grazing
 By the holy Indian waves,
 We have hastened to enrol us
 In thy royal train, Æolus!
 We have stirred the soul of Brahma,
 Bathed the brow of Juggernaut,
 Filled the self-devoted widow
 With a high and holy thought—
 And sweet words of comfort spoken,
 Ere the earth-wrought tie was broken!
 We have nursed a thousand b'lossoms
 In that land of light and flowers,
 Till we fainted with the perfume
 That oppressed the slumbering Hours
 Dallied with the vestal tresses
 Which no mortal hand caresses!
 We have traced the wall of China
 To the farthest orient sea;
 Blessed the grave of old Confucius
 With our sweetest minstrelsy;

Swelled the bosom of the Lama
 To enact his priest'y drama.
 We have hurried off the monsoons
 To far islands of the deep,
 Where, oppressed with richest spices,
 All the native breezes sleep;
 And in Ophir's desert olden
 Stirred the sands all bright and golden
 On the brow of Chumularee,
 Loftiest summit of the world,
 We have set a crown of vapor,
 And the radiant snow-wreath furled
 Bid the gem-'it waters flow
 From the mines of Borneo.
 Sighing through the groves of banyan
 We have blessed the holy shade,
 Where the sunbeams of the zenith
 To a moonlike lustre fade;
 There the fearful anaconda
 And the dark chimpanzee wander!
 We have roused the sleeping jackal
 From his stealthy noontide rest;
 Swelled the volume of deep thunder
 In the lion's tawny breast,
 Till all meaner beasts fled quaking
 At the desert-monarch's waking.
 O'er the sacred land of Yemen,
 Where the first apostles trod,
 And the patriarch and prophet
 Stood before the face of God—
 Vital with the deepest thought,
 Holy memories we have brought.
 We have bowed the stately cedar
 On the brow of Lebanon,
 And on Sinai's hoary forehead
 Turned the gray moss to the sun;
 Paused where Horeb's shade reposes,
 Rifled Sharon's crown of roses.
 We have blessed the chosen city
 From the brow of Olivet,
 Where the meek and holy Jesus
 With his tears the cold earth wet—
 Conquering all the hosts infernal
 With those blessed drops fraternal.
 We have gathered sacred legends
 From the tide of Galilee;
 Lingered where the waves of Jordan
 Meet the dark, unconscious sea;
 Murmured round the Hæmian mountains,
 Stirred Bethulia's placid fountains.
 On thy sod, Gethsemane,
 We have nursed the passion-flower,
 Stained with ail the fearful conflict
 Of the Savior's darkest hour;
 Stirred the shadows dense and deep
 Over Calvary's awful steep.
 We have breathed upon Parnassus,
 Till his softening lip of snow
 Bent to kiss the fair Castalia,
 That lay murmuring below—
 Then, mid flowers, went sighing on
 Through the groves of Helicon.

We have touched the lone acacia
 With the utterance of a sigh;
 Tossed the dark, umbrageous palm-crown
 Up against the cloudless sky;
 And along the sunny slope
 Chased the bright-eyed antelope.

We have kissed the cheek of Beauty
 In the harem's guarded bowers.
 Where, amid their splendor sighing,
 Droop the loveliest human flowers—
 And the victim of brute passion
 Languishes the fair Circassian.

We have summoned from the desert
 Giant messengers of Death,
 Treading with a solemn cadence
 To the purple simoom's breath—
 Wearing in their awful ire
 Crown of gold and robe of fire.

We have traversed mighty ruins
 Where the splendors of the Past,
 In their solitary grandeur,
 Shadows o'er the Present cast—
 Voiceful with the sculptured story
 Of Egypta's ancient glory.

We have struck the harp of Memnon
 With melodious unrest,
 When the tuneful sunbeams glancing,
 Warmed the statue's marble breast;
 And Aurora bent with blessing,
 Her own sacred son caressing.

Through the stately halls of Carnac,
 Where the mouldering fragments chime
 On the thrilling chords of Ruin,
 To the silent march of Time,
 We have swept the dust away
 From the features of Decay.

We have sighed a mournful requiem
 Through the cities of the Dead,
 Where, in all the Theban mountains,
 Couches of the tomb are spread;
 Fanned the Nile; and roused the tiger
 From his lair beyond the Niger.

We have strayed from ancient Memphis,
 Where the Sphinx, with gentle brow,
 Seems to bind the Past and Future
 Into one eternal Now;
 But we hear a deep voice calling—
 And the Pyramids are falling!

Even the wondrous pile of Ghirzeh
 Can not keep its royal dead,
 For the sleep of ages yieldeth
 To the busy plunderer's tread:
 Atom after atom—all—
 At the feet of Time must fall!

Prostrate thus we bend before thee,
 Mighty sovereign of the Air,
 While from all the teeming Orient
 Stories of the past we bear:
 Thou, great sire, wilt ever cherish
 Memories which can not perish!

A SONG OF WINTER.

His gathering mantle of fleecy snow
 The winter-king wrapped around him;
 And flashing with ice-wrought gems below
 Was the regal zone that bound him:
 He went abroad in his kingly state,
 By the poor man's door—by the palace-gate.
 Then his minstrel winds, on either hand,
 The music of frost-days humming,
 Flew fast before him through all the land,
 Crying, "Winter—Winter is coming!"
 And they sang a song in their deep, loud voice,
 That made the heart of their king rejoice;
 For it spake of strength, and it told of power,
 And the mighty will that moved him;
 Of all the joys of the fireside hour,
 And the gentle hearts that loved him;
 Of affections sweetly interwrought
 With the play of wit and the flow of thought.

He has left his home in the starry North,
 On a mission high and holy;
 And now in his pride he is going forth,
 To strengthen the weak and lowly—
 While his vigorous breath is on the breeze,
 And he lifts up Health from wan Disease.

We bow to his sceptre's supreme behest;
 He is rough, but never unfeeling;
 And a voice comes up from his icy breast,
 To our kindness ever appealing:
 By the comfortless hut, on the desolate moor,
 He is pleading earnestly for the poor.

While deep in his bosom the heart lies warm,
 And there the future LIFE he cherisheth;
 Nor clinging root, nor seedling fern,
 Its genial depths embracing, perisheth;
 But safely and tenderly he will keep
 The delicate flower-gems while they sleep.

The Mountain heard the sounding blast
 Of the winds from their wild horn blowing,
 And his rough cheek paled as on they passed,
 And the River checked his flowing;
 Then, with ringing laugh and echoing shout,
 The merry schoolboys all came out.

And see them now, as away they go,
 With the long, bright plane before them,
 In its sparkling girdle of silvery snow,
 And the blue arch bending o'er them;
 While every bright cheek brighter grows,
 Blooming with health—our winter rose!

The shrub looked up, and the tree looked down,
 For with ice-gems each was crested;
 And flashing diamonds lit the crown
 That on the old oak rested;
 And the forest shone in gorgeous array,
 For the spirits of winter kept holyday.

So on the joyous skaters fly,
 With no thought of a coming sorrow,
 For never a brightly-beaming eye
 Has dreamed of the tears of to-morrow.
 Be free and be happy, then, while ye may,
 And rejoice in the blessing of to-day.

THE CHICKADEE'S SONG.

ON its downy wing, the snow,
 Hovering, flyeth to and fro—
 And the merry school-boy's shout,
 Rich with joy, is ringing out :
 So we gather, in our glee,
 To the snow-drifts—Chickadee !

Poets sing in measures bold
 Of the glorious gods of old,
 And the nectar that they quaffed,
 When their jewelled goblets laughed ;
 But the snow-cups best love we,
 Gemmed with sunbeams—Chickadee !

They who choose, abroad may go,
 Where the southern waters flow,
 And the flowers are never sere
 In the garland of the year ;
 But we love the breezes free
 Of our north-land—Chickadee !

To the cottage-yard we fly,
 With its old trees waving high,
 And the little ones peep out,
 Just to know what we're about ;
 For they dearly love to see
 Birds in winter—Chickadee !

Every little feathered form
 Has a nest of mosses warm ;
 There our heavenly Father's eye
 Looketh on us from the sky ;
 And he knoweth where we be—
 And he heareth—Chickadee !

There we sit the whole night long,
 Dreaming that a spirit-song
 Whispereth in the silent snow ;
 For it has a voice we know,
 And it weaves our drapery,
 Soft as ermine—Chickadee !

All the strong winds, as they fly,
 Rock us with their lullaby—
 Rock us till the shadowy Night
 Spreads her downy wings in flight :
 Then we hasten, fresh and free,
 To the snow-fields—Chickadee !

Where our harvest sparkles bright
 In the pleasant morning light,
 Every little feathery flake
 Will a choice confection make—
 Each globule a nectary be,
 And we'll drain it—Chickadee !

So we never know a fear
 In this season cold and drear ;
 For to us a share will fall
 Of the love that blesseth all :

And our Father's smile we see
 On the snow-crust—Chickadee !

THE HONEY-BEE'S SONG

AWAKE, and up ! our own bright star
 In the saffron east is fading,
 And the brimming honey-cups near and far
 Their sweets are fast unlading ;
 Softly, pleasantly, murmur our song,
 With joyful hearts, as we speed along !

Off to the bank where the wild thyme blows,
 And the fragrant basil is growing ;
 We'll drink from the heart of the virgin rose
 The nectar that now is flowing ;
 Sing, for the joy of the early dawn !
 Murmur in praise of the beautiful morn !

Away, over orchard and garden fair,
 With the choicest sweets all laden,
 Away ! or before us she will be there,
 Our favorite blue-eyed maiden,
 Winning with Beauty's magic power
 Rich guerdon from the morning hour.

Her cheek will catch the rose's blush,
 Her eye the sunbeam's brightness ;
 Her voice the music of the thrush,
 Her heart the vapor's lightness ;
 And the pure, fresh spirit of the whole
 Shall fill her quick, expanding soul.

Joy, for our queen is forth to-day !
 Brave hearts rally about her ;
 Guard her well on her flowery way,
 For we could not live without her !
 Now drink to the health of our lady true
 In a crystal beaker of morning dew !

She will sit near by in the bending brake,
 So pleasant, and tall, and shady ;
 And the sweetest honey for her we'll make—
 Our own right-royal lady !
 We'll gather rich stores from the flowering vine,
 And the golden horns of the columbine.

We heed not the nettle-king's bristling spear,
 Though we linger not there the longest ;
 We extract his honey without a fear,
 For Love can disarm the strongest ;
 In the rank cicuta's poison-cell
 We know where the drops of nectar dwell !

Our Father has planted naught in vain—
 Though in some the honey is weaker ;
 Yet a drop in the worst may still be found
 To comfort the earnest seeker.
 Praise Him who giveth our daily food—
 And the Love that findeth all 'things good !

JESSIE G. McCARTEE.

JESSIE G. BETHUNE, a granddaughter of the celebrated Isabella Graham—a daughter of Divie Bethune, a New York merchant, whose life was a series of illustrations of the dignity and beauty of human nature—and a sister of the Rev. Dr. George W. Bethune, so well known as one of our most eloquent preachers and accomplished authors—was married at an early age to the Rev. Dr. McCartee,

who for many years has been minister of the Reformed Dutch Church in Goshen, in the county of Orange, on the Hudson. She has published a few poems in the religious periodicals, and has written many more, for the joy the heavenly art yields to those who worthily cultivate it. All her compositions that we have read breathe of beauty, piety, and content.

THE INDIAN MOTHER'S LAMENT.

ALL sad amid the forest wild
An Indian mother wept,
And fondly gazed upon her child
In death who coldly slept.
She decked its limbs with trembling hand,
And sang in accents low:
"Alone, alone, to the spirit-land,
My darling, thou must go!
"I would that I might be thy guide
To that bright isle of rest—
To bear thee o'er the swelling tide,
Clasped to my loving breast!
"I've wrapped thee with the beaver's skin,
To shield thee from the storm,
And placed thy little feet within
Thy snow-shoes soft and warm.
"I've given thee milk to cheer thy way,
Mixed with the tears I weep;
Thy cradle, too, where thou must lay
Thy weary head to sleep.
"I place the paddle near thy hand,
To guide where waters flow;
For alone, alone, to the spirit's land,
My darling, thou must go.
"There bounding through the forests green,
Thy fathers chase the deer,
Or on the crystal lakes are seen
The sleeping fish to spear.
"And thou some chieftain's bride may be,
My loved departing one:
Say, wilt thou never think of me,
So desolate and lone?
"I'll keep one lock of raven hair
Culled from thy still, cold brow—
That when I, too, shall travel there,
My daughter I may know.
"But go!—to join that happy band;
Vain is my fruitless wo;
For alone, alone, to the spirit's land,
My darling, thou must go!"

THE EAGLE OF THE FALLS

EMPRESS of the broad Missouri!
Towering in thy storm-rocked nest,
Gazing on the wild waves' fury—
Wondrous is thy place of rest.
Lofty trees thy throne embowering,
Gloomy gulf around thine isle,
Mists and spray above thee showering,
Guard thee from the hunter's wile.
Walls of snow-white foam surround it,
Crowned with rainbows pure and bright.
While the flinty rocks that bound it
Guard thy mansion day and night.
No Alhambra's royal splendor,
Palaces of Greece or Rome,
E'er could boast of hues so tender,
Or of walls of snow-white foam.
Yet this lofty scene of wonder
Ne'er disturbs thine eagle gaze,
Nor its mighty voice of thunder—
'Tis the music of thy days.
Of its voice thou art not weary,
Of its waters dost not tire;
Ancient as thine own loved ery,
'Twas the chorus of thy sire.
Songs of rapture loudly swelling
Laud the monarch on his throne,
But the music of thy dwelling
Chants the praise of God alone
Let sultanas boast their fountains,
Gardens decked with costly flowers
'Twas the Hand that built the mountains
Formed for thee thy forest bowers.
Queens may boast their halls of lightness,
Blazing with the taper's rays—
Crystal lamps of colored brightness,
Dazzling to their feeble gaze:
He who made the moon so lovely,
Called the stars forth every one,
Spread thine azure dome above thee,
Radiant with its peerless sun!

Empress eagle! spread thy pinions,
 Bathe thy breast in heaven's own light,
 Yet forsake not thy dominions—
 God himself has made them bright.

THE DEATH OF MOSES.

LED by his God, on Pisgah's height
 The pilgrim-prophet stood—
 When first fair Canaan blessed his sight,
 And Jordan's crystal flood.
 Behind him lay the desert ground
 His weary feet had trod;
 While Israel's host encamped around,
 Still guarded by their God.
 With joy the aged Moses smiled
 On all his wanderings past,
 While thus he poured his accents mild
 Upon the mountain-blast:
 "I see them all before me now—
 The city and the plain,
 From where bright Jordan's waters flow,
 To yonder boundless main.
 "Oh! there the lovely promised land
 With milk and honey flows;
 Now, now my weary, murmuring band
 Shall find their sweet repose.
 "There groves of palm and myrtle spread
 O'er valleys fair and wide;
 The lofty cedar rears its head
 On every mountain-side.
 "For them the rose of Sharon flings
 Her fragrance on the gale;
 And there the golden lily springs,
 The lily of the vale.
 "Amid the olive's fruitful boughs
 Is heard a song of love,
 For there doth build and breathe her vows
 The gentle turtle-dove.
 "For them shall bloom the clustering vine,
 The fig-tree shed her flowers,
 The citron's golden treasures shine
 From out her greenest bowers.
 "For them, for them, but not for me—
 Their fruits I may not eat;
 Not Jordan's stream, nor yon bright sea,
 Shall lave my pilgrim feet.
 "'Tis well, 'tis well, my task is done,
 Since Israel's sons are blest:
 Father, receive thy dying one
 To thine eternal rest!"
 Alone he bade the world farewell,
 To God his spirit fled.
 Now to your tents, O Israel,
 And mourn your prophet dead!

HOW BEAUTIFUL IS SLEEP!

How beautiful is sleep!
 Upon its mother's breast,
 How sweet the infant's rest!
 And who but she can tell how dear
 Her first-born's breathings 'tis to hear?
 Gentle babe, prolong thy slumbers,
 When the moon her light doth shed;
 Still she rocks thy cradle-bed,
 Singing in melodious numbers,
 Lulling thee with prayer or hymn,
 When all other eyes are dim.
 How beautiful is sleep!
 Behold the merry boy:
 His dreams are full of joy;
 He breaks the stillness of the night
 With tuneful laugh of wild delight.
 E'en in sleep his sports pursuing
 Through the woodland's leafy wild,
 Now he roams a happy child,
 Flowrets all his pathway strewing;
 And the morning's balmy air
 Brings to him no toil or care.
 How beautiful is sleep!
 Where youthful Jacob slept,
 Angels their bright watch kept,
 And visions to his soul were given
 That led him to the gate of heaven.
 Exiled pilgrim, many a morrow,
 When thine earthly schemes were crossed,
 Mourning o'er thy loved and lost,
 Thou didst sigh with holy sorrow
 For that blessed hour of prayer,
 And exclaim, "God met me there!"
 How blessed was that sleep
 The sinless Savior knew!
 In vain the storm-winds blew,
 Till he awoke to others' woes,
 And hushed the billows to repose.
 Why did ye the Master waken?
 Faithless ones! there came an hour,
 When, alone in mountain bower,
 By his loved ones all forsaken,
 He was left to pray and weep,
 When ye all were wrapped in sleep.
 How beautiful is sleep—
 The sleep that Christians know!
 Ye mourners, cease your woe,
 While soft upon his Savior's breast
 The righteous sinks to endless rest.
 Let him go: the day is breaking!
 Watch no more around his bed,
 For his parted soul hath fled.
 Bright will be his heavenly waking,
 And the morn that greets his sight
 Never ends in death or night.

CYNTHIA TAGGART.

(Born 1801—Died 1849).

THE painfully interesting history of this unfortunate woman has been written by the Rev. James C. Richmond, in a little work entitled *The Rhode Island Cottage*, and in a brief autobiography prefixed to the editions of her poems published in 1834 and 1848. She is the daughter of a soldier, whose property was destroyed during the Revolution, and who died in old age and poverty at a place near the seashore, about six miles from Newport, where he had lived in pious resignation amid trials that would have wrecked a less vigorous and trustful nature. Miss Taggart's education was very slight, and until sickness deprived her of all other occupation, about the year 1822, when she was nineteen years of age, she appears never to have thought of literary composition. My friend Dr. John W. Francis writes to me of her: "An intimate acquaintance, derived from professional observation, has long rendered me well informed of the remarkable circumstances connected with the severe chronic infirmities of CYNTHIA TAGGART. From her early infancy, during the period of her adolescence, and indeed through the whole duration of her life, she has been the victim of almost unrecorded anguish. The annals of medical philosophy may be searched in vain for a more striking example than the case of this lady affords of that distinctive twofold state of vitality with which we are endowed,

the intellectual and the physical being. The precarious tenure by which they have continued so long united in so frail a tenement, must remain matter of astonishment to every beholder; and when reflection is summoned to the contemplation of the extraordinary manifestations of thought which under such a state of protracted and incurable suffering she often exhibits, psychological science encounters a problem of most difficult solution. Mind seems independent of matter, and intellectual triumphs appear to be within the reach of efforts unaided by the ordinary resources of corporeal organization. That this condition must ere long terminate disastrously is certain; yet the phenomena of mind amid the ruins of the body constitute a subject of commanding interest to every philanthropist. Churchill has truly said, in his epistle to Hogarth:

'With curious art the brain too finely wrought,
Preys on herself, and is destroyed by thought.'

Miss Taggart and a widowed sister, who is also an invalid, still live in their paternal home by the seashore, and they await with pious resignation the only change that can free them from suffering. The poems that are here quoted have sufficient merit to interest the reader of taste, though he forget the extraordinary circumstances under which they were produced. Miss Taggart's poems have passed through three editions.

ODE TO THE POPPY.

THOUGH varied wreaths of myriad hues,
As beams of mingling light,
Sparkle replete with pearly dews,
Waving their tinted leaves profuse,
To captivate the sight;
Though fragrance, sweet exhaling, blend
With the soft, balmy air,
And gentle zephyrs, wafting wide
Their spicy odors bear;
While to the eye,
Delightingly,
Each floweret laughing blooms,
And o'er the fields
Prolific, yields

Its increase of perfumes;
Yet one alone o'er all the plain,
With lingering eye, I view;
Hasty I pass the brightest bower,
Heedless of each attractive flower,
Its brilliance to pursue.

No odors sweet proclaim the spot
Where its soft leaves unfold;
Nor mingled hues of beauty bright
Charm and allure the captive sight
With forms and tints untold.

One simple hue the plant portrays
Of glowing radiance rare,
Fresh as the roseate morn displays
And seeming sweet and fair.

But closer pressed, an odorous breath
 Repels the rover gay ;
 And from her hand with eager haste
 'T is careless thrown away ;
 And thoughtless that in evil hour
 Disease may happiness devour,
 And her fairy form, elastic now,
 To Misery's wand may helpless bow.

Then Reason leads wan Sorrow forth
 To seek the lonely flower ;
 And blest Experience kindly proves
 Its mitigating power.

Then its bright hue the sight can trace,
 The brilliance of its bloom ;
 Though misery veil the weeping eyes,
 Though sorrow choke the breath with sighs,
 And life deplore its doom.

 This magic flower
 In desperate hour
 A balsam mild shall yield,
 When the sad, sinking heart
 Feels every aid depart,
 And every gate of hope for ever sealed.

 Then still its potent charm
 Each agony disarm,
 And its all-healing power shall respite give :
 The frantic sufferer, then,
 Convulsed and wild with pain,
 Shall own the sovereign remedy, and live.

 The dews of slumber now
 Rest on her aching brow,
 And o'er the languid lids balsamic fall ;
 While fainting Nature hears,
 With dissipated fears,
 The lowly accents of soft Somnus' call.

 Then will Affection twine
 Around this kindly flower ;
 And grateful Memory keep
 How, in the arms of Sleep,
 Affliction lost its power.

—◆—
 INVOCATION TO HEALTH.

O HEALTH, thy succoring aid extend
 While low with bleeding heart I bend,
 And on thine every means attend,
 And sue with streaming eyes ;
 But more remote thou fliest away,
 The humbler I thine influence pray :
 And expectation dies.

Twice three long years of life have gone,
 Since thy loved presence was withdrawn,
 And I to grief resigned ;
 Laid on a couch of lingering pain,
 Where stern Disease's torturing chain
 Has every limb confined.....

Oh bathe my burning temples now,
 And cool the scorching of my brow,
 And light the rayless eye ;
 My strength revive with thine own might,
 And with thy footsteps firm and light

Oh bear me to thy radiant height,
 Where, soft reposing, lie
 Mild peace, and happiness, and joy,
 And Nature's sweets that never cloy,
 Unmixed with any dire alloy—
 Leave me not thus to die !

—◆—
 AUTUMN.

Now Autumn tints the scene
 With fallow hues serene ;
 And o'er the sky
 Fast hurrying, fly
 Dark, sombre clouds, that pour
 From far the roaring din ;
 The rattling rain and hail,
 With the deep-sounding wail
 Of wild and warring melodies, begin.

The wind flies fitful through the forest-trees
 With hollow howlings and in wrathful mood ;
 As when some maniac fierce, disdaining ease.
 Tears with convulsive power,
 In horrid Fury's hour,
 His locks dishevelled ; and a chilling moan
 Breathes from his tortured breast, with dread and
 dismal tone.

Thus the impetuous blast
 Doth from the woodlands tear
 The leaves, when Summer's reign is past,
 And sings aloud the requiem of Despair ;
 Pours ceaseless the reverberated sigh,
 While past the honors of the forest fly,
 Kiss the low ground, and flutter, shrink, and die

—◆—
 ON A STORM.

THE harsh, terrific howling Storm,
 With its wild, dreadful, dire alarm,
 Turns pale the cheek of Mirth ;
 And low it bows the lofty trees,
 And their tall branches bend with ease
 To kiss their parent Earth.

The rain and hail in torrents pour ;
 The furious winds impetuous roar—
 In hollow murmurs clash.
 The shore adjacent joins the sound,
 And angry surges deep resound,
 And foaming billows dash.

Yet ocean doth no fear impart,
 But soothes my anguish-swollen heart,
 And calms my feverish brain ;
 It seems a sympathizing friend,
 That doth with mine its troubles blend,
 To mitigate my pain.

In all the varying shades of wo,
 The night relief did ne'er bestow,
 Nor have I respite seen :
 Then welcome, Storm, loud, wild, and rude
 To me thou art more kind and good
 Than aught that is serene.

FRANCESCA CANFIELD.

(Born 1803—Died 1823).

FRANCESCA ANNA PASCALIS, a daughter of Dr. Felix Pascalis, an Italian physician and scholar, who had married a native of Philadelphia, and resided several years in that city, was born in August, 1803. While she was a child her parents removed to New York, where Dr. Pascalis was conspicuous not only for his professional abilities, but for his writings upon various curious and abstruse subjects in philosophy, and was intimate with many eminent persons, among whom was Dr. Samuel L. Mitchill, who was so pleased with Francesca, that in 1815, when she was in the twelfth year of her age, he addressed to her the following playful and characteristic Valentine :

Descending snows the earth o'erspread,
Keen blows the northern blast;
Condensing clouds scowl over head,
The tempest gathers fast.

But soon the icy mass shall melt,
The winter end his reign,
The sun's reviving warmth be felt,
And nature smile again.

The plants from torpid sleep shall wake,
And, nursed by vernal showers,
Their yearly exhibition make
Of foliage and of flowers.

So you an opening bud appear,
Whose bloom and verdure shoot,
To load Francesca's growing year
With intellectual fruit.

The feathered tribes shall flit along,
And thicken on the trees,
Till air shall undulate with song,
Till music stir the breeze.

Thus, like a charming bird, your lay
The listening ear shall greet,
And render social circles gay,
Or make retirement sweet.

Then warblers chirp, and roses ope,
To entertain my fair,
Till nobler themes engage her hope,
And occupy her care.

In school Miss Pascalis was particularly distinguished for the facility with which she acquired languages. At an early period she translated with ease and elegance from the French, Italian, Spanish, and Portuguese, and her instinctive appreciation of the har-

monies of her native tongue was so delicate that her English compositions, in both prose and verse, were singularly musical as well as expressive and correct. The version of a French song, "Quand reverrai-je en un jour," etc. is among the memorials of her fourteenth year, and though much less compact than the original, it is interesting as an illustration of her own fine and precocious powers.

While yet at school Miss Pascalis translated for a friend a volume from Lavater, and soon afterward she made a beautiful English version of the Roman Nights from *Le Notti Romane al Sepolcro Dei Scipioni* of Alessandro Verri. She also translated *The Solitary* and *The Vine Dresser* from the French, and wrote some original poems in Italian which were much praised by judicious critics. She was a frequent contributor, under various signatures, to the literary journals; and among her pieces for this period that are preserved in Mr. Knapp's biography, is an address to her friend Mitchill, which purported to be from Le Brun.

A "marriage of convenience" was arranged for Miss Pascalis with Mr. Canfield, a broker, who after a few months became a bankrupt, and could never retrieve his fortunes. She bore her disappointments without complaining, and when her husband established a financial and commercial gazette, she labored industriously to make it attractive by literature; but there was a poor opportunity among tables of currency and trade for the display of her graceful abilities, and her writings probably attracted little attention. She was a good pianist, and she painted with such skill that some of her copies of old masters deceived clever artists. Her accomplishments however failed to invest with happiness a life of which the ambitious flowers had been so early blighted, and yielding to consumption, which can scarcely enter the home of a cheerful spirit, she died on the twenty-eighth of May, 1823, before completing the twentieth year of her age.

Dr. Pascalis, whose chief hopes were centred in his daughter, abandoned his pursuits,

and after lingering through ten disconsolate years, died in the summer of 1833; and the death of her husband, in the following au-

turn, prevented the publication of an edition of her works, which he had prepared for that purpose.

TO DR. MITCHILL.

WRITTEN IN HER SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

MITCHILL, although the envious frown,
 Their idle wrath disdain!
 Upon thy bright and pure renown,
 They can not cast a stain.
 Ida, the heaven-crowned, feels the storm
 Rave fiercely round her towering form,
 Her brow it can not gain,
 Calm, sunny, in majestic pride,
 It marks the powerless blast subside.
 And didst thou ever hope to stand
 So glorious and so high,
 Receive all honor and command,
 Nor meet a jealous eye?
 No, thou must expiate thy fame,
 Thy noble, thy exalted name;
 Yet pass thou proudly by!
 The torrent may with vagrant force
 Disturb, but can not change thy course.
 Or, shouldst thou dread the threats to brave
 Of malice, wilful, dire,
 Break thou the sceptre genius gave,
 And quench thy spirit's fire;
 Down from thy heights of soul descend,
 Thy flaming pinions earthward bend,
 Fulfil thy foe's desire;
 Thy immortality contemn,
 And walk in common ways with them.
 The lighter tasks of wit and mind
 Let fickle Taste adore;
 But Genius' flight is unconfined
 O'er prostrate time to soar.
 How glows he, when Ambition tears
 The veil from gone and coming years;
 While ages past before,
 To him their future being trust,
 Though empires crumble into dust.
 Without this magic, which the crowd
 Nor comprehend, nor feel,
 Could Genius' son have ever vowed
 His ductile heart to steel,
 'Gainst all that leads the human breast,
 To turn to Indolence and rest;
 From Science' haunts to steal,
 To beauty, wealth, and ease, and cheer—
 All that delight the senses here?
 And thus he earns a meed of praise
 From nations yet unborn;
 Still he, whom present pomp repays,
 His arduous toil may scorn;
 But wiser, sure, than hoard the rose,
 Which low for each wayfarer blows,
 And lives a summer morn,
 To climb the rocky mountain way
 And gather the unfading bay.

Yet wo for him whose mental worth
 Fame's thousand tongues resound!
 While living, every worm of earth
 Seems privileged to wound.
 His victory not the less secure,
 Let him the strife with nerve endure,
 In death his triumph found;
 Then worlds shall with each other vie,
 To spread the name that can not die.

EDITH.

By those blue eyes that shine
 Dovelike and innocent,
 Yet with a lustre to their softness lent
 By the chaste fire of guileless purity,
 And by the rounded temple's symmetry;
 And by the auburn locks, disposed apart,
 (Like Virgin Mary's pictured o'er the shrine,)
 In simple negligence of art;
 By the young smile on lips whose accents fall
 With dulcet music, bland to all,
 Like downward floating blossoms from the trees
 Detached in silver showers by playful breeze;
 And by thy cheek, ever so purely pale,
 Save when thy heart with livelier kindness glows;
 By its then tender bloom, whose delicate hue,
 Is like the morning's tincture of the rose,
 The snowy veils of the gossamer mist seen through;
 And by the flowing outline's grace,
 Around thy features like a halo thrown,
 Reminding of that noble race [known,
 Beneath a lovelier heaven in kindlier climates
 Whose beauty, both the moral and the mortal,
 Stood at perfection's portal
 And still doth hold a rank surpassing all compare
 By the divinely meek and placid air
 Which witnesseth so well that all the charms
 It lights and warms,
 Though but the finer fashion of the clay
 Deserve to be adored, since they
 Are emanations from a soul allowed
 Thus radiantly to glorify its dwelling
 That goodness like a visible thing avowed,
 May awe and win, and temper and prevail:
 And by all these combined!
 I call upon thy form ideal,
 So deeply in my memory shrined,
 To rise before my vision, like the real,
 Whenever passion's tides are swelling,
 Or vanity misleads, or discontent
 Rages with wishes, vain and impotent.
 Then, while the tumults of my heart increase,
 I call upon thy image—then to rise
 In sweet and solemn beauty, like the moon,
 Resplendent in the firmament of June,
 Through the still hours of night to lonely eyes.
 I gaze and muse thereon, and tempests cease—
 And round me falls an atmosphere of peace.

ELIZABETH BOGART.

MISS ELIZABETH BOGART, descended from a Huguenot family distinguished in the mercantile and social history of New York, and a daughter of the late Rev. David S. Bogart, one of the most accomplished divines of the last generation, was born in the city of New York. Her father was shortly afterward settled as a minister of the Presbyterian Church at Southampton, on Long Island. In 1813 his connexion with that congregation was dissolved, and he removed to North Hempstead, where he was installed in the Reformed Dutch Church, in which he had been educated. In 1826, he removed again to New York, where his family have since resided.

About the year 1825 Miss Bogart began to write, under the signature of "Estelle," for

the New York Mirror, then recently established; and her contributions, in prose and verse, to this and other periodicals, would fill several volumes. Among them are two prize stories—The Effect of a Single Folly, and The Forged Note—which evince a constructive ability that would not, perhaps, be inferred from her other compositions, many of which are of a very desultory character.

Miss Bogart has ease, force, and a degree of fervor, which might have placed her in the front rank of our female authors; but almost everything she has given to the public has an impromptu air, which shows that literature has scarcely been cultivated by her as an art, while it has constantly been resorted to for the utterance of feelings which could find no other suitable expression.

AN AUTUMN VIEW, FROM MY WINDOW.

I GAZE with raptured eyes
Upon the lovely landscape, as it lies
Outstretched before my window: even now
The mist is sailing from the mountain's brow,
For it is early morning, and the sun
His course has just begun.
How beautiful the scene
Of hill on hill arising, while between
The river like a silvery streak appears,
And rugged rocks, the monuments of years,
Resemble the old castles on the Rhine,
Which look down on the vine.
No clustering grapes, 'tis true,
Hang from these mountain-sides to meet the view;
But fairer than the vineyards is the sight
Of our luxuriant forests, which, despite
The change of nations, hold their ancient place,
Lost to the Indian race.
Untiring I survey
The prospect from my window, day by day:
Something forgotten, though just seen before,
Something of novelty or beauty more
Than yet discovered, ever charms my eyes,
And wakes a fresh surprise.
And thus, when o'er my heart
A weary thought is stealing, while apart
From friends and the gay world I sit alone,
With life's dark veil upon the future thrown,
I look from out my window, and there find
A solace for the mind.

The Indian Summer's breath
Sighs gently o'er the fallen leaflet's death,
And bids the frost-kinger linger on his way
Till Autumn's tints have brightened o'er decay.
What other clime can such rich painting show?
'Tell us, if any know!

RETROSPECTION. AN EXTRACT.

I'M weary with thinking! with visions that pass
So thickly and gloomily over my brain,
In which are reflected through Memory's glass
The lost scenes of youth which return not again.
Oh! now I look back and remember the hours
When I wished that a time of sweet leisure might
come,
When, freed from employments and studies, the
powers
Of thought were all loosened, in fancy to roam.
That time has arrived. Care nor business conspire
To restrain the mind's freedom, nor press on the
heart;
No stern prohibition hangs over the lyre,
To bid all its bright inspirations depart.
But how has it come?—Oh! by breaking the ties
Of affection and kindred, and snatching away
The beloved from around me, whose praise was the
prize
Which lured me in Poesy's pathway to stray.

FORGETFULNESS.

WE parted!—Friendship's dream had cast
 Deep interest o'er the brief farewell,
 And left upon the shadowy past
 Full many a thought on which to dwell:
 Such thoughts as come in early youth,
 And live in fellowship with hope;
 Robed in the brilliant hues of truth,
 Unfitted with the world to cope.

We parted. He went o'er the sea,
 And deeper solitude was mine;
 Yet there remained in memory
 For feeling still a sacred shrine:
 And Thought and Hope were offered up
 Till their ethereal essence fled,
 And Disappointment from the cup
 Its dark libations poured instead.

We parted. 'T was an idle dream
 That *thus* we e'er should meet again;
 For who that knew man's heart, would deem
 That it could long unchanged remain?—
 He sought a foreign clime, and learned
 Another language, which expressed
 To strangers the rich thoughts that burned
 With unquenched power within his breast.

And soon he better loved to speak
 In those new accents than his own;
 His native tongue seemed cold and weak
 To breathe the wakened passions' tone.
 He wandered far, and lingered long,
 And drank so deep of Lethe's stream,
 That each new feeling grew more strong,
 And all the past was like a dream.

We met—a few glad words were spoken,
 A few kind glances were exchanged;
 But friendship's first romance was broken—
 His had been from me estranged.
 I felt it all—we met no more—
 My heart was true, but it was proud;
 Life's early confidence was o'er,
 And hope had set beneath a cloud.

We met no more—for neither sought
 To reunite the severed chain
 Of social intercourse; for naught
 Could join its parted links again.
 Too much of the wide world had been
 Between us for too long a time,
 And he had looked on many a scene,
 The beautiful and the sublime.

And he had themes on which to dwell,
 And memories that were not mine,
 Which formed a separating spell,
 And drew a mystic boundary line.
 His thoughts were wanderers—and the things
 Which brought back friendship's joys to me,
 To him were but the spirit's wings
 Which bore him o'er the distant sea.

For he had seen the evening star
 Glancing its rays o'er ocean's waves,
 And marked the moonbeams from afar,
 Lighting the Grecian heroes' graves;
 And he had gazed on trees and flowers
 Beneath Italia's sunny skies,
 And listened, in fair ladies' bowers,
 To Genius' words and Beauty's sighs.

His steps had echoed through the halls
 Of grandeur, long left desolate;
 And he had climbed the crumbling walls,
 Or oped perforce the hingeless gate;
 And mused o'er many an ancient pile,
 In ruin still magnificent,
 Whose histories could the hours beguile
 With dreams, before to Fancy lent.

Such recollections come to him,
 With moon, and stars, and summer flowers
 To me they bring the shadows dim
 Of earlier and of happier hours.
 I would those shadows darker fell—
 For life, with its best powers to bless,
 Has but few memories loved as well
 Or welcome as forgetfulness!

HE CAME TOO LATE.

HE came too late!—Neglect had tried
 Her constancy too long;
 Her love had yielded to her pride,
 And the deep sense of wrong.
 She scorned the offering of a heart
 Which lingered on its way,
 Till it could no delight impart,
 Nor spread one cheering ray.

He came too late!—At once he felt
 That all his power was o'er:
 Indifference in her calm smile dwelt—
 She thought of him no more.
 Anger and grief had passed away,
 Her heart and thoughts were free;
 She met him, and her words were gay—
 No spell had Memory.

He came too late!—The subtle chords
 Of love were all unbound.
 Not by offence of spoken words,
 But by the slights that wound.
 She knew that life held nothing now
 That could the past repay,
 Yet she disdained his tardy vow,
 And coldly turned away.

He came too late!—Her countless dreams
 Of hope had long since flown;
 No charms dwelt in his chosen themes,
 Nor in his whispered tone.
 And when, with word and smile, he tried
 Affection still to prove,
 She nerved her heart with woman's pride,
 And spurned his fickle love.

MARY E. BROOKS.

MISS MARY E. AIKEN, a native of New York, was for several years a contributor to the *Mirror* and other periodicals, under the signature of "Norna," her sister, during the same period, writing under the pseudonyme of "Hinda." In 1828 she was married to Mr. James G. Brooks, a gentleman of fine abilities, who was well known as the author of many graceful pieces, in prose and verse, signed "Florio." In the following year appeared a volume entitled *The Rivals of Este* and other Poems, by James G. and Mary E. Brooks. The leading composition, from which the collection had its name, is by

Mrs. Brooks. It is a story of passion, and the principal characters are of the ducal house of Ferrara. Her Hebrew Melodies, and other short poems, in the same volume, are written with more care, and have much more merit.

Mr. Brooks was at this time connected with one of the New York journals; but in 1830 he removed to Winchester, in Virginia, where he was for several years editor of a political and literary gazette. In 1838 he returned to New York, and established himself in Albany, where he remained until his death, in February, 1841, from which time Mrs. Brooks has resided in New York.

THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

*"The everlasting to be which hath been
Hath taught us naught or little."*

From the deep and stirring tone,
Ever on the midnight breaking,
Came a whisper thrill and lone
O'er my silent vigil waking :
"Come to me ! the dreamy hour
Fades before the spoiler's power !
Come ! the passing tide is strong,
As it bears thy life along ;
Soon another seal for thee
Stamps the stern Futurity.
Bow thee—bend thee to the light
Stealing on thy spirit sight,
From the bygone's faded bloom,
From the shadow and the gloom,
From each strange and changeful scene
Which amid thy path has been ;
And oh, let it wake for thee,
Beacon of the days to be !"

Soft before my sight was spreading
Many a sweet and sunny flower ;
Pleasure bright, her promise shedding,
Gilded o'er each fairy bower :
Oh, it was a laughing glee,
Hanging o'er Futurity ;
Blisses mid young beauties blooming—
Hopes, no sullen griefs entombing—
Loves that vowed to link for ever,
Cold or blighted, never—never ;
Not a shadow on the dome
Fancy reared for days to come—
Not a dream of sleeping ill
There her rushing tide to chill ;
Gayly lay each glittering morrow :
And I turned me half in sorrow,

As that phantom beckoned back,
To retrace Life's fading track.
Sinking in the broad dim ocean,
Shadows blending o'er its bier,
Slow from being's wild commotion,
Saw I pass another year.
There was but a misty cloud
Bending o'er a silent shroud ;
Hope, fame, rapture—loved and gay—
Tell, oh tell me, where were they !
Idols once in sunlight glancing,
Ay, that claimed each starting sigh,
With the green-leafed promise dancing
Round the heart so merrily—
Where was now the waking blossom
Should be wreathing round the bosom ?
Only lay a mist far spreading,
Dim and dimmer twilight shedding,
Like to fever's fitful gleam,
Like to sleeper's troubled dream ;
In the cold and perished Past
Lay the mighty strife at last.
Oft that dim and visioned treading,
Where the frail and fair decay,
Comes upon my bosom, shedding
Light through many a rising day.
Phantoms now in beauty ranging,
Dreaming ne'er of chill or changing,
Bright and gay and flashing all,
How their voiceless shadows fall !
Go—the weeper's heart is weary ;
Go—the widow's wail is dreary :
Thousand-toned the agony
On each night-breeze sweeping by :
Go—and for each little flower
Wreathed about the blighted bower,
Bright, when suns and stars have set,
Will a flow'ret blossom yet.

A PLEDGE TO THE DYING YEAR.

FILL to the brim ! one pledge to the past,
 As it sinks on its shadowy bier ;
 Fill to the brim ! 'tis the saddest and last
 We pour to the grave of the year :
 Wake, the light phantoms of beauty that won us
 To linger awhile in those bowers ;
 And flash the bright daybeams of promise upon us,
 That gilded life's earlier hours.

Here's to the love—though it flitted away,
 We can never, no, never forget !
 Through the gathering darkness of many a day,
 One pledge will we pour to it yet.
 Oh, frail as the vision, that witching and tender,
 And bright on the wanderer broke,
 When Irem's own beauty in shadowless splendor,
 Along the wild desert awoke.*

Fill to the brim ! one pledge to the glow
 Of the heart in its purity warm !
 Ere sorrow had sullied the fountain below,
 Or darkness enveloped the form :
 Fill to that life-tide ! oh, warm was its rushing
 Through Adens of arrowy light,
 And yet like the wave in the wilderness gushing,
 'T will g'adden the wine cup to-night.

Fill to the past ! from its dim distant sphere
 Wild voices in melody come ;
 The strains of the bygone, deep echoing here,
 We pledge to their shadowy tomb ;
 And like the bright orb, that in sinking flings back
 One gleam o'er the cloud-covered dome,
 May the dreams of the past, on futurity track
 The hope of a holier home !

◆

"WEEP NOT FOR THE DEAD."

Oh, weep not for the dead !
 Rather, oh rather give the tear
 To those who darkly linger here,
 When all besides are fled :
 Weep for the spirit withering
 In its cold, cheerless sorrowing ;
 Weep for the young and lovely one
 That ruin darkly revels on,
 But never be a tear-drop shed
 For them, the pure enfranchised dead.

Oh, weep not for the dead !
 No more for them the blighting chill,
 The thousand shades of earthly ill,
 The thousand thorns we tread ;
 Weep for the life-charm early flown,
 The spirit broken, bleeding, lone ;
 Weep for the death pangs of the heart,
 Ere being from the bosom part ;
 But never be a tear-drop given
 To those that rest in yon blue heaven.

* Irem, one of the gardens described by Mohammed—
 planted, as the commentators of the Koran say, by a king
 named Shedad, once seen by an Arabian, who wandered
 very far into the desert in search of a lost camel : a gar-

DREAM OF LIFE.

I HEARD the music of the wave,
 As it rippled to the shore,
 And saw the willow branches lave,
 As light winds swept them o'er—
 The music of the golden bow
 That did the torrent span ;
 But I heard a sweeter music flow
 From the youthful heart of man.

The wave rushed on—the hues of heaven
 Fainter and fainter grew,
 And deeper melodies were given
 As swift the changes flew :
 Then came a shadow on my sigh ;
 The golden bow was dim—
 And he that laughed beneath its light,
 What was the change to him ?

I saw him not : only a throng
 Like the swell of troubled ocean,
 Rising, sinking, swept along
 In the tempest's wild commotion :
 Sleeping, dreaming, waking then,
 Chains to link or sever—
 Turning to the dream again,
 Fain to clasp it ever.

There was a rush upon my brain,
 A darkness on mine eye ;
 And when I turned to gaze again,
 The mingled forms were nigh :
 In shadowy mass a mighty hall
 Rose on the fitful scene ;
 Flowers, music, gems, were flung o'er all,
 Not such as once had been.

Then in its mist, far, far away,
 A phantom seemed to be ;
 The something of a bygone day—
 But oh, how changed was he !
 He rose beside the festal board,
 Where sat the merry throng ;
 And as the purple juice he poured,
 Thus woke his wassail song :

SONG.

COME ! while with wine the goblets flow,
 For wine they say has power to bless ;
 And flowers, too—not roses, no !
 Bring poppies, bring forgetfulness !
 A lethé for departed bliss,
 And each too well remembered scene :
 Earth has no sweeter draught than this,
 Which drowns the thought of what has been
 Here's to the heart's cold iciness,
 Which can not smile, but will not sigh :
 If wine can bring a chill like this,
 Come, fill for me the goblet high.
 Come—and the cold, the false, the dead,
 Shall never cross our revelry ;
 We'll kiss the wine cup sparkling red,
 And snap the chain of memory.

den no less celebrated (says Sir W. Jones) by the Asiatic
 poets, than that of the Hesperides by the Greeks.

M. ST. LEON LOUD.

MARGUERITE ST. LEON BARSTOW was born in the rural town of Wysox, among the windings of the Susquehanna, in Bradford county, Pennsylvania. In 1824 she was married to Mr. Loud, of Philadelphia; and, except during a short period passed in the South, has since resided in that city. Her poems have for the most part appeared in the United States Gazette and in the Philadelphia

monthly magazines. Mr. Edgar A. Poe, in his Autography, says of Mrs. Loud, that she "has imagination of no common order, and, unlike many of her sex, is not

'Content to dwell in decencies forever.'

While she can, upon occasion, compose the ordinary singsong with all the decorous proprieties which are in fashion, she yet ventures very frequently into a more ethereal region."

A DREAM OF THE LONELY ISLE.

THERE is an isle in the far South sea,
Sunny and bright as an isle can be;
Sweet is the sound of the ocean wave,
As its sparkling waters the green shores lave;
And from the shell that upon the strand
Lies half buried in golden sand—
A thrilling tone through the still air rings,
Like music trembling on fairy strings.
Flowers like those which the Peris find
In the bowers of their paradise, and bind
In the flowing tresses, are blooming there,
And gay birds glance through the scented air.
Gems and pearls are strewn on the earth
Untouched—there are known to know their worth;
And that fair island Death comes not nigh:
Why should he come?—there are none to die.

My heart had grown, like the misanthrope's,
Cold and dead to all human hopes;
Fame and fortune alike had proved
Baseless dreams, and the friends I loved
Vanished away, like the flowers that fade
In the deadly blight of the Upas' shade.
I longed upon that green isle to be,
Far away o'er the sounding sea,
Where no human voice, with its words of pain,
Could ever fall on my ear again.
Life seemed a desert waste to me,
And I sought in slumber from care to flee.

Away, away, o'er the waters blue,
Light as a sea-bird the vessel flew.
Deep ocean-furrows her timbers plough,
As the waves are parted before her prow;
And the foaming billows close o'er her path,
Hissing and roaring, as if in wrath.
But swiftly onward, through foam and spray,
To the lonely island she steers her way:
The heavens above wore their brightest smile,
As the bark was moored by that fairy isle;
The sails were furled, the voyage was o'er;
I should buffet the waves of the world no more!
I looked to the ocean—the bark was gone,

And I stood on that beautiful isle alone.
My wish was granted, and I was b'est;
My spirit revelled in perfect rest—
A Dead sea calm—even Thought reposed
Like a weary dove with its pinions closed.
Beauty was round me: bright roses hung
Their blushing wreaths o'er my head, and flung
Fragrance abroad on the gale—to me
Sweeter than odors of Araby;
Wealth was mine, for the yellow gold
Lay before me in heaps untold.
Death to that island knew not the way,
But life was mine for ever and aye,
Till Love again made my heart its throne,
And I ceased to dwell on the isle alone.

Long did my footsteps delighted range
My peaceful home, but there came a change:
My heart grew sad, and I looked with pain
On all I had bartered life's ties to gain.
A chilling weight on my spirits fell,
As the low, soft wail of the ocean shell—
Or the bee's faint hum in the flowery wood,
Was all that broke on my solitude.
Oh! then I felt, in my loneliness,
That earth had no power the heart to bless,
Unwarmed by affection's holy ray;
And hope was withered, as day by day
I watched for the bark, but in vain—in vain;
She never sought that green isle again!

I stretched my arms o'er the heaving sea,
And prayed aloud, in my agony,
That Love's pure spirit might with me dwell.
Then rose the waves with a murmuring swell,
Higher and higher, till naught was seen
Where slept in beauty that islet green.
The waters passed o'er me—the spell was broke;
From the dream of the lonely isle I woke,
With a heart redeemed from its selfish stain,
To mingle in scenes of the world again
With cheerful spirit—and rather share
The pains and sorrows which mortals bear,
Than dwell where no shade on my path is thrown.
Mid fadeless flowers and bright gems alone.

THE DESERTED HOMESTEAD.

THERE is a lonely homestead
 In a green and quiet vale,
 With its tall trees sighing mournful'y
 To every passing gale;
 There are many mansions round it,
 In the sunlight gleaming fair;
 But moss-grown is that ancient roof,
 Its walls are gray and bare.
 Where once glad voices sounded
 Of children in their mirth,
 No whisper breaks the solitude
 By that deserted hearth.
 The swallow from her dwelling
 In the low eaves hath flown;
 And all night long, the whip-poor-will
 Sings by the threshold stone.
 No hand above the window
 Ties up the trailing vines;
 And through the broken casement-panes
 The moon at midnight shines.
 And many a solemn shadow
 Seems starting from the gloom;
 Like forms of long-departed ones
 Peopling that dim o'd room.
 No furrow for the harvest
 Is drawn upon the plain,
 And in the pastures green and fair
 No herds or flocks remain.
 Why is that beauteous homestead
 Thus standing bare and lone,
 While all the worshipped household gods
 In dust lie overthrown.
 And where are they whose voices
 Rang out o'er hill and dale?
 Gone—and their mournful history
 Is but an oft-told tale.
 There smiles no lovelier valley
 Beneath the summer sun,
 Yet they who dwelt together there,
 Departed one by one.
 Some to the quiet churchyard,
 And some beyond the sea;
 To meet no more, as once they met,
 Beneath that old roof-tree.
 Like forest-birds forsaking
 Their sheltering native nest,
 The young to life's wild scenes went forth,
 The aged to their rest.
 Fame and ambition lured them
 From that green vale to roam,
 But as their dazzling dreams depart,
 Regretful memories come
 Of the valley and the homestead —
 Of their childhood pure and free—
 Till each world-weary spirit pines
 That spot once more to see.
 Oh! blest are they who linger
 Mid old familiar things,
 Where every object o'er the heart
 A hallowed influence flings.
 Though won are wealth and honors —
 Though reached fame's lofty dome—
 There are no joys like those which dwell
 Within our childhood's home.

PRAYER FOR AN ABSENT HUSBAND.

FATHER in heaven!
 Behold, he whom I love is daily treading
 The path of life in heaviness of soul.
 With the thick darkness now around him spreading
 He long hath striven—
 Oh, thou most kind! break not the golden bowl.
 Father in heaven!
 Thou who so oft hast healed the broken-hearted
 And raised the weary spirit bowed with care,
 Let him not say his joy hath all departed,
 Lest he be driven
 Down to the deep abyss of dark despair.
 Father in heaven!
 Oh, grant to his most cherished hopes a blessing—
 Let peace and rest descend upon his head,
 That his torn heart, thy holy love possessing,
 May not be riven—
 Let guardian angels watch his lonely bed.
 Father in heaven!
 Oh, may his heart be stayed on thee! each feeling
 Still lifted up in gratitude and love;
 And may that faith the joys of heaven revealing
 To him be given,
 Till he shall praise thy name in realms above.

REST IN THE GRAVE.

OH, peaceful grave! how blest
 Are they who in thy quiet chambers rest,
 After the feverish strife—
 The wild, dark, turbulent career of life!.....
 There shall the throbbing brain,
 The heart with its wild hopes and longings vain,
 Find undisturbed repose—
 No more to struggle with its weight of woes.
 No passionate desires
 For some bright goal to which the soul aspires—
 Forever unattained—consumelike quenchless fires
 Oh! for a dreamless sleep,
 A slumber calm and deep,
 A long and silent midnight in the tomb,
 Where no dim visions of the past may come;
 No haunting memories—no tears,
 Nor voices which the startled spirit hears,
 Whispering mysteriously of ill in coming years.
 Peace—peace unbroken dwells,
 Oh grave! in thy lone cells.
 And yet not lone, for they
 Who've passed from earth away,
 People thy realms—the beautiful, the young,
 The kindred who around my pathway flung
 All that earth had of brightness—and the tomb
 Is robbed of all its gloom.
 There would I rest, O Grave!
 Till thy unstormy wave
 Hath overswept the whole of life's bleak shore;
 In thy deep stream of calm forgetfulness
 My soul would sink—no more
 To brave within a frail, unanchored bark,
 Life's tossing billows and its tempests dark

EMMA C. EMBURY.

(Born 1806—Died 1863).

THIS graceful and popular authoress—the Mitford of our country—to whom we are in so large a degree indebted for redeeming the “ladies’ magazines,” so called, from the reproach of frivolity and sickly sentiment, is a daughter of Dr. James R. Manley, for many years one of the most eminent physicians of New York, from whom she inherits all the peculiar pride and prejudice that make up the genuine Knickerbocker. She was married, it appears from the New York Mirror of the following Saturday, on the tenth of May, 1828, to Mr. Daniel Embury, now of Brooklyn, a gentleman of liberal fortune, who is well known for his taste and scholarly acquirements.

Mrs. Embury’s native interest in literature was manifested by an early appreciation of the works of genius, and her poetical talents were soon recognised and admired. Under the signature of “Ianthe,” she gave to the public numerous effusions, which were distinguished for vigor of language and genuine depth of feeling. A volume of these youthful but most promising compositions was selected and published, under the title of Guido and other Poems. Since her marriage, she has given to the public more prose than verse, but the former is characterized by the same romantic spirit which is the essential beauty of poetry. Many of her tales are founded upon a just observation of life, although not a few are equally remarkable for attractive

invention. In point of style, they often possess the merit of graceful and pointed diction, and the lessons they inculcate are invariably of a pure moral tendency. Constance Latimer, or The Blind Girl, is perhaps better known than any other of her single productions; and this, as well as her Pictures of Early Life, has passed through a large number of editions. In 1845 she published, in a beautiful quarto volume, with pictorial illustrations, Nature’s Gems, or American Wild Flowers, a work which contains some of the finest specimens of her writings, in both prose and verse. In 1846 she gave to the public a collection of graceful poems, under the title of Love’s Token Flowers; and, in 1848, The Waldorf Family, or Grandfather’s Legends, a little volume in which she has happily adapted the romantic and poetical legendary of Brittany to the tastes of our own country and the present age; and a work entitled Glimpses of Home Life, in which many of the beautiful fictions she had written for the magazines, having a unity and completeness of design, are reproduced, to run anew the career of popularity through which they passed on their first and separate publication. The tales and sketches by Mrs. Embury are very numerous, probably not less than one hundred and fifty; and several such delightful series, evincing throughout the same true cultivation and refinement of taste and feeling, might be made from them.

TWO PORTRAITS FROM LIFE.

I.

Oa, what a timid watch young Love was keeping
When thou wert fashioned in such gentle guise!
How was thy nature nursed with secret sighs!
What bitter tears thy mother’s heart were steeping!
Within the crystal depths of thy blue eyes
A world of troubled tenderness lies sleeping,
And on thy full and glowing lip there lies
A shadow that portends thee future weeping.
Tender and self-distrustful—doubting still
Thyself, but trusting all the world beside,
Tremblingly sensitive to coming ill,
Blending with woman’s softness manhood’s pride,
How wilt thou all life’s future conflicts bear,
And fearless suffer all that man must do and dare?

II.

Proud, self-sustained and fearless! dreading naught
Save falsehood—loving everything but sin—
How glorious is the light that from within
Illumes thy boyish face with lofty thought!
A child thou art—but thy deep eyes are fraught
With that mysterious light by genius shed,
And in thine aspect is a glory caught
From the high dreams that cluster round thy head.
I know not what thy future lot may be,
But, when men gather to a new crusade
Against earth’s falsehood, wrong, and tyranny,
Thou wilt be there with all thy strength displayed—
Thy voice clear-ringing mid the conflict’s roar,
And on thy banner, writ in stars, “Excelsior!”

THE DUKE OF REICHSTADT.

HEIR of that name
Which shook with sudden terror the far earth—
Child of strange destinies e'en from thy birth,
When kings and princes round thy cradle came,
And gave their crowns, as playthings, to thy hand—
Thine heritage the spoils of many a land!

How were the schemes
Of human foresight baffled in thy fate,
Thou victim of a parent's lofty state!
What glorious visions filled thy father's dreams,
When first he gazed upon thy infant face,
And deemed himself the Rodolph of his race!

Scarce had thine eyes
Beheld the light of day, when thou wert bound
With power's vain symbols, and thy young brow
crowned

With Rome's imperial diadem—the prize
From priestly princes by thy proud sire won,
To deck the pillow of his cradled son.

Yet where is now
The sword that flashed as with a meteor light,
And led on half the world to stirring fight,
Bidding whole seas of blood and carnage flow?
Alas! when foiled on his last battle-plain,
Its shattered fragments forged thy father's chain.

Far worse *thy* fate
Than that which doomed him to the barren rock;
Through half the universe was felt the shock,
When down he toppled from his high estate;
And the proud thought of still acknowledged power
Could cheer him e'en in that disastrous hour.

But thou, poor boy!
Hadst no such dreams to cheat the lagging hours;
Thy chains still gal'ed, though wreathed with fairest
Thou hadst no images of bygone joy, [flowers;
No visions of anticipated fame,
To bear thee through a life of sloth and shame.

And where was she,
Whose proudest title was Napoleon's wife?
She who first gave, and should have watched thy
Treb'ing a mother's tenderness for thee, [life,
Despoiled heir of empire! On her breast
Did thy young heart repose in its unrest?

No! round her heart
Children of humbler, happier lineage twined:
Thou couldst but bring dark memories to mind
Of pageants where she bore a heartless part;
She who shared not her monarch-husband's doom
Cared little for her first-born's living tomb.

Thou art at rest:
Child of Ambition's martyr! life had been
To thee no blessing, but a dreary scene
Of doubt, and dread, and suffering at the best;
For thou wert one whose path, in these dark times,
Would lead to sorrows—it may be to crimes!

Thou art at rest:
'The idle sword hath worn its sheath away;
The spirit has consumed its bonds of clay;
And they, who with vain tyranny comprest
Thy soul's high yearnings, now forget their fear,
And fling ambition's purple o'er thy bier!

SYMPATHY.

LIKE the sweet melody which faintly lingers
Upon the windharp's strings at close of day,
When gently touched by evening's dewy fingers
It breathes a low and melancholy lay:

So the calm voice of sympathy meseemeth;
And while its magic spell is round me cast,
My spirit in its cloistered silence dreameth,
And vaguely blends the future with the past.

But vain such dreams while pain my bosom thrilleth,
And mournful memories around me move;
E'en friendship's alchemy no balm distilleth,
To soothe th' immedicable wound of love.

Alas, alas! passion too soon exhaileth
The dewy freshness of the heart's young flowers;
We water them with tears, but naught availeth—
They wither on through all life's later hours.

AUTUMN EVENING.

"And Isaac went out in the field to meditate at eventide."

Go forth at morning's birth,
When the glad sun, exulting in his might,
Comes from the dusky-curtained tents of night,
Shedding his gifts of beauty o'er the earth;
When sounds of busy life are on the air,
And man awakes to labor and to care,
Then hie thee forth: go out amid thy kind,
Thy daily tasks to do, thy harvest-sheaves to bind.

Go forth at noontide hour,
Beneath the heat and burden of the day
Pursue the labors of thine onward way,
Nor murmur if thou miss life's morning flower;
Where'er the footsteps of mankind are found
Thou may'st discern some spot of hallowed ground,
Where duty blossoms even as the rose, [enclose.
Though sharp and stinging thorns the beauteous bud

Go forth at eventide,
When sounds of toil no more the soft air fill,
When e'en the hum of insect life is still,
And the bird's song on evening's breeze has died;
Go forth, as did the patriarch of old, [told,
And commune with thy heart's deep thoughts un-
Fathom thy spirit's hidden depths, and learn
The mysteries of life, the fires that inly burn.

Go forth at eventide,
The eventide of summer, when the trees
Yield their frail honors to the passing breeze,
And woodland paths with autumn tints are dyed;
When the mild sun his paling lustre shrouds
In gorgeous draperies of golden clouds,
Then wander forth, mid beauty and decay,
To meditate alone—alone to watch and pray.

Go forth at eventide,
Commune with thine own bosom, and be still—
Check the wild impulses of wayward will,
And learn the nothingness of human pride:
Morn is the time to act, noon to endure;
But, oh, if thou wouldst keep thy spirit pure,
Turn from the beaten path by worldlings trod,
Go forth at eventide, in heart to walk with God.

PEACE.

Oh, seek her not in marble halls of pride,
Where gushing fountains fling their silver tide,
Their wealth of freshness toward the summer sky;
The echoes of a palace are too loud—
They but give back the footsteps of the crowd

That throng about some idol throned on high,
Whose ermined robe and pomp of rich array
But serve to hide the false one's feet of clay.

Nor seek her form in poverty's low vale, [pale,
Where, touched by want, the bright cheek waxes
And the heart faints, with sordid cares oppress,
Where pining discontent has left its trace
Deep and abiding in each haggard face.

Not there, not there Peace builds her halcyon nest:
Wild revel scares her from wealth's towering dome,
And misery frights her from the poor man's home.

Nor dwells she in the cloister, where the sage
Ponders the mystery of some time-stained page,

Delving, with feeble hand, the classic mine;
Oh, who can tell the restless hope of fame,
The bitter yearnings for a deathless name,

That round the student's heart like serpents twine!
Ambition's fever burns within his breast,
Can Peace, sweet Peace, abide with such a guest?

Search not within the city's crowded mart,
Where the low-whispered music of the heart
Is all unheard amid the clang of gold;
Oh, never yet did Peace her chaplet twine
To lay upon base mammon's sordid shrine, [sold;

Where earth's most precious things are bought and
Thrown on that pile, the pearl of price would be
Despised, because unfit for merchantry.

Go! hie thee to God's altar—kneeling there,
List to the mingled voice of fervent prayer

That swells around thee in the sacred fane;
Or catch the solemn organ's pealing note,
When grateful praises on the still air float,
And the freed soul forgets earth's heavy chain:
There learn that Peace, sweet Peace, is ever found
In her eternal home, on holy ground.

THE EOLIAN HARP.

HARP of the winds! how vainly art thou swelling
Thy diapason on the heedless blast;
How idly, too, thy gentler chords are telling
A tale of sorrow as the breeze sweeps past:
Why dost thou waste in loneliness the strain
Which were not heard by human ears in vain?

And the Harp answered, Though the winds are bear-
My soul of sweetness on their viewless wings, [ing
Yet one faint tone may reach some soul despairing,
And rouse its energies to happier things:
Oh, not in vain my song, if it but gives
One moment's joy to anything that lives.

Oh heart of mine! canst thou not, here discerning
An emblem of thyself, some solace find? [ing.
Though earth may never quench thy life-long yearn-
Yet give thyself like music to the wind:
Thy wandering thought may teach thy love and
And waken sympathy when thou art dust. [trust.

UNREST.

HEART, weary Heart! what means thy wild unrest?
Hast thou not tasted of earth's every pleasure?
With all that mortals seek thy lot is blest;
Yet dost thou ever chant in mournful measure—
"Something beyond!"

Heart, weary Heart! canst thou not find repose
In the sweet calm of friendship's pure devotion?
Amid the peace which sympathy bestows,
Still dost thou murmur with repressed emotion,
"Something beyond!"

Heart, weary Heart! too idly hast thou poured
Thy music and thy perfume on the blast;
Now, beggared in affection's treasured hoard,
Thy cry is still—thy saddest and thy last—
"Something beyond!"

Heart, weary Heart! oh, cease thy wild unrest—
Earth can not satisfy thy bitter yearning:
Then onward, upward speed thy lonely quest,
And hope to find, where Heaven's pure stars are
burning, "Something beyond!"

THE OLD MAN'S LAMENT.

Oh, for one draught of those sweet waters now
That shed such freshness o'er my early life!
Oh that I could but bathe my fevered brow
To wash away the dust of worldly strife,
And be a simple-hearted child once more,
As if I ne'er had known this world's pernicious lore!

My heart is weary, and my spirit pants
Beneath the heat and burden of the day;
Would that I could regain those shady haunts
Where once, with Hope, I dreamed the hours
Giving my thoughts to tales of old romance, [away,
And yielding up my soul to youth's delicious trance!

Vain are such wishes: I no more may tread
With lingering step and slow the green hill-side,
Before me now life's shortening path is spread,
And I must onward, whatso'er betide:
The pleasant nooks of youth are passed for aye,
And sober scenes now meet the traveller on his way.

Alas! the dust which clogs my weary feet
Glitters with fragments of each ruined shrine,
Where once my spirit worshipped, when, with sweet
And passionless devotion, it could twine
Its strong affections round earth's earthliest things,
Yet bear away no stain upon its snowy wings.

What though some flowers have 'scaped the tem-
pest's wrath?
Daily they droop by nature's swift decay:
What though the setting sun still lights my path?
Morn's dewy freshness long has passed away.
Oh, give me back life's newly-budded flowers—
Let me once more inhale the breath of morning's
hours!

My youth, my youth! oh, give me back my youth!
Not the unfurrowed brow and blooming cheek,
But childhood's sunny thoughts, its perfect truth,
And youth's unworldly feelings—these I seek
Ah, who could e'er be sinless and yet sage? [page.
Would that I might forget Time's dark and blotting

THE AMERICAN RIVER.
A REMEMBRANCE.

It rusheth on with fearful might,
That river of the west,
Through forests dense, where seldom light
Of sunbeam gilds its breast:
Anon it dashes wildly past
The widespread prairie lone and vast,
Without a shadow on its tide,
Save the long grass that skirts its side;
Again its angry currents sweep
Beneath some tall and rocky steep,
Which frowns above the darkened stream,
Till doubly deep its waters seem.
No rugged cliff may check its way,
No gentle mead invite its stay—
Still with resistless, maddened force,
Following its wild and devious course,

The river rusheth on.

It rusheth on—the rocks are stirred,
And echoing far and wide,
Through the dim forest aisles, is heard
The thunder of its tide;
No other sound strikes on the ear,
Save when, beside its waters clear,
Crashing o'er branches dry and sear,
Comes bounding forth the antlered deer;
Or when, perchance, the woods give back
The arrow whizzing on its track,
Or deadlier rifle's vengeful crack:
No hum of busy life is near,
And still uncurbed in its career

The river rusheth on.

It rusheth on—no firebark leaves
Its dark and smoking trail
O'er the pure wave, which only heaves
The bateau light and frail;
Long, long ago the rude canoe
Across its sparkling waters flew;
Long, long ago the Indian brave
In the clear stream his brow might lave:
But seldom has the white man stood
Within that trackless solitude,
Where onward, onward dashing still,
With all the force of untamed will,

The river rusheth on.

It rusheth on—no changes mark
How many years have sped
Since to its banks, through forests dark,
Some chance the hunter led;
Though many a season has passed o'er
The giant trees that gird its shore—
Though the soft limestone mass, imprest
By naked footstep on its breast,
Now hardened into rock appears,
By work of indurating years,
Yet 'tis by grander strength alone
That Nature's age is ever known.
While crumbling turrets tell the tale
Of man's vain pomp and projects frail,
Time, in the wilderness displays
Th' ennobling power of length of days,
And in the forest's pathless bound,
Type of Eternity, is found—

The river rushing on.

THE ENGLISH RIVER.
A FANTASY.

It floweth on with pleasant sound—
A vague and dreamlike measure,
And singeth to the flowers around
A song of quiet pleasure;
No rugged cliff obstructs the way
Where the glad waters leap and play,
Or, if a tiny rock look down
In the calm stream with mimic frown,
The waves a sweeter music make,
As at its base they flash and break:
It speedeth on, like joy's bright hours,
Traced but by verdure and by flowers;
And whether sunbeams on it rest,
Or storm-clouds hover o'er its breast,
Still in that green and shady g'en,
Beside the busy haunts of men,

The river singeth on.

It floweth on, past tree and flower,
Until the stream is laving
The ruins of some ancient tower,
With ivy banners waving:
Methinks the river's pleasant chime
Now tells a tale of olden time,
When mail-clad knights were often seen
Upon its banks of living green,
And gentle dames of lineage high
Lingered to hear Love's thrilling sigh;
Haply some squire, whose humble name
Was yet unheralded by fame,
Here wove ambition's earliest dreams:
While then, as now, 'neath sunset gleams,

The river singeth on.

It floweth on—that gentle stream—
And seems to tell the story
Of old-world heroes, and their dream
Of fame and martial glory;
The war-cry on its banks has pealed,
Blent with the clang of lance and shield
Waked to new life by war's alarms,
Bo'd knights, and squires, and men-at-arms,
Have sallied forth in proud array,
With hearts impatient for the fray:
Though nature's voice is lit'e heard,
When pulses are thus madly stirred,
Yet, while in brightness it gives back
The glittering sheen that marks their track,

The river singeth on.

Yet, as above the sunniest fate
Hangs the dark cloud of sorrow,
So sadder scenes the fancy wait,
Since dreams from truth we borrow:
A well-worn path, now grass-o'ergrown;
And hid by many a fallen stone,
To yonder roofless chapel led
Where sleep the castle's honored dead;
Full often that pure stream has glassed
The funeral train, as slow it passed;
Hark! as the barefoot monks repeat
The "Requiescat," wild and sweet,

The river singeth on.

The vision fades, the phantoms flee.
And naught of all remaineth;
The river runneth fast and free,

The wind through ruins plaineth :
 The feudal lord and belted knight,
 And spurless squire and lady bright,
 Long since have shared the common lot—
 All, save their haughty name, forgot.
 The ivy wreathes the ruined shrine,
 Flaunting beneath the glad sunshine ;
 The fallen fortress, ruined wall,
 And crumbling battlement, are all
 That still are left to tell the tale
 Of those who ruled that fairy vale :
 But Nature still upholds her sway,
 And flowers and music mark the way
 The river singeth on.

◆
 BALLAD.

THE maiden sat at her busy wheel,
 Her heart was light and free,
 And ever in cheerful song broke forth
 Her bosom's harmless glee :
 Her song was in mockery of Love,
 And oft I heard her say,
 "The gathered rose and the stolen heart
 Can charm but for a day."
 I looked on the maiden's rosy cheek,
 And her lip so full and bright,
 And I sighed to think that the traitor Love
 Should conquer a heart so light :
 But she thought not of future days of wo,
 While she carolled in tones so gay—
 "The gathered rose and the stolen heart
 Can charm but for a day."
 A year passed on, and again I stood
 By the humble cottage door ;
 The maid sat at her busy wheel,
 But her look was blithe no more ;
 The big tear stood in her downcast eye,
 And with sighs I heard her say,
 "The gathered rose and the stolen heart
 Can charm but for a day."
 Oh, well I knew what had dimmed her eye,
 And made her cheek so pale :
 The maid had forgotten her early song,
 While she listened to Love's soft tale ;
 She had tasted the sweets of his poisoned cup,
 It had wasted her life away—
 And the stolen heart, like the gathered rose,
 Had charmed but for a day.

◆
 CHEERFULNESS.

A GENTLE heritage is mine,
 A life of quiet pleasure :
 My heaviest cares are but to twine
 Fresh votive garlands for the shrine
 Where 'bides my bosom's treasure ;
 I am not merry, nor yet sad,
 My thoughts are more serene than glad.
 I have outlived youth's feverish mirth,
 And all its causeless sorrow :
 My joys are now of nobler birth,

My sorrows too have holier birth
 And heavenly solace borrow ;
 So, from my green and shady nook,
 Back on my by-past life I look.

The past has memories sad and sweet,
 Memories still fondly cherished,
 Of love that blossomed at my feet,
 Whose odors still my senses greet,
 E'en though the flowers have perished :
 Visions of pleasures passed away
 That charmed me in life's earlier day.

The future, Isis-like, sits veiled,
 And none her mystery learneth ;
 Yet why should the bright cheek be paled,
 For sorrows that may be bewailed
 When time our hopes inureth ?
 Come when it will grief comes too soon—
 Why dread the night at highest noon ?

I would not pierce the mist that hides
 Life's coming joy or sorrow ;
 If sweet content with me abides
 While onward still the present glides,
 I think not of the morrow ;
 It may bring griefs—enough for me
 The quiet joy I feel and see.

◆
 THE WIDOW'S WOOER.

HE woos me with those honeyed words
 That women love to hear,
 Those gentle flatteries that fall
 So sweet on every ear :
 He tells me that my face is fair,
 Too fair for grief to shade ;
 My cheek, he says, was never meant
 In sorrow's gloom to fade.

He stands beside me when I sing
 The songs of other days,
 And whispers, in love's thrilling tones,
 The words of heartfelt praise ;
 And often in my eyes he looks,
 Some answering love to see ;
 In vain—he there can only read
 The faith of memory.

He little knows what thoughts awake
 With every gentle word ;
 How, by his looks and tones, the foun's
 Of tenderness are stirred :
 The visions of my youth return.
 Joys far too bright to last,
 And while he speaks of future bliss,
 I think but of the past.

Like lamps in eastern sepulchres.
 Amid my heart's deep gloom.
 Affection sheds its holiest light
 Upon my husband's tomb.
 And as those lamps, if brought once more
 To upper air grow dim,
 So my soul's love is cold and dead.
 Unless it glow for him.

MADAME DE STAEL.

THERE was no beauty on thy brow,
 No softness in thine eye;
 Thy cheek wore not the rose's glow,
 Thy lip the ruby's dye;
 The charms that make a woman's pride
 Had never been thine own—
 For Heaven to thee those gifts denied
 In which earth's bright ones shone.

But brighter, holier spells were thine,
 For mental wealth was given,
 Till thou wert as a sacred shrine
 Where men might worship Heaven.
 Yes, woman as thou wert, thy word
 Could make the tyrant start,
 And thy tongue's witchery has stirred
 Ambition's iron heart.

The charm of eloquence—the skill
 To wake each secret string,
 And from the bosom's chords, at will,
 Life's mournful music bring;
 The o'ermastering strength of mind, which aways
 The haughty and the free,
 Whose might earth's mightiest one obeys—
 These—these were given to thee.

Thou hadst a prophet's eye to pierce
 The depths of man's dark soul,
 For thou couldst tell of passions fierce
 O'er which its wild waves roll;
 And all too deeply hadst thou learned
 The lore of woman's heart—
 The thoughts in thine own breast that burned
 Taught thee that mournful part.

Thine never was a woman's dower
 Of tenderness and love,
 Thou, who couldst chain the eagle's power,
 Could'st never tame the dove;
 Oh, Love is not for such as thee:
 The gentle and the mild,
 The beautiful thus blest may be,
 But never Fame's proud child

When mid the halls of state, alone,
 In queenly pride of place,
 The majesty of mind thy throne,
 Thy sceptre mental grace—
 Then was thy glory felt, and thou
 Didst triumph in that hour
 When men could turn from beauty's brow
 In tribute to thy power.

And yet a woman's heart was thine—
 No dream of fame could fill
 The bosom which must vainly pine
 For sweet affection still;
 And oh, what pangs thy spirit wrung,
 E'en in thy hour of pride,
 When all could list Love's wooing tongue
 Save thee, bright Glory's bride.

Corinna! thine own hand has traced
 Thy melancholy fate,
 Though by earth's noblest triumphs graced,
 Bliss waits not on the great:

Only in lowly places sleep
 Life's flowers of sweet perfume,
 And they who climb Fame's mountain-steep
 Must mourn their own high doom.

HEART QUESTIONINGS.

WHEN Life's false oracles, no more replying
 To baffled hope, shall mock my weary quest,
 When in the grave's cold shadow calmly lying,
 This heart at last has found its earthly rest,
 How will ye think of me?
 Oh, gentle friends, how will ye think of me?
 Perhaps the wayside flowers around ye springing,
 Wasting, unmarked, their fragrance and their bloom,
 Or some fresh fountain, through the forest singing,
 Unheard, unheeded, may recall my doom:
 Will ye thus think of me?

May not the daybeam glancing o'er the ocean,
 Picture my restless heart, which, like yon wave,
 Reflected doubly, in its wild commotion,
 Each ray of light that pleasure's sunshine gave?
 Will ye thus think of me?

Will ye bring back, by Memory's art, the gladness
 That sent my fancies forth, like summer birds?
 Or will ye list that undertone of sadness,
 Whose music seldom shaped itself in words?
 Will ye thus think of me?

Remember not how dreams, around me thronging,
 Enticed me ever from life's lowly way,
 But oh! still hearken to the deep soul longing,
 Whose mournful tones pervade the poet's lay:
 Will ye thus think of me?

And then, forgetting every wayward feeling,
 Bethink ye only that I loved ye well,
 Till o'er your soul's that "late remorse" is stealing,
 Whose voiceless anguish only tears can tell.
 Will ye *thus* think of me?
 Oh, gentle friends! will ye *thus* think of me?

NEVER FORGET.

NEVER forget the hour of our first meeting,
 When, mid the sounds of revelry and song,
 Only thy soul could know that mine was greeting
 Its idol, wished for, waited for, so long.
 Never forget.

Never forget the joy of that revelation,
 Centring an age of bliss in one sweet hour,
 When Love broke forth from friendship's frail concealment,
 And stood confest to us in godlike power:
 Never forget.

Never forget my heart's intense devotion,
 Its wealth of freshness at thy feet flung free—
 Its golden hopes, whelmed in that boundless ocean,
 Which merged all wishes, all desires, save thee:
 Never forget.

Never forget the moment when we parted—
 When from life's summer-cloud the bolt was hurled
 That drove us, scathed in soul and broken hearted,
 Alone to wander through this desert world
 Never forget.

ELIZABETH M. CHANDLER.

(Born 1807—Died 1834).

ELIZABETH MARGARET CHANDLER was born near Wilmington, in Delaware, on the twenty-fourth of December, 1807. Her father, an exemplary member of the society of Friends, after leaving college had become a physician, but at this period he was a farmer, in easy circumstances, and he continued his agricultural pursuits until the death of his wife, when he removed to Philadelphia and resumed the practice of his profession. He died in 1816, leaving two sons and a daughter to the care of their maternal grandmother, in Burlington, New Jersey. Elizabeth, the youngest of his children, was placed at one of the schools of the society, in Philadelphia, where she remained until about thirteen years of age. She was remarkable, when very young, for a love of books, and for a habit of writing verses, and in her seventeenth year she began to send pieces to the journals. For a poem entitled *The Slave-Ship*, written at eighteen, she received a prize offered by the publishers of *The Casket*, a monthly magazine, and this led to her acquaintance with Mr. Benjamin Lundy, then

editor of *The Genius of Universa*. Emancipation, to which paper she became from that time a frequent contributor. She continued in Philadelphia until the summer of 1830, when, her health having failed, she accompanied her brother to a rural town in Lenawee county, Michigan, where, at a place which she named *Hazlebank*, she remained, in intimate correspondence with a few friends, and in the occasional indulgence of her taste for literary composition, until her death, on the second of November, 1834.

The Poetical Works of Miss Chandler, with a Memoir of her Life and Character, and a collection of her Essays, Philanthropic and Moral, principally relating to the Abolition of Slavery, were published in Philadelphia in 1836. These volumes are altogether creditable to her principles and her abilities. Her style and feelings were influenced by her religious and social relations, and her writings exhibit but little scope or variety; but the pieces that are here quoted, show how well she might have succeeded, with a wider experience and inspiration.

THE DEVOTED.

STERN faces were around her bent,
And eyes of vengeful ire,
And fearful were the words they spake,
Of torture, stake, and fire:
Yet calmly in the midst she stood,
With eye undimmed and clear,
And though her lip and cheek were white,
She wore no signs of fear.

"Where is thy traitor spouse?" they said;—
A half-formed smile of scorn,
That curled upon her haughty lip,
Was back for answer borne;—
"Where is thy traitor spouse?" again,
In fiercer tones, they said,
And sternly pointed to the rack,
All rusted o'er with red!

Her heart and pulse beat firm and free—
But in a crimson flood,
O'er pallid lip, and cheek, and brow,
Rushed up the burning blood;
She spake, but proudly rose her tones,
As when in hall or bower,
The haughtiest chief that round her stood
Had meekly owned their power.

"My noble lord is placed within
A safe and sure retreat"—
"Now tell us where, thou lady bright,
As thou wouldst mercy meet,
Nor deem thy life can purchase his;
He can not 'scape our wrath,
For many a warrior's watchful eye
Is placed o'er every path.

"But thou mayst win his broad estates,
To grace thine infant heir,
And life and honor to thyself,
So thou his haunts declare."
She laid her hand upon her heart;
Her eye flashed proud and clear,
And firmer grew her haughty tread—
"My lord is hidden *here!*"

"And if ye seek to view his form,
Ye first must tear away,
From round his secret dwelling-place,
These walls of living clay!"
They quailed beneath her haughty glance
They silent turned aside,
And left her all unharmed amidst
Her loveliness and pride!

THE BATTLE FIELD.

The last fading sunbeam has sunk in the ocean,
 And darkness has shrouded the forest and hill;
 The scenes that late rang with the battle's commotion
 Now sleep 'neath the moonbeams serenely and still;
 Yet light misty vapors above them still hover,
 And dimly the pale beaming crescent discover,
 Though all the stern clangor of conflict is over,
 And hushed the wild trump-note that echoed so shrill.

Around me the steed and the rider are lying,
 To wake at the bugle's loud summons no more—
 And here is the banner that o'er them was flying,
 Torn, trampled, and sullied, with earth and with gore.

With morn—where the conflict the wildest was roaring,
 Where sabres were clashing, and death-shot were pouring,
 That banner was proudest and loftiest soaring—
 Now—standard and bearer alike are no more!

All hushed! not a breathing of life from the numbers
 That, scattered around me, so heavily sleep—
 Hath the cup of red wine lent its fumes to their slumbers,
 And stained their bright garments with crimson so deep!

Ah no! these are not like gay revellers sleeping,
 The nightwinds, unfelt, o'er their bosoms are sweeping,
 Ignobly their plumes o'er the damp ground are creeping,
 And dews, all uncared for, their bright falchions steep.

Bright are they? at morning they were—ay, at morning
 Yon forms were proud warriors, with hearts beating high;

The smiles of stern valor their lips were adorning,
 And triumph flashed out from the glance of their eye!

But now: sadly altered the evening hath found them,
 They care not for conquest, disgrace can not wound them,

Distinct but in name, from the earth spread around them,
 Beside their red broadswords unconscious they lie.

How still is the scene! save when dismally whooping,
 The nightbird afar hails the gathering gloom, [ing
 Or a heavy sound tells that their comrades are scooping
 A couch, where the sleepers may rest in the tomb.
 Alas! ere yon planet again shall be lighted,
 What hearts shall be broken, what hopes will be blighted,

How many, midst sorrow's dark storm-clouds benighted,
 Shall envy, e'en while they lament, for thy doom.

Oh war! when thou'rt clothed in the garments of glory,

When Freedom has lighted thy torch at her shrine,
 And proudly thy deeds are emblazoned in story,
 We think not, we feel not, what horrors are thine.

But oh, when the victors and vanquish'd have parted,
 When lonely we stand on the war ground deserted,
 And think of the dead, and of those broken hearted,
 Thy blood-sprinkled laurel wreath ceases to shine.

A REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIER'S PRAYER.

I CARE not for the hurried march
 Through August's burning noon,
 Nor for the long cold ward at night,
 Beneath the dewy moon;
 I've calmly felt the winter's storms
 O'er my unsheltered head,
 And trod the snow with naked foot,
 Till every track was red!

My soldier's fare is poor and scant—
 'Tis what my comrades share,
 Yon heaven my only canopy—
 But that I well can bear;
 A dull and feverish weight of pain
 Is pressing on my brow,
 And I am faint with recent wounds—
 For that I care not now.

But oh, I long once more to view
 My childhood's dwelling-place,
 To clasp my mother to my heart—
 To see my father's face!
 To list each well-remembered tone,
 To gaze on every eye
 That met my ear, or thrilled my heart,
 In moments long gone by.

In vain with long and frequent draught
 Of every wave I sip—
 A quenchless and consuming thirst
 Is ever on my lip!
 The very air that fans my cheek
 No blessed coolness brings—
 A burning heat or chilling damp
 Is ever on its wings.

Oh! let me seek my home once more—
 For but a little while—
 But once above my couch to see
 My mother's gentle smile;
 It haunts me in my waking hours—
 'Tis ever in my dreams,
 With all the pleasant paths of home,
 Rocks, woods, and shaded streams.

There is a fount—I know it well—
 It springs beneath a rock,
 Oh, how its coolness and its light,
 My feverish fancies mock!
 I pine to lay me by its side,
 And bathe my lips and brow,
 'T would give new fervor to the heart
 That beats so languid now.

I may not—I must linger here—
 Perchance it may be just!
 But well I know this yearning soon
 Will scorch my heart to dust;
 One breathing of my native air
 Had called me back to life—
 But I must die—must waste away
 Beneath this inward strife!

THE BRANDYWINE

My foot has climbed the rocky summit's height,
 And in mute rapture from its lofty brow
 Mine eye is gazing round me with delight
 On all of beautiful, above, below :
 The fleecy smoke-wreath upward curling slow,
 The silvery waves half hid with bowering green,
 That far beneath in gentle murmurs flow,
 Or onward dash in foam or sparkling sheen : [scene.
 While rocks and forest-boughs hide half the distant
 In sooth, from this bright wilderness 'tis sweet
 To look through loopholes formed by forest boughs,
 And view the landscape far beneath the feet,
 Where cultivation all its aid bestows,
 And o'er the scene an added beauty throws ;
 The busy harvest group, the distant mill,
 The quiet cattle stretched in calm repose,
 The cot, half seen behind the sloping hill—
 All mingled in one scene with most enchanting skill
 The very air that breathes around my cheek—
 The summer fragrance of my native hills—
 Seems with the voice of other times to speak,
 And, while it each unquiet feeling stills,
 My pensive soul with hallowed memories fills :
 My fathers' hall is there ; their feet have pressed
 The flower-gemmed margin of these gushing rills,
 When lightly on the water's dimpled breast [rest.
 Their own light bark beside the frail canoe would
 The rock was once your dwelling-place, my sires !
 Or cavern scooped within the green hill's side ;
 The prowling wolf fled far your beacon fires,
 And the kind Indian half your wants supplied ;
 While round your necks the wampum-belt he tied,
 He bade you on his lands in peace abide,
 Nor dread the waking of the midnight brand,
 Or aught of broken faith to loose the peace-belt's band.
 Oh ! if there is in beautiful and fair
 A potency to charm, a power to bless ;
 If bright blue skies and music-breathing air,
 And nature in her every varied dress
 Of peaceful beauty and wild loveliness,
 Can shed across the heart one sunshine ray,
 Then others, too, sweet stream, with only less
 Than mine own joy, shall gaze, and bear away [day
 Some cherished thought of thee for many a coming
 But yet not utterly obscure thy banks,
 Nor all unknown to history's page thy name ;
 For there wild war hath poured his batt'le ranks,
 And stamped in characters of blood and flame,
 Thine annals in the chronicles of fame.
 The wave that ripples on, so calm and still,
 Hath trembled at the war-cry's loud acclaim,
 The cannon's voice hath rolled from hill to hill,
 And midst thy echoing vales the trump hath sounded
 shrill.
 My country's standard waved on yonder height,
 Her red cross banner England there displayed,
 And there the German, who, for foreign fight,
 Had left his own domestic hearth, and made
 War, with its horrors and its blood, a trade,
 Amidst the battle stood ; and all the day,
 The bursting bomb, the furious cannonade,
 The bugle's martial notes, the musket's p'ay,
 In mingled uproar wild, resounded far away.

Thick clouds of smoke obscured the clear bright
 And hung above them like a funeral pall, [sky,
 Shrouding both friend and foe, so soon to lie
 Like brethren slumbering in one father's hall :
 The work of death went on, and when the fall
 Of night came onward silently, and shed
 A dreary hush, where late was uproar all,
 How many a brother's heart in anguish bled [dead.
 O'er cherished ones, who there lay resting with the
 Unshrouded and uncoffined they were laid
 Within the soldier's grave—e'en where they fell :
 At noon they proudly trod the field—the spade
 At night dug out their resting-place ; and well
 And calmly did they slumber, though no bell
 Pealed over them its solemn music slow :
 The night winds sung their only dirge—their knell
 Was but the owl's boding cry of wo, [ters' flow.
 The flap of nighthawk's wing, and murmuring wa-
 But it is over now—the plough hath rased
 All trace of where War's wasting hand hath been :
 No vestige of the battle may be traced,
 Save where the share, in passing o'er the scene,
 Turns up some rusted ball ; the maize is green
 On what was once the death-bed of the brave ;
 The waters have resumed their wonted sheen,
 The wild bird sings in cadence with the wave,
 And naught remains to show the sleeping soldier's
 grave.

A pebble-stone that on the war-field lay,
 And a wild rose that blossomed brightly there,
 Were all the relics that I bore away,
 To tell that I had trod the scene of war,
 When I had turned my footsteps homeward far
 These may seem childish things to some ; to me
 They shall be treasured ones—and, like the star
 That guides the sailor o'er the pathless sea,
 They shall lead back my thoughts, loved Brandy-
 wine, to thee !

SUMMER MORNING.

'Tis beautiful, when first the dewy light
 Breaks on the earth ! while yet the scented air
 Is breathing the cool freshness of the night,
 And the bright clouds a tint of crimson wear....
 When every leafy chalice ho'ds a draught
 Of nightly dew, for the hot sun to drink, [laughed
 When streams gush sportively, as though they
 For very joyousness, and seemed to shrink
 In playful terror from the rocky brink
 Of some slight precipice—then with quick leap
 Bound lightly o'er the barrier, and sink
 In their own whirling eddy, and then sweep
 With rippling music on, or in their channels sleep !
 While lights and shades play on them with each
 breath
 That moves the calm, still waters ; when the fly
 Skims o'er the surface, and all things beneath
 Glean brightly through the flood, and fish glance
 With a quick flash of beauty, when the sky [by
 Wears a deep azure brightness, and the song
 Of matin gladness lifts its voice on high,
 And mingled harmony and perfume throng
 On every whispering breeze that lightly floats along

THE DAVIDSONS.

THE lives of LUCRETIA MARIA and MARGARET MILLER DAVIDSON, which it is impossible to contemplate without emotions of admiration and sadness, have been illustrated at home by Professor Morse, by Washington Irving, and by Miss Sedgwick, and abroad by Mr. Southey and several other authors of well-deserved eminence in the literary world. An attempt to invest them with any new interest would therefore be in vain. It is doubtful whether the annals of literary composition can show anything, produced at the same age, finer than some of their poems; and the beauty of their characters, which appear to have had in them something of angelic holiness, fitted them as well to shine in heaven, as their genius to win the applauses of the world.

Those who are familiar with our literary history may remember that a remarkable precocity of intellect has been frequently exhibited in this country. The cases of Lucretia and Margaret Davidson are perhaps more interesting than any which have received the general attention; but they are not the most wonderful that have been known here. A few years ago I was shown, by one of the house of Harper and Brothers, the publishers, some verses by a girl but eight years of age—the daughter of a gentleman in Connecticut—that seemed not inferior to any composed by the Davidsons; and other prodigies of the same kind are at this time exciting the hopes of more than one family. Greatness is not often developed in childhood, and where a strange precocity is observable, it is generally but an early and complete maturity of the mind. We can not always decide, to even our own satisfaction, whether it is so, but as the writings of these children, when they were from nine to fifteen years of age, exhibited no advancement, it is reasonable to suppose that, like the wonderful boy Zerah Colburn, of Vermont, whose arithmetical calculations many years ago astonished the world, they would have possessed in their physical maturity no high or peculiar intellectual qualities.

The father of Lucretia and Margaret Davidson was a physician. Their mother's maiden name was Margaret Miller. She was a woman of an ardent temperament and an affectionate disposition, and had been carefully educated. Lucretia was born in the village of Plattsburg, in New York, on the twenty-seventh of September, 1808. In her infancy she was exceedingly fragile, but she grew stronger when about eighteen months old, and though less vigorous than most children of her age, suffered little for several years from sickness. She learned the alphabet in her third year, and at four was sent to a public school, where she was taught to read and to form letters in sand, after the Lancasterian system. As soon as she could read, her time was devoted to the little books that were given to her, and to composition. Her mother, at one time, wishing to write a letter, found that a quire or more of paper had disappeared from the place where writing implements were kept, and when she made inquiries in regard to it, the child came forward and acknowledged that she had "used it." As Mrs. Davidson knew she had not been taught to write, she was surprised, and inquired in what manner it had been destroyed. Lucretia burst into tears, and replied that she did not like to tell. The question was not urged. The paper continued to disappear, and she was frequently observed with little blank books, and pens, and ink, sedulously shunning observation. At length, when she was about six years old, her mother found hidden in a closet, rarely opened, a parcel of papers which proved to be her manuscript books. On one side of each leaf was an artfully sketched picture, and on the other, in rudely formed letters, were poetical explanations.

From this time she acquired knowledge very rapidly, studying intensely at school, and reading in every leisure moment at home. When about twelve years of age she accompanied her father to a celebration of the birth-night of Washington. She had studied the history of the father of his country.

and the scene awakened her enthusiasm. The next day an older sister found her absorbed in writing. She had drawn an urn, and written two stanzas beneath it. They were shown to her mother, who expressed her delight with such animation that the child immediately added the concluding verses, and returned with the poem as it is printed in her Remains:

And does a hero's dust lie here ?
Columbia ! gaze and drop a tear !
His country's and the orphan's friend,
See thousands o'er his ashes bend !

Among the heroes of the age,
He was the warrior and the sage :
He left a train of glory bright,
Which never will be hid in night.

The toils of war and danger past,
He reaps a rich reward at last ;
His pure soul mounts on cherub's wings,
And now with saints and angels sings.

The brightest on the list of fame,
In golden letters shines his name ;
Her trump shall sound it through the world,
And the striped banner ne'er be furled !

And every sex, and every age,
From lisping boy to learned sage,
The widow, and her orphan son,
Revere the name of Washington.

She continued to write with much industry from this period. In the summer of 1823, her health being very feeble, she was withdrawn from school, and sent on a visit to some friends in Canada. In Montreal she was delighted with the public buildings, martial parades, pictures, and other novel sights, and she returned to Plattsburg with renovated health. Her sister Margaret was born on the twenty-sixth of March, 1823, and a few days afterward, while holding the infant in her lap, she wrote the following lines :

Sweet babe ! I can not hope that thou 'lt be freed
From woes, to all since earliest time decreed ;
But may'st thou be with resignation blessed,
To bear each evil howsoe'er distressed.

May Hope her anchor lend amid the storm,
And o'er the tempest rear her angel form ;
May sweet Benevolence, whose words are peace,
To the rude whirlwind softly whisper—cease !

And may Religion, Heaven's own darling child,
Teach thee at human cares and griefs to smile—
Teach thee to look beyond that world of wo,
To Heaven's high fount whence mercies ever flow.

And when this vale of years is safely passed,
When Death's dark curtain shuts the scene at last,
May thy freed spirit leave this earthly sod,
And fly to seek the bosom of thy God.

In the summer of 1824 she finished her longest poem, Amir Khan, and in the autumn of the same year was sent to the seminary of Mrs. Willard, at Troy, where she remained during the winter. In May, 1825, after spending several weeks at home, she was transferred to a boarding-school at Albany, and here her health, which had before been slightly affected, rapidly declined. In company with her mother, and Mr. Moss Kent, a gentleman of fortune, who had undertaken to defray the costs of her education, she returned to Plattsburg in July, and died there on the twenty-seventh of August, one month before her seventeenth birthday. She retained, until her death, the purity and simplicity of childhood, and died in the confident hope of immortal happiness.

Soon after her death, her poems and prose writings were published, with a memoir by Mr. S. F. B. Morse, of New York, and an elaborate biography of her life and character has since been written by Miss C. M. Sedgwick, the author of Hope Leslie, etc. The following verses are among the most perfect she produced. They were addressed to her sister, Mrs. Townsend, in her fifteenth year :

When evening spreads her shades around,
And darkness fills the arch of heaven ;
When not a murmur, not a sound,
To Fancy's sportive ear is given ;

When the broad orb of heaven is bright,
And looks around with golden eye ;
When Nature, softened by her light,
Seems calmly, solemnly to lie ;

Then, when our thoughts are raised above
This world, and all this world can give :
Oh, sister, sing the song I love,
And tears of gratitude receive.

The song which thrills my bosom's core,
And hovering, trembles, half afraid,
Oh, sister, sing the song once more
Which ne'er for mortal ear was made.

'T were almost sacrilege to sing
Those notes amid the glare of day—
Notes borne by angels' purest wing,
And wafted by their breath away.

When sleeping in my grass-grown bed,
Shouldst thou still linger here above,
Wilt thou not kneel beside my head,
And, sister, sing the song I love ?

At the same age she wrote these lines To a Star :

Thou brightly glittering star of even,
Thou gem upon the brow of heaven,
Oh ! were this fluttering spirit free,
How quick 't would spread its wings to thee.

How calmly, brightly, dost thou shine,
Like the pure lamp in Virtue's shrine :
Sure the fair world which thou may'st boast
Was never ransomed, never lost.

There, beings pure as heaven's own air,
Their hopes, their joys, together share ;
While hovering angels touch the string,
And seraphs spread the sheltering wing.

There, cloudless days and brilliant nights,
Illumed by Heaven's refulgent lights—
There seasons, years, unnoticed roll,
And unregretted by the soul.

Thou little sparkling star of even,
Thou gem upon an azure heaven,
How swiftly will I soar to thee,
When this imprisoned soul is free.

In her sixteenth year she wrote Three
Prophecies, of which the following is one :

Let me gaze awhile on that marble brow,
On that full, dark eye, on that cheek's warm glow ;
Let me gaze for a moment, that, ere I die,
I may read thee, maiden, a prophecy.
That brow may beam in glory awhile ;
That cheek may bloom, and that lip may smile ;
That full, dark eye may brightly beam
In life's gay morn, in hope's young dream ;
But clouds shall darken that brow of snow,
And sorrow bright thy bosom's glow.
I know by that spirit so haughty and high,
I know by that brightly flashing eye,
That, maiden, there 's that within thy breast
Which hath marked thee out for a soul unblest :
The strife of love with pride shall wring
Thy youthful bosom's tenderest string ;
And the cup of sorrow, mingled for thee,
Shall be drained to the dregs in agony.
Yes, maiden, yes, I read in thine eye
A dark and a doubtful prophecy :
Thou shalt love, and that love shall be thy curse ;
Thou wilt need no heavier, thou shalt feel no worse.
I see the cloud and the tempest near ;
The voice of the troubled tide I hear ;
The torrent of sorrow, the sea of grief,
The rushing waves of a wretched life :
Thy bosom's bark on the surge I see,
And, maiden, thy loved one is there with thee.
Not a star in the heavens, not a light on the wave :
Maiden, I've gazed on thine early grave.
When I am cold, and the hand of Death
Hath crowned my brow with an icy wreath ;
When the dew hangs damp on this motionless lip ;
When this eye is closed in its long, last sleep :
Then, maiden, pause, when thy heart beats high,
And think on my last sad prophecy.

In a more sportive vein is the piece entitled
Auction Extraordinary, written about the
same period :

I dreamed a dream in the midst of my slumbers,
And as fast as I dreamed it, it came into numbers ;
My thoughts ran along in such beautiful metre,
I'm sure I ne'er saw any poetry sweeter :

It seemed that a law had been recently made,
That a tax on old bachelors' pates should be laid
And in order to make them all willing to marry,
The tax was as large as a man could well carry
The bachelors grumbled, and said 't was no use—
'T was horrid injustice, and horrid abuse,
And declared that to save their own hearts' blood
from spilling,

Of such a vile tax they would not pay a shilling
But the rulers determined them still to pursue,
So they set all the old bachelors up at vendue :
A crier was sent through the town to and fro,
To rattle his bell, and his trumpet to blow,
And to call out to all he might meet in his way,
" Ho ! forty o'd bachelors sold here to-day :"
And presently all the old maids in the town,
Each in her very best bonnet and gown,
From thirty to sixty, fair, plain, red, and pale,
Of every description, all flocked to the sale.
The auctioneer then in his labor began,
And called out aloud, as he held up a man,
" How much for a bachelor ? who wants to buy ?"
In a twink, every maiden responded, " I,—I."
In short, at a highly extravagant price,
The bachelors all were sold off in a trice :
And forty old maidens, some younger, some older,
Each lugged an o'd bachelor home on her shoulder.

A few months before her death she wrote
this address to her mother :

Oh thou whose care sustained my infant years,
And taught my prattling lip each note of love ;
Whose soothing voice breathed comfort to my fears,
And round my brow hope's brightest garland wove :

To thee my lay is due, the simplest song,
Which Nature gave me at life's opening day ;
To thee these rude, these untaught strains belong,
Whose heart indulgent will not spurn my lay.

Oh say, amid this wilderness of life, [me ?
What bosom would have throbb'd like thine for
Who would have smiled responsive ?—who in grief
Would e'er have felt, and, feeling, grieved like thee ?

Who would have guarded, with a falcon eye,
Each trembling footstep or each sport of fear ?
Who would have marked my bosom bounding high,
And clasped me to her heart, with love's bright tear ?

Who would have hung around my sleepless couch,
And fanned, with anxious hand, my burning brow ?
Who would have fondly pressed my fevered lip,
In all the agony of love and wo ?

None but a mother—none but one like thee,
Whose bloom has faded in the midnight watch ;
Whose eye, for me, has lost its witchery ;
Whose form has felt disease's mildew touch.

Yes, thou hast lighted me to health and life,
By the bright lustre of thy youthful bloom—
Yes, thou hast wept so oft o'er every grief,
That wo hath traced thy brow with marks of gloom.

Oh, then, to thee this rude and simple song,
Which breathes of thankfulness and love for thee,
To thee, my mother, shall this lay belong,
Whose life is spent in toil and care for me.

She died with her "singing robes" about her, having composed, while confined to her bed in her last illness, these verses, expressive of her fear of madness :

There is a something which I dread,
It is a dark, a fearful thing ;
It steals along with withering tread,
Or sweeps on wild destruction's wing.

That thought comes o'er me in the hour
Of grief, of sickness, or of sadness :
'T is not the dread of death—'tis more,
It is the dread of madness.

Oh ! may these throbbing pulses pause,
Forgetful of their feverish course ;
May this hot brain, which burning, glows
With all a fiery whirlpool's force

Be cold, and motionless, and still—
A tenant of its lowly bed ;
But let not dark delirium steal.....

The poem is unfinished, and it is the last she wrote.

MARGARET DAVIDSON, at the time of the death of Lucretia, was not quite two years old. The event made a deep and lasting impression on her mind. She loved, when but three years old, to sit on a cushion at her mother's feet, listening to anecdotes of her sister's life, and details of the events which preceded her death, and would often exclaim, while her face beamed with mingled emotions, "Oh, I will try to fill her place—teach me to be like her !" She needed little teaching. In intelligence, delicacy, and susceptibility, she surpassed Lucretia. When in her sixth year, she could read with fluency, and would sit by the bedside of her sick mother, reading, with enthusiastic delight and appropriate emphasis, the poetry of Milton, Cowper, Thomson, and other great authors, and marking, with discrimination, the passages with which she was most pleased. Between the sixth and seventh years of her age, she entered on a general course of education, studying grammar, geography, history, and rhetoric ; but her constitution had already begun to show symptoms of decay, which rendered it expedient to check her application. In her seventh summer she was taken to the springs of Saratoga, the waters of which seemed to have a beneficial effect, and she afterward accompanied her parents to New York, with which city she was highly delighted. On her return to Plattsburg, her strength was much increased, and she resumed her studies with great assiduity. In the autumn

of 1830, however, her health began to fail again, and it was thought proper for her and her mother to join Mrs. Townsend, an elder sister, in an inland town of Canada. She remained here until 1833, when she had a severe attack of scarlet fever, and on her slow recovery it was determined to go again to New York. Her residence in the city was protracted until the summer heat became oppressive, and she expressed her yearnings for the banks of the Saranac, in the following lines, which are probably equal to any ever written by so young an author :

I would fly from the city, would fly from its care,
To my own native plants and my flowerets so fair,
To the cool grassy shade and the rivulet bright,
Which reflects the pale moon in its bosom of light ;
Again would I view the old cottage so dear,
Where I sported, a babe, without sorrow or fear :
I would leave this great city, so brilliant and gay,
For a peep at my home on this fair summer-day.
I have friends whom I love, and would leave with
regret,

But the love of my home, oh, 'tis tenderer yet ;
There a sister reposes unconscious in death,
'T was there she first drew, and there yielded her
A father I love is away from me now— [breath.
Oh, could I but print a sweet kiss on his brow,
Or smooth the gray locks to my fond heart so dear,
How quickly would vanish each trace of a tear :
Attentive I listen to Pleasure's gay call,
But my own happy home, it is dearer than all.

The family soon after became temporary residents of the village of Ballston, near Saratoga, and, in the autumn of 1835, of Ruremont, on the sound, or East river, about four miles from New York. Here they remained, except at short intervals, until the summer of 1837, when they returned to Ballston. In the last two years, Margaret had suffered much from illness herself, and had lost by death her sister Mrs. Townsend and two brothers ; and now her mother became alarmingly ill. As the season advanced, however, health seemed to revisit all the surviving members of the family, and Margaret was as happy as at any period of her life. Early in 1838, Dr. Davidson took a house in Saratoga, to which he removed on the first of May. Here she had an attack of bleeding at the lungs, but recovered, and when her brothers visited home from New York, she returned with them to the city, and remained there several weeks. She reached Saratoga again in July ; the bloom had for the last time left her cheeks ; and she decayed gradually ; until the twenty-fifth of November

when her spirit returned to God. She was then *but fifteen years and eight months old*.

She was aware of her approaching change, and in the preceding September she wrote a short poem, characterized by much beauty of thought and tenderness of feeling, to her brother, a young officer in the army, stationed at a frontier post in the west, in which an allusion to the fading verdure, and falling leaf, and gathering melancholy, and lifeless quiet of the season, as typical of her own blighted youth and approaching dissolution, is pointed out by Mr. Irving as having in it something peculiarly solemn and affecting. "But when," she says:

"But when, in the shade of the autumn wood,
Thy wandering footsteps stray;
When yellow leaves and perishing buds
Are scattered in thy way;
When all around thee breathes of rest,
And sadness and decay—
With the drooping flower, and the fallen tree,
Oh, brother, blend thy thoughts of me!"

Her later poems do not seem to me superior to some written in her eleventh year, and the prose compositions included in the volume of her Remains, edited by Mr. Irving, are not better than those of many girls of her age. One of her latest and most perfect pieces is the dedication of a poem entitled Leonore to the spirit of her sister Lucretia:

Oh, thou, so early lost, so long deplored!
Pure spirit of my sister, be thou near!
And while I touch this hallowed harp of thine,
Bend from the skies, sweet sister, bend and hear.

For thee I pour this unaffected lay;
To thee these simple numbers all belong:
For though thine earthly form has passed away,
Thy memory still inspires my childish song.

Take, then, this feeble tribute—'tis thine own—
Thy fingers sweep my trembling heart-strings o'er,
Arouse to harmony each buried tone,
And bid its wakened music sleep no more!

Long has thy voice been silent, and thy lyre
Hung o'er thy grave, in death's unbroken rest;
But when its last sweet tones were borne away,
One answering echo lingered in my breast.

Oh, thou pure spirit! if thou hoverest near,
Accept these lines, unworthy though they be,
Faint echoes from thy fount of song divine,
By thee inspired, and dedicate to thee!

Leonore is the longest of her poems, and it was commenced after much reflection, and written with care and a resolution to do something that should serve as the measure of her genius, and carry her name into the

future. It is a story of romantic love, happily conceived, and illustrated with some fine touches of sentiment and fancy. It is a creditable production, and would entitle a much older author to consideration; but its best passages scarcely equal some of her earlier and less elaborate performances.

The following lines addressed to her mother, a few days before her death, are the last she ever wrote:

Oh, mother, would the power were mine
To wake the strain thou lovest to hear,
And breathe each trembling new-born thought
Within thy fondly listening ear,
As when, in days of health and glee,
My hopes and fancies wandered free.

But, mother, now a shade hath passed
Athwart my brightest visions here;
A cloud of darkest gloom hath wrapped
The remnant of my brief career:
No song, no echo can I win,
The sparkling fount hath dried within.

The torch of earthly hope burns dim,
And fancy spreads her wings no more,
And oh, how vain and trivial seem
The pleasures that I prized before;
My soul, with trembling steps and slow,
Is struggling on through doubt and strife;
Oh, may it prove, as time rolls on,
The pathway to eternal life!
Then, when my cares and fears are o'er,
I'll sing thee as in "days of yore."

I said that Hope had passed from earth—
'T was but to fold her wings in heaven,
To whisper of the soul's new birth,
Of sinners saved and sins forgiven:
When mine are washed in tears away,
Then shall my spirit swell the lay.

When God shall guide my soul above,
By the soft chords of heavenly love—
When the vain cares of earth depart,
And tuneful voices swell my heart,
Then shall each word, each note I raise,
Burst forth in pealing hymns of praise:
And all not offered at his shrine,
Dear mother, I will place on thine.

In 1843, a volume entitled *Selections from the Writings of Mrs. Margaret M. Davidson*, the mother of Lucretia Maria and Margaret Miller Davidson, was published, with a preface by Miss Sedgwick. There is nothing in the book to arrest attention. Mrs. Davidson has some command of language and a knowledge of versification, and the chief production of her industry in this line is a paraphrase of six books of Fingal. Her writings are interesting only as indexes to the early culture of her daughters.

MARY E. STEBBINS.

THE maiden name of Mrs. STEBBINS was MARY ELIZABETH MOORE, and she is a native of Malden, a country town about five miles from Boston, in which city she resided until her removal to New York, in 1829, about two years after her marriage with Mr. James L. Hewitt.

Mrs. Stebbins' earlier poems appeared in *The Knickerbocker Magazine* and other periodicals, under the signature of "Ione," and in 1845 she published in Boston a volume entitled *Songs of our Land* and other Poems, which confirmed the high opinions

which had been formed of her abilities from the fugitive pieces that had been popularly attributed to her. Her compositions in this collection show that she has a fine and well-cultivated understanding, informed with womanly feeling and a graceful fancy, and they are distinguished in an unusual degree for lyrical power and harmony as well as for sweetness of versification.

Among the more recent productions of Mrs. Stebbins are some pure translations, which illustrate her taste and learning and fine command of language.

THE SONGS OF OUR LAND.

YE say we sing no household songs,
To children round our hearths at play;

No minstrelsy to us belongs,
No legend of a bygone day—
No old tradition of the hills—

Our giant land no memory fills:
We have no proud heroic lay.

Ye ask the time-worn storied page—
Ye ask the lore of other age,

From us, a race of yesterday!

Of yore, in Britain's feudal halls,

Where many a storied trophy hung
With shield and banner on the walls,
The Bard's high harp was sternly strung
In praise of war—its fierce delights—
To "heroes of a hundred fights."

The lofty sounding shell outrung!
Gone is the ancient Bardic race:

Their song hath found perpetual place
Their country's proud archives among.

The stirring Scottish border tale

Pealed from the chords in chieftain's hall,
The wild traditions of the Gael

The wandering harper's lays recall.
Bold themes, Germania, fire thy strings;
And when the Marseillaise outrings,

With patriot ardor thrills the Gaul:
All have their legend and their song,
Records of glory, feud, and wrong—

Of conquest wrought, and foeman's fall.

Fond thought the Switzer's bosom fills

When sounds the "Rans des Vaches" on high:
A race as ancient as their hills

Still echoes that wild mountain cry.

He springs along the rocky height,
He marks the lammergeyer's flight,

The startled chamois bounding by;
He snuffs the mountain breeze of morn;
He winds again the mountain horn,
And loud the wakened Alps reply!

Our fathers bore from Albion's isle

No stories of her sounding lyres:
They left the old baronial pile—

They left the harp of ringing wires.

Ours are the legends still rehearsed,
Ours are the songs that gladsome burst

By all your cot and palace fires:
Each tree that in your soft wind stirs,
Waves o'er our ancient sepulchres,

The sleeping ashes of our sires!

They left the gladsome Christmas chime,
The yule fire, and the misletoe;

They left the vain, ungodly rhyme,

For hymns the solemn paced and slow;

They left the mass, the stoléd priest,

The scarlet woman and the beast,

For worship rude and altars low:

Their land, with its dear memories fraught,

They left for liberty of thought—

For stranger clime and savage foe.

And forth they went—nerved to forsake

Home, and the chain they might not wear

And woman's heart was strong to break

The links of love that bound her there:

Here, free to worship and believe,

From many a log-built hut at eve

Went up the suppliant voice of prayer.

Is it not writ on history's page,

That the strong hand grasped our heritage!

Of the lion claimed his forest lair!

Our people raised no loud war songs,

The shouted no fierce battle cry—

A burning memory of their wrongs

Lit up their path to victory.

With prayer to God to aid the right,
 The yeoman girded him for fight,
 To free the land he tilled, or die.
 They bore no proud escutcheoned shield,
 No blazoned banners to the field—
 Naught but their watchword "Liberty!"

Their sons—when after-years shall fling
 O'er these, romance—when time hath cast
 The mighty shadow of his wing
 Between them and the storied past—
 Will tell of foul oppression's heel,
 Of hands that bore the avenging steel,
 And battled sternly to the last—
 By their hearth-fires—on the free hill-side :
 So shall our songs, o'er every tide,
 Swell forth triumphant on the blast !

E'en now the word that roused our land
 Is calling o'er the wave, "Awake !"
 And pealing on from strand to strand,
 Wherever ocean's surges break :
 Up to the quickened ear of toil
 It rises from the teeming soil,
 And bids the slave his bonds forsake.
 Hark ! from the mountains to the sea,
 The old world echoes "Liberty !"
 Till thrones to their foundations shake.

And ye who idly set at naught
 The sacred boon in suffering won,
 Read o'er our page with glory fraught,
 Nor scoff that we no more have done :
 Read how the nation of the free
 Hath carved her deeds in history,
 Nor count them bootless every one—
 Deeds of our mighty men of old,
 Whose names stand evermore enrolled
 Beneath the name of Washington !

Oh, mine own fair and glorious land !
 Did I not hold such faith in thee,
 As did the honored patriot band
 That bled to make thee great and free—
 Did I not look to hear thee sung,
 To hear thy lyre yet proudly strung,
 Thou ne'er had waked my minstrelsy :
 And I shall hear thy song resound,
 Till from his shackles man shall bound,
 And shout, exultant, "Liberty !"

THE TWO VOICES.

A voice went forth throughout the land,
 And an answering voice replied
 From the rock-piled mountain fastnesses
 To the surging ocean tide.

And far the blazing headlands gleamed
 With their land-awakening fires ;
 And the hill-tops kindled, peak and height,
 With a hundred answering pyres.

The quick youth snatched his father's sword,
 And the yeoman rose in might ;
 And the aged grandsire nerved him there
 For the stormy field of fight :

And the hillmen left their grass-grown steeps,
 And their flocks and herds unkept ;

And the ploughshare of the husbandman
 In the half-turned furrow slept.

They wore no steel-wrought panoply,
 Nor shield nor morion gleamed ;
 Nor the flaunt of bannered blazonry
 In the morning sunlight streamed.

They bore no marshalled, firm array—
 Like a torrent on they poured,
 With the fire-lock, and the mower's scythe,
 And the old forefathers' sword.

And again a voice went sounding on,
 And the bonfires streamed on high ;
 And the hill-tops rang to the headlands back,
 With the shout of victory !

So the land redeemed her heritage,
 By the free hand mailed in right,
 From the war-shod, hireling foeman's tread,
 And the ruthless grasp of might.

THE AXE OF THE SETTLER.

THOU conqueror of the wilderness,
 With keen and bloodless edge—
 Hail ! to the sturdy artisan
 Who wedded thee, bold wedge !
 Though the warrior deem the weapon
 Fashioned only for the slave,
 Yet the settler knows thee mightier
 Than the tried Damascus glaive.

While desolation marketh
 The course of foeman's brand,
 Thy strong blow scatters plenty
 And gladness through the land :
 Thou opest the soil to culture,
 To the sunlight and the dew ;
 And the village spire thou plantest
 Where of old the forest grew.

When the broad sea rolled between them
 And their own far native land,
 Thou wert the faithful ally
 Of the hardy pilgrim band.
 They bore no warlike eagles,
 No banners swept the sky ;
 Nor the clarion, like a tempest,
 Swelled its fearful notes on high.

But the ringing wild reëchoed
 Thy bold, resistless stroke,
 Where, like incense, on the morning
 Went up the cabin smoke :
 The tall oaks bowed before thee,
 Like reeds before the blast ;
 And the earth put forth in gladness
 Where the axe in triumph passed.

Then hail ! thou noble conqueror,
 That, when tyranny oppressed,
 Hewed for our fathers from the wild
 A land wherein to rest :
 Hail, to the power that giveth
 The bounty of the soil,
 And freedom, and an honored name,
 To the hardy sons of toil !

A THOUGHT OF THE PILGRIMS.

How beauteous in the morning light,
 Bright glittering in her pride,
 Trimountain,* from her ancient height,
 Looks down upon the tide :
 The fond wind woos her from the sea,
 And ocean clasps her lovingly,
 As bridegroom clasps his bride.

And out across the waters dark,
 Careering on their way,
 Full many a galant, home-bound bark
 Comes dashing up the bay :
 Their pennons float on morning's gale,
 The sun-light gilds each swelling sail,
 And flashes on the spray.

Not thus toward fair New Eng'and's coast
 With eager-hearted crew,
 The pilgrim-freighted, tempest-tost,
 And lonely May Flower drew :
 There was no hand outstretched to bless,
 No welcome from the wilderness,
 To cheer her hardy few.

But onward drove the winter clouds
 Athwart the darkening sky,
 And hoarsely through the stiffened shrouds
 The wind swept stormily ;
 While shrill from out the beetling rock,
 That seemed the billows' force to mock,
 Broke forth the sea-gull's cry.

God's blessing on their memories !
 Those sturdy men and bo'd,
 Who girt their hearts in righteousness,
 Like martyr saints of old ;
 And mid oppression sternly sought,
 To hold the sacred boon of Thought
 In freedom uncontrolled.

They left the old, ancestral hall
 The creed they might not own ;
 They left home, kindred, fortune, all—
 Left glory and renown :

For what to them was pride of birth,
 Or what to them the pomp of earth,
 Who sought a heavenly crown ?

Strong armed in faith they crossed the flood :
 Here, mid the forest fair,
 With axe and mattock, from the wood
 They laid broad pastures bare ;
 And with the ploughshare turned the plain,
 And planted fields of yellow grain
 And built their dwellings there.

The pilgrim sires !—How from the night
 Of centuries dim and vast,
 It comes o'er every hill and height—
 That watchword from the past !
 And old men's pulses quicker bound,
 And young hearts leap to hear the sound,
 As at the trumpet's blast.

* Boston—built upon three hills—was originally named, by the early settlers, "Trimountain."

And though the Pilgrim's day hath set,
 Its glorious light remains—
 Its beam refulgent lingers yet
 O'er all New England's plains.
 Dear land ! though doomed from thee to part,
 The blood that warmed the Pilgrim's heart
 Swells proudly in my veins !

Go to the islands of the sea,
 Wherever man may dare—
 Wherever pagan bows the knee,
 Or Christian bends in prayer—
 To every shore that bounds the main,
 Wherever keel on strand hath lain—
 New England's sons are there.

Toil they for wealth on distant coast,
 Roam they from sea to sea :
 Self-exiled, still her children boast
 Their birthplace 'mong the free ;
 Or seek they fame on glory's track,
 Their hearts, like mine, turn ever back,
 New England, unto thee !

THE CITY BY THE SEA.

CROWNED with the hoar of centuries,
 There, by the eternal sea,
 High on her misty cape she sits,
 Like an eagle—fearless, free.

And thus in olden time she sat,
 On that morn of long ago ;
 Mid the roar of Freedom's armament,
 And the war-bolts of her foe.

Old Time hath reared her pillared walls,
 Her domes and turrets high :
 With her hundred tall and tapering spires,
 All flashing to the sky.

Shall I not sing of thee, beloved ?
 My beautiful, my pride !
 Thou that torest in thy queenly grace,
 By the tributary tide.

There, swan-like crestest thou the waves
 That, enamored, round thee swell—
 Fairer than Aphrodite, couched
 On her foam-wreathed ocean shell.

Oh, ever, mid this restless hum
 Resounding from the street,
 Of the thronging, hurrying multitude,
 And the tread of stranger feet—

My heart turns back to thee—mine own !
 My beautiful, my pride !
 With thought of thy free ocean wind,
 And the clasping, fond old tide—

With all thy kindred household smoke,
 Upwreathing far away ;
 And the merry bells that pealed as now
 On my grandsire's wedding-day :

To those green graves and truthful hearts
 Oh, city by the sea !
 My heritage, and priceless dower,
 My beautiful, 'n thee !

THE SUNFLOWER TO THE SUN.

HYMETTUS' bees are out on filmy wing,
Dim Phosphor slowly fades adown the west,
And Earth awakes. Shine on me, oh my king!
For I with dew am laden and oppressed.

Long through the misty clouds of morning gray
The flowers have watched to hail thee from yon
Sad Asphodel, that pines to meet thy ray, [sea :
And Juno's roses, pale for love of thee.

Perchance thou dalliest with the Morning Hour,
Whose blush is reddening now the eastern wave ;
Or to the cloud for ever leav'st thy flower,
Wiled by the glance white-footed Thetis gave.

I was a proud Chaldean monarch's child !*
Euphrates' waters told me I was fair—
And thou, Thessa'ia's shepherd, on me smiled,
And likened to thine own my amber hair.

Thou art my life—sustainer of my spirit!
Leave me not then in darkness here to pine ;
Other hearts love thee, yet do they inherit
A passionate devotedness like mine ?

But lo ! thou lift'st thy shield o'er yonder tide :
The gray clouds fly before the conquering Sun ;
Thou like a monarch up the heavens dost ride—
And, joy ! thou beamst on me, celestial one !

On me, thy worshipper, thy poor Parsee,
Whose brow adoring types thy face divine—
God of my burning heart's idolatry,
Take root like me, or give me life like thine !

THE LAST CHANT OF CORINNE.

By that mysterious sympathy which chaineth
For evermore my spirit unto thine ;
And by the memory, that alone remaineth,
Of that sweet hope that now no more is mine ;
And by the love my trembling heart betrayeth,
That, born of thy soft gaze, within me lies ;
As the lone desert-bird, the Arab sayeth,
Warms her young brood to life with her fond eyes :

Hear me, adored one ! though the world divide us,
Though never more my hand in thine be pressed,
Though to commingle thought be here denied us,
Till our high hearts shall beat themselves to rest ;
Forget me not, forget me not ! oh, ever
This one, one prayer, my spirit pours to thee ;
Till every memory from earth shall sever,
Remember, oh, beloved ! remember me !

And when the light within mine eye is shaded,
When I, o'erwearied, sleep the sleep profound,
And like that nymph of yore who drooped and faded,
And pined for love, till she became a sound ;
My song, perchance, awhile to earth remaining,
Shall come in murmured melody to thee ;
Then let my lyre's deep, passionate complaining,
Cry to thy heart, beloved—"Remember me !"

* Clytia, daughter of Orchamus king of Babylon, was beloved by Apollo ; but the god deserting her, she pined away with continually gazing on the sun, and was changed to the flower denominated from him, which turns as he moves, to look at his light.

GREEN PLACES IN THE CITY.

YE fill my heart with gladness, verdant places,
That mid the city greet me where I pass ;
Methinks I see of angel-steps the traces
Where'er upon my pathway springs the grass.
I pause before your gates at early morning,
When lies the sward with glittering sheen o'er-
spread ;
And think the dewdrops there each blade adorning,
Are angels' tears for mortal frailty shed.

And ye, earth's firstlings, here in beauty springing,
Erst in your cells by careful Winter nursed—
And to the morning heaven your incense flinging,
As at His smile ye forth in gladness burst—
How do ye cheer with hope my lonely hour,
When on my way I tread despondingly,
With thought that He who careth for the flower,
Will, in his mercy, still remember me !

Breath of our nostrils—Thou ! whose love embraces,
Whose light shall never from our souls depart,
Beneath thy touch hath sprung a green oasis
Amid the arid desert of my heart.
Thy sun and rain call forth the bud of promise,
And with fresh leaves in spring-time deck the tree ;
That where man's hand hath shut out Nature from
We, by these glimpses, may remember Thee ! [us,

CAMEOS.

HERCULES AND OMPHALE.

RECLINED enervate on the couch of ease,
No more he pants for deeds of high emprise ;
For Pleasure holds in soft, voluptuous ties
Enthralled, great Jove-descended Hercules.
The hand that bound the Erymanthian boar,
Hesperia's dragon slew, with bold intent—
That from his quivering side in triumph rent
The skin the Cleonæan lion wore,
Holds forth the goblet—while the Lydian queen,
Rob'd like a nymph, her brow enwreath'd with vine,
Lifts high the amphora, brimmed with rosy wine,
And pours the draught the crownéd cup within.
And thus the soul, abased to sensual sway,
Its worth forsakes—its might forgoes for aye.

TITYOS CHAINED IN TARTARUS.

OH, wondrous marvel of the sculptor's art !
What cunning hand hath cull'd thee from the mine,
And carved thee into life, with skill divine !
How claims in thee Humanity a part—
Seems from the gem the form enchained to start,
While thus with fiery eye, and outspread wings,
The ruthless vulture to his victim clings,
With whetted beak deep in the quivering heart.
Oh, thou embodied meaning, master-wrought !
Thus taught the sage, how, sunk in crime and sin,
The soul a prey to conscience, writhes within
Its fleshly bonds enslaved : thus ever, Thought,
The breast's keen torturer, remorseful tears
At life, the hell whose chain the soul in anguish
wears !

A YARN.

"Tis Saturday night, and our watch below—
What heed we, boys, how the breezes blow,
While our cans are brimmed with the sparkling flow:
Come, Jack—uncoil, as we pass the grog,
And spin us a yarn from memory's log."

Jack's brawny chest like the broad sea heaved,
While his loving lip to the beaker cleaved;
And he drew his tarred and well-saved sleeve
Across his mouth, as he drained the can,
And thus to his listening mates began :

"When I sailed a boy, in the schooner Mike,
No bigger, I trow, than a marlinspike—
But I've told ye the tale ere now, belike?"
"Go on!" each voice reëchoéd,
And the tar thrice hemmed, and thus he said :

"A stanch-built craft as the waves e'er bore—
We had loosed our sails for home once more,
Freighted full deep from Labrador,
When a cloud one night rose on our lee,
That the heart of the stoutest quailed to see.

And voices wild with the winds were blent,
As our bark her prow to the waters bent;
And the seamen muttered their discontent—
Muttered and nodded ominously—
But the mate, right carelessly whistled he.

'Our bark may never outride the gale—
'Tis a pitiless night! the pattering hail
Hath coated each spar as 't were in mail;
And our sails are riven before the breeze,
While our cordage and shrouds into icicles freeze!'

Thus spake the skipper beside the mast,
While the arrowy s'et fell thick and fast;
And our bark drove onward before the blast
That goaded the waves, till the angry main
Rose up and strove with the hurricane.

Up spake the mate, and his tone was gay—
'Shall we at this hour to fear give way?
We must labor, in sooth, as well as pray:
Out, shipmates, and grapple home yonder sail,
That flutters in ribands before the gale!'

Loud swelled the tempest, and rose the shriek—
'Save, save! we are sinking!—A leak! a leak!
And the hale old skipper's tawny cheek
Was cold, as 't were sculptured in marble there,
And white as the foam, or his own white hair.

The wind piped shrilly, the wind piped loud—
It shrieked 'mong the cordage, it howled in the
shroud;
And the sleet fell thick from the cold, dun cloud:
But high over all, in tones of glee,
The voice of the mate rang cheerily—

'Now, men, for your wives' and your sweethearts'
sakes!

Cheer, messmates, cheer!—quick! man the brakes!
We'll gain on the leak ere the skipper wakes;
And though our peril your hearts appal,
Ere dawns the morrow we'll laugh at the
squall.'

He railed at the tempest, he laughed at its threats,
He played with his fingers like castanets:
Yet think not that he, in his mirth, forgets
That the plank he is riding this hour at sea,
May launch him the next to eternity!

The white-haired skipper turned away,
And lifted his hands, as it were to pray;
But his look spoke plainly as look could say,
The boastful thought of the Pharisee—
'Thank God, I'm not hardened as others be!'

But the morning dawned, and the waves sank low,
And the winds, o'erwearied, forbore to blow;
And our bark lay there in the golden glow—
Flashing she lay in the bright sunshine,
An ice-sheathed hulk on the cold, still brine.

Well, shipmates, my yarn is almost spun—
The cold and the tempest their work had done,
And I was the last, lone, living one,
Clinging, benumbed, to that wave-girt wreck,
While the dead around me bestrewed the deck.

Yea, the dead were round me everywhere!
The skipper gray, in the sunlight there,
Still lifted his paralyzed hands in prayer; [leapt,
And the mate, whose tones through the darkness
In the silent hush of the morning, slept.

Oh, bravely he perished who sought to save
Our storm-tossed bark from the pitiless wave,
And her crew from a yawning and fathomless grave:
Crying, 'Messmates cheer!' with a bright, glad smile,
And praying, 'Be merciful, God! the while.

True to his trust, to his last chill gasp,
The helm lay clutched in his stiff, cold grasp—
You might scarcely in death undo the clasp:
And his crisp, brown locks were dank and thin,
And the icicles hung from his bearded chin.

My timbers have weathered, since, many a gale
And when life's tempests this hulk assail,
And the binnacle lamp in my breast burns pale,
'Cheer, messmates, cheer!' to my heart I say,
'We must labor, in sooth, as well as pray!'

IMITATION OF SAPPHO.

If to repeat thy name when none may hear me,
To find thy thought with all my thoughts inwove,
To languish where thou'rt not—to sigh when near
Oh, if this be to love thee, I do love! [thee:

If when thou utterest low words of greeting,
To feel through every vein the torrent pour;
Then back again the hot tide swift retreating,
Leave me all powerless, silent as before:

If to list breathless to thine accents falling,
Almost to pain, upon my eager ear—
And fondly when alone to be recalling
The words that I would die again to hear:

If 'neath thy glance my heart all strength forsaking
Pant in my breast as pants the frightened dove
If to think on thee ever, sleeping—waking—
Oh! if this be to love thee, I do love!

LOVE'S PLEADING.

SPEAK tender words, mine own beloved, to me—
Call me thy lily—thy imperial one,
That, like the Persian, breathes adoringly
Its fragrant worship ever to the sun.

Speak tender words, lest doubt with me prevail :
Call me thy rose—thy queen rose ! throned at art,
That all unheedful of the nightingale,
Folds close the dew within her burning heart.

For thou'rt the sun that makes my heaven fair,
Thy love, the blest dew that sustains me here ;
And like the plant that hath its root in air,
I only live within thy atmosphere.

Look on me with those soul-illumined eyes,
And murmur low in love's entrancing tone—
Methinks the angel-lute of paradise
Had never voice so thrilling as thine own !

Say I am dearer to thee than renown,
My praise more treasured than the world's acclaim :
Call me thy laurel—thy victorious crown,
Wreathed in unfading glory round thy name.

Breathe low to me each pure, enraptured thought,
While thus thy arms my trusting heart entwine :
Call me by all fond meanings love hath wrought,
But oh, Ianthis, ever call me thine !

THE HEARTH OF HOME.

THE storm around my dwelling sweeps,
And while the boughs it fiercely reaps,
My heart within a vigil keeps,

The warm and cheering hearth beside ;
And as I mark the kindling glow
Brightly o'er all its radiance throw,
Back to the years my memories flow,

When Rome sat on her hills in pride ;
When every stream, and grove, and tree,
And fountain, had its deity.

The hearth was then, 'mong low and great,
Unto the Laræ consecrate :

The youth, arrived to man's estate,
There offered up his golden heart ;
Thither, when overwhelmed with dread,
The stranger still for refuge fled—
Was kindly cheered, and warmed, and fed.

Till he might fearless thence depart :
And there the slave, a slave no more,
Hung reverent up the chain he wore.

Full many a change the hearth hath known ;
The Druid fire, the curfew's tone,
The log that bright at yule-tide shone,

The merry sports of Hallow-e'en :
Yet still where'er a home is found,
Gather the warm affections round,
And there the notes of mirth resound—

The voice of wisdom heard between :
And welcomed there with words of grace,
The stranger finds a resting place.

Oh, wheresoe'er our feet may roam,
Still sacred is the hearth of home ;

Whether beneath the princely dome,
Or peasant's lowly roof it be,
For home the wanderer ever yearns ;
Backward to where its hearth-fire burns,
Like to the wife of old, he turns
Fondly the eyes of memory :
Back where his heart he offered first—
Back where his fair, young hopes he nurse !

My humble hearth though all disdain,
Here may I cast aside the chain
The world hath coldly on me lain—
Here to my Laræ offer up

The warm prayer of a grateful heart :
Thou that my househo'd Guardian art,
That dost to me thine aid impart,
And with thy mercy fill'st my cup—
Strengthen the hope within my soul,
Till I in faith may reach the goal !

THE LAUNCH.

A SOUND through old Trimountain went,
A voice to great and small,
That told of feast and merriment,
And welcome kind to all :
And there was gathering in the hall,
And gathering on the strand ;
And many a heart beat anxiously
That morning, on the sand :

For 'tis the morn when ocean tide,
An hundred tongues record,
Shall wed the daughter of the oak—
The mighty forest lord.

They dressed the bride in streamers gay,
Her beauty to enhance ;
And o'er her hung Columbia's stars,
And the tri-fold flag of France ;
They decked her prow with rare device
With wealth of carving good ;
And they girt her with a golden zone,
The maiden of the wood.

The gay tones of the artisan
Fell lightly on the ear,
And sound of vigorous hammer stroke
Rang loudly out and clear ;
And stout arms swayed the ponderous sledg'e,
While a shout the hills awoke.
As forth to meet the bridegroom flood
Swept the daughter of the oak.

And bending to the jewell'd spray
That rose her step to greet,
She dashed aside the yesty waves
That gathered round her feet ;
And down her path right gracefully,
The queenly maiden pressed,
Till the royal ocean clasped her form
To his broad and heaving breast.

God guide thee o'er the trackless deep,
My brother—brave and true ;
God speed the good Damascus well,
And shield her daring crew !

THE ODE OF HAROLD THE VALIANT.

I MAN the hills was born,
 Where the skilled bowmen
 Send, with unerring shaft,
 Death to the foemen.
 But I love to steer my bark—
 To fear a stranger—
 Over the Maelstrom's edge,
 Daring the danger;
 And where the mariner
 Paleth affrighted,
 Over the sunken rocks
 I dash on delighted.
 The far waters know my keel—
 No tide restrains me;
 But ah! a Russian maid
 Coldly disdains me.

Once to Sicilia's isle
 Voyaged I, unfearing:
 Conflict was on my prow,
 Glory was steering,
 Where fled the stranger-ship
 Wildly before me,
 Down, like the hungry hawk,
 My vessel bore me;
 We carved on the craven's deck
 The red runes of slaughter:
 When my bird whets her beak,
 Our spears give no quarter!
 The far waters know my keel, &c.

Countless, like spears of grain,
 Were the warriors of Drontheim,
 When like the hurricane
 I swept down upon them!
 Like chaff beneath the flail
 They fell in their numbers—
 Their king with the golden hair
 I sent to his slumbers.
 I love the combat fierce, &c.

Once o'er the Baltic sea
 Swift we were dashing;
 Bright on our twenty spears
 Sunlight was flashing;
 When through the Skagerack
 The storm-wind was driven,
 And from our bending mast
 The broad sail was riven:
 Then, while the angry brine
 Foamed like a flagon,
 Brimfull the yesty rhime
 Filled our brown dragon;
 But I, with sinewy hand,
 Strengthened in slaughter,
 Forth from the straining ship
 Bailed the dun water:
 I love the combat fierce, &c.

Firmly I curb my steed,
 As e'er Thracian horseman;
 My hand throws the javelin true,
 Pride of the Norseman;
 And the bold skaiter marks,
 While his lips quiver,

Where o'er the bending ice
 I skim the strong river.
 Forth to my rapid oar
 The boat swiftly springeth—
 Springs like the mettled steed
 When the spur stingeth.
 Valiant I am in fight,
 No fear restrains me, &c.

Saith she, the maiden fair,
 The Norsemen are cravens?
 I in the Southland gave
 A feast to the ravens!
 Green lay the sward outspread,
 The bright sun was o'er us,
 When the strong fighting men
 Rushed down before us.
 Midway to meet the shock
 My fleet courser bore me,
 And like Thor's hammer crashed
 My strong hand before me!
 Left we their maids in tears,
 Their city in embers:
 The sound of the Viking's spears
 The Southland remembers!
 I love the combat fierce, &c.

LAY.

A LAY of love! ask yonder sea
 For wealth its waves have closed upon—
 A song from stern Thermopylae—
 A battle-shout from Marathon!
 Look on my brow! Reveals it naught?
 It hideth deep rememberings,
 Enduring as the records wrought
 Within the tombs of Egypt's kings!
 Take thou the harp—I may not sing—
 Awake the Teian lay divine,
 Till fire from every glowing string
 Shall mingle with the flashing wine!

The Theban lyre but to the sun
 Gave forth at morn its answering tone:
 So mine but echoed when the one,
 One sunlit glance was o'er it thrown.
 The Memnon sounds no more! my lyre—
 A veil upon thy strings is flung:
 I may not wake the chords of fire—
 The words that burn upon my tongue,
 Fill high the cup! I may not sing—
 My hands the crowning buds will twine.
 Pour—till the wreath I o'er it fling
 Shall mingle with the rosy wine.

No lay of love! the lava-stream
 Hath left its trace on heart and brain!
 No more—no more! the maddening theme
 Will wake the slumbering fires again!
 Fling back the shroud on buried years—
 Hail, to the ever-blooming hours!
 We'll fill Time's glass with ruby tears,
 And twine his bald, old brow with flowers!
 Fill high! fill high! I may not sing—
 Strike forth the Teian lay divine,
 Till fire from every glowing string
 Shall mingle with the flashing wine!

SUSAN R. A. BARNES.

MISS SUSAN REBECCA AYER, now Mrs. BARNES, is a daughter of the Hon. Richard H. Ayer, of the city of Manchester, in New Hampshire. Her family has furnished several names distinguished in public affairs and in literature. Mr. John Greene, the banker, of Paris, is her maternal uncle, and the accomplished scholar and writer, Mr. Nathaniel Greene, of Boston, is nearly related to her.

Her associations have therefore been preëminently favorable to the cultivation of her abilities. Her poems are marked by many felicities of expression; and they frequently combine a masculine vigor of style with tenderness and a passionate earnestness of feeling. Mrs. Barnes now resides with her father, in Manchester. Her native place is Hooksett, in the same state.

IMALEE :

AN EASTERN LEGEND

SHRINED in the bosom of the Indian sea,
Where ceaseless Summer smiles perpetually,
A festal glory o'er the tropic thrown,
To other lands and other climes unknown—
By friends untrodden, unprofaned by foes,
The bright isle of the Indian god arose.
There waving mid a wilderness of green,
The palm-tree spread its leaf of glossy sheen;
The tamarind blossom floating on the gale,
Bore breathing odors to the passing sail;
The banyan's broad, interminable shade
A bower of bright, perennial beauty made;
And from the rock's deep cleft, by Nature, nursed,
The tropic's floral wealth in splendor burst.
It seemed that Nature, revelling in bloom,
Here claimed exemption from the general doom:
Perpetual verdure o'er the seasons reigned,
Perpetual beauty every sense enchained;
And here the Indian, Nature's untaught child,
The simple savage of a sunny wild,
Deemed that the spirit whom he worshipped dwelt,
And here at eve in adoration knelt
The Indian maiden—sacred to the power
So deeply revered, day's departing hour.....

The shadows deepen o'er the summer sea,
The breeze is up—the ripple murmurs free;
A single sail in the dim distance holds
Its onward course, though twilight's darkening folds,
Descending, deepening, veil the lessening prow;
And now it nears the sacred isle, and now
A single, solitary form is seen—
A fearless foot hath pressed the yielding green!—
And Imalee, the dark-browed Indian maid,
At this dim hour, unshrinking, undismayed,
With step that borrows firmness from despair—
With eye that tells what woman's soul will dare,
When wars the spirit in its prisoned home,
Till Reason yielding, trembles on her throne—
Hath sought the shrine, unmindful of the hour,
To hold dark commune with an unknown power.

Around, a paradise of bloom is shed;
The cocoa breathes its blossoms o'er her head;
The scarlet bombex clusters at her feet,
And bloom and fragrance unregarded meet;
While heavy with the glittering dews of night,
The leaf is greener and the flower more bright.

The maiden hung her wreath upon the shrine,
An offering to the power she deemed divine,
When soft and low a breathing whisper came
That thrilled through every fibre of her frame;
That spirit-voice all tremulous she hears—

“Within thy wreath a withered rose appears!”

“There is—there is—fit emblem of my heart;

Oh, Power benign! thine influence impart

To raise, restore, and renovate for me,

That withered flower, or bid its memory flee!

I flung it from me in an idle hour,

In the first dream of conscious maiden power:

That dream is o'er, and I have lived to wake,

To wish my bursting heart indeed might break!”

Again that voice is stealing on her ear,

That spirit-voice, but not in tones of fear;

It murmurs in a soft, familiar tone,

It thrills her heart, but why, she dares not own:

Her head is raised, her cheek like sunset glows;

Again it breathes, “Wilt thou restore the rose?”

And mid the waving foliage's deepening green

A well remembered form is dimly seen.

That eve it had been hers unmoved to mark

The shadows deepening round her lonely bark;

A darker shadow brooded o'er her rest,

A deeper desolation veiled her breast;

And she who had in tearless sadness sought

The haunted shade where gods and demons wrought,

And there unmoved her fearful vigil kept,

Now bowed her head, and like an infant wept.

Abroad once more upon the starlit sea,

The sounding surge is musical to thee;

The deepening shadows lose their ghastly gloom,

The distant shades are redolent of bloom;

The sky is cloudless and the air is balm,

The tropic night's peculiar, breathing calm—

Bright Imalee, 'tis thine once more to own,

Abroad upon the wave—**BUT NOT ALONE.**

THE ARMY OF THE CROSS.

It must have been a glorious sight,
 And one which to behold
 Would stir the sternest spirit's depths,
 Those armed bands of old!
 The glittering panoply of proof,
 The helmet and the shield,
 The spear and ponderous battle-axe,
 Which only they could wield!

The knightly daring—high resolve,
 Engraven on each brow,
 The manly form of iron mould—
 Methinks I see them now,
 As fresh and vividly they rise,
 To bid the bosom glow,
 As when they burst upon the eye
 A thousand years ago!

And 'neath that burning Syrian sun,
 Far as the eye can measure,
 Prepared to pour like water forth
 Their life-blood and their treasure—
 Those banded legions pressing on,
 The red-cross banner flying,
 And thousands seeking 'neath that sign
 The glorious need of dying!

Oh holy, pure, and heartfelt zeal,
 Misguided though thou be,
 There still is something heavenly bright
 And beautiful in thee!
 And He who judges not as man,
 'T is his alone to try thee,
 And thou wilt meet that grace from him
 Thy brother would deny thee.

Assailed without, begirt within
 By those who hate and fear thee,
 Though Danger lurks within thy path,
 And Death is busy near thee—
 As reckless of continual toil
 As if that frame were iron,
 A glorious destiny is thine,
 Undaunted Cœur de Lion!

God speed thee on thine enterprise,
 Lord of the lion heart;
 Go—mid "the rapture of the strife"
 Enact thy princely part:
 Do battle with the infidel,
 And smite his haughty brow,
 And plant the standard of the cross
 Where waves the crescent now!

The blood of the Plantagenets
 Is bounding in thy veins,
 The soul of the Plantagenets
 Within thy bosom reigns;
 And deeds that breathe of future fame,
 And deathless meed assign,
 Desires not conquest e'en can tame,
 And beauty's smile, are thine!

The story of thy knightly faith,
 As ages roll along,
 Shall brighten o'er the poet's page,
 And wake the minstrel's song:

Ay—to the tale of high emprise,
 The daring deed and bold,
 The spirit leaps as wildly now
 As in those days of old!

PENITENCE.

Thou art not penitent, although
 There rages in thy brain
 A scorching madness undefined,
 Whose very breath is flame.
 Thou art not penitent: alas!
 The world hath wounded thee,
 And thou in anguish ill concealed
 Art fain to turn and flee.

Thou hast in Pleasure's maddening cup—
 That cup too deeply quaffed—
 The pearl of thy existence thrown,
 And drained it at a draught!
 Unmourned and unrepressed, behold
 Life's energies decline—
 Worn, wasted in unholy fires:
 And what reward is thine?

The world, once worshipped, spurns thee now
 Rejects thee—casts thee hence—
 And thou art nursing injured pride,
 And dreamst of penitence!
 Let but the temptress smile again,
 Thou wouldst her influence own,
 Forgetting in that charmed embrace
 The evil thou hadst known.

Thou bringest not a broken heart
 To offer at the throne
 Of Him who has in love declared
 The broken heart his own.
 Thy heart is hard—thou who hast long
 The path of error trod;
 Deemst thou that weak and wicked thing
 An offering meet for God?

Go, if thou canst, when Flattery's voice
 Is stealing on thine ear
 In tones so sweet, an angel might,
 Forgetting, turn to hear—
 Go, rather list the voice within,
 And bow beneath the rod,
 And recognise with soul subdued
 The chastening of thy God!

Go to the wretch who may have wrought
 Irreparable ill,
 To thee, or those more deeply dear,
 More fondly cherished still;
 Approach, though it may seem like death
 To look on him, and live,
 And while Revenge is wooing thee,
 Say firmly, "I forgive."

Go, when to deep idolatry
 Thy heart is darkly prone—
 That heart whose steadfast hope should still
 Be fixed on God alone:
 Go, rend the image from its shrine,
 And hurl the idol hence,
 And bring it bleeding back to Him:
 This—this is penitence!

SARAH HELEN WHITMAN.

(Born 1813).

MRS. WHITMAN is a native of Providence. Her father, the late Mr. Nicholas Power, a merchant of that city, was a lineal descendant of that Nicholas Power who accompanied Roger Williams in his banishment, and assisted him in establishing the first of governments which claimed no authority over the conscience. The founder of her family in Rhode Island appears to have been worthy of his fraternity with the new Baptist, preaching the gospel of liberty in the wilderness, and the Massachusetts General Court made him feel the weight of its displeasure for advancing so much faster than itself in civilization.

Miss Power married at an early age Mr. John Winslow Whitman, a son of Mr. Kilborn Whitman, an eminent citizen of Massachusetts, and a descendant from Edward Winslow, the first governor of Plymouth. Mr. Whitman's childhood was passed with his grandfather, Dr. Isaac Winslow, upon the only estate which at that time remained by uninterrupted transmission in the families of the Pilgrims. Mrs. Whitman has published an interesting account of a visit to the old mansion, soon after the death of Dr. Winslow, while it was still graced with the richly-carved oaken chairs and massive tables brought over in the May Flower, and its venerable walls were decorated with the family portraits, that have since been deposited in the halls of the Antiquarian and Historical Societies of Massachusetts.

Mr. Whitman was graduated at Brown University, and, after completing his studies in the law, began to practise in the courts of Boston, where his fine abilities gave promise of a brilliant career; but a lingering illness soon compelled him to abandon his profession, and after a brief union his wife returned, a widow, to the house of her mother, in her native city.

From this period she has devoted her time chiefly to literary studies. To a knowledge of the best English authors she has added a familiarity with the languages and literatures of Germany, Italy, and France. She has given her most loving attention to the poets, critics and philosophers, of the first of these

countries, who have in a larger degree than any others formed her own tastes and opinions. These are exhibited in several striking and brilliant papers in the periodicals; and particularly in her article on Goëthe's Conversations with Eckermann, in the Boston Quarterly Review, for January, 1840, and in her notice of Emerson's Essays, in the Democratic Review, for June, 1845.

Of the poems of Mrs. Whitman, one entitled Hours of Life contains probably the finest passages, though it is perhaps somewhat too mystical and metaphysical to be very popular. This has not been printed. The most carefully elaborated of her published poems are three Fairy Ballads — The Golden Ball, The Sleeping Beauty, and Cinderilla — in the composition of which she has been assisted by her sister, Miss Anna Marsh Power. To these are prefixed the lines of Burns:

“ Full oft the Muse, as frugal housewives do,
Gars auld claes look amaisht as weel as new.”

Nothing can be finer in its way than the Sleeping Beauty of Tennyson, but that brilliant poet has given only an episode of the beautiful legend, which is here presented with so much clearness of narrative, propriety of illustration, and splendor of coloring. Cinderilla is longer than the Sleeping Beauty, to the sombre character of which its polished and glowing vivacity presents a pleasing contrast.

Mrs. Whitman's poems all betray the luxuriant delight with which she abandons herself to her inspirations. The silvery sweetness and clearness of her versification, the varied modulations of emphasis and cadence, the many nice adaptations of sound to sense, would alone entitle her poems to rank among our most exquisite lyrics; but these subtle intertwinings and linked harmonies of her style are ennobled by thoughts full of originality and beauty, and enriched by illustrations drawn from a wide range of literary culture. She has not only the artist eye which sees at a glance all that outline and color can express, but she gives us the breathing perfumes, the atmospheric effects, and the spiritual character, of the scenes that live in her numbers.

THE SLEEPING BEAUTY:

A TALE OF FORESTS AND ENCHANTMENTS DREAM.*

Il Penseroso.

Sister, 'tis the noon of night!—
 Let us, in the web of thought,
 Weave the threads of ancient song,
 From the realms of Fairies brought.
 Thou shalt stain the dusky warp
 In night-hade wet with twilight dew:
 I, with streaks of morning gold,
 Will strike the fabric through and through.*

WHERE a lone castle by the sea
 Upreared its dark and mouldering pile,
 Far seen, with all its frowning towers,
 For many and many a weary mile;
 The wild waves beat the castle walls,
 And bathed the rock with ceaseless showers,
 The winds roared fiercely round the pile,
 And moaned along its mouldering towers.
 Within those wide and echoing halls,
 To guard her from a fatal spell,
 A maid of noble lineage born
 Was doomed in solitude to dwell.
 Five fairies graced the infant's birth
 With fame and beauty, wealth and power;
 The sixth, by one fell stroke, reversed
 The lavish splendors of her dower.
 Whene'er the orphan's lily hand
 A spindle's shining point should pierce,
 She swore upon her magic wand,
 The maid shou'd sleep a hundred years.
 The wild waves beat the cast'e wall,
 And bathed the rock with ceaseless showers;
 Dark, heaving billows plunge and fall
 In whitening foam beneath the towers.
 There, rocked by winds and lulled by waves,
 In youthful grace the maiden grew,
 And from her so itary dreams
 A sweet and pensive pleasure drew.
 Yet often, from her lattice high,
 She gazed athwart the gathering night,
 To mark the sea-gulls wheeling by,
 And longed to follow in their flight.
 One winter night, beside the hearth
 She sat and watched the smouldering fire,
 While now the tempests seemed to lull,
 And now the winds rose high and higher—
 Strange sounds are heard along the wall,
 Dim faces glimmer through the gloom—
 And still mysterious voices call,
 And shadows flit from room to room—
 Till, bending o'er the dying brands,
 She chanced a sudden gleam to see:
 She turned the sparkling embers o'er,
 And lo! she finds a golden key!
 Lured on, as by an unseen hand,
 She roamed the castle o'er and o'er—
 Through many a darkling chamber sped,
 And many a dusky corridor:
 And still, through unknown, winding ways
 She wandered on for many an hour,
 For gallery still to gallery leads,
 And tower succeeds to tower.
 Oft, wearied with the steep ascent,
 She lingered on her lonely way,
 And paused beside the pictured walls,

Their countless wonders to survey.
 At length, upon a narrow stair
 That wound within a turret high,
 She saw a little low-browed door,
 And turned, her golden key to try:
 Slowly, beneath her trembling hand,
 The bolts recede, and, backward flung,
 With harsh recoil and sullen clang
 The door upon its hinges swung.
 There, in a little moonlit room,
 She sees a weird and withered crone,
 Who sat and spun amid the gloom,
 And turned her wheel with drowsy drone
 With mute amaze and wondering awe,
 A passing moment stood the maid,
 Then, entering at the narrow door,
 More near the mystic task surveyed.
 She saw her twine the flaxen fleece,
 She saw her draw the flaxen thread,
 She viewed the spind e's shining point,
 And, pleased, the novel task surveyed.
 A sudden longing seized her breast
 To twine the fleece, to turn the wheel:
 She stretched her lily hand, and pierced
 Her finger with the shining steel!
 Slowly her heavy eyelids close,
 She feels a drowsy torpor creep
 From limb to limb, till every sense
 Is locked in an enchanted sleep.
 A dreamless slumber, deep as night,
 In deathly trance her senses locked
 At once through all its massive vaults
 And gloomy towers the castle rocked:
 The beldame roused her from her lair,
 And raised on high a mournful wail—
 A shrilly scream that seemed to float
 A requiem on the dying gale.
 "A hundred years shall pass," she said,
 "Ere those blue eyes behold the morn,
 Ere these deserted halls and towers
 Shall echo to a bugle-horn.
 A hundred Norland winters pass,
 While drenching rains and drifting snows
 Shall beat against the castle walls,
 Nor wake thee from thy long repose.
 A hundred times the golden grain
 Shall wave beneath the harvest moon,
 Twelve hundred moons sha'l wax and wane
 Ere yet thine eyes behold the sun!"
 She ceased: but still the mystic rhyme
 The long-resounding aisles prolong,
 And a'l the cast'e's echoes chime
 In answering cadence to her song.
 She bore the maiden to her bower,
 An ancient chamber wide and low,
 Where golden sconces from the wall
 A faint and trembling lustre throw;
 A silent chamber, far apart,
 Where strange and antique arras hung,
 That waved along the mouldering walls,
 And in the gusty night wind swung
 She laid her on her ivory bed,
 And gently smoothed each snowy limb,
 Then drew the curtain's dusky fold
 To make the entering daylight dim.

* This is a joint production of Mrs. Whitman and her sister, Miss Power, as before stated.

PART II.

And all around, on every side,
 Throughout the castle's precincts wide,
 In every bower and hall,
 All slept: the warder in the court,
 The figures on the arras wrought,
 The steed within his stall.
 No more the watchdog bayed the moon,
 The owlet ceased her boding tune,
 The raven on his tower,
 All hushed in slumber still and deep,
 Enthralled in an enchanted sleep,
 Await the appointed hour.
 A pathless forest, wild and wide,
 Engirt the castle's inland side,
 And stretched for many a mile;
 So thick its deep, impervious screen,
 The castle towers were dimly seen
 Above the mouldering pile.
 So high the ancient cedars sprung,
 So far aloft their branches flung,
 So close the covert grew,
 No foot its silence could invade,
 No eye could pierce its depths of shade,
 Or see the welkin through.
 Yet oft, as from some distant mound
 The traveller cast his eyes around,
 O'er wold and woodland gray,
 He saw, athwart the glimmering light
 Of moonbeams, on a misty night,
 A castle far away.

A hundred Norland winters passed,
 While drenching rains and drifting snows
 Beat loud against the castle walls,
 Nor broke the maiden's long repose.
 A hundred times on vale and hill
 The reapers bound the golden corn—
 And now the ancient halls and towers
 Reëcho to a bugle-horn!

A warrior from a distant land,
 With helm and hauberk, spear and brand,
 And high, untarnished crest,
 By visions of enchantment led,
 Hath vowed, before the morning's red,
 To break her charmed rest.
 From torrid clime beyond the main
 He comes the costly prize to gain,
 O'er deserts waste and wide.
 No dangers daunt, no toils can tire;
 With throbbing heart and soul on fire
 He seeks his sleeping bride.
 He gains the old, enchanted wood,
 Where never mortal footsteps trod,
 He pierced its tangled gloom;
 A chillness loads the lurid air,
 Where baleful swamp-fires gleam and glare,
 His pathway to illume.
 Well might the warrior's courage fail,
 Well might his lofty spirit quail,
 On that enchanted ground;
 No open foe-man meets him there,
 But, borne upon the murky air,
 Strange horror broods around!
 At every turn his footsteps sank

Mid tangled boughs and mosses dank,
 For long and weary hours—
 Till issuing from the dangerous wood,
 The castle full before him stood,
 With all its flanking towers!
 The moon a paly lustre sheds;
 Resolved, the grass-grown court he treads,
 The gloomy portal gained—
 He crossed the threshold's magic bound,
 He paced the hall, where all around
 A deathly silence reigned.
 No fears his venturesome course could stay—
 Darkling he groped his dreary way—
 Up the wide staircase sprang.
 It echoed to his mailed heel;
 With clang of arms and clash of steel
 The silent chambers rang.
 He sees a glimmering taper gleam
 Far off, with faint and trembling beam,
 Athwart the midnight gloom:
 Then first he felt the touch of fear,
 As with slow footsteps drawing near,
 He gained the lighted room.
 And now the waning moon was low,
 The perfumed tapers faintly glow,
 And, by their dying gleam,
 He raised the curtain's dusky fold,
 And lo! his charmed eyes behold
 The lady of his dream!
 As violets peep from wintry snows,
 Slowly her heavy lids unclose,
 And gently heaves her breast;
 But all unconscious was her gaze,
 Her eye with listless languor strays
 From brand to plummy crest:
 A rising blush begins to dawn
 Like that which steals at early morn
 Across the eastern sky;
 And slowly, as the morning broke,
 The maiden from her trance awoke
 Beneath his ardent eye!
 As the first kindling sunbeams threw
 Their level light athwart the dew,
 And tipped the hills with flame,
 The silent forest-boughs were stirred
 With music, as from bee and bird
 A mingling murmur came.
 From out its depths of tangled gloom
 There came a breath of dewy bloom,
 And from the valleys dim
 A cloud of fragrant incense stole,
 As if each violet breathed its soul
 Into that floral hymn.
 Loud neighed the steed within his stall,
 The cock crowed on the castle wall,
 The warder wound his horn;
 The linnet sang in leafy bower,
 The swallows, twittering from the tower,
 Salute the rosy morn.
 But fresher than the rosy morn,
 And blither than the bugle-horn,
 The maiden's heart doth prove,
 Who, as her beaming eyes awake,
 Beholds a double morning break—
 The dawn of light and love!

LINES WRITTEN IN NOVEMBER.

FAREWELL the forest shade, the twilight grove,
The turf path with fern and flowers inwove,
Where through long summer days I wandered far,
Till warned of evening by her "folding star."
No more I linger by the fountain's play
Where arching boughs shut out the sultry ray,
Making at noontide hours a dewy gloom [bloom,
O'er the moist marge where weeds and wild flowers
Till from the western sun a glancing flood
Of arrowy radiance filled the twilight wood,
Glinting athwart each leafy, verdant fold,
And flecking all the turf with drops of gold.

Sweet sang the wild bird on the waving bough
Where cold November winds are wailing now;
The chirp of insects on the sunny lea,
And the wild music of the wandering bee,
Are silent all—closed is their vesper lay,
Borne by the breeze of autumn far away:
Yet still the withered heath I love to rove,
The bare, brown meadow, and the leafless grove;
Still love to tread the bleak hill's rocky side,
Where nodding asters wave in purple pride,
Or from its summit listen to the flow
Of the dark waters booming far below.
Still through the tangling, pathless copse I stray
Where sere and rustling leaves obstruct the way,
To find the last pale blossom of the year,
That strangely blooms when all is dark and drear:
The wild, witch hazel, fraught with mystic power
To ban or bless, as sorcery rules the hour.
Then, homeward wending thro' the dusky vale
Where winding rills their evening damps exhale,
Pause by the dark pool in whose sleeping wave
Pale Dian loves her golden locks to lave
In the hushed fountain's heart, serene and cold,
Glassing her glorious image—as of old,
When first she stole upon Endymion's rest,
And his young dreams with heavenly beauty blest.

And thou, "stern ruler of the inverted year,"
Cold, cheerless Winter, hath thy wild career
No sweet, peculiar pleasures for the heart,
That can ideal worth to rudest forms impart?
When, through thy long, dark nights, cold sleet and
Patter and splash against the frosty pane, [rain
Warm curtained from the storm, I love to lie
Wakeful, and listening to the lullaby
Of fitful winds, that, as they rise and fall,
Send hollow murmurs through the echoing hall.

Oft by the blazing hearth at eventide
I love to mark the changing shadows glide
In flickering motion o'er the umbered wall,
Till Slumber's honey dew my senses thrall.
Then, while in dreamy consciousness I lie
'Twi'x sleep and waking, fairy Fantasy
Culls from the golden past a treasured store,
And weaves a dream so sweet, Hope could not ask
for more.

In the cold splendor of a frosty night,
When blazing stars burn with intenser light
Through the blue vault of heaven; when cold and
clear
The air through which yon tall cliffs rise severe;
Or when the shrouded earth in solemn trance

Sleeps 'neath the wan moon's melancholy glance,
I love to mark earth's sister planets rise,
And in pale beauty tread the midnight skies,
Where, like lone pilgrims, constant as the night,
They fill their dark urns from the fount of light.

I love the Borealis' flames that fly
Fitful and wild athwart the northern sky—
The storied constellation, like a page
Fraught with the wonders of a former age,
Where monsters grim, gorgons, and hydras, rise,
And "gods and heroes blaze along the skies."

Thus Nature's music, various as the hour,
Solemn or sweet, hath ever mystic power
Still to preserve the unperverted heart
Awake to love and beauty—to impart
Treasures of thought and feeling pure and deep,
That aid the doubting soul its heavenward course
to keep.

A STILL DAY IN AUTUMN.

I LOVE to wander through the woodlands hoary
In the soft light of an autumnal day,
When Summer gathers up her robes of glory,
And like a dream of beauty glides away.

How through each loved, familiar path she lingers,
Serenely smiling through the golden mist,
Tinting the wild grape with her dewy fingers
Till the cool emerald turns to amethyst:

Kindling the faint stars of the hazel, shining
To light the gloom of Autumn's mouldering halls
With hoary plumes the clematis entwining
Where o'er the rock her withered garland falls.

Warm lights are on the sleepy uplands waning
Beneath soft clouds along the horizon rolled,
Till the slant sunbeams through their fringes raining
Bathe all the hills in melancholy gold.

The moist winds breathe of crispéd leaves and flowers
In the damp hollows of the woodland shown,
Mingling the freshness of autumnal showers
With spicy airs from cedarn alleys blown.

Beside the brook and on the umbered meadow,
Where yellow fern-tufts fleck the faded ground,
With folded lids beneath their palmy shadow
The gentian nods in dewy slumbers bound.

Upon those soft, fringed lids the bee sits brooding,
Like a fond lover loath to say farewell,
Or with shut wings, through silken folds intruding,
Creeps near her heart his drowsy tale to tell.

The little birds upon the hillside lonely
Flit noiselessly along from spray to spray,
Silent as a sweet wandering thought that only
Shows its bright wings and softly glides away.

The scentless flowers in the warm sunlight dream-
Forget to breathe their fullness of delight, [ing,
And through the tranced woods soft airs are stream-
Still as the dewfall of the summer night. [ing.

So, in my heart a sweet, unwonted feeling,
Stirs like the wind in ocean's hollow shell—
Through all its secret chambers sadly stealing,
Yet finds no word its mystic charm to tell.

"A GREEN AND SILENT SPOT AMONG
THE HILLS."

IN the soft gloom of summer's balmy eve,
When from the lingering glances of the sun
The sad Earth turns away her blushing cheek,
Mantling its glow in twilight's shadowy veil,
Oft mid the falling dews I love to stray
Onward and onward through the pleasant fields,
Far up the lilled borders of the stream,
To this "green, silent spot among the hills,"
Endeared by thronging memories of the past.

Oft have I lingered on this rustic bridge
To view the limpid waters winding on
Under dim vaulted woods, whose woven boughs
Of beech, and maple, and broad sycamore,
Throw their soft, moving shadows o'er the wave,
While blossomed vines, dropp'd to the water's brim,
Hang idly swaying in the summer wind.

The birds that wander through the twilight heaven
Are mirrored far beneath me, and young leaves
That tremble on the birch tree's silver boughs,
In the cool wave reflected, gleam below
Like twinkling stars athwart the verdant gloom.

A sound of rippling waters rises sweet
Amid the silence; and the western breeze,
Sighing through sedges and low meadow blooms,
Comes wafting gentle thoughts from Memory's land,
And wakes the long hushed music of the heart.

Oft dewy Spring hath brimmed the brook with
showers:

Oft hath the long, bright Summer fringed its banks
With breathing b'ossoms; and the Autumn sun
Shed mellow hues o'er all its wooded shores,
Since first I trod these paths in youth's sweet prime,
With loved ones whom Time's desolating wave
Hath wafted now for ever from my side.
The living stream still lingers on its way
In idle dalliance with the dew lipped flowers
That toss their pretty heads at its caress,
Or trembling listen to its silver voice;
While through yon rifted boughs the evening star
Is seen above the hilltop, beautiful
As when on many a balmy summer night,
Lapped in sweet dreams, in "holy passion hushed,"
I saw its ray slant through the trembling pines.

Long years have passed: and by the unchanging
Bereft and sorrow taught, alone I stand, [stream,
Listening the ho'low music of the wind.
Alone—alone! the stars are far away,
And frequent clouds shut out the summer heaven,
But still the calm Earth keeps her constant course,
And whispers hope through all her breathing flowers.

Not all in vain the vision of our youth—
The apocalypse of beauty and of love—
The staglike heart of hope: life's mystic dream
The soul shall yet interpret—to our prayer
The Isis veil be lifted—though we pine
E'en mid the ungathered roses of our youth,
Pierced with strange pangs and longings infinite,
As if earth's fairest flowers served but to wake
Sad, haunting memories of our Eden home,
Not all in vain. Meantime, in patient trust
Rest we on Nature's bosom—from her eye
Serene and still, drinking in faith and love,

To her calm pulse attempting the heart
That throbs too wildly for ideal bliss.

Oh, gentle mother! heal me, for I faint
Upon life's arid pathway, and "my feet
On the dark mountains stumble." Near thy heart
In childlike trust, close nestling, let me lie,
And let thy breath fall cool upon my cheek
As in those unworn ages, ere pale Thought
Forestalled life's patient harvest. Give me strength
In generous abandonment of heart
To follow wheresoe'er o'er the world's waste
The cloudy pillar moveth, till at last
It guide to pleasant vales and pastures green
By the still waters of eternal life.

THE WAKING OF THE HEART.

"Pleasure sits in the flower cups, and breathes itself out in fragrance."
Rabelais.

As the fabled stone into music woke
When the morning sun o'er the marble broke,
So wakes the heart from its stern repose;
As o'er brow and bosom the spring wind blows,
So it stirs and trembles as each low sigh
Of the breezy south comes murmuring by—
Murmuring by like a voice of love,
 wooing us forth amid flowers to rove,
Breathing of meadow-paths thickly sown
With pearls from the blossoming fruit trees blown,
And of banks that slope to the southern sky
Where languid violets love to lie.

No foliage droops o'er the woodpath now,
No dark vines swinging from bough to bough;
But a trembling shadow of silvery green
Falls through the young leaf's tender screen,
Like the hue that borders the snowdrop's bell,
Or lines the lid of an Indian shell;
And a fairy light, like the firefly's glow,
Flickers and fades on the grass below.

There the pale Anemone lifts her eye
To look at the clouds as they wander by,
Or lurks in the shade of a palmy fern
To gather fresh dews in her waxen urn. [breast,
Where the moss lies thick on the brown earth's
The shy little Mayflower weaves her nest,
But the south wind sighs o'er the fragrant loam,
And betrays the path to her woodland home.

Already the green budding birchen spray
Winnows the balm from the breath of May,
And the aspen thrills to a low, sweet tone
From the reedy bugle of Faunus blown.

In the tangled coppice the dwarf oak weaves
Her fringelike b'ossoms and crimson leaves;
The salallows their delicate buds unfold
Into downy feathers bedropped with gold;
While, thick as the stars in the midnight sky,
In the dark, wet meadows the cowslips lie.

A love tint flushes the wind-flower's cheek,
Rich melodies gush from the violet's beak,
On the rifts of the rock the wild columbines grow,
Their heavy honey-cups bending low—
As a neat which vague, sweet thoughts oppress,
Droops 'neath its burden of happiness. [wells,

There the waters drip from their moss rimmed
With a sound like the tinkling of silver bells,

Or fall with a mellow and flute-like flow
Through the channels and clefts of the rock below.

Soft music gushes in every tone,
And perfume in every breeze is blown;
The flower in fragrance, the bird in song,
The glittering wave as it glides along—
All breathe the incense of boundless bliss,
The eloquent music of happiness.

And the soul as it sheds o'er the sunbright hour
The untold wealth of its mystic dower,
Linked to all nature by chords of love,
Lifted by faith to bright worlds above—
How, with the passion of beauty fraught,
Shall it utter its burden of blissful thought!
Yet sad would the springtime of nature seem
To the soul that wanders mid life's dark dream
Its glory a meteor that sweeps the sky,
A blossom that floats on the storm-wind by,
If it woke no thought of that starry clime
That lies on the desolate shores of Time,
If it nurtured no delicate flowers to blow
On the hills where the palm and the amaranth grow.

A DAY OF THE INDIAN SUMMER.

"Yet one more smile, departing distant sun
Ere o'er the frozen earth the loud winds run
And snows are sited o'er the meadows bare."—*Bryant.*

A DAY of golden beauty!—Through the night
The hoar-frost gathered o'er each leaf and spray
Weaving its filmy network, thin and bright
And shimmering like silver in the ray
Of the soft, sunny morning—turf and tree
Pranked in its delicate embroidery,
And every withered stump and mossy stone,
With gems encrusted and with seed-pearl sown;
While in the hedge the frosted berries glow,
The scarlet holly and the purple sloe,
And all is gorgeous, fairy-like and frail,
As the famed gardens of the Arabian tale.

How soft and still the varied landscape lies,
Calmly outspread beneath the smiling skies,
As if the earth in prodigal array
Of gems and brodered robes kept holyday;
Her harvest yielded and her work all done
Basking in beauty 'neath the autumn sun!

Yet once more through the soft and balmy day
Up the brown hill-side, o'er the sunny brae,
Far let us rove—or, through lone solitudes [woods,"
Where "autumn's smile beams through the yellow
Fondly retracing each sweet, summer haunt
And sylvan pathway—where the sunbeams slant
Through yonder copse, tinging the saffron stars
Of the witch-hazel with their golden bars,
Or, lingering down this dim and shadowy lane
Where still the damp sod wears an emerald stain,
Though ripe brown nuts hang clustering in the
And the rude barberry o'er yon rocky ledge [hedge,
Droops with its pendent corals. When the showers
Of April clothed this winding path with flowers,
Here oft we sought the violet, as it lay
Buried in beds of moss and lichens gray;
And still the aster greets us as we pass

With her faint smile—among the withered grass
Beside the way, lingering as loath of heart,
Like me, from these sweet solitudes to part.

Now seek we the dank borders of the stream
Where the tall fern-tufts shed a ruby gleam
Over the water from their crimsoned plumes,
And clustering near the modest gentian blooms
Lonely around—hallowed by sweetest song,
The last and loveliest of the floral throng.
Yet here we may not linger, for behold,
Where the stream widens, like a sea of gold
Outspreading far before us—all around
Steep wooded heights and sloping uplands bound
The sheltered scene—along the distant shore
Through colored woods the glinting sunbeams pour,
Touching their foliage with a thousand shades
And hues of beauty, as the red light fades
Upon the hill-side 'neath yon floating shroud,
Or, from the silvery edges of the cloud
Pours down a brighter gleam. Gray willows lave
Their pendent branches in the crystal wave,
And slender birch trees o'er its banks incline,
Whose tall, slight stems across the water shine
Like shafts of silver—there the tawny elm,
The fairest subject of the sylvan realm,
The tufted pine tree and the cedar dark,
And the young chestnut, its smooth polished bark
Gleaming like porphyry in the yellow light,
The dark brown oak and the rich maple dight
In robes of scarlet, all are standing there
So still, so calm in the soft misty air,
That not a leaf is stirring—nor a sound
Startles the deep repose that broods around,
Save when the robin's melancholy song
Is heard from yonder coppice, and along
The sunny side of that low, moss-grown wall
That skirts our path, the cricket's chirping call,
Or, the fond murmur of the drowsy bee
O'er some lone flow'ret on the sunny lea,
And, heard at intervals, a pattering sound
Of ripened acorns rustling to the ground [all,
Through the crisp, withered leaves.—How lonely
How calmly beautiful! Long shadows fall
More darkly o'er the wave as day declines,
Yet from the west a deeper glory shines,
While every crested hill and rocky height
Each moment varies in the kindling light
To some new form of beauty—changing through
All shades and colors of the rainbow's hue,
"The last still loveliest" till the gorgeous day
Melts in a flood of golden light away,
And all is o'er. Before to-morrow's sun
Cold winds may rise and shrouding shadows dun
Obscure the scene—yet shall these fading hues
And fleeting forms their loveliness transfuse
Into the mind—and memory shall burn
The painting in on her enamelled urn
In undecaying colors. When the blast
Rages around and snows are gathering fast,
When musing sadly by the twilight hearth
Or lonely wandering through life's crowded path
Its quiet beauty rising through the gloom
Shall sooth the languid spirits and illumine
The drooping fancy—winning back the soul [trol
To cheer all thoughts through nature's sweet cor-

THE LOST CHURCH.
FROM THE GERMAN OF UHLAND.

In yonder dim and pathless wood
Strange sounds are heard at twilight hour,
And peals of solemn music swell
As from some minster's lofty tower.
From age to age those sounds are heard,
Borne on the breeze at twilight hour;
From age to age no foot hath found
A pathway to the minster's tower!

Late, wandering in that ancient wood,
As onward through the gloom I trod,
From all the woes and wrongs of earth
My soul ascended to its God.
When lo, in the hushed wilderness
I heard, far off, that solemn bell:
Still heavenward as my spirit soared,
Wild and sweeter rang the knell.

While thus in holy musings rapt,
My mind from outward sense withdrawn,
Some power had caught me from the earth,
And far into the heavens upborne—
Methought a hundred years had passed
In mystic visions as I lay,
When suddenly the parting clouds
Seemed opening wide and far away.

No midday sun its glory shed,
The stars were shrouded from my sight,
And lo! majestic o'er my head
A minster shone in solemn light.
High through the lurid heavens it seemed
Aloft on cloudy wings to rise,
Till all its pointed turrets gleamed
Far flaming through the vaulted skies!

The bell with full resounding peal
Rang booming through the rocking tower:
No hand had stirred its iron tongue,
Slow swaying to the storm-wind's power.
My bosom beating like a bark
Dashed by the surging ocean's foam,
I trod with faltering, fearful joy
The mazes of the mighty dome.

A soft light through the oriel streamed
Like summer moonlight's golden gloom,
Far through the dusky arches gleamed,
And filled with glory all the room.
Pale sculptures of the sainted dead
Seemed waking from their icy thrall,
And many a glory circled head
Smiled sadly from the storied wall.

Low at the altar's foot I knelt,
Transfixed with awe, and dumb with dread,
For blazoned on the vaulted roof
Were heaven's fiercest glories spread.
Yet when I raised my eyes once more,
The vaulted roof itself was gone;
Wide open was heaven's lofty door,
And every cloudy veil withdrawn!

What visions burst upon my soul,
What joys unutterable there
In waves on waves for ever roll
Like music through the pulseless air—

These never mortal tongue may tell:
Let him who fain would prove their power,
Pause when he hears that solemn knell
Float on the breeze at twilight hour.

THE PAST.

"So near—yet oh, how far!"—*Goethe's Helena.*

THICK darkness broodeth o'er the world:
The raven pinions of the Night
Close on her silent bosom furled,
Reflect no gleam of orient light.
E'en the wild nor'and fires, that mocked
The faint bloom of the eastern sky,
Now leave me, in close darkness locked,
To night's weird realm of fantasy.

Borne from pale shadow-lands remote,
A Morphean music, wildly sweet,
Seems on the starless gloom to float
Like the white pinioned Paraclete.
Softly into my dream it flows,
Then faints into the silence drear,
While from the hollow dark outgrows
The phantom Past, pale gliding near.

The visioned Past—so strangely fair!
So veiled in shadowy, soft regrets,
So steeped in sadness, like the air
That lingers when the daystar sets!
Ah! could I fold it to my heart,
On its cold lip my kisses press,
This waste of aching life impart
To win it back from nothingness!

I loathe the purple light of day,
And shun the morning's golden star,
Beside that shadowy form to stray
For ever near, yet oh how far!
Thin as a cloud of summer even,
All beauty from my gaze it bars;
Shuts out the silver cope of heaven,
And glooms athwart the dying stars.

Cold, sad, and spectral, by my side
It breathes of love's ethereal bloom—
Of bridal memories long affied
To the dread silence of the tomb.
Sweet cloistered memories, that the heart
Shuts close within its chalice cold,
Faint perfumes that no more dispart
From the bruised lily's floral fold.

"My soul is weary of her life,"
My heart sinks with a slow despair.
The solemn, starlit hours are rife
With fantasy—the noontide glare,
And the cool morning, "fancy free,"
Are false with shadows, for the day
Brings no blithe sense of verity,
Nor wins from twilight thoughts away

Oh, bathe me in the Lethean stream,
And feed me on the lotus flowers;
Shut out this false, bewildering gleam,
The dreamlight of departed hours!
The Future can no charm confer,
My heart's deep solitudes to break—
No angel's foot again shall stir
The waters of that silent lake.

I wander in pale dreams away,
 And shun the morning's golden star,
 To follow still that failing ray
 For ever near, yet oh how far!
 Then bathe me in the Lethean stream,
 And feed me on the lotus flowers;
 Nor leave one late and lingering beam,
 One memory of departed hours!

A SEPTEMBER EVENING ON THE BANKS
 OF THE MOSHASSUCK.

"Now to the sessions of sweet, silent thought,
 I summon up remembrance of things past."
Shakespeare's Sonnets.

AGAIN September's golden day
 Serenely still, intensely bright,
 Fades on the umbered hills away
 And melts into the coming night.
 Again Moshassuck's silver tide
 Reflects each green herb on its side,
 Each tasselled wreath and tangling vine,
 Whose tendrils o'er its margin twine.
 And standing on its velvet shore
 Where yesternight with thee I stood,
 I trace its devious course once more
 Far winding on through vale and wood.
 Now glimmering through yon golden mist,
 By the last glinting sunbeams kissed,
 Now lost where lengthening shadows fall
 From hazel copse and moss-fringed wall.
 Near where yon rocks the stream inurn
 The lonely gentian blossoms still,
 Still wave the star-flower and the fern
 O'er the soft outline of the hill;
 While far aloft where pine trees throw
 Their shade athwart the sunset glow,
 Thin vapors cloud the illumined air
 And parting daylight lingers there.
 But ah, no longer *thou* art near
 This varied loveliness to see,
 And I, though fondly lingering here
 To-night can only think on thee—
 The flowers thy gentle hand caressed
 Still lie unwithered on my breast,
 And still thy footsteps print the shore
 Where thou and I may rove no more.
 Again I hear the murmuring fall
 Of water from some distant dell,
 The beetle's hum, the cricket's call,
 And, far away, that evening bell—
 Again, again those sounds I hear,
 But oh, how desolate and drear
 They seem to-night—how like a knell
 The music of that evening bell.
 Again the new moon in the west,
 Scarce seen upon yon golden sky,
 Hangs o'er the mountain's purple crest
 With one pale planet trembling nigh,
 And beautiful her pearly light
 As when we blessed its beams last night,
 But thou art on the far blue sea,
 And I can only think on thee.

SUMMER'S INVITATION TO THE ORPHAN

THE summer skies are darkly blue,
 The days are still and bright,
 And Evening trails her robes of gold
 Through the dim halls of night.
 Then, when the little orphan wakes,
 A low voice whispers, "Come,
 And all day wander at thy will
 Beneath my azure dome.
 "Beneath my vaulted azure dome,
 Through all my flowery lands,
 No higher than the lowly thatch
 The royal palace stands.

"I'll fill thy little longing arms
 With fruits and wilding flowers,
 And tell thee tales of fairy land
 In the long twilight hours."
 The orphan hears that wooing voice:
 A while he softly broods—
 Then hastens down the sunny slopes
 Into the twilight woods.
 There all things whisper pleasure:
 The tree has fruits, the grass has flowers,
 And the little birds are singing
 In the dim and leafy bowers.
 The brook stays him at the crossing
 In its waters cool and sweet,
 And the pebbles leap around him
 And frolic at his feet.
 At night no cruel hostess
 Receives him with a frown;
 He sleeps where all the quiet stars
 Are calmly looking down.
 The Moon comes gliding through the trees,
 And softly stoops to spread
 Her dainty silver kirtle
 Upon his grassy bed.
 The drowsy night wind murmuring
 Its quaint old tunes the while,
 Till Morning wakes him with a song,
 And greets him with a smile.

STANZAS WITH A BRIDAL RING

THE young Moon hides her virgin heart
 Within a ring of gold;
 So doth this little circlet all
 My bosom's love infold,
 And tell the tale that from my lips
 Seems ever half untold,
 Like the rich legend of the east
 That never finds a close,
 But winds in linked sweetness on
 And lengthens as it goes,
 Or like this little cycle still
 Returneth whence it flows.
 And still as in the elfin ring
 Where fairies dance by night,
 Shall the green places of the heart
 Be kept for ever bright,
 And hope within this magic round
 Still blossom in delight.

SHE BLOOMS NO MORE.

"Oh primavera, gioventu dell' anno,
Bella madre di fiori
Tu torni ben, ma teco
Non tornati i sereni
E fortunati di delle ini gioge."—*Guarini.*

I DREAD to see the summer sun
Come glowing up the sky,
And early pansies, one by one,
Opening the vio'et eye.

The choral melody of June,
The perfumed breath of heaven,
The dewy morn, the radiant noon,
The lingering light of even—

These, which so charmed my careless heart
In happy days gone by.

A deeper sadness now impart
To Memory's thoughtful eye.

They speak of one who sleeps in death,
Her race untimely o'er—

Who he'er shall taste Spring's honeyed breath,
Nor see her glories more:

Of one who shared with me in youth
Life's sunshine and its flowers,
And kept unchanged her bosom's truth
Through all its darker hours.

She faded when the leaves were sere,
And wailed the autumnal blast;
With all the glories of the year,
From earth her spirit passed.

Again the fair azalia bows
Beneath its snowy crest;
In yonder hedge the hawthorn bows,
The robin builds her nest;

The tulips lift their proud tiars,
The lilac waves her plumes,
And peeping through my lattice-bars
The rose-acacia blooms.

Breathe but one word, ye starry flowers!
One litt'e word to tell,
If in that far off shadow-land
Love and Remembrance dwell.

For she can boom on earth no more,
Whose early doom I mourn;
Nor Spring nor Summer can restore
Our flower, untimely shorn.

Now dim as folded vio'ets
Her eyes of dewy light,
And her rosy lips have mournfully
Breathed out their last good-night!

She ne'er shall hear again the song
Of merry birds in spring,
Nor roam the flowery braes among
In the year's young blossoming;

Nor longer in the lingering light
Of summer's eve shall we,
Locked hand in hand, together sit
Beneath the greenwood tree.

'Tis therefore that I dread to see
The glowing summer sun,

And ba'my blossoms on the tree
Unfolding one by one.

They speak of things that once have been,
But never more can be:
And earth all decked in smiles again
Is still a waste to me.

THE MAIDEN'S DREAM.

"Thrice hallowed be that beautiful dawn of love when the maiden's
cheek still blushes at the conscious sweetness of her own innocent
thoughts."—*Jean Paul.*

Ask not if she loves, but look
In the blue depths of her eye,
Where the maiden's spirit seems
Tranced in happy dreams to lie.

All the blisses of her dream,
All she may not, must not speak,
Read them in her clouded eye,
Read them on her conscious cheek.

See that cheek of virgin snow
Damasked with love's rosy bloom;
Mark the lambent thoughts that glow
Mid her blue eye's tender gloom.

As if in a cool, deep well,
Veiled by shadows of the night,
Streaming through, a starbeam fell,
Filling all its depths with light.

Something mournful and profound
Saddens all her beauty now,
Weds her dark eye to the ground—
Fling's a shadow o'er her brow.

Hath her love-illuminated soul
Raised the veil of coming years—
Read upon life's mystic scroll
Its doom of agony and tears?

Tears of tender sadness fall
From her soft and loveliest eye,
As the night dews heavily
Fall from summer's cloudless sky.

Still she sitteth coyly drooping
Her white lids in virgin pride,
Like a languid lily stooping
Low her folded blooms to hide.

Starting now in soft surprise
From the tangled web of thought,
Lo, her heart a captive lies,
In its own sweet fancies caught.

Ah! bethink thee, maiden yet,
Ere to passion's doom betrayed;
Hearts where Love his seal has set,
Sorrow's fiercest pangs invade.

Let that young heart slumber still,
Like a bird within its nest;
Life can ne'er its dreams fulfil—
Love but yie'd thee long unrest.

Ah! in vain the dovelet tries
To break the web of tender thought—
The little heart a captive lies,
In its own sweet fancies caught.

ROGER WILLIAMS.

WRITTEN FOR AN ANNIVERSARY OF THE RHODE
ISLAND HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Now, while the echoing cannon's roar
Rocks our far frontal towers,
And bugle blast and trumpet's b'are
Float o'er the "Land of Flowers;"
While our bo'd eagle spreads his wing,
No more in lofty pride,
But sorrowing sinks, as if from Heaven
The ensanguined field to hide:
Turn we from War's bewildering b'aze,
And Conquest's choral song,
To the still voice of other days,
Long heard—forgotten long.
Listen to his rich words, intoned
To "songs of lofty cheer,"
Who, in the "howling wilderness,"
When only God could hear,
Breathed not of exile, nor of wrong,
Through the long winter nights,
But uttered, in exulting song,
The soul's unchartered rights.
Who opened wide the guarded doors
Where Conscience reigned alone,
And bade the nations own her laws,
And tremble round her throne;
Who sought the oracles of God
Within her veil'd shrine,
Nor asked the monarch nor the priest
Her sacred laws to sign.
The brave, high heart, that would not yield
Its liberty of thought,
Far o'er the melancholy main,
Through bitter trials brought;
But, to a double exile doomed,
By Faith's pure guidance led
Through the dark labyrinth of life,
Held fast her golden thread.
Listen!—the music of his dream
Perchance may linger still
In the old familiar places
Beneath the emera'd hill.
The waveworn rock still breasts the storm
On Seekonk's lonely side,
Where the dusk natives hailed the bark
That bore their gentle guide.
The spring that gushed, amid the wild,
In music on his ear,
Still pours its waters undefiled,
The fainting heart to cheer.
But the fair cove, that slept so calm
Beneath o'ershadowing hills,
And bore the pilgrim's evening psalm
Far up its flowery rills—
The tide that parted to receive
The stranger's light canoe,
As if an angel's balmy wing
Had swept its waters blue—
When, to the healing of its wave,
We come in pensive thought,
Through all its pleasant borders
A dreary change is wrought!

The fire-winged courser's breath has swept
Across its cooling tide:
Lo! where he plants his iron heel,
How fast the wave has dried!
Unlike the fabled Pegasus,
Whose proud hoof, where he trode
Earth's flinty bosom, oped a fount
Whence living waters flowed.
Or, turn we to the green hill's side:
There, with the spring-time showers,
The white thorn, o'er a nameless grave,
Rains its pale, silver flowers.
Yet Memory lingers with the past,
Nor vainly seeks to trace
His footprints on a rock, whence time
Nor tempests can efface;
Whereon he planted, fast and deep,
The roof tree of a home
Wide as the wings of Love may sweep,
Free as her thoughts may roam;
Where through all time the saints may dwell
And from pure fountains draw
That peace which passeth human thought,
In liberty and law.
When heavenward, up the silver stair
Of silence drawn, we tread
The visioned mount that looks beyond—
The valley of the dead—
Oh, may we gather to our hearts
The deeds our fathers wrought,
And feed the perfumed lamp of Love
In the cool air of Thought.
While Hope shall on her anchor lean,
May Memory fondly turn,
To wreath the amaranth and the palm
Around their funeral urn!

◆
HOW SOFTLY COMES THE SUMMER
WIND.

"And henceforth all that once was fair,
Grew fairer."

How softly comes the summer wind
At evening, o'er the hill—
For ever murmuring of thee
When busy crowds are still;
The wayside flowers seem to guess
And whisper of my happiness.
While, in the dusk and dewy hours,
The silent stars above
Seem leaning from their airy towers
To gaze on me in love;
And clouds of silver wander by,
Like missioned doves athwart the sky
Till Dian lulls the throbbing stars
Into elysian dreams,
And, rippling through my lattice-bars,
A brooding glory streams
Around me, like the golden shower
That rained through Danae's guarded tower
A low, bewildering melody
Is murmuring in my ear—
Tones such as in the twilight wood

The aspen thrills to hear,
 When Faunus slumbers on the hill,
 And all the tranced boughs are still.
 The jasmine twines her snowy stars
 Into a fairer wreath;
 The lily, through my lattice-bars,
 Exhales a sweeter breath;
 And, gazing on Night's starry cope,
 I dwell with "Beauty, which is Hope."

◆

A SONG OF SPRING.

In April's dim and showery nights,
 When music melts along the air,
 And Memory wakens at the kiss
 Of wandering perfumes, faint and rare—
 Sweet springtime perfumes, such as won
 Proserpina from realms of gloom
 To bathe her bright locks in the sun,
 Or bind them with the pansy's bloom,
 When light winds rift the fragrant bowers
 Where orchards shed their floral wreath,
 Strewing the turf with stary flowers,
 And dropping pearls at every breath;
 When all night long the boughs are stirred
 With fitful warblings from the nest,
 And the heart flutters like a bird
 With its sweet, passionate unrest—
 Oh! then, beloved, I think on thee,
 And on that life, so strangely fair,
 Ere yet one cloud of memory
 Had gathered in hope's golden air.
 I think on thee and thy lone grave
 On the green hillside far away;
 I see the wilding flowers that wave
 Around thee as the night winds sway;
 And still, though only clouds remain
 On life's horizon, cold and drear,
 The dream of youth returns again
 With the sweet promise of the year.
 I linger till night's waning stars
 Have ceased to tremble through the gloom,
 Till through the orient's cloudy bars
 I see the rose of morning bloom!
 All flushed and radiant with delight,
 It opens through earth's stormy skies,
 Divinely beautiful and bright
 As on the hills of paradise.
 Lo! like a dewdrop on its breast
 The morning star of youth and love,
 Me'ting within the rosy east,
 Exhales to azure depths above.
 My spirit, soaring like a lark,
 Would follow on its airy flight,
 And, like yon little diamond spark,
 Dissolve into the realms of light.
 Sweet-missioned star! thy silver beams
 Foretell a fairer life to come,
 And through the golden gate of dreams
 Allure the wandering spirit home.

DAVID.

SUGGESTED BY A STATUE.*

Ay, this is he—the bold and gentle boy,
 That in lone pastures by the mountain's side
 Guarded his fold, and through the midnight sky
 Saw on the blast the God of battles ride;
 Beheld his bannered armies on the height,
 And heard their clarion sound through all the stormy
 night.
 The valiant boy that o'er the twilight wold
 Tracked the dark lion and ensanguined bear;
 Following their bloody footsteps from the fold
 Far down the gorges to their lonely lair—
 This the stout heart, that from the lion's jaw
 Back o'er the shuddering waste the bleeding victim
 bore.
 Though his fair locks lie all unshorn and bare
 To the bold toying of the mountain wind,
 A conscious glory haunts the o'ershadowing air,
 And waits with glittering coil his brows to bind,
 While his proud temples bend superbly down,
 As if they felt e'en now the burden of a crown.
 Though a stern sorrow slumbers in his eyes,
 As if his prophet glance foresaw the day
 When the dark waters o'er his soul should rise,
 And friends and lovers wander far away—
 Yet the graced impress of that floral mouth
 Breathes of love's golden dream and the voluptuous
 south.
 Peerless in beauty as the prophet star,
 That in the dewy trances of the dawn
 Floats o'er the solitary hills afar,
 And brings sweet tidings of the lingering morn;
 Or weary at the day-god's loitering wane,
 Strikes on the harp of light a soft prelude strain.
 So his wild harp with psalter and shawm
 Awoke the nations in thick darkness furled,
 While mystic winds from Gilead's groves of balm
 Wafted its sweet hosannas through the world—
 So when the Dayspring from on high he sang,
 With joy the ancient hills and lone'y valleys rang.
 Ay, this is he—the minstrel, prophet, king,
 Before whose arm princes and warriors sank;
 Who dwelt beneath Jehovah's mighty wing,
 And from the "river of his pleasures" drank;
 Or through the rent pavilions of the storm
 Beheld the cloud of fire that veiled his awful form.
 And now he stands as when in Elah's vale,
 Where warriors set the battle in array,
 He met the Titan in his ponderous mail,
 Whose haughty challenge many a summer's day
 Rang through the border hills, while all the host
 Of faithless Israel heard and trembled at his boast.
 Till the slight stripling from the mountain fold
 Stood, all unarmed, amid their sounding shields,
 And in his youth's first bloom, devoutly bold,
 Dared the grim champion of a thousand fields:
 So stands he now, as in Jehovah's might
 Glorifying, he met the foe and won the immortal fight.

* This fine statue, executed by Thomas F. Hoppin, of Providence, R. I., represents the young champion of Israel as he stands prepared to attack the Philistine

ELIZABETH OAKES-SMITH.

(Born 1806).

THIS accomplished and popular author was born in a pleasant country town about twelve miles from the city of Portland, in Maine. Descended on her father's side from Thomas Prince, one of the early Puritan governors of the Plymouth colony, and claiming through the Oakeses, on her mother's side, the same early identification with the first European planters of our soil, Mrs. OAKES-SMITH may readily be supposed to have that characteristic which is so rarely found among us, Americanism; and her writings in their department may be regarded as the genuine expression of an American mind.

At the early age of sixteen, Miss Prince was married to Mr. Seba Smith, at that time editor of the leading political journal of his native state, and since then well known to his countrymen as the original "Jack Downing," whose great popularity has been attested by a score of imitators. The embarrassed affairs of Mr. Smith (who, himself a poet, partook with a poet's sanguineness of temper in that noted attempt to settle the wild lands of Maine, which proved so disastrous a speculation to some of the wealthiest families of the state) first impelled Mrs. Oakes-Smith to take up her pen to aid in the support of her children. She had before that period, indeed, given utterance to her poetic sensibilities in several anonymous pieces, which are still much admired. But a shrinking and sensitive modesty forbade her appearing as an author; and though, in her altered circumstances, when she found that her talents might be made available, she did not hesitate, like a true woman, to sacrifice feeling to duty, yet some of her most beautiful prose writings still continue to appear under *nommes des plumes*, with which her truly feminine spirit avoids identification.

Seeking expression, yet shrinking from notoriety; and with a full share of that respect for a just fame and appreciation which belongs to every high-toned mind, yet oppressed by its shadow when circumstance is the impelling motive of publication, the writings of

Mrs. Oakes-Smith might well be supposed to betray great inequality; still in her many contributions to the magazines, it is remarkable how few of her pieces display the usual carelessness and haste of magazine articles. As an essayist especially, while graceful and lively, she is compact and vigorous; while through poems, essays, tales, and criticisms, (for her industrious pen seems equally skilful and happy in each of these departments of literature,) through all her manifold writings, indeed, there runs the same beautiful vein of philosophy, viz.: that truth and goodness of themselves impart a holy light to the mind, which gives it a power far above mere intellectuality; that the highest order of human intelligence springs from the moral and not the reasoning faculties.

One of her most popular poems is *The Acorn*, which, though inferior in high inspiration to *The Sinless Child*, is by many preferred for its happy play of fancy and proper finish. Her sonnets, of which she has written many, have not been as much admired as *The April Rain*, *The Brook*, and other fugitive pieces, which we find in many popular collections. I doubt, indeed, whether they will ever attain the popularity of these "unconsidered trifles," though they indicate concentrated poetical power of a very high, possibly of the very highest order. Not so, however, with *The Sinless Child*. Works of bad taste will often captivate the uncultivated many; works of mere taste as often delight the cultivated few; but works of genius appeal to the universal mind.

The simplicity of diction, and pervading beauty and elevation of thought, which are the chief characteristics of *The Sinless Child*, bring it undoubtedly within the last category. And why do such writings seize at once on the feelings of every class? Wherein lies this power of genius to wake a response in society? Is it the force of a high will, fusing feeble natures, and stamping them for the moment with an impress of its own? or is it that in every heart, unless thoroughly cor-

rupted by the world—in every mind, unless completely encrusted by cant, there lurks an inward sense of the simple, the beautiful, and the true; an instinctive perception of excellence which is both more unerring and more universal than that of mere intellect. Such is the cheering view of humanity enforced in *The Sinless Child*, and the reception of it is evidence of the truth of the doctrine it so finely shadows forth. "It is a work," says a discriminating critic, "which demands more in its composition than mere imagination or intellect could supply;" and I may add that the writer, in unconsciously picturing the actual graces of her own mind, has made an irresistible appeal to the ideal of soul-loveliness in the minds of her readers. She comes before us like the florist in Arabian story, whose magic vase produced a plant of such simple, yet perfect beauty, that the multitude were in raptures from the familiar field associations of childhood which it called forth, while the skill of the learned alone detected the unique rarity of the enchanting flower.

An analysis of *The Sinless Child* will not be attempted here, but a few passages are quoted to exhibit its graceful play of fancy and the pure vein of poetical sentiment by which it is pervaded. And first, the episode of the Step-Mother:

You speak of Hobert's second wife,
A lofty dame and bold:
I like not her forbidding air,
And forehead high and cold.
The orphans have no cause for grief,
She dare not give it now,
Though nothing but a ghostly fear
Her heart of pride cou'd bow.

One night the boy his mother called:
They heard him weeping say—
"Sweet mother, kiss poor Eddy's cheek,
And wipe his tears away!"
Red grew the lady's brow with rage,
And yet she feels a strife
Of anger and of terror too,
At thought of that dead wife.

Wild roars the wind, the lights burn blue,
The watch-dog howls with fear;
Loud neighs the steed from out the stall:
What form is gliding near?
No latch is raised, no step is heard,
But a phantom fills the space—
A sheeted spectre from the dead,
With cold and leaden face!

What boots it that no other eye
Beheld the shade appear!
The guilty lady's guilty soul
Beheld it plain and clear!

It slowly glides within the room,
And sadly looks around—
And stooping, kissed her daughter's cheek
With lips that gave no sound!
Then softly on the stepdame's arm
She laid a death-cold hand,
Yet it hath scorched within the flesh
Like to a burning brand;
And gliding on with noiseless foot,
O'er winding stair and hall,
She nears the chamber where is heard
Her infant's trembling call.
She smoothed the pillow where he lay,
She warmly tucked the bed,
She wiped his tears, and stroked the curls
That clustered round his head.
The child, caressed, unknowing fear,
Hath nestled him to rest;
The mother folds her wings beside—
The mother from the blest!

It is commonly difficult to select from a poem of which the parts make one harmonious whole; but the history of *The Sinless Child* is illustrated all through with cabinet pictures which are scarcely less effective when separated from their series than when combined, and the reader will be gratified with a few of those which best exhibit the author's manner and feeling:

GUARDIAN ANGELS.

With downy pinion they enfold
The heart surcharged with wo,
And fan with balmy wing the eye
Whence floods of sorrow flow;
They bear, in golden censers up,
That sacred gift, a tear—
By which is registered the griefs
Hearts may have suffered here.
No inward pang, no yearning love
Is lost to human hearts—
No anguish that the spirit feels,
When bright-winged Hope departs.
Though in the mystery of life
Discordant powers prevail;
That life itself be weariness,
And sympathy may fail:
Yet all becomes a discipline,
To lure us to the sky;
And angels bear the good it brings
With fostering care on high.
Though human hearts may weary grow,
And sink to toil-spent sleep,
And we are left in solitude
And agony to weep:
Yet *they* with ministering zeal
The cup of healing bring,
And bear our love and gratitude
Away, on heavenward wing;
And thus the inner life is wrought,
The blending earth and heaven—
The love more earnest in its glow
Where much has been forgiven!

FIELD ELVES.

The tender violets bent in smiles
 To elves that sported nigh,
 Tossing the drops of fragrant dew
 To scent the evening sky.
 They kissed the rose in love and mirth,
 And its petals fairer grew;
 A shower of pearly dust they brought,
 And o'er the lily threw.

A host flew round the mowing field,
 And they were showering down
 The cooling spray on the early grass,
 Like diamonds o'er it thrown;
 They gemmed each leaf and quivering spear
 With pearls of liquid dew,
 And bathed the stately forest tree
 Till his robe was fresh and new.

SUPERSTITION.

For oft her mother sought the child
 Amid the forest glade,
 And marvelled that in darksome glen
 So tranquilly she stayed.

For every jagged limb to her
 A shadowy semblance hath
 Of spectres and distorted shapes,
 That frown upon her path,
 And mock her with their hideous eyes;
 For when the soul is blind
 To freedom, truth, and inward light,
 Vague fears debase the mind.

MIDSUMMER.

'T is the summer prime, when the noiseless air
 In perfumed chalice lies,
 And the bee goes by with a lazy hum,
 Beneath the sleeping skies:
 When the brook is low, and the ripples bright,
 As down the stream they go,
 The pebbles are dry on the upper side,
 And dark and wet below.

The tree that stood where the soil's athirst,
 And the mulleins first appear,
 Hath a dry and rusty-colored bark,
 And its leaves are curled and sere;
 But the dogwood and the hazel-bush
 Have clustered round the brook—
 Their roots have stricken deep beneath,
 And they have a verdant look.

To the juicy leaf the grasshopper clings,
 And he gnaws it like a file;
 The naked stalks are withering by,
 Where he has been erewhile.

The cricket hops on the glistening rock,
 Or pipes in the faded grass;
 The beetle's wing is folded mute,
 Where the steps of the idler pass.

CONSCIENCE.

"Dear mother! in ourselves is hid
 The holy spirit-land,
 Where Thought, the flaming cherub, stands
 With its relentless brand:
 We feel the pang when that dread sword
 Inscribe the hidden sin,
 And turneth everywhere to guard
 'The paradise within.'"

FLOWERS.

Each tiny leaf became a scroll
 Inscribed with holy truth,
 A lesson that around the heart
 Should keep the dew of youth;
 Bright missals from angelic throngs
 In every by-way left—
 How were the earth of glory shorn,
 Were it of flowers bereft!

They tremble on the Alpine height;
 The fissured rock they press;
 The desert wild, with heat and sand,
 Shares, too, their blessedness:
 And wheresoe'er the weary heart
 Turns in its dim despair,
 The meek-eyed blossom upward looks,
 Inviting it to prayer.

INFANT SLUMBER.

A holy smile was on her lip
 Whenever sleep was there;
 She slept, as sleeps the blossom, hushed
 Amid the silent air.

Recently Mrs. Smith has turned her attention to the field which next to the epic is highest in the domain of literary art, and it is anticipated by those who have examined her tragedies that her success as a dramatic poet will secure for her a fame not promised by any of her previous achievements. The Roman Tribute, in five acts, refers to a familiar period in the history of Constantinople when Theodosius saved the city from being sacked by paying its price to the victorious Attila; and the subject suggests some admirable contrasts of rude integrity with treacherous courtesy, of pagan piety with the craft of a nominal Christianity, still pervaded by heathen prejudice while uncontrolled by heathen principle. The play opens with the spectacle of the frivolous monarch jesting with his court at their uncouth enemies, and exulting at the happy thought of buying them off with money. Then appears Anthemius, who had been absent, raising levies for the defence of the city, indignant at the cowardly peace which makes the Roman tributary to the Hun, and—a soldier, a statesman, and a patriot—he determines to retrieve the national honor. Perplexed as to the best means of doing this, he sees that the whole government must be recast. Hitherto Theodosius and his sister had between them sustained its administration, with Anthemius as prime minister. The princess had conceived for him an attachment, and would have thrown herself and the purple into his arms; but he has no sympathy with her passion, and is intent only upon the emancipation of the em

pire by placing her alone in possession of the crown, and sacrificing Eudocia, the wife of Theodosius, who is rapidly growing in the popular favor. Outraged as a woman and a queen, Pulcheria offers to adjust state affairs by marrying the barbarian Attila, and Anthemius seemingly accedes to the plan, resolving to destroy the Hun at the bridal. But Attila rejects the proposal, and his answer is thus reported by Anthemius to his mistress: The Hun strade up and down his tent, and swore The plan was worthy Attila himself— Then laid his finger to his brow, and, thus— Gods wad that a progeny might spring such veins conjoined!

But she, like Attila, loves pomp and power— She, with her finely trained and haughty blood, Mine, with a kingly but barbaric flow: She, keen in mystery of subtle thought, I, making records with the sword and blood.

Anthemius, influenced entirely by considerations of a public nature, at first resolves upon the destruction of Eudocia, but disgusted with the masculine energy and cruel craft of Pulcheria, as well as subdued by the gentler virtues of the suffering queen, tries to save her life and place her upon the throne. He is persevering in the one purpose of saving the empire, and to accomplish this, proceeds to the camp of Attila, with the design of slaying him in the midst of his followers; but the plot is betrayed by Helena, who trembles for the life of her lover Manlius, the friend and companion of Anthemius; and disappointed here, he next resolves that he shall die at the banquet prepared by the court, ostensibly in honor of the barbarian king, but in reality to poison him. The generous nature of Anthemius is touched by the hardy simplicity and truthful magnanimity of the rude warrior, and he dashes the poisoned chalice aside and dares him to single combat, in which the brave and patriotic minister is killed. The following extract gives a portion of the last scene:

Anthemius. Bear with me: we have fallen upon evil times.

Attila, thou art a soldier, bred in the camp— For idle pastime hunting the wild boar, With round and spear and sound of bugle-horn; In wantonness you march to Rome, or here: Thy palace by the Danube bravely shows With reeking rafters, horns, and skins, and shie'ds.

Attila, (interrupting him.) And men, stout men, true, and a thousand strong.

Ant. I do believe them true, and strong, and bold. B'hold our blazoned walls—purple and gold!

Wine not from tusk of boar, or horn of deer, But blushing golden in the golden vase—

Att. (scornfully.) A fair picture, proud Roman— goodly walls,

With hollow faith—men, curled and perfumed!

Ant. Attila, we have fallen upon evil times: Listen! In that rude wooden home of thine [hound There's not the meanest serf would'g wrong his By mixing poison with his food—there's not—

Att. No, by the eternal gods! thou'rt worthy, Roman, to be one of us.

Ant. (waving his hand.) The most useless, the most old and outworn beast

That human hand hath trifled with in love, Receives his death by honorable wound, Nor dies like a poor reptile in his hole.

[Dashes the cup from him and draws his sword.]

If thou'rt God's Fate, show thy credentials now: Honor to thy rude service: thy barbaric faith— Here stand—thou for thy skin-clad hordes, and I For Rome!

There is a striking and not unnatural contrast in the character of the two queens. Pulcheria is haughty, revengeful, intelligent, and imaginative. Remorseless in the pursuit of an object, and unflinching in the most daring action, she is yet so much a woman as to love passionately—almost tenderly—and when evil follows her policy, haunted in secret by shapes of conscience, which, to her excited and powerful imagination, take tangible forms and beset her path, she meditates the death of Eudocia:

It seemed I heard a dirge, a sound of wo— Wo, wo! it said. Was it Eudocia's voice?

How my heart beats, and its perturbed play Hath conjured sounds too wildly like its own—

EUDOCIA enters, unobserved, and pronounces her name: s/f to
Who called!—the slightest sound grows fearful to Ay, thus it is, that we in our poor pride [me! By our earth-serving senses are beguiled; Our overweening self shapes any sound To invocation of our name, and we Recoil as 'twere a summons from the dead.

Eudocia, (softly.) The child starts from his innocent pillow

And answers with a smile, for he believes The angels called him with their sweet rose lips.

[EUDOCIA retires.]
Pul. She is gone, and with her my good angel I shall be haunted by the blackest fiends.

We have sat embowered in friendly converse: Avaunt! what dost thou say, thou gibbering imp Hark! I have slumbered with thee until now— A nameless, shapeless, wingless, couchant thing, Within the filmy vesture of the soul, Until thy evil hour evoked me forth.

Oh God! I dare not pray, and this within: She lives! no sheeted ghost hath leave to walk, And curdle up my blood with its dead stare.

Fearful to sacrifice Eudocia at once, she entangles her in the meshes of court craft till she is finally destroyed, and Pulcheria

lives to enjoy her state alone. Eudocia is the reverse of the empress, gentle, affectionate, and trustful; the force of her character is evolved solely through her tenderness for her child. Beloved by Theodosius, she is disgusted at his imbecile sensuality, while her graces have won upon the barbarian heart of Bleda, the brother of Attila, who would gladly win her to himself and usurp the throne. Eudocia is a woman, but one steady in her devotion to duty. Through this partiality of Bleda, Pulcheria is able to work the downfall of the queen. She has gone to the house of her father, Leontius, who is a philosopher, where Bleda has also gone to learn the usages and philosophy of a more polite people. Here he is taken ill, and Eudocia, partly in waywardness and partly in admiration for his character, insists upon playing the leech. Pulcheria brings Theodosius, who finds her kneeling by the couch. She is thrown into prison; thence she escapes to the chamber of her husband, designing to kill him in revenge for her wrongs, but, overcome with pity, she turns away, and dies of overwrought grief in the arms of Anthemius, who has tried in vain to save her. The following is a part of her interview with Bleda:

Eud. Perchance the priest would best become thy case.

Ble. A priest! I do abhor the murmuring tribe. Thine air bespeaks thee gentle as thy sex: Art thou not one of those, once sacred held As priestess of a shrine? The ancient gods Whom our forefathers worshipped in their strength, It is not well to spurn: if such art thou, A secret will be held most sacred by thee.

Eud. Nay, mistake me not. [office.

Ble. Thou needst not fear; I do respect thine

Eud. It is enough; thy leech is unknown to thee.

Ble. (starting and taking hold of her veil.) By the gods—that voice!

Eud. Our art is learned by dames of gentle blood, Who sit with patient toil and lips contract, If so they may relieve one human pang.

The ghastly wound appals us not, nor yet The raging fury of the moonstruck brain; Not wrinkled hags are we, with corded veins, Croaking with spells the midnight watches through, But some are fair as she, the vestal mother.

Ble. And such art thou, might I but cast aside This envious veil; thy voice is crystal-line, Like water moss-incrusted in its flow! [befit

Eud. I will hear thee, prince—such tale as may A woman's ear.

Ble. (aside.) Now, Bleda, shape thy speech: Power and love both urge thee to the goal!

[To EUDOCIA.] I have made my way with trusty sword and shield,

Nor falsehood known—there is no other crime.

But thou, all passionless, cold, and serene— Thy truth, like drops preserved in cubes of stone, For drinking of the gods, can know no change.

Eud. (aside.) Thanks, thanks, for words so high.

Ble. I am sick of love—love of a dame

Whose dovelike eyes have robbed me of all rest.

The world is in the market, and all bid:

Then why not Bleda, urged less by pride than love!

I would become a Christian; the meanest knight

Who doth her service, should his office yield

To me a prince, might I but win one smile.

The fair Eudocia— [talkest treason!

Eud. (starting.) Lift not thy aspect there; thou

Ble. (aside.) She listens. I can hear the beating

This can not, must not be a dream! [of her heart;

[To EUDOCIA.] Eudocia loathes the sensual, weakling, dotard

Emperor of Rome: she should cast the bondage off, And for herself and child assure the reins. [hence.

Eud. (aside.) I can not lift my knees, or I would

[To BLEDA.] Thy tale—I must away.

Ble. 'Tis told: I love Eudocia! and thou—

Eud. Thy words are madness! [Aside.] And yet they steal

Like dew into the parchéd bud, and lure

My aching, vacant heart to maddening bliss.

Ble. Eudocia must be saved, and who but Bleda Will lift a finger for the rescue? [dead!

Eud. Nothing can be done; she and Rome are

Ble. Is human will so impotent and vain?

Shall we see the wolf with fang upon the lamb,

Nor stir to aid? the vulture tear the dove,

And we forbear the shaft? No, by the fates!

Eud. (faintly.) Such are God's children: 'tis their doom, my lord.

Ble. And we are made avengers of their doom.

[EUDOCIA prints a ring on the finger of the Prince,

Such ills admit of no redemption—none!

Behold this circlet: lightly worn as 'tis,

It hath not failed to leave its scar behind.

We can not raze the traces of the past;

Heal up the jagged wound, and leave no seam;

Tread down the burning ploughshare with our feet,

And feel ourselves unscathed: it is our doom,

And we by patient sufferance keep our souls.

Then follows the surprise of the court, in which she defends herself with gentle dignity, but is disgraced and imprisoned. Pulcheria visits her and leaves a dagger, and the rooms ajar; and she proceeds to the chamber of Theodosius, determined to revenge her wrongs:

Eud. The stillness of this room is most terrible! I wish that he would move.

[She lifts the dagger and approaches the couch

Oh, the long, long, eternal sleep! He stirs! now—

No, he sleeps. 'Tis pitiful: the jaw adown;

The loose brown flesh impending round the chin

The eyes, like sunken and encas'd balls,

Shut in from speculation; the thin locks,

All wanted by the wind, do mock at them!

He'less and sleeping with his folded hands—

[She turns away

Oh, I am glad to mark there is no line

To win on human love—nor any shows
 Nor prints of grand old worth to plead for him;
 No imperial majesty is there—
 No lion-like rebuke, uncurbed by sleep,
 To shame me for the deed that I will do.

[Returns and bends over him.]
 A haggard, pallid, weak, bad man asleep!
 Oh, weakness! thou hast thy power: a pity grows
 Too terrible upon me; it shields thee [locks!]
 More than love; it pleads amid these whitening

Then follows her interview with her child,
 and final burst of feeling, in which she ex-
 pires. To her child she says:

Boy, thou wilt be a man anon, and learn
 Hard, cruel, manlike ways: thou wilt break hearts,
 And think it brave pastime; thou wilt rule men,
 And for the pleasure of thy petty will
 Make pools of blood, and top thy pikes with heads;
 Burn cities, and condemn the little ones
 To bleed and die within their mother's arms!

Child, (weeping.) I will never be so vile; I will
 And merciful as thou hast taught me. [be brave]

Eud. (fondly.) Wilt thou, pretty dear! Thou
 art a brave boy.

Wilt always love me? Look here into mine eyes:
 My own brave boy, when men shall evil speak,
 Defame and curse me, wilt thou forget to love?

Child. Never!

Eud. Never, my brave boy; and when evil tongues
 Shall make thy mother's name a blush, wilt thou,
 Mine own dear child, wilt thou believe?

Child. Never!

Eud. My boy, dost thou remember thy poor dove,
 Thy white-winged dove, which the fell hawk pur-
 And sprinkled all the marble with his blood? [sued,

Child, (sobbing.) My poor, dear dove!

Eud. Ay, thine *innocent* dove!

Listen, child! In the long hereafter years,
 Wilt thou remember me as that poor dove,
 Hawked down and done to death by cruel hands?
 Think this, and God himself will bless thee!

To Anthemius, who urges her to speak the
 word, and he will avenge her and raise her
 to the throne, she says:

That little word would yawn a gulf beneath my
 No more: that ready dagger told its bad tale, [feet.]
 But I have closed the well of blackness up—
 Have seen the pitying angel pleading
 In the locks of him, the weak and unloved one,
 Till my uplifted dagger fell. I wept
 Tears of unmingled pity—aching tears!
 Empire has long since faded from my thought:
 The nearer view of an eternal world
 Makes my poor, injured name a nothingness;
 A mother's love alone survives the wreck.

The reverse of these painful scenes is the
 love of Manlius and Helena, in which sim-
 ple affections and every-day perceptions take
 the place of more profound emotions. The
 character of Petrus gives opportunity for
 quaint humor as well as efficient advance-
 ment of the plot.

Mrs. Oakes-Smith's next work was Jacob
 Leisler, a Tragedy. Its general character
 will be inferred from its title. There is not
 perhaps in American history a finer subject
 for dramatic illustration than the revolution
 in New York in 1680, but hitherto it had
 failed of attention from any author of ade-
 quate abilities. The story is in some re-
 spects like that of Massaniello, but Leisler
 was a gentleman, and was never, like the
 Neapolitan, made "drunk with power," but
 was all through the important scenes of his
 elevation, administration, and overthrow, a
 calm, sagacious, and brave man, equal to
 anything within the scope of lawful action
 or experience-suggesting probabilities that
 might be demanded for the common welfare.
 The interest of the play turns largely upon
 a striking underplot of domestic life which
 much affects and hastens the political *de-*
nouement. The heroine, Elizabeth Howard,
 is an original and noble creation, and the vi-
 cissitudes of her life give occasion for dis-
 plays of lofty sentiment and careful analysis
 of the heart, in scenes where tenderness be-
 comes pathos, devotion sublimity, and the
 illustrations of a passionate fancy kindle up-
 on the confines of imagination. In England
 she has been married to a man named Slough-
 ter, from whom, for reasons developed in the
 play, she has separated and fled to America,
 where she keeps the secret of her early his-
 tory, and has been for some time happily
 married to Leisler, when—he meantime
 having become the people's governor—she
 hears that Slughter has arrived on the coast
 to demand the seals of the province for the
 crown. The following scene here succeeds,
 an interview between Elizabeth and an old
 and confidential servant:

ELIZABETH and HANNAH.

Eliz. Nay, it must be told: he might hear of it
 In the market-place, or on the battle-field.
 Leave me, my good Hannah.

Han. Oh, dearest madam! you are so still—

Eliz. Leave me—it were best! [Exit HANNAH.]
 How mournfully, how yearningly have I
 Longed for thy presence, velvet-footed Peace!
 The drudging housewife singing at her toil
 I have most envied; and the market dame,
 Content with her small gains, and with the cheer
 Homely but hearty of the wayside boor,
 Provokes me to a spleen. Oh, thou lowly [morn.,
 Common flesh, braced by the rosy, sweet-breathed
 Could yet but see the ruby-girdled heart,
 How would ye shrink with dread, and bless the lot
 Of honest toil!.....
 I do forget the secret of my grief.

Enter LEISLER, hurriedly.

Leis. My sweet wife, thou art fit to wear a crown! I'll give thee what is better: thou dost rule Him who rules the people by their own free choice. Look up, dearest! I am the people's king— Not king—nay, God forbid, in this great land!— But what ails thee, sweet? these times oppress thee.

[Sees the letter.]
A letter? well, put it by—I'll none of it; I shall be much abroad—shall see thee less— So we will seize the present bliss as sure— How beautiful thou art, and yet so pale, So very sad! What is it, love?

Eliz. The vase of life is rarely garland-crowned.

Leis. Nay, dearest, thou dost think me ambitious, And tremblest lest the household altar dim.

Eliz. Nay, fill thee with great thoughts, and me forget.

Leis. Thou dost reproach me, love; it can not be.

Eliz. Dost love me, Leisler?

Leis. Love thee, Bess? To doatingness, to madness!

Eliz. Because that I am fair, and true, and good?

Leis. A very ange.; nay, better, an all, all woman!

Eliz. Dost love me, Leisler?

Leis. My own wife, thou knowest I do love thee.

Eliz. I love to hear thee say it: I will remember.

Leis. Thou art ill; thy hands cold—thy cheek so pale!

These times are too much for thee.

Eliz. Dost love me, Leisler?

Leis. Ah, Bess, dear Bess, thou art ill. Dost love me?

Eliz. Love thee? words have no meaning to my deep love!

It hath purged me from the weakness of my sex, And made me new create in thee. Love thee? I had not lived until I knew thee!

Love thee? Oh—oh—oh! *[Throws herself into his arms.]*

Leis. My wife, my love, what has moved thee thus?

Eliz. Ah, the letter! shall I tell it thee?

Leis. Yes—let me know the worst.

Eliz. The worst?

Leis. Yes, the worst: it can not touch our love.

Eliz. Touch our love?

Leis. Nay, the letter—

Eliz. I have a friend, who was once exceeding fair.

They tell me she is wan and chang'd now.

Poor thing! she broke the heart of him she loved: And she did love so well—as I love thee! *[Weeps.]*

Leis. My poor Bess! do not tell it now.

Eliz. I must tell it thee. Well, she was wedded, A simple child, with childhood's vacant heart. The days wore on; the night succeeded day; And she did loathe him in her very soul, And loathed herself to such vile bondage held. Shé left him!

Leis. The tale should not be in thy mouth, sweet wife.

Eliz. She did not love another—

Leis. Had she not felt the stirring of a life Within her own? small, pleading, upward hands, Or piping voice steal to a mother's heart?

Eliz. Oh, never, never! I did know her well. She would have died sooner than leave her child To stranger hands; nay, more than this, had lived— In bitterness had cherished life for it; Not all the deadening miseries that wait On constrained love—not all the tortures fe't By th' recoiling nerve and shrinking sense— Not all the blight and famine of the soul Had moved her to forget a mother's love.

Leis. 'T is a sad tale, Bess; think no more of it.

Eliz. This is not all. Years passed, and she did love—

Leis. Talk no more of her; we can but pity.

Eliz. *(drawing back.)* This is not all: she buried up the past;

She loved and was beloved, and held the secret still.

Leis. She was infamously perjured.

Eliz. She married him she loved—

Leis. No more of the vile adul'tress!

Eliz. Leisler, Leisler, I am that woman!

Leis. *(tenderly.)* Alas! she has gone mad!— My fond wife!

Eliz. Would to God it were madness, but 'tis true!

[LEISLER staggers to one side; she throws herself at his feet.]

Oh, I have killed thee—killed thee! Speak to me, Curse me—stab me to the heart—but look not thus! See here! *[Opens her bosom.]* To die by thy hand were joy indeed;

I'll kiss the dagger's point, and kiss thy hand—

And forfeit heaven itself, if, ere I die,

Thou wilt but smile and kiss me once again!

There are in this tragedy several scenes of great power, among which are that in which Elizabeth poisons her child, and that in which she discovers herself to the husband whom she had abandoned, to plead for the life of the husband by whom she has herself been cast off, abhorred and contemned.

The prose writings of Mrs. Oakes-Smith—for the most part printed in magazines and other miscellanies—are characterized by qualities similar to those which mark her poetry. Her most elaborate performances are *The Western Captive*, a novel, published in 1842, and her last work, recently issued by Putnam, with illustrations by Darley, entitled *The Salamander, a Legend for Christmas*, purporting to be by "Ernest Helfenstein," a name under which she has frequently written.

The great and peculiar merits of Mrs. Oakes-Smith are so fully illustrated in what has been remarked in the preceding pages, and in the liberal extracts that are here given from her works, that little remains to be added upon the subject. In the drama, in the sonnet, and in miscellaneous poems of imagination and fancy, she has vindicated her right to a place among the first poets of her sex.

THE ACORN.

LONG years ago, when our headlands broke

The silent wave below,
And bird-song then the morn awoke
Where towers a city now;
When the red man saw on every cliff,
Half seen and half in shade,
A tiny form, or a pearly skiff,
That sought the forest glade—

An acorn fell from an old oak-tree,
And lay on the frosty ground:
"Oh, what shall the fate of the acorn be?"
Was whispered all around,

By low-toned voices, chiming sweet,
Like a floweret's bell when swung—
And grasshopper steeds were gathering fleet,
And the beetle's hoofs unprung;

For the woodland Fays came sweeping past
In the pale autumnal ray,
Where the forest-leaves were falling fast,
And the acorn quivering lay;
They came to tell what its fate should be,
Though life was unrevealed;
For life is a holy mystery,
Where'er it is concealed.

They came with gifts that should life bestow:
The dew and the living air—
The bane that should work it deadly wo—
The little men had there.

In the gray moss-cup was the mildew brought,
The worm in a rose-leaf rolled,
And many things with destruction fraught,
That its doom were quickly told.

But it needed not; for a blessed fate
Was the acorn's meant to be:
The spirits of earth should its birth-time wait,
And watch o'er its destiny.

TO HIM OF THE SHELL was the task assigned
To bury the acorn deep,
Away from the frost and searching wind,
When they through the forest sweep.

'T was a dainty sight, the small thing's toil,
As, bowed beneath the spade,
He balanced his gossamer wings the while
To peep in the pit he made.

A thimble's depth it was scarcely deep,
When the spade aside he threw,
And rolled the acorn away to sleep
In the bush of dropping dew.

The spring-time came with its fresh, warm air,
And gush of woodland song;
The dew came down, and the rain was there,
And the sunshine rested long:

Then softly the black earth turned aside,
The old leaf arching o'er,
And up, where the last year's leaf was dried,
Came the acorn-shell once more.

With coiled stem, and a pale-green hue,
It looked but a feeble thing;

Then deeply its root abroad it threw,
Its strength from the earth to bring.

The woodland sprites are gathering round,
Rejoiced that the task is done—

That another life from the noisome ground
Is up to the pleasant sun.

The young child passed with a careless tread,
And the germ had well nigh crushed;
But a spider, launched on her airy thread,
'The cheek of the stripling brushed.

He little knew, as he started back,
How the acorn's fate was hung
On the very point in the spider's track
Where the web on his cheek was flung.

The autumn came—it stood alone,
And bowed as the wind passed by—
The wind that uttered its dirgelike moan
In the old oak sere and dry;
The hollow branches creaked and swayed,
But they bent not to the blast,
For the stout oak-tree, where centuries played,
Was sturdy to the last.

But the sapling had no strength as yet
Such peril to abide,
And a thousand guards were round it set
To evil turn aside.

A hunter boy beheld the shoot,
And an idle prompting grew
To sever the stalk from the spreading root,
And his knife at once he drew.

His hand was stayed; he knew not why:
'T was a presence breathed around—

A pleading from the deep-blue sky,
And up from the teeming ground.
It told of the care that had lavished been
In sunshine and in dew—

Of the many things that had wrought a screen
When peril around it grew.

It told of the oak that once had bowed,
As feeble a thing to see;
But now, when the storm was raging loud,
It wrestled mightily.

There's a deeper thought on the hunter's brow,
A new love at his heart;
And he ponders much, as with footsteps slow
He turns him to depart.

Up grew the twig, with a vigor bold,
In the shape of the parent tree,
And the old oak knew that his doom was told,
When the sapling sprang so free.

Then the fierce winds came, and they raging tore
The hollow limbs away;
And the damp moss crept from the earthy floor
Round the trunk, timeworn and gray.

The young oak grew, and proudly grew,
For its roots were deep and strong;
And a shadow broad on the earth it threw,
And the sunshine lingered long

On its glossy leaf, where the flickering light
Was flung to the evening sky;
And the wild bird sought to its airy height,
And taught her young to fly.

In acorn-time came the truant boy,
With a wild and eager look,
And he marked the tree with a wondering joy,
As the wind the great limbs shook.

He looked where the moss on the north side grew,
The gnarled arms outspread,
The solemn shadow the huge tree threw,
As it towered above his head :

And vague-like fears the boy surround,
In the shadow of that tree ;
So growing up from the darksome ground,
Like a giant mystery.
His heart beats quick to the squirrel's tread
On the withered leaf and dry,
And he lifts not up his awe-struck head
As the eddying wind sweeps by.

All regally the stout oak stood,
In its vigor and its pride ;
A monarch owned in the solemn wood,
With a sceptre spreading wide—
No more in the wintry blast to bow,
Or rock in the summer breeze ;
But draped in green, or starlike snow,
Reign king of the forest trees.

A thousand years it firmly grew,
A thousand blasts defied ;
And, mighty in strength, its broad arms threw
A shadow dense and wide.
Change came to the mighty things of earth—
Old empires passed away ;
Of the generations that had birth,
O Death ! where, where are they ?

Yet fresh and green the brave oak stood,
Nor dreamed it of decay,
Though a thousand times in the autumn wood
Its leaves on the pale earth lay.
It grew where the rocks were bursting out
From the thin and heaving soil—
Where the ocean's roar and the sailor's shout
Were mingled in wild turmoil ;

Where the far-off sound of the restless deep
Came up with a booming swell ;
And the white foam dashed to the rocky steep,
But it loved the tumult well.
Then its huge limbs creaked in the midnight air,
And joined in the rude uproar ;
For it loved the storm and the lightning's glare,
And the wave-lashed iron shore.

The bleaching bones of the sea-bird's prey
Were heaped on the rocks below ;
And the bald-head eagle, fierce and gray,
Looked off from its topmost bough.
Where the shadow lay on the quiet wave
The light boat often swung,
And the stout ship, saved from the ocean-grave,
Her cable round it flung.

A sound comes down in the forest trees,
And echoing from the hill ;
It floats far off on the summer breeze,
And the shore resounds it shrill.
Lo ! the monarch tree no more shall stand
Like a watchtower of the main—
A giant mark of a giant land
That may not come again.

The stout old oak !—'T was a worthy tree.
And the builder marked it out ;

He smiled its angled limbs to see,
As he measured the trunk about.
Already to him was a gallant bark
Careering the rolling deep,
And in sunshine, calm, or tempest dark,
Her way she will proudly keep.

The chisel clicks, and the hammer rings,
The merry jest goes round ;
While he who longest and loudest sings
Is the stoutest workman found.
With jointed rib and trunnelled plank
The work goes gayly on,
And light-spoke oaths, when the glass they drank,
Are heard till the task is done.

She sits on the stocks, the skeleton ship,
With her oaken ribs all bare,
And the child looks up with parted lip,
As it gathers fuel there :
With brimless hat, the barefoot boy
Looks round with strange amaze,
And dreams of a sailor's life of joy
Are mingling in that gaze.

With graceful waist and carvings brave
The trim hull waits the sea—
She proudly stoops to the crested wave,
While round go the cheerings three.
Her prow swells up from the yesty deep,
Where it plunged in foam and spray :
And the glad waves gathering round her sweep
And buoy her in their play.

Thou wert nobly reared, O heart of oak !
In the sound of the ocean roar,
Where the surging wave o'er the rough rock broke,
And bellowed along the shore :
And how wilt thou in the storm rejoice,
With the wind through spar and shroud,
To hear a sound like the forest voice,
When the blast was raging loud !

With snow-white sail, and streamer gay,
She sits like an ocean-sprite,
Careering on her trackless way,
In sunshine or midnight :
Her course is laid with fearless skill,
For brave hearts man the helm ;
And the joyous winds her canvass fill :
Shall the wave the stout ship whirl ?

On, on she goes, where icebergs roll,
Like floating cities by ;
Where meteors flash by the northern pole,
And the merry dancers fly ;
Where the glittering light is backward flung
From icy tower and dome,
And the frozen shrouds are gayly hung
With gems from the ocean foam.
On the Birman sea was her shadow cast,
As it lay like molten gold,
And her pendent shroud and towering mast
Seemed twice on the waters told.
The idle canvass slowly swung
As the spicy breeze went by,
And strange, rare music around her rung
From the palm-tree growing nigh

On, gallant ship, thou didst bear with thee
 The gay and the breaking heart,
 And weeping eyes looked out to see
 Thy white-spread sails depart.
 And when the rattling casement told
 Of many a perilled ship,
 The anxious wife her babes would fold,
 And pray with trembling lip.
 The petrel wheeled in her stormy flight,—
 The wind piped shrill and high;
 On the topmast sat a pale-blue light,
 That flickered not to the eye:
 The black cloud came like a banner down,
 And down came the shrieking blast;
 The quivering ship on her beams is thrown,
 And gone are helm and mast!
 Helmless, but on before the gale,
 She ploughs the deep-troughed wave:
 A gurgling sound—a phrensied wail—
 And the ship hath found a grave!
 And thus is the fate of the acorn told,
 That fell from the old oak-tree,
 And HE OF THE SHELL in the frosty mould
 Preserved for its destiny.

◆◆◆
 THE DROWNED MARINER.

A MARINER sat on the shrouds one night,
 The wind was piping free;
 Now bright, now dimmed was the moonlight pale,
 And the phosphor gleamed in the wake of the whale,
 As he floundered in the sea;
 The scud was flying athwart the sky,
 The gathering winds went whistling by,
 And the wave as it towered, then fell in spray,
 Looked an emerald wall in the moonlight ray.
 The mariner swayed and rocked on the mast,
 But the tumult pleased him well;
 Down the yawning wave his eye he cast,
 And the monsters watched as they hurried past,
 Or lightly rose and fell;
 For their broad, damp fins were under the tide,
 And they lashed as they passed the vessel's side,
 And their filmy eyes, all huge and grim,
 Glared fiercely up, and they glared at him.
 Now freshens the gale, and the brave ship goes
 Like an uncurbed steed along,
 A sheet of flame is the spray she throws,
 As her gallant prow the water ploughs—
 But the ship is fleet and strong:
 The topsails are reefed and the sails are furled,
 And onward she sweeps o'er the watery world,
 And dippeth her spars in the surging flood;
 But there came no chill to the mariner's blood.
 Wildly she rocks, but he swingeth at ease,
 And holds him by the shroud;
 And as she careens to the crowding breeze,
 The gaping deep the mariner sees,
 And the surging heareth loud.
 Was that a face, looking up at him,
 With its pallid cheek and its cold eyes dim?
 Did it beckon him down? did it call his name?
 Now rolleth the ship the way whence it came.

The mariner looked, and he saw with dread,
 A face he knew too well;
 And the cold eyes g'ared, the eyes of the dead,
 And its long hair out on the wave was spread,
 Was there a tale to tell?
 The stout ship rocked with a reeling speed,
 And the mariner groaned, as well he need,
 For ever down, as she plunged on her side,
 The dead face gleamed from the briny tide.
 Bethink thee, mariner, well of the past,
 A voice calls loud for thee—
 There's a stifled prayer, the first, the last,
 The plunging ship on her beam is cast,
 Oh, where shall thy burial be?
 Bethink thee of oaths that were lightly spoken,
 Bethink thee of vows that were lightly broken,
 Bethink thee of all that is dear to thee—
 For thou art alone on the raging sea:
 Alone in the dark, alone on the wave,
 To buffet the storm alone—
 To struggle aghast at thy watery grave,
 To struggle, and feel there is none to save—
 God shield thee, helpless one!
 The stout limbs yield, for their strength is past,
 The trembling hands on the deep are cast,
 The white brow gleams a moment more,
 Then slowly sinks—the struggle is o'er.
 Down, down where the storm is hushed to sleep,
 Where the sea its dirge shall swell,
 Where the amber drops for thee shall weep,
 And the rose-lipped shell her music keep,
 There thou shalt s'umber well.
 The gem and the pearl lie heaped at thy side,
 They fell from the neck of the beautiful bride,
 From the strong man's hand, from the maiden's brow,
 As they slowly sunk to the wave below.
 A peopled home is the ocean-bed,
 The mother and child are there—
 The fervent youth and the hoary head,
 The maid, with her floating locks outspread,
 The babe with its silken hair,
 As the water moveth they lightly sway,
 And the tranquil lights on their features play;
 And there is each cherished and beautiful form,
 Away from decay, and away from the storm.

◆◆◆
 TO THE HUDSON.

OH, river! gently as a wayward child
 I saw thee mid the moonlight hills at rest;
 Capricious thing, with thine own beauty wild,
 How didst thou still the throbbings of thy breast!
 Rude headlands were about thee, stooping round,
 As if amid the hills to hold thy stay;
 But thou didst hear the far-off ocean sound,
 Inviting thee from hill and vale away,
 To mingle thy deep waters with its own;
 And, at that voice, thy steps did onward glide,
 Onward from echoing hill and valley lone.
 Like thine, oh, be my course—nor turned aside,
 While listing to the soundings of a land,
 That like the ocean call invites me to its strand.

SONNETS.

I. POESY.

WITH no fond, sickly thirst for fame, I kneel
 O goddess of the high-born art, to thee;
 Not unto thee with semblance of a zeal
 I come, O pure and heaven-eyed Poesy!
 Thou art to me a spirit and a love,
 Felt ever from the time when first the earth,
 In its green beauty, and the sky above
 Informed my soul with joy too deep for mirth.
 I was a child of thine before my tongue
 Could lip its infant utterance unto thee,
 And now, albeit from my harp are flung
 Discordant numbers, and the song may be
 That which I would not, yet I know that thou
 The offering wilt not spurn, while thus to thee I bow.

II. THE BARD.

IT can not be, the baffled heart, in vain,
 May seek, amid the crowd, its throbs to hide;
 Ten thousand other kindred pangs may bide,
 Yet not the less will our own griefs complain.
 Chained to our rock, the vulture's gory stain
 And tearing beak is every moment rife,
 Renewing pangs that end but with our life.
 Thence bursteth forth the gushing voice of song,
 The soul's deep anguish thence an utterance finds,
 Appealing to all hearts: and human minds
 Bow down in awe: thence doth the Bard belong
 Unto all times: the laurel steeped in wrong
 Unsought is his: his soul demanded bread, [stead.
 And ye, charmed with the voice, gave but a stone in-

III. AN INCIDENT.

A SIMPLE thing, yet chancing as it did,
 When life was bright with its illusive dreams,
 A pledge and promise seemed beneath it hid;
 The ocean lay before me, tinged with beams
 That lingering draped the west, a wavering stir,
 And at my feet down fell a worn, gray quill;
 An eagle, high above the darkling fir,
 With steady flight, seemed there to take his fill
 Of that pure ether breathed by him alone.
 O noble bird! why didst thou loose for me
 Thy eagle plume? still unessayed, unknown
 Must be that pathway fearless winged by thee;
 I ask it not, no lofty flight be mine,
 I would not soar like thee, in loneliness to pine!

IV. THE UNATTAINED.

AND is this life? and are we born for this?
 To follow phantoms that elude the grasp,
 Or whatsoever secured, within our clasp,
 To withering lie, as if each earth'y kiss [meet.
 Were doomed Death's shuddering touch alone to
 O Life! hast thou reserved no cup of bliss?
 Must still the UNATTAINED beguile our feet?
 The UNATTAINED with yearnings fill the breast,
 That rob, for aye, the spirit of its rest?
 Yes, this is Life; and everywhere we meet,
 Not victor crowns, but wailings of defeat;
 Yet faint thou not, thou dost apply a test
 That shall incite thee onward, upward still,
 The present can not sate nor e'er thy spirit fill.

V. THE WIFE.

ALL day, like some sweet bird, content to sing
 In its small cage, she moveth to and fro—
 And ever and anon will upward spring
 To her sweet lips, fresh from the fount below,
 The murmured melody of pleasant thought,
 Unconscious uttered, gentle-toned and low.
 Light household duties, evermore invrought
 With placid fancies of one trusting heart
 That lives but in her smile, and turns
 From life's cold seeming and the busy mart,
 With tenderness, that heavenward ever yearns
 To be refreshed where one pure a'tar burns.
 Shut out from hence, the mockery of life, [wife.
 Thus liveth she content, the meek, fond, trusting

VI. RELIGION.

ALONE, yet not alone, the heart doth brood
 With a sad fondness o'er its hidden grief;
 Broods with a miser's joy, wherein relief
 Comes with a semblance of its own quaint mood.
 How many hearts this point of life have passed!
 And some a train of light behind have cast,
 To show us what hath been, and what may be;
 That thus have suffered all the wise and good,
 Thus wept and prayed, thus struggled and were free.
 So doth the pilot, trackless through the deep,
 Unswerving by the stars his reckoning keep,
 He moves a highway not untried before,
 And thence he courage gains, and joy doth reap,
 Unfaltering lays his course, and leaves behind the
 shore.

VII. THE DREAM.

I DREAMED last night, that I myself did lay
 Within the grave, and after stood and wept,
 My spirit sorrowed where its ashes slept!
 'T was a strange dream, and yet methinks it may
 Prefigure that which is akin to truth.
 How sorrow we o'er perished dreams of youth,
 High hopes and aspirations doomed to be
 Crushed and o'er-mastered by earth's destiny!
 Fame, that the spirit loathing turns to ruth—
 And that deluding faith so loath to part,
 That earth will shrine for us one kindred heart!
 Oh, 'tis the ashes of such things that wring
 Tears from the eyes—hopes like to these depart,
 And we bow down in dread, o'er-shadowed by
 Death's wing!

VIII. WAXFARERS.

EARTH careth for her own—the fox lies down
 In her warm bosom, and it asks no more.
 The bird, content, broods in its lowly nest,
 Or its fine essence stirred, with wing outflown,
 Circles in airy rounds to heaven's own door,
 And folds again its plume upon her breast,
 Ye, too, for whom her palaces arise,
 Whose Tyrian vestments sweep the kindred ground,
 Whose golden chalice Ivy-Bacchus dies,
 She, kindly Mother, liveth in your eyes,
 And no strange anguish may your lives astound.
 But ye, O pale lone watchers for the true,
 She knoweth not. In Her ye have not found
 Place for your stricken head, wet with the mi-
 night dew.

IX. HELOISE TO ABELARD.

MUST I not love thee? when the heart would leap
 With all its stirring pulses unto thee,
 Must it be stayed!—is not the spirit free?
 Can human bonds or bars its essence keep?
 Or drugs and banes hold love in deathful sleep?
 Love thee I must—yet I content will be,
 Like the pale victim, who, on bended knee,
 Presents the chalice which his blood must steep,
 And prostrate on the altar falls to die:
 So let me kneel—a guiltless votary sink—
 Prayer on my lip, and love within my heart:
 Thus from these willing eyes recede the sky—
 Thus let these sighs my ebbing life-blood drink,
 May I but love thee still, but feel how dear thou art!

X. HELOISE TO ABELARD, (CONTINUED.)

WHY shouldst thou hold thy tenderness aside
 From all thy lavishment of other gifts?
 As if thou wouldst resort to means and shifts,
 Thy dearest, noblest attribute to hide
 From her, thy soul's sequestered, nun-made bride?
 Thou hast enshrined her, like the star that drifts
 Alone in space—the worshipper who lifts
 His adoration, stayeth not the tide [thou?
 Of his full heart—ah! wherefore then shouldst
 We do our natures unto those attune,
 Most prodigal of greatness—and we feel
 That they do us with nobleness endow,
 As did the lavish moon Endymion: [ous zeal?
 Then wherefore starve the heart with thrift of jeal-

XI. DESPONDENCY.

WHEN thou didst leave me Hope, why didst thou
 In place of thy sweet presence, leave Despair, [not,
 With her grim visage and disordered hair?
 The past, the future, then had been forgot—
 The soul, concentrated on its blasted lot,
 Had rested mute and desolate of care—
 Had ceased to question where its treasures were,
 And roamed no more the melancholy spot:
 But now, too much remembering of the past;
 So huge the weight of gloom around me spread,
 That I, like one within a charnel cast,
 Hear but the dirges ringing for the dead—
 Feel all the pangs of life, and thought, and breath,
 Yet walk I all the time with hand in hand of Death.

XII. LOVE.

THERE may be death or peril—grief and shame—
 Cold, hollow human bonds; and stony walls,
 And stonier hearts; and solemn backwood calls,
 Heard in the midnight silence, when our name
 Comes to the startled ear in cadenced blame:
 Friends may fall, as the dried leaf in autumn falls:
 We, in blanched moonlight stand, in desolate ha'ls,
 Hearing dead branches grate the window frame,
 Under the pressure of the winter wind—
 Yet Love will dare all these, and more: ah! more—
 Outlive the chang'd look, wrench back despair,
 And in his dim, deserted chambers find
 The wherewithal to comfort—to restore— [there.
 God's manna find left by Archangel footprints

XIII. "LOOK NOT BEHIND THEE."

MESEEMED, as I did walk a crystal wall,
 Translucent in the hue of rosy morn,
 And saw Eurydice, from Orpheus torn,
 Lift her white brow from out its heavy pall,
 With sweet lips echoing his melodious call,
 And following him, love-led and music-borne,
 A sharp and broken cry—and she was gone:
 Thou fairest grief—thou saddest type of all
 Our sorrowing kind, oh, lost Eurydice!
 Thy deathful cry thrilled in mine every vein,
 When Orpheus turned him back, thus losing thee:
 His broken lute and melancholy plain
 All time prolongs—the still unceasing flow
 Of unavailing grief and a regretful wo.

XIV. CHARITY, IN DESPAIR OF JUSTICE.

OUTWEARIED with the littleness and spite—
 The falsehood and the treachery of men,
 I cried, "Give me but justice"—thinking then
 I meekly craved a common boon, which might
 Most easily be granted:—soon the light
 Of deeper truth grew on my wandering ken,
 (Escaped the baneful damps of stagnant fen.)
 And then I saw that, in my pride bedight,
 I claimed from weak-eyed man the gift of Heaven:
 God's own great vested right!—and I grew calm,
 With folded hands, like stone to Patience given,
 And pityings of meek love-distilling balm—
 And now I wait in hopeful trust to be
 All known to God, and ask of man sweet charity

XV. THE GREAT AIM.

EARTH beareth many pangs of guilt and wrong,
 Hunger, and chains, and nakedness, all cry
 From out the ground to Him whose searching eye
 Sees blood, like slinking serpents, steal along
 The dusty way, rank grass, and flowers among
 His the dread voice, "Where is thy brother?" Why
 Sit we here, weaving our common griefs to song,
 When that eternal call forth bids us fly
 From self, and wake to human good!—the near,
 The humble it may be, yet God-appointed:
 If greatly girded, go—unknowing fear—
 With solemn trust, thou missioned and anointed.
 Oh, glorious task! made free from petty strife,
 Thy Truth become an Act—thy Aspiration, Life.

XVI. MIDNIGHT.

AFAR in this deep dell, by the seashore,
 So, resteth all things from the summer heat,
 That I the Naiads hear from limber feet
 Let fall the crystal as in days of yore:
 Old sea-gods lean upon the rock, and pour
 The waves adown; the light-winged zephyrs greet
 The tittering nymphs, that from their green retreat
 With pearl-shell's play and listen to their roar:
 Endymion sure on yonder headland sleeps,
 Where Dian's veil floats out a silver sheen—
 And large-eyed Pan amid the lotus peeps,
 Where gleams an ivory arm the leaves between.
 Nor stirs a restless hoof, lest his big heart,
 O'erfilled with love, should slumbering Echo start.

XVII. JEALOUSY.

ALAS! for he who loves too oft may be
 Like one who hath a precious treasure sealed,
 Whereto another hath obtained the key:
 And he, poor soul! who there his all concealed,
 Lives blindly on, nor knows that mite by mite
 It dwindleth from his grasp; or if a thought
 That something hath been lost his mind affright,
 He puts it by as evil fancy wrought.
 Yet will there sometimes come a ghostly dread,
 From which the soul recoils; but he *will* sleep—
 Ay, sleep—and when he wakes, all, all is fled.
 Thus we may “garner up” our hearts, and keep
 A more than human trust, and yet be left
 Deprived of all—of hope, of faith, of love bereft!

ECCE HOMO.

THE WORSHIP AND THE WAY.

WHERE the great woods their dusky shadows spread,
 Where the cold mountain-top in silence stood—
 What time the stars hung darkling overhead,
 Or came the red sun forth a beaming god,
 There, dimly groping, yet for truth athirst,
 Before the heavenly hosts in worship first,
 Ecce Homo!

The sylvan god hid in the rude, worn stone,
 The fire with wreaths of smoke to heaven ascending
 From out the consecrated dell, are gone;
 The Parsee on the mount no more is bending,
 But in a shapey temple, with the rites
 Of priest, and victim, and the burning lights,
 Ecce Homo!

Ah, struggling soul! crushed and impeded, yet
 In form alone thou couldst not rest content;
 These were but symbols: thou couldst not forget
 Truth dwells within the veil, which must be rent;
 And once again, mid earthquakes, doubt, and dread,
 And darkness o'er the earth, and o'er all worship
 spread—
 Ecce Homo!

Where hath the lowly been, to point the path
 To all the strugglers for the good and true?
 In peril and in scorn from earthborn wrath,
 His locks all covered with the midnight dew—
 The sweat of blood, the agony, the prayer—
 Oh, dark Gethsemane, behold him there!
 Ecce Homo!

Wayworn with toil, and sorrowful of heart,
 Amid earth's multitude despised and poor,
 Who, save their trust in God, have little art—
 Their strength the strength that teaches to endure:
 To comfort such, and in the outcast's ear
 Great words to whisper of consoling cheer—
 Ecce Homo!

Where is the Priest, and where the altar now?
 Where is the reeking blood, and victim slain?
 Tranquil is upward raised a heavenly brow—
 “Do this in love until I come again”—
 And mystic wine poured forth, and lowly bread,
 Earth's best and common gifts before him spread,
 Ecce Homo!

Not as the martyr dies—with the great stamp
 Of Truth upon his brow, him to uphold;
 But o'er the suffering forehead, cold and damp,

The record of imposture three times told—
 The outcast and the felon side by side—
 “Without the walls,” where all men may deride—
 Ecce Homo!

Thou fainting bearer of the thorn and cross,
 Despised, rejected of thy brother here—
 Sighing for lack of bread—the wayside moss
 Thine only pillow—cast aside thy fear!
 Fill up thy human heart unto the brim—
 Let the thorn pierce thee, as it pierced Him—
 Ecce Homo!

ODE TO SAPPHO.

BRIGHT, glowing Sappho! child of love and song!
 Adown the blueness of long-distant years
 Beams forth thy glorious shape, and steal along
 Thy melting tones, beguiling us to tears.
 Thou priestess of great hearts,
 Thrilled with the secret fire
 By which a god imparts
 The anguish of desire—

For meaner souls be mean content—
 Thine was a higher element.

Over Leucadia's rock thou leanest yet,
 With thy wild song, and a'! thy locks outspread;
 The stars are in thine eyes, the moon hath set—
 The night dew falls upon thy radiant head;

And thy resounding lyre—
 Ah! not so wildly sway:

Thy soulful lips inspire

And steal our hearts away!

Swanlike and beautiful, thy dirge

Still moans along the Ægean surge.

No unrequited love filled thy lone heart,
 But thine infinitude did on thee weigh,
 And all the wildness of despair impart,
 Stealing the down from Hope's own wing away.

Couldst thou not suffer on,

Bearing the direful pang,

While thy melodious tone

Through wondering cities rang?

Couldst thou not bear thy godlike grief?

In godlike utterance find relief?

Devotion, fervor, might upon thee wait:

But what were these to thine? all cold and chill,

And left thy burning heart but desolate;

Thy wondrous beauty with despair might fill

The worshipper who bent

Entranced at thy feet:

Too affluent the lower lent

Where song and beauty meet!

Consumed by a Promethean fire

Wert thou, O daughter of the lyre!

Alone, above Leucadia's wave art thou,

Most beautiful, most gifted, yet alone!

Ah! what to thee the crown from Pindar's brow?

What the loud plaudit and the garlands thrown

By the enraptured throng,

When thou in matchless grace

Didst move with lyre and song,

And monarchs gave thee place!

What hast thou left, proud one? what token?

Alas! a lyre and heart—both broken!

LOVE DEAD.

The lady sent him an image of Cupid, one wing veiling his face. He was pleased thereat, thinking it to be Love sleeping, and betokened the tenderness of the sentiment. He looked again, and saw it was Love dead, and laid upon his bier.

THIS morn with trembling I awoke,
Just as the dawn my slumber broke :
Flapping came a heavy wing sounding pinions o'er
my head,
Beating down the blessed air with a weight of chil-
ling dread ;
Felt I then the presence of a doom
That an Evil occupied the room :
And I dared not round the bower,
Chilly in the grayish dawning—
Dared not face the evil power,
With its voice of inward warning.
Vain with weakness we may palter—
Vainly may the fond heart falter :
Came there then upon my soul, dropping down
like leaden weight,
Burning pang or freezing pang, which I know not,
't was so great !
Life hath its moments black unnumbered,
I knew not if mine eyes had slumbered,
Yet I little thought such pain
Ever to have known again :
Love dies, too, when Faith is dead—
Yesternight Faith perished !
I knew that Love could never change—
That Love should die seems yet more strange ;
Lifting up the downy veil, screening Love within
my heart,
Beating there as beat my pulse, moving like my-
self a part—
I had kept him cherished there so deep,
Heart-rocked kept him in his balmy sleep,
That till now I never knew
How his fibres round me grew—
Could not know how deep the sorrow
Where Hope bringeth no to-morrow.
I struggled, knowing we must part ;
I grieved to lift him from my heart :
Grieving much and struggling much, forth I brought
him sorrowing ;
Drooping hung his fainting head, all adown his
dainty wing !
Shrieked I with a wild and dark surprise,
For I saw the marble in Love's eyes ;
Yet I hoped his soul would wait
As he oft had waited there,
Hovering, though at heaven's gate—
Could he leave me to despair ?
Unfolded they the crystal door,
Where Love shall languish never more.
Weeping Love, thy days are o'er. Lo ! I lay thee
on thy bier,
Wiping thus from thy dead cheek every vestige of
a tear.
Love has perished : hist, hist, how they tell,
Beating pulse of mine, his funeral knell !
Love is dead—ay, dead and gone !
Why should I be living on ?—
Why be in this chamber sitting,
With but phantoms round me flitting ?

STANZAS.

I PASS before them cold and lone ;
I ask no smile, I claim no tear ;
And like some chiselled form of stone,
Doomed none save mocking words to hear.
To meet no eyes with Love's own ray,
No touch that might the life-pulse wake,
No tone emotion to betray,
No self forgotten for its sake !
So pass they all, and it is well !
I would not such should read the mind
Where hidden tenderness may dwell,
Like gem in icy cave confined ;
I would not every eye should read
What one alone should ever know—
One, only one, by Fate decreed
To bid these icy fetters flow !
They deem that changeful, struggling still,
For that nor time nor earth can give ;
Mised by Fancy's aimless will,
I in the cold ideal live.
Oh, it is well !—thence holier far
Is all I cherish thus apart—
Pure as the brightness of a star,
Deep as the fountains of the heart !

ENDURANCE.

"She turned to him sorrowfully, saying, 'Thou art free!' Then first did he feel how deep is the bondage of love."

I HAVE loosed every bond from thy uneasy heart,
Have given thee back every pledge that was dear ;
I have bidden thee go, yet thou wilt not depart—
I have prompted away, yet still thou art here.
I knew that thy freedom would be but in vain,
Thy bondage the same, though absent the token :
The chain may be reft, yet the scar will remain ;
The weight will be felt, though the links are all
broken.
I shed not a tear when I bade thee depart—
My lip curled with pride, but nothing with scorn ;
If the pang or the aching were felt at the heart,
Thou couldst not divine that it nourished the
thorn.
I dreamed not of comfort, I prayed not for bliss ;
In loving I knew was the wreck of my life :
In silence I bowed and asked but for this—
Thou ever the same in my darkness and strife !
The prayer hath been mocked, it is well that we part ;
Yet it grieves me a will so unfettered as thine
Should wrestle in vain with the bonds of the heart,
A captive unwilling in jesses of mine.
I would send thee away with fetterless wing,
With eye that nor dimness nor sorrow hath known ;
The free airs of heaven around thee should sing,
And I bear the shaft and the anguish alone.
I have learned to endure, I have hugged my despair,
I scourge back the madness that else would invade ;
On my brain falls the drop after drop, yet I bear,
Lest thou shouldst discover the wreck thou hast
made !

MINISTERING SPIRITS.

WHITE-WINGED angels meet the child
 On the vestibule of life,
 And they offer to his lips
 All that cup of mingled strife—
 Mingled drops of smiles and tears,
 Human hopes, and human fears,
 Joy and sorrow, love and wo,
 Which the future heart must know.
 Sad the smile the spirits wear,
 Sad the fanning of their wings,
 As in their exceeding love
 Each a cup of promise brings:
 In the coming strife and care,
 They have promised to be there;
 Bowed by weariness or grief,
 They will minister relief.
 Lady, could the infant look
 In that deep and bitter cup,
 All its hidden perils know,
 Would it quaff life's waters up?
 Lady, yes—for in the vase
 Upward beams an angel face;
 Deep and anguished though the sigh,
 There is comfort lurking nigh—
 Times of joy, and times of wo,
 Each an angel-presence know.

THE RECALL, OR SOUL MELODY.

NOR dulcimer nor harp shall breathe
 Their melody for me;
 Within my secret soul be wrought
 A holier minstrelsy!
 Descend into thy depths, oh soul!
 And every sense in me control.
 Thou hast no voice for outward mirth,
 Whose purer strains arise
 From those that steal from crystal gates,
 The hymnings of the skies;
 And well may earth's cold jarrings cease,
 When such have soothed thee unto peace.
 Within thy secret chamber rest,
 And back each sense recall,
 That seeketh mid the tranquil stars
 Where melody shall fall;
 Call home the wanderer from the vale,
 From mountain and the moonlight pale.
 Within the leafy wood, the sound
 Of dropping rain may ring,
 Which, rolling from the trembling leaf,
 Falls on the sparrow's wing;
 And music round the waking flower
 May breathe in every star-lit bower:
 Yet, come away! nor stay to hear
 The breathings of a voice
 Whose subtle tones awake a thrill
 To make thee to rejoice,
 And vibrate on the listening ear
 Too deep, too earnest—ah, too dear.
 Yes, come away, and inward turn
 Each thought and every sense,

For sorrow lingers from without—
 Thou canst not charm it thence;
 But a' attuned the soul may be,
 Unto a deathless melody.

THE WATER.

How beautiful the water is!
 Didst ever think of it,
 When down it tumbles from the skies,
 As in a merry fit?
 It jostles, ringing as it falls,
 On a' that's in its way—
 I hear it dancing on the roof,
 Like some wild thing at play.
 'Tis rushing now adown the spout,
 And gushing out below,
 Half frantic in its joyousness,
 And wild in eager flow.
 The earth is dried and parched with heat,
 And it hath longed to be
 Released from out the selfish cloud,
 To cool the thirsty tree.
 It washes, rather rudely too,
 The flow'rets simple grace,
 As if to chide the pretty thing
 For dust upon its face:
 It showers the tree till every leaf
 Is free from dust or stain,
 Then waits till leaf and branch are stilled,
 And showers them o'er again.
 Drop after drop is tinkling down,
 To kiss the stirring brook,
 The water dimples from beneath
 With its own joyous look:
 And then the kindred drops embrace,
 And singing on they go,
 To dance beneath the willow tree,
 And glad the vale below.
 How beautiful the water is!
 It loves to come at night,
 To make us wonder in the moru
 To find the earth so bright—
 To see a youthful gloss is spread
 On every shrub and tree,
 And flowerets breathing on the air
 Their odors pure and free.
 A dainty thing the water is—
 It loves the blossom's cup,
 To nestle mid the odors there,
 And fill the petal's up;
 It hangs its gems on every leaf,
 Like diamonds in the sun;
 And then the water wins the smile
 The floweret should have won.
 How beautiful the water is!
 To me 'tis wondrous fair—
 No spot can ever lonely be,
 If water sparkle there;
 It hath a thousand tongues of mirth,
 Of grandeur, or delight,
 And every heart is gladder made
 When water greets the sight

THE BROOK.

"Whither away, thou merry Brook,
Whither away so fast,
With dainty feet through the meadow green,
And a smile as you hurry past?"
The Brook leaped on in idle mirth,
And dimpled with saucy glee;
The daisy kissed in lovingness,
And made with the willow free.

I heard its laugh adown the glen,
And over the rocky steep,
Away where the old tree's roots were bare
In the waters dark and deep;
The sunshine flashed upon its face,
And played with flickering leaf—
Well pleased to dally in its path,
Though the tarrying were brief.

"Now stay thy feet, oh restless one,
Where droops the spreading tree,
And let thy liquid voice reveal
Thy story unto me."
The flashing pebbles lightly rung,
As the gushing music fell,
The chiming music of the brook,
From out the woody dell.

"My mountain home was bleak and high,
A rugged spot and drear,
With searching wind and raging storm,
And moonlight cold and clear.
I longed for a greeting cheery as mune,
For a fond and answering look
But none were in that solitude
To bless the little brook.

"The blended hum of pleasant sounds
Came up from the vale below,
And I wished that mine were a lowly lot,
To lapse, and sing as I go;
That gentle things, with loving eyes,
Along my path should glide,
And blossoms in their loveliness
Come nestling to my side.

"I leaped me down: my rainbow robe
Hung shivering to the sight,
And the thrill of freedom gave to me
New impulse of delight.
A joyous welcome the sunshine gave,
The bird and the swaying tree;
The spear-like grass and blossom start
With joy at sight of me.

"The swallow comes with its bit of clay,
When the busy Spring is here,
And twittering bears the moistened gift
A nest on the eaves to rear;
The twinkling feet of flock and herd
Have trodden a path to me,
And the fox and the squirrel come to drink
In the shade of the alder-tree.

"The sunnournt child, with its rounded foot
Comes hither with me to play,
And I feel the thrill of his lightsome heart
As he dashes the merry spray.

I turn the mill with answering glee,
As the merry spokes go round,
And the gray rock takes the echo up,
Rejoicing in the sound.

"The old man bathes his scattered locks,
And drops me a silent tear—
For he sees a wrinkled, careworn face
Look up from the waters clear.
Then I sing in his ear the very song
He heard in years gone by;
The old man's heart is glad again,
And a joy lights up his eye."

Enough, enough, thou homily brook!
I'll treasure thy teachings well,
And I will yield a heart-felt tear
Thy crystal drops to swell;
Will bear like thee a kindly love
For the lowly things of earth,
Remembering still that high and pure
Is the home of the spirit's birth.

THE COUNTRY MAIDEN.

I had rather have one kisse,
Child waters of thy mouth,
Than I would have Cheshire and Lanca-shire bothe
That lye by north and south.—*Old Ballad.*

I CAME to thee in workday dress
And hair but plainly kempt,
For life is not all holyday,
From toil and care exempt;

I met thee oft with glowing cheek—
Thus love its tale will tell;
Though oft its after paleness told
Of hidden grief as well.

Mine eyes that drooped beneath thy glance
To hide their sense of bliss,
Let fall too oft the tears that tell
Of secret tenderness.

I sought for no bewildering lure
Thy senses to beguile,
But checked the woman-playfulness,
The witching tone and smile.

With househo'd look and househo'd word,
And frank as maidens meet,
I dared with earnest, homely truth,
Thy manliness to greet.

For oh! so much of truth was mine,
So much of love beside,
I wished in simple maidenhood
To be thy chosen bride.

Alas! the russet robe no more
Of humble life may tell,
And thou dost say the velvet gear
Becomes my beauty well.

'Twas thy dear hand upon my brow
That bound each sparkling gem,
But dearer far its slightest touch
Than all the wealth of them.

Oh! tell me not of gorgeous robes,
Nor bind the jewel there;

And tell me not with those cold eyes
That I am wondrous fair.
I will not chide, I will not blame,
And yet the thought is here,
The thought so fraught with bitterness—
It yieldeth me no tear.
I gave thee tenderness too deep—
Too deep for aught but tears;
And thou wouldst teach the world's cold rule,
Which learned, the heart but seres.
I gave thee all the soul's deep trust—
Its truth by sorrow tried;
Nay, start not thou! what hast thou given?
Alas! 'tis but thy pride.
Give back, give back the tenderness
That blessed my simple love,
And call me, as in those dear days,
Thine own, thy gentle dove!

◆

THE APRIL RAIN.

THE April rain—the April rain—
I hear the pleasant sound;
Now soft and still, like little dew,
Now drenching all the ground.
Pray tell me why an April shower
Is pleasanter to see
Than falling drops of other rain?
I'm sure it is to me.
I wonder if 'tis really so—
Or only hope the while,
That tells of swelling buds and flowers,
And Summer's coming smile.
Whate'er it is, the April shower
Makes me a child again;
I feel a rush of youthful blood
Come with the April rain.
And sure, were I a little bulb
Within the darksome ground,
I should love to hear the April rain
So gently falling round;
Or any tiny flower were I,
By Nature swaddled up,
How pleasantly the April shower
Would bathe my hidden cup!
The small brown seed, that rattled down
On the cold autumnal earth,
Is bursting from its cerements forth,
Rejoicing in its birth.
The slender spears of pale green grass
Are smiling in the light,
The clover opens its folded leaves
As if it felt delight.
The robin sings on the leafless tree,
And upward turns his eye,
As loving much to see the drops
Come filtering from the sky;
No doubt he longs the bright green leaves
About his home to see,
And feel the swaying summer winds
Play in the full-robbed tree.

The cottage door is open wide,
And cheerful sounds are heard,
The young girl sings at the merry wheel
A song like the wilding bird;
The creeping child by the old, worn sill
Peers out with winking eye,
And his ringlets rubs with chubby hand,
As the drops come pattering by.
With bounding heart beneath the sky,
The truant boy is out,
And hoop and ball are darting by
With many a merry shout.
Ay, sport away, ye joyous throng—
For yours is the April day;
I love to see your spirits dance
In your pure and healthful play.

◆

ATHEISM.

FAITH.

BEWARE of doubt—faith is the subtle chain
Which binds us to the Infinite: the voice
Of a deep life within, that will remain
Until we crowd it thence. We may rejoice
With an exceeding joy, and make our life,
Ay, this external life, become a part
Of that which is within, o'erwrought and rife
With faith, that childlike blessedness of heart.
The order and the harmony inborn
With a perpetual hymning crown our way,
Till callousness, and selfishness, and scorn,
Shall pass as clouds where scatheless lightnings
Cling to thy faith—'t is higher than the thought
That questions of thy faith, the cold external doubt.

REASON.

THE Infinite speaks in our silent hearts,
And draws our being to himself, as deep
Calletth unto deep. He, who all thought imparts,
Demands the pledge, the bond of soul to keep;
But reason, wandering from its fount afar,
And stooping downward, breaks the subtle chain
That binds it to itself, like star to star,
And sun to sun, upward to God again:
Doubt, once confirmed, tells the dead spirit's knell,
And man is but a clod of earth, to die
Like the poor beast that in his shambles fell—
More miserable doom than that, to lie
In trembling torture, like believing ghosts, [Hosts.
Who, though divorced from good, bow to the Lord of

ANNIHILATION.

DOUBT, cypress crowned, upon a ruined arch
Amid the shapely temple overthrown,
Exultant, stays at length her onward march:
Her victim, all with earthliness o'ergrown,
Hath sunk himself to earth to perish there;
His thoughts are outward, all his love a blight,
Dying, deluding, are his hopes, though fair—
And death, the spirit's everlasting night.
Thus, midnight travellers, on some mountain steep,
Hear far above the avalanche boom down,
Starting the glacier echoes from their sleep,
And lost in glens to human foot unknown—
The death-plunge of the lost come to their ear,
And silence claims again her region cold and drear.

E. C. KINNEY.

THIS fine poet is the daughter of an old and respected merchant, Mr. David L. Dodge, who retired from business many years ago. She was born, and chiefly educated, in the city of New York, where most of her life has been passed, in the pursuit of favorite studies, and the intercourse of a large circle of friends. A few years ago she was married to Mr. William B. Kinney, of the Newark Daily Advertiser, one of the most able, accomplished, and honorable of the men who preserve to journalism its proper rank, in a republic, of the first of professions. With a modesty equal to her genius, and an adequate sense of their function, she never deemed herself of the company of poets. Possessing in a remarkable degree the "fatal facility," she has written verse from childhood, but never with any of the usual incentives, except the desire of utterance, and the gratification of friends. The Spirit of Song, one of her latest pieces, is but a simple expression of her habitual feelings on the subject. The idea

of publication always brought a sense of constraint, and her early improvisations, produced under this embarrassment, for the Knickerbocker, Graham's Magazine, and other periodicals, at "Cedar Brook," her father's country residence, in the vicinity of Newark, appeared under the name of Stedman. One of her friends, whose opportunities to know are as great as his acknowledged sagacity of criticism to judge, observes, in a letter to me, that "decidedly the most free, salient, and characteristic effusions of her buoyant spirit, have been thrown off, *currente calamo*, in correspondence and intercourse with her friends."

It will gratify the reader, who can appreciate the delicacy and strength and melodious cadences, of the illustrations of her abilities that are here quoted, to learn that Mrs. Kinney is turning her attention more and more to composition, and that she is meditating an elaborate poem, which will serve as the just measure of her powers.

TO THE EAGLE.

IMPERIAL bird! that soarest to the sky, [way—
Cleaving through clouds and storms thine upward
Or, fixing steadfastly that dauntless eye,
Dost face the great, effulgent god of day!
Proud monarch of the feathery tribes of air!
My soul exulting marks thy bold career,
Up, through the azure fields, to regions fair,
Where bathed in light thy pinions disappear.

Thou with the gods upon Olympus dwelt,
The emblem and the favorite bird of Jove—
And godlike power in thy broad wings hast felt
Since first they spread o'er land and sea to rove:
From Ida's top the Thunderer's piercing sight
Flashed on the hosts which Ilium did defy;
So from thy eyry on the beetling height
Shoot down the lightning-glances of thine eye!

From his Olympian throne Jove stooped to earth
For ends inglorious in the god of gods!
Leaving the beauty of celestial birth,
To rob Humanity's less fair abodes:
Oh, passion more rapacious than divine,
That stole the peace of innocence away!
So, when descend those tireless wings of thine,
They stoop to make defencelessness their prey.

Lo! where thou comest from the realms afar!
Thy strong wings whirl like some huge bellows'
breath;

Swift falls thy fiery eyeball, like a star,
And dark thy shadow as the pall of death!
But thou hast marked a tall and reverend tree,
And now thy talons clinch yon leafless limb;
Before thee stretch the sandy shore and sea,
And sails, like ghosts, move in the distance dim.

Fair is the scene! Yet thy voracious eye
Drinks not its beauty; but with bloody glare
Watches the wild fowl idly floating by,
Or snow-white sea-gull winnowing the air:
Oh, pitiless is thine unerring beak!
Quick as the wings of Thought thy pinions fall—
Then bear their victim to the mountain-peak
Where clamorous eaglets flutter at thy call.

Seaward again thou turn'st to chase the storm
Where winds and waters furiously roar!
Above the doom'd ship thy boding form
Is coming Fate's dark shadow cast before!
The billows that engulf man's sturdy frame
As sport to thy careering pinions seem;
And though to silence sinks the sailor's name,
His end is told in thy relentless scream.

Where the great cataract sends up to heaven
 Its sprayey incense in perpetual cloud,
 Thy wings in twain the sacred bow have riven,
 And onward sailed irreverently proud.
 Unflinching bird! no frigid clime congeals
 The fervid blood that riots in thy veins;
 No torrid sun thine upborne nature feels—
 The north, the south, alike are thy domains.

Emblem of all that can endure or dare,
 Art thou, bold eagle, in thy hardihood!
 Emblem of Freedom, when thou cleav' 'st the air—
 Emblem of Tyranny, when bathed in blood!
 Thou wert the genius of Rome's sanguine wars:
 Heroes have fought and freely bled for thee;
 And here, above our glorious "stripes and stars,"
 We hail thy signal wings of Liberty!

The poet sees in thee a type sublime
 Of his far-reaching, high-aspiring art!
 His fancy seeks with thee each starry clime,
 And thou art on the signet of his heart.
 Be still the symbol of a spirit free,
 Imperial bird! to unborn ages given—
 And to my soul, that it may soar like thee,
 Steadfastly looking in the eye of Heaven!

◆
 ODE: TO THE MOON.

MYRIADS have sung thy praise,
 Fair Dian, virgin goddess of the skies!
 And myriads will raise
 Their songs, while time yet onward flies,
 To thee, chaste prompter of the lover's sighs,
 And of the minstrel's lays;
 But still exhaustless as a theme
 Shall be thy name
 While lives immortal Fame—
 As when, to people the first poet's dream,
 Thy inspiration came.

None ever lived, or loved,
 Who hath not thine oblivious influence felt—
 As if a silver veil hid outward things,
 While some bright spirit's wings
 Mysteriously moved
 The world of fancies that within him dwelt.
 Regent of height, what is this charm in thee,
 That sways the human soul, like potent witchery?

When first the infant learns to look on high—
 While twilight's drapery his heart appals—
 Thy full-orbed presence captivates his eye;
 Or when, mid shadows grim upon the walls,
 Are sent thy pallid rays,
 'Tis awe his bosom fills,
 And trembling joy that thrills
 His tiny frame, and fastens his young gaze:
 Thy spell is on that heart,
 And childhood may depart,
 But it shall gather strength with youthful days;
 For oft as thou, capricious moon,
 Shalt wax and wane,
 He—now perchance a lovesick swain—
 Will watch thee at night's stilly noon,
 Pouring his passion in an amorous strain:

Or, with the mistress of his soul,
 Lighted by thy love-whispering beams,
 In some secluded garden stroll,
 Bewildered in ambrosial dreams;
 Nor once suspect, while his full pulses move, [love.
 That thou, whom tides obey, mayst turn the tide of

The watcher on the deep,
 Though weary be his eye,
 Forgets even downy sleep,
 When thou art in the sky;
 For with thine image on the silvery sea,
 A thousand forms of memory
 Whirl in a mazy dance;
 And when he upward looks to thee,
 In thy far-reaching glance
 There is a sacred bond of sympathy
 'Twixt sea and land;
 Yes, on his native strand
 That glance awakens kindred souls
 To kindred thought;
 And though the deep between them rolls,
 Hearts are together brought;
 While tears that fall from eyes at home,
 And those that wet the sailor's cheek,
 From the same holy fountains come,
 The same emotion speak.

The watcher on the land,
 Who holds the burning hand
 Of one whom scorching fever wastes,
 Beholds thee, orient Moon,
 With reddened face expanded, in the east,
 Till superstition chills his breast,
 While tremulous he hastes
 To draw the curtains as thou journeyest on;
 But when the far-spent night
 Is streaked with dawning light,
 Again, to look on thee,
 He lifts the drapery,
 And hope divine now triumphs over fear,
 As in the zenith far,
 A pale, small orb thou dost appear,
 While eastward rises morn's resplendent star;
 And Fancy sees the parting soul ascend
 Where thy mild glories with the azure blend.
 Even on the face of Death thou lookest calm,
 Fair Dian, as when watchful thou didst keep
 Love's holy vigils o'er Endymion's sleep,
 Drinking the breath of youth's perpetual balm:
 Thy beams are kissing now
 The icy brow
 Of many a youth in slumber deep,
 Who can not yield to thee
 The incense of Love's perfumed breath—
 For no response gives death.
 Ah, 'tis a fearful thing to see
 Thy lustre shine
 Upon "the human face divine,"
 From which the spark Promethean has fled!
 As when, oh, melancholy Moon,
 Thy light is shed
 Upon the marble cold
 Of that famed ruin old—
 The grand but silent Parthenon.
 Dian, enchantress of all hearts!

While mine in song now worships thee,
From thy far-reaching bow the silver darts
Fall thick and fast on me.

Oh, beautiful in light and shade
By thee is this fair landscape made!
Gems sparkle on the river's breast,
Now covered by an icy vest;
Upon the frozen hills

A regal glory shines,
And all the scene, as Fancy wills,
Shifts into new designs:

Yet night is still as Death's unbroken realms,
And solemnly thy beams, wan orb, are cast
Through the arched branches of these reverend elms,
As though they through the gothic windows past
Of some old abbey or cathedral vast.

In awe my spirit kneels,
And seems before a hallowed shrine;
Yet not the majesty of art it feels,
But Nature's law divine—

The presence of her mighty Architect,
Who piled these pyramidal hills sublime,
That still, fair Moon, thy radiance will reflect,
And still defy the crumbling touch of Time;
Who built this temple of gigantic trees,
Where Nature's worshippers repair
To pray the heart's unuttered prayer—
That veiled thought which the Omniscient sees.

Oh, I could muse, and still adore
Religious Night, and thee, her queen!
Till golden Phœbus should restore
His splendor to the scene:

But natural laws thy motions sway,
And these must guide the poet's will;
Thus, while the soul may tireless stray,
This actual life must weary still:

Then oh, inspirer of my song!
As close these eyes upon thy beams,
Watching amid thy starry throng,
Be thou the goddess of my dreams.

THE SPIRIT OF SONG.

ETERNAL Fame! thy great rewards,
Throughout all time, shall be
The right of those old master bards
Of Greece and Italy;
And of fair Albion's favored isle,
Where Poesy's celestial smile
Hath shone for ages, gilding bright
Her rocky cliffs and ancient towers,
And cheering this New World of ours
With a reflected light.

Yet, though there be no path untrod
By that immortal race—
Who walked with Nature as with God,
And saw her face to face—
No living truth by them unsung,
No thought that hath not found a tongue
In some strong lyre of olden time—
Must every tuneful lute be still
That may not give the world a thrill
Of their great harp sublime?
Oh, not while beating hearts rejoice
In music's simplest tone,

And hear in Nature's every voice
An echo to their own!
Not till these scorn the little rill
That runs rejoicing from the hill,
Or the soft, melancholy glide
Of some deep stream through glen and glade
Because 'tis not the thunder made
By ocean's heaving tide!

The hallowed lilies of the field
In glory are arrayed,
And timid, blue-eyed violets yield
Their fragrance to the shade;
Nor do the wayside flowers conceal
Those modest charms that sometimes steal
Upon the weary traveller's eyes
Like angels, spreading for his feet
A carpet, filled with odors sweet,
And decked with heavenly dyes.

Thus let the affluent soul of Song—
That all with flowers adorns—

Strew life's uneven path along,
And hide its thousand thorns:
Oh, many a sad and weary heart,
That treads a noiseless way apart,
Has blessed the humble poet's name
For fellowship, refined and free,
In meek wild-flowers of poesy,
That asked no higher fame!

And pleasant as the waterfall
To one by deserts bound,
Making the air all musical
With cool, inviting sound—
Is oft some unpretending strain
Of rural song, to him whose brain
Is fevered in the sordid strife
That Avarice breeds 'twixt man and man,
While moving on, in caravan,
Across the sands of Life.

Yet not for these alone he sings:
The poet's breast is stirred
As by the spirit that takes wings
And carols in the bird!
He thinks not of a future name,
Nor whence his inspiration came,
Nor whither goes his warbled song:
As Joy itself delights in joy,
His soul finds life in its employ,
And grows by utterance strong.

THE QUAKERESS BRIDE.

(AN EXTRACT.)

THE building was humble, yet sacred to One
Who heeds the deep worship that utters no tone;
Whose presence is not to the temple confined,
But dwells with the contrite and lowly of mind.
'T was there all unveiled, save by modesty, stood
The Quakeress bride in her pure satin hood;
Her charms unadorned by the garland or gem,
Yet fair as the lily just plucked from its stem.
A tear glistened bright in her dark, shaded eye,
And her bosom half uttered a tremulous sigh,
As the hand she had pledged was confidingly given,
And the low-murmured accents recorded in heaven.

SONNETS.

I. CULTIVATION.

WEEDS grow unasked, and even some sweet flowers
 Spontaneous give their fragrance to the air,
 And bloom on hills, in vales, and everywhere—
 As shines the sun, or fall the summer showers—
 But wither while our lips pronounce them fair!
 Flowers of more worth repay alone the care,
 The nurture, and the hopes, of watchful hours;
 While plants most cultured have most lasting pow-
 So, flowers of genius that will longest live, [ers.
 Spring not in Mind's uncultivated soil,
 But are the birth of time, and mental toil,
 And all the culture Learning's hand can give:
 Fancies like wild flowers, in a night may grow;
 But thoughts are plants whose stately growth is slow.

II. ENCOURAGEMENT.

WHEN first peeps out from earth the modest vine,
 Asking but little space to live and grow,
 How easily some step, without design,
 May crush the being from a thing so low!
 But let the hand that doth delight to show
 Support to feebleness, the tendril twine
 Around some lattice-work, and 't will bestow
 Its thanks in fragrance, and with blossoms shine:
 And thus, when Genius first puts forth its shoot,
 So timid, that it scarce dare ask to live—
 The tender germ, if trodden under foot,
 Shrinks back again to its undying root;
 While kindly training bids it upward strive,
 And to the future flowers immortal give.

III. FADING AUTUMN.

TH' autumnal glories all have passed away!
 The forest leaves no more in hectic red
 Give glowing tokens of their brief decay,
 But scattered lie, or rustle to the tread,
 Like whisper'd warnings from the mouldering dead.
 The naked trees stretch out their arms all day,
 And each bald hilltop lifts its reverend head
 As if for some new covering to pray.
 Come Winter, then, and spread thy robe of white
 Above the desolation of this scene,
 And when the sun with gems shall make it bright,
 Or, when its snowy folds by midnight's queen
 Are silvered o'er with a serener light,
 We'll cease to sigh for Summer's living green.

IV. A WINTER NIGHT.

How calm, how solemn, how sublime the scene!
 The moon in full-orbed glory sails above,
 And stars in myriads around her move;
 Each looking down with watchful eye serene
 On earth, which in a snowy shroud arrayed,
 And still, as in a dreamless sleep 'twere laid,
 Saddens the spirit with its deathlike mien:
 Yet doth it charm the eye—its gaze still hold;
 Just as the face of one we loved, when cold,
 And pale, and lovely e'en in death, 'tis seen,
 Will fix the mourner's eye, though trembling fears
 Fill all his soul, and frequent fall his tears.
 Oh, I could watch, till morn shou'd change the sight,
 'Tis cold this beautiful, this mournful winter night.

V. TO THE GREEK SLAVE.

BEAUTIFUL model of creative art!
 My spirit feels the reverence for thee,
 That felt the ancients for a deity:
 And did the sculptor shape thee, part by part,
 Fair, as if whole from Genius' mighty heart
 Thou 'dst sprung, like Venus from the foaming sea!
 Ah! not for show, in a disgraceful mart,
 Is that calm look of conscious purity;
 Nor should unhallowed eye presume to steal
 A sensual glance, where holy minds would kneel,
 As to some goddess in her virgin youth.
 But who could shame in thy pure presence feel,
 Save those who, false themselves, must shrink, for-
 From the mild lustre of unadorned truth? [sooth,

VI. TO ARABELLA.

THERE is a pathos in those azure eyes,
 Touching, and beautiful, and strange, fair child!
 When the fringed lids upturn, such radiance mild
 Beams out as in some brimming lakelet lies,
 Which undisturbed reflects the cloudless skies:
 No tokens glitter there of passion wild,
 That into ecstasy with time shall rise;
 But in the deep of those clear orbs are signs—
 Which Poesy's prophetic eye divines—
 Of woman's love, enduring, undefiled!
 If, like the lake at rest, through life we see
 Thy face reflect the heaven that in it shines,
 No idol to thy worshippers thou'lt be,
 For he will worship Heaven who worships thee.

THE WOODMAN.

HE shoulders his axe for the woods, and away
 Hies over the fields at the dawn of the day,
 And merrily whistles some tune as he goes,
 So heartily trudging along through the snows.
 His dog scents his track, and pursues to a mark,
 Now sending afar the shrill tones of his bark—
 Then answering the echo that comes back again
 Through the clear air of morn, over valley and plain.
 And now in the forest the woodman doth stand:
 His eye marks the victims to fall by his hand,
 While true to its aim is the ready axe found, [sound
 And quick do its blows through the woodland re-
 The proud tree low bendeth its vigorous form, [storm:
 Whose freshness and strength have braved many a
 And the sturdy oak shakes that never trembled before
 Though the years of its glory outnumber threescore.
 They fall side by side—just as man in his prime
 Lies down with the locks that are whitened by time:
 The trees which are felled into ashes will burn,
 As man, by Death's blow, unto dust must return.
 But twilight approaches: the woodman and dog
 Come plodding together through snowdrift and bog,
 The axe, again shouldered, its day's work hath done;
 The woodman is hungry—the dog wants his bone.
 Oh, home is then sweet, and the evening repast!
 But the brow of the woodman with thought is o'er
 He is conning a truth to be tested by all— [cast
 That man, like the trees of the forest, must fall.

ELIZABETH F. ELLET.

(Born 1818).

Mrs. ELLET's father was Dr. William A. Lummis, a pupil and friend of Dr. Benjamin Rush, whom in person he strikingly resembled. He resided several years in Woodbury, New Jersey; but afterward, giving up the practice of his profession, removed to Sodus Bay, on Lake Ontario, in the state of New York, where he purchased lands and spent his fortune in improving them. He died many years ago, eminently respected for his abilities and honorable character. His second wife, the mother of Mrs. Ellet, was Sarah Maxwell, a daughter of John Maxwell, a revolutionary officer, and niece of General William Maxwell, who served in the army with distinction from Braddock's campaign until near the close of the war of independence, when an unjust system of promotions induced him with many others to surrender his commission.

Miss Lummis was married, when about seventeen years of age, to Dr. William H. Ellet, then professor of chymistry in Columbia College, in New York, and since one of the professors in the college at Columbia, in South Carolina, where she resided several years.

Mrs. Ellet began to write for the magazines in 1833, and in the following year appeared her translation of *Euphemia of Messina*, by Silvio Pellico. In the spring of 1835 her tragedy of *Teresa Contarini* was successfully represented in New York and in some of the western cities. It is founded on Nicolini's *Antonio Foscarini*, which illustrates one of the darkest periods in Venetian history, when the decrees of the senate and the judgments of the inquisitors were made most subservient to private purposes. The play is of the classic school, and it is too deficient in action to retain a place upon the stage. In the autumn of the same year she published in Philadelphia a volume entitled *Poems, Translated and Original*.

From this period until it ceased to be published, Mrs. Ellet was a frequent contributor to the *American Quarterly Review*, for which she wrote papers on *Italian Tragedy*, *The*

Italian Lyric Poets, *Lamartine's Poems*, *Hugo's Dramas*, *The Troubadours*, *Andreini's Adam*, (the work which suggested to Milton the idea of his *Paradise Lost*,) &c.

In 1841 she published *The Characters of Schiller*, an analysis and criticism of the principal persons in Schiller's plays, with translated extracts, and an essay on Schiller's genius. Her next work was *Joanna of Sicily*, a series of passages in the life of the queen of Naples, a blending of fact and fiction, with a coloring of the manners of the middle ages. This was followed by *Country Rambles*, a volume designed for juvenile readers, and descriptive of scenery in various parts of the United States.

The last production of Mrs. Ellet, *The Women of the American Revolution*, in two volumes, was published in New York in the autumn of 1848. Her object was to illustrate the action and influence of her sex in the achievement of our national independence; to exhibit something of the character and feeling of our heroic age, in the domestic side of the picture; and with the assistance of a few gentlemen more familiar than herself with our public and domestic experience, she has made a valuable and interesting work.

From time to time Mrs. Ellet has also published papers in the *North American Review*, the *Southern Quarterly Review*, and several of the monthly magazines, upon many subjects of literature, art, and history, which evince considerable scholarship and literary dexterity.

The poems of Mrs. Ellet do not perhaps evince much of the inspiration of genius, nor have they the freshness which distinguishes much verse that is very inferior in execution; but while we rarely perceive in them anything that is striking, they, as well as her prose works, are uniformly respectable. The most creditable illustrations of her abilities seem to be her translations from the French and Italian languages, in which she has occasionally been remarkably successful.

Mrs. Ellet now resides in New York

SUSQUEHANNAH.

SOFTLY the blended light of evening rests
 Upon thee, lovely stream! Thy gentle tide,
 Picturing the gorgeous beauty of the sky,
 Onward, unbroken by the ruffling wind,
 Majestically flows. Oh, by thy side,
 Far from the tumults and the throng of men,
 And the vain cares that vex poor human life,
 'T were happiness to dwell, alone with thee,
 And the wide, so'lemn grandeur of the scene.
 From thy green shores, the mountains that enclose
 In their vast sweep the beauties of the plain,
 Slowly receding, toward the skies ascend,
 Enrobed with clustering woods, o'er which the smile
 Of Autumn in his loveliness hath passed,
 Touching their foliage with his brilliant hues,
 And flinging o'er the lowliest leaf and shrub
 His golden livery. On the distant heights
 Soft clouds, earth-based, repose, and stretch afar
 Their burnished summits in the clear, blue heaven,
 Flooded with splendor, that the dazzled eye
 Turns drooping from the sight. Nature is here
 Like a throned sovereign, and thy voice doth tell,
 In music never silent, of her power.
 Nor are thy tones unanswered, where she builds
 Such monuments of regal sway. These wide,
 Untrodden forests eloquently speak,
 Whether the breath of summer stir their depths,
 Or the hoarse moaning of November's blast
 Strip from the boughs their covering. All the air
 Is now instinct with life. The merry hum
 Of the returning bee, and the blithe song
 Of fluttering bird, mocking the solitude,
 Swell upward; and the play of dashing streams
 From the green mountain-side is faintly heard.
 The wild swan swims the waters' azure breast
 With graceful sweep, or, startled, soars away,
 Cleaving with mounting wing the clear, bright air.

Oh, in the boasted lands beyond the deep,
 Where Beauty hath a birthright, where each mound
 And mouldering ruin tells of ages past—
 And every breeze, as with a spirit's tone,
 Doth waft the voices of Oblivion back,
 Waking the soul to lofty memories,
 Is there a scene whose loveliness could fill
 The heart with peace more pure? Nor yet art thou,
 Proud stream! without thy records—graven deep
 On yon eternal hills, which shall endure
 Long as their summits breast the wintry storm,
 Or smile in the warm sunshine. They have been
 The chroniclers of centuries gone by:
 Of a strange race, who trod perchance their sides,
 Ere these gray woods had sprouted from the earth
 Which now they shade. Here onward swept thy
 waves,

When tones now silent mingled with their sound,
 And the wide shore was vocal with the song
 Of hunter chief, or lover's gentle strain.
 Those passed away—forgotten as they passed;
 But holier recollections dwell with thee:
 Here hath immortal Freedom built her proud
 And solemn monuments. The mighty dust
 Of heroes in her cause of glory fallen,
 Hath mingled with the soil and hallowed it.
 Thy waters in their brilliant path have seen

The desperate strife that won a rescued world—
 The deeds of men who live in grateful hearts,
 And hymned their requiem. Far beyond this vale,
 That sends to heaven its incense of lone flowers,
 Gay village spires ascend—and the glad voice
 Of industry is heard. So in the lapse
 Of future years these ancient woods shall bow
 Beneath the levelling axe—and man's abodes
 Displace their sylvan honors. They will pass
 In turn away; yet, heedless of all change,
 Surviving all, thou still wilt murmur on,
 Lessening the fleeting race that look on thee
 To mark the wrecks of time, and read their doom.

LAKE ONTARIO.

DEEP thoughts o'ershade my spirit while I gaze
 Upon the blue depths of thy mighty breast;
 Thy glassy face is bright with sunset rays,
 And thy far-stretching waters are at rest,
 Save the small wave that on thy margin plays,
 Lifting to summer airs its flashing crest:
 While the fleet hues across thy surface driven,
 Mingle afar in the embrace of heaven.
 Thy smile is glorious when the morning's spring
 Gives half its glowing beauty to the deep;
 When the dusk swallow dips his drooping wing,
 And the gay winds that o'er thy bosom sweep
 Tribute from dewy woods and violets bring,
 Thy restless billows in their gifts to steep.
 Thou'rt beautiful when evening moonbeams shine,
 And the soft hour of night and stars is thine.
 Thou hast thy tempests, too; the lightning's home
 Is near thee, though unseen; thy peaceful shore,
 When storms have lashed these waters into foam,
 Echoes full of the pealing thunder's roar.
 Thou hast dark trophies: the unhonored tomb
 Of those now sought and wept on earth no more:
 Full many a goodly form, the loved and brave,
 Lies whelmed and still beneath thy sullen wave.
 The world was young with thee: this swelling flood
 As proudly swelled, as purely met the sky,
 When sound of life roused not the ancient wood,
 Save the wild eagle's scream, or panther's cry:
 Here on this verdant bank the savage stood,
 And shook his dart and battle-axe on high,
 While hues of slaughter tinged thy billows blue,
 As deeper and more close the conflict grew.
 Here, too, at early morn, the hunter's song
 Was heard from wooded isle and grassy glade
 And here, at eve, these clustered bowers among,
 The low, sweet carol of the Indian maid,
 Chiding the slumbering breeze and shadows long,
 That kept her lingering lover from the shade,
 While, scarcely seen, thy willing waters o'er,
 Sped the light bark that bore him to the shore.
 Those scenes are past. The spirit of changing years
 Has breathed on all around, save thee alone.
 More faintly the receding woodland hears
 Thy voice, once full and joyous as its own.
 Nations have gone from earth, nor trace appears
 To tell their tale—forgotten or unknown:
 Yet here, unchanged, untamed, thy waters lie,
 Azure, and clear, and boundless as the sky.

THE DELAWARE WATER-GAP.

OUR western land can boast no lovelier spot.
 The hills which in their ancient grandeur stand,
 Piled to the frowning clouds, the bulwarks seem
 Of this wild scene, resolved that none but Heaven
 Shall look upon its beauty. Round their breast
 A curtained fringe depends, of golden mist,
 Touched by the slanting sunbeams; while below
 The silent river, with majestic sweep,
 Pursues his shadowed way—his glassy face
 Unbroken, save when stoops the lone wild swan
 To float in pride, or dip his ruffled wing.
 Talk ye of solitude?—It is not here.
 Nor silence.—Low, deep murmurs are abroad.
 Those towering hills hold converse with the sky
 That smiles upon their summits; and the wind
 Which stirs their wooded sides, whispers of life,
 And bears the burden sweet from leaf to leaf,
 Bidding the stately forest-boughs look bright,
 And nod to greet his coming! And the brook,
 That with its silvery gleam comes leaping down
 From the hillside, has, too, a tale to tell;
 The wild bird's music mingles with its chime;
 And gay young flowers, that blossom in its path,
 Send forth their perfume as an added gift.
 The river utters, too, a solemn voice,
 And tells of deeds long past, in ages gone,
 When not a sound was heard along his shores,
 Save the wild tread of savage feet, or shriek
 Of some expiring captive—and no bark
 E'er cleft his gloomy waters. Now, his waves
 Are vocal often with the hunter's song;
 Now visit, in their glad and onward course,
 The abodes of happy men, gardens and fields,
 And cultured plains—still bearing, as they pass,
 Fertility renewed and fresh delights.

The time has been—so Indian legends say—
 When here the mighty Delaware poured not
 His ancient waters through, but turned aside
 Through yonder dell and washed those shaded vales.
 Then, too, these riven cliffs were one smooth hill,
 Which smiled in the warm sunbeams, and displayed
 The wealth of summer on its graceful slope.
 Thither the hunter-chieftains oft repaired
 To light their council-fires; while its dim height,
 For ever veiled in mist, no mortal dared,
 'T is said, to scale; save one white-haired old man,
 Who there held commune with the Indian's God,
 And thence brought down to men his high com-
 mands.

Years passed away: the gifted seer had lived
 Beyond life's natural term, and bent no more
 His weary limbs to seek the mountain's summit.
 New tribes had filled the land, of fiercer mien,
 Who strove against each other. Blood and death
 Filled those green shades where all before was peace,
 And the stern warrior scalped his dying captive
 E'en on the precincts of that holy spot [mourned
 Where the Great Spirit had been. Some few, who
 The unnatural slaughter, urged the agéd priest
 Again to seek the consecrated height,
 Succor from Heaven, and mercy to implore.
 They watched him from afar. He labored slowly
 High up the steep ascent, and vanished soon

Behind the folded clouds, which clustered dark
 As the last hues of sunset passed away.
 The night fell heavily; and soon were heard
 Low tones of thunder from the mountain-top,
 Muttering, and echoed from the distant hills
 In deep and solemn peal; while lurid flashes
 Of lightning rent anon the gathering gloom.
 Then, wilder and more loud, a fearful crash
 Burst on the startled ear: the earth, convulsed,
 Groaned from its solid centre; forests shook
 For leagues around; and, by the sudden gleam
 Which flung a fitful radiance on the spot,
 A sight of dread was seen. The mount was rent
 From top to base; and where so late had smiled
 Green boughs and blossoms, yawned a frightful
 chasm,

Filled with unnatural darkness. From afar
 The distant roar of waters then was heard:
 They came, with gathering sweep, o'erwhelming all
 That checked their headlong course; the rich maize
 The low-roofed hut, its sleeping inmates—all [field,
 Were swept in speedy, undistinguished ruin!
 Morn looked upon the desolated scene
 Of the Great Spirit's anger, and beheld
 Strange waters passing through the cloven rocks;
 And men looked on in silence and in fear,
 And far removed their dwellings from the spot,
 Where now no more the hunter chased his prey,
 Or the war-whoop was heard. Thus years went on:
 Each trace of desolation vanished fast;
 Those bare and blackened cliffs were overspread
 With fresh, green foliage, and the swelling earth
 Yielded her stores of flowers to deck their sides.
 The river passed majestically on
 Through his new channel; verdure graced his banks;
 The wild bird murmured sweetly as before
 In its beloved woods; and naught remained,
 Save the wild tales which hoary chieftains told,
 To mark the change celestial vengeance wrought.

EXTRACTS FROM TERESA CONTARINI.

INSENSIBILITY.

My heart is senseless. It is cold—cold—cold!
 Steeled in an apathy more deep than wo,
 Which even keen Thought can never pierce again.
 What nights of feverish unrest I've borne,
 What days of weeping and of bitterness,
 When I have schooled me to a mocking calmness,
 While my heart ached within! But all is past!
 My spirit is a waste o'er which hath raged
 The desolating fire, to leave its trace
 In blackened ruins. I can feel no more!
 Would that I could! I'd rather bear the gnawing
 Of anguish, than this dull, dead, frozen void,
 In which all sense is buried.

LOVE, IN YOUTH AND AGE.

How doth Youth
 Wear his soft yoke? More lightly than he wears
 The pageant plume, which every fickle wind
 Stirs at its will, to be thrown careless by,
 When he shall weary of its pride! To youth
 Love is the shallow rill that mocks the sunshine,
 Wasting its streng'h in idle foam away.

To age, the river, silent, broad, and deep—
Hiding the wealth of years within its breast—
Baffling the vain eye that would read its depths—
Broader and deeper growing, as the channel
Of life wears on!

—◆—
SODUS BAY.

I BLESS thee, native shore!
Thy woodlands gay, and waters sparkling clear!
'T is like a dream once more
The music of thy thousand waves to hear,
As, murmuring up the sand,
With kisses bright they lave the sloping land.
The gorgeous sun looks down,
Bathing thee gladly in his noontide ray;
And o'er thy headlands brown
With loving light the tints of evening play:
Thy whispering breezes fear
To break the calm so softly hallowed here.
Here, in her green domain,
The stamp of Nature's sovereignty is found;
With scarce disputed reign
She dwells in all the solitude around:
And here she loves to wear
The regal garb that suits a queen so fair.
Full oft my heart hath yearned
For thy sweet shades and vales of sunny rest;
Even as the swan returned,
Stoops to repose upon thy azure breast,
I greet each welcome spot
Forsaken long—but ne'er, ah, ne'er forgot.
'T was here that memory grew— [left;
T was here that childhood's hopes and cares were
Its early freshness, too—
Ere droops the soul, of her best joys bereft:
Where are they?—o'er the track
Of cold years, I would call the wanderers back!
They must be with thee still:
Thou art unchanged—as bright the sunbeams play:
From not a tree or hill
Hath time one hue of beauty snatched away
Unchanged alike should be
The blessed things so late resigned to thee.
Give back, oh, smiling deep,
The heart's fair sunshine, and the dreams of youth
That in thy bosom sleep—
Life's April innocence, and trustful truth!
The tones that breathed of yore
In thy lone murmurs, once again restore.
Where have they vanished all?—
Only the heedless winds in answer sigh;
Still rushing at thy call,
With reckless sweep the streamlet flashes by!
And idle as the air,
Or fleeting stream, my soul's insatiate prayer.
Home of sweet thoughts—farewell!
Where'er through changeable life my lot may be,
A deep and hallowed spell
Is on thy waters and thy woods for me:
Though vainly fancy craves
Its childhood with the music of thy waves.

O'ER THE WILD WASTE.

O'ER the wild waste where flowers of hope lay dead,
And wan rays struggled faintly through the gloom,
Like starbeams on the midnight waters shed—
Thou hast brought back the sunshine and the bloom
Like the free bird at heaven's blue portal singing,
Thy coming heralded the auspicious morn;
And golden songs, and airy shapes upspringing,
In answering joy from night's dark breast were born.
Thou art the flower, whence zephyrs' balm is stealing:
The fountain, sparkling in the smile of day:
The sunwrought iris, in the cloud revealing
More tints than on the radiant sunset play.
Blessings be with thee, oh, thou happy hearted!
For thoughts of beauty, fresh, and glad, and wild—
For visions of enchantment long departed,
Bright as when first they dawned on Fancy's child!
The Beautiful, that from life's sky had faded,
Fleet dream of joy—ere passed the morning ray,
Shines forth, by sorrow's wing no longer shaded,
And pours again a sunshine on my way.
No rainbow lustre to thy life's sweet dreaming,
No gifts like thine, alas! can she impart, [ing—
Whose trust, lone dove o'er darkened waters gleam—
Comes home to nestle in her pining heart!
Yet go thy way, blest evermore and blessing! [prayer:
Heaven scorns not, nor wilt thou, one deep heart's
And mine shall be, that earth's best joys possessing,
God's love may guard thee—his peculiar care!

—◆—
SONG.

COME, fill a pledge to sorrow,
The song of mirth is o'er,
And if there's sunshine in our hearts,
'T will light our theme the more:
And pledge we dull life's changes,
As round the swift hours pass—
Too kind were fate, if none but gems
Should sparkle in Time's glass.
The dregs and foam together
Unite to crown the cup,
And well we know the weal and wo
That fill life's chalice up!
Life's sickly revellers perish—
The goblet scarcely drained:
Then lightly quaff, nor lose the sweets
Which may not be retained.
What reck we that unequal
Its varying currents swell—
The tide that bears our pleasures down,
Buries our griefs as well;
And if the swift-winged tempest
Have crossed our changeable day,
The wind that tossed our bark has swept
Full many a cloud away.
Then grieve not that naught mortal
Endures through passing years:
Did life one changeless tenor keep,
'T were cause, indeed, for tears.
And fill we, ere our parting,
A mantling pledge to sorrow:
The pang that wrings the heart to-day
Time's touch will heal to-morrow!

THE OLD LOVE.

THE old love—the old love—
 It hath a master spell,
 And in its home—the human heart—
 It worketh strong and well :
 Ay, well and sure it worketh,
 And casteth out amain
 Intrusive shapes of evil—
 A sullen, spectral train :
 The serpent, Pride, is crested,
 And Hate hath lips of gall ;
 But the old love—the old love—
 'Tis stronger than them all !

Years, weary years have vanished,
 Lady, since whisperers wrought
 The work that Sundered you and me,
 With words that poison thought :
 Ah ! lasting is the sorrow
 Of a deep and hidden wound,
 When with the coming morrow
 No healing balm is found ;
 And easy 'tis with words to hide
 The stricken spirit's yearning,
 And wear a look of icy pride
 When the heart within is burning !
 Oh, 'tis a bitter, bitter thing,
 Beneath God's holy sky,
 To fill that sentient thing, the heart,
 With strife and enmity !
 Yea, wo to those who plant the seed
 That yieldeth naught but dole—
 To those who thus do murder
 God's image in the soul !
 Yet silently and softly
 The dews of mercy fall :
 And the old love—the old love—
 It triumphs over all.

It was but yestereven
 A vision light and free,
 From the old and happy dreamland,
 Came gliding down to me :
 A vision, lady, of the past,
 The cottage far away,
 Where you and I together
 Oft sat at close of day—
 Where you and I together
 Oft watched the starlit skies,
 And the soul of gentle kindness
 Beamed on me from your eyes :
 And there were gentle voices,
 Like some remembered song,
 And there were hovering shadows,
 A pale and beauteous throng !
 They seemed like blessed angels,
 Those kindly memories—
 That floated on their beaming wings,
 To steep the soul in peace !
 They smiled upon me softly,
 Though ne'er a word was spoke—
 And then the golden past came back,
 And then—my proud heart broke !

And, lady, from the vision
 I wistful rose to pray,
 That unto ruling love might be
 The victory alway :
 Oh, many are its cruel foes—
 A host well armed and strong,
 And that fair garnished chamber
 Hath been their dwelling long :
 But the old love—the old love—
 It hath a master spell,
 And in its home—the human heart—
 It worketh sure and well !

THE SEA-KINGS.

"They are rightly named sea-kings," says the author of the *Inglinga-saga*, "who never seek shelter under a roof, and never drain their drinking-horn at a cottage fire."

OUR realm is mighty Ocean,
 The broad and sea-green wave
 That ever hails our greeting gaze—
 Our dwelling-place and grave !
 For us the paths of glory lie
 Far on the swelling deep ;
 And, brothers to the Tempest,
 We shrink not at his sweep !
 Our music is the storm-blast
 In fierceness revelling nigh,
 When on our graven bucklers gleam
 His lightnings glancing by.
 Yet most the flash of war-steel keen
 Is welcome in our sight,
 When flies the startled foeman
 Before our falchions' light.
 We ask no peasant's shelter,
 We seek no noble's bowers ;
 Yet they must yield us tribute meet,
 For all they boast is ours.
 No castled prince his wide domain
 Dares from our yoke to free ;
 And, like mysterious Odin,
 We rule the land and sea !
 Rear high the blood-red banner !
 Its folds in triumph wave—
 And long unsullied may it stream
 The standard of the brave !
 Our swords outspeed the meteor's glance :
 The world their might shall know,
 So long as heaven shines o'er us,
 Or ocean roils below !

VENICE.

From afar
 The surgelike tone of multitudes, the hum
 Of glad, familiar voices, and the wild
 Faint music of the happy gondolier,
 Float up in blended murmurs. Queen of cities !
 Goddess of ocean ! with the beauty crowned
 Of Aphrodite from her parent deep !
 If thine Ausonian heaven denies the strength
 That nerves a mountain race of sterner mould.
 It gives thee charms whose very softness wins
 All hearts to worship !

SONNETS.

MARY MAGDALEN.

BLESSED, tho' grief and shame o'erflow thine eyes;
 Blessed, though scoffed at by the gazing crowd:
 He unto whom thou kneelst rebukes the proud,
 And bids thee now the child of Heaven arise.
 Hath he not said, that where the bramble grew
 The myrtle should come up? the sweet fir tree
 Replace the thorn, and grass abundantly
 Wave where the desert land no moisture knew?
 But see the bleak and lonely wilderness
 With fragrant roses, like a garden bloom—
 The perished tree revive, again to bless!
 See, fed with streams, the thirsty land rejoice—
 And hear the waste lift up its gladsome voice,
 "To taste his fruits, let my Belovéd come."

THE GOOD SHEPHERD.

SHEPHERD, with meek brow wreathed with blossoms
 sweet,

Who guardst thy timid flock with tenderest care,
 Who guid'st in sunny paths their wandering feet,
 And the young lambs dost in thy bosom bear;
 Who leadst thy happy flock to pastures fair,
 And by still waters at the noon of day—
 Charming with lute divine the silent air,
 What time they linger on the verdant way:
 Good Shepherd! might one gentle, distant strain
 Of that immortal melody sink deep
 Into my heart, and pierce its careless sleep,
 And melt by powerful love its sevenfold chain:
 Oh, then my soul thy voice should know, and flee
 To mingle with thy flock, and ever follow Thee!

OH, WEARY HEART.

OH, weary heart, there is a rest for thee!
 Oh truant heart, there is a blessed home—
 An isle of gladness on life's wayward sea,
 Where storms that vex the waters never come;
 There trees perennial yield their balmy shade,
 There flower-wreathed hills in sunlit beauty sleep,
 There meek streams murmur thro' the verdant glade,
 There heaven bends smiling o'er the placid deep.
 Winnowed by wings immortal that fair isle;
 Vocal its air with music from above:
 There meets the exile eye a welcoming smile;
 There ever speaks a summoning voice of love
 Unto the heavy-laden and distressed,
 "Come unto me, and I will give you rest."

"ABIDE WITH US."

"ABIDE with us! The evening hour draws on;
 And pleasant at the daylight's fading close
 The traveller's repose!
 And as at morn's approach the shades are gone,
 Thy words, oh, blesséd stranger, have dispelled
 The midnight gloom in which our souls were held.
 Sad were our souls, and quenched hope's latest ray,
 But thou to us hast words of comfort given
 Of Him who came from heaven!
 How burned our hearts within us on the way,
 While thou the sacred scripture didst unfold,
 And bad'st us trust the promise given of old.

Abide with us: let us not lose thee yet!
 Lest unto us the cloud of fear return,

When we are left to mourn
 That Israel's Hope—his better Sun—is set!
 Oh, teach us more of what we long to know,
 That new-born joy may chide our faithless wo."

Thus in their sorrow the disciples prayed,
 And knew not He was walking by their side

Who on the cross had died!
 But when he broke the consecrated bread,
 Then saw they who had deigned to bless their board,
 And in the stranger hailed their risen Lord.

"Abide with us!" Thus the believer prays,
 Compassed with doubt and bitterness and dread—

When, as life from the dead,
 The bow of mercy breaks upon his gaze:
 He trusts the word, yet fears lest from his heart
 He whose discourse is peace too soon depart.

Open, thou trembling one, the portal wide,
 And to the inmost chamber of thy breast

Take home the heavenly guest!
 He for the famished shall a feast provide—
 And thou shalt taste the bread of life, and see
 The Lord of angels come to sup with thee.

Belovéd—who for us with care hast sought—
 Say, shall we hear thy voice, and let thee wait

All night before the gate—
 Wet with the dews—nor greet thee as we ought!
 Oh, strike the fetters from the hand of pride,
 And, that we perish not, with us, O Lord, abide!

THE PERSECUTED.

Oh angel! thine be threefold bliss in heaven,
 For thou on this dark earth hast much forgiven.

It was a bitter pain
 That pierced her gentle heart;
 For barbed by malice was the dart,
 And sped with treachery's deadliest art,
 The shaft ne'er sped in vain.
 That trusting heart, so true,
 (For guile it never knew!)
 The tender heart, that ever clung
 Where its wild wreath of love was flung—
 The proud, high heart, that could have borne
 All, save that false, unrighteous scorn—

It writhed beneath the stroke
 Of that strange, cruel wrong:
 Yet not—not then it broke—
 For brave it was and strong!
 'T was like the startled dove,
 Scared from her woody nest—
 Her sheltered home of love,
 Deep in the mountain's breast:
 When first she mounts, the caverns ring
 To the wild flapping of her wing;
 But once aloft, she cleaves the light,
 And floats in calm, unruffled flight.
 Thus struggling o'er the wo to rise,
 The stricken, heart-distempered flies—
 Thus soars at last, its pain and peril o'er,
 Serene in tranquil pride, to fear the shaft no more

A DIRGE.*

HE is gone! Though mournfully
Comes the deep, heart-heavéd sigh,
Though your tears do fall like rain,
Though no outward sign could show
All the bosom's wordless wo—

All is in vain:
He, for whom ye, stricken, mourn,
He, the lost one, shall return
Never again!

To the grave in silence down,
To the sullen, rayless gloom
In the chambers of the tomb,
He now is gone!
With his trustful, generous truth,
In his guileless, joyous youth—
In his gentle constancy,
In his young heart's purity;
Wearing life's wreath blooming, bright,
That had known no touch of blight;
With the genius God had given,
In the very smile of Heaven;
Smiling all around, above him,
Knowing none who did not love him—
He hath passed away!

Ye who strove his flight to stay,
Well ye know that he you mourn
Never caused your hearts a pain,
Till he left you, to return
Never again!

Pass with measured pace and slow,
Hide the faces pale with wo;
Solemn music, sad and low,
Fill the hallowed aisle!
Let the the darkly-folded pall
Like a shadow o'er him fall—
Him—your joy e'erwhile;
Let the slowly sounding bell
Peal its deep-voiced, warning knell:
To the earth, with words of trust,
Then commit him—dust to dust!
Weep now for the lonely morrow,
For the hearthlight cold—

In your dark and silent sorrow,
Hearts with grief grown o'd:
Ye have trod the vintage dread,
Till no purple drops remain;
Till no more its wine is shed
Ye have drained the cup of pain.
And ye know, as years go on,
And are numbered one by one,
This same grief shall have its rest
In the worn and wounded breast;
Ye shall look and long in vain,
Following still in thought the track
He has passed, who will come back
Never again!

Friends of youth, too, he left,
When he departed:
They are weeping now, bereft—
They, the true hearted.

Desolate is now the place
Where so late they saw his face,
And a darkness seems to brood
On the sudden solitude.
Soon the places that of yore
Knew, shall know the lost no more;
Soon forgotten he shall be,
He who all so happy made
With his smile so light and free,
Bringing sunshine to the shade.
Ay, between those hearts and him
Lies a gulf so dark and dim,
Eyes of flesh look not upon
That strange distant shore,
Whither the lost friend is gone
To return no more!

Alas! 'tis even so:
Yet from that unknown land,
That house not made with mortal hand,
Can not the parted soul command
Some balm for earthly wo!

Blesséd the dead, the Spirit saith,
Who life's beguiling path have trod
Obedient to the law of faith,
With heart still fixed on God.
Eye hath not seen that world above;
Ear hath not heard that hymn of love:
Oh, if but once were rent away
The veil which hides that heavenly day,
On this cold earth we would not stay!
Heard we the harpings of that sphere,
We would not linger here!
Yea, we would spurn this darksome earth,
And stretch our eager wings, and fly
To claim our heritage by birth—
Heaven and Eternity!
Nor marvel—in that glorious land,
Who taste the joys at God's right hand,
Where love divine doth reign—
Who Heaven's own praises learn—
To this sad earth return
Never again!

THE BURIAL.

WE laid her in the hallowed place
Beside the solemn deep,
Where the old woods by Greenwood's shore
Keep watch o'er those who sleep:
We laid her there—the young and fair,
The guileless, cherished one—
As if a part of life itself
With her we loved were gone.
Like to the flowers she lived and bloomed.
As bright and pure as they;
And like a flower the blight had touched,
She early passed away.
Oh, none might know her but to love,
Nor name her but to praise,
Who only love for others knew
Through life's brief vernal days

* In style and measure, this is an imitation of a poem by an English author, entitled *The Flight of Youth*.

JULIA H. SCOTT.

(Born 1809—Died 1842).

THE late Mrs. Mayo describes the life of Mrs. SCOTT as having been "commenced in one of the quietest mountain valleys, and, with one or two brief episodes only, matured and finished not a dozen miles from where it was begun." In such a career there could have been little to interest the public, and her friend appropriately confined the memoir prefixed to her poems as much as possible to the growth and product of her mind. Mrs. Scott's maiden name was JULIA H. KINNEY, and she was born on the fourth of November, 1809, in the beautiful valley of Sheshequin, in northern Pennsylvania. Her parents were in humble circumstances, and as the eldest of a large family she seems to have lived the patient Griselda, beautifully fulfilling all the duties of her condition, while she availed herself of every opportunity to enlarge her knowledge and improve her tastes. She wrote verses with some point and harmony when but twelve years of age, and when sixteen or seventeen began to publish

in a village newspaper essays and poems that evinced a fine fancy and earnest feeling. She afterward wrote for *The Casket*, a monthly magazine published in Philadelphia, for *The New-Yorker*, and for the Universalist religious journals. In May, 1835, she was married to Dr. David L. Scott, of Towanda, the principal village of the county, which from this period became her home. In 1838 she visited Boston, and she made some other excursions for the improvement of her health, but consumption had wasted the singularly fine person and blanched the beautiful face which I remember to have seen in their meridian, and in the last year of her life she had no hope of restoration. She died at Towanda on the fifth of March, 1842.

The poems of Mrs. Scott, with a memoir by Miss S. C. Edgarton, (afterward Mrs. Mayo,) were published in Boston, in 1843. The volume contains an excellent portrait of her by S. A. Mount, and several commemorative poems by her friends.

THE TWO GRAVES.

THEY sweetly slumber, side by side,
Upon the green and pleasant hill,
Where the young morning's sunny tide
First wakes the shadows, dark and still,
And where gray twilight's breeze goes by
Laden with woodland melody,
And Heaven's own tireless watchmen keep
A vigil o'er their slumbers deep.
They sleep together—but their graves
Are marked by no sepulchral stone;
Above their heads no willow waves,
No cypress shade is o'er them thrown:
The only record of their deeds
Is that where silent Memory leads,
Their only monument of fame
Is found in each beloved name.
Oh, theirs was not the course which seals
The favor of a fickle world,
They did not raise the warring steel,
Their hands no bloody flag unfurled,
They came not with a cup of wrath,
To drench with gall life's thorny path,
But, day and night, they strove to win,
By love, the palsied soul from sin.

Like two bright stars at eventide,
They shone with undiminished ray;
And though clouds gathered far and wide,
Still held they on their upward way,
And still unheeded swept them by
The threatenings of this lower sky—
For they had built upon the Rock,
Defying tide and tempest's shock.
To them the vanities of life
Were but as bubbles of the sea:
They shunned the boisterous swell of strife;
From Pride's low thrall their souls were
free.
They only sought by Christ to show
The Father's love for all below;
They only strove through Christ to raise
The wandering mind from error's maze.
But now they sleep—and oh, may ne'er
One careless footstep press the sod
Where moulder those we held so dear,
The friends of man, the friends of God!
And let alone warm feeling twine
An offering at their lowly shrine;
While all who knew them humbly try
Like them to live, like them to die.

MY CHILD.

"There is one who has loved me debarred from the day."

THE foot of Spring is on yon blue-topped mountain,
Leaving its green prints, neath each spreading tree;
Her voice is heard beside the swelling fountain,
Giving sweet tones to its wild melody.

From the warm south she brings unnumbered roses,
To greet with smiles the eye of grief and care:
Her balmy breath on the worn brow reposes,
And her rich gifts are scattered everywhere;—
I heed them not, my child.

In the low vale the snow-white daisy springeth,
The golden dandelion by its side;
The eglantine a dewy fragrance flingeth
To the soft breeze that wanders far and wide.
The hyacinth and polyanthus render,
From their deep hearts, an offering of love;
And fresh May-pinks and half-blown lilacs tender
Their grateful homage to the skies above;—
I heed them not, my child.

In the clear brook are springing water-cresses,
And pale green rushes, and fair, nameless flowers;
While o'er them dip the willow's verdant tresses,
Dimpling the surface with their mimic showers.
The honeysuckle stealthily is creeping
Round the low porch and mossy cottage-eaves;
Oh! Spring hath fairy treasures in her keeping,
And lovely are the landscapes that she weaves;—
'Tis naught to me, my child.

Down the green lane come peals of heartfelt laughter;
The school hath sent its eldest inmates forth;
And now a smaller band comes dancing after,
Filling the air with shouts of infant mirth.
At the rude gate the anxious dame is bending,
To clasp her rosy darlings to her breast;
Joy, pride, and hope, are in her bosom blending;
Ah! peace with her is no unusual guest;—
Not so with me, my child.

All the day long I listen to the singing
Of the gay birds and winds among the trees;
But a sad under-strain is ever ringing
A tale of death and its dread mysteries.
Nature to me the letter is, that killeth—
The spirit of her charms has passed away;
A fount of bliss no more my bosom filleth—
Slumbers its idol in unconscious clay;—
Thou'rt in the *grave*, my child.

For thy glad voice my spirit inly pineth,
I languish for thy blue eyes' holy light;
Vainly for me the glorious sunbeam shineth;
Vainly the blessed stars come forth at nig't.
I walk in darkness, with the tomb before me,
Longing to lay my dust beside thine own;
Oh cast the mantle of thy presence o'er me!
Belovéd, leave me not so deeply lone;—
Come back to me, my child!

Upon that breast of pitying love thou leanest,
Which oft on earth did pillow such as thou,
Nor turned away petitioner the meanest:
Pray to Him, sinless—he will hear thee now.

Plead for thy weak and broken-hearted mother;
Pray that thy voice may whisper words of peace:
Her ear is deaf, and can discern no other;
Speak, and her bitter sorrows shall cease:—
Come back to me, my child!

Come but in dreams—let me once more behold thee,
As in thy hours of buoyancy and glee,
And one brief moment in my arms enfold thee—
Belovéd, I will not ask thy stay with me.
Leave but the impress of thy dovelike beauty,
Which Memory strives so vainly to recall,
And I will onward in the path of duty,
Restraining tears that ever fain would fall;—
Come but in dreams, my child!

INVOCATION TO POETRY.

"I said to the spirit of poesy, 'Come back; thou art my comforter.'"

COME back, come back, sweet spirit,
I miss thee in my dreams;
I miss thee in the laughing bowers
And by the gushing streams.
The sunshine hath no gladness,
The harp no joyous tone—
Oh, darkly glide the moments by
Since thy soft light has flown.

Come back, come back, sweet spirit,
As in the glorious past,
When the halo of a brighter world
Was round my being cast;
When midnight had no darkness,
When sorrow smiled through tears,
And life's blue sky seemed bowed in love,
To bless the coming years.

Come back, come back, sweet spirit,
Like the glowing flowers of spring,
Ere Time hath snatched the last pure wreath
From Fancy's glittering wing;
Ere the heart's increasing shadows
Refuse to pass away,
And the silver cords wax thin which bind
To heaven the weary clay.

Come back, thou art my comforter:
What is the world to me?
Its cares that live, its hopes that die,
Its heartless revelry?
Mine, mine, oh bless'd spirit!
The inspiring draught be mine,
Though words may ne'er reveal how deep
My worship at thy shrine.

Come back, thou holy spirit,
By the bliss thou mayst impart,
Or by the pain thine absence gives
A deeply stricken heart.
Come back, as comes the sunshine
Upon the sobbing sea,
And every roaming thought shall vow
Allegiance to thee.

ANNA PEYRE DINNIES.

Mrs. DINNIES is a daughter of Mr. Justice Shackelford, of South Carolina, and was educated at a school in Charleston conducted by the daughters of Dr. Ramsay, the historian. In 1830 she was married to Mr. John C. Dinnies, then of St. Louis, where she resided until the recent removal of Mr. Dinnies to New Orleans. Mrs. Hale, in her Ladies' Wreath, states that she became engaged in a literary correspondence with Mr. Dinnies more than four years before their union, and that they never met until one week before their marriage. "The contract was made solely from sympathy and congeniality of

mind and taste; and that in their estimate of each other they were not disappointed, may be inferred from the tone of her songs." The greater part of the poems of Mrs. Dinnies appeared originally in various magazines under the signature of "Moina." In 1846 she published in a richly illustrated volume entitled *The Floral Year*, one hundred compositions, arranged in twelve groups, to illustrate that number of bouquets, gathered in the different months. Her pieces celebrating the domestic affections are marked by unusual grace and tenderness, and some of them are worthy of the most elegant poets.

WEDDED LOVE.

COME, rouse thee, dearest!—'tis not well
To let the spirit brood
Thus darkly o'er the cares that swell
Life's current to a flood.
As brooks, and torrents, rivers, all
Increase the gulf in which they fall,
Such thoughts, by gathering up the rills
Of lesser griefs, spread real ills,
And with their gloomy shades conceal
The landmarks Hope would else reveal.
Come, rouse thee, now: I know thy mind,
And would its strength awaken;
Proud, gifted, noble, ardent, kind—
Strange thou shouldst be thus shaken!
But rouse afresh each energy,
And be what Heaven intended thee;
Throw from thy thoughts this wearying weight,
And prove thy spirit firmly great:
I would not see thee bend below
The angry storms of earthly woe.
Full well I know the generous soul
Which warms thee into life—
Each spring which can its powers control,
Familiar to thy wife;
For deemst thou she had stooped to bind
Her fate unto a common mind?
The eagle-like ambition, nursed
From childhood in her heart, had first
Consumed, with its Promethean flame,
The shrine—then sunk her soul to shame.
Then rouse thee, dearest, from the dream
That fetters now thy powers:
Shake off this gloom—Hope sheds a beam
To gild each cloud which lowers;
And though at present seems so far
The wished-for goal—a guiding star,
With peaceful ray, would light thee on,

Until its utmost bounds be won:
That quenchless ray thou'lt ever prove
In fond, undying wedded love.

THE WIFE.

I COULD have stemmed misfortune's tide,
And borne the rich one's sneer,
Have braved the haughty glance of pride,
Nor shed a single tear;
I could have smiled on every blow
From life's full quiver thrown,
While I might gaze on thee, and know
I should not be "alone."
I could—I think I could have brooked,
E'en for a time, that thou
Upon my fading face hadst looked
With less of love than now;
For then I should at least have felt
The sweet hope still my own
To win thee back, and, whilst I dwelt
On earth, not been "alone."
But thus to see, from day to day,
Thy brightening eye and cheek,
And watch thy life-sands waste away,
Unnumbered, slowly, meek;
To meet thy smiles of tenderness,
And catch the feeble tone
Of kindness, ever breathed to bless,
And feel, I'll be "alone;"
To mark thy strength each hour decay,
And yet thy hopes grow stronger,
As, filled with heavenward trust, they say
"Earth may not claim thee longer;"
Nay, dearest, 'tis too much—this heart
Must break when thou art gone;
It must not be; we may not part:
I could not live "alone!"

EMBLEMS.

FIRST take a feather, and lay it upon
 The stream that is rippling by :
 With the current, behold, in a moment 'tis gone,
 Unimpressive and light as a sigh ;
 Then take thee a clear and precious stone,
 And on the same stream place it :
 Oh ! mark how the water on which it is thrown,
 In its bosom will quickly encase it !
 Or take a crystal, or stainless glass ;
 With a crayon upon it then trace
 A sentence, or line, and watch how 't will pass —
 A breath will its beauty efface ;
 Then take a diamond, as pure as 'tis bright,
 And write some modest token :
 Mid heat or cold, in shade, in light,
 'T will last till the crystal is broken.
 And thus with the tablet of woman's pure heart,
 When the vain and the idle may try
 To leave their impressions, they swiftly depart,
 Like the feather, the scroll, and the sigh ;
 But once be inscribed on that tablet a name,
 And an image of genius and worth,
 Through the changes of life it will still be the same,
 Till that heart is removed from the earth.

THE TRUE BALLAD OF THE WANDERER

A MAIDEN in a southern bower
 Of fragrant vines and citron-trees,
 To charm the pensive twilight hour,
 Flung wild her thoughts upon the breeze ;
 To Cupid's ear unconscious telling
 The fitful dream her bosom swelling,
 Till Echo softly on it dwelling,
 Revealed the urchin, bold and free,
 Repeating thus her minstrelsy :
 " Away, away ! by brook and fountain,
 Where the wild deer wanders free,
 O'er sloping dale and swelling mountain,
 Still my fancy follows thee ;
 Where the lake its bosom spreading,
 Where the breeze its sweets is shedding,
 Where thy buoyant steps are treading,
 There—where'er the spot may be—
 There my thoughts are following thee !
 " In the forest's dark recesses,
 Where the fawn may fearless stray ;
 In the cave no sunbeam blesses
 With its first or parting ray ;
 Where the birds are blithely singing,
 Where the flowers are gayly springing,
 Where the bee its course is winging,
 There, if there thou now mayst be,
 Anxious Thought is following thee !
 " In the lowly peasant's cot,
 Quiet refuge of content ;
 In the sheltered, grass-grown spot,
 Resting, when with travel spent,
 Where the vine its tendrils curling,
 Where the trees their boughs are furling,
 Where the streamlet clear is purling,
 There, if there thou now mayst be,
 There my spirit follows thee !

" In the city's busy mart,
 Mingling with its restless crowd ;
 Mid the miracles of art,
 Classic pile, and column proud,
 O'er the ancient ruin sighing,
 When the sun's last ray is dying,
 Or to fashion's vortex flying,
 Even there, if thou mayst be,
 There my thoughts must follow thee !

" In the revel—in the dance—
 With the firm, familiar friend—
 Or where Thespian arts entrance,
 Making mirth and sadness blend ;
 Where the living pageant glowing,
 O'er thy heart its spell is throwing,
 Mimic life in 'alto' showing,
 There, beloved, if thou mayst be,
 There, still there, I follow thee !

" When the weary day is over,
 And thine eyes in slumber close,
 Still, oh ! still, inconstant rover,
 Do I charm thee to repose ;
 With the shades of night descending
 With thy guardian spirits blending,
 To thy sleep sweet visions lending,
 There, e'en there, true love may be,
 There and thus am I with thee !"

Months and seasons rolled away,
 And the maiden's cheek was pale ;
 When, as bloomed the buds of May,
 Cupid thus resumed the tale :
 " Over land and sea returning,
 Wealth, and power, and beauty spurning
 Love within his true heart burning,
 Comes the wanderer wild and free,
 Faithful maiden, back to thee !"

LOVE'S MESSENGERS.

YE little Stars, that twinkle high
 In the dark vault of heaven,
 Like spangles on the deep blue sky,
 Perhaps to you 'tis given
 To shed your lucid radiance now
 Upon my absent loved one's brow
 Ye fleecy Clouds, that swiftly glide
 O'er Earth's oft-darkened way,
 Floating along in grace and pride,
 Perhaps your shadows stray
 E'en now across the starry light
 That guides my wanderer forth to-night
 Ye balmy Breezes sweeping by,
 And shedding freshness round,
 Ye, too, may haply as ye fly,
 With health and fragrance crowned,
 Linger a moment, soft and light,
 To sport amid his tresses bright !
 Then Stars, and Clouds, and Breezes, bear
 My heart's best wish to him ;
 And say the feelings glowing there
 Nor time nor change can dim ;
 That be success or grief his share,
 My love still brightening shall appear.

ANN S. STEPHENS.

(Born 1813).

MRS. STEPHENS is well known as one of the most spirited and popular of our magazinists. She was born in Derby, Connecticut, in 1811, and in 1831 was married to Mr. Edward Stephens, of Portland, who in 1835 commenced the publication of the Portland Magazine, of which she was two years the editress. In 1837 she removed to New York, and she has since been a writer for The La-

dies' Companion, Graham's Magazine, The Ladies' National Magazine, The Columbian Magazine, and other periodicals of the same character. Her tales and sketches would probably fill a dozen common duodecimo volumes. Her longest poem, entitled The Polish Boy, was first published in 1839. There has been no collection either of her poems or of her prose writings.

THE OLD APPLE-TREE.

I AM thinking of the homestead,
With its low and sloping roof,
And the maple boughs that shadowed it
With a green and leafy woof;
I am thinking of the lilac-trees,
That shook their purple plumes,
And, when the sash was open,
Shed fragrance through the rooms.
I am thinking of the rivulet,
With its cool and silvery flow,
Of the old gray rock that shadowed it,
And the peppermint below.
I am not sad nor sorrowful,
But memories will come;
So leave me to my solitude,
And let me think of home.
There was not around my birth-place
A thicket or a flower,
But childish game or friendly face
Has given it a power
To haunt me in my after-life,
And be with me again—
A sweet and pleasant memory
Of mingled joy and pain.
But the old and knotted apple-tree,
That stood beneath the hill,
My heart can never turn to it
But with a pleasant thrill.
Oh, what a dreamy life I led
Beneath its old green shade,
Where the daisies and the butter-cups
A pleasant carpet made!
'T was a rough old tree in spring-time,
When, with a blustering sound,
The wind came hoarsely sweeping
Along the frosty ground.
But when there rose a rivalry
'Tween clouds and pleasant weather,
Till the sunshine and the raindrops
Came laughing down together;

That patriarch old apple-tree
Enjoyed the lovely strife;
The sap sprang lightly through its veins,
And circled into life:
A cloud of pale and tender buds
Burst o'er each rugged bough;
And amid the starting verdure
The robins made their vow.

That tree was very beautiful
When all its leaves were green,
And rosy buds lay opening
Amid their tender sheen:
When the bright, translucent dewdrops
Shed blossoms as they fell,
And melted in their fragrance
Like music in a shell.

It was greenest in the summer-time,
When cheerful sunlight wove
Amid its thrifty leafiness
A warm and glowing love;
When swelling fruit blushed ruddily
To Summer's balmy breath,
And the laden boughs drooped heavily
To the greensward underneath.

'T was brightest in a rainy day,
When all the purple west
Was piled with fleecy storm-clouds
That never seemed at rest;
When a cool and lulling melody
Fell from the dripping eaves,
And soft, warm drops came pattering
Upon the restless leaves.

But oh, the scene was glorious
When clouds were lightly riven,
And there above my valley home
Came out the bow of heaven—
And in its fitful brilliancy
Hung quivering on high,
Like a jewelled arch of paradise
Reflected through the sky.

I am thinking of the footpath
 My constant visits made,
 Between the dear old homestead
 And that leafy apple shade;
 Where the flow of distant waters
 Came with a tinkling sound,
 Like the revels of a fairy band,
 Beneath the fragrant ground.

I haunted it at eventide,
 And dreamily would lie
 And watch the crimson twilight
 Come stealing o'er the sky;
 'Twas sweet to see its dying gold
 Wake up the dusky leavers—
 To hear the swallows twitter
 Beneath the distant eaves.

I have listened to the music—
 A low, sweet minstrelsy,
 Breathed by a lonely night-bird
 That haunted that old tree—
 Till my heart has swelled with feelings
 For which it had no name—
 A yearning love of poesy,
 A thirsting after fame.

I have gazed up through the foliage
 With dim and tearful eyes,
 And with a holy reverence
 Dwelt on the changing skies,
 Till the burning stars were peopled
 With forms of spirit birth,
 And I've almost heard their harp-strings
 Reverberate on earth.

A. R. ST. JOHN.

MRS. ST. JOHN, formerly Miss MUNROE, was born in the vicinity of Boston, and in 1826 was married to Mr. J. R. St. John. She has for several years resided in Brooklyn,

New York. She is said to be a voluminous writer, and she has been a contributor, under her name, to the Democratic Review and other literary miscellanies.

MEDUSA.

FROM AN ANTIQUE GEM.

FATED sister of the three!
 Mortal, though a deity;
 Superhuman beauty thine,
 Demon goddess, power divine!
 Thou a mortal life didst share,
 Thou a human death didst bear;
 Yet thy soul supremely free
 Shrank not from its destiny:
 And the life-drops from thy head,
 On Libyan sands which Perseus shed,
 Sprang, a scourging race, from thee,
 Fell types of artful mystery.
 Thou wast the victim of dire rage,
 Minerva's vengeance to assuage,
 And thy locks like molten gold,
 Sheltering love in every fold,
 Transformed into the serpent's lair
 That writhe and hiss in thy despair.

Fatal beauty, thou dost seem
 The phantom of some fearful dream;
 Extremes of horror and of love
 Alternate o'er our senses move,
 As, wrapt and spell-bound, we survey
 The fearful coils which round thee play,
 And mark thy mild, enduring smile,
 Lit by no mortal fire the while.

Formed to attract all eyes to thee,
 And yet their withering light to be,
 With some mysterious, powerful charm

That can the sternest will disarm,
 The color from the warm cheek steal,
 The life-blood in the heart congeal,
 Or petrify with wild dismay
 The boldest gazer's human clay—
 This is a terrible ministry
 For one with such a destiny.

Oh couldst thou unto mortals give
 Thy strength to suffer, grace to live,
 Teach them with ever-heavenward eye
 The direst chances to defy,
 Wrapt in the grandeur of a soul
 To meet the finite and control—
 This thy dread mission would unseal—
 This thy mysterious self reveal.

In vain we wonder what thou art—
 Whether thou hast a human heart;
 Whether thou feelest scorpion stings
 From shadowy troops Repentance brings
 In never still or slumbering bands
 Upon the spirit's arid sands;
 Whether Regret's more gentle forms,
 Long brooding, come at length in storms;
 Whether the taunts of flying Hope
 Doom thee without the gates to grope—
 We know not—we shall never know—
 Night hides in gloom thy cause of wo.
 But if no voice of thine complains
 While braving all such human pains,
 Just is thy claim with gods to be—
 Their ægis and dread mystery.

SARAH LOUISA P. SMITH.

(Born 1811—Died 1842).

MISS HICKMAN, afterward Mrs. SMITH, was born in Detroit on the thirtieth of June, 1811, at which time her grandfather, Major-General Hull — whose patriotism and misfortunes are at length beginning to be justly appreciated by the people — was governor of Michigan. While a child she accompanied her mother to the home of her family, in Newton, Massachusetts, where she was carefully educated. She acquired knowledge with extraordinary facility, and when but thirteen years of age her compositions were compared to those of Kirke White and others whose early maturity is the subject of some of the most interesting chapters in literary history. In her eighteenth year she was married to Mr. Samuel Jenks Smith, then editor of a periodical in Providence, where he soon after published a collection of her poems, in a volume of two hundred and fifty duodecimo

pages, many of the pieces in which were written as it was passing through the press. In 1829 Mr. and Mrs. Smith removed to Cincinnati, where they resided nearly two years, and here she continued to write, with a sort of improvisatorial ease, but with increasing elegance and a constantly deepening tone of reflection, until her health was too much decayed, and then she returned to New York, where, on the twelfth of February, 1832, she died, in the twenty-first year of her age. Her husband was for several years connected with the press in this city, and died while on a voyage to Europe in 1842.

The poems of Mrs. Smith are interesting chiefly as the productions of a very youthful author. She wrote with grace and sprightliness, and sometimes with feeling; but there is little in her writings that would survive its connexion with her history.

THE HUMA.*

FLY on! nor touch thy wing, bright bird,
Too near our shaded earth,
Or the warbling, now so sweetly heard,
May lose its note of mirth.
Fly on—nor seek a place of rest
In the home of "care-worn things;"
'T would dim the light of thy shining crest
And thy brightly burnished wings,
To dip them where the waters glide
That flow from a troubled earthly tide.
The fields of upper air are thine.
Thy place where stars shine free;
I would thy home, bright one, were mine,
Above life's stormy sea!
' would never wander, bird, like thee,
So near this place again,
With wing and spirit once light and free—
They should wear no more the chain
With which they are bound and fettered here,
For ever struggling for skies more clear.
There are many things like thee, bright bird,
Hopes as thy plumage gay;
Our air is with them for ever stirred,
But still in air they stay.
And happiness, like thee, fair one,

* A bird peculiar to the East. It is supposed to fly constantly in the air, and never touch the ground.

Is ever hovering o'er,
But rests in a land of brighter sun,
On a waveless, peaceful shore,
And stoops to lave her weary wings
Where the fount of "living waters" springs.

WHITE ROSES.

THEY were gathered for a bridal:
I knew it by their hue—
Fair as the summer moonlight
Upon the sleeping dew.
From their fair and fairy sisters
They were borne, without a sigh,
For one remembered evening
To blossom and to die.
They were gathered for a bridal,
And fastened in a wreath;
But purer were the roses
Than the heart that lay beneath;
Yet the beaming eye was lovely,
And the coral lip was fair,
And the gazer looked and asked not
For the secret hidden there.
They were gathered for a bridal,
Where a thousand torches glistened,
When the holy words were spoken,
And the false and faithless listened

And answered to the vow
Which another heart had taken :
Yet he was present then—
The once loved, the forsaken !

They were gathered for a bridal,
And now, now they are dying,
And young Love at the altar
Of broken faith is sighing.
Their summer life was stainless,
And not like hers who wore them :
They are faded, and the farewell
Of beauty lingers o'er them !

—◆—
STANZAS.
—

I would not have thee deem my heart
Unmindful of those higher joys,
Regardless of that better part
Which earthly passion ne'er alloys.
I would not have thee think I live
Within heaven's pure and blessed light,
Nor feeling nor affection give
To Him who makes my pathway bright.

I would not chain to mystic creeds
A spirit fetterless and free ;
The beauteous path to heaven that leads
Is dimmed by earthly bigotry :
And yet, for all that earth can give,
And all it e'er can take away,
I would not have that spirit rove
One moment from its heavenward way.

I would not that my heart were cold
And void of gratitude to Him
Who makes those blessings to unfold
Which by our waywardness grow dim.
I would not lose the cherished trust
Of things within the world to come—
The thoughts, that when their joys are dust,
The weary have a peaceful home.

For I have left the dearly loved,
The home, the hopes of other years,
And early in its pathway proved
Life's rainbow hues were formed of tears.
I shall not meet them here again,
Those loved, and lost, and cherished ones,
Bright links in young Affection's chain,
In Memory's sky unsetting suns.

But perfect in the world above,
Through suffering, wo, and trial here,
Shall glow the undiminished love
Which clouds and distance failed to sere :
But I have lingered all too long,
Thy kind remembrance to engage
And woven but a mournful song,
Wherewith to dim thy page.

THE FALL OF WARSAW.

THROUGH Warsaw there is weeping,
And a voice of sorrow now,
For the hero who is sleeping
With death upon his brow ;
The trumpet-tone will waken
No more his martial tread,
Nor the battle-ground be shaken
When his banner is outspread !
Now let our hymn
Float through the aisle,
Faintly and dim,
Where moonbeams smile ;
Sisters, let our solemn strain
Breathe a blessing o'er the slain.

There's a voice of grief in Warsaw—
The mourning of the brave
O'er the chieftain who is gathered
Unto his honored grave !
Who now will face the foeman ?
Who break the tyrant's chain ?
Their bravest one lies fallen,
And sleeping with the slain.
Now let our hymn
Float through the aisle,
Faintly and dim,
Where moonbeams smile ;
Sisters, let our dirge be said
Slowly o'er the sainted dead !

There's a voice of woman weeping,
In Warsaw heard to-night,
And eyes close not in sleeping,
That late with joy were bright ;
No festal torch is lighted,
No notes of music swell ;
Their country's hope was blighted
When that son of Freedom fell !
Now let our hymn
Float through the aisle,
Faintly and dim,
Where moonbeams smile ;
Sisters, let our hymn arise
Sadly to the midnight skies !

And a voice of love undying,
From the tomb of other years,
Like the west wind's summer sighing
It blends with manhood's tears :
It whispers not of glory,
Nor fame's unfading youth,
But lingers o'er a story
Of young affection's truth.
Now let our hymn
Float through the aisle,
Faintly and dim,
Where moonbeams smile,
Sisters, let our solemn strain
Breathe a blessing o'er the slain !

SOPHIA HELEN OLIVER.

(Born 1811).

This author was born in Lexington, Kentucky, in 1811, and in 1837 was married to Dr. J. H. Oliver. The next year she removed to Louisville, whence after a short time she returned to Lexington, and in 1842 she went

to reside permanently in Cincinnati, in one of the medical colleges of which city her husband is a professor. Her poems are spirited and fanciful, but are sometimes imperfect in rhythm and have other signs of carelessness.

"I MARK THE HOURS THAT SHINE."

In fair Italia's lovely land,
Deep in a garden bower,
A dial marks with shadowy hand
Each sun-illumin'd hour;
And on its fair, unsullied face
Is carved this flowing line,
(Some wandering bard has paused to trace :)
"I mark the hours that shine."
Oh ye who in a friend's fair face
Mark the defects alone,
Where many a sweet redeeming grace
Doth for each fault atone—
Go, from the speaking dial learn
A lesson all divine—
From faults that wound your fancy turn,
And "mark the hours that shine."
When bending o'er the glowing page
Traced by a godlike mind,
Whose burning thoughts from age to age
Shall light and bless mankind—
Why will ye seek mid gleaming gold
For dross in every line,
Dark spots upon the sun behold,
Nor "mark the hours that shine?"
Oh ye who bask in Fortune's light,
Whose cups are flowing o'er,
Yet through the weary day and night
Still pine and sigh for more—
Why will ye, when so richly blest,
Ungratefully repine,
Why sigh for joys still unpossessed,
Nor "mark the hours that shine" ?
And ye who toil from morn till night
To earn your scanty bread,
Are there no blessings rich and bright
Around your pathway spread ?
The conscience clear, the cheerful heart,
The trust in love divine,
All bid desponding care depart,
And "mark the hours that shine."
And ye who bend o'er Friendship's tomb
In deep and voiceless wo,
Who sad y feel no second bloom
Your blighted hearts can know—
Why will ye mourn o'er severed ties
While friends around you twine !

Go! yield your lost one to the skies,
And "mark the hours that shine."
Deep in the garden of each heart
There stands a dial fair,
And often is its snowy chart
Dark with the clouds of care.
Then go, and every shadow chase
That dims its light divine,
And write upon its gleaming face—
"I mark the hours that shine."

THE CLOUD-SHIP.

Lo! over Ether's glorious realm
A cloud ship sails with favoring breeze;
A bright form stands beside the helm,
And guides it o'er the ethereal seas.
Far streams on air its banner white,
Its swanlike pinions kiss the gale,
And now a beam of heaven's light
With glory gems the snowy sail.....
Perchance, bright bark, your snowy breast
And silver-tissued pinions wide,
Bear onward to some isle of rest
Pure spirits in life's furnace tried.
Oh! could we stay each swelling sail
Of spotless radiance o'er thee hung,
And lit the bright, mysterious veil
O'er forms of seraph beauty flung—
How would our spirits long to mount
And float along the ethereal way,
To drink of life's unending fount,
And bathe in heaven's resplendent day!
But lo! the gold-tiara'd West
Unfolds her sapphire gates of light;
While Day's proud monarch bows his crest,
And bids the sighing world Good-night.
And now the cloud ship flies along,
Her wings with gorgeous colors dressed,
And Fancy hears triumphant song
Swell from her light-encircled breast—
As to the wide unfolded gate,
The brilliant portal of the skies,
She bears her bright, immortal freight,
The glorious soul that never dies!

THE SHADOWS.

THEY are gliding, they are gliding,
 O'er the meadows green and gay ;
 Like a fairy troop they 're riding
 Through the breezy woods away ;
 On the mountain-tops they linger
 When the sun is sinking low,
 And they point with giant finger
 To the sleeping vale below.

They are fitting, they are fitting,
 O'er the waving corn and rye,
 And now they 're calmly sitting
 'Neath the oak-tree's branches high
 And where the tiréd reaper
 Hath sought the sheltering tree,
 They dance above the sleeper
 In light fantastic glee.

They are creeping, they are creeping,
 Over valley, hill, and stream,
 Like the thousand fancies sweeping
 Through a youthful poet's dream.
 Now they mount on noiseless pinions
 With the eagle to the sky—
 Soar along those broad dominions
 Where the stars in beauty lie.

They are dancing, they are dancing,
 Where our country's banner bright
 In the morning beam is glancing
 With its stars and stripes of light ;
 And where the glorious prairies
 Spread out like garden bowers,
 They fly along like fairies,
 Or sleep beneath the flowers.

They are leaping, they are leaping,
 Where a cloud beneath the moon
 O'er the lake's soft breast is sleeping,
 Lulled by a pleasant tune ;
 And where the fire is glancing
 At twilight through the hall,
 Tall spectre forms are dancing
 Upon the lofty wall.

They are lying, they are lying,
 Where the solemn yew-tree waves,
 And the evening winds are sighing
 In the lonely place of graves ;
 And their noiseless feet are creeping
 With slow and stealthy tread,
 Where the ancient church is keeping
 Its watch above the dead.

Lo, they follow !—lo, they follow,
 Or before flit to and fro
 By mountain, stream, or hollow,
 Wherever man may go !
 And never for another
 Will the shadow leave his side—
 More faithful than a brother,
 Or all the world beside.

Ye remind me, ye remind me,
 O Shadows pale and cold !
 That friends to earth did bind me,
 Now sleeping in the mould ;

The young, the loved, the cherished,
 Whose mission early done,
 In life's bright noontide perished
 Like shadows in the sun.

The departed, the departed—
 I greet them with my tears ;
 The true and gentle-hearted,
 The friends of earlier years.
 Their wings like shadows o'er me
 Methinks are spread for aye,
 Around, behind, before me,
 To guard the devious way.

MINISTERING SPIRITS.

THEY are winging, they are winging,
 Through the thin blue air their way ;
 Unseen harps are softly ringing
 Round about us, night and day.
 Could we pierce the shadows o'er us,
 And behold that seraph band,
 Long-lost friends would bright before us
 In angelic beauty stand.

Lo! the dim blue mist is sweeping
 Slowly from my longing eyes,
 And my heart is upward leaping
 With a deep and glad surprise.
 I behold them—close beside me,
 Dwellers of the spirit-land ;
 Mists and shades alone divide me
 From that glorious seraph band.

Though life never can restore me
 My sad bosom's nesting dove,
 Yet my blue-eyed babe bends o'er me
 With her own sweet smile of love ;
 And the brother, long departed,
 Who in being's summer died—
 Warm, and true, and gentle-hearted—
 Folds his pinions by my side.

Last called from us, loved and dearest—
 Thou the faultless, tried, and true,
 Of all earthly friends sincerest,
 Mother—I behold thee too !
 Lo! celestial light is gleaming
 Round thy forehead pure and mild,
 And thine eyes with love are beaming ;
 On thy sad, heart-broken child !

Gentle sisters there are bending,
 Blossoms culled from life's parterre ;
 And my father's voice ascending,
 Floats along the charmed air.
 Hark! those thrilling tones Elysian
 Faint and fainter die away,
 And the bright seraphic vision
 Fades upon my sight for aye.

But I know they hover round me.
 In the morning's rosy light,
 And their unseen forms surround me
 All the deep and solemn night.
 Yes, they 're winging—yes, they 're winging
 Through the thin blue air their way :
 Spirit-harps are softly ringing
 Round about us night and day.

MARY E. LEE.

(Born 1813—Died 1849.)

MISS MARY E. LEE, a daughter of Mr. William Lee, and niece of the late Judge Thomas Lee, of Charleston, South Carolina, has been for many years a frequent contributor to the literary miscellanies, in both prose and verse. Among her best compositions are several poems, in the ballad style, found

ed on southern traditions, in which she has shown dramatic skill, and considerable ability in description. One of the best of these is the Indian's Revenge, a Legend of Toccoa, in Four Parts, printed in the Southern Literary Messenger for 1846. Miss Lee is also the author of some spirited translations.

THE POETS.

THE poets—the poets—
Those giants of the earth :
In mighty strength they tower above
The men of common birth .
A noble race—they mingle not
Among the motley throng,
But move, with slow and measured steps,
To music-notes along.

The poets—the poets—
What conquests they can boast !
Without one drop of life-blood spilt,
They rule a world's wide host ;
Their stainless banner floats unharmed
From age to lengthened age ;
And history records their deeds
Upon her proudest page.

The poets—the poets—
How endless is their fame !
Death, like a thin mist, comes, yet leaves
No shadow on each name ;
But as yon starry gems that gleam
In evening's crystal sky,
So have they won, in memory's depths,
An immortality.

The poets—the poets—
Who doth not linger o'er
The glorious volumes that contain
Their bright and spotless lore ?
They charm us in the saddest hours,
Our richest joys they feed ;
And love for them has grown to be
A universal creed.

The poets—the poets—
Those kingly minstrels dead,
Well may we twine a votive wreath
Around each honored head :
No tribute is too high to give
Those crowned ones among men.
The poets ! the true poets !
Thanks be to God for them !

AN EASTERN LOVE-SONG.

AWAKE, my silver lute ;
String all thy plaintive wires,
And as the fountain gushes free,
So let thy memory chant for me
The theme that never tires.

Awake, my liquid voice ;
Like yonder timorous bird,
Why dost thou sing in trembling fear,
As if by some obtrusive ear
Thy secret should be heard ?

Awake, my heart—yet no !
As Cedron's golden rill,
Whose changeless echo singeth o'er
Notes it had heard long years before,
So thou art never still.

My voice ! my lute ! my heart !
Spring joyously above
The feeble notes of lower earth,
And let thy richest tones have birth
Beneath the touch of love.

THE LAST PLACE OF SLEEP.

LAY me not in green wood lone,
Where the sad wind maketh moan,
Where the sun hath never shone,
Save as if in sadness ;
Nor, I pray thee, let me be
Buried 'neath the chill, cold sea,
Where the waves, tumultuous, free,
Chafe themselves to madness.

But in yon enclosure small,
Near the churchyard's mossy wall,
Where the dew and sunlight fall,
I would have my dwelling ;
Sure there are some friends, I wot,
Who would make that narrow spot
Lovely as a garden plot,
With rich perfumes swelling.

Let no costly stone be brought,
Where a stranger's hand hath wrought
Vain inscription, speaking naught
To the true affections;
But, above the quiet bed,
Where I rest my weary head,
Plant those buds whose perfumes shed
Tenderest recollections.

Then, as every year the tide
Of strong death bears to my side
Those who were by love allied—
As the flowers of summer—
Sweet to think, that from the mould
Of my body, long since cold.
Plants of beauty shall enfold
Every dear new comer.

CATHERINE H. ESLING.

(Born 1812).

MISS CATHERINE H. WATERMAN was born in Philadelphia, in 1812; and under her maiden name she became known as an author by many graceful and tender effusions in the periodicals. In 1840 she was married to Mr. Esling, a shipmaster of her native city

BROTHER, COME HOME.

COME home—

Would I could send my spirit o'er the deep,
Would I could wing it like a bird to thee,
To commune with thy thoughts, to fill thy sleep
With these unwearied words of melody:
Brother, come home.

COME home—

Come to the hearts that love thee, to the eyes
That beam in brightness but to gladden thine;
Come where fond thoughts like holiest incense rise,
Where cherished memory rears her altar's shrine.
Brother, come home.

COME home—

Come to the hearth-stone of thy earlier days,
Come to the ark, like the o'erworn dove;
Come with the sunlight of thy heart's warm rays,
Come to the fireside circle of thy love:
Brother, come home.

COME home—

It is not home without thee: the lone seat
Is still unclaimed where thou were wont to be,
In every echo of returning feet,
In vain we list for what should herald thee:
Brother, come home.

COME home—

We've nursed for thee the sunny buds of spring,
Watched every germ the full-blown flowers rear,
Seen o'er their bloom the chilly winter bring
Its icy garlands, and thou art not here:
Brother, come home.

COME home—

Would I could send my spirit o'er the deep,
Would I could wing it like a bird to thee—
To commune with thy thoughts, to fill thy sleep
With these unwearied words of melody:
Brother, come home!

HE WAS OUR FATHER'S DARLING

HE was our father's darling,
A bright and happy boy—
His life was like a summer's day
Of innocence and joy;
His voice, like singing waters,
Fell softly on the ear,
So sweet, that hurrying echo
Might linger long to hear.

He was our mother's cherub,
Her life's untarnished light—
Her blessed joy by morning,
Her visioned hope by night.
His eyes were like the daybeams
That brighten all below;
His ringlets like the gathered gold
Of sunset's gorgeous glow.

He was our sister's plaything,
A very child of glee,
That frolicked on the parlor floor.
Scarce higher than our knee;
His joyous bursts of pleasure
Were wild as mountain wind;
His laugh, the free, unfettered laugh
Of childhood's chainless mind.

He was our brothers' treasure,
Their bosom's only pride—
A fair depending blossom
By their protecting side:
A thing to watch and cherish,
With varying hopes and fears—
To make the slender, trembling reed
Their staff for future years.

He is—a blessed angel,
His home is in the sky;
He shines among those living lights,
Beneath his Maker's eye:
A freshly gathered lily.
A bud of early doom,
Hath been transplanted from the earth.
To bloom beyond the tomb.

CAROLINE M. SAWYER.

(Born 1812).

CAROLINE M. FISHER, now Mrs. SAWYER, was born at the close of the year 1812, in Newton, Massachusetts, where she resided until her marriage with the Rev. T. J. Sawyer—one of the most eminent scholars and divines of the Universalist denomination—in September, 1832, when she removed to the city of New York. At the end of about fifteen years Mr. Sawyer was chosen president of the Universalist seminary at Clinton in Oneida county, and of this pleasant village he became a resident, upon his assumption of the office.

Mrs. Sawyer was very carefully and thoroughly educated at home, under the care of an invalid uncle whose life had been passed in pursuits of science and literature. With him she became a favorite, and to his early apprehension of her abilities and anxiety for their full development she is indebted for her fine taste and large knowledge, particularly in foreign languages and their most celebra-

ted authors. She commenced the composition of verse at an early age, but published little until after her marriage. Since then she has written much for various reviews and other miscellanies, besides several volumes of tales, sketches, and essays, for children and youth, which would probably have been much more generally known if they had not come before the public through denominational channels of publication. She has also made numerous translations from the best German literature, in prose and verse, in which she has evinced a delicate appreciation of the originals and a fine command of her native language.

The poems of Mrs. Sawyer are numerous—sufficient for several volumes—though there has been published no collection of them. They are serious and of a fresh and vigorous cast of thought, occasionally embodied in forms of the imagination or illustrated by a chaste and elegant fancy.

THE BLIND GIRL.

Crown her with garlands! mid her sunny hair
Twine the rich blossoms of the laughing May,
The lily, snowdrop, and the violet fair,
And queenly rose, that blossoms for a day.
Haste, maidens, haste! the hour brooks no delay—
The bridal veil of soft transparence bring;
And as ye wreath the gleaming locks away,
O'er their rich wealth its folds of beauty fling—
She *seeth* now!

Bring forth the lyre of sweet and solemn sound,
Let its rich music be no longer still;
Wake its full chords, till, sweetly floating round,
Its thrilling echoes all our spirits fill.
Joy for the lovely! that her lips no more
To notes of sorrow tune their trembling breath;
Joy for the young, whose starless course is o'er;
Hush! sing pæans for the bride of Death!
She *seeth* now!

She has been dark; through all the weary years,
Since first her spirit into being woke,
Through those dim orbs that ever swam in tears,
No ray of sunlight ever yet hath broke.
Silent and dark! herself the sweetest flower
That ever blossomed in an earthly home,
Unuttered yearnings ever were her dower, [come.
And voiceless prayers that light at length might
She *seeth* now!

A lonely lot! yet oftentimes a sad

And mournful pleasure filled her heart and brain,
And beamed in smiles—e'er sweet, but never glad,
As Sorrow smiles when mourning winds complain.
Nature's great voice had ever for her soul
A thrilling power the sightless only know;
While deeper yearnings through her being stole,
For light to gild that being's darkened flow.

She *seeth* now!

Strike the soft harp, then! for the cloud hath past,
With all its darkness, from her sight away;
Beauty hath met her waiting eyes at last,
And light is hers within the land of day.
'Neath the cool shadows of the tree of life,
Where bright the fount of youth immortal springs,
Far from this earth, with all its weary strife,
Her pale brow fanned by shining seraphs' wings,
She *seeth* now!

Ah, yes, she *seeth*! through yon misty veil,
Methinks e'en now her angel-eyes look down,
While round me falls a light all soft and pale—
The moonlight lustre of her starry crown;
And to my heart, as earthly sounds retire,
Come the low echoes of celestial words,
Like sudden music from some haunted lyre,
That strangely swells when none awake its chords.
But, hush! 'tis past; the light, the sound, are o'er:
Joy for the maiden! she is dark no more!

She *seeth* now!

INFIDELITY AND RELIGION.

Two Spirits o'er an open grave were bending,
Their gaze far down its gloomy chamber sending.
One, with a brow of stern and cold despair,
And sable weeds and cypress-in his hair,
Turned not his eyes, so fixed and dark with wo,
From the cold pit, which fearful yawned below.
The other stood with garments pure and white
As deck the dwellers of the land of light:
Her placid brow was as an angel's fair,
While calm and joyous was her gentle air;
And though within the grave she dropped a tear,
Her upturned eye was still serene and clear.

"Life!" said the Spirit with the brow of gloom,
His arm outstretching o'er the gaping tomb—

"'T is a deep and sullen river,
Rolling slowly to the sea,
There to be engulfed for ever
In a dark eternity!"

"Nay," said the shining one, with upturned eye,
And smile so clear it mirrored back the sky—

"'T is a sunny streamlet gliding
Gently on to seek its goal;
There in God's own bosom hiding—
Bright and pure, a white-robed soul."

But the dark Spirit's gloomy voice again
Dro'ed out in slow and melancholy strain:

"'T is a mournful weed, that groweth
Lone and friendless in the world,
Which a ghastly reaper moweth,
And 'tis to oblivion hurled!"

"Nay," the bright, gentle one replied, once more,
And softer still the holy smile she wore—

"'T is a starry flower upraising
Through all ills a trusting eye,
Evermore its Maker praising—
Fading here to bloom on high!"

Slowly the dark one sunk his gloomy brow,
As once again he murmured sad and low:

"'T is a storm, for ever sweeping
O'er a bleak and barren heath;
Tossing, surging, never sleeping,
Till it lull in endless death!"

"Nay!" and the hoping Spirit's hands were prest
In meek and holy rapture to her breast—

"'T is a friendly rain, that showers
On a fair and pleasant land,
Where the darkest cloud that lowers
By the rainbow still is spanned!"

Stern was the gaze of sorrow and despair
That now was fixed upon the Spirit fair,
As, a last time, the hopeless waifer's burst
Of anguish came more drear than e'en at first:

"'T is a haunting vision, blended
Evermore with tears and pain:
'T is a dream, that best were ended;
Life is false, and life is vain!"

Ceased the dark Spirit—and a sable cloud
O'er his set features folded like a shroud;
Then slowly sank, as sinks the dying wave,
In the dark chambers of the yawning grave.

Silently closed the damp turf o'er his head,
And the stern Spirit, like the mortal dead,
Came not again from out his gloomy bed!

"Life!" said the shining one, as, stretching forth
Her long, fair arms, she blessed the teeming earth—

"Life is true, and life is real!
Life has worthy deeds for all;
'T is no vain and false ideal,
Ending with the shroud and pall.
Up and do, then, dreaming mortal!
With a strong heart toil away;
Earth has cares, but heaven a portal
Opening up to endless day!"

She paused, and o'er her pure and spotless breast
Drew the soft drapery of her snowy vest;
Her long, fair arms extended yet once more
To bless the earth she oft had blessed before;
Then turned away to pour her heavenly light
In genial floods where all were else but night.

Still dwells she here, that child of heavenly birth—
Soothing the sorrows of the sons of earth;
Drying the tears that dim the mourner's eye;
Gently subduing Grief's desponding sigh;
Winging with rapture e'en the parting breath,
And wreathing smiles around the lips of Death!

Blest be her path along life's rugged way!
Blest be her smiles which light the darkest day!
And blest the tears that, trusting still, she weeps,
Where the dark Spirit yet in silence sleeps!

THE VALLEY OF PEACE.

It was a beautiful conception of the Moravians to give to rural cemeteries the appropriate name of "Valleys" or "Fields of Peace."

Oh, come, let us go to the Valley of Peace!
There earth's weary cares to perplex us shall cease;
We will stray through its solemn and far-spreading
shades,

Till twilight's last ray from each green hillock fades.
There slumber the friends whom we long must re-
gret—

The forms whose mild beauty we can not forget;
We will seek the low mounds where so softly they
sleep,

And will sit down and muse on the idols we weep;
But we will not repine that they're hid from our
eyes,

For we know they still live in a home in the skies;
But we'll pray that, when life's weary journey
shall cease,

We may slumber with them in the Valley of Peace!

Oh, sad were our path through this valley of tears
If, when weary and wasted with toil and with years
No home were prepared where the pilgrim might
Mortality's cumbering vestments away! [lay
But sadder, and deeper, and darker the gloom.

That would close o'er our way as we sped to the
If Faith pointed not to that heavenly goal,
Where the Sun of eternity beams on the soul!

Oh, who, mid the sorrows and changes of time,
E'er dreamed of that holier, that happier clime,

But yearned for the hour of the spirit's release—
 For a pillow of rest in the Valley of Peace!
 Oh come, thou pale mourner, whose sorrowing gaze
 Seems fixed on the shadows of long-vanished days,
 Sad, sad is thy tale of bereavement and wo,
 And thy spirit is weary of life's garish show!
 Come here: I will show thee a haven of rest,
 Where sorrow no longer invades the calm breast;
 Where the spirit throws off its dull mantle of care,
 And the robe is ne'er folded o'er secret despair!
 Yet the dwelling is lonely, and silent, and cold,
 And the soul may shrink back as its portals unfold;
 But a bright Star has dawned through the shades
 of the east,

That will light up with beauty the Valley of Peace!

Thou frail child of error! come hither and say,
 Has the world yet a charm that can lure thee to
 Ah, no! in thine aspect are anguish and wo, [stay!
 And deep shame has written its name on thy brow.
 Poor outcast! too long hast thou wandered forlorn,
 In a path where thy feet are all gored with the thorn;
 Where thy breast by the fang of the serpent is stung,
 And scorn on thy head by a cold world is flung!
 Come here, and find rest from thy guilt and thy tears,
 And a sleep sweet as that of thine innocent years;
 We will spread thee a couch where thy woes shall
 all cease:

Oh, come and lie down in the Valley of Peace!

The grave, ah, the grave! 'tis a mighty stronghold,
 The weak, the oppressed, all are safe in its fold:
 There Penury's toil-wasted children may come,
 And the helpless, the houseless, at last find a home.
 What myriads unnumbered have sought its repose,
 Since the day when the sun on creation first rose;
 And there, till earth's latest, dread morning shall
 break,

Shall its wide generations their last dwelling make:
 But beyond is a world—how resplendently bright!
 And all that have lived shall be bathed in its light.
 We shall rise—we shall soar where earth's sorrows
 shall cease.

Though our mortal clay rests in the Valley of
 Peace!

THE BOY AND HIS ANGEL.

"Oh, mother, I've been with an angel to-day!
 I was out, all alone, in the forest at play,
 Chasing after the butterflies, watching the bees,
 And hearing the woodpecker tapping the trees;
 So I played, and I played, 'til, so weary I grew,
 I sat down to rest in the shade of a yew,
 While the birds sang so sweetly high up on its top,
 I held my breath, mother, for fear they would stop.
 Thus a long while I sat, looking up to the sky,
 And watching the clouds that went hurrying by,
 When I heard a voice calling just over my head,
 That sounded as if 'Come, oh brother!' it said;
 And there, right over the top of the tree,
 O mother, an angel was beckoning to me!

"And, 'Brother,' once more, 'come, oh brother!'
 he cried,
 And flew on light pinions close down by my side;

And mother, oh, never was being so bright
 As the one which then beamed on my wondering
 His face was as fair as the delicate shell, [sight!
 His hair down his shoulders in fair ringlets fell,
 While his eyes resting on me, so melting with love,
 Were as soft and as mild as the eyes of a dove.
 And somehow, dear mother, I felt not afraid,
 As his hand on my brow he caressingly laid,
 And murmured so softly and gently to me,
 'Come, brother, the angels are waiting for thee!'
 "And then on my forehead he tenderly pressed
 Such kisses—oh, mother, they thrilled through my
 breast,

'As swift'y as lightning leaps down from on high,
 When the chariot of God rolls along the black sky;
 While his breath, floating round me, was soft as
 the breeze

That played in my tresses, and rustled the trees;
 At last on my head a deep blessing he poured,
 Then plumed his bright pinions and upward he
 soared—

And up, up he went, through the blue sky, so far,
 He seemed to float there like a glittering star,
 Yet still my eyes followed his radiant flight,
 Till, lost in the azure, he passed from my sight.
 Then, oh how I feared, as I caught the last gleam
 Of his vanishing form, it was only a dream—
 When soft voices murmured once more from the tree,
 'Come, brother, the angels are waiting for thee!'"

Oh, pale grew that mother, and heavy her heart,
 For she knew her fair boy from this world must
 depart;

That his bright locks must fade in the dust of the
 tomb,

Ere the autumn winds withered the summer's rich
 bloom.

Oh, how his young footsteps she watched, day by
 day,

As his delicate form wasted slowly away,
 Till the soft light of heaven seemed shed o'er his face,
 And he crept up to die in her loving embrace!

"Oh, clasp me, dear mother, close, close to your
 On that gentle pillow again let me rest; [breast;
 Let me once more gaze up to that dear, loving eye,
 And then, oh, methinks, I can willingly die.

Now kiss me, dear mother—oh, quickly—for see,
 The bright, blessed angels are waiting for me!"

Oh, wild was the anguish that swept through her
 breast,

As the long, frantic kiss on his pale lips she pressed,
 And felt the vain search for his soft, pleading eye,
 As it strove to meet hers ere the fair boy could die.

"I see you not, mother, for darkness and night
 Are hiding your dear, loving face from my sight;
 But I hear your low sobbings: dear mother, good
 The angels are ready to bear me on high. [by!
 I will wait for you there; but, oh, tarry not long,
 Lest grief at your absence should sadden my song!"
 He ceased, and his hands meekly clasped on his
 breast,

While his sweet face sank down on its pillow of
 rest;

Then closing his eyes, now all rayless and dim,
 Went up with the angels that waited for him.

THE LADY OF LURLEI.*

A LEGEND OF THE RHINE.

"SEEST thou the lady on yonder steep,
Whose crags beetle over the billowy deep?
Her robes of the sea-green waves are wove,
And her eyes are blue as the skies above:
Her golden tresses, like sunlight, roam
O'er a neck more pure than the wreathing foam,
As her long white arms on the breeze she flings,
And in sweet, low, silvery accents sings
To the still, gray morning her strange wild lay—
Away, to the lady, good boatman, away!"

A film crept over the boatman's sight,
And his arm grew weak, and his cheek grew white,
As he saw the lady poised high in air,
With her sea-green robes and her flowing hair!
"Sir knight, 't would peril our lives to ride,
In the stanchest boat, o'er this surging tide,
When yon wild lady at morn is seen
On Lurlei's cliff, with her robes of green!
Beware! for evil befalls the knight
Who dares to wish for a nearer sight!"

"Go, preach thy fears to the timid girl,
Or the craven coward, thou trembling chur!
The knight who the shock of an hundred fields
Has borne, to no fancied danger yields:
Then over the waves, with thy bounding skiff,
To the strange bright lady of Lurlei's cliff;
And take, as thy guerdon, this golden chain—
For me, none peril their lives in vain!"

He took the chain, and he spake no more,
But his strong arm shook, as he grasped the oar,
And gave his bark to the rolling deep,
To ferry the knight to the fatal steep!
The skies grew black, and the winds blew high,
And ominous birds flew shrieking by,
And roaring surges piled up the strand
With a terrible wall as they neared the land.
"Back, back!" the boatman with white lips cried,
"Nor dare thus madly this fearful tide!"
But the brave knight turned with a dauntless brow,
And, bold y spurning the graceful prow,
Plunged fearlessly over the light skiff's side,
And eagerly breasted the foaming tide!
Strange faces arose to his troubled eye,
As the whirling waters swept wildly by—
Fierce voices hissed in his failing ear,
And his stout frame trembled, but not with fear,
For his breath he held and his arm he strained,
Till the waves were passed and the shore was gained.
Then, swiftly scaling the steep ascent,
Before the lady he breathless bent!

He laid his head on her bosom fair,
His fingers toyed with her golden hair—
While "Mine for ever," she wildly sung.
As round him her long white arms she flung!
"Bold knight, come down in the sunless deep,
Where peris warble and naiads sleep—
Come down and dwell with the ocean-maid,
Where the blight ne'er falls and the flowers ne'er
fade!"

* Lurlei is the name of a rocky cliff on the shores of the Rhine.

She pressed her lips to his glowing cheek,
She lured him along the dangerous peak—
One moment they stood on the dizzy verge—
The next, sank down 'neath the sounding surge
The winds were hushed, and the waves were laid,
And insects small in the sunbeams played—
The boat returned to the distant shore,
But the knight and the lady were seen no more!

THE WIFE'S REMONSTRANCE.

Oh, why are you sad when all others are gay?
Is earth darker now than in life's early day?
Is the kind hand withdrawn that upheld us of
yore,
Or the bright, laughing sunshine around us no
more?
No: earth is still smiling, and nature is clad
In all her old beauty—then why art thou sad?

True, some friends, grown faithless, seem cold and
estranged,
But others are left us whose love is unchanged—
Whose hearts, through all seasons of good and
of ill,
Like the ivy around us cling faithfully still:
Let us cherish them deep in our hearts, and be
glad,
For oh, with such blessings how can we be sad!

You say we are poor!—ah, I have not forgot
That to struggle with fortune is oftentimes our lot;
But think you that we are less happy than they
Who drag on mid splendor their wearisome day?
For their wealth would you barter the bliss we
have had?

Oh no! then what need have our hearts to be sad?
Why fear for the future?—for nine years or more
We have managed to keep the gaunt wolf from
our door;

And why, in the days yet to come, should our
state,
Though humble, be marked by a gloomier fate?
Let us give God our thanks for the past, and be
glad—
How much more need have others, than we, to be
sad!

I know there are seasons when, strive as we will,
Presentiment whispers for ever of ill;
There are dark-boding visions of trouble and pain,
That lurk in the heart till they madden the brain!
Wo, wo for that bosom! it can not be glad—
Oh God, shield us well from such cause to be
sad!

Let us humbly hope on—and if dark be our way,
Remember that night is e'er followed by day;
Though tempests and whirlwinds may rage through
the skies,

They will pass, and the sunbeams again meet our
eyes:

Let our hearts and our brows, then, in sunshine
be clad,
For God made us not to be gloomy and sad!

MY SLEEPING CHILDREN.

YE sleep, my children! On your soft, blue eyes—
Those eyes that once, like summer sunlight glancing,
From morn till eve with joy seemed ever dancing,
A mournful slumber lies!

Ye sleep, but I—I wake to watch your rest;
Yet not as erst, when, round your temples wreathing,
The light locks stirred at every gentle breathing
From your full, quiet breast.

No more my finger on my lips I lay,
Lest some rude sound, some sudden footstep—jarring
Your little couch, and the hushed stillness marring—
Should chase your sleep away.

Ah, no! the winds go moaning o'er your heads,
And the sweet dryads of the valley, winging
In airy circles, wild, shrill strains are singing
Above your grassy beds!

But ye awake not—they disturb not now:
And a vain gush of childlike grief comes o'er me,
As the dread memory, sudden sweeps before me,
That death is on your brow!

Oh, precious ones! that seemed too fair to die—
My soft-eyed Mary, child of seraph sweetness:
Bright vision, vanished with a shadow's fleetness—
Why hast thou left me?—why?

Wert weary, gentle dove, of this cold world?
And didst thou long to rest thy little pinions
Far in those bright and beautiful dominions,
Where they at last are furled?

Wert homesick, darling? Could thy little heart
Yearn for a love more tender than we bore thee—
Yearn for a watch more fond and faithful o'er thee,
That thou shouldst hence depart?

That thou shouldst hence, and leave me here behind
To fold thy little robes in silent anguish—
To dry my tears, then weep again—to languish
For what I can not find!

Had my low cradle-song no longer charms—
That cradle-song whose soft and plaintive numbers
Lulled thee each evening to thy peaceful slumbers—
To keep thee in my arms

And thou, my boy! my beautiful—my own!
Twin cherub of the one who stands beside me,
Grieving that we within the earth should hide thee,
And leave thee all alone—

Grieving that thou canst play with him no more;
That, though his tears upon thy grave are falling,
Thy voice replies not to his mournful calling—
Unheeded ne'er before!

Did the sweet cup of life already cloy,
That from thy lips, ere scarcely it was tasted—
Ere from its brim one sparkling gleam was wasted,
Thou laidst it down, my boy?

Nay, wherefore question? To my pleading vain,
No voice to still my spirit's restless yearning—
No sweet reply, to soothe my heart's deep burning,
Comes from your graves again!

Ye were—ye art not! Thus earth's bloom decays:
I watch the flowers'neath Autumn's footstep dying,

Yet know the spring-breath, through the valleys
Each from its tomb will raise! [sighing,

But ye—oh ye! though soft the vernal rain,
The sweet spring showers stern winter's chain dis-
solving—
May round you fall earth's loveliest flowers evolving,
Ye will not bloom again!

Though by the streams, and all the meadows o'er,
Mid woods and dells, the south's gay clarion ringing,
May peal, till life is everywhere upspringing,
Ye—ye will wake no more!

Nay, ye *will* wake! not here, not here—but there,
In heaven! Oh, there ye bloom e'en now—where
never

Falls the chill blight, and each sweet flower for ever
Lives beautiful and fair!

There shall I find you—stainless, pure, and bright,
As the pure seraph-eyes, whose myriad numbers
Are watching now, above your peaceful slumbers,
From the far zenith's height:

There shall I clasp you to my heart once more,
And feel your cheeks mine own with rapture pres-
sing,
Till all my being thrills with your caressing,
And all its pain is o'er!

Dear ones, sleep on! A low, mysterious tone,
Solemn yet sweet, my spirit's ear is filling—
Each wilder grief within my bosom stilling,
And hushing sorrow's moan.

It tells me that, no shadow on your brow,
Far from the clouds that closely round me gather,
Clasped on the bosom of the Good All-Father,
Ye're blest and happy now.

Ay, blest and happy! never more shall tears
Dim those sweet eyes; temptation ne'er shall round
you
Wind its dark coils, nor guilt nor falsehood wound
Through all your endless years. [you,

Farewell awhile! Ye were my heart's delight—
Ye were sweet stars, my spirit's clouds dissolving,
Round which my heart was evermore revolving,
Like some fond satellite.

Ah, well I loved you—but I yield you up,
Without one murmur, at my Father's calling.
With childlike trust, though fast my tears are falling,
I drink the bitter cup.

I drink—for He, whom angels did sustain
In the dread hour when mortal anguish met him,
When friends forgot, and deadly foes beset him,
Stands by to soothe my pain.

I drink—for thou, O God, preparedst the draught
Which to my lips thy Father-hand is pressing
I know 'neath ills oft lurks the deepest blessing—
Father, the cup is quaffed!

'T is quaffed—and now, O Father, I restore
The little children thou in mercy sent me:
Sweet blessings were they, for a season lent me—
Take back thine own once more!

Yet, oh, forget not, Lord, thy child is weak:
The dregs are bitter which my lips are draining,

And my faint heart hath need of thy sustaining—
 Father, thy child is weak!

Yet, take thine own! their souls are innocent—
 Their little lives were beautiful and blameless:
 I bring them back to thee, pure, white, and stainless,
 E'en as when they were lent.

Keep them, and make them each a shining gem
 Mid the bright things which fill the bowers of heaven,
 Till my soul, too, shall soar, earth's fetters riven,
 Home—home, to thee and them!

◆
 LAKE MAHOPAC

LAKE of the soft and sunny hills,
 What loveliness is thine!
 Around thy fair, romantic shore,
 What countless beauties shine!
 Shrined in their deep and hollow urn,
 Thy silver waters lie—
 A mirror set in waving gems
 Of many a regal dye.

Like angel faces in a dream,
 Bright isles upon thy breast,
 Veiled in soft robes of hazy light,
 In such sweet silence rest—
 The rustle of a bird's light wing,
 The shiver of the trees,
 The chime of waves—are all the sounds
 That freight the summer breeze.

Oh, beautiful it is along
 Thy silver wave to glide,
 And watch the ripples as they kiss
 Our tiny vessel's side;
 While ever round the dipping oar
 White curls the feathery spray,
 Or, from its bright suspended point,
 Drips tinklingly away.

And pleasant to the heart it is
 In those fair isles to stray,
 Or Fancy's idle visions weave
 Through all the golden day,
 Where dark old trees, around whose stems
 Caressing woodbines cling,
 O'er mossy, flower-enamelled banks,
 Their trembling shadows fling.

Oh, he who in his daily paths
 A weary spirit bears,
 Here in these peaceful solitudes
 May he lay down his cares:
 No echo from the restless world
 Shall his repose invade,
 Where the spectres of the haunted heart
 By Nature's self are laid.

I stood upon thy shore, fair lake!
 Long parted was the day,
 And shadows of the eventide
 Upon the waters lay;
 But from the sky the silver moon,
 All radiant and serene,
 Attended by eve's dewy star,
 Smiled sweetly o'er the scene.

The earth was mute—no sound, save mine
 Own beating heart, I heard,
 When suddenly the listening air
 With melody was stirred:
 The low, faint chime of lapsing waves,
 The voice of whispering boughs,
 Waked by the night-winds gentle touch,
 In mingled sweetness rose.

Oh, dear and hallowed was that hour:
 O'er being's troubled tide
 Still waters of eternal peace
 Seemed solemnly to glide,
 Whose antheams, deep, subdued, and low,
 Through all my throbbing soul,
 Like breathings from a brighter world,
 In pleading murmurs stole.

Oh, dear and hallowed was the hour!
 Along life's mazy track,
 An angel from the paths of ill
 Hath oftimes lured me back;
 It watched above me at my birth,
 It led me when a child,
 And here, beside the moonlit waves,
 Once more upon me smiled.

Lake of the hills! around me yet
 I feel thy magic spell—
 Still, still by Fancy led, I pace
 Thy dreamy island dell;
 The sere leaves, rustling to my tread,
 Are heaped upon the ground,
 And the graves of long, long centuries
 Lie thickly clustering round.

'T was hither, old traditions tell,
 The Indian of yore
 Forth from the peopled haunts of life
 His dead in silence bore,
 And, trenching reverently the sod,
 Within earth's loving-breast,
 With his bow and arrows by his side,
 Here laid him down to rest.

Fit place of sepulture! tall trees
 In columned arches rise,
 Through whose thick-woven boughs steal down
 Soft glimpses of the skies.
 Amid their leaves, like spirit strains,
 Æolian sounds awake,
 And o'er the long-forgotten dead
 A solemn requiem make.

Ah, peace! while on this rocky seat
 Myself once more I cast,
 And people all the island shades
 With phantoms of the past,
 Till from the grand old beetling rocks,
 That far above me frown,
 A thousand dusky faces gaze
 In mournful silence down.

They gaze—while in their troubled hearts
 Wild memories seem to lie,
 And fearful meanings darkly flit
 O'er many a burning eye;
 Pale warriors lift their folded hands
 In mute, appealing prayer,
 Then clasp them o'er their silent breasts
 In deep and stil' despair!

But, see—those sternly-lifted brows!
 Quick change comes o'er my dream:
 Each phantom form is flashing now
 With strange and sudden gleam;
 Swift feathery arrows cleave the air,
 From coppice, trees, and rocks,
 And the wild glen hisses to the paths
 Of hurtling tomahawks!

I start— I clutch the air—and lo!
 My fearful dream is o'er;
 Kind human voices call me back
 To the bright world once more—
 Kind, faithful hands, that grasp mine own,
 Conduct me from the dell:
 One last, one lingering gaze on thee—
 Thou p'ace of graves, farewell!
 Lake of the hills! my song has ceased;
 But should my feet no more
 Thread thy fair island g'ades, or pace
 Thy richly varying shore,
 A memory lives within my breast,
 That, wheresoe'er I be,
 As the heavens are mirrored by thy wave,
 Will ever mirror thee!

THE WARRIOR'S DIRGE.

WARRIOR, rest: thy toils are ended—
 Life's last fearful strife is o'er;
 Clarion calls, with death-notes blended,
 Shall disturb thine ear no more.
 Peaceful is thy dreamless slumber—
 Peaceful—but how cold and stern!
 Thou hast joined that silent number
 In the land whence none return.
 Warrior, rest: thy banner o'er thee
 Hangs in many a drooping fold;
 Many a manly cheek before thee
 Stained with tear-drops we behold.
 Thine was not a hand to falter,
 When thy sword shou'd leave its sheath;
 Thine was not a cheek to alter,
 Though thy duty led to death.
 Warrior, rest: a dirge is knelling
 Solemnly from shore to shore;
 'Tis a nation's tribute, telling
 That a patriot is no more.
 Thou, where Freedom's sons have striven,
 Firm and bold, didst foremost stand;
 Freely was thy life-blood given
 For thy home and fatherland.
 Warrior, rest: our star is vanished
 That to victory led the way,
 And from one lone hearth is banished
 All that cheered life's weary day;
 There thy young bride weeps in sorrow
 That no more she hears thy tread—
 That the night which knows no morrow
 Darkly veils thy laurelled head.
 Warrior, rest: we smooth thy pillow
 For thy last, long earthly sleep;

Oh, beneath yon verdant willow
 Storms unheard will o'er thee sweep.
 There, 'tis done!—thy couch awaits thee—
 Softly down thy head we lay;
 Here repose, till God translates thee
 From the dust to endless day!

REUNION.

NAY, pause not yet! another strain—
 A strain to bid the spirit start—
 Glad songs for those who meet again,
 And blend together heart with heart!
 Give to the winds each anxious thought
 Which o'er our bliss a shade might cast;
 These hours, by weary absence bought,
 Should be all sunshine to the last.
 What though we part again to-morrow,
 For years, perhaps, no more to meet!
 We will not of the future borrow
 One pang to mar an hour so sweet.
 Swell high the strain, then! let our souls
 With mirth and gayety be filled,
 And brightly, as each moment rolls,
 Be drops of ecstasy distilled!
 Hush, hark! amid our rapture now,
 What strange, low, sorrowing tone comes near!
 Why steals a shadow o'er each brow,
 And through each mirthful smile a tear?
 Alas! the spirit can not brook
 The voice of careless glee to-day,
 But, from each thoughtless word and look,
 Turns, sick and shuddering, away.
 Oh, hush the song! lest feeling's tide
 Grow mightier than may be controlled:
 Then calmly seated, side by side,
 Each other's hand we'll fondly hold.
 Linger a little longer yet,
 And breathe your sweet words o'er mine ear;
 Oh, I can die—but ne'er forget
 This hour, so beautiful and dear!

PEBBLES.

GIVE me the pebble, little one, that I
 To yon bright pool may hurtle it away:
 Look! how 'thas changed the azure wave to gray,
 And blotted out the image of the sky!
 So, when our spirits calm and placid lie—
 When all the passions of the bosom sleep,
 And from its stirlless and unruffled deep
 Beams up a heaven as bright as that on high,
 Some pebble—envy, jealousy, misdoubt—
 Dashed in our bosom's slumbering waves to jar,
 Will cloud the mirrored surface of the soul,
 And blot its heaven of joy and beauty out.
 Sin! fling no pebble in my soul, to mar
 Its solemn depths, and o'er it clouds to roll!

MARGARET L. BAILEY.

(Born 1812).

MRS. BAILEY is a daughter of the Rev. Thomas Shands, and was born in Sussex county, Virginia, on the twelfth of December, 1812. When she was about six years of age, her father removed to the West; and in 1833 she was married to Mr. G. Bailey, junior, subsequently editor of the Cincinnati Philanthropist, then of the Cincinnati Morning Herald, and now of the National Era, at Washington. In March, 1844, Mrs. Bailey became editress of The Youth's Monthly Visitor, at Cincinnati, and conducted it, with a circulation which arose to some three thou-

sand copies, until her removal to the District of Columbia, near the close of 1846. This periodical was perhaps the first of its class ever published in the country, and its contents justify the critical opinion of Mr. William D. Gallagher, that Mrs. Bailey is one of the ablest women of the age.

The poems of Mrs. Bailey have appeared in the journals edited by herself and her husband, and there has been no collected edition of them. They have less individuality than her prose, but they are informed with fancy and a just understanding.

LIFE'S CHANGES.

A LITTLE child on a sunny day,
Sat on a flowery bank at play;
The gentle breath of the summer air
Waved the curls of her golden hair,
And ever her voice rang merrily out
In a careless laugh or a joyous shout.

Beautiful was she as early morn,
When the dew is fresh on the blossoming thorn;
And methought as I looked on her fair young face,
Beaming with beauty and truth and grace,
How cold and heartless the world must be,
That could su'ly such spotless purity!

Years rolled by: in her maiden pride
She stood, a gentle and trusting bride—
How beautiful still! though a softening shade
O'er the dazzling hue of that beauty played,
Whi'e the tender glance of her soft blue eye
Told of a love that could not die:
And I prayed as I gazed on her placid brow,
Pure as a wreath of new-fallen snow,
That sorrow, the sorrow that comes to all,
Light'y and gently on her might fall.

Again I saw her: Time had been there,
Tipping with silver her golden hair;
He had breathed on her cheek, and its rosy hue
Was gone, but her heart was pure and true,
As when first I met her a budding flower,
Or a gentle maid in her bridal hour.
As mother and wife she had borne her part,
With the faith and hope of a loving heart;
And now when nature, with years opprest,
Looks and longs for her quiet rest,
With holy trust in her Father's love,
Awaiting a summons from above,
She lingers with us, as if to show
To the faint and weary ones below,
How oft to the faithful soul 'tis given
To taste on earth of the joys of heaven.

THE PAUPER CHILD'S BURIAL.

STRETCHED on a rude plank the dead pauper lay:
No weeping friends gathered to bear him away;
His white, slender fingers were clasped on his breast
The pauper child meekly lay taking his rest.

The hair on his forehead was carelessly parted;
No one cared for him, the desolate hearted:
In life none had loved him—his pathway, all sear
Had not one sweet blossom its sadness to cheer.

No fond, gentle mother had ever caressed him,
In tones of affection and tenderness blessed him;
For ere his eye greeted the light of the day,
His mother had passed in her anguish away.

Poor litt'e one! often thy meek eyes have sought
The smile of affection, of kindness unbought,
And wistfully gazing, in wondering surprise,
That no one beheld thee with pitying eyes.

And when in strange gladness thy young voice was
heard,

As in winter's stern sadness the song of a bird,
Harsh voices rebuked thee, and, cowering in fear,
Thy glad song was hushed in a sob and a tear.

And when the last pang rent thy heartstrings in
twain,

And burst from thy bosom the last sign of pain,
No gentle one soothed thee, in love's melting tone,
With fond arm around thee in tenderness thrown.

Stern voices and cold mingled strange in thine ear
With the songs of the angels the dying may hear;
And thrillingly tender, amid Death's alarms,
Was thy mother's voice welcoming thee to her arms.

Thy fragile form, wrapped in its coarse shroud
reposes

In slumbers as sweet as if pillowed on roses
And while on thy coffin the rude clods are pressed,
The good Shepherd folds the shorn lamb to his breast

MEMORIES.

Oh, pleasant are the memories
 Of childhood's forest home,
 And oft, amid the toils of life,
 Like blessed dreams they come :

Of sunset hours when I lay entranced,
 Mid shadows cool and green,
 Watching the winged insects glance,
 In summer's golden sheen :

Their drowsy hum was a lullaby
 To Nature's quiet sleeping,
 While o'er the meadow's dewy breast
 The evening winds were creeping :

The ploughman's whistle heard afar,
 To his humble home returning ;
 And faintly in the gathering shade
 The firefly's lamp was burning.

Up in the old oak's pleasant shade,
 Where mossy branches swing,
 With gentle twitterings, soft and low,
 Nestling with fluttering wing—

Were summer birds—their tender notes
 Like love's own fond caressing,
 When a mother folds her little flock,
 With a whispered prayer and blessing.

The cricket chirps from the hollow tree,
 To the music of the rill,
 And plaintively echoes through the wood
 The song of the whip-poor-will.

Tinged with the last faint light of day,
 A white cloud in the west
 Floats in the azure sea above,
 Like a ship on ocean's breast.

The evening star as a beacon shines
 On the far horizon's verge,
 And the wind moans through the distant pines,
 Like the troubled ocean's surge.

From lowly vales the rising mist
 Curls up the hillside green,
 And its summit, 'twixt the earth and sky,
 Like a fairy isle is seen.

Away in the depths of ether shine
 The stars serenely bright—
 Gems in the glorious diadem,
 Circling the brow of night.

Our Father ! if thy meaner works
 Thus beautiful appear,
 If such revealings of thy love
 Enkindle rapture here—

If to our mortal sense thou dost
 Thy treasures thus unfold,
 When death shall rend this earthly veil,
 How shall our eyes behold

Thy glory—when the spirit soars
 Beyond the starry zone
 And in thy presence folds her wing,
 And bows before thy throne !

ENDURANCE.

WHEN, upon wings of rainbow hues,
 Hope flits across thy pathway here,
 And gently as the morning breeze
 Her waving pinion dries thy tear,
 Oh, yield not all thy soul to joy,
 Let not her blandishments allure :
 Life's greenest spot hath withered flowers—
 Whate'er thy lot, thou must endure.

If, on the mountain's topmost cliff,
 The flag of victory seems unfurled,
 And Faith, exulting, sees afar
 Earth's idol, Error, downward hurled,
 Deem not the triumph thou shalt share—
 God keeps his chosen vessels pure :
 The final reckoning is on high,
 On earth thy meed is to endure.

With chastened heart, in humble faith,
 Thy labor earnestly pursue,
 As one who fears to such frail deeds
 No recompense is due :
 Wax not faint-hearted—while thou toil'st,
 Thy bread and water shall be sure ;
 Leaving all else to God, be thou
 Patient in all things to endure.

DUTY AND REWARD.

EVERY day hath toil and trouble,
 Every heart hath care :
 Meekly bear thine own full measure,
 And thy brother's share.

Fear not, shrink not, though the burden
 Heavy to thee prove ;
 God shall fill thy mouth with gladness,
 And thy heart with love.

Patiently enduring, ever
 Let thy spirit be
 Bound by links, that can not sever,
 To humanity.

Labor—wait ! thy Master perished
 Ere his task was done ;
 Count not lost thy fleeting moments,
 Life hath but begun.

Labor ! and the seed thou sowest
 Water with thy tears ;
 God is faithful—he will give thee
 Answer to thy prayers.

Wait in hope ! though yet no verdure
 Glad thy longing eyes,
 Thou shalt see the ripened harvest
 Garnered in the skies.

Labor—wait ! though midnight shadows
 Gather round thee here,
 And the storms above thee lowering
 Fill thy heart with fear—

Wait in hope : the morning dawneth
 When the night is gone,
 And a peaceful rest awaits thee
 When thy work is done.

LAURA M. THURSTON.

(Born 1812—Died 1842).

LAURA M. HAWLEY, afterward Mrs. THURSTON, was born in Norfolk, Connecticut, in December, 1812. She completed her education in the Hartford Female Seminary, and subsequently was a teacher in Hartford and New Milford, Connecticut, in Philadelphia, and in New Albany, Indiana. In the latter place she was married, in September, 1839, to Mr. Franklin Thurston, a merchant; and surren-

dering the school of which she had been the principal, to other hands, she resided there until her death, which occurred on the twenty-first of July, 1842. Under the signature of "Viola" Mrs. Thurston had made herself known by many productions marked by feeling and a melodious versification, which were for the most part originally published in the Louisville Journal.

THE GREEN HILLS OF MY FATHERLAND.

THE green hills of my fatherland
In dreams still greet my view:
I see once more the wave-girt strand,
The ocean depth of blue;
The sky, the glorious sky, outspread
Above their calm repose;
The river, o'er its rocky bed
Still singing as it flows;
The stillness of the sabbath hours,
When men go up to pray;
The sunlight resting on the flowers,
The birds that sing among the bowers
Through all the summer day.
Land of my birth—mine early love—
Once more thine airs I breathe:
I see thy proud hills tower above,
Thy green vales sleep beneath;
Thy groves, thy rocks, thy murmuring rills,
All rise before mine eyes;
The dawn of morning on thy hills,
Thy gorgeous sunset skies;
Thy forests, from whose deep recess
A thousand streams have birth,
Gladdening the lonely wilderness,
And filling the green silentness
With melody and mirth.
I wonder if my home would seem
As lovely as of yore;
I wonder if the mountain stream
Goes singing by the door;
And if the flowers still bloom as fair,
And if the woodbines climb,
As when I used to train them there,
In the dear olden time;
I wonder if the birds still sing
Upon the garden tree,
As sweetly as in that sweet spring
Whose golden memories gently bring
So many dreams to me.

I know that there hath been a change,
A change o'er hall and hearth—
Faces and footsteps new and strange
About my place of birth:
The heavens above are still as bright
As in the days gone by,
But vanished is the beacon light
That cheered my morning sky;
And hill, and vale, and woodland glen,
And rock, and murmuring stream,
That wore such glorious beauty then,
Wou'd seem, should I return again,
The record of a dream.

I mourn not for my childhood's hours,
Since, in the far-off west,
'Neath sunnier skies, in greener bowers,
My heart hath found its rest.
I mourn not for the hills and streams
That chained my steps so long,
Yet still I see thee in my dreams,
And hail them in my song;
And often by the hearth-fire's blaze,
When winter eves shall come,
We'll sit and talk of other days,
And sing the well-remembered lays
Of my green mountain home.

CROSSING THE ALLEGANIES.

THE broad, the bright, the glorious West,
Is spread before me now!
Where the gray mists of morning rest
Beneath yon mountain's brow!
The bound is past, the goal is won,
The region of the setting sun
Is open to my view:
Land of the valiant and the free—
My own Green Mountain land—to thee
And thine a long adieu!

I hail thee, Valley of the West,
 For what thou yet shalt be ;
 I hail thee for the hopes that rest
 Upon thy destiny !
 Here, from this mountain height, I see
 Thy bright waves floating to the sea,
 Thine emerald fields outspread ;
 And feel that, in the book of fame,
 Proudly shall thy recorded name
 In later days be read.

Yet, while I gaze upon thee now,
 All glorious as thou art,
 A cloud is resting on my brow,
 A weight upon my heart.
 To me, in all thy youthful pride,
 Thou art a land of cares untried
 Of untold hopes and fears ;
 Thou art—yet not for thee I grieve ;
 But, for the far-off land I leave,
 I look on thee with tears.

Oh ! brightly, brightly glow thy skies
 In Summer's sunny hours !
 The green earth seems a paradise
 Arrayed in summer flowers !
 But oh ! there is a land afar,
 Whose skies to me are brighter far,
 Along the Atlantic shore !
 For eyes beneath their radiant shrine
 In kindlier glances answered mine :
 Can these their light restore ?
 Upon the lofty bound I stand
 That parts the East and West ;
 Before me lies a fairy land—
 Behind, a home of rest !
 Here, Hope her wild enchantment flings,
 Portrays all bright and lovely things
 My footsteps to allure ;
 But there, in Memory's light, I see
 All that was once most dear to me—
 My young heart's cynosure !

MARTHA DAY.

(Born 1813—Died 1833).

Miss DAY was a daughter of the late eminent president of Yale College, and was born in New Haven on the thirteenth of February, 1813. She was educated at the best schools in Connecticut, and was particularly distinguished for her acquirements in mathematics and languages. She died suddenly, when but twenty years of age, on the second of December, 1833, and in the following year

a collection of her Literary Remains, with Memorials of her Life and Character, was published at New Haven by her friend and relative, Prof. Kingsley. Her poems were buds of promise, which justified the anticipations that were entertained of her eminence in literature. The following hymn was designed to be inserted in an unwritten drama, suggested by an incident in the life of David.

HYMN.

FATHER Almighty !
 From thy high seat thou watchest and controllest
 The insects that upon thy footstool creep,
 While, with a never-wearied hand, thou rollest
 Millions of worlds along the boundless deep.
 O Father ! now the clouds hang blackening o'er us,
 And the dark, boiling deeps beneath us yawn :
 Scatter the tempests, quell the waves before us ;
 To the wild, fearful night send thou a bless. d dawn.

Father All Holy !
 When thou shalt sit upon thy throne of glory,
 The steadfast earth, the strong, untiring sea,
 Their verdant isles, their mountains high and hoary,
 With awe and fear shall from thy presence flee.
 Then shalt thou sit a Judge, the guilty dooming
 To adamantine chains and endless fire :
 Oh, Father ! how may we abide thy coming ?
 Where find a shelter from the pure Jehovah's ire ?

Father All Merciful !
 Still may the guilty come in peace before thee,
 Bathing thy feet with tears of love and wo ;
 And while for pardon only we implore thee,
 Blessings divine unnumbered, o'er us flow.

Father, her heart from all her idols tearing,
 Thine erring child again would turn to thee ;
 To thee she bends, trembling, yet not despairing :
 From fear, remorse, and sin, O Father ! set her free.

LINES ON PSALM CII.

THE boundless universe,
 All that it hath of splendor and of life,
 The living, moving worlds, in their bright robes
 Of blooming lands and heaving, glittering waters,
 Even the still and holy depths of heaven,
 Where the glad planets bathe in floods of light,
 For ever pouring from a thousand suns,
 All, all are but the garments of our God,
 Yea, the dark foldings of his outmost skirts !
 Mortal ! who with a trembling, longing heart,
 Watchest in silence the few rays that steal,
 In their kind dimness, to thy feeble sight—
 Watch on, in silence, till within thy soul,
 Bearing away each taint of sin and death,
 Springs the hid fountain of immortal life !
 Then shall the mighty veil asunder rend,
 And o'er the spirit—living, strong, and pure—
 Shall the full glories of the Godhead flow !

MARY ANN HANMER DODD.

(Born 1813).

Miss DODD is a daughter of Mr. Elisha Dodd, of Hartford, Connecticut, and was born in 1815. Her first appearance as an author was in 1834 when she contributed a few poems to *The Hermethean*, a miscellany conducted by the students of Washington (now Trinity) College. She has since written frequently for the *Ladies' Repository*, a monthly magazine, and *The Rose of Sharon*, an annual, edited for several years by her friend the late Mrs. Mayo. A collection of

her poems was published at Hartford in 1843. Miss Dodd writes with taste and feeling, and her writings would have been known more generally and perhaps more favorably if she had not confined herself so much to denominational channels of publication. Like Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Mayo, Mrs. Sawyer, Mrs. Case, the Careys, and some others who are quoted in this volume, she is of the Universalist church, though her religious compositions are all addressed to universal sympathies.

LAMENT.

SUMMER departs! the golden hours are dying!
In the green glade its minstrelsy is still;
A purple haze, like a thin veil, is lying
On the calm waters and the distant hill.
Cooler the breeze that waits upon the morning;
Paled is the splendor of the noontide ray;
Fewer the flowers the forest path adorning;
Earlier the twilight fades in gloom away.

Summer departs, and thou, too, hast departed!
Thou, who wert joy and sunshine to thy friends;
What have they now, the lonely and sad-hearted,
But the low mound which o'er thy slumber bends?
The Power that pales the season as its closes,
And folds the brightness in the blossom's breast,
Bade Death go forth among the fading roses,
And bear thy spirit to its promised rest.

Summer, sweet Summer! saddened in thy waning,
A shadow falleth on thy garlands gay;
A deeper gloom is on thy path remaining,
Since one beloved hath with thee passed away!
Thou wilt come back; but when thy skies are burn-
And thy fair presence gladdens all the plain, [ing,
How can we ever joy in thy returning?
How can we welcome thee with smiles again?

Thou wilt not wake the dead, in silence sleeping,
Who vanished from us with thy long, bright days;
Thou wilt not call the form the grave is keeping,
Once more to meet and bless our lingering gaze.
So is it best—thou friend, returning never!
Thou, the true-hearted, generous, and kind!
For thee 'tis best: when kindred spirits sever,
They only suffer who remain behind.

Thou art secure from ill. Life's toil is ended;
Finished, for thee, its feverishness and strife;
Its discords in one harmony are blended;
Its seeming gloom is all with brightness-ripe.
Oh! in that glorious land the good inherit,
Canst thou the anguish of a mourner see,
Who finds the only spell that soothes her spirit
In weaving thus a sad lament for thee?

THE MOURNER.

THOU weepes: for a sister! In the bloom
And spring-time of her years to Death a prey,
Shrouded from love by the remorseless tomb,
Taken from all life's joys and griefs away.
'Tis hard to part with one so sudden called,
So young, so happy, and so dearly loved;
To see the arrow at our idol hurled,
And vainly pray the shaft may be removed.

Young, loving, and beloved! O cruel Death!
Couldst thou not spare the treasure for a while?
There are warm hearts that wait to yield their breath,
And aged eyes that can no longer smile.
Why pass the weary pilgrims on their way
Bowed down with toil, and sighing for relief;
To make the blossom in its pride thy prey,
Whose joyous heart had never tasted grief?

Sad sister, turn not hopelessly away;
Nor longer at the will of Heaven repine;
Fold not thy hands in agony and say,
"There is no sorrow in the world like mine."
Oh! could my numbers soothe the sinking soul,
Or one hope waken with the wreath I twine,
Soft sounds of sympathy should round thee roll
Warm from a heart that knows such pain as thine.

I, too, have been a mourner. Sorrow deep
Its lava-tide around my pathway rolled;
And sable weeds a hue could never keep,
Sad as the heart they hid beneath their fold.
All joy grew dim before my tearful eye,
Which but the shadow of the grave could see;
There was no brightness in the earth or sky,
There was no sunshine in the world for me.

Oh! bitter was the draught from Sorrow's cup,
And stern the anguish which my spirit wrung,
When I was called to give mine idol up,
And bend a mourner o'er the loved and young
And for the lost to weep is still my choice:
I ask for one whose pilgrimage is o'er,
And vainly listen for a vanished voice,
Whose pleasant tones shall greet my ear no more

There is a spell around my spirit cast,
 A shadow where the sanbeam smiled before;
 'T is grief, but all its bitterness is past;
 'T is sorrow, but its murmurings are o'er.
 Within my soul, which to the storm was bowed,
 Now the white wing of Peace is folded deep;
 And I have found, I trust, behind the cloud,
 The blessing promised to the eyes that weep.

So thou wilt find relief. For deepest wo
 A fount of healing in our pathway springs;
 Like Lethe's stream, that silver fountain's flow
 A soothing draught unto the sufferer brings.
 A Father chastened thee! oh, look to Him,
 And his dear love in all thy trials see;
 Look with the eye of faith through shadows dim,
 And he will send the Comforter to thee.

TO A CRICKET.

CEASE, cricket! cease thy melancholy song!
 Its chiming cadence falls upon mine ear
 With such a saddening influence all day long,
 I can not bear those mournful notes to hear;
 Notes that will often start the unbidden tear,
 And wake the heart to memories of old days,
 When life knew not a sorrow or a fear:
 For ever basking in the sunny rays
 Which seem so passing bright to youth's all-trustful
 gaze.

Once more my steps are stayed at eventide,
 Beneath the fairest moon that ever shone;
 Where the old oak threw out its branches wide
 Over the low roof of mine early home;
 Ere yet my bosom knew a wish to roam
 From the broad shelter of that ancient tree,
 Or dreamed of other lands beside our own,
 Beyond the boundary of that flowery lea;
 For the green valley there was world enough for me.

A group are gathered round the household hearth,
 Where chill'y Autumn bids the bright flame play;
 And social converse sweet, and childhood's mirth,
 Swiftly beguile the lengthened eve away:
 A laughing girl shakes back her tresses gay,
 With a half-doubtful look and wondering tone—
 Hark! there is music! do you hear the lay?
 Mother, what is it singing in the stone?
 Some luckless fairy wight imprison'd there alone?"...

Wake not remembrance thus! for stern the fate
 That marks my pathway with a weary doom;
 And to a heart so worn and desolate,
 Thy boding voice may add a deeper gloom.
 Though few the clouds which o'er the blue sky
 And green the livery of our forest bowers, [roam,
 To warn us of a sure decay ye come,
 In sable guise, trailing the faded flowers,
 Singing the death-song sad of Summer's waning
 hours!

Those emerald robes will change to russet brown,
 Which Summer over vale and hillside cast;
 To other skies, that know no wintry frown,
 Bright birds shall wing their weary way at last;
 And Autumn's hectic hues which fade so fast

Will make the dark old woods a while look gay;
 But Death must come when the rare show is past:
 Then cease thy chant, dark prophet of decay!
 I can not bear to hear thy melancholy lay!

THE DREAMER.

"A dark, cold calm, which nothing now can break,
 Or warm, or brighten; like that Syrian lake.
 Upon whose surface Morn and Summer shed
 Their smiles in vain, for all beneath is dead!"

HEART of mine, why art thou dreaming!
 Dreaming through the weary day,
 While life's precious hours are wasting,
 Fast and unimproved away?

With a world of beauty round me,
 Lone and sad I dwell apart;
 Changing scenes can bring no pleasure
 To this wrecked and worn-out heart

Now I tempt the quiet Ocean
 While the sky is bright above,
 And the sunlight rests around me,
 Like the beaming smile of Love.

Or by stream'let softly flowing
 Through the vale I wander now;
 And the balmy breath of Summer
 Fans my cheek and cools my brow.

But as well, to me, might darken
 Over all the gloom of night;
 For no quick and sweet sensations
 Fill my soul with new delight.

In the grass-grown, silent churchyard,
 With a listless step I rove;
 And I shed no tear of sorrow
 By the graves of those I love.

Could I weep, the spell might vanish
 Tears would bring my heart relief—
 Heart so sealed to all emotion,
 Dead alike to joy and grief.

When the storm that shook my spirit
 Left its mission finished there,
 Then a calm more fearful followed
 Than the wildness of despair.

Whence the spell that chills my being
 Bidding every passion cease,
 Closing every fount of feeling?—
 Say, my spirit, is it peace?

Wake, oh spell-bound Soul! awaken—
 Bid this sad delusion flee:
 Such a lengthened dream is fearful:
 Such a peace is not for thee.

Life is thine, and "life is earnest,"
 Toil and grief thou canst not shun;
 But be hopeful and believing,
 Till the prize of faith is won.

Then the peace thou shalt inherit
 By the Savior promised free;
 Peace the world destroyeth never—
 Father, give that peace to me!

THE DOVE'S VISIT.

Why do thy pinions their motion cease?
 Wouldst thou listen to my sighing?
 Art thou come with the olive-branch of peace?
 Thou dove to my window flying!
 Thy breast is white as a snowy wreath
 And thine eye is softly beaming;
 Dost thou bear a message thy wing beneath,
 For maid of her lover dreaming?
 Has thy flight been far? thy plumage gleams,
 Unsouled and unworn with using:
 Thou art mute, fair dove, but thy soft eye seems
 To answer my idle musing.
 Oh, thou, thou hast been where I fain would be,
 Where my thoughts are ever straying,
 Where the balmiest breeze of spring blows free,
 With the early blossoms playing!
 Thou hast rested on the casement white,
 Which the lilac-boughs are shading,
 Where I greeted the morning's rosy light,
 Or looked on the sunset fading.
 Tell me, thou bird with the snowy breast!
 Of a spot beloved for ever,
 Of the pleasant walks which my steps have pressed,
 Where now they may linger never.
 With thee would I gladly hasten there,
 If wings to my wish were granted, [care,
 To the flowers that bloomed 'neath my mother's
 And the trees my father planted.
 For dearer the simplest blossom there,
 Its sweets to the morning throwing,
 Than the choicest flower that perfumes the air,
 In a kingly garden growing.
 Vainly I strive to restrain the tear,
 The grief like a spring-tide swelling,
 When my thoughts return to the home so dear
 That is now a stranger's dwelling.
 And while I turn me away to weep,
 A host of memories waken,
 Like the circle spreading upon the deep,
 Or dropped from the foliage shaken
 Shou'd fate, where affection clings so strong,
 A heart from its Eden banish?
 Should it suffer a scene to charm so long,
 And then like a vision vanish?
 I read reproach in that glance of thine,
 For words of repining spoken;
 When my brow with the olive thou wouldst twine,
 I reject the peaceful token.
 Oh, how can a heart be still so weak,
 Though ever for strength beseeching,
 That from each event would some lesson seek,
 And scorn not the humblest teaching!
 Waiting, and trustful like thee, sweet dove,
 To the watchful care of Heaven—
 With unshaken faith in a Father's love—
 Be the future wholly given.
 I will bid my heart's vain yearnings cease;
 ! will hush this useless sighing;

Thy visit hath brought to my spirit peace,
 Thou dove to my window flying!

TWILIGHT.

THE sunset hues are fading fast
 From the fair western sky away,
 And floating clouds which gathered round
 Have vanished with their colors gay.
 All, save one streak that lingers there,
 Retaining still a rosy hue,
 Bright at the verge, but pale above,
 Soft blending with celestial blue.
 So lovely were those brilliant clouds
 Which floated in the evening air,
 It well might seem that angel-forms
 Such fabrics for their robes wou'd wear.
 But, like the dreams that Fancy weaves,
 Their beauty quickly passed away;
 And where their gorgeous tints were seen,
 Soft twilight reigns with shadows gray.
 One star, one bright and quiet star,
 Kindles its steady light above,
 Over the hushed and resting earth
 Still watching like the eye of Love.
 The birds that woke such joyous strains,
 With folded pinions seek repose;
 All, save the minstrel sad who sings
 His plaintive love-lay to the rose.
 The weary bees have reached the hive.
 Rejoicing over labor done;
 And blossoms close their fragrant cups,
 Which opened to the morning sun.
 The winds are hushed that music made
 The leafy-laden boughs between,
 And scarce the lightest zephyr's breath
 Now dallies with the foliage green.
 This is the hour so loved by all
 Whose thoughts are lingering with the past,
 When scenes and forms to memory dear
 Gather around us dim and fast.
 Childhood's bright days, youth's short romance,
 And manhood's dreams of power and fame,
 Again come back to cheat the heart
 So changed by time, yet still the same.
 The mingling tones of voices gone
 Are breathing round us sweet and low,
 And eyes are beaming once again,
 That smiled upon us long ago.
 We gaze upon those loving eyes,
 Which never coldly turn away;
 We clasp the hand and press the lip
 Of forms that but in memory stay.
 We feel the influence of a spell,
 And wake to smiles or melt to tears,
 As pass before the dreaming eye
 The light and shade of other years.
 Oh, pleasant is the dewy morn!
 And golden noon is fair to see
 But sweeter far the closing day,
 Dearer the twilight hour to me.

ANNE C. BOTTA.

MRS. ANNE CHARLOTTE BOTTA is a native of Bennington, in Vermont. Her mother is descended from the Fays and Robinsons, conspicuous in the early history of that state, and is a daughter of Colonel Gray, of the Connecticut line in the Revolutionary army. Her father was one of the United Irishmen, and in that celebrated body there were few more heroic and constant. He was but sixteen when he joined in the rebellion of '98, and soon after his arrest, on account of his youth and chivalrous character, he was offered liberty and a commission in the British army if he would take the oath of allegiance to the government. He refused, and after being four years a state prisoner, was, at the age of twenty, banished for life. With Emmet, McNeven, and others, he came to America, where he married; and while his daughter was a child, he died in Cuba, whither he had gone in search of health.

Mrs. Botta was educated at a popular female seminary in Albany, where her class compositions attracted much attention by a strength and earnestness unusual in performances of this description. She was a loving reader of *Childe Harold*, and caught the tone of this immortal poem, which is echoed in several of her earlier pieces, that still have sufficient individuality to justify the expectations then formed of her maturer abilities. She soon outgrew imitation, and her occasional contributions to literary journals became more and more the voices of her own life and nature.

After leaving school, Mrs. Botta passed some time in Providence; and her knowledge and taste in literature are illustrated in a volume which she published in that city, in 1841, under the title of *The Rhode-Island Book*—a selection of prose and verse from the writers of that state, including several fine poems of her own. For five or six years she has resided in New York, where her house is known for the weekly assemblies there of persons connected with literature

and the arts. I have sometimes attended these agreeable parties, and have met at them probably the larger number of the living poets whose works are reviewed in this volume, with many distinguished men of letters, painters, sculptors, singers, and amateurs, among whom our author is held in as much esteem for her amiable social qualities, as respect for her intellectual accomplishments.

The poems of Mrs. Botta are marked by depth of feeling and grace of expression. They are the natural and generally unpremeditated effusions of a nature extremely sensitive, but made strong by experience and knowledge, and elevated into a divine repose by the ever active sense of beauty. Though for the most part very complete, they are short, and in many cases may be regarded as improvisations upon the occasions by which they were suggested. We have nothing in them that may be regarded as a fair illustration of her powers.

The prose writings of Mrs. Botta are graceful, elegant, and full of fine reflection. They evince a genial and hopeful but not joyous spirit—a waiting for the future rather than a satisfaction with the present. She has a large acquaintance with literature, and her criticisms, scattered through many desultory compositions, are discriminating, and illustrated, from a wide observation and a ready fancy, with uniform judgment and taste. The long chapter entitled *Leaves from the Diary of a Recluse*, in *The Gift for MCCCXLV*, is characteristic of her manner, while for a brief period it admits us to the contemplation of her life.

A collection of the Poems of Mrs. Botta, with engravings after original designs by her friends Durand, Huntington, Cheney, Darley, Brown, Cushman, Rossiter, Rothermel, and Winner, appeared in 1848. It is a beautiful book of art, and so demonstrative of her poetical abilities that it will secure her a position she has not before occupied as an author

THE IDEAL.

"La vie est un sommeil l'amour en est la reve."

A SAD, sweet dream! It fell upon my soul
When song and thought first woke their echoes
Swaying my spirit to its wild control, [there,
And with the shadow of a fond despair,
Darkening the fountain of my young life's stream.
It haunts me still, and yet I know 'tis but a dream.

Whence art thou, shadowy presence, that canst hide
From my charmed sight the glorious things of
A mirage o'er life's desert dost thou glide? [earth!
Or with those gimmerings of a former birth,
A "trailing cloud of glory," hast thou come [home?
From some bright world afar, our unremembered

I know thou dwell'st not in this dull, cold Real,
I know thy home is in some brighter sphere;
I know I shall not meet thee, my Ideal,
In the dark wanderings that await me here:
Why comes thy gentle image then, to me,
Wasting my night of life in one long dream of thee?

The city's peopled solitude, the glare
Of festal halls, moonlight, and music's tone,
All breathe the sad refrain—thou art not there!
And even with Nature I am still alone:
With joy I see her summer bloom depart;
I love drear winter's reign—'tis winter in my heart.

And if I sigh upon my brow to see
The deep'ning shadow of Time's restless wing,
'Tis for the youth I might not give to thee,
The vanished brightness of my first sweet spring;
That I might give thee not the joyous form
Unworn by tears and cares, unlighted by the storm.

And when the hearts I should be proud to win,
Breathe, in those tones that woman holds so dear,
Words of impassioned homage unto mine,
Coldly and harsh they fall upon my ear;
And as I listen to the fervent vow,
My weary heart replies, "Alas! it is not thou."

And when the thoughts within my spirit glow,
That would outpour themselves in words of fire,
If some kind influence bade the music flow,
Like that which woke the notes of Memnon's lyre,
Thou, sunlight of my life, wak'st not the lay,
And song within my heart, unuttered, dies away.

Depart, oh shadow! fatal dream, depart!
Go! I conjure thee leave me this poor life,
And I will meet with firm, heroic heart,
Its threat'ning storms and its tumultuous strife,
And with the poet-seer will see thee stand
To welcome my approach to thine own spirit-land.

THE IDEAL FOUND.

I've met thee, whom I dared not hope to meet,
Save in th' enchanted land of my day dreams:
Yes, in this common world, this waking state,
Thy living presence on my vision beams—
Life's dream embodied in reality!
And in thine eyes I read indifference to me!
Yes, in those star-like eyes I read my fate,
My horoscope is written in their gaze:

My "house of life" henceforth is desolate:
But the dark aspect my firm heart surveys,
Nor faints nor falters even for thy sake: [break!
'Tis calm and nerved and strong: no, no, it shall not

For I am of that mood that will defy—
That does not cower before the gathering storm;
That face to face will meet its destiny,
And undismayed confront its darkest form.
Wild energies awoken in this strife,
This conflict of the soul with the grim phantom Life.

But ah! if thou hadst loved me—had I been
All to thy dreams that to mine own thou art—
Had those dark eyes beamed eloquent on mine,
Pressed for one moment to that noble heart
In the full consciousness of faith unspoken,
Life could have given no more—then had my proud
heart broken!

The Alpine glacier from its height may mock
The clouds and lightnings of the winter sky,
And from the tempest and the thunder's shock
Gather new strength to lift its summit high;
But kissed by sunbeams of the summer day,
It bows its icy crest and weeps itself away.

Thou know'st the fable of the Grecian maid
Wooded by the veiled immortal from the skies,
How in his full perfections, once she prayed,
That he would stand before her longing eyes,
And how that brightness, too intense to bless, [cess,
Consumed her o'erwrought heart with its divine ex-

To me there is a meaning in the tale.
I have not prayed to meet thee: I can brook
That thou shouldst wear to me that icy veil;
I can give back thy cold and careless look:
Yet shrined within my heart, still thou shalt seem
What there thou ever wert, a beautiful, bright dream!

THE IMAGE BROKEN.

'T WAS but a dream, a fond and foolish dream—
The calenture of a delirious brain,
Whose fever-thirst creates the rushing stream.
Now to the actual I awake again;
The vision, to my gaze one moment granted,
Fades in its light away and leaves me disenchanting

The image that my glowing fancy wrought,
Now to the dust with ruthless hand I cast,
Thus I renounce the worship that I sought,
Of my own idol the iconoclast.
The echo of "Eureka! I have found!"
Falls back upon my heart a vain and empty sound

Oh, disembodied being of my mind,
So wildly loved, so fervently adored!
In whom all high and glorious gifts I shrined,
And my heart's incense on the altar poured—
Now do I know that, clad in mortal guise,
Ne'er on this earth wilt thou upon my vision rise

That only in the vague, cold realm of Thought
Shall I meet thee whom here I seek in vain
And like Egyptian Isis, when she sought
The scattered fragments of Osiris slain.

Now do I know that henceforth I shall find
But fragments of thy soul within earth's clay en-
shrined.

Thou whom I have not seen and shall not see
Till the sad drama of this life be o'er!
Yet do I not renounce my faith in thee:
Thou still art mine—I thine for evermore;
And this belief shall be the funeral pyre
Of all less noble love, of all less high desire.

Here, like the Hindoo widow, I will bring
Hope, youth, and all that woman prizes most—
The glow of summer and the bloom of spring,
And on thine altar lay the holocaust:
And, in my faith exulting, I will see
The sacrifice consume I consecrate to thee.

To Love's sweet tones my heart shall never thrill;
Nor, as the tardy years their circles roll,
Shall they the ardor of its pulses chill.
Thus will I live in widowhood of soul,
Until, at last, my lingering exile o'er,
Upon some lovelier star, too blest, we meet once more.

Oh, tell me not that now indeed I dream;
That these aspirings mocked at last will be!
G'ems of a higher life to me they seem—
A sacred pledge of immortality.
Tell not the yearning heart it shall not find: [kind!
O Love, thou art too strong! O God, thou art too

THE BATTLE OF LIFE.

THERE are countless fields the green earth o'er
Where the verdant turf has been dyed with gore;
Where hostile ranks, in their grim array,
With the battle's smoke have obscured the day;
Where hate was stamped on each rigid face,
As foe met foe in the death embrace;
Where the groans of the wounded and dying rose,
Till the heart of the listener with horror froze,
And the wide expanse of the crimsoned plain
Was piled with its heaps of uncounted slain:
But a fiercer combat, a deadlier strife,
Is that which is waged in the battle of life.

The hero that wars on the tented field,
With his shining sword and his burnished shield,
Goes not alone with his faithful brand;
Friends and comrades around him stand,
The trumpets sound and the war-steeds neigh
To join in the shock of the coming fray—
And he flies to the onset, he charges the foe,
Where the bayonets gleam and the red tides flow;
And he bears his part in the conflict dire
With an arm all nerve and a heart all fire.
What though he fall! at the battle's close,
In the flush of the victory won he goes,
With martial music and waving plume,
From a field of fame to a laurelled tomb.
But the hero who wars in the battle of life,
Must stand alone in the fearful strife;
Alone in his weakness or strength must go,
Hero or craven, to meet the foe:
He may not fly on that fated field—
He must win or lose, he must conquer or yield.
Warrior, who comest to this battle now

With a careless step and a thoughtless brow,
As if the field were already won—
Pause and gird all thine armor on;
Myriads have come to this battle ground
With a valiant arm and a name renowned,
And have fallen vanquished to rise no more,
Ere the sun was set or the day half o'er.
Dost thou bring with thee hither a dauntless will,
An ardent soul that no blast can chill?
Thy shield of Faith hast thou tried and proved—
Canst thou say to the mountain, "Be thou moved?"
In thy hand does the sword of Truth flame bright?
Is thy banner emblazoned, "For God and the right?"
In the might of prayer dost thou strive and plead!
Never had warrior greater need!
Unseen foes in thy pathway hide;
Thou art encompassed on every side.
There Pleasure waits with her siren train,
Her poison flowers and her hidden chain;
Hope with her Dead-sea fruits is there;
Sin is spreading her gilded snare;
Flattery counts with her hollow smiles,
Passion with silvery tone beguiles;
Love and Friendship their charmed spells weave:
Trust not too deeply—they may deceive!
Disease with her ruthless hand would smite,
And Care spread o'er thee a withering blight;
Hate and Envy with visage black,
And the serpent Slander, are on thy track.
Guilt and Falsehood, Remorse and Pride,
Doubt and Despair, in thy pathway glide;
Haggard Want in her demon joy
Waits to degrade thee and then destroy;
Palsied Age in the distance lies,
And watches his victim with rayless eyes;
And Death the insatiate is hovering near,
To snatch from thy grasp all thou holdest dear.
No skill may avail and no ambush hide:
In the open field must the champion bide,
And face to face and hand to hand
Alone in his valor confront that band.

In war with these phantoms that gird him round,
No limbs dissevered may strew the ground;
No blood may flow, and no mortal ear
The groans of the wounded heart may hear,
As it struggles and writhes in their dread control,
As the iron enters the riven soul:
But the youthful form grows wasted and weak,
And sunken and wan is the rounded cheek;
The brow is furrowed, but not with years;
The eye is dimmed with its secret tears,
And streaked with white is the raven hair—
These are the tokens of conflict here.

The battle is over: the hero goes,
Scarred and worn, to his last repose;
He has won the day, he has conquered Doom,
He has sunk unknown to his nameless tomb;
For the victor's glory no voices plead;
Fame has no echo and earth no meed;
But the guardian angels are hovering near:
They have watched unseen o'er the conflict here,
And they bear him now on their wings away
To a realm of peace, to a cloudless day.
Ended now is the earthly strife,
And his brow is crowned with the crown of life!

THOUGHTS IN A LIBRARY.

SPEAK low—tread softly through these halls;
Here Genius lives enshrined;
Here reign, in silent majesty,
The monarchs of the mind.

A mighty spirit-host they come,
From every age and clime;
Above the buried wrecks of years,
They breast the tide of Time.

And in their presence-chamber here
They hold their regal state,
And round them through a noble train,
The gifted and the great.

Oh, child of Earth! when round thy path
The storms of life arise,
And when thy brothers pass thee by
With stern, unloving eyes—

Here shall the poets chant for thee
Their sweetest, loftiest lays;
And prophets wait to guide thy steps
In wisdom's pleasant ways.

Come, with these God-anointed kings
Be thou companion here;
And in the mighty realm of mind
Thou shalt go forth a peer!

HAGAR.

UNTRIDDEN, drear, and lone,
Stretched many a league away,
Beneath a burning, noonday sun,
The Syrian desert lay.

The scorching rays that beat
Upon that herbless plain,
The dazzling sands, with fiercer heat,
Reflected back again.

O'er that dry ocean strayed
No wandering breath of air,
No palm-trees cast their cooling shade,
No water murmured there.

And thither, bowed with shame,
Spurned from her master's side,
The dark-browed child of Egypt came
Her wo and shame to hide.

Drooping and travel-worn,
The boy upon her hung,
Who from his father's tent that morn
Like a gazelle had sprung.

His ebbing breath failed fast,
Glazed was his flashing eye;
And in that fearful, desert waste,
She laid him down to die.

But when, in wild despair,
She left him to his lot,
A voice that filled that breathless air
Said, "Hagar, fear thou not."

Then o'er the hot sands flowed
A cooling, crystal stream,
And angels left their high abode
And ministered to them.

Of, when drear wastes surround
My faltering footsteps here,
I've thought I, too, heard that blest sound
Of "Wanderer, do not fear."

And then, to light my path
On through the evil land,
Have the twin angels, Hope and Faith,
Walked with me, hand to hand.

TO THE MEMORY OF CHANNING.

"The prophets, do they live for ever?"—*Zech. i. 5.*

Those spirits God ordained,
To stand the watchmen on the outer wall,
Upon whose souls the beams of truth first fall,
They who reveal the ideal, the unattained,
And to their age, in stirring tones and high,
Speak out for God, truth, man, and liberty—
Such prophets, do they die!

When dust to dust returns,
And the freed spirit seeks again its God—
To those with whom the bless'd ones have trod,
Are they then lost? No! still their spirit burns
And quickens in the race; the life they give,
Humanity receives, and they survive
While hope and virtue live.

The landmarks of their age,
High-priests, kings of the realm of mind, are they
A realm unbounded as posterity;
The hopeful future is their heritage;
Their words of truth, of love, and faith sublime,
To a dark world of doubt, despair, and crime,
Reëcho through all time.

Such kindling words are thine,
Thou, o'er whose tomb the requiem soundeth still,
Thou from whose lips the silvery tones yet thrill
In many a bosom, waking life divine;
And since thy Master to the world gave token
That for Love's faith the creed of Fear was broken,
None higher have been spoken.

Thy reverent eye could see,
Though sinful, weak, and wedded to the clod,
The angel-soul still as the child of God,
Heir of his love, born to high destiny:
Not for thy country, creed, or sect, speakest thou,
But him who bears God's image on his brow,
Thy brother, high or low.

Great teachers formed thy youth,
As thou didst stand upon thy native shore,
In the calm sunshine, in the ocean's roar;
Nature and God spoke with thee, and the truth,
That o'er thy spirit then in radiance streamed,
And in thy life so calmly, brightly beamed,
Shall still shine on undimmed.

Ages ago, like thee
The famed Greek with kindling aspect stood,
And bent his eloquence with wind and flood,
By the blue waters of the Ægean sea;
But he heard not their everlasting hymn:
His lofty soul with Error's cloud was dim,
And thy great teachers spake not unto him

A THOUGHT BY THE SEASHORE.

Bury me by the sea.
 When on my heart the hand of Death is prest,
 If the soul lingereth ere she join the blest,
 And haunts awhile her clay,
 Then mid the forest shades I would not lie,
 For the green leaves like me would droop and die.
 Nor mid the homes of men,
 The haunts of busy life, would I be laid :
 There ever was I lone, and my vexed shade
 Would sleep unquiet then ;
 The surging tide of life might overwhelm
 The shadowy boundaries of the silent realm.
 No sculptured marble pile
 To bear my name be reared upon my breast—
 Beneath its weight my free soul would not rest ;
 But let the blue sky smile,
 The changeless stars look lovingly on me,
 And let me sleep beside this sounding sea :
 This ever-beating heart
 Of the great Universe ! here would the soul
 Plume her soiled pinions for the final goal,
 Ere she should thence depart—
 Here would she fit her for the high abode—
 Here by the sea, she would be nearer God.
 I feel his presence now :
 Thou mightiest of his vassals, as I stand
 And watch beside thee on the sparkling sand,
 Thy crested billows bow ;
 And as thy solemn chant swells through the air,
 My spirit, awed, joins in thy ceaseless prayer.
 Life's fitful fever o'er,
 Here then would I repose, majestic sea ;
 E'en now faint glimpses of eternity
 Come o'er me on thy shore :
 My thoughts from thee to highest themes are given,
 As thy deep distant blue is lost in Heaven.

THE DUMB CREATION.

Deal kindly with those speechless ones,
 That throng our gladsome earth ;
 Say not the bounteous gift of life
 Alone is nothing worth.
 What though with mournful memories
 They sigh not for the past ?
 What though their ever joyous Now
 No future overcast ?
 No aspirations fill their breast
 With longings undefined ;
 They live, they love, and they are blest,
 For what they seek they find.
 They see no mystery in the stars,
 No wonder in the plain,
 And Life's enigma wakes in them
 No questions dark and vain.
 To them earth is a final home,
 A bright and blest abode ;
 Their lives unconsciously flow on
 In harmony with God.
 To this fair world our human hearts
 Their hopes and longings bring,

And o'er its beauty and its bloom
 Their own dark shadows fling.
 Between the future and the past
 In wild unrest we stand,
 And ever as our feet advance,
 Retreats the promised land.
 And though Love, Fame, and Wealth and Power,
 Bind in their gilded band,
 We pine to grasp the unattained—
 The *something* still beyond.
 And, beating on their prison bars,
 Our spirits ask more room,
 And with unanswered questionings,
 They pierce beyond the tomb.
 Then say thou not, oh, doubtful heart !
 There is no life to come :
 That in some tearless, cloudless land,
 Thou shalt not find thy home.

THE WOUNDED VULTURE.

A KINGLY vulture sat alone,
 Lord of the ruin round,
 Where Egypt's ancient monuments
 Upon the desert frowned.
 A hunter's eager eye had marked
 The form of that proud bird,
 And through the voiceless solitude
 His ringing shot was heard.
 It rent that vulture's pluméd breast,
 Aimed with unerring hand,
 And his life-blood gushed warm and red
 Upon the yellow sand.
 No struggle marked the deadly wound,
 He gave no piercing cry,
 But calmly spread his giant wings,
 And sought the upper sky.
 In vain with swift pursuing shot
 The hunter seeks his prey,
 Circling and circling upward still
 On his majestic way.
 Up to the blue empyrean
 He wings his steady flight,
 Till his receding form is lost
 In the full flood of light.
 Oh, wounded heart ! oh, suffering soul !
 Sit not with folded wing,
 Where broken dreams and ruined hopes
 Their mournful shadows fling.
 Outspread thy pinions like that bird,
 Take thou the path sublime,
 Beyond the flying shafts of Fate,
 Beyond the wounds of Time.
 Mount upward ! brave the clouds and storms !
 Above life's desert plain
 There is a calmer, purer air,
 A heaven thou, too, may'st gain.
 And as that dim, ascending form
 Was lost in day's broad light,
 So shall thine earthly sorrows fade,
 Lost in the Infinite.

EROS.

As when, untaught and blind,
To the mute stone the pagan bows his knee,
Spirit of Love, phantom of my own mind,
So have I worshipped thee!

When first a laughing child,
I gazed on Nature with a wondering eye,
I learned of her, in calm and tempest wild,
This thirst for sympathy.

I saw the flowers appear,
And spread their petals out to meet the sun,
The dewdrops on their glistening leaves draw near
And mingle into one.

And if a harp was stirred
By the soft pulses of some wandering sound,
Attuned to the same key, then I have heard
Its chords untouched respond.

Fast through the vaulted sky,
Giving no sound or light, when storms were loud,
I saw the electric cloud in silence fly,
Seeking its sister cloud.

I saw the winds, and sea,
And all the hosts of heaven in bright array,
Governed by this sweet law of sympathy,
Roll on their destined way.

And then my spirit pined,
And, like the sea-shell for its parent sea,
Moaned for those kindred souls it could not find,
And panted to be free.

And then came wild Despair,
And laid her palsying hand upon my soul,
And her dread ministers were with her there—
The dagger and the bowl.

O God of life and light,
Thou who didst stay my hand in that dread hour,
Thou who didst save me in that fearful night
Of maddening Passion's power—

Before thy throne I bow:
I tear my worshipped idols from their shrine;
I give to thee, though bruised and aching now,
This heart—oh! make it thine.

I've sought to fill in vain
Its lonely, silent depths with human love:
Help me to cast away each earthly chain,
And rise to thee above.

TO ———, IN OBSCURITY.

IN full-orbed splendor now the queen of Night
Among the stars walks in her pride of place,
And now again we miss that flood of light
That overflowed the azure fields of space.

But though her brightness meets no more the gaze,
As in her wonted orbit she declines,
Yet not extinguished are her silver rays—
She shines in shadow, but not less she shines.

Soon will she rise again upon the sight,
Passing the darkened shape that bids her wane;
Then shall we see her, in unclouded light,
Take her own place among the stars again.

ON A PICTURE OF HARVEY BIRCH.
FROM COOPER'S "SPY."

I know not if thy noble worth
My country's annals claim,
For in her brief, bright history
I have not read thy name.

I know not if thou e'er didst live,
Save in the vivid thought
Of him who chronicled thy life,
With silent suffering fraught.

Yet in thy history I see
Full many a great soul's lot,
Who joins that martyr-army's ranks,
That the world knoweth not;

Who can not weep "melodious tears"
For fame or sympathy,
But who in silence bear their doom
To suffer and to die;

For whom no poet's harp is struck,
No laurel wreath is twined;
Who pass unheard, unknown away,
And leave no trace behind;

Who, but for their unwavering trust
In Justice, Truth, and God,
Would faint upon their weary way,
And perish by the road.

Truth, Justice, God! oh, mighty faith,
To bear us up unharmed;
The gates of hell may not prevail
Against a soul so armed.

TO ———, WITH FLOWERS.

Go, ye sweet messengers,
To that dim-lighted room,
Where lettered wisdom from the walls
Sheds a delightful gloom;

Where sits in thought profound
One in the noon of life,
Whose flashing eye and fevered brow
Tell of the inward strife;

Who in those wells of lore
Seeks for the pearls of truth,
And to Ambition's fever dream
Gives his repose and youth.

To him, sweet ministers,
Ye shall a lesson teach;
Go in your fleeting loveliness,
More eloquent than speech.

Tell him in laurel wreaths
No perfume e'er is found,
And that upon a crown of thorns
Those leaves are ever bound.

Thoughts fresh as your own hues
Bear ye to that abode—
Speak of the sunshine and the sky,
Of Nature and of God.

SONNETS.

I. LOVE.

Go forth in life, oh, friend! not seeking love,
 A mendicant that with imploring eye
 And outstretched hand asks of the passers-by
 The alms his strong necessities may move.
 For such poor love, to pity near allied,
 Thy generous spirit may not stoop and wait,
 A suppliant whose prayer may be denied
 Like a spurned beggar's at a palace-gate:
 But thy heart's affluence lavish uncontrolled—
 The largess of thy love give full and free,
 As monarchs in their progress scatter gold;
 And be thy heart like the exhaustless sea,
 That must its wealth of cloud and dew bestow,
 Though tributary streams or ebb or flow.

II. THE LAKE AND STAR.

THE mountain lake, o'ershadowed by the hills,
 May still gaze heavenward on the evening star
 Whose distant light its dark recesses fills,
 Though boundless distance must divide them far;
 Still may the lake the star's bright image bear,
 Still may the star from its blue ether dome
 Shower down its silver beams across the gloom,
 And light the wave that wanders darkly there.
 Star of my life! thus do I turn to thee
 Amid the shadows that above me roll;
 Thus from thy distant sphere thou shinest on me,
 Thus does thine image float upon my soul,
 Through the wide space that must our lives dis sever
 Far as the lake and star, ah me, for ever!

III. A REMEMBRANCE.

NIGHT closes round me, and wild threatening forms
 Clasp me with icy arms and chain me down,
 And bind upon my brow a cypress crown
 Dewy with tears, and Heaven frowns dark with
 But the one glorious memory of thee [storms:
 Rises upon my path to guide and bless,
 The bright Shekinah of the wilderness—
 The polar star upon a trackless sea,
 The beaming Pharos of the unreach'd shore—
 It spans the clouds that gather o'er my way,
 The rainbow of my life's tempestuous day.
 Oh, blessed thought! stay with me evermore,
 And shed thy lustrous beams where midnight glooms,
 As fragrant lamps burned in the ancient tombs.

IV. THE SUN AND STREAM.

As some dark stream within a cavern's breast
 Flows murmuring, moaning for the distant sun,
 So ere I met thee, murmuring its unrest,
 Did my life's current coldly, darkly run.
 And as that stream beneath the sun's full gaze
 Its separate course and life no more maintains,
 But now absorbed, transfused far o'er the plains,
 It floats etherealized in those warm rays,
 So in the sunlight of thy fervid love
 My heart, so long to earth's dark channels given,
 Now soars all pain, all ill, all doubt above,
 And breathes the ether of the upper heaven:
 So thy high spirit holds and governs mine,
 So is my life, my being lost in thine.

V. TO —.

AH no! my love knows no vain jealousy:
 The rose that blooms and lives but in the sun,
 Asks not what other flowers he shines upon,
 If he but shine on her. Enough for me
 Thus in thy light to dwell, and thus to share
 The sunshine of thy smile with all things fair
 I know thou'rt vowed to Beauty, not to Love:
 I would not stay thy footsteps from one shrine,
 Nor would I bind thee by a sigh to mine.
 For me—I have no lingering wish to rove;
 For though I worship all things fair, like thee,
 Of outward grace, of soul-nobility,
 Happier than thou, I find them all in one,
 And I would worship at thy shrine alone!

VI. THE HONEY-BEE.

THE honey-bee that wanders all day long
 The field, the woodland, and the garden o'er,
 To gather in his fragrant winter store,
 Humming in calm content his quiet song,
 Seeks not alone the rose's glowing breast,
 The lily's dainty cup, the violet's lips—
 But from all rank and noxious weeds he sips
 The single drop of sweetness closely prest
 Within the poison chalice. Thus if we
 Seek only to draw forth the hidden sweet
 In all the varied human flowers we meet,
 In the wide garden of humanity,
 And, like the bee, if home the spoil we bear,
 Hived in our hearts it turns the nectar there.

VII. ASPIRATION.

THE planted seed, consigned to common earth,
 Disdains to moulder with the baser clay,
 But rises up to meet the light of day,
 Spreads all its leaves, and flowers, and tendrils forth
 And, bathed and ripened in the genial ray,
 Pours out its perfume on the wandering gales,
 Till in that fragrant breath its life exhales.
 So this immortal germ within my breast
 Would strive to pierce the dull, dark clod of sense,
 With aspirations, wing'd and intense,
 Would so stretch upward, in its tireless quest,
 To meet the Central Soul, its source, its rest:
 So in the fragrance of the immortal flower, [pour
 High thoughts and noble deeds, its life it would out-

VIII. TO THE SAVIOR.

OH thou who once on earth, beneath the weight
 Of our mortality didst live and move,
 The incarnation of profoundest love;
 Who on the Cross that love didst consummate—
 Whose deep and ample fulness could embrace
 The poorest, meanest of our fallen race:
 How shall we e'er that boundless debt repay?
 By long loud prayers in gorgeous temples said?
 By rich oblations on thine altars laid?
 Ah, no! not thus thou didst appoint the way:
 When thou wast bowed our human wo beneath,
 Then as a legacy thou didst bequeath
 Earth's sorrowing children to our ministry—
 And as we do to them, we do to thee.

IX. FAITH.

SECURELY cabined in the ship below, [sea,
 Through darkness and through storm I cross the
 A pathless wilderness of waves to me :
 But yet I do not fear, because I know
 That he who guides the good ship o'er that waste
 Sees in the stars her shining pathway traced.
 Blindfold I walk this life's bewildering maze,
 Up flinty steep, through frozen mountain pass,
 Through thornset barren and through deep morass,
 But strong in faith I tread the uneven ways,
 And bare my head unshrinking to the blast,
 Because my Father's arm is round me cast ;
 And if the way seems rough, I only clasp
 The hand that leads me with a firmer grasp.

BONES IN THE DESERT.

WHERE pilgrims seek the Prophet's tomb
 Across the Arabian waste,
 Upon the ever-shifting sands
 A fearful path is traced.
 Far up to the horizon's verge,
 The traveller sees it rise—
 A line of ghastly bones that bleach
 Beneath those burning skies.
 Across it, tempest and simoom
 The desert-sands have strewed,
 But still that line of spectral white
 For ever is renewed.
 For while along that burning track
 The caravans move on,
 Still do the wayworn pilgrims fall
 Ere yet the shrine be won.
 There the tired camel lays him down
 And shuts his gentle eyes ;
 And there the fiery rider droops,
 Toward Mecca looks, and dies.
 They fall unheeded from the ranks :
 On sweeps the endless train ;
 But there, to mark the desert path,
 Their whitening bones remain.
 As thus I read the mournful tale
 Upon the traveller's page,
 I thought how like the march of life
 Is this sad pilgrim-age.
 For every heart hath some fair dream,
 Some object unattained,
 And far off in the distance lies
 Some Mecca to be gained.
 But beauty, manhood, love, and power,
 Go in their morning down,
 And longing eyes and outstretched arms
 Tell of the goal unwon.
 The mighty caravan of life
 Above their dust may sweep,
 Nor shout nor trampling feet shall break
 The rest of those who sleep.
 Oh, fountains that I have not reached,
 That gush far off e'en now,
 When shall I quench my spirit's thirst
 Where your sweet waters flow !

Oh, Mecca of my lifelong dreams,
 Cloud palaces that rise
 In that far distance pierced by hope,
 When will ye greet mine eyes !
 The shadows lengthen toward the east
 From the declining sun,
 And the pilgrim, as ye still recede,
 Sighs for the journey done !

CHRIST BETRAYED.

EIGHTEEN hundred years ago
 Was that deed of darkness done—
 Was that sacred, thorn-crowned head
 To a shameful death betrayed,
 And Iscariot's traitor name
 Blazoned in eternal shame.
 Thou, disciple of our time,
 Follower of the faith sublime,
 Who with high and holy scorn
 Of that traitorous deed dost burn,
 Though the years may never more
 To our earth that form restore,
 The Christ-Spirit ever lives—
 Ever in thy heart he strives.
 When pale Misery mutely calls,
 When thy tempted brother falls,
 When thy gentle words may chain
 Hate, and Anger, and Disdain,
 Or thy loving smile impart
 Courage to some sinking heart :
 When within thy troubled breast
 Good and evil thoughts contest,
 Though unconscious thou may'st be.
 The Christ-Spirit strives with thee.
 When he trod the Holy Land,
 With his small disciple band,
 And the fated hour had come
 For that august martyrdom—
 When the man, the human love,
 And the God within him strove—
 As in Gethsemane he wept,
 They, the faithless watchers, slept :
 While for them he wept and prayed,
 One denied and one betrayed !
 If to-day thou turn'st aside
 In thy luxury and pride,
 Wrapped within thyself and blind
 To the sorrows of thy kind,
 Thou a faithless watch dost keep—
 Thou art one of those who sleep :
 Or, if waking thou dost see
 Nothing of Divinity
 In our fallen, struggling race—
 If in them thou seest no trace
 Of a glory dimmed, not gone,
 Of a Future to be won,
 Of a Future, hopeful, high,
 Thou, like Peter, dost deny :
 But if, seeing, thou believest,
 If the Evangel thou receivest,
 Yet, if thou art bound to Sin,
 False to the Ideal within,
 Slave of Ease or slave of Go'd,
 Thou the Son of God hast sold !

THE WASTED FOUNTAINS.

And their nobles have sent their little ones to the waters; they came to the pits and found no water; they returned with their vessels empty.—*Jeremiah xiv. 3.*

WHEN the youthful fever of the soul
Is awakened in thee first,
And thou goest like Judah's children forth
To slake the burning thirst;
And when dry and wasted, like the springs
Sought by that little band,
Before thee in their emptiness
Life's broken cisterns stand;
When the golden fruits that tempted
Turn to ashes on the taste,
And thine early visions fade and pass
Like the mirage of the waste;
When faith darkens and hopes vanish
In the shade of coming years,
And the urn thou bearest is empty,
Or o'erflowing with thy tears;
Though the transient springs have failed thee,
Though the founts of youth are dried,
Wilt thou among the mouldering stones
In weariness abide?
Wilt thou sit among the ruins,
With all words of cheer unspoken,
Till the silver cord is loosened,
Till the golden bowl is broken?
Up and onward! toward the east
Green oases thou shalt find—
Streams that rise from higher sources
Than the pools thou leavest behind.
Life has import more inspiring
Than the fancies of thy youth;
It has hopes as high as heaven;
It has labor, it has truth;
It has wrongs that may be righted,
Noble deeds that may be done,
Its great battles are unfought,
Its great triumphs are unwon.
There is rising from its troubled deeps
A low, unceasing moan;
There are aching, there are breaking
Other hearts beside thine own.
From strong limbs that should be chainless,
There are fetters to unbind;
There are words to raise the fallen;
There is light to give the blind;
There are crushed and broken spirits
That electric thoughts may thrill;
Lofty dreams to be embodied
By the might of one strong will.
There are God and peace above thee:
Wilt thou languish in despair?
Tread thy griefs beneath thy feet,
Scale the walls of heaven by prayer —

'T is the key of the apostle
That opens heaven from below;
'T is the ladder of the patriarch,
Whereon angels come and go!

PAUL PREACHING AT ATHENS.

GREECE! hear that joyful sound!
A stranger's voice upon thy sacred hill,
Whose tones shall bid the s'umbering nations round
Wake with convulsive thrill.
Athenians! gather there, he brings you words
Brighter than all your boasted lore affords.

He brings you news of One
Above Olympian Jove; One in whose light
Your gods shall fade like stars before the sun.
On your bewildered night
That UNKNOWN God of whom ye darkly dream
In all his burning radiance shall beam.

Behold, he bids you rise
From your dark worship round that idol shrine;
He points to Him who reared your starry skies,
And bade your Phœbus shine.
Lift up your souls from where in dust ye bow;
That God of gods commands your homage now.

But, brighter tidings still!
He tells of One whose precious blood was spilt
In lavish streams upon Judea's hill,
A ransom for your guilt;
Who triumphed o'er the grave, and broke its chain;
Who conquered Death and Hell, and rose again.

Sages of Greece! come near;
Spirits of daring thought and giant mould,
Ye questioners of Time and Nature, hear
Mysteries before untold!
Immortal life revealed! light for which ye
Have tasked in vain your proud philosophy.

Searchers for some First Cause
Through doubt and darkness—lo! he points to One
Where all your vaunted reason lost must pause,
Too vast to think upon:
That was from everlasting—that shall be
To everlasting still, eternally!

Ye followers of him
Who deemed his soul a spark of Deity!
Your fancies fade—your master's dreams grow
To this reality.
Stoic! unbend that brow, drink in that sound.
Skeptic! dispel those doubts, the truth is found.

Greece! though thy sculptured walls
Have with thy triumphs and thy glories rung,
And through thy temples and thy pillared ha'ls
Immortal poets sung—
No sounds like these have rent your startled air:
They open realms of light and bid you enter there.

EMILY JUDSON.

(Born 1817—Died 1854).

MISS EMILY CHUBBUCK, who under the graceful pseudonyme of 'Fanny Forester' became known as one of the most ingenious and brilliant female writers of the country, is a native of central New York; and after being thoroughly educated in the sciences suitable to her sex, and making herself familiar with the best literature by a loving and critical study of those authors who are the standards of thought and diction, she became a teacher in a female seminary at Utica, where she was residing when she made her first essays as a writer—some poetical contributions to the Knickerbocker Magazine, and several small volumes illustrative of practical religion, issued by the American Baptist Publication Society. Early in June, 1844, while visiting the city of New York, she wrote a hasty bagatelle for the New Mirror, then recently established by Gen. Morris and Mr. N. P. Willis, scarcely thinking or caring that it would for a moment receive their attention. But Mr. Willis's perception of beauty is instinctive: he saw at a glance that his correspondent was possessed of extreme cleverness—perhaps of genius—and his liberal but perfectly sincere applause led Miss Chubbuck to that career of literature which soon made her *nom de plume* as familiar as the names of the most popular authors. The first paper under the signature of "Fanny Forester" was published on the twenty-ninth of June in the New Mirror, and it was followed rapidly by all those sketches, essays, and poems, which, two years afterward, when she was on the eve of sailing for India, were reprinted under the title of Alderbrook.

In 1846, the missionary Judson—after a long career of usefulness and true glory in the East—returned to America, where he was received by the churches in a manner worthy of the greatness of his services to religion and civilization. "Fanny Forester," on account of impaired health, sought the genial climate of Philadelphia for the succeeding winter, and here he came to visit her and persuade her to write the mortal history of one who had joined the angels, leaving him

alone in the ship in which they had started together to revisit their native country. When the apostle of the Burmans described in sentences glowing with his fine enthusiasm, the condition of the missionary field, white with the harvests which so few were reaping, she kindled at the recital, and forgetting the brilliant prospects of success in letters, the dearest ties of home affections, determined to twine for the laurel which she cast aside, a wreath from these fields in the Orient, the grains in which should be stars to circle her brows for ever, and by their radiance to make more glorious the looked-for triumph of the Harvester of the world.

Early in the spring she returned to the home of her childhood, to bid a last farewell to all its inmates. Then she wrote—"My heart is heavy with sorrow. The cup at my lips is very bitter. Heaven help me! White hairs are bending in submissive grief, and age-dimmed eyes are dimmer with tears; young spirits have lost their joyousness, young lips forget to smile, and bounding hearts and bounding feet are stilled. Oh, the rending of ties, knitted at the first opening of the infant eye, and strengthened by numberless acts of love, is a sorrowful thing! To make the grave the only door to a meeting with those in whose bosoms we nestled, in whose hearts we trusted long before we knew how precious was such love and trust, brings with it an overpowering weight of solemnity. But a grave is yawning for each one of us; and is it much to choose whether we sever the tie that binds us here to-day, or lie down on the morrow? Ah, the 'weaver's shuttle' is flying; the 'flower of the grass' is withering; the space is almost measured; the tale nearly told; the dark valley is close before us—tread we with care! My mother we may neither of us close the other's darkened eyes, and fold the cold hands upon the bosom; we may neither of us watch the sod greening and withering above the other's ashes: but there are duties for us even more sacred than these. But a few steps, nothet—difficult the path may be, but *very bright*!"

—and then we put on the robe of immortality, and meet to part never more. And we shall not be apart even on earth. There is an electric chain passing from heart to heart through the throne of the Eternal, and we may keep its links all brightly burnished by the breath of prayer. Still pray for me, mother, as in days gone by. Thou bidst me go. The smile comes again to thy lip, and the light to thine eye, for thou hast pleasure in the sacrifice. Thy blessing! Farewell, my mother, and ye loved ones of the same hearthstone!"

She was married to Dr. Judson, and in July sailed with him on his return to India, where she is now occupied with the duties of her mission. Soon after her arrival, the barbarians robbed her of all the gifts and souvenirs, all the dresses, and all the cherished books, that she carried from America; and

other trials of her faith came—but none will ever make her look back with regret from the task set before her: and her life yet to be lived, it is trusted, will sometime, many years from now, fill the brightest pages in our missionary history.

The longest of Mrs. Judson's poems is *Astaroga*, or the *Maid of the Rock*, in four cantos, containing altogether about one hundred and fifty verses of the Spenserian measure. This was written in 1844, and it is inferior to several of her later compositions, though there is spirit and grace in some of its descriptions of scenery and of Indian life. Her largest prose work, except *Alderbrook*, is a very beautiful memoir of Mrs. Sarah Judson, published in New York in 1848. Among the latest of her poems is the little piece entitled *My Bird*, of which the biographical significance is sufficiently apparent.

THE WEAVER.

A WEAVER sat by the side of his loom,
A-flinging his shuttle fast;
And a thread that would wear 'til the hour of doom
Was added at every cast.
His warp had been by the angels spun,
And his weft was bright and new,
Like threads which the morning unbraids from the sun,
All jewelled over with dew.
And fresh-lipped, bright-eyed, beautiful flowers
In the rich, soft web were bedded;
And b'ithe to the weaver sped onward the hours:
Not yet were Time's feet leaded!
But something there came slow stealing by,
And a shade on the fabric fell;
And I saw that the shuttle less blithely did fly—
For thought hath a wearisome spell!
And a thread that next o'er the warp was lain,
Was of melancholy gray;
And anon I marked there a tear-drop's stain,
Where the flowers had fallen away.
But still the weaver kept weaving on,
Though the fabric all was gray;
And the flowers, and the buds, and the leaves, were gone,
And the gold threads cankered lay.
And dark—and still darker—and darker grew
Each newly-woven thread;
And some there were of a death-mocking hue,
And some of a bloody red.
And things all strange were woven in,
Sighs, and down-crushed hopes, and fears;
And the web was broken, and poor, and thin,
And it dripped with living tears.

And the weaver fain would have flung it aside,
But he knew it would be a sin;
So in light and in gloom the shuttle he plied,
A-weaving these life-cords in.
And as he wove, and, weeping, still wove,
A tempter stole him nigh;
And, with glozing words, he to win him strove—
But the weaver turned his eye.
He upward turned his eye to heaven,
And still wove on—on—on!
Till the last, last cord from his heart was riven,
And the tissue strange was done.
Then he threw it about his shoulders bowed,
And about his grizzled head;
And gathering close the folds of his shroud,
Lay him down among the dead.
And I after saw, in a *robe of light*,
The weaver in the sky:
The angels' wings were not more bright,
And the stars grew pale it nigh.
And I saw, mid the folds, all the iris-hued flowers
That beneath his touch had sprung;
More beautiful far than these stray ones of ours,
Which the angels have to us flung.
And wherever a tear had fallen down,
Gleamed out a diamond rare;
And jewels befitting a monarch's crown
Were the footprints left by Care.
And wherever had swept the breath of a sigh,
Was left a rich perfume;
And with light from the fountain of bliss in the sky
Shone the labor of Sorrow and Gloom.
And then I prayed, "When my last work is done,
And the silver life-cord riven,
Be the stain of Sorrow the deepest one
That I bear with me to heaven!"

MINISTERING ANGELS.

MOTHER, has the dove that nestled
 Lovingly upon thy breast,
 Folded up his little pinion,
 And in darkness gone to rest?
 Nay, the grave is dark and dreary,
 But the lost one is not there;
 Hear'st thou not its gentle whisper,
 Floating on the ambient air?
 It is near thee, gentle mother,
 Near thee at the evening hour;
 Its soft kiss is in the zephyr,
 It looks up from every flower.
 And when, Night's dark shadows fleeing,
 Low thou bendest thee in prayer,
 And thy heart feels nearest heaven,
 Then thy angel babe is there!

Maiden, has thy noble brother,
 On whose manly form thine eye
 Loved full oft in pride to linger,
 On whose heart thou couldst rely,
 Though all other hearts deceived thee,
 All proved hollow, earth grew drear,
 Whose protection, ever o'er thee,
 Hid thee from the cold world's sneer—
 Has he left thee here to struggle,
 All unaided on thy way?
 Nay; he still can guide and guard thee,
 Still thy faltering steps can stay:
 Still, when danger hovers o'er thee,
 He than danger is more near;
 When in grief thou'st none to pity,
 He, the sainted, marks each tear.

Lover, is the light extinguished
 Of the gem that, in thy heart
 Hidden deeply, to thy being
 All its sunshine could impart?
 Look above! 't is burning brighter
 Than the very stars in heaven;
 And to light thy dangerous pathway,
 All its new-found glory's given.
 With the sons of earth commingling,
 Thou the loved one mayst forget;
 Bright eyes flashing, tresses waving,
 May have power to win thee yet;
 But e'en then that guardian spirit
 Oft will whisper in thine ear,
 And in silence, and at midnight,
 Thou wilt know she hovers near.

Orphan, thou most sorely stricken
 Of the mourners thronging earth,
 Clouds half veil thy brightest sunshine,
 Sadness mingles with thy mirth.
 Yet, although that gentle bosom,
 Which has pillowed oft thy head,
 Now is cold, thy mother's spirit
 Can not rest among the dead.
 Still her watchful eye is o'er thee
 Through the day, and still at night
 Hers the eye that guards thy slumber,
 Making thy young dreams so bright.
 Oh! the friends, the friends we've cherished,
 How we weep to see them die!

All unthinking they're the angels
 That will guide us to the sky!

TO MY MOTHER.

WRITTEN AFTER A SHORT ABSENCE.

Give me my old seat, mother,
 With my head upon thy knee;
 I've passed through many a changing scene,
 Since thus I sat by thee.
 Oh! let me look into thine eyes:
 Their meek, soft, loving light
 Falls like a gleam of holiness
 Upon my heart to-night.

I've not been long away, mother;
 Few suns have rose and set,
 Since last the tear-drop on thy cheek
 My lips in kisses met;
 'T is but a little time, I know,
 But very long it seems,
 Though every night I come to thee,
 Dear mother, in my dreams.

The world has kindly dealt, mother,
 By the child thou lovest so well;
 Thy prayers have circled round her path,
 And 't was their ho'y spell
 Which made that path so clearly bright,
 Which strewed the roses there;
 Which gave the light, and cast the balm
 On every breath of air.

I bear a happy heart, mother—
 A happier never beat;
 And even now new buds of hope
 Are bursting at my feet.
 Oh, mother! life may be "a dream,"
 But if such dreams are given,
 While at the portal thus we stand,
 What are the truths of heaven?

I bear a happy heart, mother;
 Yet, when fond eyes I see,
 And hear soft tones and winning words,
 I ever think of thee.
 And then, the tear my spirit weeps
 Unbidden fil's my eye;
 And like a homeless dove, I long
 Unto thy breast to fly.

Then, I am very sad, mother,
 I'm very sad and lone;
 Oh! there's no heart whose inmost fold
 Ope to me like thine own!
 Though sunny smiles wreath blooming lips—
 While love-tones meet my ear—
 My mother, one fond glance of thine
 Were thousand times more dear.

Then, with a closer clasp, mother,
 Now hold me to thy heart;
 I'd feel it beating 'gainst my own
 Once more before we part.
 And, mother, to this loveliest spot,
 When I am far away,
 Come oft—too oft thou canst not come!—
 And for thy darling pray.

TO SPRING.

A WELCOME, pretty maiden—
 Dainty-footed Spring!
 Thou, with the treasures laden
 No other hand can bring.
 While onward thou art tripping,
 Children all around are skipping,
 And the low brown eaves are dripping
 With the gladsoonest of tears.
 From mossed old trees are bursting
 The tiny specks of green;
 Long have their pores been thirsting
 For the gushing sap, I ween;
 With scarce a shade molesting,
 The laughing light is resting
 On the slender group that's cresting
 Yon fresh, green hillock's brow.
 At the timid flower it glances,
 Beneath the maple's shade;
 And foiled, it lightly dances
 With the bars the boughs have made
 On the waters of the river,
 Still in a winter's shiver,
 Its golden streamers quiver,
 O'er-brimmed with lusty life.
 The folded buds are blushing
 On the gnarled apple-tree;
 While, the small grass-blades a-crushing,
 Children gather them to see;
 And the bee, thus early coming,
 All around the clusters humming,
 Upon the bland air thrumming,
 Punges to the nectared sweets.
 Life, life, the fields is flushing!
 Joy springs up from the ground;
 And joyous strains are gushing
 From the wood and all around;
 From birds on wild wings wheeling,
 Up from the cottage stealing,
 From the full-voiced woodman peeing,
 Ring out the tones of joy.
 Thrice welcome, pretty maiden!
 With thy kiss upon my cheek,
 Howe'er with care o'erladen,
 Of care I could not speak;
 Now, I'll make a truce with sorrow,
 And not one cloud will borrow
 From the dark, unsunned morrow;
 I will be a child with thee.

DEATH.

WHEN day is dying in the west,
 Each flickering ray of crimson light,
 The sky, in gold and purple dressed,
 The cloud, with glory all bedight,
 And every shade that ushers night,
 And each cool breeze that comes to weave
 Its dampness with my curls—all leave
 A lesson sad!
 Last night I plucked a half-shut flower,
 Which blushed and nodded on its stem;

A thing to grace a Peri's bower;
 It seemed to me some priceless gem,
 Dropped from an angel's diadem;
 But soon the blossom drooping lay,
 And, as it withered, seemed to say,
 "We're passing all!"

I loved a fair-haired, gentle boy,
 (A bud of brightness—ah, too rare!)
 I loved him, and I saw with joy
 Heaven's purity all centred there:
 But he went up, that heaven to share;
 And, as his spirit from him stole,
 His last look graved upon my soul,
 "Learn thus to die!"

I've seen the star that glowed in heaven,
 When other stars seemed half asleep,
 As though from its proud station driven,
 Go rushing down the azure steep,
 Through space unmeasured, dark, and deep;
 And, as it vanished far in night,
 I read by its departing light,
 "Thus perish all!"

I've, in its dotage, seen the year,
 Worn out and weary, struggling on,
 Till falling prostrate on its bier,
 Time marked another cycle gone;
 And, as I heard the dying moan,
 Upon my trembling heart there fell
 The awful words, as by a spell,
 "Death, death to all!"

They come on every breath of air,
 Which sighs its feeble life away;
 They're whispered by each blossom fair,
 Which folds a lid at close of day;
 There's naught of earth, or sad or gay,
 There's naught below the starlit skies,
 But leaves one lesson as it flies—
 "Thou too must die!"

And numberless those silvery chords,
 Dissevered by the spoiler's hand,
 But each in breaking still affords
 A tone to say we all are banned;
 And on each brow by death-damps spanned,
 The pall, the slowly moving hearse,
 Is traced the burden of my verse—
 "Death, death to man!"

LIGHTS AND SHADES.

If there be light upon my being's cloud,
 I'll cast o'er other hearts its cheering ray;
 'T will add new brightness to my toilsome way
 But when my spirit's sadness doth enshroud
 Hope's coruscations, Pleasure's meteor gleam,
 And darkness settles down upon my heart,
 And Care exerts her blighting, cankering art.
 Then, then, what I am not I'll strive to seem
 Who has no right her burden to divide,
 To cast her shadows o'er a sunny soul:
 So, though my bark rock on the troubled tide,
 Or lie, half wrecked, upon the hidden shoal,
 The flowers of Hope shall garland it the while,
 Though plucked from out her urn in death to smile

CLINGING TO EARTH.

Oh, do not let me die! the earth is bright,
And I am earthly, so I love it well;
Though heaven is holier, and all full of light,
Yet I am frail, and with frail things would dwell.

I can not die! the flowers of earthly love
Shed their rich fragrance on a kindred heart;
There may be purer, brighter flowers above,
Yet with these ones 't would be too hard to part.

I dream of heaven, and well I love these dreams,
They scatter sunlight on my varying way;
But mid the clouds of earth are priceless gleams
Of brightness, and on earth oh let me stay.

It is not that my lot is void of gloom,
That sadness never circles round my heart;
Nor that I fear the darkness of the tomb,
That I would never from the earth depart.

'Tis that I love the world—its cares, its sorrows,
Its bounding hopes, its feelings fresh and warm,
Each cloud it wears, and every light it borrows—
Loves, wishes, fears, the sunshine and the storm;

I love them all: but closer still the loving
Twine with my being's cords and make my life;
And while within this sunlight I am moving,
I well can bide the storms of worldly strife.

Then do not let me die! for earth is bright,
And I am earthly, so I love it well;
Heaven is a land of holiness and light,
But I am frail, and with the frail would dwell.

ASPIRING TO HEAVEN.

Yes, let me die! Am I of spirit-birth,
And shall I linger here where spirits fell,
Loving the stain they cast on all of earth?
Oh make me pure, with pure ones e'er to dwell!

'Tis sweet to die! The flowers of earthly love
(Fair, frail, spring blossoms) early droop and die;
But all their fragrance is exhaled above,
Upon our spirits evermore to lie.

Life is a dream, a bright but fleeting dream,
I can but love; but then my soul awakes,
And from the mist of earthliness a gleam
Of heavenly light, of truth immortal, breaks.

I shrink not from the shadows Sorrow flings
Across my pathway; nor from cares that rise
In every footprint; for each shadow brings
Sunshine and rainbow as it glooms and flies.

But heaven is dearer. There I have my treasure;
There angels fold in love their snowy wings;
There sainted lips chant in celestial measure,
And spirit fingers stray o'er heav'n-wrought strings

There loving eyes are to the portals straying;
There arms extend, a wanderer to fold;
There waits a dearer, holier One, arraying
His own in spotless robes and crowns of gold.

Then let me die! My spirit longs for heaven,
In that pure bosom evermore to rest;
But, if to labor longer here be given,
"Father, thy will be done!" and I am blest.

THE BUDS OF THE SARANAC.*

An angel breathed upon a budding flower,
And on that breath the bud went up to heaven,
Yet left a fragrance in the little bower
To which its first warm blushes had been given,
And, by that fragrance nursed, another grew,
And so they both had being in the last,
And on this one distilled heaven's choicest dew,
And rays of glorious light were on it cast,
Until the floweret claimed a higher birth,
And would not open on a scene so drear,
For it was more of paradise than earth,
And strains from thence came ever floating near;
And so it passed, and long ere noontide's hour,
The buds of earth had oped, a heaven-born flower.

MY BIRD.

THE last year's moon had left the sky,
A birdling sought my Indian nest,
And folded, oh! so lovingly,
Its tiny wings upon my breast.

From morn till evening's purple tinge,
In winsome helplessness she lies;
Two rose-leaves, with a silken fringe,
Shut softly on her starry eyes.

There's not in Ind a lovelier bird;
Broad earth owns not a happier nest;
O God, thou hast a fountain stirred,
Whose waters never more shall rest!

This beautiful, mysterious thing,
This seeming visitant from Heaven,
This bird with the immortal wing,
To me—to me, thy hand has given.

The pulse first caught its tiny stroke,
The blood its crimson hue, from mine;
This life, which I have dared invoke,
Henceforth is parallel with thine.

A s'ient awe is in my room—
I tremble with delicious fear;
The future, with its light and gloom,
Time and eternity are here.

Doubts, hopes, in eager tumult rise;
Hear, oh my God! one earnest prayer
Room for my bird in paradise,
And give her angel plumage there!

Maubtain, (India,) January, 1848.

* Lucretia and Margaret Davidson.

ELIZABETH J. EAMES.

MRS. EAMES, whose maiden name was JESUP, is a native of the state of New York, and her early years were passed on the banks of the Hudson. In 1837 she was married to Mr. W. S. Eames, and removed to New Hartford, near Utica, where she has since resided. Mrs. Eames was for several years a contributor to Mr. Greeley's New Yorker, and she now writes frequently for The Tri-

bune; but many of her more carefully finished poems have appeared in Graham's Magazine and the Southern Literary Messenger. She writes with feeling; but she regards poetry as an art, and to the cultivation of it she brings her best powers. While thoughtful and earnest, therefore, her pieces are for the most part distinguished for a tasteful elegance.

CROWNING OF PETRARCH.

ARRAYED in a monarch's royal robes,
 With gold and purple gleaming,
 And the brodered banners of the proud
 Colonna o'er him streaming—
 With the gorgeous pomp and pageantry
 Of the Anjouite's court attended,
 He came, that princely son of song:
 And the haughtiest nobles rendered
 Adoring homage to the laureate bard, [starred.
 Whose sky was luminous—with fame and glory
 And following his triumphal car,
 Rome's youthful sons came singing
 His passion kindled melodies,
 With the silver clarion ringing
 A prouder music—harp, and lute,
 And lyre, all sweet sounds blending—
 And the orient sun-god on his way
 In dazzling lustre bending:
 And radiant flowers their gem-like splendor shed
 O'er the proud march that to the Eternal City led!
 In all its ancient grandeur was
 That sceptred city drest,
 And pealing notes and plaudits rang
 For him its sovereign guest:
 The voice of the Seven Hills went up
 From kingly hall and bower,
 And throngs with laurel boughs poured forth
 To grace that triumph hour:
 While censers wafted rich perfume around,
 And the glowing air with mirth and melody was
 crowned!
 On, onward to the Capitol,
 Italia's children crowded—
 Over three hundred triumphs there
 The sun had sat unclouded:
 For crowned kings and conquerors haught'
 Had trod that path to glory,
 And poets won bright wreaths and names
 To live in song and story!
 But ne'er before, king, bard, or victor came,
 Winning such honors for his name and poet-fame.

The glittering gates are passed, and he
 Hath gained the imperial summit,
 And deep rich strains of harmony
 Are proudly floating from it:
 Incense—sunshine—and the swelling
 Shout of a nation's heart beneath him,
 Go up to his glorious place of pride,
 While the kingly Orsos wreath him!
 Well may the bard's enraptured heart beat high,
 Filled with the exulting thought of his gift's bright
 victory.

Crowned one of Rome! from that lofty height
 Thou wear'st a conqueror's seeming—
 Thy dark, deep eye with the radiance
 Of inspiration beaming;
 Thou'st won the living wreath for which
 Thy young ambition panted;
 Thy aspiring dream is realized:
 Hast thou one wish ungranted?
 Kings bow to the might of thy genius-gifted mind:
 Hast thou one unattained hope, in the deep heart
 enshrined?

Oh, wreathed lord of the lyre of song!
 Even then thy heart was haunted
 With one wild and passionate wish to lay
 That crown, a gift enchanted,
 Low at her feet, whose smile was more
 Than glory, fame, or power—
 For whose dear sake was won, and worn,
 The glittering laurel flower!
 Oh, little worth thy bright renown to thee,
 Unshared by her, the star of thy idolatry!

Thanks to thy lyre! she liveth yet.
 Oh poet, in thy numbers—
 The peerless star of Avignon,
 Who shone o'er all thy slumbers:
 Entire and sole idolatry
 At Laura's shrine was given,
 Yet was her life-lot severed far
 From thine as earth and heaven!
 And thou, the crowned of Rome—gifted and great—
 Stood in thy glory still alone and desolate!

THE DEATH OF PAN.

From the Ionian sea a voice came sighing—

A voice of mournful sweetness and strange power,
Borne on the scented breeze when day was dying,
Through fair Arcadie's sylvan groves and bowers,
Along her thousand sunny colored rills—

Her fairy peopled vales and haunted fountains—
Along her glens, and grotts, and antique hills,
And o'er her vine-hung, purple tinted mountains,
Was heard that piercing, haunting voice, which said,
The God of Song, the once great Pan, is dead!

The old Sileni in their sparry caves— [cesses—
The fauns and wood nymphs in their green re-
The lovely naiads by the whispering waves—

The oriads, through all their mountain passes,
Wept when that voice thrilled on the silent air:
The stately shepherd, and the soft eyed maiden,
Who dwelt in Arcadie—the famed and fair
Wept—for that moaning voice, with sorrow laden,
Told that the sylvan king, with his gay court,
Would join no more their song and greenwood sport.

Died he in Thessaly, that land enchanted?

In Tempe's ever rich, romantic vale?
By clear Peneus, whose classic tide is haunted?
Or did Olympus listen to the wail

Of all his satyrs? Died he where
His infancy to Sinoe's care was given,
When first his flute-tones melted on the air,
And filled with music Grecia's glorious heaven?
Where many a wild and long remembered strain
He poured for shepherdess and rustic swain?

Ah yes! he died in Arcadie, and never
Unto his favorite haunts did mirth return:
The voice of song was hushed by wood and river,
Long did his children for his presence yearn—
But never more by old Alpheus' shore

Was heard the, song-voice of the god of gladness:
His tuneful reed its numbers poured no more
Where Dian and her oriads roved in sadness;
The soul of love and melody had fled
Far from Arcadie—the great Pan was dead!

CLEOPATRA.

ENCHANTRESS queen! whose empire of the heart
With sovereign sway o'er sea and land extended,
Whose peerless, haunting charms, and siren art,

Won from the imperial Cæsar conquests splendid:
Rome sent her thousands forth, and foreign powers
Poured in thy woman's hand an empire's treasures.
Was Fate beside thee in those gorgeous hours
When monarchs knelt, slaves to thy merest pleas-
When but a gesture of thy royal hand [ures?
Was to the proud triumvirs a command.

Oh, bright Egyptian queen! thy day is past
With the young Cæsar—lo! the spell is broken
That thy all radiant beauty o'er him cast;
His eye is cold—wo for thy grief unspoken!
Yet thy proud features wear a mask, which tells
How true thou art to thy commanding nature:
Once more, in all thy wild, bewildering spells, [ture;
Thou standest robed and crowned, imperial crea-

Thy royal barge is on the sunny sea—
Oh, sceptred queen! goest thou victoriously?

But hark! a trumpet's thrilling call to arms
O'er the soft sounds of lute and lyre ringeth!
Doubt not thy matchless sovereignty of charms,
But haste—the victor of Philippi bringeth
His shielded warriors and lords renowned; [thee,
With spear and princely crest they come to meet
Arrayed for triumph, and with laurels crowned:
How will their stern and haughty leader treat thee?
He comes to thy conquest—lo! on bended knee
The spell-bound Roman pleads, and yields to thee!

Once more the world is thine: exultingly
Thy beautiful and stately head is lifted.
He lives but in thy smile—proud Antony,
The crowned of empire—he, the grandly gifted.
The spoils of nations at thy feet are laid—
The wealth of kingdoms for thy favor scattered:
Oh, siren of the Nile! thy love has made
The royal Roman's ruin! crowns were shattered
And kingdoms lost: fame, honor, glory, power,
Were playthings given to grace thy triumph-hour

Another change! the last for thee, doomed queen,
Now calmly on thine ivory couch reclining—
The impassioned glow hath left thy marble mien,
And from thy night-black eyes hath past the shining.
But still a queen! that brow, so icy cold,
Its diadem of starry jewels beareth:
Robed in the royal purple, and the gold,
No conqueror's chain that form imperial beareth.
To grace Death's triumph was but left for thee,
Daughter of Afric, by the asp set free!

MY MOTHER.

My mother! oft as thy dear name I mention,
Or trace thine image in my musing dream,
How strain my heart nerves to their fullest tension;
How swells and bounds, like an imprisoned stream,
My restless spirit to go forth to thee,
Whose dear, dear face, I in each nightly vision see.

Dear mother, of the thousand strings which wake
The sleeping harp within the human heart,
The longest kept in tune, though oft forsaken,
Is that in which the mother's voice bears part:
Her still, small voice, which e'en the careless ear
Turneth with deep reverence and pure delight to
hear.....

But once, kind mother, might this aching forehead
Feel the soft pressure of thy gentle hand—
Could this poor heart, that so hath pined and sor-
rowed,

Yet once more feel its pulse of hope expand
At thy dear presence—oh, mother, might this be,
I could die blessing God, for one last look at thee!

For one last word—alas! that I should ever
E'en carelessly have caused thy heart a pain!
How oft, amid my late life's "fitful fever,"
Thy many acts of kindness rise again—
Unheeded then, but well remembered now.
Oh for thy blessing said once more above my brow!

Fond wish, but vain! and I am weak to smother
 The human yearnings that my bosom fill;
 Thou canst but hope and pray, dear distant mother,
 That the All-pitying may aid me still—
 Aid thy frail child to lift, in lowly trust,
 The burden of her heart above this trembling dust.
 And pray that as the shadowy hour draws nearer,
 God may irradiate and purify
 My spirit's inmost vision, to see clearer
 Through Death's dim veil the pathway to the sky!
 Mother beloved! oh let this comfort thee,
 That in yon blissful heaven shall no more part-
 ings be.

SONNETS.

I. MILTON.

LEARNED and illustrious of all poets thou,
 Whose Titan intellect sublimely bore
 The weight of years unbent—thou, on whose brow
 Flourished the blossom of all human lore:
 How dost thou take us back, as 'twere by vision,
 To the grave learning of the Sanhedrim;
 And we behold in visitings Elysian,
 Where waved the white wings of the cherubim;
 But, through thy "Paradise Lost," and "Regained,"
 We might, enchanted, wander evermore.
 Of all the genius-gifted thou hast reigned
 King of our hearts; and till upon the shore
 Of the Eternal dies the voice of Time, [sublime.
 Thy name shall mightiest stand—pure, brilliant, and

II. DRYDEN.

Not dearer to the scholar's eye than mine,
 (Albeit unlearned in ancient classic lore,)
 The daintie poesie of days of yore—
 The choice o'd English rhyme—and over thine,
 Oh, "glorious John," delightedly I pore:
 Keen, vigorous, chaste, and full of harmony,
 Deep in the soil of our humanity
 It taketh root, until the goodly tree
 Of poesy puts forth green branch and bough, [gloom
 With bud and blossom sweet. Through the rich
 Of one embowered haunt I see thee now, [bloom.
 Where 'neath thy hand the "Flower and Leaflet"
 That hand to dust hath mouldered long ago,
 Yet its creations with immortal life still glow.

III. ADDISON.

THOU, too, art worthy of all praise, whose pen,
 "In thoughts that breathe, and words that burn,"
 did shed
 A noontide glory over Milton's head—
 He, "prince of poets"—thou, the prince of men:
 Blessings on thee, and on the honored dead!
 How dost thou charm for us the touching story
 Of the lost children in the gloomy wood—
 Haunting dim memory with the early glory
 That in youth's golden years our hearts imbued.
 From the fine world of olden poetry,
 Lifelike and fresh, thou bringest forth again
 The gallant heroes of an earlier reign,
 And blend them in our minds with thoughts of thee,
 Whose name is ever shrined in old-world memory.

IV. TASSO.

ABOVE thy golden verse I bent me late,
 And read of bright Sophronia's lover young—
 Of fair Erminia's flight—Clorinda's fate:
 While over Godfrey's deeds enwraught I hung—
 And Tancred's, told in soft Italia's tongue!
 Thou who didst tune thy harp for Salem's shrine—
 Thou the renowned and gifted among men—
 Tasso, superior with the sword and pen:
 Oh, poet-heir! vain was the dower divine
 To still the unrest of thy human heart!
 Lonely and cold did Glory's star-beam shine
 For him who saw a lovelier light depart!
 Oh, master of the lyre! did not thy touch [much.
 Tell how the heart may break, that Love has troubled

V. TO THE AUTHORESS OF THE SINLESS CHILD.

OFF as I bend o'er thy sweet "sinless child,"
 I pause to think of thee, oh, lady fair!
 And fancy conjures up a vision rare
 Of grace ethereal and beauty mild:
 I picture thee with soft and gleamy hair,
 Down shapely shoulders floating goldenly—
 With Eva's eye, and brow, and spiritual air,
 And purest lip—'tis thus I picture thee.
 I know not if this shadowy ideal
 Do justice to the animated real.
 I ne'er have looked upon thy form of face,
 Albeit they tell me thou art passing fair;
 I know but of the Intellectual there,
 And shape from thence all loveliness and grace.

VI. TO THE AUTHORESS OF THE SINLESS CHILD
 (CONTINUED.)

LADY! less easy were it now to tell
 How the soft radiance of thy dove-like eyes
 Won me to love thee, by its mingled sprill
 Of tenderness and graceful majesty—
 And how thy voice, the "ever soft and low,"
 Like music strains returns to haunt me now,
 Thine, too, is the far higher charm, which hath
 Its pure source in the spirit depth below:
 For thou hast dallied in no idle path,
 But, in the free aspiring of thy soul,
 Hast gloriously disproved the common faith,
 That man alone may reach the mental goal.
 Oh, lady dear! still on thine honored head [shed.
 Blessings of heaven and earth a thousand fold be

VII. THE PAST.

IN her strange, shadowy coronet she weareth
 The faded jewels of an earlier time;
 An ancient sceptre in her hand she beareth—
 The purple of her robe is past its prime.
 Through her thin silvery locks still dimly shineth
 The flower wreath woven by pale Memory's fingers
 Her heart is withered—yet it strangely shrineth
 In its lone urn a light that fitful lingers.
 With her low, muffled voice of mystery, [pages;
 She reads old legends from Time's mouldering
 She telleth the present the recorded history
 And change perpetual of bygone ages:
 Her pilgrim feet still seek the haunted sod [trod.
 Once ours, but now by naught but memory's footsteps

VIII. DIEM PERDIDI.

When the Emperor Titus remembered, at night, that he had done nothing beneficial during the day, he used to exclaim, "I have lost a day!"

O GREATLY wise! thou of the crown and rod,
Robed in the purple majesty of kings—
Power was thine own where'er thy footsteps trod,
Yet didst thou mourn if Time on idle wings
Went by for thee! Deep sunk in thought wert
And sadness rested on thy noble brow, [thou—
If, when the dying day closed o'er thy head,
Thou hadst no knowledge gained, no good conferred:

"Diem Perdidi" was the thought that stirred
Thy conscious soul, when night her curtain spread.
Oh emperor, greatly wise! could we so deal
With misspent hours, and win thy faith sublime,
We should not be (mid the soul's mute appeal)
Such triflers with the solemn trust of Time!

IX., X. BOOKS.

"Of making many books there is no end; and much study is a weariness of the flesh."—*Solomon.*

"Of making many books there is no end,"
Said the wise monarch of the o'den time;
Yet, through all ages and in every clime
Doth the pale seeker o'er his studies bend,
The intellectual Numen to obey,
Eager and anxious still: still doth he toil
(Making the night familiar as the day)
To find the clew to loose the ravelled coil—
To pierce the depth of things that hidden lie
The oil of life consumeth: this he knoweth,
Yet, with a feverish brow and streaming eye,
He seeks to find—and patiently bestoweth
His midnight laborings in Wisdom's mine, [shine.
To win for earth the gems that midst its darkness

"Much study is a weariness." The sage
Who gave his mind, to seek and search until
He knew all wisdom, found that on the page
Knowledge and Grief were vow'd companions still.
And so the students of a later day
Sit down among the records of old Time
To hold high commune with the thoughts sublime
Of minds long gone; so they too pass away,
And leave us what? their course, to toil, reflect,
To feel the thorn pierce through our gathered flowers,
Still midst the leaves the earth-worm to detect.
And this is knowledge: wisdom is not ours.
Oh! well the Preacher bids his son admonished be,
That all the days of man's short life are vanity!

THE PICTURE OF A DEPARTED POETESS.

THIS still, clear, radiant face! doth it resemble
In each fair, faultless lineament thine own?
Methinks on that enchanting lip doth tremble
The soul that breathes thy lyre's melodious tone.
The soul of music, oh! ethereal spirit,
Fills the dream-haunted sadness of thine eyes;
Sweet poetess! thou surely didst inherit
Thy gifts celestial from the upper skies.
Clear on the expansion of that snow-white forehead
Sits intellectual beauty, meekly throned;

Yet oh, the expression tells that thou hast sorrowed,
And in thy yearning, human heart, atoned
For thy soul's lofty gifts!—on earth, oh never
Was the deep thirsting of thy bosom stilled!
The "aching void" followed thee here for ever—
The better land thy dream of love fulfilled.

CHARITY.

ALL stainless in the holy white
Of her broad mantle, lo! the maiden cometh
Lip, cheek, and brow, serenely bright,
With that calm look of deep delight.
Beautiful! on the mountain-top she roameth.
"The soft gray of the brooding dove"
With melting radiance in her eye she weareth,
Her heart is full of trust and love—
For an angel mission from above,
In tranquil beauty, o'er the earth she beareth.
The music of humanity
Flows from her tuneful lips in sweetest numbers.
Of all life's pleasant ministries—
Of universal harmonies—
She sings: no care her mind encumbers.
Glad tidings doth she ever sound—
Good will to man throughout the world is sending;
Blessings and gifts she scatters round:
Peace to her name, with whom is found
The olive branch, in holy beauty bending.

FLOWERS IN A SICK ROOM.

YE are welcome to my darkened room,
O meek and lonely wildwood flowers!
Ye are welcome, as light amid the gloom
That hangs upon my weary hours.
Here by my lowly couch of languishment and sorrow
Your station take, that I may from your presence bor-
Lessons of hope, and lowly trust, [row
That He whose touch revived your bloom
Hath the same power o'er this poor dust,
To raise it from the shadowy tomb!
Thanks for your presence! for ye bring
Back to the aching heart and eye
Bright visions of the festal Spring,
Its blossoms, birds, and azure sky. [tranged,
Now, far from each green haunt and sunny nook es-
Fading and faint, I lie; yet in my heart unchanged
Glow the same love for you, fair flowers,
As when my unchained footsteps trod
Lightly amidst your forest bowers,
And plucked ye from the dewy sod!
And THOU, who gavest these grateful flowers,
I bless thee for thy thought of me!
And that through long and painful hours
My vigils have been shared by thee. [faltered,
I bless thee for the kindness and care which ne'er have
For the noble, loving heart that through ill remains
A little while, companion dear, [unaltered!
And e'en thy watchful care shall cease:
Oh, grieve not when the hour draws near,
But thank Heaven that it bringeth peace!

EMELINE S. SMITH.

(Born 1823).

MISS EMELINE SHERMAN, now MRS. SMITH, was born in New Baltimore, Greene county, New York, and in 1836 was married to Mr. James M. Smith, of the New York bar. Mrs. Smith has been a contributor to several of the leading literary journals, and in 1847 she published a volume entitled *The Fairy's*

Search, and other Poems, in which she has evinced considerable fancy, and a poetical vein of sentiment. Her distinguishing characteristics are a religious delight in nature, and a contentment with home affections and pleasures, which in one form or another are the material of the finest poetry of women

HYMN TO THE DEITY, IN THE CONTEMPLATION OF NATURE.

THOU Giver of all earthly good—
Thou wonder-working Power,
Whose spirit smiles in every star,
And breathes in every flower:
How gratefully we speak thy name—
How gladly own thy sway!
How thrillingly thy presence feel,
When mid thy works we stray!

We may forget thee for a time,
In scenes with tumult rife,
Where worldly cares or pleasures claim
Too large a share of life;
But not in Nature's sweet domain,
Where everything we see,
From loftiest mount to lowliest flower,
Is eloquent of thee.

Where waves lift up their tuneful voice,
And solemn anthems chime;
Where winds through echoing forests peal
Their melodies sublime;
Where e'en insensate objects breathe
Devotion's grateful lays—
Man can not choose but join the choir
That hymns his Maker's praise.

Beneath the city's gilded domes,
In temples decked with care,
Where Art and Splendor vie to make
Thine earthly mansions fair,
Our forms may lowly bend, our lips
May breathe a formal lay,
The whilst our wayward hearts refuse
These holy rites to pay.

But in that grander temple, reared
By thine Almighty hand,
Where glorious beauty bids the mind's
Diviner powers expand,
Our thoughts, like grateful vassals, give
An homage glad and free;

Our souls in adoration bow,
And mutely reverence Thee.

WE'VE HAD OUR SHARE OF BLISS BELOVED.

WE'VE had our share of bliss, beloved,
We've had our share of bliss;
And mid the varying scenes of life,
Let us remember this.

If sorrows come, from vanished joy
We'll borrow such a light
As the departed sun bestows
Upon the queen of night:
And thus, by Memory's moonbeams cheered,
Hope's sun we shall not miss,
But tread life's path as gay as when
We had our share of bliss.

'Tis true our sky hath had its clouds,
Our spring its stormy hours—
When we have mourned, as all must mourn,
O'er blighted buds and flowers;
And true, our bark hath sometimes neared
Despair's most desert shore,
When gloomy looked the waves around,
And dark the land before:
But Love was ever at the helm—
He could not go amiss,
So long as two fond spirits sang,
"We've had our share of bliss."

These holy watchwords of the Past
Shall be the Future's stay—
For by their magic aid we'll keep
A host of ills at bay.
Our happy hearts, like tireless bees,
Have revelled mid the flowers,
And hived a store of summer sweets
To cheer life's wintry hours:
While Memory lives, and Love remains,
We'll ask no more than this—
But ever sing, in grateful strains,
"We've had our share of bliss."

MARGARET FULLER, MARCHIONESS D'OSSOLI.

(Born 1810—Died 1850).

THE MARCHIONESS D'OSSOLI is known as a prose writer. Her *Woman in the Nineteenth Century*, *Papers on Literature and Art*, *Summer on the Lakes*, etc., entitle her undoubtedly to be ranked among the first authors of her sex. I have recently re-read these works, incited to do so by the apparent candor and decided sagacity displayed in the *Letters* she has written to *The Tribune* during her residence in Europe; and I confess some change

of opinion in her favor since writing the article upon her in *The Prose Writers of America*. Few can boast so wide a range of literary culture; perhaps none write so well with as much facility; and there is marked individuality in all her productions. As a poet, we have few illustrations of her abilities; but what we have are equal to her reputation. She is said to have written much more poetry than she has published.

GOVERNOR EVERETT RECEIVING THE INDIAN CHIEFS, NOVEMBER, 1837.

Who says that poesy is on the wane,
And that the Muses tune their lyres in vain?
Mid all the treasures of romantic story,
When thought was fresh and fancy in her glory,
Has ever Art found out a richer theme,
More dark a shadow, or more soft a gleam,
Than fall upon the scene, sketched carelessly,
In the newspaper column of to-day?

American romance is somewhat stale.
Talk of the hatchet, and the faces pale,
Wampum and calumets, and forests dreary,
Once so attractive, now begins to weary.
Uncas and Magawisca please us still—
Unreal, yet idealized with skill;
But every poetaster, scribbling witting,
From the majestic oak his stylus whittling,
Has helped to tire us, and to make us fear
The monotone in which so much we hear
Of "stoics of the wood," and "men without a tear."

Yet Nature, ever buoyant, ever young,
If let alone, will sing as erst she sung:
The course of circumstance gives back again
The picturesque, erewhile pursued in vain—
Shows us the fount of romance is not wasted,
The lights and shades of contrast not exhausted.

Shorn of his strength, the Samson now must sue
For fragments from the feast his fathers gave;
The Indian dare not claim what is his due,
But as a boon his heritage must crave:
His stately form sha'l soon be seen no more
Through all his father's land, th' Atlantic shore;
Beneath the sun, to us so kind, they melt—
More heavily each day our rule is felt:
The tale is old—we do as mortals must;
Might makes right here, but God and Time are just.

So near the drama hastens to its close,
On this last scene awhile your eyes repose:
The polished Greek and Scythian meet again,
The ancient life is lived by modern men—

The savage through our busy cities walks—
He in his untouched grandeur silent stalks!
Unmoved by all our gayeties and shows,
Wonder nor shame can touch him as he goes:
He gazes on the marvels we have wrought,
But knows the models from whence all was brought—
In God's first temples he has stood so oft,
And listened to the natural organ loft— [heard,
Has watched the eagle's flight, the muttering thunder
Art can not move him to a wondering word:
Perhaps he sees that all this luxury
Brings less food to the mind than to the eye;
Perhaps a simple sentiment has brought
More to him than your arts had ever taught.
What are the petty triumphs Art has given,
'To eyes familiar with the naked heaven?

All has been seen—dock, railroad, and canal,
Fort, market, bridge, college, and arsenal,
Asylum, hospital, and cotton-mill.
The theatre, the lighthouse, and the jail.
The Braves each novelty, reflecting, saw,
And now and then growled out the earnest *yaw*;
And now the time is come, 'tis understood,
'When, having seen and thought so much, a *talk*
may do some good.

A well-dressed mob have thronged the sight to greet,
And motley figures through the spacious street;
Majestical and calm through all they stride,
Wearing the blanket with a monarch's pride;
The gazers stare and shrug, but can't deny
Their noble forms and blameless symmetry
If the Great Spirit their morale has slighted,
And wigwam smoke their mental culture blighted,
Yet the physique, at least, perfection reaches,
In wilds where neither Combe nor Spurzheim
teaches—

Where whispering trees invite man to the chase,
And bounding deer allure him to the race.

Would thou hadst seen it! That dark, stately
Whose ancestors enjoyed all this fair land, [band,
Whence they, by force or fraud, were made to flee.
Are brought, the white man's victory to see

Can kind emotions in their proud hearts glow,
As through these realms, now decked by art, they go?
The church, the school, the railroad, and the mart—
Can these a pleasure to their minds impart?
All once was theirs—earth, ocean, forest, sky—
How can their joy in what now meets the eye?
Not yet Religion has unlocked the soul,
Nor each has learned to glory in the whole!

Must they not think, so strange and sad their lot,
That they by the Great Spirit are forgot?
From the far border to which they are driven,
They might look up in trust to the clear heaven;
But here—what tales doth every object tell
Where Massasoit sleeps—where Philip fell!

We take our turn, and the philosopher
Sees through the clouds a hand which can not err,
An unimproving race, with all their graces
And all their vices, must resign their places;
And human culture rolls its onward flood
Over the broad plains steeped in Indian blood.
Such thoughts steady our faith—yet there will rise
Some natural tears into the calmest eyes—
Which gaze where forest princes haughtily go,
Made for a gaping crowd a rare show.

But *this* a scene seems where, in courtesy,
The pale face with the forest prince could vie,
For One presided who, for tact and grace,
In any age had held an honored place—
In Beauty's own dear day, had shone a polished
Phidian vase!

Oft have I listened to his accents bland,
And owned the magic of his silvery voice,
In all the graces which life's arts demand,
Delighted by the justness of his choice.
Not his the stream of lavish, fervid thought—
The rhetoric by passion's magic wrought;
Not his the massive style, the lion port,
Which with the granite class of mind assort;
But, in a range of excellence his own,
With all the charms to soft persuasion known,
Amid our busy people we admire him—"elegant
and lone."

He scarce needs words, so exquisite the skill
Which modulates the tones to do his will,
That the mere sound enough would charm the ear,
And lap in its Elysium all who hear.
The intellectual paleness of his cheek,

The heavy eyelids, and slow, tranquil smile,
The well cut lips from which the graces speak,
Fit him alike to win or to beguile;
Then those words so well chosen, fit, though few,
Their linked sweetness as our thoughts pursue,
We deem them spoken pearls, or radiant diamond
dew.

And never yet did I admire the power
Which makes so lustrous every threadbare theme—
Which won for Lafayette one other hour,
And e'en on July fourth could cast a gleam—
As now, when I beheld him play the host
With all the dignity which red men boast—
With all the courtesy the whites have lost:
Assume the very hue of savage mind,
Yet in rude accents show the thought refined—
Assume the naïveté of infant age,
And in such prattle seem still more a sage,

The golden mean with tact unerring seized,
A courtly critic shone, a simple savage pleased;
The stoic of the woods his skill confessed,
As all the Father answered in his breast,
To the sure mark the silver arrow sped,
The man without a tear a tear has shed:
And thou hadst wept, had thou been there, to see
How true one sentiment must ever be,
In court or camp, the city or the wild, [child.
To rouse the father's heart, you need but name his
'T was a fair scene—and acted well by all:
So here's a health to Indian braves so tall—
Our governor and Boston people all!

THE SACRED MARRIAGE.

AND has another's life as large a scope?
It may give due fulfilment to thy hope,
And every portal to the unknown may ope.
If, near this other life, thy inmost feeling
Trembles with fateful prescience of revealing
The future Deity, time is still concealing:
If thou feel thy whole force drawn more and more
To launch that other bark on seas without a shore,
And no still secret must be kept in store—
If meannesses that dim each temporal deed,
The dull decay that mars the fleshly weed, [seed—
And flower of love that seems to fall and leave no
Hide never the full presence from thy sight
Of mutual aims and tasks, ideals bright, [blight.
Which feed their roots to-day on all this seeming
Twin stars that mutual circle in the heaven,
Two parts for spiritual concord given
Twin sabbaths that inlock the sacred seven—
Still looking to the centre for the cause,
Mutual light giving to draw out the powers,
And learning all the other groups by cognizance of
one another's laws:—
The parent love the wedded love includes,
The one permits the two their mutual moods,
The two each other know mid myriad multitudes:
With childlike intellect discerning love,
And mutual action energizing love,
In myriad forms affiliating love.
A world whose seasons bloom from pole to pole,
A force which knows both starting-point and goal
A home in heaven—the union in the soul.

SONNETS.

I. ORPHEUS.

EACH Orpheus must to the depths descend,
For only thus the poet can be wise,
Must make the sad Persephoné his friend,
And buried love to second life arise;
Again his love must lose through too much love
Must lose his life by living life too true,
For what he sought below is passed above,
Already done is all that he would do;
Must tune all being with his single lyre,
Must melt all rocks free from their primal pain,
Must search all Nature with his one soul's fire,
Must bind anew all forms in heavenly chain.
If he already sees what he must do,
Well may he shade his eyes from the far-shining view

II. INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

THE charms of melody, in simple airs,
 By human voices sung, are always felt;
 With thoughts responsive careless hearers melt,
 Of secret ills, which our frail nature bears.
 We listen, weep, forget. But when the throng
 Of a great master's thoughts, above the reach
 Of words or colors, wire and wood can teach
 By laws which to the spirit-world belong—
 When several parts, to tell one mood combined,
 Flash meaning on us we can ne'er express,
 Giving to matter subtlest powers of mind,
 Superior joys attentive souls confess:
 The harmony which suns and stars obey, [day.
 Blesses our earthbound state with visions of supernal

III. BEETHOVEN.

MOST intellectual master of the art,
 Which, best of all, teaches the mind of man
 The universe in all its varied plan—
 What strangely mingled thoughts thy strains impart!
 Here the faint tenor thrills the inmost heart,
 There the rich bass the Reason's balance shows;
 Here breathes the softest sigh that Love e'er knows;
 There sudden fancies, seeming without chart,
 Float into wildest breezy interludes;
 The past is all forgot—hopes sweetly breathe,
 And our whole being glows—when lo! beneath
 The flowery brink, Despair's deep sob concludes!
 Startled, we strive to free us from the chain—
 Notes of high triumph swell, and we are thine again!

IV. MOZART.

IF to the intellect and passions strong
 Beethoven speak, with such resistless power,
 Making us share the full creative hour,
 When his wand fixed wild Fancy's mystic throng,
 Oh, Nature's finest lyre! to thee belong
 The deepest, softest tones of tenderness,
 Whose purity the listening angels bless,
 With silvery clearness of seraphic song.
 Sad are those chords, oh heavenward striving soul!
 A love, which never found its home on earth,
 Pensively vibrates, even in thy mirth,
 And gentle laws thy lightest notes concord;
 Yet dear that sadness! spherical concords felt
 Purify most those hearts which most they melt.

V. TO ALLSTON'S PICTURE, "THE BRIDE."

NOT long enough we gaze upon that face,
 Not pure enough the life with which we live,
 To be full tranced by that softest grace,
 To win all pearls those lucid depths can give;
 Here Fantasy has borrowed wings of Even,
 And stolen Twilight's latest, sacred hues,
 A soul has visited the woman's heaven,
 Where palest lights a silver sheen diffuse.
 To see aright the vision which he saw,
 We must ascend as high upon the stair
 Which leads the human thought to heavenly law,
 And see the flower bloom in its natal air;
 Thus might we read aright the lip and brow,
 Where Thought and Love beam too souliving for
 our senses now.

TO EDITH, ON HER BIRTHDAY.

IF the same star our fates together bind,
 Why are we thus divided, mind from mind?
 If the same law one grief to both impart,
 How couldst thou grieve a trusting mother's heart!
 Our aspiration seeks a common aim,
 Why were we tempered of such differing frame?
 —But 'tis too late to turn this wrong to right;
 Too cold, too damp, too deep, has fallen the night!
 And yet, the angel of my life replies—
 "Upon that night a Morning Star shall rise,
 Fairer than that which ruled the temporal birth,
 Undimmed by vapors of the dreamy earth."
 It says, that, where a heart thy claim denies,
 Genius shall read its secret ere it flies;
 The earthly form may vanish from thy side,
 Pure love will make thee still the Spirit's bride.
 And thou, ungentle, yet much-loving child,
 Whose heart still shows the 'untamed haggard wild,'
 A heart which justly makes the highest claim,
 Too easily is checked by transient blame;
 Ere such an orb can ascertain its sphere,
 The ordeal must be various and severe;
 My prayers attend thee, though the feet may fly,
 I hear thy music in the silent sky.

LINES WRITTEN IN ILLINOIS.

FAMILIAR to the child's mind were tales
 Of rock-girt isles amid a desert sea,
 Where unexpected stretch the flowery vales
 To soothe the shipwrecked sailor's misery.
 Fainting, he lay upon a sandy shore,
 And fancied that all hope of life was o'er;
 But let him patient climb the frowning wall,
 Within, the orange glows beneath the palm tree tall,
 And all that Eden boasted waits his call.
 Almost these tales seem realized to-day,
 When the long dullness of the sultry way,
 Where independent settlers' careless cheer
 Made us indeed feel we were strangers here,
 Is cheered by sudden sight of this fair spot,
 On which improvement yet has made no blot,
 But Nature all astonished stands, to find
 Her plan protected by the human mind.
 Blest be the kindly genius of the scene:
 The river, bending in unbroken grace,
 The stately thickets, with their pathways green,
 Fair lonely trees, each in its fittest place,
 Those thickets haunted by the deer and fawn;
 Those cloudlike flights of birds across the lawn;
 The gentlest breezes here delight to blow, [the show.
 And sun and shower and star are emulous to deck
 Wondering, as Crusoe, we survey the land—
 Happier than Crusoe we, a friendly band:
 Blest be the hand that reared this friendly home.
 The heart and mind of him to whom we owe
 Hours of pure peace such as few mortals know,
 May he find such, should he be led to roam—
 Be tended by such ministering sprites—
 Enjoy such gayly childish days, such hopeful nights
 And yet, amid the goods to mortals given,
 To give those goods again is most like Heaven

ON LEAVING THE WEST.

FAREWELL, ye soft and sumptuous solitudes!
 Ye fairy distances, ye lordly woods,
 Haunted by paths like those that Poussin knew,
 When after his all gazers eyes he drew:
 I go—and if I never more may steep
 An eager heart in your enchantments deep,
 Yet ever to itself that heart may say,
 Be not exacting—thou hast lived one day—
 Hast looked on that which matches with thy mood,
 Impassioned sweetness of full being's flood,
 Where nothing checked the bold yet gentle wave,
 Where naught repelled the lavish love that gave.
 A tender blessing lingers o'er the scene,
 Like some young mother's thought, fond, yet serene,
 And through its life new born our lives have been.
 Once more farewell—a sad, a sweet farewell;
 And if I never must behold you more,
 In other worlds I will not cease to tell
 The rosary I here have numbered o'er;
 And bright-haired Hope will lend a gladdened ear,
 And Love will free him from the grasp of Fear,
 And Gorgon critics, while the tale they hear,
 Shall dew their stony glances with a tear,
 If I but catch one echo from your spell:
 And so farewell—a grateful, sad farewell!

GANYMEDE TO HIS EAGLE.*

SUGGESTED BY A WORK OF THORVALDSEN'S.

UPON the rocky mountain stood the boy,
 A goblet of pure water in his hand,
 His face and form spoke him one made for joy,
 A willing servant to sweet love's command;
 But a strange pain was written on his brow,
 And thrilled throughout his silver accents now:
 "My bird," he cries, "my destined brother friend,
 Oh whither fleets to-day thy wayward flight?
 Hast thou forgotten that I here attend,
 From the full noon until this sad twilight?
 A hundred times, at least, from the clear spring,
 Since the full noon o'er hill and valley glowed,
 I've filled the vase which our Olympian king
 Upon my care for thy sole use bestowed;
 That, at the moment when thou shouldst descend,
 A pure refreshment might thy thirst attend.
 Hast thou forgotten earth—forgotten me,
 Thy fellow bondsman in a royal cause,
 Who, from the sadness of infinity,
 Only with thee can know that peaceful pause
 In which we catch the flowing strain of love
 Which binds our dim fates to the throne of Jove?
 Before I saw thee I was like the May,
 Longing for summer that must mar its bloom,
 Or like the morning star that calls the day,
 Whose glories to its promise are the tomb;
 And as the eager fountain rises higher,
 To throw itself more strongly back to earth,
 Still, as more sweet and full rose my desire,
 More fondly it reverted to its birth;

For, what the rosebud seeks tells not the rose—
 The meaning foretold by the boy the man can not
 disclose.

I was all spring, for in my being dwelt
 Eternal youth, where flowers are the fruit;
 Full feeling was the thought of what was felt—
 Its music was the meaning of the lute:
 But heaven and earth such life will still deny,
 For earth, divorced from heaven, still asks the ques-
 tion, Why!

Upon the highest mountains my young feet
 Ached, that no pinions from their lightness grew
 My starlike eyes the stars would fondly greet,
 Yet win no greeting from the circling blue;
 Fair, self-subsistent each in its own sphere,
 They had no care that there was none for me:
 Alike to them that I was far or near,
 Alike to them, time and eternity.
 But, from the violet of lower air,
 Sometimes an answer to my wishing came,
 Those lightning births my nature seemed to share,
 They told the secrets of its fiery frame—
 The sudden messengers of hate and love,
 The thunderbolts that arm the hand of Jove,
 And strike sometimes the sacred spire, and strike
 the sacred grove.

Come in a moment, in a moment gone,
 They answered me, then left me still more lone;
 They told me that the thought which ruled the world
 As yet no sail upon its course had furled,
 That the creation was but just begun,
 New leaves still leaving from the primal one,
 But spoke not of the goal to which my rapid wheels
 would run.

Still, still my eyes, though tearfully, I strained
 To the far future which my heart contained,
 And no dull doubt my proper hope profaned.
 At last, oh bliss, thy living form I spied,
 Then a mere speck upon a distant sky;
 Yet my keen glance discerned its noble pride,
 And the full answer of that sun-filled eye:
 I knew it was the wing that must appear
 My earthlier form into the realms of air.
 Thou knowest how we gained that beauteous height,
 Where dwells the monarch of the sons of light,
 Thou knowest he declared us two to be
 The chosen servants of his ministry—
 Thou as his messenger, a sacred sign
 Of conquest, or with omen more benign,
 To give its due weight to the righteous cause,
 To express the verdict of Olympian laws.

And I wait upon the lonely spring,
 Which slakes the thirst of bards to whom 'tis given
 The destined dues of hopes divine to sing,
 And weave the needed chain to bind to heaven
 Only from such could be obtained a draught
 For him who in his early home from Jove's own
 cup has quaffed.

To wait, to wait, but not to wait too long,
 Till heavy grows the burthen of a song;
 Oh bird! too long hast thou been gone to-day,
 My feet are weary of their frequent way—
 The spell that opes the spring my tongue no more
 can say.

* Composed on the height called the Eagle's Nest, Oregon Rock River, July 4, 1843.

If soon thou com'st not, night will fall around,
 My head with a sad slumber will be bound,
 And the pure draught be spilt upon the ground.
 Remember that I am not yet divine,
 Long years of service to the fatal Nine
 Are yet to make a Delphian vigor mine.
 Oh, make them not too hard, thou bird of Jove,
 Answer the stripling's hope, confirm his love,
 Receive the service in which he delights,
 And bear him often to the serene heights,
 Where hands that were so prompt in serving thee,
 Shall be allowed the highest ministry,
 And Rapture live with bright Fidelity.

◆
 LIFE A TEMPLE.

THE temple round
 Spread green the pleasant ground;
 The fair colonnade
 Be of pure marble pillars made;
 Strong to sustain the roof,
 Time and tempest proof,
 Yet amid which the lightest breeze
 Can play as it please:
 The audience hall
 Be free to all
 Who revere
 The Power worshipped here,
 Sole guide of youth,
 Unswerving Truth:
 In the inmost shrine
 Stands the image divine,
 Only seen
 By those whose deeds have worthy been—
 Priestlike clean.
 Those, who initiated are,
 Declare,
 As the hours
 Usher in varying hopes and powers;
 It changes its face,
 It changes its age—
 Now a young beaming grace,
 Now Nestorian sage:
 But, to the pure in heart,
 This shape of primal art
 In age is fair,
 In youth seems wise,
 Beyond compare,
 Above surprise:
 What it teaches native seems,
 Its new lore our ancient dreams;
 Incense rises from the ground,
 Music flows around;
 Firm rest the feet below, clear gaze the eyes above,
 When Truth to point the way through life assumes
 the wand of Love;
 But, if she cast aside the robe of green,
 Winter's silver sheen,
 White, pure as light,
 Makes gentle shroud as worthy weed as bridal
 robe had been.

ENCOURAGEMENT.

FOR the Power to whom we bow
 Has given its pledge that, if not now,
 They of pure and steadfast mind,
 By faith exalted, truth refined,
 Shall hear all music loud and clear,
 Whose first notes they ventured here.
 Then fear not thou to wind the horn,
 Though elf and gnome thy courage scorn
 Ask for the castle's king and queen—
 Though rabble rout may rush between,
 Beat thee senseless to the ground,
 in the dark beset thee round—
 Persist to ask and it will come,
 Seek not for rest in humbler home:
 So shalt thou see what few have seen,
 The palace home of King and Queen.

◆
 GUNHILDA.

A MAIDEN sat beneath the tree,
 Tear-bedewed her pale cheeks be
 And she sigheth heavily.
 From forth the wood into the light
 A hunter strides with carol light,
 And a glance so bold and bright.
 He careless stopped and eyed the maid
 "Why weepest thou?" he gently said,
 "I love thee well—be not afraid."
 He takes her hand, and leads her on;
 She should have waited there alone,
 For he was not her chosen one.
 He leans her head upon his breast:
 She knew 't was not her home of rest,
 But ah! she had been sore distressed.
 The sacred stars looked sadly down;
 The parting moon appeared to frown,
 To see thus dimmed the diamond crown.
 Then from the thicket starts a deer:
 The huntsman, seizing on his spear,
 Cries, "Maiden, wait thou for me here."
 She sees him vanish into night,
 She starts from sleep in deep affright,
 For it was not her own true knight!
 Though but in dream Gunhilda failed,
 Though but a fancied ill assailed,
 Though she but fancied fault bewailed—
 Yet thought of day makes dream of night
 She is not worthy of the knight,
 The inmost altar burns not bright.
 If loneliness thou canst not bear,
 Can not the dragon's venom dare,
 Of the pure meed thou shouldst despair.
 Now sadder that lone maiden sighs,
 Far bitterer tears profane her eyes,
 Crushed in the dust her heart's flower lies

LYDIA JANE PEIRSON.

LYDIA JANE WHEELER, now Mrs. PEIRSON, was born in Middletown, Connecticut, and when sixteen years of age removed with her parents to Canandaigua, New York, where she was soon after married. Her husband purchased a tract of land in Liberty, Tioga county, one of the wildest districts of northern Pennsylvania, and commenced there his career as a pioneer farmer, five miles from any other habitation, and nearly twenty from any village. Mrs. Peirson appears to have been ill fitted for such a life, but the solitude of the forest was cheered by the presence of the Muse, and for several years her contributions appeared frequently in *The New-Yorker*, *The Southern Literary Messenger*, and other periodicals. A pleasing incident in her history is related in the following communication from a correspondent: "At a period when the best abilities of Pennsylvania were active in recommending plans for the general education of the people, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens, now a member of Congress, but then a representative in the state legislature, made a masterly speech upon the subject, which was seconded by a spirited and elegant poem that attracted general attention. Judge Ellis Lewis, so well known as one of our most accomplished jurists, was deeply interested in the movement, and ac-

tively engaged in efforts to induce its success. Pleased with the poem, he made inquiries respecting its author, and learned that her husband, by a series of misfortunes, had been reduced to a condition of extreme pecuniary embarrassment, and that his family was without a home. Meeting Mr. Stevens, who is scarcely less known for his generosity than for those splendid powers which have raised him to so high a rank in his profession and among the managers of affairs, he communicated to him the circumstances, and suggested that something should be done for the relief of the poetess. Mr. Stevens authorized the judge to consult with Mrs. Peirson, purchase for her such a farm as she might select, and draw on him for the cost. Neither Judge Lewis nor Mr. Stevens had ever seen her, but the former apprized her of his commission, and the design was executed. She chose a beautiful little estate which chanced to be in the market; it was purchased by Judge Lewis; the deed, drawn to Thaddeus Stevens in trust for Lydia Jane Peirson and her heirs and assigns, was sent to her; and she now lives upon it in pleasant independence."

Mrs. Peirson has published two volumes of poems—*Forest Leaves*, in 1845, and *The Forest Minstrel*, in 1847.

MY SONG.

'Tis not for fame
That I awaken with my simple lay
The echoes of the forest. I but sing
As sings the bird, that pours her native strain,
Because her soul is made of melody;
And lingering in the bowers, her warblings seem
To gather round her all the tuneful forms [flowers,
Whose bright wings shook rich incense from the
And balmy verdure of the sweet young Spring,
O'er which the glad Day shed his brightest smile,
And Night her purest tears. I do but sing
Like that sad bird who in her loneliness
Pours out in song the treasures of her soul,
Which else would burst her bosom, which has naught
On which to lavish the warm streams that gush
Up from her trembling heart, and pours them forth
Upon the sighing winds in fitful strains.

Perchance one pensive spirit loves the song,
And lingers in the twilight near the wood
To list her plaintive sonnet, which unlocks
The seal'd fountain of a hidden grief.
That pensive listener, or some playful child,
May miss the lone bird's song, what time her wings
Are folded in the calm and silent sleep,
Above her broken heart. Then, though they weep
In her deserted bower, and hang rich wreaths
Of ever-living flowers upon her grave,
What will it profit her who would have slept
As deep and sweet without them?

Oh! how vain
With promised garlands for the sepulchre,
To think to cheer the soul, whose daily prayer
Is but for bread and peace! whose trembling hopes
For immortality ask one green leaf
From off the healing trees that grow beside
The pure, bright river of Eternal Life.

MY MUSE.

BORN of the sunlight and the dew,
That met amongst the flowers,
That on the river margin grew
Beneath the willow bowers;
Her earliest pillow was a wreath
Of violets newly blown,
And the meek incense of their breath
At once became her own.

Her cradle-hymn the river sung,
In that same liquid tone
With which it gave, when Earth was young,
Praise to the Living One.

The breeze that lay upon its breast
Responded with a sigh;
And there the ring-dove built her nest
And sung her lullaby.

The only nurse she ever knew
Was Nature, free and wild:
Such was her birth, and so she grew
A moody, wayward child,
Who loved to climb the rocky steep,
To ford the mountain-stream,
To lie beside the sounding deep,
And weave the magic dream.

She loved the path with shadows dim,
Beneath the dark-leaved trees,
Where Nature's wingéd poets sing
Their sweetest melodies;
To dance amongst the pensile stems
Where blossoms-bright and sweet
Threw diamonds from their diadems
Upon her fairy feet.

She loved to watch the day-star float
Upon the aerial sea,
Till Morning sunk his pearly boat
In floods of radiancy;
To see the angel of the storm
Upon his wind-winged car,
With dark clouds wrapped around his form,
Come shouting from afar;

And pouring treasures rich and free,
The pure, refreshing rain,
Till every weed and forest-tree
Could boast its diamond chain:
Then rising, with the hymn of praise,
That swelled from hill and dale,
Display the rainbow, sign of peace,
Upon its misty veil.

She loved the waves' deep utterings—
And gazed with phrensied eye
When Night shook lightning from his wings,
And winds went sobbing by.
Full oft I chid the wayward child,
Her wanderings to restrain;
And sought her airy limbs to bind
With Caution's worldly chain.

I bade her stay within my cot,
And ply the housewife's art:
She heard me, but she heeded not—
Oh, who can bind the heart!

I told her she had none to guide
Her inexperienced feet
To where, through Tempé's valley, glide
Castalia's waters sweet;

No son of Fame, to take her hand
And lead her blushing forth,
Proclaiming to the laurelled band
A youthful sister's worth;
That there were none to help her climb
The steep and toilsome way,
To where, above the mists of Time,
Shines Genius' living ray;

Where, wreathed with never-fading flowers,
The harp immortal lies,
Filling the souls that reach those bowers
With heavenly melodies.

I warned her of the cruel foes
That throng that rugged path,
Where many a thorn of misery grows,
And tempests wreak their wrath.

I told her of the serpents dread,
With malice-pointed fangs,
Of yellow-blossomed weeds that shed
Derision's maddening pangs;
And of the broken, mouldering lyres
Thrown carelessly aside,
Telling the winds, with shivering wires,
How noble spirits died!

I said, her sandals were not meet
Such journey to essay—
(There should be gold beneath the feet
That tempt Fame's toilsome way:)
But while I spoke, her burning eye
Was flashing in the light
That shone upon that mountain high,
Insufferably bright.

While streaming from the Eternal Lyre,
Like distant echoes came
A strain that wrapped her soul in fire,
And thrilled her trembling frame.
She sprang away, that wayward child—
"The harp! the harp!" she cried;
And still she climbs and warbles wild
Along the mountain-side.

TO AN ÆOLIAN HARP.

Θου' ἄρ like my heart, thou shivering string
Of wild and plaintive tone;
Thrilled by the slightest zephyr's wing,
That over thee is thrown;

Replying with melodious wail
To every passing sigh,
And pouring to the fitful gale
Wild bursts of harmony.

Still by the tempest's torturing power
Thy loftiest notes are rung,
And in the stormy midnight hour
Thy holiest hymns are sung.

Thou'rt like my heart, thou trembling string
That lovest the gentle breeze—
Yet yieldest to the tempest-king
Thy loftiest melodies

TO THE WOOD ROBIN.

BIRD of the twilight hour!

My soul goes forth to mingle with thy hymn,
Which floats like slumber round each closing flower,
And weaves sweet visions through the forest dim.

Where Day's sweet warblers rest,
Each gently rocking on the waving spray,
Or hovering the dear fledglings in the nest
Without one care-pang for the coming day.

Oh, holy bird, and sweet
Angel of this dark forest, whose rich notes
Gush like a fountain in the still retreat,
O'er which a world of mirrored beauty floats:

My spirit drinks the stream,
Till human cares and passions fade away;
And all my soul is wrapped in one sweet dream
Of blended love, and peace, and melody.

Sweet bird! that wakest alone
The moonlight echoes of the flowery dells,
When every other winged lute is flown,
And insects sleeping all in nodding bells;
I bow my aching head,
And wait the unction of thy voice of love:
I feel it o'er my weary spirit shed,
Like dew from balmy flowers that bloom above.

Oh! when the loves of earth
Are silent birds, at close of life's long day,
May some pure seraphim of heavenly birth
Bear on its holy hymn my soul away!

THE WILD-WOOD HOME.

Oh, show me a place like the wild-wood home,
Where the air is fragrant and free,
And the first pure breathings of morning come
In a gush of melody.

She lifts the soft fringe from her dark-blue eye
With a radiant smile of love,
And the diamonds that o'er her bosom lie
Are bright as the gems above;

Where Noon lies down in the breezy shade
Of the glorious forest bowers,
And the beautiful birds from the sunny glades
Sit nodding amongst the flowers,
While the holy child of the mountain-spring
Steals past with a murmured song,
And the honey-bees sleep in the bells that swing
Its garlanded banks along;

Where Day steals away with a young bride's blush,
To the soft green couch of Night,
And the Moon throws o'er with a holy hush
Her curtain of gossamer light;
And the seraph that sings in the hemlock dell,
Oh, sweetest of birds is she,
Fills the dewy breeze with a trancing swell
Of melody rich and free.

There are sumptuous mansions with marble walls,
Surmounted by glittering towers,
Where fountains play in the perfumed halls
Amongst exotic flowers.

They are suitable homes for the haughty in mind,
Yet a wild-wood home for me, [wind,
Where the pure bright streams, and the mountain-
And the bounding heart, are free!

ISABELLA.

FROM "OCEAN MELODIES."

In what fair grotto of the deep-green sea
Where rich festoons of sea-flowers darkly wave,
From trees of brilliant coral, that enwreath
Their priceless branches through the marble cave;
Where rings for evermore the solemn kneel
Of tinkling waters in the tuneful shell;
Where pensive sea-maids come in groups to weep,
Dost thou, my precious Isabella, sleep?

Thou beautiful enchantment! thou wert like
A delicately wrought transparency,
Through which all angel-forms of tenderness
Shone in the light of maiden purity;
Thy cheek was Love's pure altar, where he laid
With playful hand his roses pale and red,
While bathing in thine eyes of liquid blue,
By full-fringed curtains half concealed from view.

Spring has no blossom fairer than thy form;
Winter no snow-wreath purer than thy mind;
The dewdrop trembling to the morning beam
Is like thy smile, pure, transient, heaven-refined:
But ever o'er thy soul a shadow lay,
Still more apparent in the sunniest day;
And ever when to bliss thy heart beat high,
The swell subsided in a plaintive sigh.

When I would speak of bliss, thou wouldst reply,
"Hush! for I feel that all our hopes are vain;
Some spirit whispers that I soon must die,
And every thrill of hope is mixed with pain."
At length thy drooping form did prove too well
That there was poison in life's failing well;
And then we sought youth's freshness to renew
Beneath a sky of softer sun and dew.

We journeyed with thee many a mournful day,
Till thou wert weary of the fruitless toil,
And prayed that we would take our homeward way
That thou mightst slumber in thy native soil.
I knelt and clasped thee in a wild embrace,
Concealing in thy robes my anguished face;
Yet still thy snowy shoulder felt my tears,
And still thine Æolian voice was in mine ears.

I felt thy presence—and the veil of life
Was still between the coffin-scene and me;
And Hope and Skill maintained their anxious strife,
Contending strongly with stern Destiny.
But when I saw thee dead, and felt the chill
Of thy white hand, so nerveless and so still,
When as my tears fell on thy lovely face—
There was no voice, no smile, no consciousness!

And when I saw thy form—so fair, so pure,
So dear, so precious—cast into the sea,
O God of mercy! how did I endure
The torture of that fearful agony?
Oh, peerless sleeper! down in the deep sea
My heart is in that billowy world with thee;
And still my spirit lingers on the wave
That rolls between my bosom and thy grave.

SUNSET IN THE FOREST.

COME now unto the forest, and enjoy
 The loveliness of Nature. Look abroad
 And note the tender beauty and repose
 Of the magnificent in earth and sky.
 See what a radiant smile of golden light
 O'erspreads the face of heaven; while the west
 Burns like a living ruby in the ring
 Of the deep green horizon. Now the shades
 Are deepening round the feet of the tall trees,
 Bending the head of the pale blossoms down
 Upon their mother's bosom, where the breeze
 Comes with a low, sweet hymn and balmy kiss,
 To lull them to repose. Look now, and see
 How every mountain, with its leafy plume,
 Or rocky helm, with crest of giant pine,
 Is veiled with floating amber, and gives back
 The loving smile of the departing sun,
 And nods a calm adieu. Hark! from the dell
 Where sombre hemlocks sigh unto the streams,
 Which with its everlasting harmony
 Returns each tender whisper, what a gush
 Of liquid melody, like soft, rich tones
 Of flute and viol, mingling in sweet strains
 Of love and rapture, float away toward heaven!
 'Tis the *Ædoleo*, from her sweet place
 Singing to Nature's God the perfect hymn
 Of Nature's innocence. Does it not seem
 That Earth is listening to that evening song?—
 There's such a hush on mountain, plain, and streams.
 Seems not the Sun to linger in his bower
 On yonder leafy summit, pouring forth
 His glowing adoration unto God,
 Blent with that evening hymn, while every flower
 Bows gracefully, and mingles with the strain
 Its balmy breathing? Have you looked on aught
 In all the panoply and bustling pride
 Of the dense city with its worldly throng,
 So soothing, so delicious to the soul,
 So like the ante-chamber of high heaven,
 As this o'd forest, with the emerald crown
 Which it has worn for ages, glittering
 With the bright halo of departing day,
 While from its bosom living seraphim
 Are hymning gratitude and love to God?

THE LAST PALE FLOWERS.

THE last pale flowers are drooping on the stems,
 The last sere leaves fall fluttering from the tree,
 The latest groups of Summer's flying gems
 Are hymning forth a parting melody.
 The wings are heavy-winged and linger by,
 Whispering to every pale and sighing leaf;
 The sunlight falls all dim and tremblingly,
 Like love's fond farewell through the mist of grief.
 There is a dreamy presence everywhere,
 As if of spirits passing to and fro;
 We almost hear their voices in the air,
 And feel their balmy pinions touch the brow.
 We feel as if a breath might put aside
 The shadowy curtains of the spirit-land,
 Revealing all the loved and glorified
 That Death has taken from Affection's band.

We call their names, and listen for the sound
 Of their sweet voices' tender melodies;
 We look almost expectantly around
 For those dear faces with the loving eyes.
 We feel them near us, and spread out the scroll
 Of hearts whose feelings they were wont to share,
 That they may read the constancy of soul
 And all the high, pure motives written there.
 And then we weep, as if our cheek were pressed
 To Friendship's holy, unsuspecting heart,
 Which understands our own. Oh, vision blest!
 Alas, that such illusions should depart!
 I oft have prayed that Death may come to me
 In such a spiritual, autumnal day;
 For surely it would be no agony
 With all the beautiful to pass away.

TO THE WOODS.

COME to the woods in June—
 'Tis happiness to rove
 When Nature's lyres are all in tune,
 And life all full of love.....
 While from the dewy dells,
 And every wildwood bower,
 A thousand little feathered bells
 Ring out the matin hour.
 Come when the sun is high,
 And earth all full in bloom,
 When every passing summer sigh
 Is languid with perfume;
 When by the mountain-brook
 The watchful red-deer lies,
 And spotted fawns in mossy nook
 Have closed their wild, bright eyes,
 While from the giant tree,
 And fairy of the sod,
 A dreamy wind-harp melody
 Speaks to the soul of God—
 Whose beauteous gifts of love
 The passing hours unfold,
 Till e'en the sombre hemlock-boughs
 Are tipped with fringe of gold.
 Come when the sun is set,
 And see along the west
 Heaven's glory streaming through the gate
 By which he passed to rest;
 While brooklets, as they flow
 Beneath the cool, sweet bowers,
 Sing fairy legends soft and low
 To groups of listening flowers;
 And creeping, formless shades
 Make distance strange and dim,
 And with the daylight softly fades
 The wild-bird's evening hymn.
 Come when the woods are dark,
 And winds go fluttering by,
 While here and there a phantom bark
 Floats in the deep blue sky;
 While gleaming far away
 Beyond the aerial flood,
 Lies in its starry majesty
 The city of our God.

JANE T. WORTHINGTON.

(Died 1847.)

JANE TAYLOR LOMAX, a daughter of the late Colonel Lomax of the United States army, was a native of Virginia, and was connected with several of the most distinguished families of that state. She was educated in different parts of the country, as the exigencies of the military service led to changes of residence by her father, and her large opportunities were improved by a genial intercourse with various society, and a minute and loving observation of nature. Her affections, however, always centred in the "Old Dominion," and nearly all her productions appeared in the Southern Literary Messen-

ger, which was edited by a personal friend, at Richmond. She excelled most in the essay, and there are few better illustrations of womanly feeling and intelligence than may be found in her numerous compositions of this kind, which were written in the four or five years of her literary life. Her poems, simple, graceful, and earnest, are reflections of a character eminently truthful, refined, and pleasing. She was married, in 1843, to F. A. Worthington, M. D., of Ohio, and she died, lamented by a wide circle of literary and personal friends, in 1847. No collection of her works has been published.

TO THE PEAKS OF OTTER.

FAIR are the sunset hues, thy dark brow blessing,
Oh mountain, with their gift of golden rays;
And the few floating clouds, thy crest caressing,
Seem guardian angels to my raptured gaze:
I have looked on thee through the saddest tears
That ever human sorrow taught to flow,
And thou wilt come, in life's recalling years,
Linked with the memory of my deepest wo.

Yet well I love thee, in thy silent mystery,
Thy purple shadows and thy glowing light—
Thou art to me a most poetic history
Of stillest beauty and of stormiest might:
I owe thee, oh, sublime and solemn mountain,
For many hours of vision and of thought,
For pleasant draughts from fancy's gushing fountain,
For bright illusions by thy presence brought.

And more I thank thee, for the deeper learning
That soothes my spirit as I look on thee,
For thou hast laid upon my soul's wild yearning
The holy spell of thy tranquillity:
I shall recall thee with a long regretting,
And often pine to see thy brow, in vain,
While Thought, returning, fond and unforgetting,
Will trace thy form in glory-tints again.

And thou, in thine experience, all material,
Wilt never know how worshipped thou hast been;
No glimpses of the life that is ethereal
Shadow thy face, eternally serene!
Thou hast not felt the impulse of resistance—
Thy lot has linked thee with the earth alone:
Thou art no traveller to a new existence,
Thou hast no future to be lost or won.

The past for thee contains no bitter fountain—
Thou hast no onward mission to fulfil:

And I would learn from thee, oh silent mountain,
All things enduring, to be tranquil still!
And now, with that fond reverence of feeling
We owe whatever wakes our loftiest thought,
I can but offer thee, in faint revealing,
These idle thanks for all that thou hast brought.

LINES

TO ONE WHO WILL UNDERSTAND THEM

I HAVE been reading, tearfully and sadly,
The lines we read together long ago,
When our experience glided on so gladly,
We loved to linger o'er poetic wo.
We both have changed: our souls at last are finding
Their destiny—in silence to endure;
And the strong ties, our best affections binding,
Are not the dreamlike ones our hearts once wore.

We live no longer in a world elysian,
With life's deep sorrowing still a thing to test;
And we have laid aside—a vanished vision—
The hope once wildly treasured as our best.
Yet though the tie that then our thoughts united
Lies severed now, a bright but broken chain—
Though other love hath lavishly requited
That early one, so passionate and vain—

Still, as I read the lines we read together,
Now hallowed by our parting's bitter tears,
As mournfully my spirit questions, Whither
Have gone the sweet illusions of those years!
I close the book, such vain remembrance bringing
Of all that now 'twere wiser to forget:
Say, are your thoughts, like mine, still idly clinging
To those old times of rapture and regret?

MOONLIGHT ON THE GRAVE.

It shineth on the quiet graves
 Where weary ones have gone,
 It watcheth with angelic gaze
 Where the dead are left alone ;
 And not a sound of busy life
 'To the still graveyard comes,
 But peacefully the sleepers lie
 Down in their silent homes.

All silently and solemnly
 It throweth shadows round,
 And every gravestone hath a trace
 In darkness on the ground :
 It locketh on the tiny mound
 Where a little child is laid,
 And it lighteth up the marble pile
 Which human pride hath made.

It falleth with unaltered ray
 On the simple and the stern,
 And it showeth with a solemn light
 The sorrows we must learn ;
 It telleth of divided ties
 On which its beam hath shone,
 It whispereth of heavy hearts
 Which "brokenly live on."

It gleameth where devoted ones
 Are sleeping side by side,
 It looketh where the maiden rests
 Who in her beauty died.
 There is no grave in all the earth
 That moonlight hath not seen ;
 It gazeth cold and passionless
 Where agony hath been.

Yet it is well : that changeless ray
 A deeper thought should throw,
 When mortal love pours forth the tide
 Of unavailing wo ;
 It teacheth us no shade of grief
 Can touch the starry sky,
 That all our sorrow liveth here—
 The glory is on high !

THE CHILD'S GRAVE.

It is a place where tender thought
 Its voiceless vigil keepeth ;
 It is a place where kneeling love,
 Mid all its hope, still weepeth :
 The vanished light of all a life
 That tiny spot encloseth,
 Where, followed by a thousand dreams,
 The little one repositeth.

It is a place where thankfulness
 A tearful tribute giveth :
 That one so pure hath left a world
 Where so much sorrow liveth—
 Where trial, to the heavy heart,
 Its constant cross presenteth,
 And every hour some trace retains
 For which the soul repenteth.

It is a place for Hope to rise,
 While other brightness waneth,
 And from the darkness of the grave
 To learn the gift it gaineth—
 From Him who wept, as on the earth
 Undying love still weepeth—
 From Him who spoke the blessed words,
 "She is not dead, but sleepeth."

THE POOR.

HAVE pity on them ! for their life
 Is full of grief and care :
 You do not know one half the woes
 The very poor must bear ;
 You do not see the silent tears
 By many a mother shed,
 As childhood offers up the prayer,
 "Give us our daily bread."

And sick at heart, she turns away
 From the small face, wan with pain,
 And feels that prayer has long been said
 By those young lips in vain.
 You do not see the pallid cheeks
 Of those whose years are few,
 But who are old in all the griefs
 The poor must struggle through.

Their lot is made of misery
 More hopeless day by day,
 And through the long cold winter nights
 Nor light nor fire have they ;
 But little children, shivering, crouch
 Around the cheerless hearth,
 Their young hearts weary with the want
 That drags the soul to earth.

Oh, when with faint and languid voice
 The poor implore your aid,
 It matters not how, step by step,
 Their misery was made ;
 It matters not, if shame had left
 Its shadow on their brow—
 It is enough for you to see
 That they are suffering now.

Deal gently with these wretched ones,
 Whatever wrought their wo,
 For the poor have much to tempt and test
 That you can never know :
 Then judge them not, for hard indeed
 Is their dark lot of care ;
 Let Heaven condemn, but human hearts
 With human faults should bear.

And when within your happy homes
 You hear the voice of mirth,
 When smiling faces brighten round
 The warm and cheerful hearth,
 Let charitable thoughts go forth
 For the sad and homeless one,
 And your own lot more blest will be,
 For every kind deed done.
 Now is the time the very poor
 Most often meet your gaze—
 Have mercy on them, in these cold
 And melancholy days.

SLEEP.

"He giveth his beloved sleep."

It visiteth the desolate,
 Who hath no friend beside,
 And bringeth peace to saddened souls
 Whose hope, deferred, had died :
 It layeth its caressing hand
 Upon the brow of care,
 And calleth to the faded lips
 The smile they used to wear.
 And lovely is the angel light
 Of a little child's repose,
 The holiest and the sweetest rest
 Our human nature knows—
 Such rest as can not close the eyes
 Grown old with many tears,
 That never soothes the pilgrim path
 Of life's dejected years.
 "He giveth his beloved sleep!"
 All thanks for such a boon,
 And thanks, too, for the deeper sleep
 That will be with us soon—
 From which our long o'erladen hearts
 Shall wake to pain no more,
 But find fulfilled the fairest thoughts
 They only dreamed before !

TO TWILIGHT.

PALE Memory's favored child thou art,
 And many dreams are thine ;
 With thine existence, all the past
 Returning seems to twine.
 Thou bringest to the souls bereaved
 The look and tone they miss ;
 Thou callest from another world
 The best beloved of this.
 Thou comest like a veiled nun,
 With footstep sad and slow ;
 Thou summonest the solemn prayer
 From heart and lip to flow.
 Thou givest to fantastic things
 A real shape and hue,
 And thou canst, like a poet's dream,
 Idealize the true.
 Oh, if thy coming thus recalls
 The past upon our sight,
 How must the guilty shrink from thee,
 Thou sad and solemn light !
 How must the hard and hopeless heart
 Thy mystic power repel—
 What fearful fantasies must fill
 The convict's haunted cell !

How must his young and better days
 Upon his visions dawn—
 How bitterly that ruined soul
 Must mourn its brightness gone !
 Oh, often at thy thoughtful hour,
 Beside the happy hearth,
 My busy fancy flies to these,
 The lost ones of the earth.
 A voice amid their solitude
 Is sounding evermore—
 God help them in that loneliness
 So fearful to endure !

THE WITHERED LEAVES.

THEY are falling thick and rapidly,
 Before the autumn breeze,
 And a sudden sound of mournfulness
 Is heard among the trees,
 Like a wailing for the scattered leaves,
 So beautiful and bright,
 Thus dying in their sunny hues
 Of loveliness and light.
 The wind that wafts them to their doom
 Is the same that swept along
 In the freshness of their summer-time,
 And blessed them with its song :
 That voice is still the merry one
 That mid the sunshine fell—
 Ye are not missed, ye glowing leaves,
 By the friend ye loved so well.
 But yet, no fearful fate is yours,
 No shuddering at decay,
 No shrinking from the blighting gust
 That bears your life away :
 The spring-tide, with its singing birds,
 Hath long ago gone by—
 Ye had your time to bloom and live,
 Ye have your time to die.
 Oh, would that we, the sadder ones,
 Who linger on the earth,
 Like ye might wither when our lives
 Had parted with their mirth :
 Ye glow with beauty to the last,
 And brighten with decay,
 Ye know not of the mental war
 That wears the heart away.
 Ye have no memories to recall,
 No sorrows to lament,
 No secret weariness of soul
 With all your pleasures blent :
 To us alone the lot is cast,
 To think, to love, to feel—
 Alas ! how much of human wo
 Those few brief words reveal !

SARAH ANNA LEWIS.

(Born 1824).

MISS ROBINSON, now Mrs. LEWIS, is a native of Baltimore. She inherits from her father, who was a Cuban, of English and Spanish parentage, and a man of liberal fortune and cultivated understanding, the melancholy temperament which is illustrated in the greater part of her writings. After being carefully educated—in part at the celebrated school of Mrs. Willard, in Troy—she was married to Mr. L. D. Lewis, an attorney and counsellor, who soon after removed to Brooklyn, where they have since resided.

The earliest writings of Mrs. Lewis appeared in the Family Magazine, edited by the well-known Solomon Southwick, of Albany. She came more prominently before the public in Records of the Heart, published in New York in 1844. The principal poems in this volume—Florence, Zenel, Melpomene, and Laone—are of considerable length, and of a more ambitious design than most of the compositions of our female poets. That they evince fancy and an ear sensitive to harmony, will be understood from the following lines of Florence:

The waves are smooth, the wind is calm;
 Onward the golden stream is gliding,
 Amid the myrtle and the palm,
 And ilices its margin hiding;
 Now sweeps it o'er the jutting shoals
 In murmurs like despairing souls;
 Now deeply, softly, flows along
 Like ancient minstrels' warbled song;
 Then slowly, darkly, thoughtfully,
 Loses itself in the mighty sea.
 The sky is clear, the stars are bright,
 The moon reposes on her light;
 On many a budding, fairy blossom,
 Are glittering Evening's dewy tears,
 As gleam the gems on Beauty's bosom
 When she in festal garb appears.

Among the minor poems in this collection is the following, which is quoted here for its merits and for the praises it has received from the acute critic Mr. Edgar A. Poe, who describes it as "inexpressibly beautiful:

THE FORSAKEN.

It hath been said, for all who die
 There is a tear;
 Some pining, bleeding heart to sigh
 O'er every bier:

But in that hour of pain and dread
 Who will draw near
 Around my humble couch, and shed
 One farewell tear?

Who watch life's last, departing ray
 In deep despair,
 And soothe my spirit on its way
 With holy prayer?

What mourner round my bier will come
 'In weeds of wo,'
 And follow me to my long home—
 Solemn and slow?

When lying on my clayey bed,
 In icy sleep,
 Who there by pure affection led
 Will come and weep—
 By the pale moon implant the rose
 Upon my breast,
 And bid it cheer my dark repose,
 My lowly rest?

Could I but know when I am sleeping
 Low in the ground,
 One faithful heart would there be keeping
 Watch all night round,
 As if some gem lay shrined beneath
 That sod's cold gloom,
 'T would mitigate the pangs of death
 And light the tomb.

Yes, in that hour if I could feel
 From halls of glee
 And Beauty's presence *one* would steal
 In secrecy,
 And come and sit and weep by me
 In night's deep noon—
 Oh! I would ask of Memory
 No other boon.

But ah! a lonelier fate is mine—
 A deeper wo:
 From all I love in youth's sweet time
 I soon must go—
 Draw round me my cold robes of white,
 In a dark spot
 To sleep through Death's long, dreamless night,
 Lone and forgot.

There is a very fine poem by Motherwell, by which this may have been suggested, though if Mrs. Lewis had read it, it was of course forgotten by her when she composed The Forsaken. The following verses are from the piece by Motherwell:

"When I beneath the cold red earth am sleeping,
 Life's fever o'er,
 Will there for me be any bright eye weeping,
 That I'm no more?"

Will there be any heart still memory keeping
Of heretofore!

"When the bright sun upon that spot is shining
With purest ray, [twining,
And the small flowers their buds and blossoms
Burst through that clay,

Will there be one still on that spot repining
Lost hopes all day?

"When no star twinkles with its eye of glory
On that low mound,
And wintry storms have with their ruins hoary
Its loneliness crowned,
Will there be then one versed in Misery's story
Pacing it round?"

In the four years which succeeded the publication of *The Records of the Heart*, Mrs. Lewis was an occasional contributor to the *Democratic Review*, the *American Review*, and *The Spirit of the Nineteenth Century*. In the autumn of 1848 she published a second volume, entitled *The Child of the Sea, and Other Poems*. *The Child of the Sea* is her best production. It is an interesting story, in a finely modulated rhythm, and with many tasteful and happy expressions. It evinces passion, fancy, and a degree of imagination. The design is partly unfolded in the opening lines:

Where blooms the myrtle, and the olive flings
Its aromatic breath upon the air;
Where the sad bird of night for ever sings
Meet anthems for the children of despair,
Who silently, with wild, dishevelled hair,
Stray through those valleys of perpetual bloom;
Where hideous War and Murder from their lair
Stalk forth in awful and terrific gloom;
Rapine and Vice disport on Glory's gilded tomb:

My fancy pensive pictures youthful Love,
Ill-starred, yet trustful, truthful, and sublime,
As ever angels chronicled above;
The sorrowings of Beauty in her prime;
Virtue's reward; the punishment of Crime;
The dark, inscrutable decrees of Fate;
Despair, untold before in prose or rhyme;
The wrong, the agony, the sleepless hate,
That mad the soul and make the bosom desolate.

Sunset upon the bay of Gibraltar is thus happily described:

Fresh blows the breeze on Tarick's burnished bay,
The silent sea-mews bend them through the spray;
The beauty-freighted barges bound afar
To the soft music of the gay guitar.....
The sentry peal salutes the setting sun,
The haven's hum and busy din are done,
And weary sailors roam along the strand,
Or stretch their brawny limbs upon the sand;
Feast, revel, game, engage in sage dispute,
Unthread the story, sound the tuneful lute;
Or humming some rude air that stirs the heart,
Clue up the sails, or spread them to depart.

The hero of the poem is introduced:

On his high brow and glossy locks of jet,
The cap that decks the noble Greek is set;
Folded his arms across his sable vest,
As if to keep the heart within his breast.
Lone are the thoughts that crowd upon his mind
And vainly strive in speech a vent to find;
They writhe, they chafe, against restraint rebel,
Then powerless shrink within their silent cell.
His bosom pines for what it never knew—
Some soft, fair being to its beating true—
A loveliness round which the soul may cling.....
As fades from earth the last soft smile of Day,
He turns his melancholy steps away,
With eyes bent down, across the Vega strides,
Nor notes the fawn that tamely by him glides,
The violets lifting up their azure eyes,
Like timid virgins when Love's steps surprise;
His heavy heart forebodes some danger near,
And throbs alternately with joy and fear.

Night:

Sleep chains the earth: the bright stars glide on high
Filling with one effulgent smile the sky;
And all is hushed so still, so silent there,
That one might hear an angel wing the air.

Delirium:

At last, I felt me borne as in a dream,
And wafted down some softly-gliding stream,
And heard the creaking cordage over head,
The sailor's merry song and nimble tread;
Then backward sank to mental night again—
Delirium's world of fantasy and pain,
Where hung the fiery moon, and stars of blood
And phantom-ships rolled on the rolling flood.

Knowledge:

My mind by Grief was ripened ere its time,
And knowledge came spontaneous as a chime,
That flows into the soul unbid, unsought;
On earth, and air, and heaven, I fed my thought
On Ocean's teachings—Ætna's lava-tears—
Ruins and wrecks, and nameless sepulchres.

The Holy Land:

O God! it is a melancholy sight
To see that land whence sprung all sacred light;
Delight of men, and most beloved of God;
Where, happy first, our primal parents trod;
Where Hagar mourned, and Judah's minstrel sung,
With the dark pall of desolation hung!
No band of warriors crowd the royal gate,
No suppliant millions in the temples wait,
No prophet-minstrel swells the tide of song,
No mighty seer enchains the breathless throng;
But from the Jordan to the Ægean tide,
From Ganges to Euphrates' fertile side,
From Mecca's plains to lofty Lebanon,
The ashes of departed worlds are strown.
On Carmel's heights, on Pisgah's tops I stood,
And paced Epirus' savage solitude;
Before the sepulchre of Jesus knelt,
And by the Galilean waters dwelt;
Wandered among Assyria's ruins vast,
Feeding my mute thoughts on the silent past—
Pride, splendor, glory, desolation, crime,
And the deep mystery of the birth of Time.

Sleep :

—The oblivious world of Sleep—
That rayless realm where Fancy never beams—
That nothingness beyond the land of dreams.

Indifference :

—There are times when the sick soul
Lies calm amid the storms that round it roll,
Indifferent to Fate, or to what haven
By the terrific tempest it is driven.

Greece :

Shrine of the Gods ! mine own eternal Greece !
When shall thy weeds be doffed, thy mourning cease,
The gyves that bind thy beauty rent in twain,
And thou be living, breathing Greece again ?
Grave of the mighty—hero, poet, sage—
Whose deeds are guiding stars to every age !
Land unsurpassed in glory and despair,
Still in thy desolation thou art fair,
Low in sepulchral dust lies Pallas' shrine—
Low in sepulchral dust thy fanes divine,
And all thy visible self—yet, o'er thy clay,
Soul, beauty, linger, hallowing decay.
Not all the ills that war entailed on thee,
Not all the blood that stained Thermopylæ,
Not all the desolation traitors wrought,
Not all the wo and want invaders brought,
Not all the tears that slavery could bring
From out thy heart of patient suffering,
Not all that drapes thy loveliness in night,
Can quench thy spirit's never-dying light ;
But hovering o'er the dust of gods enshrined,
It beams a beacon to the march of mind—
An oasis to sage and bard forlorn—
A guiding light to centuries unborn.

For thee I mourn ; thy blood is in my veins :
To thee by consanguinity's strong chains
I'm bound, and fain would die to make thee free ;
But oh, there is no liberty for thee !
Not all the wisdom of thy greatest one—
Not all the bravery of Thetis' son—
Not all the weight of mighty Phœbus' ire—
Not all the magic of the Athenian's lyre,
Can ever bid thy tears or mourning cease,
Or rend one gyve that binds thee, lovely Greece !

Zamen and Mynera :

And they were wed : Love chased their tears away,
As mists are driven before the smile of Day,
Gave softer radiance to both earth and sky,
And made each lovelier in the other's eye.
No discord rose to mar their happiness—
Each morning brought to them untasted bliss ;
No pangs, no sorrows came with varying years ;
No cold distrust, no faithlessness, no tears :
But hand in hand, as Eve and Adam trod
Eden, they walked beneath the smile of God.
At morn they wandered through the dewy bowers,
Tended the birds, or trained the garden flowers ;
Or, weary of these health-inspiring arts,
With music and sweet song refreshed their hearts ;
Then all day seated in the colonnade,
Or where the myrtle made a genial shade,
They pored above the tomes of other days—
Cervantes' wit, and Ossian's sounding lays ;

And Dante's dreams, and Petrarch's deathless love ;
All that mad Tasso into numbers wove ;
Shakspeare's deep harp, and Milton's loftier song
From all creations of the minstrel throng,
Statues and busts by Grecian chisels wrought,
They drew the nutriment of Love and Thought.
Then, moved by Genius, Zamen swept his lyre,
And, like a meteor, flashed its latent fire
Upon the world, and thrilled its inmost heart :
All that his soul had gleaned from beauty, art,
Love, ruin, melancholy, anguish, wrong,
Revenge, he wove into harmonious song,
And to his country and to lasting fame
Bequeathed a cherished and a spotless name.

Isabelle, or the Broken Heart, is a passionate story, with many passages of spirited description and narration. In the following passage the heroine—a wandering minstrel girl who has deserted a noble home to follow a false lover—goes to the confessional :

Wan the mournful maiden now
Across the balmy valley flies,
The cold, damp dew upon her brow,
The hot tears trickling from her eyes—
The last that Fate can ever wring
From her young bosom's troubled spring.
Swiftly beneath the myrtle she
Glides onward o'er the moonlit lea ;
By many a mausoleum speeds,
And tomb amidst the tuneful reeds,
Yet falters not—she feels no dread
When in the presence of the dead—
Alas ! what awe have sepulchres
For hearts that have been dead for years—
Dead unto all external things—
Dead unto Hope's sweet offerings,
While with its lofty pinions furled,
The spirit floats in neither world !

She gains at length the holy fane,
Where death and solemn silence reign ;
Hurries along the shadowy aisles,
Up to the altar where blest tapers
Burn dimly, and the Virgin smiles,
Midst rising clouds of incense vapors ;
There kneels by the confession chair,
Where waits the friar with fervent prayer,
To soothe the children of despair.

Her hands are clasped, her eyes upraised,
Meek, beautiful, though coldly glazed,
And her pale cheeks are paling faster ;
From under her simple hat of straw,
Over her neck her tresses flow,
Like threads of jet o'er alabaster—
From which the constant dews of night
Have stolen half their glossy light.

It is difficult to give a just impression of any narrative poem by a selection of specimens. But the character and force of the abilities of Mrs. Lewis will perhaps be better understood from these fragments than from a critical description.

LAMENT OF LA VEGA IN CAPTIVITY.

O patria amada! a ti suspira y llora
Esta en su cárcel alma peregrina,
Llevada errando de uno, en otro instante."

I AM a captive on a hostile shore,
Caged, like the falcon from his native skies,
And doomed by agonizing grief to pour
In futile lamentations, tears, and sighs,
And feed the gaze of fools whom I despise.
Daily they taunt my heart with bitter sneers—
They prate of liberty, deeds great and wise,
And fill the air with patriotic cheers, [ears.
While human shackles clank around their listless

Hark! hear ye not, mid those triumphal cries,
The clanking of the Ethiopian's chains?
His smothered curses from the ricefields rise?
The loud, indignant beating of his veins,
Stirred by the lava hell that in him reigns?
Hear'st him not writhe against the dark decree
That gyves the soul—for it brute-rank maintains?
The impetuous rushings of his heart, when he
Watches the eagle soar into the heavens all free?

My soul, appalled, shrinks from hypocrisy,
And whatsoever bears deceptive name—
Under thy banner—heaven-born Liberty!
The fiends of war, inflated with acclaim,
Revel in crime and virtue put to shame:
They slaughter babes and wives without a cause,
And, holding up their reeking blades, exclaim,
"A victory!"—demolish homes, rights, laws,
And o'er the wreck send up to heaven their proud
hurrahs.

I am a captive while my country bleeds—
For Retribution loudly cries to Heaven,
And for the presence of her warriors pleads,
Till from her far the ruthless foe is driven:
O God, O God! hast thou my country given
To direful fate? Must I lie cooped up here,
While she by desecrating hands is riven?
The sobs of Age, and Beauty's shrieks of fear,
Like funeral knells afar are tolling in my ear!
And thou, ethereal one! my spirit's bride,
My star, my sun, my universe—the beam
That lit my youthful feet mid ways untried—
Within me woke each high ambitious scheme,
And here dost hover o'er me in my dream,
Pressing thy lips to mine until I feel
Our quick hearts ebbing into one soft stream
Of holy love—ah, who will guard thy weal,
And from thy breast avert the dark marauder's steel?

Oh, my distracted country! child of pain
And anarchy!—thee shall I see no more
Till thou art struggling in the tyrant's chain,
Oppressed by insult and by sorrow sore,
And steeping in thy children's sacred gore?
Must thy dim star of glory set for aye?
Must thou become the poet's Mecca?—lore
For antiquaries?—temple of decay?
Wilt thou survive no more, my beautiful Monterey?

Spirit of Cortés—Montezuma—rise!
Let not the foe your cherished land enslave!
Let her not fall a bloody sacrifice!
And thou, eternal Cid! who from the grave

Didst wake to lead to victory the brave! *
Heroes who fell in Roncesvallés vale,
And ye who fought by Darro's golden wave, †
From the Red Vega ‡ drove the Moslem pale,
Hear, in the spirit-land, my country's doleful wail.

UNA.

THERE is but little on this earth
To fill the soul of lofty birth;
At best it much must feel the death
Of genial showers.

It binds Nepenthe to its lips,
And at life's sparking goblet sips,
While in the waters fennel dips
Its bitter flowers.

But Una, round thy heart's blest shrine,
No bitter fennel-blossoms twine:
By odor-breathing flowers divine
It is embalmed.

Sere lies my heart, and sere its world,
Since thou wert from its altars hurled;
My spirit's pinions have been furled,
Dike sails becalmed.

Love on my heart thy form did stamp,
Thy beauty, like a vestal lamp,
Within my soul's cell, dark and damp,
For ever burns.

And unto thee, as to its goal,
Gazes athirst the stranded soul;
As points the magnet to the pole,
My sick heart turns.

THE DEAD.

THE dead, the dead—ah, where are they?
What distant planet do they tread?
What stars illumine their blissful way?
What suns their light around them shed?

Do they look through the mystic veil
That hides them from our mortal eyes,
And catch the mourner's plaintive wail
That o'er their sepulchres doth rise?

Do they the bitter pinings know
Of friends that hold their memory dear—
The many sighs—the tears that flow
Because they dwell no longer here?

Oh, if they do, 'tis meed enough
For all the tears that we must shed:
The chains of wo we can not doff
Till we are numbered with the dead!

* Cid Campeador, after death, was dressed in his war apparel, placed on his richly caparisoned steed, and led forth from the walls of Valencia toward the Moorish camp; at the sight of whom, and the great number of his followers, the Moors, in all sixty thousand, fled toward the sea.—*Southey's Chronicles of the Cid.*

† The Darro is a small stream running through the city of Grenada, and containing in its bed particles of gold.

‡ The plain surrounding Grenada, and the scene of action between the Moors and the Christians.

ANNA CORA MOWATT RITCHIE.

(Born 1820—Died 1870).

ANNA CORA OGDEN, a daughter of Mr. Samuel Gouverneur Ogden, now of the city of New York, was born in Bordeaux during a temporary residence of her parents in France. Her father's family has long been distinguished in the social and commercial history of New York, and her mother was descended from Francis Lewis, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Mr. Ogden had lost the principal portion of a large fortune in Miranda's celebrated expedition into South America, and his residence at Bordeaux was occasioned by mercantile affairs which in a few years secured for him a second time rank among the great merchants and capitalists of his native city.

A melancholy interest was thrown around Mr. Ogden's return, by the loss of two sons, who were swept overboard in a storm during the voyage; but the surviving members of the family settled in his old home, and for several years the education of the daughters occupied and rewarded his best attention. In the château in which they had lived near Bordeaux, they had passed the holydays and domestic anniversaries in masques and private theatricals, and there Anna Cora Ogden gave, in the *abandon* with which she enacted childish characters, the first indications of that histrionic genius for which she is now distinguished. At thirteen she read with delight the plays of Voltaire, and the next year she personated the heroine of *Alzire* on her mother's birthday. She had previously become acquainted with Mr. Mowatt, a young lawyer of good family and flattering prospects, who then became a suitor for her hand, and as her parents, to whom the marriage was not objectionable, demanded its postponement until she should be seventeen years of age, they eloped and were privately married by one of the French clergymen of the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Mowatt resided several years near the city of New York, and in this period she wrote *Pelayo, or the Cavern of Covadonga*, a poetical romance, in six cantos, which was published anonymously by the Harpers

in 1836. Mr. Mowatt's health having declined, they seized the occasion of the marriage of a younger daughter of Mr. Ogden to visit Europe. They resided in Germany and France a year and a half, and in Paris Mrs. Mowatt wrote *Gulzare, the Persian Slave*, a five act play, which was printed in New York soon after their return, in 1841. The interruption of his business caused by this visit to Europe, and the infirm condition of his health, induced Mr. Mowatt to abandon the profession of the law and to embark in trade, and in the period of commercial disasters which followed, he lost nearly all his property. Mr. Ogden had also suffered new misfortunes, and these reverses led Mrs. Mowatt to the first public display of her abilities. The dramatic readings of Mr. Vandenhoff had been eminently successful in the chief cities of the Union, and, confident of her powers, she determined to follow his example. She had already acquired some reputation in literature, which secured for her a favorable reception on her first appearance, of which the results more than justified her sanguine anticipations. Her readings from the poets were repeated to large and applauding audiences in Boston, Providence, and New York. Mr. Mowatt having become a partner in a publishing house, she turned her attention again to literary composition, and produced in quick succession several volumes, among which were *Sketches of Celebrated Persons*, and the *Fortune Hunter*, a Novel. In 1844 she wrote *Evelyn, or the Heart Unmasked, a Tale of Fashionable Life*, which is the last and in some respects the best of her works of this description. It is spirited and witty, but unequal, and was written too hastily and carelessly to be justly regarded as the measure of her talents.

Her next work was *Fashion*, a Comedy, which was successfully acted in the theatres of New York and Philadelphia in the spring of 1845; and in the following autumn she made her brilliant first appearance as an actress, at the Park Theatre. She afterward made two theatrical tours of the principal

cities of the United States, and in the spring of 1847 she brought out in New York her third five act play, *Armand, or the Child of the People*. In November of the same year she sailed with her husband for England, and she has since played in Manchester and London a wide range of characters, in many of which she has won high praises from the most judicious critics.

The poems of Mrs. Mowatt, except *Pelayo*

and her dramatic pieces, are brief and fugitive, and generally wanting in that artistic finish of which she has frequently shown herself to be capable.

Mr. Mowatt dying abroad, Mrs. Mowatt returned to the United States, and after playing in all our principal cities, she took leave of the stage in 1851, on marrying Mr. W. F. Ritchie, the editor of the *Richmond Enquirer*.

THE RAISING OF JAIRUS' DAUGHTER.

WITHIN the darkened chamber sat
A proud but stricken form;
Upon her vigil-wasted cheeks
The grief-wrung tears were warm;
And faster streamed they as she bent
Above the couch of pain,
Where lay a withering flower that wooed
Those fond eyes' freshening rain.

The raven tress on that young brow
Was damp with dews of death;
And glassier grew her upraised eye
With every fluttering breath.
Coldly her slender fingers lay
Within the mourner's grasp;
Lightly they pressed that fostering hand,
And stiffened in its grasp.

Then low the mother bent her knee,
And cried in fervent prayer—
"Hear me, O God! mine own, my child,
Oh, holy Father, spare!
My loved, my last, mine only one—
Tear her not yet away;
Leave this crushed heart its best, sole joy:
Be merciful, I pray!"

A radiance lit the maiden's face,
Though fixed in death her eye;
A smile had met the angel's kiss
That stole her parting sigh!
And round her cold lips still that smile
A holy brightness shed,
As though she joyed her sinless soul
To Him who gave had fled.

The mother clasped the senseless form,
And shrieked in wild despair,
And kissed the icy lips and cheek,
And touched the dewy hair.
"No warmth—no life—my child, my child!
Oh for one parting word,
One murmur of that lutelike voice,
Though but an instant heard!
"She is not dead—she could not die—
So young, so fair, so pure;
Spare me, in pity spare this blow!
All else I can endure.
'Take hope, take peace, this blighted hear-
Strike with thy heaviest rod;
But leave me this, thy sweetest boon,
Give back my child, O God!"

The suppliant ceased; her tears were staved:

Hushed were those wailings loud;
A hallowed peace crept o'er her soul;
Her head to earth was bowed
Low as her knee; for as she knelt,
About her, lo! a flood
Of soft, celestial lustre fell—
A form beside her stood.

And slowly then her awe-struck face
And frightened eyes she raised;
Her heart leaped high: those clouded orbs
Grew brighter as she gazed;
For oh! they rested on a shape
Majestic—yet so mild,
Imperial dignity seemed blent
With sweetness of a child.

It spake not, but that saintlike smile
Was full of mercy's light,
And power and pity from those eyes
Looked forth in gentle might;
Those angel looks, that lofty mien,
Have breathed without a word—
"Trust, and thy faith shall win thee all:
Behold, I am thy Lord!"

He turns, and on that beauteous clay
His godlike glances rest;
Commandingly the pallid brow
His potent fingers pressed:
The frozen current flows anew
Beneath that quickening hand;
The pale lips, softly panting, move;
She breathes at his command!

The spirit in its kindred realm
Has heard its Master's call;
And back returning at that voice,
Resumes its earthly thrall.
And now from 'neath those snowy lids
It shines with meeker light,
As though 't were chastened, purified,
By even that transient flight.

Loud swells the mother's cry of joy:
To Him how passing sweet!
Her child she snatches to her breast,
And sinks at Jesus' feet.
"Glory to thee, Almighty God!
Who spared my heart this blow;
And glory to thine only Son—
My Savior's hand I know!"

MY LIFE.

My life is a fairy's gay dream,
 And thou art the genii, whose wand
 Tints all things around with the beam,
 The bloom of Titania's bright land.
 A wish to my lips never sprung,
 A hope in mine eyes never shone,
 But, ere it was breathed by my tongue,
 To grant it thy footsteps have flown.
 Thy joys, they have ever been mine,
 Thy sorrows, too often thine own ;
 The sun that on me still would shine,
 O'er thee threw its shadows alone.
 Life's garland then let us divide,
 Its roses I'd fain see thee wear,
 For one—but I know thou wilt chide—
 Ah! leave me its thorns, love, to bear!

LOVE.

Thou conqueror's conqueror, mighty Love! to thee
 Their crowns, their laurel's, kings and heroes yield;
 Lo! at thy shrine great Antony bows the knee,
 Disdains his victor wreath, and flies the field!
 From woman's lips Alcides lists thy tone,
 And grasps the inglorious distaff for his sword.
 An eastern sceptre at thy feet is thrown,
 A nation's worshipped idol owns thee lord;
 And well fair Noorjehan his throne became,
 When erst she ruled his empire in thy name.

The sorcerer Jarchas could to age restore
 Youth's faded bloom or chi'dhood's vanished glee;
 Magician Love! canst thou not yet do more?
 Is not the faithful heart kept young by thee?
 But ne'er that traitor-bosom formed to stray,
 Those perjured lips which twice thy vows have
 breathed,
 Can know the raptures of thy magic sway,
 Or find the balsam in thy garland wreathed;
 Fancy or Folly may his breast have moved,
 But he who wanders never truly loved.

TIME.

NAY, rail not at Time, though a tyrant he be,
 And say not he cometh, colossal in might,
 Our beauty to ravish, put Pleasure to flight, [tree ;
 And pluck away friends, e'en as leaves from the
 And say not Love's torch, which like Vesta's should
 burn,
 The cold breath of Time soon to ashes will turn.
 You call Time a robber? Nay, he is not so:
 While Beauty's fair temple he rudely despoils,
 The mind to enrich with its plunder he toils;
 And, sowed in his furrows, doth wisdom not grow?
 The magnet mid stars points the north still to view;
 So Time 'mong our friends e'er discloses the true.
 Tho' cares then should gather, as pleasures flee by,
 Tho' Time from thy features the charm steal away,
 He'll dim too mine eye, lest it see them decay;
 And sorrows we've shared will knit closer love's tie:
 Then I'll laugh at old Time, and at all he can do,
 For he'll rob me in vain, if he leave me but you!

THY WILL BE DONE.

THY will be done! O heavenly King,
 I bow my head to thy decree;
 Albeit my soul not yet may wing
 Its upward flight, great God, to thee!
 Though I must still on earth abide,
 To toil, and groan, and suffer here,
 To seek for peace on sorrow's tide,
 And meet the world's unfeeling jeer.
 When heaven seemed dawning on my view
 And I rejoiced my race was run,
 Thy righteous hand the bliss withdrew;
 And still I say, "Thy will be done!"
 And though the world can never more
 A world of sunshine be to me,
 Though all my fairy dreams are o'er,
 And Care pursues where'er I flee;
 Though friends I loved—the dearest—best,
 Were scattered by the storm away,
 And scarce a hand I warmly pressed
 As fondly presses mine to-day:
 Yet must I live—must live for those
 Who mourn the shadow on my brow,
 Who feel my hand can soothe their woes,
 Whose faithful hearts I gladden now.
 Yes, I will live—live to fulfil
 The noble mission scarce begun,
 And pressed with grief to murmur still,
 All Wise! All Just! "Thy will be done!"

ON A LOCK OF MY MOTHER'S HAIR

WHOSE the eyes thou erst didst shade,
 Down what bosom hast thou rolled,
 O'er what cheek unchidden played,
 Tress of mingled brown and gold!
 Round what brow, say, didst thou twine?
 Angel-mother, it was thine!
 Cold the brow that wore this braid,
 Pale the cheek this bright lock pressed,
 Dim the eyes it loved to shade,
 Still the ever-gentle breast—
 All that bosom's struggles past,
 When it held this ring'et last.

In that happy home above,
 Where all perfect joy hath birth,
 Thou dispensest good and love,
 Mother, as thou didst on earth.
 And though distant seems that sphere,
 Still I feel thee ever near.
 Though my longing eye now views
 Thy angelic mien no more,
 Still thy spirit can infuse
 Good in mine, unknown before.
 Still the voice, from childhood dear,
 Steals upon my raptured ear—
 Chiding every wayward deed,
 Fondly praising every just,
 Whispering soft, when strength I need,
 "Loved one! place in God thy trust!"
 Oh, 'tis more than joy to feel
 Thou art watching o'er my weal!

MARY NOEL MEIGS.

THE father of Miss BLEECKER (now Mrs. MEIGS) was of the Bleecker family so long distinguished in the annals of New York, and among her paternal connexions were Mrs. Anne Eliza Bleecker and Mrs. Fau-geres, whose poems have been commented upon in an earlier part of this volume. Her maternal grandfather was the late Major Wil-liar Popham, the last survivor of the staff

of Washington. In 1834 Miss Bleecker was married to Mr. Pierre E. F. McDonald, who died at the end of ten years. In 1845 she published an octavo volume entitled Poems by M. N. M., and she has since written many poems and prose essays for the magazines, besides several volumes of stories for chil-dren, &c. In the autumn of 1848 she was married to Mr. Henry Meigs, of New York.

JUNE.

LAUGHINGLY thou comest,
 Rosy June,
 With thy light and tripping feet,
 And thy garlands fresh and sweet,
 And thy waters all in tune;
 With thy gift of buds and bells
 For the uplands and the dells,
 With the wild-bird and the bee
 On the blossom or the tree,
 And my heart leaps forth to meet thee,
 With a joyous thrill to greet thee,
 Rosy June;
 And I love the flashing ray
 Of the rivulets at play,
 As they sparkle into day,
 Rosy June!
 Most lovely do I call thee,
 Laughing June!
 For thy skies are bright and blue,
 As a sapphire's brilliant hue,
 And the heats of summer noon,
 Made cooler by thy breath—
 O'er the clover-scented heath,
 Which the scythe must sweep so soon:
 And thou fan'st the fevered cheek
 With thy softest gales of balm,
 Till the pulse so low and weak
 Beateth stronger and more calm.
 Kind physician, thou dost lend
 Like a tried and faithful friend,
 To the suffering and the weary every blessing thou
 canst bring;
 By the sick man's couch of pain,
 Like an angel, once again
 Thou hast shed a gift of healing from the perfume-
 laden wing;
 And the student's listless ear,
 As a dreamy sound and dear,
 Hath caught a pleasant murmur of the insect's busy
 hum,
 Where arching branches meet
 O'er the turf beneath his feet,

And a thousand summer fancies with the melody
 have come;

And he turneth from the page
 Of the prophet or the sage,
 And forgetteth all the wisdom of his books;
 For his heart is roving free
 With the butterfly and bee,
 And chimeth with the music of the brooks,
 Singing still their merry tune
 In the flashing light of noon,
 One chord of thy sweet lyre, laughing June!

I have heart-aches many a one,
 Rosy June!

And I sometimes long to fly
 To a world of love and light,
 Where the flowerets never die,
 Nor the day gives place to night;
 Where the weariness and pain
 Of this mortal life are o'er,
 And we fondly clasp again

All the loved ones gone before:
 And I think, to lay my head
 On some green and sheltered bed,

Where, at dawn or at noon,
 Come the birds with liquid note
 In each tender, warbling throat,
 Or the breeze with mournful tune
 To sigh above my grave—

Would be all that I should crave,
 Rosy June!

But when thou art o'er the earth,
 With thy blue and tranquil skies,
 And thy gushing melodies,
 And thy many tones of mirth—
 When thy flowers perfume the air,
 And thy garlands wreath the bough,
 And thy birthplace even now
 Seems an Eden bright and fair—
 How my spirit shrinks away
 From the darkness of the tomb,
 And I shudder at its gloom
 While so beautiful the day.

Yet I know the skies are bright
 In that land of love and light,

Brighter, fairer than thine own, lovely June!

No shadow dims the ray,
No night obscures the day,

But ever, ever reigneth high eternal noon.

A glimpse th'ou art of heaven,
Lovely June!

Type of a purer clime
Beyond the flight of time,
Where the amaranth flowers are rife
By the placid stream of life,

For ever gently flowing;
Where the beauty of the rose
In that land of soft repose
Nor blight nor fading knows,
In immortal fragrance blowing.

And my prayer is still to see,
In thy bless'd ministry,

A transient gleam of regions that are all divine's
fair;

A foretaste of the bliss
In a holier world than this,

And a place beside the loved ones who are safely
gathered there.

THE SPELLS OF MEMORY.

It was but the note of a summer bird,
But a dream of the past in my heart it stirred,
And wafted me far to a breezy spot,
Where blossomed the blue forget-me-not.
And the broad, green boughs gave a checkered gleam
To the dancing waves of a mountain-stream,
And there, in the heat of a summer day,
Again on the velvet turf I lay,
And saw bright shapes in the floating clouds,
And reared fair domes mid their fleecy shrouds,
As I looked aloft to the azure sky,
And longed for a bird's soft plumes to fly,
Till lost in its depths of purity.

Alas! I have waked from that early dream:
Far, far away is the mountain-stream;
And the dewy turf, where so oft I lay,
And the woodland flowers, they are far away;
And the skies that once were to me so blue,
Now bend above with a darker hue:
And yet I may wander in fancy back
At Memory's call to my childhood's track,
And the fount of thought hath been deeply stirred
By the passing note of a summer bird.

It was but the rush of the autumn wind,
But it left a spell of the past behind,
And I was abroad with my brothers twain
In the tangled paths of the wood again:
Where the leaves were rustling beneath our feet,
And the merry shout of our gleesome mood
Was echoed far in the solitude,
As we caught the prize which a kindly breeze
Sent down in a shower from the chestnut-trees.

Oh! a weary time hath passed away
Since my brothers were out by my side at play;
A weary time, with its weight of care,
And its toil in the city's crowded air,
And its pining wish for the hilltops high;
For the laughing stream and the clear blue sky;

For the shaded dell, and the leafy halls
Of the old green wood where the sunlight falls.

But I see the haunts of my early days—
The old green wood where the sunshine plays,
And the flashing stream in its course of light,
And the hilltops high, and the sky so bright,
And the silent depths of the shaded dell,
Where the twilight shadows at noonday fell:
And the mighty charm which hath conquered these
Is naught, save a rush of the autumn breeze.

It was but a violet's faint perfume,
But it bore me back to a quiet room,
Where a gentle girl in the spring-time gay
Was breathing her fair young life away,
Whose light through the rose-hued curtains fell,
And tinted her cheek like the ocean-shell;
And the southern breeze on its fragrant wings
Stole in with its tale of all lovely things; [hours,
Where Love watched on through the long, long
And Friendship came with its gift of flowers;
And Death drew near with a stealthy tread,
And lightly pillowed in dust her head,
And sealed up gently the lids so fair,
And damped the brow with its clustering hair,
And left the maiden in slumber deep,
To waken no more from that tranquil sleep.

Then we laid the flower her hand had pressed
To wither and die on her gentle breast;
And back to the shade of that quiet room
I go with the violet's faint perfume.

LOVE'S ASPIRATION.

WHAT shall I ask for thee,
Beloved, when at the silent eve or golden morn
I seek the Eternal Throne on bended knee,
And to the God of Love my soul is borne,
Ascending through the angel-guarded air,
On the swift wings of Prayer?

What shall I ask? the bliss
Of earth's poor votaries? pleasures that must fade
As dew from summer blossom? Oh! for this
Thy fresh young spirit, dear one, was not made:
Purer and holier must its blessings be—
I ask not this for thee.....

For thee, fair child, for thee,
In thy fresh, budding girlhood, shall my prayer
Go up unceasing, that the witchery
Of earthly tones alluring may not snare
Thy heart from purer things; but God's own hand
Lead to the better land.

Ever shall Love for thee
Implore Heaven's best and holiest benison,
Its perfect peace—that peace which can not be
The gift of Earth; for this when upward borne
My soul grows earnest, angel-lips of flame
May echo thy sweet name.

Ay, in their world of light
Immortal voices catch a mother's prayer
And while I kneel, some waiting seraph bright
Swift on expanded wing, the boon may bear
And, soft as falling dewdrops, kindly shed
Heaven's peace o'er thy young head.

FRANCES SARGENT OSGOOD.

(Born 1812—Died 1850).

FRANCES SARGENT OSGOOD is of a family of poets. Mrs. Anna Maria Wells, whose abilities are illustrated in another part of this volume, is the daughter of her mother; Mrs. E. D. Harrington, the author of various graceful compositions, is her younger sister and the late Mr. A. A. Locke, a brilliant and elegant writer in prose and verse, for many years connected with the public journals, was her brother. She is a native of Boston, where her father, Mr. Joseph Locke, was a merchant. Her earlier life, however, was passed principally in Hingham, a village of peculiar beauty, well calculated to arouse the dormant poetry of the soul; and here, even in childhood, she became noted for her poetical powers. In their exercise she was rather aided than discouraged by her parents, who were proud of the genius, and sympathized with all the aspirations of their child. The unusual merit of some of her first productions attracted the notice of Mrs. Lydia M. Child, who was then editing a *Juvenile Miscellany*, and who foresaw the reputation which her young contributor has since acquired. Miss Locke, employing the *nom de plume* of "Florence," made it widely familiar by her numerous compositions for the *Miscellany*, as well as, subsequently, for other periodicals.

In 1834 she became acquainted with Mr. S. S. Osgood, the painter—a man of genius in his profession—whose life of various adventure is full of romantic interest; and while, soon after, she was sitting for a portrait, the artist told her his strange vicissitudes by sea and land; how as a sailor-boy he climbed the dizzy main-top in the storm; how in Europe he followed, with his palette, in the track of the flute-playing Goldsmith; and among the

*Antres vast and deserts idle,
Rough quarries, rocks, and hills whose heads touch heaven,*
of South America, had found in pictures of the Crucifixion and of the liberator Bolivar—the rude productions of his untaught pencil—passports to the hearts of the peasant, the robber and the partisan. She listened, like

the fair Venetian: they were married, and soon after went to London, where Mr. Osgood had sometime before been a pupil of the Royal Academy.

During this visit to the Great Metropolis, which lasted four years, Mr. Osgood was successful in his profession—painting portraits of Lord Lyndhurst, the poet Campbell, Mrs. Norton, and many others—which secured for him an enviable reputation; and Mrs. Osgood made herself known by her contributions to the magazines, by a miniature volume entitled *The Casket of Fate*, and by the collection of her poems published by Edward Churton, in 1839, under the title of *A Wreath of Wild Flowers from New England*. She was now twenty-three years of age, and this volume contained all her early compositions which then met the approval of her judgment. Among them are many pieces of grace and beauty, such as belong to joyous and hopeful girlhood, and one, of a more ambitious character, under the name of *Elfrida*—a dramatic poem, founded upon incidents in early English history—in which there are signs of more strength and tenderness, and promise of greater achievements, though it is without the unity and proportion necessary to success in this kind of writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Osgood returned to the United States in 1843, and they have since resided in New York, though occasionally absent, as the pursuit of his profession or ill health has called Mr. Osgood to other parts of the country. Mrs. Osgood has been engaged in various literary occupations; has edited, among other things, *The Poetry of Flowers and Flowers of Poetry*, (New York, 1841,) and *The Floral Offering*, (Philadelphia, 1847,) two richly embellished souvenirs; has published a collection of her poems, (New York, 1846,) and has been one of the most constant and popular contributors to the literary magazines. She has done much in prose; but all her compositions of this class are instinct with the poetical spirit. She is at times forcible and original, and is frequently picturesque; but throughout all

appears the poet, and the affectionate and enthusiastic woman. Of none of our writers has the excellence been more steadily progressive. Every month her powers have seemed to expand and her sympathies to deepen. With an ear delicately susceptible to the harmonies of language, and a light and pleasing fancy, she always wrote musically and often with elegance; but her later

poems are marked by a freedom of style, a tenderness of feeling, and a wisdom of apprehension, and are informed with a grace, so undefinable, but so pervading and attractive, that the consideration to which she is entitled is altogether different in kind, as well as in degree, from that which was awarded to the playful, piquant, and capricious improvisatrice of former years.

A FAREWELL TO A HAPPY DAY.

GOOD-BY, good-by, thou gracious, golden day:
Through luminous tears thou smilest, far away
In the blue heaven, thy sweet farewell to me,
And I, through my tears, gaze and smile with thee.
I see the last faint, glowing amber gleam
Of thy rich pinion, like a lovely dream,
Whose floating glory melts within the sky,
And now thou'rt passed for ever from mine eye!
Were we not friends—best friends—my cherished
Did I not treasure every eloquent ray [day?
Of golden light and love thou gavest me?
And have I not been true—most true to thee?
And thou—thou cam'st like a joyous bird,
Whose sacred wings by heaven's own air were
And lowly sang me all the happy time [stirred,
Dear, soothing stories of that blissful clime!
And more, oh! more than this, there came with thee,
From Heaven, a stranger, rare and bright to me—
A new, sweet joy—a smiling angel guest,
That softly asked a home within my breast.
For talking sadly with my soul alone,
I heard far off and faint a music tone:
It seemed a spirit's call—so soft it stole
On fairy wings into my waiting soul.
I knew it summoned me to something sweet,
And so I followed it with faltering feet—
And found—what I had prayed for with wild tears—
A rest, that soothed the lingering grief of years!
So for that deep, perpetual joy, my day!
And for all lovely things that came to play
In thy glad smile—the pure and pleading flowers
That crowned with their frail bloom thy flying hours:
The sunlit clouds—the pleasant air that played
Its low lute-music mid the leafy shade—
And, dearer far, the tenderness that taught
My soul a new and richer thrill of thought:
For these—for all—bear thou to Heaven for me
The grateful thanks with which I mission thee!
Then should thy sisters, wasted, wronged, upbraided,
Speak thou for me—for thou wert not betrayed!
'T was little, true, I could to thee impart—
I, with my simple, frail, and wayward heart;
But that I strove the diamond sands to light,
In Life's rich hour-glass, with Love's rainbow flight:
And that one generous spirit owed to me
A moment of exulting ecstasy;
And that I won o'er wrong a queenly sway—
For this, thou'lt smile for me in Heaven, my Day!

HAD WE BUT MET.

HAD we but met in life's delicious spring,
Ere wrong and falsehood taught me doubt and fear,
Ere hope came back with worn and wounded wing,
To die upon the heart she could not cheer:
Ere I love's precious pearl had vainly lavished,
Pledging an idol deaf to my despair—
Ere one by one the buds and blooms were ravished
From life's rich garland by the clasp of Care.
Ah, had we then but met! I dare not listen
To the wild whispers of my fancy now!
My full heart beats—my sad, drooped lashes glisten:
I hear the music of thy boyhood's vow!
I see thy dark eyes lustrous with love's meaning,
I feel thy dear hand softly clasp my own;
Thy noble form is fondly o'er me leaning—
It is too much—but ah! the dream has flown:
How had I poured this passionate heart's devotion,
In voiceless rapture on thy manly breast;
How had I hushed each sorrowful emotion,
Lulled by thy love to sweet, untroubled rest!
How had I knelt hour after hour beside thee,
When from thy lips the rare, scholastic lore
Fell on the soul that all but defied thee,
While at each pause, I, childlike, prayed for more
How had I watched the shadow of each feeling
That moved thy soul, glance o'er that radiant face,
"Taming my wild heart" to that dear revealing,
And glorying in thy genius and thy grace:
Then hadst thou loved me with a love abiding,
And I had now been less unworthy thee;
For I was generous, guileless, and confiding—
A frank enthusiast—buoyant, fresh, and free.
But now, my loftiest aspirations perished,
My holiest hopes—a jest for lips profane—
The tenderest yearnings of my soul uncherished—
A soul-worn slave in Custom's iron chain:
Checked by those ties that make my lightest sign,
My faintest blush, at thought of thee, a crime:
How must I still my heart, and school my eye,
And count in vain the slow, dull steps of Time!
Wilt thou come back? Ah! what avails to ask thee,
Since Honor, Faith, forbid thee to return?
Yet to forgetfulness I dare not task thee,
Lest thou too soon that easy lesson learn!
Ah, come not back, love! even through memory's ear
Thy tone's melodious murmur thrills my heart:
Come not with that fond smile, so frank, so dear—
While yet we may, let us for ever part!

TO THE SPIRIT OF POETRY.

LEAVE me not yet! Leave me not cold and lonely,
 Thou dear ideal of my pining heart!
 Thou art the friend—the beautiful—the only,
 Whom I would keep, though all the world depart.
 Thou, that dost veil the frailest flower with glory,
 Spirit of light, and loveliness, and truth!
 Thou that didst tell me a sweet, fairy story,
 Of the dim future, in my wistful youth;
 Thou, who canst weave a halo round the spirit,
 Through which naught mean or evil dare intrude,
 Resume not yet the gift, which I inherit
 From Heaven and thee, that dearest, holiest good!
 Leave me not now! Leave me not cold and lonely,
 Thou starry prophet of my pining heart!
 Thou art the friend—the tenderest—the only,
 With whom, of all, 't would be despair to part.

Thou that cam'st to me in my dreaming childhood,
 Shaping the changeful clouds to pageants rare,
 Peopling the smiling vale and shaded wildwood
 With airy beings, faint yet strangely fair;
 Telling me all the seaborne breeze was saying,
 While it went whispering thro' the willing leaves,
 Bidding me listen to the light rain playing
 Its pleasant tune about the household eaves;
 Tuning the low, sweet ripple of the river,
 Till its melodious murmur seemed a song,
 A tender and sad chant, repeated ever,
 A sweet, impassioned plaint of love and wrong—
 Leave me not yet! Leave me not cold and lonely,
 Thou star of promise o'er my clouded path!
 Leave not the life that borrows from thee only
 All of delight and beauty that it hath.

Thou, that when others knew not how to love me,
 Nor cared to fathom half my yearning soul,
 Didst wreathe thy flowers of light around, above me,
 To woo and win me from my grief's control:
 By all my dreams, the passionate and holy,
 When thou hast sung love's lullaby to me,
 By all the childlike worship, fond and lowly,
 Which I have lavished upon thine and thee;
 By all the lays my simple lute was learning,
 To echo from thy voice, stay with me still!
 Once flown—alas! for thee there's no returning:
 The charm will die o'er valley, wood, and hill.
 Tell me not Time, whose wing my brow has shaded,
 Has wither'd spring's sweet bloom within my heart:
 Ah, no! the rose of love is yet unfaded,
 Though hope and joy, its sister flowers, depart.

Well do I know that I have wronged thine altar
 With the light offerings of an idler's mind,
 And thus, with shame, my pleading prayer I falter,
 Leave me not, spirit! deaf, and dumb, and blind:
 Deaf to the mystic harmony of Nature,
 Blind to the beauty of her stars and flowers;
 Leave me not, heavenly yet human teacher,
 Lonely and lost in this co'd world of ours.
 Heaven knows I need thy music and thy beauty
 Still to beguile me on my weary way,
 To lighten to my soul the cares of duty,
 And bless with radiant dreams the darkened day:
 To enarm my wild heart in the worldly revel,
 Lest I, too, join the aimless, false, and vain;

Let me not lower to the soulless level
 Of those whom now I pity and disdain.
 Leave me not yet—leave me not cold and pining,
 Thou bird of paradise, whose plumes of light,
 Where'er they rested, left a glory shining;
 Fly not to heaven, or let me share thy flight.

REFLECTIONS.

ASK why the holy starlight, or the bl'ush
 Of summer blossoms, or the balm that floats
 From yonder lily like an angel's breath,
 Is lavished on such men! God gives them all
 For some high end; and thus the seeming waste
 Of her rich soul—its starlight purity,
 Its every feeling delicate as a flower,
 Its tender trust, its generous confidence,
 Its wondering disdain of littleness—
 These, by the coarser sense of those around her
 Uncomprehended, may not all be vain:
 But win them—they unwitting of the spell—
 By ties unfelt, to nobler, loftier life.
 And they dare blame her! they whose every thought,
 Look, utterance, act, has more of evil in't,
 Than e'er she dreamed of or could understand;
 And she must blush before them, with a heart
 Whose lightest throb is worth their all of life!
 They boast their charity: oh, idle boast!
 They give the poor, forsooth, food, fuel, shelter;
 Faint, chill'd, and worn, *her soul* implored a pittance,
 Her soul asked alms of theirs and was denied!

It was not much it came a-begging for,
 A simple boon, only a gentle thought,
 A kindly judgment of such deeds of hers
 As passed their understanding, but to her
 Seemed natural as the blooming of a flower:
 For God taught her—but they had learned of men
 Their meagre task of how to mete out love,
 A selfish, sensual love, most unlike hers.
 God taught the tendril where to cling, and she
 Learned the same lovely lesson, with the same
 Unquestioning and pliant trust in Him.

And yet that He should let a lyre of heaven
 Be played on by such hands, with touch so rude,
 Might wake a doubt in less than perfect faith,
 Perfect as mine, in his beneficence.

LENORE.

Oh! fragile and fair, as the delicate chances,
 Wrought with so rare and subtle a skill,
 Bright relics, that tell of the pomp of those palaces,
 Venice—the sea-goddess—glories in still.

Whose exquisite texture, transparent and tender,
 A pure bl'ush alone from the ruby wine takes;
 Yet ah! if some false hand, profaning its splendor,
 Dares but to taint it with poison—it breaks!

So when Love poured through thy pure heart his
 lightning,
 On thy pale cheek the soft rose-hues awoke—
 So when wild Passion, that timid heart frightening,
 Poisoned the treasure—it trembled and broke!

THE COCOA-NUT TREE.

Oh, the green and the graceful—the cocoa-nut tree!
The lone and the lofty—it loves like me
The flash, the foam of the heaving sea,

And the sound of the surging waves
In the shore's unfathomed caves:
With its stately shaft, and its verdant crown,
And its fruit in clusters drooping down—
Some of a soft and tender green,
And some all ripe and brown between,
And flowers, too, blending their lovelier grace
Like a blush through the tresses on Beauty's face.

Oh, the lovely, the free,
The cocoa-nut tree,
Is the tree of all trees for me!

The willow, it waves with a tenderer motion,
The oak and the elm with more majesty rise;
But give me the cocoa, that loves the wild ocean,
And shadows the hut where the island-girl lies.

In the Nicobar islands, each cottage you see,
Is built of the trunk of the cocoa-nut tree,
While its leaves matted thickly, and many times o'er,
Make a thatch for its roof and a mat for its floor;
Its shell's the dark islander's beverage hold—
'T is a goblet as pure as a goblet of gold.

Oh, the cocoa-nut tree,
That blooms by the sea,
Is the tree of all trees for me!

In the Nicobar isles of the cocoa-nut tree,
They build the light shallop—the wild, the free;
They weave of its fibres so firm a sail.
It will weather the rudest southern gale;
They fill it with oil, and with coarse jagree—
With arrack and coir, from the cocoa-nut tree.

The lone, the free,
That dwells in the roar
Of the echoing shore—
Oh, the cocoa-nut tree for me!

Rich is the cocoa-nut's milk and meat,
And its wine, the pure palm-wine, is sweet;
It is like the bright spirits we sometimes meet—

The wine of the cocoa-nut tree:
For they tie up the embryo bud's soft wing,
From which the blossoms and nuts would spring;
And thus forbidden to bless with boom
Its native air, and with soft perfume,
The subtle spirit that struggles there
Distils an essence more rich and rare.
And instead of a blossom and fruitage birth,
The delicate palm-wine oozes forth.

Ah, thus to the child of genius, too,
The rose of beauty is oft denied;
But all the richer, that high heart, through
The torrent of feeling pours its tide,
And purer and fonder, and far more true,
Is that passionate soul in its lonely pride.

Oh, the fresh, the free,
The cocoa-nut tree,
Is the tree of all trees for me!

The glowing sky of the Indian isles,
Lovingly over the cocoa-nut smiles,
And the Indian maiden lies below,
Where its leaves their graceful shadow throw:

She weaves a wreath of the rosy shell;
That gem the beach where the cocoa dwells;
She binds them into her long black hair,
And they blush in the braids like rosebuds there;
Her soft brown arm, and her graceful neck,
With those ocean-blooms she joys to deck.

Oh, wherever you see
The cocoa-nut tree,

There will a picture of beauty be!

A MOTHER'S PRAYER IN ILLNESS.

Yes, take them first, my Father! Let my doves
Fold their white wings in heaven, safe on thy breast,
Ere I am ca'led away: I dare not leave [hearts!
Their young hearts here, their innocent, thoughtless
Ah, how the shadowy train of future ills
Comes sweeping down life's vista as I gaze!

My May! my careless, ardent-tempered May—
My frank and frolic child, in whose blue eyes
Wild joy and passionate wo alternate rise;
Whose cheek the morning in her soul illumines;
Whose little, loving heart a word, a glance,
Can sway to grief or glee; who leaves her play,
And puts up her sweet mouth and dimpled arms
Each moment for a kiss, and softly asks,
With her clear, flutelike voice, "Do you love me?"
Ah, let me stay! ah, let me still be by,
To answer her and meet her warm caress!
For I away, how oft in this rough world
That earnest question will be asked in vain!
How oft that eager, passionate, petted heart,
Will shrink abashed and chilled, to learn at length
The hateful, withering lesson of distrust!
Ah! let her nest'e still upon this breast,
In which each shade that dims her darling face
Is felt and answered, as the lake reflects
The clouds that cross yon smiling heaven! and thou,
My modest Ellen—tender, thoughtful, true;
Thy soul attuned to all sweet harmonies:
My pure, proud, noble Ellen! with thy gifts
Of genius, grace, and loveliness, half hidden
'Neath the soft veil of innate modesty,
How will the world's wild discord reach thy heart
To startle and appal! Thy generous scorn
Of all things base and mean—thy quick, keen taste,
Dainty and delicate—thy instinctive fear
Of those unworthy of a soul so pure,
Thy rare, unchildlike dignity of mien,
All—they will all bring pain to thee, my child!
And oh, if even their grace and goodness meet
Cold looks and careless greetings, how will all
The latent evil yet undisciplined
In their young, timid souls, forgiveness find?
Forgiveness, and forbearance, and soft chidings,
Which I, their mother, learned of Love to give!
Ah, let me stay!—albeit my heart is weary,
Weary and worn, tired of its own sad beat,
That finds no echo in this busy world
Which can not pause to answer—tired alike
Of joy and sorrow, of the day and night:
Ah, take them first, my Father, and then me!
And for their sakes, for their sweet sakes, my Father
Let me find rest beside them, at thy feet!

LITTLE CHILDREN.

"Of such is the kingdom of heaven."

AND yet we check and chide

The airy angels as they float about us,
 With rules of so-called wisdom, till they grow
 The same tame slaves to custom and the world.
 And day by day the fresh frank soul that looked
 Out of those wistful eyes, and smiling played
 With the wild roses of that changing cheek,
 And modulated all those earnest tones,
 And danced in those light foot-falls to a tune
 Heart-heard by them, inaudible to us,
 Folds closer its pure wings, whereon the hues
 They caught in heaven already pale and pine,
 And shrinks amazed and scared back from our gaze.
 And so the evil grows. The graceful flower
 May have its own sweet way in bud and bloom—
 May drink, and dare with upturned gaze the light,
 Or nestle 'neath the guardian leaf, or wave
 Its fragrant bells to every roving breeze,
 Or wreath with blushing grace the fragile spray
 In bashful loveliness. The wild wood-bird
 May plume at will his wings, and soar or sing;
 The mountain brook may wind where'er it would,
 Dash in wild music down the deep ravine,
 Or, ripping drowsily in forest haunts,
 Dream of the floating cloud, the waving flower,
 And murmur to itself sweet lulling words
 In broken tones so like the faltering speech
 Of early childhood: but our human flowers,
 Our soul-birds, caged and jining—they must sing
 And grow, not as their own but our caprice
 Suggests, and so the blossom and the lay
 Are but half bloom and music at the best.
 And if by chance some brave and buoyant soul,
 More bold or less forgetful of the lessons
 God taught them first, disdain the rule—the bar—
 And, wildly beautiful, rebellious rise,
 How the hard world, half startled from itself,
 Frowns the bright wanderer down, or turns away,
 And leaves her lonely in her upward path.
 Thank God! to such his smile is not denied.

A SERMON.

THOU discord in this choral harmony!
 That dost profane the lovehest light and air
 God ever gave: be still, and look, and listen.
 Canst see yon fair cloud floating in the sun,
 And blush not, watching its serener life?
 Canst hear the fragrant grass grow up toward God,
 With low, perpetual chant of praise and prayer,
 Nor grieve that your soul grows the other way?
 Forego that tone, made harsh by a hard heart,
 And hearken, if you're not afraid to hearken,
 Yon robin's careless carol, glad and sweet,
 Mocking the sunshine with his merry trill:
 Suppose you try to chord your voice with his—
 But first, learn love and wisdom of him, lady!
 How dare you bring your inharmonious heart
 To such a scene? How dare you let your voice
 Talk out of tune so with the voice of God
 In earth and sky? The balmy air about you!

Is Heaven's great gift, vouchsafed to you to make
 Vocal with all melodious truths, and you
 Fret it with false words, from a falser soul,
 And poison it with the breath of calumny!
 Learn reverence, bold one, for true Nature's heart,
 If not for that your sister woman bears!
 For Nature's heart, pleading in every wave,
 That wastes its wistful music at your feet.

Take back your cold, inane, and carping mind
 Into the world you came from and belong to—
 The world of common cares and sordid aims:
 These happy haunts can spare you, little one!
 The dew-fed grass will grow as well without you,
 The woodland choirs will scarce require your voice,
 The starlit wave without your smile will glisten,
 The proud patrician trees will miss you not.

Go, waste God's glorious boon of summer hours
 Among your mates, as shallow, in small talk
 Of dress, or weather, or the last elopement!
 Go, mar the canvass with distorted face
 Of dog or cat; or worse, profanely mock,
 With gaudy beads, the pure light-painted flower!
 Go, trim your cap, embroider your visite,
 Crocher a purse, do any petty thing:
 But, in the name of truth, religion, beauty,
 Let Nature's marvellous mystery alone,
 Nor ask such airs, such skies, to waste the wealth
 They keep for nobler beings, upon you!
 Or stay, and learn of every bird and bloom,
 That sends its heart to Heaven in song or sigh,
 The lesson that you need—the law of love!

THE CHILD PLAYING WITH A WATCH.

ART thou playing with Time in thy sweet baby-
 glee?
 Will he pause on his pinions to frolic with thee?
 Oh, show him those shadowless, innocent eyes,
 That smile of bewildered and beaming surprise;
 Let him look on that cheek where thy rich hair
 reposes,
 Where dimples are playing "bopeep" with the roses:
 His wrinkled brow press with light kisses and warm,
 And clasp his rough neck with thy soft wreathing
 arm.
 Perhaps thy bewitching and infantine sweetness
 May win him, for once, to delay in his fleetness—
 To pause, ere he rifle, relentless in fight,
 A blossom so glowing of bloom and of light:
 Then, then would I keep thee, my beautiful child,
 With thy blue eyes unshadowed, thy blush unde-
 filed—
 With thy innocence only to guard thee from ill,
 In life's sunny dawning, a lily-bud still!
 Laugh on, my own Ellen! that voice, which to me
 Gives a warning so solemn, makes music for thee
 And while I at those sounds feel the idler's annoy,
 Thou hear'st but the tick of the pretty gold toy;
 Thou seest but a smile on the brow of the churl—
 May his frown never awe thee, my own baby-girl.
 And oh, may his step, as he wanders with thee,
 Light and soft as thine own little fairy tread be!
 While still in all seasons, in storms and fair weather,
 May Time and my Ellen be playmates together.

LABOR.

PAUSE not to dream of the future before us :
 Pause not to weep the wild cares that come o'er us ;
 Hark, how Creation's deep, musical chorus,
 Unintermitting, goes up into Heaven !
 Never the ocean-wave falters in flowing ;
 Never the little seed stops in its growing ;
 More and more richly the Roseheart keeps glowing,
 'Til from its nourishing stem it is riven.

"Labor is worship!"—the robin is singing :
 "Labor is worship!"—the wild bee is ringing :
 Listen ! that eloquent whisper upspringing
 Speaks to thy soul from out nature's great heart.
 From the dark cloud flows the life-giving shower ;
 From the rough sod blows the soft breathing flower ;
 From the small insect, the rich coral bower ;
 Only man, in the plan, shrinks from his part.

Labor is life !—'T is the still water faileth ;
 Idleness ever despaireth, bewaileth ;
 Keep the watch wound, for the dark rust assaileth !
 Flowers droop and die in the stillness of noon.
 Labor is glory !—the flying cloud lightens ;
 On'y the waving wing changes and brightens ;
 Idle hearts only the dark future frightens : [tune !
 Play the sweet keys, wouldst thou keep them in

Labor is rest—from the sorrows that greet us ;
 Rest from all petty vexations that meet us,
 Rest from sin-promptings that ever entreat us,
 Rest from world-syens that lure us to ill.
 Work—and pure slumbers shall wait on thy pillow ;
 Work—thou shalt ride over Care's coming billow ;
 Lie not down wearied 'neath Wo's weeping willow !
 Work with a stout heart and resolute will !

Labor is health—Lo ! the husbandman reaping,
 How through his veins goes the life-current leaping !
 How his strong arm in its stalwart pride sweeping,
 True as a sunbeam the swift sickle guides.
 Labor is wealth—in the sea the pearl growth ;
 Rich the queen's robe from the frail cocoon floweth ;
 From the fine acorn the strong forest bloweth ;
 Temple and statue the marble block hides.

Droop not tho' shame, sin and anguish are round thee !
 Bravely fling off the cold chain that hath bound thee !
 Look to yon pure heaven smiling beyond thee :
 Rest not content in thy darkness—a clod !
 Work—for some good, be it ever so slowly ;
 Cherish some flower, be it ever so lowly :
 Labor !—all labor is noble and holy :
 Let thy great deeds be thy prayer to thy God.

GARDEN GOSSIP,

ACCOUNTING FOR THE COOLNESS BETWEEN THE
 LILY AND VIOLET.

"I WILL tell you a secret," the honeybee said,
 To a violet drooping her dew-laden head ;
 "The lily's in love ! for she listened last night,
 While her sisters all slept in the holy moonlight,
 To a zephyr that just had been rocking the rose,
 Where, hidden, I hearkened in seeming repose.

"I would not betray her to any but you ;
 But the secret is safe with a spirit so true—
 It will rest in your bosom in silence profound."
 The violet bent her blue eye to the ground :
 A tear and a smile in her loving look lay,
 While the light-wing'd gossip went whirring away.

"I will tell you a secret," the honeybee said,
 And the young lily lifted her beautiful head
 "The violet thinks, with her timid blue eye,
 To pass for a blossom enchantingly shy ;
 But for all her sweet manners, so modest and pure,
 She gossips with every gay bird that sings to her.

"Now let me advise you, sweet flower, as a friend,
 Oh, ne'er to such beings your confidence lend ;
 It grieves me to see one, all guileless like you,
 Thus wronging a spirit so trustful and true :
 But not for the world, love, my secret betray !"
 And the little light gossip went buzzing away.

A blush in the lily's cheek trembled and fled :
 "I'm sorry he told me," she tenderly said ;
 "If I may n't trust the violet, pure as she seems,
 I must fold in my own heart my beautiful dreams."
 Was the mischief well managed ? fair lady is't true ?
 Did the light garden gossip take lessons of you !

TO A FRIEND.

Oh, no ! never deem her less worthy of love,
 That once she has trusted, and trusted in vain !
 Could you turn from the timid and innocent dove,
 If it flew to your breast from a savage's chain !

She, too, is a dove, in her guileless affection,
 A child in confiding and worshipping truth ;
 Half broken in heart, she has flown for protection
 To you : will you chill the sweet promise of youth !

To a being so fragile, affection is life :
 A rosebud, unblest by a smile from above,
 When with bloom and with fragrance its bosom is
 rife—

A bee without sweets—she must perish or love !
 You have heard of those magical circles of flowers,
 Which in places laid waste by the lightning are
 found ;
 Where they say that the fairies have charmed the
 night hours,
 With their luminous footsteps enriching the
 ground.

Believe me—the passion she cherished of yore,
 That brought, like the storm-flash, at once on its
 wing
 Destruction and splendor, like that hurried o'er,
 And left in its track but the wild fairy-ring—

All rife with fair blossoms of fancy, and feeling,
 And hope, that spring forth from the desolate
 gloom,
 And whose breath in rich incense is softly up
 stea'ing,
 To brighten your pathway with beauty and bloom

EURYDICE.

With heart that thrilled to every earnest line,
 I had been reading o'er that antique story,
 Wherein the youth half human, half divine,
 Of a' love-lore the Eidolon and glory,
 Child of the Sun, with Music's pleading spell,
 In Pluto's palace swept, for love, his golden shell!

And in the wild, sweet legend, dimly traced,
 My own heart's history unfo'ed seemed:
 Ah, lost one! by thy lover-minstrel graced
 With homage pure as ever woman dreamed,
 Too fondly worshipped, since such fate befell,
 Was it not sweet to die—because beloved too well?

The scene is round me.—Throned amid the gloom,
 As a flower smiles on Ætna's fatal breast,
 Young Proserpine beside her lord doth bloom;
 And near—of Orpheus' soul, oh, idol best!—
 While low for thee he tunes his lyre of light,
 I see thy meek, fair form dawn through that lurid
 night!

I see the glorious boy—his dark locks wreathing
 Wildly the wan and spiritual brow;
 His sweet, curved lip the soul of music breathing;
 His blue Greek eyes, that speak Love's loyal vow;
 I see him bend on thee that eloquent glance,
 The while those wondrous notes the realm of terror
 trace.

I see his face, with more than mortal beauty
 Kindling, as, armed with that sweet lyre alone,
 Pledged to a holy and heroic duty,
 He stands serene before the awful throne,
 And looks on Hades' horrors with clear eyes,
 Since thou, his own adored Eurydice, art nigh!

Now soft and low a prelude sweet uprings,
 As if a prisoned angel—pleading there
 For life and love—were fettered 'neath the strings,
 And poured his passionate soul upon the air!
 Anon it clangs with wild, exultant swell,
 Till the full pæan peals triumphantly through hell!

And thou, thy pale hands meekly lock'd before thee,
 Thy sad eyes drinking life from his dear gaze—
 Thy lips apart—thy hair a halo o'er thee,
 Trailing around thy throat its golden maze—
 Thus, with all words in passionate silence dying,
 Within thy soul I hear Love's eager voice replying:

“Play on, mine Orpheus! Lo! while these are
 gazing,

Charmed into statues by thy God-taught strain,
 I—I alone, to thy dear face upraising
 My tearful glance, the life of life regain;
 For every tone that steals into my heart
 Doth to its worn, weak pulse a mighty power impart.

Play on, mine Orpheus! while thy music floats
 Through the dread realm, divine with truth and
 grace,
 See, dear one, how the chain of link'd notes
 Has fettered every spirit in its place!
 Even Death, beside me, still and helpless lies;
 And strives in vain to chill my frame with his cold
 eyes.

Still, mine own Orpheus, sweep the golden lyre
 Ah! dost thou mark how gentle Proserpine,
 With clasp'd hands, and eyes whose azure fire
 Gleams through quick tears, thrilled by thy lay
 doth lean

Her graceful head upon her stern lord's breast,
 Like an o'erwearied child, whom music lulls to rest!

Play, my proud minstrel; strike the chords again;
 Lo! victory crowns at last thy heavenly skill:
 For Pluto turns relenting to the strain—
 He waves his hand—he speaks his awful will;
 My glorious Greek, lead on; but ah! still lend
 Thy soul to thy sweet lyre, lest yet thou lose thy
 friend.

Think not of me: think rather of the time,
 When moved by thy resistless melody,
 To the strange magic of a song sublime,
 Thy argo grandly glided to the sea;
 And in the majesty Minerva gave,
 The graceful galley swept with joy the sounding
 wave.

Or see, in Fancy's dream, thy Thracian trees,
 Their proud heads bent submissive to the sound,
 Swayed by a tuneful and enchanted breeze,
 March to slow music o'er th' astonished ground—
 Grove after grove descending from the hills,
 While round thee weave their dance the glad, har-
 monious rills.

Think not of me. Ha! by thy mighty sire,
 My lord, my king, recall the dread behest;
 Turn not—ah! turn not back those eyes of fire.
 Oh, lost, for ever lost—undone—unblest—
 I faint, I die! the serpent's fang once more
 Is here! Nay, grieve not thus: life but not love
 is o'er.

LADY JANE.

Oh! saw ye e'er creature so queenly, so fine,
 As this dainty, aerial darling of mine;
 With a toss of her mane that is glossy as jet,
 With a dance and a prance, and a sportive curvet,
 She is off—she is stepping superbly away,
 Her dark, speaking eyes full of pride and of play.
 Oh! she spurns the dull earth with a graceful disdain,
 My fearless, my peerless, my loved Lady Jane.

Her silken ears lifted when danger is nigh,
 How kindles the night in her resolute eye;
 Now stately she paces, as if to the sound
 Of a proud, martial melody pealing around—
 Now pauses at once, mid a light caracolé,
 To turn on her master a look full of soul—
 Now, fleet as a fairy, she speeds o'er the plain,
 My dashing, my darling, my own Lady Jane.

Give her rein—let her go! like a shaft from the bow,
 Like a bird on the wing she is glancing, I trow,
 Light of heart, lithe of limb, with a spirit a' l fire,
 Yet swayed and subdued to my idlest desire;
 Though daring, yet docile—and sportive, but true,
 Her nature's the noblest that ever I knew:
 Oh! she scorns the dull earth, in her joyous disdain,
 My beauty, my glory, my gay Lady Jane!

IDA'S FAREWELL.

"We part for ever!" Silent be our parting;
 Let not a word its sacred grief profane!
 Heart pressed to heart, with not a tear upstarting—
 An age of anguish in that moment's pain!

"T is just and right. It is our "crown of sorrow;"
 Bravely we'll meet it as becomes our love—
 A love so strong, so pure, it well may borrow
 Bright wings to waft it to the joy above.

We part for ever!—o'er my soul in sadness
 No more the music of thy voice shall glide
 Low with deep feeling, till a passionate gladness
 Thrilled to each tone, and in wild tears replied.

No more thy light caressing touch shall calm me,
 With its dear magic on my lifted brow;
 No more thy pen of fire shall pour to charm me,
 The poet-passion of thy fervent vow!

We part for ever! Proud shall be the story
 Of hearts that hid affection fond as ours—
 The joy that veiled the universe in glori-
 Fades with thy presence from her skies and flowers.

The soul that answered, like the sun-touched lyre,
 To thy dear smile—to every tone of thine,
 Henceforth is hushed, with all its faith—its fire,
 Till thou awaken it in realms divine!

We part for ever! Ah, this world's for ever—
 What is its fleetness unto hearts so strong?
 Here in our worldless agony we sever:
 There we shall meet where love will be no wrong.

"In paradise!" Dost thou e'er dream as I, love,
 Of that sweet life when all the truth—the grace—
 All the soft melodies, in our souls that sigh, love,
 Shall make the light and beauty of the place?

We meet for ever! Tenderly lamenting
 The wild dear weakness of our earthly day,
 Beneath the passionate tears of that repenting,
 What luminous flowers shall spring to bless our
 way!

And for all tuneful tones our love revealing,
 Some bird or rill shall wake in sweet reply;
 And every sigh of pity or of feeling
 Shall call a cloud of rose-light from the sky.

To thy rare, gorgeous fantasies responding,
 Rich palaces, mid wondrous scenes shall rise;
 To thy proud harp's impassioned tones resounding,
 The minstrel wind shall play its wild replies.

Visions of unimagined grace and splendor,
 For ever changing round thy rapturous way, [der,
 Now beauteous sculpture bathed in moonlight ten-
 Now radiant paintings to thy wish shall play.

But I will speak a fair bower into being,
 With tender, timid, wistful words and low,
 And tune my soul—until, with Heaven agreeing,
 It chords with music to which blossoms grow.

And they—the flowers, and I will pray together,
 While thou, for "Love's sweet sake, shalt join the
 prayer,
 Till all sweet influences of balmy weather
 And lovely scenery make us good and fair.

And ever to our purer aspirations,
 A lovelier light and bloom the flowers shall take;
 With rarer grace shall glow our soul's creations,
 With mellower music every echo wake.

"We meet in paradise!" To hallowed duty,
 Here with a loyal and heroic heart,
 Bind we our lives—that so divinest beauty [part
 May bless that heaven, where naught our souls can

TO A DEAR LITTLE TRUANT,
 WHO WOULD'N'T COME HOME.

WHEN are you coming? the flowers have come;
 Bees in the balmy air happily hum;
 In the dim woods where the cool mosses are,
 Gleams the anemone's little, light star;
 Tenderly, timidly, down in the dell,
 Sighs the sweet violet, droops the harebell;
 Soft in the wavy grass lightens the dew;
 Spring keeps her promises: why do not you?

Up in the blue air the clouds are at play—
 You are more graceful and lovely than they;
 Birds in the branches sing all the day long,
 When are you coming to join in their song?
 Fairer than flowers, and fresher than dew!
 Other sweet things are here—why are not you?

Why don't you come? we have welcomed the rose;
 Every light zephyr, as gayly it goes,
 Whispers of other flowers, met on its way:
 Why has it nothing of you, love, to say?
 Why does it tell us of music and dew?
 Rose of the south, we are waiting for you.

Do not delay, darling, mid the dark trees,
 Like a lute murmurs the musical breeze;
 Sometimes the brook, as it trips by the flowers,
 Hushes its warb'e to listen for yours.
 Pure as the rivulet, lovely and true—
 Spring should have waited till she could bring you

THE UNEXPECTED DECLARATION.

"AZURE-EYED Eloise, beauty is thine,
 Passion kneels to thee, and calls thee divine;
 Minstrels awaken the lute with thy name;
 Poets have gladdened the world with thy fame
 Painters, half holy, thy loved image keep,
 Beautiful Eloise, why do you weep?"
 Still bows the lady her light tresses low—
 Fast the warm tears from her veiled eyes flow.

"Sunny-haired Eloise, wealth is thine own;
 Rich is thy silken robe—bright is thy zone;
 Proudly the jewel illumines thy way;
 Clear rubies rival thy ruddy lip's play;
 Diamonds like stardrops thy si ken braids deck;
 Pearls waste their snow on thy lovelier neck;
 Luxury softens thy pillow for sleep;
 Angels watch over it: why do you weep?"
 Bows the fair lady her light tresses low—
 Faster the tears from her veiled eyes flow

"Gifted and worshipped one, genius and grace
 Play in each motion, and beam in thy face:
 When from thy rosy lip rises the song,
 Hearts that adore thee the echo prolong:

Ne'er in the festival shone an eye brighter,
 Ne'er in the mazy dance fell a foot lighter.
 One only spirit thou'st failed to bring down—
 Exquisite Eloise, why do you frown?"
 Swift o'er her forehead a dark shadow stole,
 Sent from the tempest of pride in her soul.

'Touched by thy sweetness, in love with thy grace,
 Charmed by the magic of mind in thy face,
 Bewitched by thy beauty, e'en his haughty strength,
 The strength of the stoic, is conquered, at length:
 Lo! at thy feet—see him kneeling the while—
 Eloise, Eloise, why do you smile?"
 The hand was withdrawn from her happy blue eyes,
 She gazed on her lover with laughing surprise;
 While the dimple and blush, stealing soft to her
 cheek,
 Told the tale that her tongue was too timid to speak.

◆
 STANZAS FOR MUSIC.

BELIEVE me, 'tis no pang of jealous pride
 That brings these tears I know not how to hide;
 I only grieve because—because—I see
 Thou find'st not *all* thy heart demands in me.
 I only grieve that others, who care less
 For thy dear love, thy lightest wish may bless;
 That while to them thou'rt nothing—all to me—
 They may a moment minister to thee!
 Ah! if a fairy's magic might were mine,
 I'd joy to change with each new wish of thine;
 Nothing to all the world beside I'd be,
 And everything thou lovest, in turn to thee!
 Pliant as clouds, that haunt the sun-god still,
 I'd catch each ray of thy prismatic will;
 I'd be a flower—a wild, sweet flower I'd be—
 And sigh my very life away for thee!
 I'd be a gem, and drink light from the sun,
 To glad thee with, if gems thy fancy won;
 Were birds thy joy, I'd light with docile glee
 Upon thy hand, and shut my wings for thee!
 Could a wild wave thy glance of pleasure meet,
 I'd lay my crown of spray-pearls at thy feet;
 Or could a star delight thy heart, I'd be
 The happiest star that ever looked on thee!
 If music lured thy spirit, I would take
 A tune's aerial beauty for thy sake;
 And float into thy soul, so I could see
 How to become *all* melody to thee.
 The weed, that by the garden blossom grows,
 Would, if it could, be glorious as the rose:
 It tries to bloom—its soul to light aspires;
 The love of beauty every fibre fires.
 And I—no luminous cloud floats by above,
 But wins at once my envy and my love—
 So passionately wild this thirst in me,
 To be all beauty and all grace to thee!
 Alas! I am but woman, fond and weak,
 Without even power my proud, pure love to speak;
 But oh! by all I fail in, love not me
 For what I *am*, but what I wish to be!

THE FLOWER LOVE-LETTER.

BLUSHING and smiling! do ye so,
 Delicious flowers, because you know
 To whose dear heart you soon shall go?
 Ah, give my message well and true,
 And *such* a smile shall guerdon you!
 His smile within whose luminous glow,
 As in the sun, you ought to grow!

Rose! tell him—what I dared not tell,
 When last we met—how wild'y well
 I love him—how my glad heart glows,
 Recalling every word he spake,
 (Remember that, thou radiant Rose!)
 In that sweet bower beside the lake.

Be sure you blush and speak full low,
 Else you'll seem over bold I trow;
 Then hide you thus, with winsome grace,
 Behind those leaves—your glowing face;
 But through them send a perfumed sigh,
 That to his very heart shall fly.

And thou, my fragrant Lotos-flower,
 With balmy whisper seek his bower,
 And say, "Zuleika sends in me
 A spirit kiss—a seal—to bind
 Thy favored lips to secrecy;
 Oh, hide the heart she has resigned,
 Nor let the world, with jibe or scorn,
 Cloud her young Love's effulgent morn."

Then, Lily, shrink in silence meek,
 And let my glorious Tulip speak!
 And speak *thou*, bright one, brave and bold,
 Lest my Rose show me over weak;
 With stately grace around thee fold
 Thy royal robe of gleaming gold,
 And tell him I, the Emir's child—
 With frame so slight, and heart so wild,
 Still treasure, 'neath this gemmed cymar,
 Proud honor's gem—a stainless star,
 And pure as Heaven, his soul must be,
 And true as Truth, who'd mate with me.

And if he answer—as he will—
 My faith on *that*—"I seek her still,"
 Then do thou ring, my blue-bell flower,
 Thy joyous peal, and softly say,
 "Oh, wreath with bridal bloom the bower!
 For by to-morrow's earliest ray,
 From tyrant's cage—a bird set free,
 Zuleika flies—and flies to thee!"

But if you mark, in those proud eyes,
 A shade—the least—of scorn arise,
 Or even doubt, the faintest hue—
 Ah, Heaven! you will not!—if you *do*,
 Shrink, wither, perish, in his sight,
 And murmur, ere you perish quite,
 "Tis we—the flower-sylphs—here we dwell,
 Each in her own light painted cell—
 'Tis *we* who made this idle tale!
 At us—at us—oh, false one, rail!
 The Emir's chi'd would rather die,
 Than breathe for thee—one burning sigh;
 She scorns thy suit and bids us say,
 The eaglet holds, *alone*, her way".
 Then wither, perish in his sight,
 And leave me to my starless night!

A WEED.

WHEN from our northern woodspale summer, flying,
Breathes her last fragrant sigh—her low farewell—
While her sad wild flowers' dewy eyes, in dying,
Plead for her stay, in every nook and dell,

A heart, that loved too tenderly and truly,
Will break at last—and in some dim, sweet shade,
They' ll smooth the sod o'er her you prized unduly,
And leave her to the rest for which she prayed.

Ah! trustfully, not mournfully, they' ll leave her,
Assured that deep repose is welcomed well;
The pure, glad breeze can whisper naught to grieve
her,

The brook's low voice no wrongful tale can tell.
They' ll hide her where no false one's footprint, steal-
ing,

Can mar the chastened meekness of her sleep;
Only to Love and Grief her grave revealing,
And they will hush their chiding then—to weep!

And some—for though too oft she erred, too blindly,
She was beloved, how fondly and how well!—
Some few, with faltering feet, will linger kindly,
And plant dear flowers within that silent dell.

I know whose fragile hand will bring the bloom
Best loved by both—the violet—to that bower;
And one will bid white lilies bless the gloom;
And one, perchance, will plant the passion-flower!

Then do thou come, when all the rest have parted—
Thou, who alone dost know her soul's deep gloom,
And wreath above the lost, the broken-hearted,
Some idle weed—that knew not how to bloom.

TO SLEEP.

COME to me, angel of the weary hearted,
Since they my loved ones, breathed upon by thee,
Unto thy realms unreal have departed,
I, too, may rest—even I: ah! haste to me.

I dare not bid thy darker, colder brother
With his more welcome offering appear,
For those sweet lips, at morn, will murmur, 'Mother,'
And who shall soothe them if I be not near.

Bring me no dream, dear Sleep, though visions
glowing

With hues of heaven thy wand enchanted shows;
I ask no glorious boon of thy bestowing,
Save that most true, most beautiful—repose.

I have no heart to rove in realms of Faëry—
To follow Fancy at her elfin call:
I am too wretched—too soul-worn and weary;
Give me but rest, for rest to me is all.

Paint not the future to my fainting spirit,
Though it were starred with glory like the skies;
There is no gift immortals may inherit,
That could rekindle hope in these cold eyes.

And for the Past—the fearful Past—ah! never
Be Memory's downcast gaze unveiled by thee:
Would thou couldst bring oblivion for ever
Of all that is, that has been, and will be!

SILENT LOVE.

AH! let our love be still a folded flower,
A pure, moss rosebud, b'ushing to be seen,
Hoarding its balm and beauty for that hour
When souls may meet without the clay between!

Let not a breath of passion dare to blow
Its tender, timid, clinging leaves apart;
Let not the sunbeam, with too ardent glow,
Profane the dewy freshness at its heart!

Ah! keep it folded like a sacred thing— [nurse;
With tears and smiles its bloom and fragrance
Still let the modest veil around it cling,
Nor with rude touch its pleading sweetness curse.

Be thou content, as I, to know, not see,
The glowing life, the treasured wealth within—
To feel our spirit flower still fresh and free,
And guard its blush, its smile, from shame and sin!

Ah, keep it holy! once the veil withdrawn—
Once the rose blooms—its balmy soul will fly,
As fled of old in sadness, yet in scorn,
Th' awakened god from Psyche's daring eye.

BEAUTY'S PRAYER.

ROUND great Jove his lightnings shone,
Rolled the universe before him,
Stars, for gems, lit up his throne,
Clouds, for banners, floated o'er him.

With her tresses all untied,
Touched with gleams of golden glory,
Beauty came, and blushed, and sighed,
While she told her piteous story.

"Hear! oh, Jupiter! thy child:
Right my wrong, if thou dost love me!
Beast and bird, and savage wild,
All are placed in power above me.

"Each his weapon thou hast given,
Each the strength and skill to wield it:
Why bestow—Supreme in heaven!
Bloom on me with naught to shield it?"

"Even the rose—the wild-wood rose,
Fair and frail as I, thy daughter,
Safely yields to soft repose,
With her lifeguard thorns about her."

As she spake in music wild,
Tears within her blue eyes glistened,
Yet her rad lip dimpling smiled,
For the god benignly listened.

"Child of Heaven!" he kindly said,
"Try the weapons Nature gave thee;
And if danger near thee tread,
Proudly trust to them to save thee.

"Lance and talon, thorn and spear:
Thou art armed with triple power,
In that blush, and smile, and tear!
Fearless go, my fragile flower.

"Yet dost thou, with all thy charms,
Still for something more beseech me?
Skill to use thy magic arms!
Ask of Love—and Love will teach thee!"

DREAM-MUSIC, OR THE SPIRIT-FLUTE.

THERE, pearl of beauty! lightly press,
 With yielding form, the yielding sand;
 And while you sift the rosy shells
 Within your dear and dainty hand,
 Or toss them to the heedless waves,
 That reck not how your treasures shine,
 As oft you waste on careless hearts
 Your fancies, touched with light divine—
 I'll sing a lay, more wild than gay—
 The story of a magic flute:
 And as I sing, the waves shall play
 An ordered tune, the song to suit.
 In silence flowed our grand old Rhine—
 For on his breast a picture burned,
 The loveliest of all scenes that shine,
 Where'er his glorious course has turned.
 That radiant morn the peasants saw
 A wondrous vision rise in light,
 They gazed, with blended joy and awe—
 A castle crowned the beetling height.
 Far up amid the amber mist,
 That softly wreathes each mountain-spire,
 The sky its clustered columns kissed,
 And touched their snow with golden fire:
 The vapor parts—against the skies,
 In delicate tracery on the blue,
 Those graceful turrets lightly rise,
 As if to music there they grew!
 And issuing from its portal fair,
 A youth descends the dizzy steeps;
 The sunrise gilds his waving hair,
 From rock to rock he lightly leaps:
 He comes—the radiant angel boy!
 He moves with more than human grace;
 His eyes are filled with earnest joy,
 And heaven is in his beauteous face.
 And whether bred the stars among,
 Or in that luminous palace born,
 Around his airy footsteps hung
 The light of an immortal morn.
 From steep to steep he fearless springs,
 And now he glides the throng amid,
 So light, as if still played the wings
 That 'neath his tunic sure are hid.
 A fairy flute is in his hand—
 He parts his bright, disordered hair,
 And smiles upon the wondering band—
 A strange, sweet smile, with tranquil air.
 Anon, his blue, celestial eyes
 He bent upon a youthful maid,
 Whose looks met his in still surprise,
 The while a low, glad tune he played.
 Her heart beat wildly—in her face
 The lovely rose-light went and came;
 She clasped her hands with timid grace,
 In mute appeal, in joy and shame.
 Then slow he turned—more wildly breathed
 The pleading flute, and by the sound

Through all the throng her steps she wreathed,
 As if a chain were o'er her wound.
 All mute and still the group remained,
 And watched the chain, with lips apart,
 While in those linkéd notes enchained,
 The girl was led, with listening heart.
 The youth ascends the rocks again,
 And in his steps the maiden stole,
 While softer, holier grew the strain,
 Till rapture thrilled her yearning soul!
 And fainter fell that fairy tune;
 Its low, melodious cadence wound,
 Most like a rippling rill at noon,
 Through delicate lights and shades of sound:
 And with the music, gliding slow,
 Far up the steep their garments gleam;
 Now through the palace-gate they go,
 And now—it vanished like a dream!
 Still frowns above thy waves, oh Rhine!
 The mountain's wild terrific height,
 But where has fled the work divine
 That lent its brow a halo light?
 Ah! springing arch and pillar pale
 Had melted in the azure air;
 And she—the darling of the dale—
 She too had gone—but how, and where?.....
 Long years rolled by, and lo! one morn,
 Again o'er regal Rhine it came—
 That picture from the dream-land borne,
 That palace built of frost and flame.
 Beho'd! within its portal gleams
 A heavenly shape—oh, rapturous sight!
 For lovely as the light of dreams
 She glides adown the mountain height!
 She comes—the loved, the long-lost maid!
 And in her hand the charm'd flute;
 But ere its mystic tune was played,
 She spake—the peasants listened mute:
 She told how in that instrument
 Was chained a world of wingéd dreams;
 And how the notes that from it went
 Revealed them as with lightning gleams—
 And how its music's magic braid
 O'er the unwary heart it threw,
 Till he or she whose dream it played
 Was forced to follow where it drew.
 She to'd how on that marvellous day
 Within its changing tune she heard
 A forest fountain's plaintive play,
 A silver trill from far-off bird—
 And how the sweet tones, in her heart,
 Had changed to promises as sweet,
 That if she dared with them depart,
 Each lovely hope its heaven should meet.
 And then she played a joyous lay,
 And to her side a fair child springs,
 And wildly cries, "Oh, where are they,
 Those singing birds, with diamond wings?"
 Anon a loftier strain is heard—
 A princely youth beholds his dream,

And, by the thrilling cadence stirred,
 Would follow where its wonders gleam.
 Still played the maid—and from the throng,
 Receding slow, the music drew
 A choice and lovely band along—
 The brave, the beautiful, the true !
 The sordid, worldly, cold, remained,
 To watch that radiant troop ascend—
 To hear the fading fairy strain—
 To see with heaven the vision blend !
 And ne'er again, o'er glorious Rhine,
 That sculptured dream rose calm and mute ;
 Ah, would that now once more 't would shine,
 And I could play the fairy flute !
 I'd play, Marie, the dream I see,
 Deep in those changeful eyes of thine,
 And thou perforce shouldst follow me
 Up—up where life is all divine !

◆
 TO MY PEN.

Dost know, my little vagrant pen,
 That wanderest lightly down the paper,
 Without a thought how critic men
 May carp at every careless caper ?
 Dost know, twice twenty thousand eyes,
 If publishers report them truly,
 Each month may mark the sportive lies
 That track, oh shame ! thy steps unruly ?
 Now list to me, my fairy pen,
 And con the lessons gravely over ;
 Be never wild or false again,
 But "mind your Ps and Qs," you rover !
 While tripping gayly to and fro.
 Let not a thought escape you lightly,
 But challenge all before they go,
 And see them fairly robbed and rightly.
 You know that words but dress the frame,
 And thought's the soul of verse, my fairy !
 So drape not spirits dull and tame
 In gorgeous robes or garments airy.
 I would not have my pen pursue
 The "beaten track"—a slave for ever ;
 No ! roam as thou wert wont to do,
 In author-land, by rock and river.
 Be like the sunbeam's burning wing,
 Be like the wand in Cinderella—
 And if you touch a common thing,
 Ah, change to gold the pumpkin yellow !
 May grace come fluttering round your steps,
 Whene'er, my bird, you light on paper,
 And music murmur at your lips,
 And truth restrain each truant caper.
 Let hope paint pictures in your way,
 And love his seraph-lesson teach you ;
 And rather calm with reason stray,
 Than dance with folly—I beseech you !
 In Faith's pure fountain lave your wing,
 And quaff from feeling's glowing chalice

But touch not falsehood's fatal spring,
 And shun the poisoned weeds of malice.
 Firm be the web you lightly spin,
 From leaf to leaf, though frail in seeming,
 While Fancy's fairy dew-gems win
 The sunbeam Truth to keep them gleaming.
 And shrink not thou when tyrant wrong
 O'er humble suffering dares deride thee :
 With lightning step and clarion song,
 Go ! take the field, with Heaven beside thee.
 Be tuned to tenderest music when
 Of sin and shame thou'rt sadly singing ;
 But diamond be thy point, my pen,
 When folly's bells are round thee ringing !
 And so, where'er you stay your flight,
 To plume your wing or dance your measure,
 May gems and flowers your pathway light,
 For those who track your tread, my treasure !
 But what is this ? you've tripped about,
 While I the mentor grave was playing ;
 And here you've written bold'y out
 The very words that I was saying !
 And here, as usual, on you've flown
 From right to left—flown fast and faster,
 Till even while you wrote it down,
 You've missed the task you ought to master.

◆
 NEW ENGLAND'S MOUNTAIN CHILD.

WHERE foams the fall—a tameless storm—
 Through Nature's wild and rich arcade,
 Which forest trees, entwining, form,
 There trips the mountain maid.
 She binds not her luxuriant hair
 With dazzling gem or costly plume,
 But gayly wreathes a rosebud there,
 To match her maiden bloom.
 She clasps no golden zone of pride
 Her fair and simple robe around ;
 By flowing riband, lightly tied,
 Its graceful folds are bound.
 And thus attired—a sportive thing,
 Pure, loving, guileless, bright, and wild—
 Proud Fashion ! match me in your ring,
 New England's mountain child !
 She scorns to sell her rich, warm heart
 For paltry gold or haughty rank,
 But gives her love, untaught by art,
 Confiding, free, and frank.
 And, once bestowed, no fortune change
 That high and generous faith can alter ;
 Through grief and pain, too pure to range,
 She will not fly or falter.
 Her foot will bound as light and free
 In lowly hut as palace hall ;
 Her sunny smile as warm will be,
 For love to her is all.
 Hast seen where in our woodland gloom ;
 The rich magnolia proudly smiled ?—
 So brightly doth she bud and bloom,
 New England's mountain child !

"ASHES OF ROSES."

I PRAYED that God would take my child—
 I could not bear to see
 The look of suffering, strange and wild,
 With which she gazed on me:
 I prayed that God would take her back,
 But ah! I did not know
 What agony at last 't would be
 To let my darling go.

She faded—faded in my arms,
 And with a faint, slow sigh,
 Her fair young spirit went away.
 Ah God! I felt her die!
 But oh! so lightly to her form
 Death's kindly angel came,
 It only seemed a zephyr passed
 And quenched—a taper's flame;
 A little flower might so have died—
 So tranquilly she closed
 Her lovely mouth; and on my breast
 Her helpless head reposed.

Where'er I go, I hear her low
 And plaintive murmur ring;
 I feel her little fairy clasp
 Around my finger cling,
 For oh! it seemed the darling dreamed,
 That while she clung to me,
 Safe from all harm of Death or pain
 She could not help but be,
 That I, who watched in helpless grief,
 My flower fade away,
 That I—ah, Heaven!—had life and strength
 To keep her from decay!

She clung there to the very last—
 I knew that all was o'er,
 Only because that dear, dear hand,
 Could press mine own no more.
 Oh God! give back, give back my child!
 But one, one hour, that I
 May tell her all my passionate love
 Before I let her die!
 Call not the prayer an impious one,
 For THOU didst fill my soul
 With this fond, yearning tenderness,
 That nothing can control!
 But say instead, "Beside thy bed
 Thy child's sweet spirit glides,
 For pitying Love has heard the prayer
 Which heavenly wisdom chides!"

I know, I know that she is blest:
 But oh! I pine to see
 Once more the pretty, pleading smile
 She used to give to me;
 I pine to hear that low, sweet *trill*
 With which, where'er I came,
 Her little, soft voice welcomed me,
 Half welcome and half blame!

I know her little heart is glad—
 Some gentle angel guides
 My loved one on her joyous way,
 Where'er in heaven she glides,

Some angel far more wisely kind
 Than ever I could be,
 With all my blind, wild mother-love,
 My Fanny, tends on thee;
 And every sweet want of thy heart
 Her care benign fulfils,
 And every whispered wish for me,
 With lulling love she stills.

Upborne by its own purity,
 Thy light form floats away,
 And heaven's fair children round it throng,
 And woo thee to their play,
 Where flowers of wondrous beauty rise,
 And birds of splendor rare,
 And balm and bloom and melody
 Divinely fill the air.

I hush my heart, I hide my tears,
 Lest he my grief should guess
 Who watched thee, darling, day and night,
 With patient tenderness;
 'T would grieve his generous soul to see
 This anguish, wild and vain,
 And he would deem it sin in me
 To wish thee back again;
 But oh! when I am all alone,
 I can not calm my grief,
 I think of all thy touching ways
 And find a sweet relief:
 Thy dark blue, wishful eyes look up
 Once more into my own,
 Thy faint soft smile one moment plays—
 One moment thrills thy tone:
 The next—the vision vanishes,
 And all is still and cold;
 I see thy little, tender form—
 Oh misery! in the mould!
 I shut my eyes, and pitying Heaven
 A happier vision gives,
 Thy spirit-dawns upon my dream—
 I know my treasure lives.

No, no, I must not wish thee back,
 But might I go to thee!
 Were there no other loved ones here
 Who need my love and me;
 I am so weary of the world—
 Its falsehood and its strife—
 So weary of the wrong and ruth
 That mar our human life!
 Where thou art, Fanny, all is love
 And peace and pure delight;
 The soul that here must hide its face,
 There lives serene in right;
 And ever, in its lovely path,
 Some new, great truth divine,
 Like a clear star that dawns in heaven,
 Undyingly doth shine.

My child, while joy and wisdom go
 Through that calm sphere with thee,
 Oh, wilt thou not sometimes look back,
 My pining heart to see?
 For now a strange fear chills my soul—
 A feeling like despair,
 Lest thou *forget* me mid those scenes—
 Thou dost not *need* me there!

Ah, no: the spirit-love, that looked
 From those dear eyes of thine,
 Was not of earth—it could not die!
 It still responds to mine!
 And it may be—(how thrills the hope
 Through all my soul again!)—
 That I may tend my child in heaven,
 Since here my watch was vain!

◆
 "YES! LOWER TO THE LEVEL."

YES! "lower to the level"
 Of those who laud thee now;
 Go, join the joyous revel,
 And pledge the heartless vow;
 Go, dim the soulborn beauty
 That lights that lofty brow;
 Fill, fill the bowl: let burning wine
 Drown, in thy soul, Love's dream divine.

Yet when the laugh is lightest,
 When wildest goes the jest,
 When gleams the goblet brightest,
 And proudest heaves thy breast,
 And thou art madly pledging
 Each gay and jovial guest—
 A ghost shall glide amid the flowers—
 The shade of Love's departed hours.

And thou shalt shrink in sadness
 From all the splendor there,
 And curse the reve's gladness,
 And hate the banquet's glare,
 And pine, mid Passion's madness,
 For true Love's purer air,
 And feel thou 'dst give their wildest glee
 For one unsullied sigh from me!

Yet deem not this my prayer, love:
 Ah! no; if I could keep
 Thy altered heart from care, love,
 And charm its grief to sleep,
 Mine only should despair, love,
 I—I alone would weep!
 I—I alone would mourn the flowers
 That fade in Love's deserted bowers!

◆
 THE SOUL'S LAMENT FOR HOME.

As 'plains the homesick ocean-shell
 Far from its own remembered sea,
 Repeating, like a fairy spell
 Of love, the charméd melody
 It learned within that whispering wave,
 Whose wondrous and mysterious tone
 Still wildly haunts its winding cave
 Of pearl, with softest music-moan—
 So asks my homesick soul below,
 For something loved, yet undefined;
 So mourns to mingle with the flow
 Of music, from the Eternal Mind;
 So murmurs, with its childlike sigh,
 The melody it learned above,
 To which no echo may reply,
 Save from thy voice, Celestial Love!

BIANCA.

A WHISPER woke the air,
 A soft, light tone, and low,
 Yet barbed with shame and wo.
 Ah! might it only perish there,
 Nor farther go!
 But no! a quick and eager ear
 Caught up the little, meaning sound—
 Another voice has breathed it clear—
 And so it wandered round
 From ear to lip, from lip to ear,
 Until it reached a gentle heart
 That throbbed from all the world apart,
 And that—it broke!

It was the only heart it found—
 The only heart 't was meant to find,
 When first its accents woke.
 It reached that gentle heart at last,
 And that—it broke!

Low as it seemed to other ears,
 It came a thunder-crash to hers—
 That fragile girl, so fair and gay.
 'Tis said, a lovely humming-bird,
 That dreaming in a lily lay,
 Was killed but by the gun's report
 Some idle boy had fired in sport;
 So exquisitely frail its frame,
 The very sound a death-blow came:
 And thus her heart, unused to shame,
 Shrined in its lily, too—
 (For who the maid that knew,
 But owned the delicate, flower-like grace
 Of her young form and face?)
 Her light and happy heart, that beat
 With love and hope so fast and sweet,
 When first that cruel word it heard,
 It fluttered like a frightened bird—
 Then shut its wings and sighed,
 And with a silent shudder died!

◆
 MUSIC.

THE Father spake! In grand reverberations
 Through space rolled on the mighty music-tide,
 While to its low, majestic modulations,
 The clouds of chaos slowly swept aside.
 The Father spake—a dream, that had been lying
 Hushed from eternity in silence there,
 Heard the pure melody and low replying,
 Grew to that music in the wondering air—
 Grew to that music—slowly, grandly waking,
 Till bathed in beauty—it became a world!
 Led by his voice, its spheric pathway taking,
 While glorious clouds their wings around it furled.
 Nor yet has ceased that sound—his love revealing
 Though, in response, a universe moves by!
 Throughout eternity, its echo pealing—
 World after world awakes in glad reply!
 And wheresoever, in his rich creation,
 Sweet music breathes—in wave, or bird, or soul—
 'Tis but the faint and far reverberation
 Of that great tune to which the planets roll!

"SHE LOVES HIM YET."

SHE loves him yet !
 I know by the blush that rises
 Beneath the curls
 That shadow her soul-lit cheek :
 She loves him yet !
 Through all Love's sweet disguises
 In timid girls,
 A blush will be sure to speak.
 But deeper signs
 Than the radiant blush of beauty,
 The maiden finds,
 Whenever his name is heard
 Her young heart thrills,
 Forgetting herself—her duty ;
 Her dark eye fills,
 And her pulse with hope is stirred.
 She loves him yet !
 The flower the false one gave her,
 When last he came,
 Is still with her wild tears wet.
 She'll ne'er forget,
 Howe'er his faith may waver,
 Through grief and shame,
 Believe it—she loves him yet !
 His favorite songs
 She will sing—she heeds no other :
 With all her wrongs
 Her life on his love is set.
 Oh, doubt no more !
 She never can wed another :
 Till life be o'er,
 She loves—she will love him yet !

NO!

If the dew have fed the flower,
 Shall she therefore, from that hour,
 Live on nothing else but dew ?
 Ask no more, from dawn of day—
 Never heed the sunny ray,
 Though it come, a glittering fay,
 To her bower ?
 Though upon her soul it play,
 Must she coldly turn away,
 And refuse the life it brings,
 Burning in its golden wings—
 Meekly lingering in the night,
 To herself untrue ?
 Though the humming-bird have stole,
 Floating on his plumes of glory,
 Softly to her glowing soul,
 Telling his impassioned story—
 If the soaring lark she capture,
 In diviner love and rapture,
 Pouring music wild and clear,
 Round her till she thrills to hear—
 Shall she shut her spirit's ear ?
 Shall the lesson wasted be,
 Of that heavenly harmony ?
 No ! by all the inner bloom,
 That the sunbeam may illumine,

But that else the stealing chill
 Of the early dawn might kill :
 No ! by all the leaves of beauty,
 Leaves that, in their vestal duty,
 Guard the shrined and rosy light
 Hidden in her "heart of heart,"
 Till that music bids them part :
 No ! by all the perfume rare,
 Delicate as a fairy's sigh,
 Shut within and wasting there,
 That would else enchant the air—
 Incense that must soar or die !
 That divine, pure soul of flowers,
 Captive held, that pines to fly,
 Asking for unfading bowers,
 Learning from the bird and ray
 All the lore they bring away
 From the skies in love and play,
 Where they linger every morn,
 Till to this sad world of ours
 Day in golden pomp is borne—
 By that soul, which else might glow
 An immortal flower : No !

SONG.

SHOULD all who throng, with gift and song,
 And for my favor bend the knee,
 Forsake the shrine they deem divine,
 I would not stoop my soul to thee !
 The lips, that breathe the burning vow,
 By falsehood base unstained must be ;
 The heart, to which mine own shall bow,
 Must worship Honor more than me.
 The monarch of a world wert thou,
 And I a slave on bended knee,
 Though tyrant chains my form might bow,
 My soul should never stoop to thee !
 Until its hour shall come, my heart
 I will possess, serene and free ;
 Though snared to ruin by thine art,
 'T would sooner break than bend to thee !

"BOIS TON SANG, BEAUMANOIR."

FIERCE raged the combat—the foemen pressed nigh,
 When from young Beaumanoir rose the wild cry,
 Beaumanoir, mid them all, bravest and first—
 "Give me to drink, for I perish of thirst !"
 Hark ! at his side, in the deep tones of ire,
 "Bois ton sang, Beaumanoir !" shouted his sire.
 Deep had it pierced him—the foemen's swift sword,
 Deeper his soul felt the wound of that word :
 Back to the battle, with forehead all flushed,
 Stung to wild fury, the noble youth rushed !
 Scorn in his dark eyes—his spirit on fire—
 Deeds were his answer that day to his sire.
 Still where triumphant the young hero came,
 Glory's bright garland encircled his name :
 But in her bower, to beauty a slave,
 Dearer the guerdon his lady-love gave,
 While on his shield, that no shame had defaced,
 "Bois ton sang, Beaumanoir !" proud'y she traced.

CAPRICE.

REPROVE me not that still I change
 With every changing hour,
 For glorious Nature gives me leave
 In wave, and cloud, and flower.
 And you and all the world would do—
 If a! but dared—the same;
 True to myself—if false to you,
 Why should I reckon your blame.
 Then cease your carping, cousin mine,
 Your vain reproaches cease;
 I revel in my right divine—
 I glory in caprice!
 Yon soft, light cloud, at morning hour,
 Looked dark and full of tears:
 At noon it seemed a rosy flower—
 Now, gorgeous gold appears.
 So yield I to the deepening light
 That dawns around my way:
 Because you linger with the night,
 Shall I my noon delay?
 No! cease your carping, cousin mine—
 Your cold reproaches cease;
 The chariot of the cloud be mine—
 Take thou the reins, Caprice!
 'Tis true you played on Feeling's lyre
 A pleasant tune or two,
 And oft beneath your minstrel fire
 The hours in music flew;
 But when a hand more skilled to sweep
 The harp, its soul allures,
 Shall I in such silence sleep
 Because not touched by yours?
 Oh, there are rapturous tones in mine
 That mutely pray release;
 They wait the master-hand divine—
 So tune the chords, Caprice!
 Go—strive the sea-wave to control;
 Or, wouldst thou keep me thine,
 Be thou all being to my soul,
 And fill each want divine:
 Play every string in Love's sweet lyre—
 Set all its music flowing;
 Be air, and dew, and light, and fire,
 To keep the soul-flower growing:
 Be less—thou art no love of mine,
 So leave my love in peace;
 'Tis helpless woman's right divine—
 Her only right—caprice!
 And I will mount her opal car,
 And draw the rainbow reins,
 And gayly go from star to star,
 Till not a ray remains;
 And we will find all fairy flowers
 That are to mortals given,
 And wreath the radiant, changing hours,
 With those "sweet hints" of heaven.
 Her humming-birds are harness! there—
 Oh! leave their wings in peace;
 Like "flying gems" they glance in air—
 We'll chase the light, Caprice!

SONG.

I LOVED an ideal—I sought it in thee;
 I found it unreal as stars in the sea.
 And shall I, disdaining an instinct divine—
 By falsehood profaning that pure hope of mine—
 Shall I stoop from my vision so lofty, so true—
 From the light all Elysian that round me it threw?
 Oh! guilt unforgiven, if false I could be
 To myself and to Heaven, while constant to thee
 Ah no! though all lonely on earth be my lot,
 I'll brave it, if only that trust fail me not—
 The trust that, in keeping all pure from control
 The love that lies sleeping and dreams in my soul,
 It may wake in some better and holier sphere,
 Unbound by the fetter Fate hung on it here.

ASPIRATIONS.

I WASTE no more in idle dreams
 My life, my soul away;
 I wake to know my better self—
 I wake to watch and pray.
 Thought, feeling, time, on idols vain,
 I've lavished all too long:
 Henceforth to holier purposes
 I pledge myself, my song!
 Oh! still within the inner veil,
 Upon the spirit's shrine,
 Still unprofaned by evil, burns
 The one pure spark divine,
 Which God has kindled in us all,
 And be it mine to tend
 Henceforth, with vestal thought and care,
 The light that lamp may lend.
 I shut mine eyes in grief and shame
 Upon the dreary past—
 My heart, my soul poured recklessly
 On dreams that could not last:
 My bark was drifted down the stream,
 At will of wind or wave—
 An idle, light, and fragile thing,
 That few had cared to save.
 Henceforth the tiller Truth shall hold,
 And steer as Conscience tells,
 And I will brave the storms of Fate,
 Though wild the ocean swells.
 I know my soul is strong and high,
 If once I give it sway;
 I feel a glorious power within,
 Though light I seem and gay.
 Oh, laggard Soul! unclosethine eyes—
 No more in luxury soft
 Of joy ideal waste thyself:
 Awake, and soar aloft!
 Unfurl this hour those falcon wings
 Which thou dost fold too long;
 Raise to the skies thy lightning gaze,
 And sing thy loftiest song!

LUCY HOOPER.

(Born 1816—Died 1841).

THERE have been in our literary history few more interesting characters than *LUCY HOOPER*. She died at an early age, but not until her acquaintances had seen developed in her a nature that was all truth and gentleness, nor until the world had recognised in her writings the signs of a rare and delicate genius, that wrought in modesty, but in repose, in the garden of the affections and in the light of religion.

She was born in Newburyport, in Massachusetts, on the fourth of February, 1816, and was the daughter of Mr. Joseph Hooper, a respectable merchant, who saw with anxious pride the unfolding of her abilities, and attended sedulously and judiciously to their cultivation. After his death, and when Miss Hooper was in her fifteenth year, the surviving members of the family removed to Brooklyn, on Long Island; and in this city she passed the remainder of her life. Her health, from childhood, was precarious, and it is possible that the ever-fatal disease of which she died had already affected her physical energies, while it quickened her intellectual faculties and made them accessories to her decay. Her mind was delicately susceptible of impressions of beauty, and she delighted most in nature, particularly in flowers, the study and cultivation of which were among her dearest pleasures.

Her first poems that were published appeared in *The Long Island Star*, a Brooklyn journal, under the signature of her initials. Her youth would have protected her compositions from criticism, but they needed no such protection. Beyond the limited circle of her acquaintances, no one knew the meaning of "L. H.;" but these letters were soon as familiar through all the country as the names of favorite poets. For several years she was a contributor to *The New-Yorker*, the editor of which, Mr. Greeley—one of the first justly to appreciate her merits—became an intimate personal as well as literary friend.

In midsummer, 1839, Miss Hooper revisited her native village, and upon leaving it, the last time, she wrote the following lines,

which have a biographical interest, though they are scarcely equal to the average of her productions in literary merit:

LINES WRITTEN AFTER VISITING NEWBURYPORT,
AUGUST 23, 1839.

SWEETS were the airs of home, when first their breath
Came to the wanderer, as her gladdened eye
Met the rich verdure of her native hills,
And the clear, glancing waters brought again
A thousand dreams of childhood to the heart
That had so pined amid the city's hum
For the glad breath of home, the waving trees,
And the fair flowers that in the olden time
Blew freshly mid the rocky cliffs.

All these
Had seemed but Fancy's picture, and the hues
Of Memory's pencil, fainter day by day,
Gave back the tracery; in the crowded mart
There were no green paths where the buds of home
Might blow unchecked, and a forgotten thing
Were Spring's first violets to the wanderer's heart,
Till once again amid those welcome haunts
The faded lines grew vivid, and the flowers—
The fresh, pure flowers of youth, brought back again
The bloom of early thoughts.

Oh! brightly glanced
Thy waters, river of my heart, and dreams
Sweeter than childhood cometh came anew
With my first sight of thee, bright memories linked
With thy familiar music, sparkling tide!
The rocks and hills all smiled a welcome back,
And Memory's pencil hath a fadeless green
For that one hour by thee.

Oh, gentle home!
Comes with thy name fair visions, kindly tones,
Warm greetings from the heart, and eyes whose light
Hath smiled upon my dreams.

Yet golden links
Were strangely parted, music tones had past,
And ties unloosed, that unto many a heart
Were bound with life; the musing child no more
Might watch the glancing of the distant sails,
And dream of one whose glad returning step
Made ever the fair sunshine of her home;
The sister's heart might no more thrill to meet
One voice, that in the silence of the grave
Is hushed for ever, and whose eye's soft light
Come with its starry radiance, when her soul
Pines in the silent hour, and there waves
O'er the last resting place of one whose name
Is music to the ear of love, the green
And pensive willow, bending low its head
As it would weep the loss of that fair flower
Which, far removed from her own native clime,
Drooped in a land of strangers.

Home, sweet home
There are sad memories with thee; earth hath not

A place where change ne'er cometh, and where death
Doth cast no shadow! yet the moonlight lieth
Softly in all thy still and shaded streets,
And the deep stars of midnight purely shine,
Bringing a thought of that far world where Love
Bindeth again his lost and treasured gems,
And in whose "many mansions" there may be
A home where change ne'er cometh, and where death
May leave no trace upon the pure in heart,
Who bend before their Father's throne in heaven!

In 1840, Miss Hooper published an *Essay on Domestic Happiness*, and a volume entitled *Scenes from Real Life*; and in these, as well as in other prose writings, are shown the sensibility and natural grace which are the charm of her poetry. It was about the same time that she wrote *The Last Hours of a Young Poetess*, a poem which has sometimes been referred to as an illustration of her own history.

The excellent Dr. John W. Francis, of whom with a slight variation we may use the language of Coleridge respecting Sir Humphrey Davy, that had he not become one of the first physicians he would have been among the most eminent literary men of his age, is admirably fitted, as well by his intimate observation of the influence of mental action upon health, as by his general professional skill and genial sympathies, to watch over and protect so fragile and delicate a being, happily attended Miss Hooper in her illness; and in a letter which, soon after her death, he addressed to Mr. Keese, the editor of her works, we have an interesting account of the close of her life:

"For a period of many years," he says, "the cultivation of her mind was little interrupted; and though her corporeal suffering was often an obstacle to continuous effort, she sustained with unabated ardor her studies in the ancient and modern languages, in polite literature, in botany, and in several of the other branches of natural science. Doubtless the extent of her reading and her acquisitions in varied knowledge contributed to cherish in her family the delusive expectation that her constitution was destined for a longer career of active exertion than fell to her lot. Mental effort may in some instances protract the duration of those energies which at length it consumes. But the hopes cherished by her too ardent friends never for a moment deceived herself. For the last four months of her existence, her physical powers were yielding to the combined influence

of disease and intellectual action; and after a few days of aggravated suffering, painful evidences were manifest of the fatality which was impending. Her disorder was pulmonary consumption; and the insidious peculiarities of that treacherous malady were conspicuous in her case in an eminent degree. Within three days of her dissolution she was occupied, with intervals of serious reflection, in her literary labors, and conversed freely on her projected plan of a series of moral tales, her book on flowers, and other works. Her life and habits of thought had long prepared her for the final event: severe examination and inquiry contributed to strengthen the consolation of religion. In her death, which was without pain and without a struggle, she bequeathed to her friends triumphant evidences of that hope which animates the expiring Christian."

She died in Brooklyn, on the first of August, 1841. I happened at this time to be in Boston, and a few days after, Mr. Whittier, who was one of her intimate friends, sent me from his place in Amesbury the following beautiful and touching tribute to her memory, which I had published in one of the papers of that city:

"ON THE DEATH OF LUCY HOOPER.

"They tell me, Lucy, thou art dead—
That all of thee we loved and cherished
Has with thy summer roses perished;
And left, as its young beauty fled,
An ashen memory in its stead!—
Cold twilight of a parted day.
That true and loving heart—that gift
Of a mind earnest, clear, profound,
Bestowing, with a glad unthrift,
Its sunny light on all around,
Affinities which only could
Cleave to the beautiful and good—
And sympathies which found no rest
Save with the loveliest and the best—
Of them, of thee, remains there naught
But sorrow in the mourner's breast—
A shadow in the land of Thought?
"No! Even my weak and trembling faith
Can lift for thee the veil which doubt
And human fear have drawn about
The all-awaiting scene of death.
Even as thou wast I see thee still;
And, save the absence of all ill,
And pain, and weariness, which here
Summoned the sigh or wrung the tear,
The same as when two summers back,
Beside our childhood's Merrimack,
I saw thy dark eye wander o'er
Stream, sunny upland, rocky shore,
And heard thy low, soft voice alone
Midst lapse of waters, and the tom-

Of sere leaves by the west-wind blown.
 There's not a charm of soul or brow,
 Of all we knew and loved in thee,
 But lives in holier beauty now,
 Baptized in immortality!

Not mine the sad and freezing dream
 Of souls that with their earthly mould
 Cast off the loves and joys of old—
 Unbodied—like a pale moonbeam,
 As pure, as passionless, and cold;

Nor mine the hope of Indra's son;
 Of slumbering in oblivion's rest,
 Life's myriads blending into one,
 In blank annihilation blest;
 Dust-atoms of the infinite—
 Sparks scattered from the central light,
 And winning back, through mortal pain,
 Their old unconsciousness again!—
 No! I have friends in spirit-land,
 Not shadows in a shadowy land,
 Not others, but themselves, are they.
 And still I think of them the same
 As when the Master's summons came;
 Their change, the holy morn-light breaking
 Upon the dream-worn sleeper, waking—
 A change from twilight into day!

They've laid thee midst the household graves,
 Where father, brother, sister, lie;
 Below thee sweep the dark blue waves,
 Above thee bends the summer sky;
 Thy own loved church in sadness read
 Her solemn ritual o'er thy head,
 And blessed and hallowed with her prayer
 The turf laid lightly o'er thee there:
 That church, whose rites and liturgy,
 Sublime and o'd, were truth to thee,
 Undoubted, to thy bosom taken
 As symbols of a faith unshaken.
 Even I, of simpler views, could feel
 The beauty of thy trust and zeal;
 And, owning not thy creed, could see
 How lifelike it must seem to thee,
 And how thy fervent heart had thrown
 O'er all a coloring of its own,
 And kindled up intense and warm
 A life in every rite and form;
 As, when on Chebar's banks of old
 The Hebrew's gorgeous vision rolled,
 A spirit filled the vast machine—
 A life 'within the wheels' was seen!

"Farewell!—a little time, and we
 Who knew thee well, and loved thee here,
 One after one shall follow thee,
 As pilgrims through the gate of Fear
 Which opens on Eternity.
 Yet we shall cherish not the less
 All that is left our hearts meanwhile;
 The memory of thy loveliness
 Shall round our weary pathway smile,
 Like moonlight, when the sun has set,
 A sweet and tender radiance yet.
 Thoughts of thy clear-eyed sense of duty,
 Thy generous scorn of all things wrong;
 The truth, the strength, the graceful beauty,
 Which blended in thy song;

All lovely things by thee beloved
 Shall whisper to our hearts of thee:
 These green hills where thy childhood roved;
 Yon river winding to the sea;
 The sunset light of Autumn eves
 Reflecting on the deep, still floods;
 Cloud, crimson sky, and trembling leaves
 Of rainbow-tinted woods—
 These in our view shall henceforth take
 A tenderer meaning for thy sake,
 And all thou lovedst of earth and sky
 Seem sacred to thy memory."

The general regret at her death was shown in many such feeling tributes. Another is quoted here, not so much for its own beauty, as for the opinions it embodies of one of our most accomplished critics respecting her genius and character:

ON THE DEATH OF MISS LUCY HOOPER.
 BY H. T. TUCKERMAN.

"And thou art gone! sweet daughter of the lyre,
 Whose strains we hoped to hear thee waken long;
 Gone—as the stars in morning's light expire,
 Gone like the rapture of a passing song;
 Gone from a circle who thy gifts have cherished,
 With genial fondness and devoted care,
 Whose dearest hopes with thee have sadly perished,
 And now can find no solace but in prayer;
 Prayer to be like thee, in so meekly bearing
 Both joy and sorrow from thy Maker's hand;
 Prayer to put on the white robes thou art wearing,
 And join thy anthem in the better land."

Miss Hooper's life was singularly industrious, considering the feebleness of her constitution. She seemed to be sensible that her abilities were a trust which imposed responsibilities, and she never suffered time to pass unimproved. Some of her last days were devoted to the preparation of a work entitled *The Poetry of Flowers*, which was published soon after her death. She had in anticipation also another work in prose similar to her *Scenes from Domestic Life*, and her inclination had led her to undertake a long poem, upon some historical subject. It is to be regretted that death prevented this project from being realized.

In 1842 Mr. John Keese collected and arranged the *Literary Remains of Miss Hooper*, which he published with a graceful and affectionate memoir of her life and genius. No one knew her more intimately, and there are few whose appreciation of personal character and poetical merit would have enabled them so well to perform this mournfully pleasing duty. In the present year (1848) a new and considerably enlarged edition of her *Poetical Works* has appeared from the press of Mr. D. Fanshaw.

THE SUMMONS OF DEATH.*

A voice is on mine ear—a solemn voice
 I come, I come, it calls me to my rest;
 Faint not my yearning heart, rejoice, rejoice,
 Soon shalt thou reach the gardens of the blest:
 On the bright waters there, the living streams,
 Soon shalt thou launch in peace thy weary bark,
 Waked by rude waves no more from gentle dreams,
 Sadly to feel that earth to thee is dark—
 Not bright as once; oh vain, vain memories, cease,
 I cast your burden down—I strive for peace.

A voice is on mine ear—a welcome tone:
 I hear its summons in a stranger land,
 It calls me hence, to die amid mine own,
 Where first my forehead, by the wild breeze fanned,
 Lost the fair tracery of youth, and hope
 A deeper signet, in my manhood's prime—
 To lay me down with those who wake no more,
 It calls me—those I loved, their couch be mine:
 I hear sweet voices from my childhood's home,
 And from my father's grave—I come, I come!

Blest be the warning sound: my mother's eyes
 Dwell on my memory yet, her parting tears,
 And from the grave where my young sister lies,
 Who perished in the glory of her years,
 I hear a gentle call, "Return, return!"
 So be it: let me greet the village spires
 Once more. I come—'tis wilding youth may spurn,
 When far, the burial-places of his sires;
 But oh, when strength is gone, and hope is past,
 There turns the wearied man his thoughts at last.

So do we change! I hear a warning tone—
 Yea, I, whose thoughts were all of bypast times,
 Of ancient glories, and from visions lone,
 I come to list once more the sabbath chimes
 Of my own home—to feel the gentle air
 Steal o'er my brow again—to greet the sun
 In the old places where he shone so fair,
 The while each wandering brook in music ran,
 Answering to Youth's sweet thoughts, but all are
 I come, my home, I come to join thy dead! [fled—

I heed the warning voice: oh, spurn me not,
 My early friends; let the bruised heart go free:
 Mine were high fancies, but a wayward lot
 Hath made my youthful dreams in sadness flee;
 Then chide not, I would linger yet awhile,
 Thinking o'er wasted hours, a weary train,
 Cheered by the moon's soft light, the sun's glad smile,
 Watching the blue sky o'er my path of pain,
 Waiting my summons: whose shall be the eye
 To glance unkindly—I have come to die!

Sweet words—to die! oh pleasant, pleasant sounds,
 What bright revealings to my heart they bring;

* And should they ask the cause of my return, I will tell them that a man may go far and tarry long away, if his health be good and his hopes high, but that when flesh and spirit begin to fail, he remembers his birthplace and the old burial ground, and hears a voice calling him to come home to his father and mother. They will know by my wasted frame and feeble step, that I have heard the summons and obeyed; and, the first greetings over, they will let me walk among them unnoticed, and linger in the sunshine while I may, and steal into my grave in peace.—*Journal of a Solitary Man.*

What melody, unheard in earth's dull rounds,
 And floating from the land of glorious Spring—
 The eternal home! my weary thoughts revive,
 Fresh flowers my mind puts forth, and buds of love,
 Gentle and kindly, thoughts for all that live,
 Fanned by soft breezes from the world above:
 And passing not, I hasten to my rest—
 Again, oh gentle summons, thou art blest!

"TIME, FAITH, ENERGY."*

HIGH words and hopeful!—fold them to thy heart.
 Time, Faith, and Energy, are gifts sublime;
 If thy lone bark the threatening waves surround
 Make them of all thy silent thoughts a part.
 When thou wouldst cast thy pilgrim staff away,
 Breathe to thy soul their high, mysterious sound,
 And faint not in the noontide of thy day:
 Wait thou for Time!

Wait thou for Time: the slow-unfolding flower
 Chides man's impatient haste with long delay;
 The harvest ripening in the autumnal sun;
 The golden fruit of Suffering's weighty power
 Within the soul—like soft bells' silvery chime
 Repeat the tones, if fame may not be won,
 Or if the heart where thou shouldst find a shrine,
 Breathe forth no blessing on thy lonely way—

Wait thou for Time: it hath a sorcerer's power
 To dim life's mockeries that gayly shine,
 To lift the veil of seeming from the real,
 Bring to thy soul a rich or fearful dower,
 Write golden tracery on the sands of life,
 And raise the drooping heart from scenes ideal
 To a high purpose in the world of strife:
 Wait thou for Time!

Yea, wait for Time, but to thy heart take Faith,
 Soft beacon-light upon a stormy sea;
 A mantle for the pure in heart, to pass
 Through a dim world, untouched by living death,
 A cheerful watcher through the spirit's night,
 Soothing the grief from which she may not flee—
 A herald of glad news—a seraph bright,
 Pointing to sheltering havens yet to be.

Yea, Faith and Time—and thou that through the
 Of the lone night hast nerved the feeble hand, [hour
 Kindled the weary heart with sudden fire,
 Gifted the drooping soul with living power,
 Immortal Energy! shalt thou not be
 While the old tales our wayward thoughts inspire,
 Linked with each vision of high destiny,
 Till on the fadeless borders of that land

Where all is known we find our certain way,
 And lose ye, mid its pure, effulgent light?
 Kind ministers, who cheered us in our gloom,
 Seraphs who lightened griefs with guiding ray,
 Whispering through tears of cloudless glory dawn—
 Say, in the gardens of eternal bloom [ing—
 Will not our hearts, when breaks the cloudless
 morning,

Joy that ye led us through the drooping night!

* Suggested by a passage in Bulwer's *Night and Morning*.

LAST HOURS OF A YOUNG POETESS.

"Alas! our young affections run to waste
 Or water but the desert, whence arise
 But weeds of dark luxuriance, tares of haste,
 Rank at the core, but tempting to the eyes,
 Flowers whose wild odors breathe but agonies,
 And trees whose gums are poison: such the fruits
 Which spring beneath her steps, as Passion flies
 O'er the wild wilderness, and vainly pants
 For some celestial fruit, forbidden to our wants!"—*Egmont*.

Throw up the window! that the earnest eyes
 Of the young devotee at Nature's shrine
 May catch a last glimpse of this breathing world
 From which she is removing.

Men will say
 This is an early death, and they will write
 The record of her few and changeful years
 With wonder on the marble, and then turn
 Away with thoughtful brows from the green sod,
 Yet pass to daily business, for the griefs
 That press on busy spirits may not turn
 Their steps aside from the worn paths of life,
 Or bear upon the memory when the quick
 And selfish course of daily care sweeps by.
 Yet, when they speak of that lost one, 't will be
 With tones of passionate marvel, for they watched
 Her bright career as they would watch a star
 Of dazzling brilliancy, and mourn to see
 Its glory quenched, and wonder while ye mourned
 How the thick pall of darkness could be thrown
 O'er such a radiant thing.

Is this the end
 Of all thy glorious visions, young Estelle?
 Hath thy last hours drawn on, and wilt thy life
 Pass by as quickly as the perfumed breath
 Of some fair flower upon the zephyr's wings?
 And will they lay thee in the quiet grave,
 And never know how fervently thy heart
 Panted for its repose? Oh! let the peace
 Of this sweet hour be hers; let her gaze forth
 Now on the face of Nature for the last,
 While the bright sunbeam trembles in the air
 Of the meek-coming twilight: it will soothe
 Her spirit as a spell, and waken up
 Impassioned thoughts, and kindle burning dreams,
 And call back glorious visions.

Marvel not
 To see her color pass, and view the tears
 Fast gathering to her eyes, and see her bend
 In very weakness at the fearful shrine
 Of Memory, when the glory of the past
 Is gone for ever. Gaze not on her now
 Her spirit is a delicate instrument,
 Nor can ye know its measure. How unlike
 That wearied one to the bright, gifted girl,
 Who knelt a worshipper at the deep shrine
 Of Poetry, and, mid the fairest things,
 Pined for lone solitude—to read the clouds
 With none to watch her, and dream pleasant things
 Of after-life, and see in every flower
 The mysteries of Nature, and behold
 In every star the herald and the sign
 Of immortality, till she almost shrank
 To feel the secret and expanding might
 Of her own mind! and thus amid the flowers
 Of a glad home grew beautiful. Away
 With praises upon Time! with hollow tones

That tell the blessedness of after-years!
 They take the fragrance from the soul; they rob
 Life of its gloss, its poetry, its charm,
 Till the heart sickens, and the mental wing
 Droops wearily: and thus it was with her,
 The gifted and the lovely. Oh, how much
 The world will envy those whose hearts are filled
 With secret or unchanging grief, if fame
 Or outward splendor gilds them! Who among
 The throngs that sung thy praises, young Estelle,
 Or crowned thy brow with laurels, ever recked
 That, wearier of thy chaplet than the slave
 May be with daily toil, thy hand would cast
 The laurel by with loathing, but the pride
 Of woman's heart withheld thee!

Oh, how praise
 Falls on the sorrowing mind; how cold the voice
 Of Flattery, when the spirit is bowed down
 Before its mockery, and the heart is sick;
 Praise for the gift of genius—for the grace
 Of outward form—when the soul pines to hear
 One kindly tone and true! What bitter jest
 It maketh of the enthusiast, to whom
 One star alone can shine, one voice be heard
 In tones of blessedness, to know that crowds
 Of earth's light-hearted ones are treasuring up
 Against their day of sorrow the deep words
 Of wretchedness and misery which burst
 From an o'erburdened spirit, and that minds
 Which may not rise to heaven on the wings
 Of an inspired fancy, yet can list
 With raptured ear to the ethereal dreams
 Of a high-soaring genius. For this end
 Didst thou seek fame, Estelle;—and hast thou
 The atmosphere of poetry, till life [breathed
 With its dull toil grew wearisome and lone!.....

Her brow grew quickly pale, and murmured words
 That not in life dwelt on that gentle lip,
 Are spoken in the recklessness of death.
 They tell of early dreams—of cherished hopes
 That faded into bitterness ere Fame
 Became the spirit's idol, of lost tones
 Of music, and of well-remembered words
 That thrill the spirit yet. Again it comes,
 That half-reproachful voice that she hath spent
 Her life at Passion's shrine, and patient there
 Hath sacrificed, and offered incense to
 An absent idol—that she might not see,
 Even in death—and then again the strength
 Of a high soul sustains her, and she joys,
 Yea, triumphs in her fame, that *he* may hear
 Her name with honor, when the dark shades fall
 Around her, and she sleeps in still repose:
 If some faint tone should reach him at the last
 Of her devotedness, he will not spurn
 The memory from him, but his soul may thrill
 To think of her, the fervent-hearted girl,
 Who turned from flattering tones, and idly cast
 The treasures of her spirit on the winds,
 And found no answering voice!

Then prayed for death,
 Since life's sweet spells had vanished, and her hopes
 Had melted in thin air: and laying down
 Her head upon her pillow, sought her rest,
 And thought to meet him in the land of dreams!

THE TURQUOISE RING.*

THE turquoise ring! 'twas a gift of power,
 Guarding her heart in that weary hour,
 As a magic spell, as a gem of light,
 As a pure, pure star amidst clouds of night,
 Bringing back to the pale, pale cheek its bloom,
 Strengthening the heart in that hour of doom;
 There was hope, there was trust with its living hue,
 The gem was bright, and the lover true,
 As a sign to her heart, as a sign to her eye,
 The one bright gleam of a troubled sky.
 The turquoise ring! oh, the olden time
 Hath many a magic tale and sign,
 Bright gifts of treasure on land and on sea,
 But naught for the heart or the memory;
 For what might the fairy lamp of old
 Yield to its owner but gems and gold?
 And to her who sat in that lonely hall
 The turquoise ring was worth them all;
 For the heart hath a dearer wealth than lies
 In the earth's wide halls and argosies;
 And its hopes are more precious than stores of gold
 When richest and rarest by miser told,
 For what had been gems that brightly shone,
 To her who sat in her grief alone?

Oh, the turquoise ring had a spell of power!
 This was a gift for the weary hour,
 Linking the future to all the past,
 Breathing of moments too bright to last,
 Till they came in the light of their bliss,
 To soothe, to gladden an hour like this.
 Oh! Love hath wings, they have said who knew,
 And that Love hath wings is a story true,
 But there lingers a bloom on his early hours,
 When his wings are folded mid opening flowers,
 When the streams are bright, and the sky is fair,
 And the hearts too happy that trust him there;
 There lingers a bloom, and there rests a glow,
 A charm that the earth not again may know!
 And when from that resting-place he flies,
 Oh! linked with a thousand memories,
 Each bud and each leaf by our fond tears wet,
 May breathe of his sweetness and beauty yet!
 So with the past, and its holy love—
 So with its hopes, that soared above—
 With the visions that came to her nightly rest,
 Was the turquoise ring to her finger pressed:
 Oh! beautiful to her its light,
 Cou'd she forget that pleasant night
 When first her finger's slender round
 Was with the golden circlet bound,
 And blushed she not to see it shine,
 But at the low tone, "Love, be mine!"

Since then, since then, unchanged its hue,
 Her hope, her trust, alike were true;
 But pale at times that cheek so bright,
 And dimmed those eyes of living light,
 For dreams were hers of pain and dread,

* In Miss Martineau's novel of *Deerbrook*, the heroine is made to preserve with great care a turquoise ring, which her lover had given her in the early days of their attachment, and during a long period of doubt and estrangement, to believe that while its hues continued undimmed, his faith remained to her unbroken. So poetic and fervent a belief met with its appropriate reward: the turquoise ring remained bright, and the lover returned.

Yet still the ring its lustre shed;
 They met and parted, as of yore
 Fond hearts have met, and chilled before,
 And coldness, sadness, fear, had been
 Like cloud upon the sunny scene.

Yet woman's love will always strive,
 And woman's faith through all things live,
 And beautiful the maiden's truth,
 And beautiful her trusting youth;
 Through all, through all, the turquoise ring
 A hope, a dream, a joy could bring;
 And still, if clear and bright its hue,
 Her faith was firm, her lover true!

Oh, gift of power! it brought at last
 A bright, bright future for the past!
 Oh, gift of power! that cheek once more
 Wore the rich bloom that blushed of yore!
 Oh, gift of power! who would not sing—
 "For me, for me, the turquoise ring;
 For me, for me, when living faith
 Faints in a world of change and death;
 When sick with fear the heart may be,
 And sad, oh! sad the memory;
 When dimly, dimly, dimly glow
 The hopes, the trusts, that cling below—
 Then give me, give the turquoise ring,
 Or the pure faith, a better thing!"

GIVE ME ARMOR OF PROOF.

GIVE me armor of proof, I must ride to the plain;
 Give me armor of proof, ere the trump sound again;
 To the halls of my childhood no more am I known,
 And the nettle must rise where the myrtle hath
 Till the conflict is over, the battle is past, [blown!
 Give me armor of proof—I am true to the last!

Give me armor of proof, bring me helmet and spear;
 Away! shall the warrior's cheek own a tear?
 Bring the steel of Milan—'tis the firmest and best,
 And bind o'er my bosom its closely-linked vest,
 Where the head of a loved one in fondness hath lain,
 Whose tears fell at parting like warm summer rain!

Give me armor of proof: I have torn from my heart
 Each soft tie and true that forbade me to part;
 Bring the sword of Damascus—its blade cold and
 bright,

That bends not in conflict, but gleams in the fight;
 And stay—let me fasten yon scarf on my breast,
 Love's light pledge and true—I will answer the rest!

Give me armor of proof: shall the cry be in vain,
 When to life's sternest conflicts we rush forth
 amain?

The knight clad in armor the battle may bide,
 But wo to the heedless when bendeth the tried,
 And wo to youth's morn, when we rode forth alone
 To the conflict unguarded, its gladness hath flown!

Give us armor of proof—our hopes were all high,
 But they passed like the meteor lights from the sky;
 Our hearts' trust was firm, but Life's waves swept
 away

One by one the frail ties which were shelter and stay;
 And true was our love, but its bonds broke in twain.
 Give me armor of proof, ere we ride forth again.

Give me armor of proof: we would turn from the
Of a world that is fading to one that is true; [view
We would lift up each thought from this earth-
shaded light,
To the regions above, where there stealeth no blight;
And with Faith's chosen shield by no dark tempests
riven,
We would gaze from earth's storms on the bright-
ness of heaven.

◆
THE CAVALIER'S LAST HOURS.

A DIRGE, a dirge for the young renown
Of the reckless cavalier,
Who passed in his youth and glory down
To the grave without a fear,
The smile on his lip, and the light in his eye—
Oh! say, was it thus that the brave should die?
Midst the morning's pomp and flowers,
By fierce and ruffian bands,
In sight of his own ancestral towers,
And his father's sweeping lands:
Well that his mother lay still and low,
Ere the cold clouds pressed on her son's bright brow!
Oh, the tide of grief swelled high
In his heart that dawn of day,
As he looked his last on the glorious sky,
And the scenes that round him lay;
But he trod the green earth in that moment of fear
With a stater bearing, the doomed cavalier!
For fearless his spirit then,
And bravely he met his fate,
Till the brows of those iron-hearted men
Grew dark in their utter hate
Of the gallant victim, who met his hour
With a song on his lips for his lady's bower.
The light of the festive hall,
The bravest in battle array—
Was it thus that the star of his fate should fall,
Was it thus he should pass away?
A dirge, a dirge for his hopes of fame;
The grave will close o'er the noble name!
And the tide of life flow on
In its dull, deep current, as ever,
Till every trace of his fate is gone
From its dark and ceaseless river.
But one may remember, oh young cavalier—
Couldst thou gaze but once on the sleeper near!
That bright and fairy girl,
With no shadow on her brow,
Save the blue vein's trace and the golden curl—
She is dreaming of thee now.
She whispers thy name in her gentle rest;
But how will she wake from that slumber blest!
A dirge, a dirge for the young renown
Of the reckless cavalier! [around,
He hath waved for the last his plumed bonnet
And his parting words they hear, [cry
"God save King Charles!"—a shriek: a woman's
Hath mingled with the martial sounds that rent the
earth and sky!

THE DAUGHTER OF HERODIAS.*

MOTHER! I bring thy gift;
Take from my hand the dreaded boon—I pray
Take it; the still, pale sorrow of the face
Hath left upon my soul its living trace,
Never to pass away,
Since from these lips one word of idle breath
Blanched that calm face. Oh, mother, this is death!
What is it that I see
From all the pure and settled features gleaming?
Reproach! reproach! My dreams are strange and
Mother! hadst thou no pity on thy child? [wild.
Lo! a celestial smile seems softly beaming
On the hushed lips; my mother, canst thou brook
Longer upon thy victim's face to look?
Alas! at yester morn
My heart was light, and to the viol's sound
I gaily danced, while crowned with summer flowers,
And swiftly by me sped the flying hours;
And all was joy around—
Not death. Oh, mother! could I say thee nay?
Take from thy daughter's hand thy boon away!
Take it: my heart is sad,
And the pure forehead hath an icy chill.
I dare not touch it, for avenging Heaven
Hath shuddering visions to my fancy given;
And the pale face appals me, cold and still,
With the closed lips. Oh, tell me, could I know
That the pale features of the dead were so?
I may not turn away [name
From the charmed brow; and I have heard his
Even as a prophet by his people spoken;
And that high brow in death bears seal and token
Of one whose words were flame.
Oh, holy teacher, couldst thou rise and live,
Would not these hushed lips whisper, "I forgive!"
Away with lute and harp—
With the glad heart for ever, and the dance!
Never again shall tabret sound for me.
Oh, fearful mother, I have brought to thee
The silent dead with his rebuking glance,
And the crushed heart of one to whom are given
Wild dreams of judgment and offended Heaven!

◆
EVENING THOUGHTS.

THOU quiet moon, above the hill-tops shining,
How do I revel in thy glances bright,
How does my heart, cured of its vain repining,
Take note of those who wait and watch thy light:
The student o'er his lonely volume bending,
The pale enthusiast, joying in thy ray,
And ever and anon his dim thoughts sending
Up to the regions of eternal day!
Nor these alone—the pure and radiant eyes
Of youth and hope look up to thee with love;
Would it were thine, meek dweller of the skies,

* Written after seeing, among a collection of beautiful paintings, (copies from the old masters, recently sent to New York from Italy,) one representing the daughter of Herodias, bearing the head of John the Baptist on a charger, and wearing upon her countenance an expression, not of triumph, as one might suppose, but rather of soft and sorrowful remorse, as she looks upon the calm and beautiful features of her victim.

To save from tears! but no—too far above
 This dim cold earth thou shinest, richly flinging
 Thy soft light down on all who watch thy beam,
 And to the heart of sorrow gently bringing
 The glories pictured in life's morning stream,
 As a loved presence back: oh, shine to me,
 As to the voyagers on the faithless sea!
 Joy's beacon light! I know that trembling Care,
 Warned by thy coming, hies him to repose,
 And on his pillow laid, serenely there
 Forgets his calling, that at day's dull close
 Meek age and rosy childhood sink to rest,
 And Passion lays her fever dreams aside,
 And the unquiet thought in every breast
 Loses its selfish fervor and its pride, [ing,
 With thoughts of thee—the while their vigil keep-
 The quiet stars hold watch o'er beauty sleeping!
 But unto me, thou still and solemn light, [trust
 What mayst thou bring? high hope, unwavering
 In Him who, for the watches of the night,
 Ordained thy coming, and on things of dust
 Hath poured a gift of power—on wings to rise
 From the low earth and its surrounding gloom
 To higher spheres, till as the shaded skies
 Are lighted by thy glories, gentle moon,
 So are life's lonely hours and dark despair
 Cheered by the star of faith, the torch of prayer.

LINES.

SAY, have I left thee, wild but gentle lyre,
 That on the willow thou hast hung so long?
 Oh, do not still my unbidden thoughts aspire
 From my heart's fount? flows not the gush of song,
 Though heavily upon the spirit's wing
 Lies earthly care—a dull, corroding thing?
 Must it be ever so,
 That in the shadow and the gloom my path
 Is destined?—shall the high heart always bow?
 Father, may it not pass, this cup of wrath—
 Shall not at last the kindled flame burn free
 On my soul's altar, consecrate to thee?
 Say, in my bosom's urn
 Shall feelings glow for ever unexpressed,
 And lonely, fervent thoughts unheeded burn,
 And passion linger on, a hidden guest?
 Hath the warm sky no token for my heart—
 In my green, early years shall Hope depart?
 Peace at this quiet hour
 And holy thoughts be given. Let me soar
 From life's dim air and shadowy skies that lower
 Around me, and with thrilling heart adore
 Thy mercy, Father! who can soothe the wild,
 Forgetful murmurings of thine erring child.
 Ay, by the bitter dreams,
 The fervor wasted ere my spirit's prime,
 The few brief sunny gleams
 Ripening the heart's wild flowers, that ere their time
 Blew brightly and were crushed—by all the tears
 That quenched the fiery thoughts of early years—
 Yes! by each phantom shade that memory brings,
 Voices whose tone my heart remembers yet,
 Names that no more shall thrill—departed things
 That I would fain forget—
 By the past weakness and the coming trust,

Father, I lay my forehead in the dust,
 Meekly adoring—yielding up my care
 To Thee, who through the stormy past hath tried
 A wayward mind, which else had deemed too fair
 This fleeting world, and wandered far and wide
 Astray—and worshipped still, forgetting Thee,
 The one bright star of its idolatry.

Nor be these thoughts in vain
 To aid me in this rude world's ruder strife,
 When a high soul doth struggle with its chain,
 And turn away in bitterness from life—
 Strengthen me, guide me, till in realms above
 I taste the untroubled waters of thy love.

THE OLD DAYS WE REMEMBER

The old days we remember,
 How softly did they glide,
 While all untouched by worldly care
 We wandered side by side!
 In those pleasant days, when the sun's last rays
 Just lingered on the hill,
 Or the moon's pale light with the coming night
 Shone o'er our pathway still.
 The old days we remember—
 Oh! there's nothing like them now,
 The glow has faded from our hearts,
 The blossom from the bough;
 In the chill of care, midst worldly air,
 Perchance we are colder grown,
 For stormy weather, since we roamed together,
 The hearts of both have known.
 The old days we remember—
 Oh! clearer shone the sun,
 And every star looked brighter far
 Than they ever since have done!
 On the very streams there lingered gleams
 Of light ne'er seen before,
 And the running brook a music took
 Our souls can hear no more.
 The old days we remember—
 Oh! could we but go back
 To their quiet hours, and tread once more
 Their bright, familiar track—
 Could we picture again what we pictured then,
 Of the sunny world that lay
 From the green hillside, and the waters wide,
 And our glad hearts far away!
 The old days we remember,
 When we never dreamed of guile,
 Nor knew that the heart could be cold below,
 While the lip still wore its smile:
 Oh, we may not forget, for those hours come yet
 They visit us in sleep,
 While far and wide, o'er life's changing tide,
 Our barks asunder keep.
 Still, still we must remember
 Life's first and brightest days,
 And a passing tribute render
 As we tread the busy maze;
 A bitter sigh for the hours gone by,
 The dreams that might not last,
 The friends deemed true when our hopes were new
 And the glorious visions past!

LINES SUGGESTED BY A SCENE IN
"MASTER HUMPHREY'S CLOCK."*

BEAUTIFUL child; my lot is cast—
Hope from my path hath for ever past;
Nothing the future can bring to me
Hath ever been shadowed in dreams to thee;
The warp is woven, the arrow sped,
My brain hath throbb'd, but my heart is dead:
Tell ye my tale, then, for love or gold?—
Years have passed by since that tale was told.

God keep thee, child, with thine angel brow,
Ever as sinless and bright as now;
Fresh as the roses of earliest spring,
The fair, pure buds it is thine to bring.
Would that the bloom of the soul could be,
Beautiful spirit! caught from thee;
Would that thy gift could anew impart
The roses that bloom for the pure in heart.

Beautiful child! mayst thou never hear
Tones of reproach in thy sorrowing ear;
Beautiful child! may that cheek ne'er glow
With a warmer tint from the heart below:
Beautiful child! mayst thou never bear
The clinging weight of a cold despair—
A heart, whose madness each hope hath crossed,
Which hath thrown one die, and the stake hath lost.

Beautiful child! why shouldst thou stay?
There is danger near thee—away, away!
Away! in thy spotless purity:
Nothing can here be a type of thee;
The very air, as it fans thy brow,
May leave a trace on its stainless snow:
Lo! spirits of evil haunt the bowers,
And the serpent glides from the trembling flowers.

Beautiful child! alas, to see
A fount in the desert gush forth for thee,
Where the queenly lilies should faintly gleam,
And thy life flow on as its silent stream
Afar from the world of doubt and sin—
This weary world thou must wander in:
Such a home was once to my vision given—
It comes to my heart as a type of heaven.

Beautiful child! let the weary in heart
Whisper thee once, ere again we part;
Tell thee that want, and tell thee that pain
Never can thrill in the throbbing brain,
Till a sadder story that brain hath learned—
Till a fiercer fire hath in it burned:
God keep thee sinless and undefiled,
Though poor, and wretched, and sad, my child!

Beautiful being! away, away!
The angels above be thy help and stay,
Save thee from sorrow, and save thee from sin,
Guard thee from danger without and within.
Pure be thy spirit, and breathe for me
A sigh or a prayer when thy heart is free;
In the crowded mart, by the lone wayside,
Beautiful child! be thy God thy guide.

* "Nelly bore upon her arm the little basket with her flowers, and sometimes stopped, with timid and modest looks, to offer them at some gay carriage. There

LIFE AND DEATH.

"La mort est le seul dieu que J'osais implorer."

NOR unto thee, oh pale and radiant Death!
Not unto thee, though every hope be past,
Through Life's first, sweetest stars may shine no
more,

Nor earth again one cherished dream restore,
Or from the bright urn of the future cast
Aught, aught of joy on me.

Yet unto thee, oh monarch! robed and crowned,
And beautiful in all thy sad array,
I bring no incense, though the heart be chill,
And to the eyes, that tears alone may fill,
Shines not as once the wonted light of day,
Still upon another shrine my vows

Shall all be duly paid; and though thy voice
Is full of music to the pining heart,
And woos one to that pillow of calm rest,
Where all Life's dull and restless thoughts depart,
Still, not to thee, oh Death!

I pay my vows; though now to me thy brow
Seems crowned with roses of the summer prime,
And to the aching sense thy voice would be,
Oh Death! oh Death! of softest melody,
And gentle ministries alone were thine,
Still I implore thee not.

But thou, oh Life! oh Life! the searching test
Of the weak heart! to thee, to thee I bow;
And if the fire upon the altar shrine
Descend, and scathe each glowing hope of mine,
Still may my heart, as now,
Turn not from that dread test.

But let me pay my vows to thee, oh Life!
And let me hope that from that glowing fire
There yet may be redeemed a gold more pure
And bright, and eagle thoughts to mount and soar
Their flight the higher,
Released from earthly hope or earthly fear.

This, this, oh Life! be mine.
Let others strive thy glowing wreaths to bind—
Let others seek thy false and dazzling gleams:
For me their light went out on early streams,
And faded were thy roses in my grasp,
No more, no more to bloom.

Yet as the stars, the holy stars of night,
Shine out when all is dark,
So would I, cheered by hopes more purely light,
Tread still the thorny path whose close is bright,
If, but at last, the tossed and weary bark
Gains the sure haven of her final rest.

was but one lady who seemed to understand the child, and she was one who sat alone in a handsome carriage, while two young men in dashing clothes, who had just dismounted from it, talked and laughed loudly at a little distance, appearing to forget her quite. There were many ladies all around, but they turned their backs, or looked another way, or at the two young men, (not unfavorably at them,) and left her to herself. She motioned away a gipsy-woman, urgent to tell her fortune, saying, that it was told already, and had been for some years, but called the child toward her, and taking her flowers, put money into her trembling hand, and bade her go home, and keep at home, for God's sake."

LEGENDS OF FLOWERS *

Oh, gorgeous tales in days of old
 Were linked with opening flowers,
 As if in their fairy urns of gold
 Beat human hearts like ours;
 The nuns in their cloister, sad and pale,
 As they watched soft buds expand,
 On their glowing petals traced a tale
 Or legend of holy land.
 Brightly to them did thy snowy leaves
 For the sainted Mary shine,
 As they twined for her forehead vestal wreaths
 Of thy white buds, cardamine!

The crocus shone, when the fields were bare,
 With a gay, rejoicing smile;
 But the hearts that answered Love's tender prayer
 Grew brightened with joy the while.
 Of the coming spring and the summer's light,
 To others that flower might say,
 But the lover welcomed the herald bright
 Of the glad St. Valentine's day.
 The crocus was hailed as a happy flower,
 And the holy saint that day
 Poured out on the earth their golden shower
 To light his votaries' way.

On the day of St. George, the brave St. George,
 To merry England dear,
 By field and by fell, and by mountain gorge,
 Shone hyacinths blue and clear:
 Lovely and prized was their purple light,
 And 't was said in ancient story,
 That their fairy bells rung out at night
 A peal to old England's glory;
 And sages read in the azure hue
 Of the flowers so widely known,
 That by white sail spread over ocean's blue,
 Should the empire's right be shown.

And thou of faithful memory,
 St. John, thou "shining light,"
 Beams not a burning torch for thee,
 The scarlet lychnis bright?
 While holy Mary, at thy shrine,
 Another pure flower blooms,
 Welcome to thee with news divine,
 The lily's faint perfumes;
 Proudly its stately head it rears,
 Arrayed in virgin white—
 So Truth, amid a world of tears,
 Doth shine with vestal light.

And thou, whose opening buds were shown,
 A Savior's cross beside,
 We hail thee, passion flower alone,
 Sacred to Christ, who died.
 No image of a mortal love,
 May thy bright blossoms be
 Linked with a passion far above—
 A Savior's agony.

* These lines refer to some of the old fanciful ideas attached to the opening of flowers. In the Romish church such events were carefully noted down, and every flower blossoming on a saint's day was considered to bloom in honor of that saint.

All other flowers are pale and dim,
 All other gifts are loss,
 We twine thy matchless buds for him
 Who died on holy cross.

OSCEOLA.

Not on the battle-plain,
 As when thy thousand warriors joyed to meet thee,
 Sounding the fierce war-cry,
 Leading them forth to die:
 Not thus—not thus we greet thee.
 But in a hostile camp,
 Lonely amid thy foes—
 Thine arrows spent,
 Thy brow unbent,
 Yet wearing record of thy people's woes.
 Chief! for thy memories now,
 While the tall palm against this quiet sky
 Her branches waves,
 And the soft river laves
 The green and flower-crowned banks it wanders by
 While in this golden sun
 The burnished rifle gleameth with strange light,
 And sword and spear
 Rest harmless here,
 Yet flash with startling radiance on the sight;
 Wake they thy glance of scorn,
 Thou of the folded arms and aspect stern?
 Thou of the soft, deep tone,*
 For whose rich music gone,
 Kindred and tribe full soon may vainly yearn!
 Wo for the trusting hour!
 Oh, kingly stag, no hand hath brought thee down:
 'T was with a patriot's heart,
 Where fear usurped no part,
 Thou camest, a noble offering—and alone!
 For vain yon army's might,
 While for thy band the wild plain owned a tree,
 And the wild vine's tangled shoots
 On the gnarled oak's mossy roots
 Their trysting-place might be.
 Wo for thy hapless fate!
 Wo for thine evil times and lot, brave chief!
 Thy sadly-closing story,
 Thy quickly-vanished glory,
 Thy high but hopeless struggle, brave and brief.
 Wo for the bitter stain
 That from our country's banner may not part!
 Wo for the captive—wo!
 For bitter pains and slow
 Are his who dieth of the fevered heart!
 Oh, in that spirit-land,
 Where never yet the oppressor's foot hath passed.
 Chief! by those sparkling streams
 Whose beauty mocks our dreams,
 May that high heart have won its rest at last!

* Osceola was remarkable for a soft and flutelike voice. The above poem was written upon seeing a picture of him by Captain Vinton, U. S. A., representing him as he appeared in the American camp.

SARAH EDGARTON MAYO.

(Born 1818—Died 1848).

MISS SARAH C. EDGARTON, who in 1846 became the wife of the Rev. A. D. MAYO, minister of the Universalist Church in Gloucester, Massachusetts, was born in Shirley, in that state, in 1819. When about seventeen years of age she began to write for the literary and religious journals, and in 1838 she edited the first volume of *The Rose of Sharon*, an annual, of which nine other volumes were afterward issued under her direction. She also edited for several years *The Ladies' Repository*, a monthly magazine of religion and letters, published in Boston. Be-

sides her numerous contributions to *The New-Yorker*, *The New World*, *The Tribune*, *The Knickerbocker*, and other periodicals, she published, in the ten years from 1838 to 1848, *The Palfreys*, *Ellen Clifford* or *the Genius of Reform*, *The Poetry of Woman*, *Spring Flowers*, *Memoir and Poems of Mrs. Julia H. Scott*, *The Flower Vase*, *Fables of Flora*, and *The Floral Fortune-Teller*. These are small volumes, and two or three of them consist in part of extracts; but they are all illustrative of a delicate apprehension of beauty and truth. She died on the ninth of July, 1848.

THE SUPREMACY OF GOD.

THE clouds broke solemnly apart, and, mass
By mass, their heavy darkness bore away
With sullen mutterings, leaving mountain-pass
And rocky defile open to the day.
The pinnacles of Zion glittering lay
In the rich splendor of Jehovah's light,
Which, pouring down with a meridian sway,
Bathed mouldering tower and barricaded height
In floods of dazzling rays, bewildering to the sight!

God shone upon the nations. In the West
The owl-like Druid saw the brightening rays,
And muffling his gray robes across his breast,
Strode like a phantom from the coming blaze.
Old Odin, throned amid the polar haze,
Heard the shrill cry of Vala on the blast,
And glancing southward with a wild amaze,
Saw God's bright banner o'er the nations cast,
Then to his dim old halls retreated far and fast.

But nearer yet, and quivering in the blaze
That wrapped Olympus with a shroud of glory,
Great Jove rose up, the pride of Rome's proud days,
His awful head with centuries grown hoary,
His sceptre reeking and his mantle gory!
Great Jove, the dread of each inferior god,
Renowned in song, immortalized in story,
No longer shook Olympus with his nod, [trod.
But shivering like a ghost, down, down to hades
Egyptian Isis, from the mystic rites
Of her voluptuous priesthood shrank in awe,
Mazed by the splendor throned on Zion's heights,
More dreadful than the flame which Israel saw
Break forth from Sinai when God gave the law!
To her more dreadful, for beneath its sway
She saw, with prophet gaze, how soon her power
Must, like the brooding night-haze, melt away,
And leave her where the mists of ages lower—
The grim ghosts of a dream mocked in the noon-
tide hour.

And gentler deities—the spirits bright
That haunted mountain glen and woodland shade,
That watched o'ersleeping shepherds thro' the night
And blest at early dawn the bright-eyed maid—
The nymphs and dryads of the fount and glade,
The best divinities of home and hearth,
These, with an exile footstep, slowly strayed,
And lingered by each haunt of olden mirth,
Till their bright forms grew dim, and vanished from
the earth.

Now God is God! The Alpine summit rings
With the loud echoes of Jehovah's praise;
And from the valley where the cow-boy sings,
Go up to God alone his votive lays.
To him the mariner at midnight prays;
To him uplifts the yearnings of his soul;
And where the day-beam on the snow-peak plays,
And where the thunders o'er the desert roll,
His praise goes swelling up, and rings from pole
to pole.

His Spirit animates the lowliest flower,
And nerves the sinews of the loftiest sphere,
In every globule of the falling shower,
In each transition of the varied year,
Its life, and light, and wondrous power appear;
It burns all-glorious in the noonday sun,
And from the moonbeams forth serenely clear;
Or, when the day is o'er, and eve begun,
Flings forth the radiant flag no other god hath won.

All hail, Jehovah! Hail, supremest God!
Where'er the whirlwind stalks upon the seas,
Where'er the giant thunderbolt hath trod,
Or turned a furrow for the summer breeze,
Where liquid cities round Spitzbergen freeze,
And lift their ice-spires to the electric light,
Or soft Italian skies and flowering trees
Their balmy odors and bright hues unite—
There art thou, LORD OF LOVE, unrivalled in thy
might.

Praise, praise to thee from every breathing thing,
 And from the temples of adoring hearts
 Science to thee her sky-reaped fruits shall bring,
 And Commerce rear thine altars in her marts,
 Thou shalt be worshipped of the glorious Arts,
 And sought by Wisdom in her dim retreat;
 The student, brooding o'er his mystic charts,
 Shall mark the track of thy starsandalled feet, [seat.
 Till, through the zodiac traced, it mounts thy mercy.

Praise, praise to thee from peaceful home and hearth,
 From hearts of humble hope and meek desire;
 Praise from the lowly and the high of earth,
 From palace-hall and frugal cottage-fire.
 We can not lift our spirit-yearnings higher,
 Nor speed them upward to a loftier goal:
 Then let us each with fervent thoughts aspire
 To cast aside the chain of earth's control, [soul.
 And stand in God's own light, communers with God's

THE LAST LAY.

'Tis the last touch—the last! and never more
 By the low-singing stream, or violet dell,
 Never beside the blue pond's grassy shore,
 Nor in the woodlands where the fountains swell,
 Oh, never more shall this wild harp resound
 To the light touches of impulsive Thought!
 No longer, echoed on the winds around,
 Shall float those strains with human passion fraught;
 Never, oh, never more!

'Tis the last touch! Oh, mighty Thought, return
 To thy deep, hidden fountains, and draw thence
 Words that thro' all the heart's lone depths shall burn;
 Words, that inwrought with hope and love intense,
 Shall thrill and shake the soul, as God's own voice
 Shakes the high heavens and thrills the silent earth.
 Bring forth proud words of triumph, and rejoice
 That thy dear gift of song a holier birth
 Shall find, when this is o'er!

Too much in earlier days, departing soul,
 Thy song hath been of weakness and of tears;
 Too much it yielded to the wild control
 Of Love's unuttered dreams and shadowy fears;
 And yet some strains of triumph have been heard,
 Some words of faith and hope that reached high
 As the low warble of the summer bird, [Heaven;
 Singing away the hours of golden even,

Blends with the cascade's roar!
 Let it be loftier now! a strain to cleave
 The vaulted arch above; a hymn of hope,
 Of joy, of deathless faith, for those who grieve;
 High words of trust to fearful hearts that grope
 Through clouds and darkness to a midnight tomb.
 Father of Love, thine energy impart
 To a frail spirit hovering o'er its doom!
 Nerve with o'er-mastering faith this weary heart
 Thy mysteries to explore.

If I have suffered in the mournful past;
 If withered hopes were on my spirit laid;
 If love, the beautiful, the bright, were cast
 Along my pathway but to droop and fade;
 If the chill shadows of the grave were hung
 In life's young morning o'er my sunny way—
 I thank thee, O my God, that I have clung

To those eternal things that ne'er decay,
 E'en to thy love and truth!
 Now on the threshold of the grave I stand,
 One lingering look alone cast back to earth;
 One lingering look to that beloved land
 Where human feeling had its tearful birth;
 There stand the loved, with earnest eyes and words,
 Calling me back to life's sweet gushing streams;
 They stand amid the flowers and singing birds,
 And where the fountain o'er the bright moss gleams,
 All flushed with buoyant youth.
 They woo me back. I see their soft eyes melt
 With a beseeching love that speaks in tears;
 Deeply their sorrowing kindness have I felt,
 And hid my pangs, that I might soothe their fears.
 But now the seal is set—they can not save;
 In vain they hover round this wasting frame:
 Let me rest, loved ones, in the peaceful grave,
 And leave to earth the little it may claim;
 It can not claim the soul!

Nay, gentle friends, earth can not claim the soul
 Upward and onward its bold flight shall be;
 The bosom of Eternal Love its goal,
 And light its crown, and bliss its destiny.
 As the bright meteor darts along the sky,
 Leaving a trail of beauty on its way,
 So, winged with energy that can not die,
 My soul shall reach the gates of endless day,
 And bid them backward roll.

In vain, O Death, thine iron grasp is set
 On nerves that quiver with delirious pain;
 Claim not thy triumph o'er the spirit yet,
 For thou shalt die, but that shalt live again.
 And thou, O Sorrow, that with whetted beak
 Hast torn the fibres of a fervent heart,
 Thy final doom is not for me to speak,
 Yet thou, too, from thy carnage must depart,
 For God recalls his own.

His own!—O Father, mid the budding flowers
 And glittering dews of life's unclouded morn,
 Where there is thrilling music in the hours
 Of gentle hopes and young affections born,
 Through all its wanderings from thy holy throne,
 Through all its loiterings mid the haunts of Joy,
 Hath my frail spirit been indeed thine own,
 By ties that Time nor Death can e'er destroy—
 Thine, Father, thine alone!

Shall it not still be thine, more nobly thine,
 When from the ruins of young Hope it soars,
 And, entering into life and peace divine,
 Feels the full worth of what it now deplores?
 No sorrows there shall stain its gushing springs;
 No human frailties cloud its joyous way;
 The bird that soars on renovated wings,
 And bathes its crest where dawns the golden day,
 Shall be less free and pure.

And more than this: with vision all serene,
 Undimmed by tears, and bounded not by clouds,
 With naught thy goodness and its gaze between,
 And where no mystery thy purpose shrouds,
 The soul, the glorious soul, in works of love,
 Shall seek, and only seek, to do thy will;
 Highborn and holy shall its efforts prove,
 Thy bright designs and glory to fulfil.

While thou and thine endure

THE BEGGAR'S DEATH-SCENE.

..... ONE parting glance the weary day-god throws;
See how along the mountain ridge it glows,
Shoots through the forest aisles, transmutes the rills,
And kindles up the old rock-crested hills!
It falls upon a peaceful woodland scene—
It lights the moaning brook and banks of green,
Streams o'er the beggar's long, loose, silvery hair,
Who, dying, lies upon the greensward there!

All day in weakness, weariness, and pain,
The old man 'neath those drooping boughs hath lain;
The birds above him singing, and the breeze
Rustling the abundant foliage of the trees;
The wild-flowers o'er him bending, and the air
Stroking with gentle touch his long white hair;
The bees around him murmuring, and the stream
Mingling its music with his dying dream.....

A vision blessed him! Through his silver hair
He felt the touch of fingers, soft and fair,
And o'er him flowed the glory of an eye
Outshining all the blueness of the sky.
"Sweet, sainted One! and dost thou love me yet?
I knew, I knew thou couldst not quite forget!
I knew, I knew that thou wouldst come at last,
To kiss my lips and tell me all is past!"

A glow of transport lit his closing eye;
He raised his arms exulting toward the sky;
A rosy tint like morning's earliest streak
Flushed in celestial softness o'er his cheek,
Then paled away; the sunbeam, too, that shone
Upon his reverend head, had softly gone.
Then stooped the Vision, clasped him to her breast,
And bore his spirit up to endless rest.....

TYPES OF HEAVEN.

WHY love I the lily-bell
Swinging in the scented dell?
Why love I the wood-notes wild,
Where the sun hath faintly smiled?
Daisies, in their beds secure,
Gazing out so meek and pure?
Why love I the evening dew
In the violet's bell of blue?
Why love I the vesper star,
Trembling in its shrine afar?
Why love I the summer night
Softly weeping drops of light?
Why to me do woodland springs
Whisper sweet and holy things?
Why does every bed of moss
Tell me of my Savior's cross?
Why in every dimpled wave
Smiles the light from o'er the grave?
Why do rainbows, seen at even,
Seem the glorious paths to heaven?
Why are gushing streamlets fraught
With the notes from angels caught?
Can ye tell me why the wind
Bringeth seraphs to my mind?

Is it not that faith hath bound
Beauties of all form and sound
To the dreams that have been given
Of the holy things of heaven?
Are they not bright links that bind
Sinful souls to Sinless Mind?

From the lowly violet sod,
Links are lengthened unto God.
All of holy—stainless—sweet—
That on earth we hear or meet,
Are but types of that pure love
Brightly realized above.

THE SHADOW-CHILD.

WHENCE came this little phantom
That fits about my room—
That's here from early morning
Until the twilight gloom?
For ever dancing, dancing,
She haunts the wall and floor,
And frolics in the sunshine
Around the open door.

The ceiling by the table
She makes her choice retreat
For there a little human girl
Is wont to have her seat.
They take a dance together—
A crazy little jig;
And sure two baby witches
Ne'er ran so wild a rig!

They pat their hands together
With frantic jumps and springs,
Until you almost fancy
You catch the gleam of wings.
Shrill shrieks the human baby
In the madness of delight,
And back return loud echoes
From the little shadow sprite.

At morning by my bedside
When first the birdies sing,
Up starts the little phantom
With a merry laugh and spring.
She woos me from my pillow
With her little coaxing arms;
I go where'er she beckons—
A victim to her charms.

At night I still am haunted
By glimpses of her face;
Her features on my pillow
By moonlight I can trace.
Whence came this shadow-baby
That haunts my heart and home?
What kindly hand hath sent her,
And wherefore hath she come?

Long be her dancing image
Our guest by night and day,
For lonely were our dwelling
If she were now away.
Far happier hath our home been,
More blest than e'er before,
Since first that little shadow
Came gliding through our door.

UDOLLO.

So sweet the fount of Thura sings,
 'Tis said below a maid there is,
 Who strikes a lyre of silver strings
 To spirit symphonies.

A youth once sought that fountain's side
 Udollo, of the golden hair;
 He cast a garland in the tide.
 And thus invoked the maiden there:

"Oh, maid of Thura! from thy halls
 Of gleaming crystal deign to rise!
 The golden-haired Udollo calls,
 And yearns to gaze within thine eyes
 Fain would he touch that magic lyre
 Whose echoes he has heard above,
 And kindle every dulcet wire
 With an adoring, burning love.
 Come, maid of Thura, from thy halls;
 The golden-haired Udollo calls!"

"Youth of the flaming, lucent eye,
 Youth of the lily hand and brow,
 Udollo! I have heard thy cry;
 I rise before thee now!"

"Oh, maid with eyes of river-blue,
 With amber tresses dropped with gold,
 With foam-white bosom veiled from view
 Too close'y by the rainbow's fold,
 Oh, maid of Thura! let my hand
 Receive from thine the silver lyre;
 Athwart thy white arm, Iris-spanned,
 I see one glittering, trembling wire!
 That trembling wire I would invoke,
 Ere to thy touch it cease to quiver;
 The strain by thy sweet fingers woke
 I would prolong for ever!"

"Udollo, heed! The mortal hand
 That o'er that lone chord dare to stray,
 Shall light a flaming, quenchless brand,
 To burn his very heart away.
 Yet take the lyre! and I thy flowers
 Will wear upon my heart for ever;
 That heart henceforth through long, lone hours,
 In silent wo must bleed and quiver!
 Enough if thou, oh, beauteous love,
 Shalt find delight in Thura's lyre;
 Thy hand mid all its strings may rove,
 But ah! wake not the fatal wire!"

The youth, whose eye with rapture glowed,
 Quick seized the lyre from Thura's hand;
 How silent at that moment flowed
 The fountain o'er the listening sand!
 Upon his coal-black steed he leaped,
 Struck gayly through the ringing wood,
 And, as he went, he boldly swept
 His lyre to every passing mood.

But hark! A low, sweet symphony
 Rose softly from the charmed wire;
 Unlike all mortal harmony,
 Unlike all human fire!
 Hope, eager hope—love, burning love—
 Desire, the pure, the high desire—
 And joy, and all the thoughts that move,

Gushed wildly from that lyre!
 And as Udollo's music died
 Amid the columned aisles away,
 That wondrous chord swelled far and wide
 Its sweet and ravishing lay.
 Still grew, at last, the trembling string—
 Its wandering echoes back returned,
 And round the lone chord gathering
 In visible glory burned.

But in Udollo's soul died not
 The echoes of the golden strain:
 A love—a wo—he knew not what,
 Flamed up within his brain;
 But never more his hand could wake,
 By roving mid its sister wires,
 The string whose symphony could shake
 His spirit to its central fires.

But sometimes when, all calm above,
 The moon bent o'er its gleaming strings,
 A strain of soft, entrancing love
 Waved o'er him, like a seraph's wings;
 And sometimes when the midnight gloom
 Allowed no wandering ray of light,
 A deep, low music filled the room,
 And almost flamed upon his sight.

And for this rare and fitful strain
 He waited with intense desire;
 There centred, in delirious pain,
 His spirit's all-devouring fire.

As round one glowing point on high,
 We sometimes mark the electric light,
 From the whole bosom of the sky,
 In one bright, flaming crown unite,
 So round that inward, fixed desire,
 Concentred all Udollo's life;
 His dark eye glowed like molten fire,
 Beneath the fevered strife.

One night, when long the lyre had slept,
 Udollo's passion, like a sea
 Of red-hot lava, madly swept
 His soul on to its destiny.

In the deep blackness of that hour
 When spectres walk, he seized the lyre,
 And with a seraph's tuneful power
 Awoke the tuneful wire!

Oh, Thura's maid! where wert thou then,
 When mortal hand presumed to strike
 The chords that only gods, not men,
 Have power to waken as they like?

A fire shot through Udollo's frame
 As shoots the lightning's forked dart;
 It lit a hot and smothered flame
 Within his deepest heart.

He felt it in its slow, sure path,
 Consume his quivering nerves away;
 Oh, could he but have checked its wrath,
 Or ceased that fearful strain to play!

His fingers, cleaving to the wire,
 Had lost communion with his will;
 Within him burnt the immortal fire,
 The heart, the life destroyer still!

Jays, weeks, and months, whirled on and on
 No hope by day, nor rest by night.

Only the same wild, frantic tone,
 Increasing in its woful might.
 Intensely still, like lonely stars
 Far off in some black crypt of sky,
 Like Sirius, or like fiery Mars,
 Glowed wild Udollo's eye.
 His form to shadowy hue and line
 Slow shrunk and faded, day by day ;
 He seemed like some corroded shrine,
 Eaten by liquid fire away.

At last, in utter wreck and wo,
 Back to the fountain's brink he crept ;
 His golden hair, now white as snow,
 Far down his bosom swept.

Silent the clouded waters flowed ;
 The silver sand was washed away ;
 No lily on its borders blowed ;
 In lonely gloom it lay.

" Oh, maid of Thura ! hear my cry ;
 Back to thy hands thy lyre I bring :
 Take it, oh, take it, ere I die,
 For heart and soul are perishing ! "

No form uprose, no murmur stole
 Responsive from the gloomy tide ;
 Hoarsely he heard the waters roll ;
 Faintly the low winds sighed.

He sank upon the fountain's brink ;
 His hand fell listless on the wave ;
 He heard the lyre, slow bubbling, sink
 Deep in its liquid grave.

The fire went out within his breast ;
 The tremor of his nerves was still ;
 As peacefully he sank to rest
 As a tired infant will.

A radiant bow of sun and dew,
 Of blended vapors, white and red,
 Up from the fountain's bosom flew,
 And hung its beauty o'er his head.

And from the waves a strain uprose,
 Delicious as an angel's song ;
 And this the burden at its close :
 " How sweet such dreamless, deep repose,
 To him who sins and suffers long ! "

CROSSING THE MOOR.

I AM thinking of the glen, Johnny,
 And the little gushing brook—
 Of the birds upon the hazel copse,
 And violets in the nook.

I am thinking how we met, Johnny,
 Upon the little bridge :
 You had a garland on your arm
 Of flag-flowers and of sedge.

You placed it in my hand, Johnny,
 And held my hand in yours ;
 You only thought of that, Johnny,
 But talked about the flowers.

We lingered long alone, Johnny,
 Above that shaded stream ;
 We stood as though we were entranced
 In some delicious dream.

It was not all a dream, Johnny,
 The love we thought of then,
 For it hath been our life and light
 For threescore years and ten.

But ah ! we dared not speak it,
 Though it lit our cheeks and eyes ;
 So we talked about the news, Johnny,
 The weather, and the skies.

At last I said, " Good night, Johnny ! "
 And turned to cross the bridge,
 Still holding in my trembling hand
 The pretty wreath of sedge.

But you came on behind, Johnny,
 And drew my arm in yours,
 And said, " You must not go alone
 Across the barren moors. "

Oh, had they been all flowers, Johnny,
 And full of singing birds,
 They could not have seemed fairer
 Than when listening to those words !

The new moon shone above, Johnny,
 The sun was nearly set ;
 The grass that crisped beneath our feet
 The dew had slightly wet :

One robin, late abroad, Johnny,
 Was winging to its nest ;
 I seem to see it now, Johnny,
 The sunshine on its breast.

You put your arm around me,
 You clasped my hand in yours,
 You said, " So let me guard you
 Across these lonely moors. "

At length we reached the field, Johnny,
 In sight of father's door ;
 We felt that we must part there ;
 Our eyes were brimming o'er ;
 You saw the tears in mine, Johnny,
 I saw the tears in yours :

" You've been a faithful guard, Johnny, "
 I said, " across the moors. "

Then you broke forth in a gush, Johnny,
 Of pure and honest love,
 While the moon looked down upon you
 From her holy throne above,
 And you said, " We need a guide, Ellen,
 To lead us o'er life's moors ;
 I've chosen you for mine, Ellen,
 Oh, would that I were yours ! "

We parted with a kiss, Johnny,
 The first, but not the last ;
 I feel the rapture of it, yet,
 Though threescore years have passed ;
 And you kissed my golden curls, Johnny,
 That now are silvery gray,
 And whispered, " We are one, Ellen,
 Until our dying day ! "

That dying day is near, Johnny,
 But we are not dismayed ;
 We have but one dark moor to cross,
 We need we be afraid !

We've had a hard life's row, Johnny,
 But our heavenly rest is sure ;
 And sweet the love that waits us there,
 When we have crossed the moor !

SARAH S. JACOBS.

MISS JACOBS is a native of Rhode Island, and is a daughter of the late Rev. Bela Jacobs, a prominent Baptist clergyman. She has recently resided at Cambridgeport, in Massachusetts. Her poems are serious and

fanciful, and evince cultivation and taste. Benedetta is one of her happiest compositions, and it is characteristic of her most usual tone and manner. There is no collection of her writings.

THE CHANGELESS WORLD.

"It hath been already of old time."—*Solomon.*

I MOURN that this world changes not; that still
Its beauty and its sorrows are the same;
Ever the torrent seems to wear the hill,
And the sun dries the torrent. But I came—
The hill was there, nor was the torrent tame,
But, sparkling cooler down the mountain-side,
For that it scornd the great sun's thirsty flame,
Its eager task continually it plied,
While swelled the lofty hill in unabated pride.
The forest-trees are transient things and frail;
(So the book told me, ere I closed the page;)
Last year the willow-leaves were wan and pale:
I'll make to their last place a pilgrimage,
And changed, dead trees shall read a lesson sage
Of change and death. No paler than before
I found the willow-leaves, nor sign of age
Within the woods; immortal green they wore,
And the strong, mighty roots the giant trunks up-
bore.
The rock endureth with its mantle mossy,
Nature's soft velvet for the poor man's tread;
The grass abideth tapering and glossy.
And from the butterfly you thought was dead,
Lo! not a grain of shining dust is fled.
But clouds, and snows, and subtle harmonies,
And western winds with dewy perfumes fed,
And shadows and their twins, realities,
And fickle human hearts—sure there is change in
these.
The gentle air fanned Sappho's fevered cheek,
That seems its virgin kiss to breathe on mine;
That cloud is not new-born: its roseate streak
Decked a sweet sunset in fair Palestine,
When Abram's Sarah 'neath the shadowing pine,
Watching its glories, showed them to her lord,
That night the beaming messengers divine
Came down, and Heaven sat at earthly board,
Gladdening the patriarch's heart with high prophetic
word.
Wears not the sky the vaulted majesty
That greatly circled greater Homer's brow?
And the soft murmurs of the sleepy sea
Soothed Danté's soul of storms. The heavens
allow

No novel splendors. Every star that now
Looks miracles of beauty, in intense
And steely radiance, saw the Chaldee bow;
The princely, poet heart, whose finer sense
Thrilled nightly the Pleiades' sweet influence.
But sun, and cloud, river, and tree, and stream,
Rock, wind, and mountain—earth, and sea, and
Ephemeral things, and perishable seem [heaven,
To the strong human nature God has given.
The breast that fired man first—the wondrous
leaven
That makes "red clay" lord of its kindred earth,
Immortal in its essence, lasteth even
As He lasts whose great impulse sent it forth:
There is no change in man since the first man had
birth.
For youthful lovers still in paradise
Walk hand in hand, like those of early day;
Till the stern-missioned angel shall arise,
The vision and the music pass away.
The heart's short summer gone, no effort may
In festive pomp of dewy fruit and flowers
The frost-struck and the faded world arise.
Self-exiled are we, too, from Eden's bowers,
And Adam's wanderings and Eve's woes are
ours.
Still for her infant children Rachel weeps;
Still sighs sad Ruth "amid the alien corn;"
Still Aiah's daughter generous vigils keeps;
The sire still hails his prodigal's return;
Still Peter's soul with penitence is torn.
Humanity has lost no grief nor joy:
Partings are painful now as on the morn
When Hector bade, upon the walls of Troy,
Andromache farewell, and kissed his blooming
boy.
To meet is bliss, as when, beside old Nile,
Joseph his soul of tenderness outpoured;
Still Stephen dies with calm, forgiving smile,
Still radiant Esther braves her tyrant lord.
No change, no change! Upon the self-same chord
Life's overture is played; life's pattern wrought
In the same figures—wearisome, abhorred.
"But we shall all be chang'd." Such sounds I caught.
And blessed both Tarsus and Damascus in my
thought

BENEDETTA.

By an old fountain once at day's decline
 We stood. The wingéd breezes made
 Short flights melodious through the lowering vine,
 The lindens flung a golden, glimmering shade,
 And the old fountain played.
 I a stern stranger—a sweet maiden she,
 And beautiful as her own Italy.
 At length she smiled; her smile the silence broke,
 And my heart finding language, thus it spoke :

“ Whenever Benedetta moves,
 Motion then all Nature loves.
 When Benedetta is at rest,
 Quietness appeareth best.
 She makes me dream of pleasant things,
 Of the young corn growing;
 Of butterflies' transparent wings
 In the sunbeams rowing;
 Of the summer dawn
 Into daylight sliding;
 Of Dian's favorite fawn
 Among laurels hiding;
 Of a movement in the tops
 Of the most impulsive trees;
 Of cool, glittering drops
 God's gracious rainbow sees;
 Of pale moons; of saints
 Chanting anthems holy;
 Of a cloud that faints
 In evening slowly;
 Of a bird's song in a grove,
 Of a rosebud's love;
 Of a lily's stem and leaf;
 Of dew-silvered meadows;
 Of a child's first grief;
 Of soft-floating shadows;
 Of the violet's breath
 To the moist wind given;
 Of early death
 And heaven.”

I ceased: the maiden did not stir,
 Nor speak, nor raise her bended head;
 And the green vines enfoliated her,
 And the old fountain played.
 Then from the church beyond the trees
 Chimed the bells to evening prayer:
 Fervent the devotions were
 Of Benedetta on her knees;
 And when her prayer was over,
 A most spiritual air
 Her whole form invested,
 As if God did love her,
 And his smile still rested
 On her white robe and flesh,
 So innocent and fresh—
 Touching where'er it fell
 With a glory visible.

She smiled, and crossed herself, and smiled again
 Upon the heretic's sincere “ Amen !”
 “ Buona notte,” soft she said or sung—
 It was the same on that sweet southern tongue—
 And passed. I blessed the faultless face,
 All in composed gentleness arrayed ;

'Then took farewell of the secluded place:
 And the tall lindens flung a glimmering shade,
 And the old fountain played.

And this was spring. In the autumnal weather,
 One golden afternoon I wandered thither;
 And to the vineyards, as I passed along,
 Murmured this fragment of a broken song :

“ I know a peasant girl serene—
 What though her home doth lowly lie !
 The woods do homage to their queen,
 The streams flow reverently nigh
 Benedetta, Benedetta !

“ Her eyes the deep, delicious blue
 The stars and I love to look through ;
 Her voice the low, bewildering tone,
 Soft winds and she have made their own—
 Benedetta, Benedetta !”

She was not by the fountain—but a band
 Of the fair daughters of that sunny land.
 Weeping they were, and as they wept they threw
 Flowers on a grave. Then suddenly I knew
 Of Benedetta dead :

And, weeping too
 O'er beauty perishéd,
 Awhile with her companions there I stood,
 Then turned and went back to my solitude ;
 And the tall lindens flung a glimmering shade.
 And the old fountain played.

A VESPER.

SERENEST Evening ! whether fall
 In arrowy gold thy sunset beams,
 Or dimmer radiance maketh all
 Like landscapes seen in dreams.
 I joy apart with thee to walk,
 I joy alone with thee to talk.
 With speech is thy clear blue endowed,
 Thine archipelagoes of cloud ;
 Of sweetest music and most rare
 I hear the utterances there,
 And nightly does my being rise
 To fonder converse with thy skies.
 Then from thy mists my home I date,
 Or, with thy fires incorporate,
 Am lightly to the zenith swinging,
 Or pouring glory on the woods,
 Or through some cottage window flinging
 The sunset's blessed floods.
 Mine is the beauty of the hour—
 All mine—if I confess its power.
 Behold the vast array of tents
 For me to sentinel to-night !
 An instant—this magnificence
 Has faded out of sight.
 The tents are struck, the warriors' march
 Subsides along the stately arch.
 I saw the sword their leader drew
 Beneath the banner's crimson edge :
 'T was lightning to the common view,
 To me a solemn pledge
 Unbroken as the smile of Him
 Who rules those cloudy cherubim.

The sun, his mirrored smile, not yet
 Upon the loving earth has set.
 Happy in his caressing fold,
 The cottage roofs are domes of gold.
 To sip the misty surf he stoops;
 Ontarios of light he scoops
 In sombrest turf, and still for me
 Alone his shining seems to be:
 Mine are his thousand rays that burn,
 I love and I appropriate;
 Who loves enough creates return,
 Nor can be isolate.

—♦—
 UBI AMOR, IBI FIDES.

"ALL faith from human hearts is fled,"
 I to that gentle lady said;
 "Faith is an idle dream, I see,
 I'll trust in none, none trusteth me!"
 And I was moody, she was still;
 Our souls were out of tune,
 Because I spoke such words of ill
 That summer afternoon.
 My lonely heart felt sick and weak—
 The gentle lady did not speak.
 So silently the path we took
 Along the common, by the brook,
 And walked together on the shore,
 As we had often walked before;
 The sky was fair, the sands were white—
 Smooth flowed the silvery sea:
 I watched the snowy sea-gulls' flight,
 And so perhaps did she,
 As in the sunshine's parting glow
 The fair things sparkled to and fro.
 Methought I heard the ocean moan,
 In sorrow to be left alone;
 And I rejoiced that sea and sky
 Should be bereaved as well as I.
 Our homeward path we could not miss,
 Along a narrow ledge,
 And by a beetling precipice
 Close to the water's edge—
 A hoary eminence and gray,
 Familiar with the ocean's spray.
 The ocean's spray that o'er it dashed,
 By strong east winds to madness lashed,
 Striving to reach the wintry stars.
 Kind Summer sought to hide the scars
 Of the huge rock's misshapen side
 With light fern's feathery nod,
 With yellow colt's-foot simple pride,
 And wealth of golden-rod.
 I liked in that stern cliff to see
 A brother-scorn and savagery!
 Thus went we in the evening holy,
 Along the sea-line pacing slowly,
 When sudden, as from heaven sent,
 And free from earthly element,
 Stood on the crag a creature fair,
 Of bearing free and bold,
 Like wings of angels on the air
 His curls of shining gold,

And God had given to the face
 A beautiful and perfect grace.
 Nothing so beautiful before
 I saw, and shall see nevermore;
 And I were loath to hear again
 A tone so full of stifled pain
 As when her eyes the lady raised,
 Her hand her forehead shading,
 And under that fair screening gazed
 Upon the sunset's fading,
 And knew between us and the sun
 That glorious child, her own—her one.

His gaze was on the distance fixed,
 Where skies and seas their azure mixed:
 Perchance his stainless childhood's thought
 The meaning of the ocean caught,
 And revelations never given
 When the world's vapors dim
 Have floated between us and heaven,
 Were present then with him.
 Plain spoke the sea's majestic roll
 In the white chambers of his soul.

Safe stood he, while no downward glance
 Broke the glad tenor of his trance;
 For lofty thoughts are angel-bands
 With charge to bear us in their hands.
 'Tis sense of self that peril flings
 Around life's lonely peak,
 And causes mortal shuddering
 As in that infant weak.
 No more the seer—the angel bright—
 A child is on that dizzy height.

Then rang the lady's silvery tone:
 "Mamma will come, my love, my own!
 Look up and see the sky's bright hue,
 Until mamma can see it too."
 Alas! ere we the summit gain,
 The boy will lose his hold;
 The chilling fingers of the Main
 Uncurl those locks of gold;
 And Death will kiss the eyelids fair
 Where late a mother's kisses were!

She saw that I could climb no more,
 So far the hoar crag jutted o'er;
 Her look grew strange with agony,
 And hope died in her fading eye.
 Still the white lips spoke mild and clear
 "Stand now upright, and spring!"
 The boy, without one pause of fear,
 Or single questioning,
 Leaped downward to her glad embrace,
 And in her bosom hid his face!

Wounded against the rocks I found her,
 A happy paleness breathing round her,
 Half like a woman dear and faint,
 Half with the look of some sweet saint.
 Fondly she clasped her boy the while,
 Glad tears were in her eyes;
 Then unto me with gentle smile
 She said, reproachful-wise,
 And closer clasped that cooing dove—
 "They dwell together, Faith and Love!"

LUELLA J. B. CASE.

MISS BARTLETT, a daughter of the late Hon. Levi Bartlett, and a grand-daughter of the revolutionary patriot, Josiah Bartlett, was born in Kingston, New Hampshire, and in 1838 was married to Mr. E. Case, then

of Lowell, and more recently of Portland, Maine, and Cincinnati, Ohio. Her poems and prose writings have nearly all been published in miscellanies edited by her friend, the late Mrs. Edgerton Mayo.

THE INDIAN RELIC.

YEARS ago was made thy grave
By the Ohio's languid wave,
When primeval forests dim
Echoed to the wild bird's hymn;
From that lone and quiet bed,
Relic of the unknown dead,
Why art thou, a mouldering thing,
Here amongst the bloom of spring?

Violets gem the fresh, young grass,
Softest breezes o'er thee pass;
Nature's voice, in tree and flower,
Whispers of a waking hour;
Village sounds below are ringing,
Birds around thee joyous singing—
Thou, upon this height alone,
No reviving power hast known.

Yet wert thou of human form,
Once with all life's instincts warm—
Quailing at the storm of grief
Like the frailest forest leaf:
With a bounding pulse—an eye
Brightening o'er its loved ones nigh,
Till beneath this cairn of trust,
Dust was laid to blend with dust.

When the red man ruled the wood,
And his frail canoe yon flood,
Hast thou held the unerring bow
That the antlered head laid low?
And in battle's fearful strife,
Swung the keen, remorseless knife?
Or, with woman's loving arm,
Shielded helplessness from harm?

Silent—silent! Naught below
O'er thy past a gleam can throw:
Or, in frame of sinewy chief,
Woman, born for love and grief—
Thankless toil, or haughty sway
Sped life's brief and fitful day.
Like the autumn's sapless bough
Crumbling o'er thee, thou art now.

Rest! A young, organic world,
Into sudden ruin hurled,
Casts its fragments o'er thy tomb,
Midst the woodland's softened gloom!
Died those frail things long ago,
But the soul no death can know:

Rest! thy grave, with silent preaching,
Humble Hope and Faith is teaching.

Rest! Thy warrior tribes so bold
Roam no more their forests o'ld,
And the thundering fire-canoe
Sweeps their placid waters through:
Science rules where Nature smiled,
Art is toiling in the wild;
And their mouldering cairns alone
Tell the tale of races gone.

Thus, o'er Time's mysterious sea,
Being moves perpetually:
Crowds of swift, advancing waves
Roll o'er vanished nation's graves;
But immortal treasures sweep
Still unharmed that solemn deep:
Progress holds a tireless way—
Mind asserts her deathless sway.

ENERGY IN ADVERSITY.

ONWARD! Hath earth's ceaseless change
Trampled on thy heart?
Faint not, for that restless range
Soon will heal the smart.
Trust the future: time will prove
Earth hath stronger, truer love.

Bless thy God—the heart is not
An abandoned urn,
Where, all lonely and forgot,
Dust and ashes mourn:
Bless him, that his mercy brings
Joy from out its withered things.

Onward, for the truths of God—
Onward, for the right!
Firmly let the field be trod,
In life's coming fight:
Heaven's own hand will lead thee on,
Guard thee till thy task is done!

Then will brighter, sweeter flowers
Blossom round thy way,
Than ere sprung in Hope's glad bowers,
In thine early day:
And the rolling years shall bring
Strength and healing on their wing.

LA REVENANTE.

Oh, look on me, dear one, with love and not fear :
 It is quenchless affection alone brings me here.
 Look on me ! I come not in mystery and gloom,
 With the pale winding-sheet and the hue of the tomb.
 The mould of the grave casts no stain on my brow,
 With the poor, sleeping ashes, my home is not now.
 Look on me, thou dear one ! the light of my eye
 Is loving and kind as in days long gone by,
 When, weeping and weary, thy head on my breast
 Was trustingly laid with its sorrows to rest.
 Then turn not away, for my face is the same
 That oft to thy bedside in infancy came,
 And a kiss was its welcome : now what can there be
 To make it so fearful and dreadful to thee ?
 Doth the life of the spirit, so pure and so high, [eye,
 Steal the smile from the cheek, or the love from the
 That the mortal must shrink with such palsyng fear,
 To know that the holy and deathless are near ?
 Oh, a far keener pang than what doomed us to part,
 Is to feel that my presence sends chill to thy heart !
 Though blissful my life as a spirit's can be, [thee ;
 Its bright hours are swept by fond yearnings for
 Soft, musical waves from the Past o'er my soul,
 Where never again may the vexed billows roll,
 Are wafting emotions so hallowed, yet wild,
 That I leave the blest land to beho'd thee, my child !
 Thou hast called me with tears in the still, lonely
 And I spoke to thy spirit, but not to thy sight : [night,
 Thou hast dreamed of me oft by our own linden tree,
 When my kiss on thy cheek was the zephyr to thee !
 Thy life since we parted has laid down its glow,
 And year after year has but shed deeper snow ;
 Whilst thou, from the stern, worldly lore of thy head,
 Hast turned with a heart-broken love to the dead :
 I knew it, far off in my shadowless sphere, [near ;
 And I thought it might soothe thee to know I was
 But I would not one fear o'er thy tried spirit cast
 For all the deep, measureless love of the past :
 Farewell ! Thou wilt see me no more, but the spell
 Of affection shall guard thee, poor trembler, farewell !

A DEATH SCENE.

'Tis evening's hush : the first faint shades are creep-
 Thro' the still room, and o'er the curtained bed, [ing
 Where lies a weary one, all calmly sleeping,
 Touched with the twilight of the land of dread.
 Death's cold gray shadow o'er her features falling,
 Marks her upon the threshold of the tomb ;
 Yet from within no sight nor sound appalling,
 Comes o'er her spirit with a thought of gloom.
 See—on her pallid lip bright smiles are wreathing,
 While, from the tranquil gladness of her breast,
 Sweet, holy words in gentlest tones are breathing :
 "Come unto me, and I will give you rest."
 Night gathers round—chill, moonless, yet with ten-
 Mild, radiant stars, like countless angel-eyes, [der,
 Bending serenely, from their homes of splendor,
 Above the couch where that meek dreamer lies.
 The hours wear on : the shaded lamp burns dimmer,
 And ebbs that sleeper's breath as wanes the night,

And still with looks of love those soft stars glimmer
 Along their pathways of unchanging light.
 She slumbers still—and the pale, wasted fingers
 Are gently raised, as if she dreamed of prayer ;
 And on that lip so wan the same smile lingers,
 And still those trustful words are trembling there.
 The night is done : the cold and solemn dawning
 With stately tread goes up the eastern sky ;
 But vain its power, and vain the pomp of morning,
 To lift the darkness from that dying eye.
 Yet Heaven's full joy is on that spirit beaming—
 The soul has found its higher, happier birth,
 And brighter shapes flit thro' its blessed dreaming
 Than ever gather round the sleep of earth.
 The sun is high, but from those pale lips parted,
 No more those words float on the languid breath,
 Yet still the expression of the happy-hearted
 Has triumphed o'er the mournful shades of death.
 Thro' the hushed room the midday ray has wended
 Its glowing pinion to a pulseless breast :
 The gentle sleeper's mortal dreams are ended—
 The soul has gone to Him who gives it rest.

DEATH LEADING AGE TO REPOSE.

LEAD him gently—he is weary,
 Spirit of the placid brow !
 Life is long and age is dreary,
 And he seeks to slumber now.
 Lead him gently—he is weeping
 For the friends he can not see ;
 Gently—for he shrinks from sleeping
 On the couch he asks of thee !
 Thou, with mien of solemn gladness,
 With the thought-illumined eye,
 Pity thou the mortal's sadness—
 Teach him it is well to die.
 Time has veiled his eye with blindness,
 On thy face it may not dwell,
 Or its sweet, majestic kindness
 Would each mournful doubt dispel.
 Passionless thine every feature,
 Moveless is thy Being's calm,
 While poor suffering human nature
 Knows but few brief hours of balm :
 Yet, when life's long strife is closing,
 And the grave is drawing near,
 How it shrinks from that reposing
 Where there comes nor hope nor fear !
 Open thou the visioned portal,
 That reveals the life sublime,
 That within the land immortal
 Waits the weary child of Time.
 Open thou the land of beauty,
 Where the Ideal is no dream,
 And the child of patient Duty
 Wa'ks in joy's unclouded beam.
 Thou, with brow that owns no sorrow,
 With the eye that may not weep,
 Point him to Heaven's coming morn-
 Show him it is well to sleep !

SARAH T. BOLTON.

(Born 1820).

MRS. BOLTON resides in Ohio, and has been a contributor to the Herald of Truth in Cincinnati, to the Home Journal in New York,

and to several other periodicals whose authors are accustomed to have meaning in their verses.

LINES.

SUGGESTED BY AN ANECDOTE OF PROFESSOR MORSE.*

DIDST thou desire to die and be at rest,
Thou of the noble soul and giant mind ?
Hadst thou grown weary in the hopeless quest
Of blessedness that mortals seldom find ?
Had care and toil and sorrow all combined
To bring that sickness of the soul that mars
The happiness that God for men designed,
Till thy sad spirit spurned its prison-bars,
And pined to soar away amidst the burning stars ?

Perchance an angel sought thee in that hour—
A blessed angel from the world of light,
Teaching submission to Almighty power,
Whose dealings all are equal, just, and right :
Perchance Hope whispered of a future, bright
And glorious in its triumph. Soon it came :
A world, admiring, hailed thee with delight,
And learning joyed to trace thy deathless name
Upon her ponderous tomes in characters of flame.

Thou brightest meteor of a starry age, [wrought
What does the world not owe thee ? thou hast
For scientific lore a glowing page :
Thy mighty energy of mind has brought
To man a wondrous agent : it has taught
The viewless lightning in its fight sublime,
To bear upon its wing embodied thought,
Warm from its birthplace to the farthest clime,
Annihilating space and vanquishing e'en time.

Didst thou look down into the shadowy tomb,
And crave the privilege to slumber there,

* In a letter to General Morris, dated Trenton Falls, August 14, Mr. N. P. Willis relates the following curious anecdote : " Among our fellow-passengers up the Mohawk, we had, in two adjoining seats, a very impressive contrast—an insane youth, on his way to an asylum, and the mind that has achieved the greatest triumph of intellect in our time. Morse, of the electric telegraph, on an errand connected with the conveyance of thought by lightning. In the course of a brief argument on the expediency of some provision for putting an end to a defeated and hopeless existence, Mr. Morse said that ten years ago, under ill health and discouragement, he would gladly have availed himself of any divine authorization for terminating a life of which the possessor was weary. The sermon that lay in this chance remark—the loss of priceless discovery to the world and the loss of fame and fortune to himself, which would have followed a death thus prematurely self-chosen—is valuable enough, I think, to justify the invasion of the sacredness of private conversation which I commit by thus giving it to print. May some one, a weary of the world, read it to his profit."

Unhonored and forgotten ?—thou, on whom
Kind Heaven bestowed endowments rich and rare ?
Was life a burden that thou couldst not bear ?
A lesson on this, to those whose souls have striven
With disappointment, sorrow, and despair,
Until they feed on poison, and are driven
To quench the vital spark that Deity hath given.

And it should teach our restless hearts how dim
And erring is our finite vision here—
Should make us trust, through humble faith, in Him
Who sees alike the distant and the near.
The cloud that seems so sombre, cold, and drear,
May hide a prospect lovely, bright, and clear :
When lightning's flash and winds are wild and high,
No radiant beam of sunlight comes to cheer ;
But when the wrecking tempest has gone by,
God sets the blessed bow of promise in the sky

THE SPIRIT OF TRUTH.

I DREAMED that I saw, on the fair brow of heaven
The star-jewelled veil of a midsummer even ;
I looked, and, as quick as a meteor's birth,
A beautiful Spirit descended to earth.

Her brow wore a halo of light, and her eye
Was bright as the stars and as blue as the sky ;
Her low, silvery voice trembled soft as a spell,
To the innermost chords of the heart, as it fell.

One hand held a banner inscribed with "ACCORD,"
The other, the glorious Word of the Lord :
Then, softly, the beautiful vision did glide
To the palace a rich man had reared in his pride.

Through curtains of crimson the sun's mellow beam
Fell, soft as the tremulous light of a dream,
On all that was gorgeous in nature and art—
On all that could gladden the eye or the heart.

The rich man was clad in fine purple and gold,
The wealth in his coffers might never be told ;
The brows of the servants that waited around
Grew bright when he smiled, and grew pale when
he frowned.

Then did that proud nobleman tremble and start,
As the bright Spirit whispered these words to his
heart :

" If thou wouldst have wealth when life's journey
is o'er,
Sell all that thou hast, and divide with the poor."

She stood in the cell, where the death-breathing air
Was rife with the groans of the prisoner's despair,
As sadly he looked, through the long lapse of time,
To days when his soul was unstained by a crime.

She pointed away to his Father above—
She soothed him in accents of pity and love,
And said, as she severed the links of his chain,
"Thy sins are forgiven, transgress not again."

She came in her strength, and the gallows that stood
For ages, all reeking and blackened with blood,
Like a lightning-scared fiend, pointing up to the sky,
Fell prostrate to earth, at the glance of her eye.

She spoke! old earth heard, and her pulses were still:
"God's holy commandment forbiddeth to kill."
That spirit of beauty, that spirit of might, [light.
Went forth, till the earth was illumined with her

The strong one relenting, was fain to restore [poor:
The spoil he had wrenched from the hand of the
Injustice, oppression, and wrong, fled away,
Before the pure light of millennial day.

The turbulent billows of faction grew calm;
The lion laid down in the fold with the lamb;
The ploughshare was forged from the sabre and
sword,

And the mighty bowed down to the sway of the Lord.

The heathen with joy cast his idols away,
And knelt 'neath his own vine and fig tree to pray.
By every kindred, and nation, and tongue,
Glad anthems of praise to Jehovah were sung.

KENTUCKY'S DEAD.*

KENTUCKY, mother of the brave!

Let solemn prayers be said,
And welcome to an honored grave
Thy loved and gallant dead.

Thy gallant dead—they come, they come!

What will thy greeting be?
The bugle note, the martial drum,
And banners waving free?

No: toll for them the solemn knell,
Let dirges sad be sung,
And be the flag they loved so well
A pall around them flung.

In other days, when freemen bled
In fearful border strife,

* The bones of the Kentuckians who died under the tomahawk at the river Raisin, in 1812, were conveyed to the river shore, at Cincinnati, on the 29th of September, 1848, by an escort of Cincinnati firemen, and placed in charge of the Kentucky committee, to whom their reception was assigned. They were contained in a wooden box, painted black, bearing the inscription:

"KENTUCKY'S GALLANT DEAD,
January 18, 1812.—River Raisin, Michigan."

The bones of these brave men were found in a common grave, which was accidentally upturned while a street in Monroe, Michigan, was being graded. The fact of the skulls being all cloven with the tomahawk, induced the workmen to make inquiry, and an aged Frenchman, a survivor of the massacre, knew them as the bones of the unfortunate Kentuckians—remembering the spot where they were buried. Information was sent to Kentucky, and that state promptly took means for their removal. The charge was devolved upon Colonel Brooke, participant in, and survivor of, that unfortunate battle.

When savage tomahawks were red
With unoffending life—

With all the ardor youth imparts,
They sought the battle plain:
Those stalwart forms and noble hearts,
Came never back again.

Oh, they were missed where kindred met
In cottage homes of yore—
Flowers bloomed and died, suns rose and set,
But they returned no more.

Young hopeful hearts in sorrow pined,
Young eyes were wet with tears,
And, fondly mourning, Memory shrined
Their names for weary years.

Theirs was no common battle field,
For savage hearts decreed;
And savage vengeance there revealed
A most inhuman deed.

A grave to rest in was denied
The brave and gallant slain;
And foemen left them where they died,
Upon the battle plain.

No voice to soothe, no hand to bless,
The suffering wounded came;
But they, in all their helplessness,
Were given to the flame.

Where Raisin's sparkling waters glide
Through forest, grove, and glade,
Defending Freedom's soil, they died,
And there their graves were made—

Yes, made beneath the ancient trees,
Deep in the tangled wilds:
Their only requiem was the breeze
Amidst the forest aisles.

The moonbeams came at midnight's hour
And softly trembled there,
And angels made that lonely bower
Their never sleeping care.

And fragrant flowers, of brilliant dyes,
Bloomed o'er the silent sod,
And lifted up their tearful eyes
Like mourners to their God.

The world has changed; for many years
Have come since then and gone,
With joys and woes, and hopes and fear,
And still they slumber on.

The pleasant homes in which they grew
Are now the stranger's care:

The gay, and beautiful, and true,
And loved—they are not there.

The friends who knew their manly worth
Have passed from time away;
The children left beside their hearth
Are growing old and gray.

Another generation bears
Their ashes, sad and slow—

Another generation wears
For them the weeds of wo

Thy gallant dead! oh, hoard their dust
Within thy holiest shrine—

It is a proud, a sacred trust—
Their deathless fame is thine!

HANNAH J. WOODMAN.

MISS WOODMAN is the authoress of *The Casket of Gems*, and two or three other small volumes, and she has been for several years a teacher in the public schools of Boston, of

which city she is a native. Many of her poems appeared in the miscellanies edited by her friend Mrs. Edgarton Mayo. There is no published collection of them.

THE ANNUNCIATION.

Luke i. 26-33.

SILENCE o'er ancient Judah! 'T was the hush
Of holy eve, and through the balmy air
There came a trembling and melodious gush
Of softest melody, as if the prayer
Of kneeling thousands had prevailed on high,
And angel choirs were bending to reply.

Man heard the sound of music, and arose,
And cast the mantle of despair away,
And said, "Deliverance comes, forget your woes,
There dawns on Judah her triumphant day."
But, with the solemn strain of music, passed
The hopes too flattering and too fair to last.

Not so to one, the humblest of her race—
For to her startled and astonished eye
There came a visitant of matchless grace,
Robed in a garment of celestial dye:
"Fear not, thou highly favored"—thus he sang,
While Heaven's high arches with the echoes rang.

"Fear not, thy God is with thee, and hast poured
The richest of his blessings on thy head;
And thou wilt bear a son, on whom the Lord
The fulness of his grace and power will shed:
His name shall be Emmanuel, Mighty One,
Savior of men, and God's anointed Son."

Oh, who can paint the rushing tides of thought
Which swept like lightning through the startled
mind
Of that lone worshipper, whose faith was brought
Thus suddenly its utmost verge to find:
It failed not, and the curtain was withdrawn
Which veiled futurity's effulgent dawn.

She rose with brow serene: her eyes forgot
Their dreamy softness, and were upward cast,
Filled with celestial radiance. Earth had not
The power that glorious prophecy to blast:
"Beho'd the handmaid of the Lord, and teach
The trembling lip to frame submissive speech!"

Again there floated on the ambient air
That thrilling melody, while countless throngs,
Waving their golden censers, heard the prayer,
Which mingled with their own triumphant songs

The vision faded in a sea of light,
And left to earth the still and holy night.

WHEN WILT THOU LOVE ME?

LOVE me when the spring is here,
With its busy bird and bee;
When the air is soft and clear,
And the heart is full of glee;
When the leaves and buds are seen
Bursting from the naked bough,
Dearest, with a faint serene,
Wilt thou love me then as now?
When the queenly June is dressed
In her robes so fair and bright;
When the earth, most richly blessed,
Sleeps in soft and golden light;
When the sweetest songs are heard
In the forest, on the hill—
When thy soul by these is stirred,
Dearest, wilt thou love me still?
When the harvest-moon looks out
On the fields of ripened grain;
When the merry reapers shout
While they glean the burdened plain
When, their labors o'er, they sit
Listening to the night-bird's lay,
May there o'er thy memory flit
Thoughts of one far, far away!
When the winter hunts the bird
From his leafy home and bower;
When the bee, no longer heard,
Bides the cold, ungenial hour;
When the blossoms rise no more
From the garden, field, and glen;
When our forest joys are o'er,
Dearest, wilt thou love me then?
Love for ever! 'tis the spring
Whence our choicest blessings flow!
Angel harps its praises sing,
Angel hearts its secrets know.
When thy feet are turned away
From the busy haunts of men—
When thy feet in Eden stray,
Dearest, wilt thou love me then?

SUSAN ARCHER TALLEY.

SUSAN ARCHER TALLEY was born in Hanover county, Virginia, where the early years of her childhood were passed. Her father was descended from one of those Huguenots who, escaping the massacre of St. Bartholomew, fled to America, and settled in Virginia. He studied law under the late Judge Robert Taylor of Norfolk, but on account of ill health subsequently resigned the practice of his profession, and retired to a place in the immediate vicinity of Richmond, where he recently died, and where his family still resides.— Her mother was a daughter of Captain Archer, of one of the oldest and most distinguished families of Norfolk.

Miss Talley was remarkable for a precocity of intellect and an early development of character. Though of an exceedingly happy temperament, she rarely mingled with other children, but would spend most of her time in reading, in an intense application to study, or in wandering amid the beautiful woods and meadows that surrounded her father's residence. At nine years of age she suddenly and entirely lost her hearing, which had evidently the effect of subduing the natural joyousness of her disposition, and of producing that dreamy and contemplative tone of character which has since distinguished her. It may be said that from this period till she was sixteen her life was passed in the solitude of her chamber, where she seemed to derive from books a constant and ever increasing enjoyment. In consequence of her extreme diffidence it was not until she was in her fifteenth year that the nature and force of her talents were apprehended by her most intimate associates. A manuscript volume of her verses now fell under the observation of her father, who saw in them illustrations of unlooked-for powers, to the cultivation of which he subsequently devoted himself with intelligent and assiduous care while he lived. When she was about seventeen years of age some of her poems appeared in *The Southern Literary Messenger*, and, yielding to the wishes of her friends, she has since been a

frequent and popular contributor to that excellent magazine.

What is most noticeable in the poems of Miss Talley is their rhythmical harmony, considered in connexion with her perfect insensibility to sound, for a period so long that she could not have had before its commencement any ideas of musical expression or poetical art. The only instance in literary history in which so melodious a versification has been attained under similar circumstances is that of James Nack, the deaf and dumb poet of New York, whose writings were several years ago given to the public by Mr. Prosper M. Wetmore. There is not in Mr. Nack's poems, however, any single composition that can be compared with Ennerslie, in grace, or variety of cadences, or in ideal beauty. This poem, without being an imitation, will remind the reader of one of the finest productions of Tennyson.

Miss Talley is remarkable not only for the peculiar interest of her character, but for the variety of her abilities. She is a painter as well as a poet, and some of the productions of her pencil have been praised by the best critics in the arts of design, both for striking and original conception and for skilful execution. Her friends therefore anticipate for her a distinguished position among those women who have cultivated painting, and they find in her pictures the same characteristics that mark her literary compositions.

Young, and gifted with such unusual powers, she rarely mingles in society beyond the select circle of friends by whom she is surrounded. She finds her happiness in the quiet pleasures and affections of home. Her life is essentially that of a poet. Ardent in temperament, yet shrinkingly sensitive, with a fine fancy which is often warmed into imagination, and an instinctive apprehension and love of the various forms of beauty, poetry becomes the expression of her nature, and the compensation for that infirmity by which she is deprived of half the pleasures that minister to a fine intelligence.

ENNERSLIE.

I.

A HOARY tower, grim and high,
 All beneath a summer sky,
 Where the river glideth by
 Sullenly—sullenly;
 Across the wave in sluggish gloom,
 Heavy and black the shadows loom,
 But the water-lilies brightly bloom
 Round about grim Ennerslie.

All upon the bank below
 Alders green and willows grow,
 That ever sway them to and fro
 Mournfully—mournfully;
 Never a boat doth pass that way,
 Never is heard a carol gay,
 Nor doth a weary pilgrim stray
 Down by haunted Ennerslie.

Yet in that tower is a room
 From whose oaken-fretted dome
 Weird faces peer athwart the gloom
 Mockingly—mockingly;
 And there beside the taper's gleam
 That maketh darkness darker seem,
 Like one that waketh in a dream,
 Sits the lord of Ennerslie:

Sitteth in his carved chair—
 From his forehead pale and fair
 Falleth down the raven hair
 Heavily—heavily;
 There is no color on his cheek,
 His lip is pale—he doth not speak,
 And rarely doth his footstep break
 The stillness of grim Ennerslie.

From the casement, mantled o'er
 With ivy-boughs and lichens hoar,
 The shadows creep along the floor
 Stealthily—stealthily;
 They glide along, a spectral train,
 And rest upon the crimson stain
 Where of old a corpse was lain—
 Murdered at grim Ennerslie.

In a niche within the wall,
 Where the shadows deepest fall,
 Like a coffin and a pall,
 Gloomily—gloomily,
 Sits an owlet, huge and gray,
 That there hath sat for many a day,
 And like a ghost doth gaze away
 Upon the lord of Ennerslie;

Gazeth with its mystic eyes
 Ever in a weird surprise,
 Like some demon in disguise,
 Ceaselessly—ceaselessly;
 And close beside that haunted nook,
 Bendeth o'er an open book,
 With a strange and dreamy look,
 The pale young lord of Ennerslie.

With a measured step and slow,
 At times he paces to and fro,
 Muttering in whispers low,
 Fitfully—fitfully;

Or resting in his ancient chair,
 Gazing on the vacant air—
 Sure some phantom sees he there,
 The haunted lord of Ennerslie!

There is a picture on the wall,
 A statue on a pedestal—
 Standing where the sunbeams fall
 Goldenly—goldenly;
 And in either form and face
 The self-same beauty you may trace—
 Imaged with a wondrous grace,
 That angel-form at Ennerslie!

Once, 'tis said, upon a time,
 Ere his manhood's golden prime,
 Wandering in a southern clime
 Restlessly—restlessly,
 There passed him by a lady fair,
 With violet eyes and golden hair:
 It is her form that gleameth there,
 That angel-form at Ennerslie.

When the stars are in the west,
 And the water-lilies rest,
 Rocking on the river's breast
 Sleepily—sleepily—
 When the curfew, far remote,
 Blendeth with the night-bird's note,
 Down the river glides a boat
 From the shades of Ennerslie.

Glideth on by Ellesmaire,
 Where doth dwell a lady fair,
 With violet eyes and golden hair,
 Lonesomely—lonesomely;
 At the window's height alway
 She weaves a scarf of colors gay,
 And in the distance far away
 She seeth haunted Ennerslie.

Sitting in her lonely room,
 Ere the twilight's purple gloom,
 Weaving at her fairy loom
 Wearily—wearily,
 She heareth music sweet and low:
 It is a song she well doth know;
 She used to sing it long ago—
 It cometh up from Ennerslie.

Back she threw the casement wide
 She saw the river onward glide,
 The lilies nodding on the tide
 Sleepily—sleepily;
 She saw a boat with snowy sail
 Bearing onward with the gale;
 She saw the silken streamer pale—
 She saw the lord of Ennerslie!

—

II.

FADING are the summer leaves—
 The fields are rich with golden sheaves
 Her silken web the lady weaves
 Wearily—wearily;
 Her cheek has lost its summer bloom,
 Her lovely eyes are full of gloom,
 She weaveth at her fairy loom,
 And looketh down to Ennerslie.

She doth not smile, she doth not sigh—
Above her is the cold gray sky;
Below, the river moaneth by

Drearly—dearly;
She sees the withered leaflets ride
Like fairy barks adown the tide:
She saith, "Right merrily they glide,
For they go down to Ennerslie."

Beside her on the hearth of stone,
There sits a bent and withered crone,
Who doth for ever rock and moan

Drowsily—drowsily;
She crooneth songs of mystic rhyme,
And legends of the olden time;
She telleth tales of death and crime—
She tells of haunted Ennerslie.

She telleth how, as she hath heard,
How dwelleth there a demon weird
In seeming of an owsel-bird,

Ceaselessly—ceaselessly;
And how that fiend must linger still,
And work the master wo and ill,
Till one shall dare with fearless will
Go down to haunted Ennerslie.

She telleth how—that ancient crone—
He loved a lady years ago,
The fairest that the earth has known,
Secretly—secretly—

But dare not woo her for his bride,
Because that death will sure betide
The first that in her beauty's pride
Shall go to haunted Ennerslie.

She listened—but she nothing said;
Like a lily drooped her head,
Her white hand wound the silken thread
Carelessly—carelessly;

She rove the scarf from out the loom,
She slowly paced across the room,
And gleaming through the midnight gloom
She saw the light at Ennerslie.

The nurse she slumbered in her chair:
Then up arose that lady fair
And crept adown the winding stair
Silently—silently;

A boat was by the river-side,
The silken web as sail she tied,
And lovely in her beauty's pride,
Went sailing down to Ennerslie.

Back upon the sighing gale
Her tresses floated like a veil;
Her brow was cold, her cheek was pale,
Fearfully—fearfully;

She heard strange whispers in her ear,
She saw a shadow hover near—
Her very life-blood chilled with fear,
As down she went to Ennerslie.

As upward her blue eyes she cast,
A shadowy form there flitted past,
And settled on the quivering mast
Silently—silently.

The lady gazed, yet spake no word:
She knew it was the evil bird,

The wicked demon, grim and weird,
That dwelt at haunted Ennerslie.

Fainter from the tower's height
Seems to her the beacon-light,
Gleaming on her darkening sight
Fittingly—fittingly;

The river's voice is faint and low,
An icy calm is on her brow;
She saith, "The curse is on me now,
But he is free at Ennerslie!"

Within that tower's solitude
He sitteth in a musing mood,
And gazeth down upon the flood
Dreamily—dreamily:

When lo! he sees a fairy bark
Gliding amid the shadows dark,
And there a lady still and stark—
A wondrous sight at Ennerslie.

He hurried to the bank below,
Upon the strand he drew the prow—
He drew it in the moonlight's glow,
Eagerly—eagerly;

He parted back the golden hair
That veiled the cheek and forehead fair,
He started at her beauty rare,
The pale young lord of Ennerslie.

He called her name: she nothing said:
Upon his bosom drooped her head;
The color from her wan cheek fled
Utterly—utterly.

Slowly rolled the sluggish tide,
The breeze amid the willows sighed;
"This is too deep a curse!" he cried—
The stricken lord of Ennerslie.

GENIUS.

SPRIT immortal and divine!

Whose calm and searching eye
Looks forth upon the universe,
Its wonders to descry—

Whose eagle-wing, resistless, proud,
Hath soared above each misty cloud
That o'er us darkly spread—

I bow before thee, as of old
The Grecian bowed to her who told
The oracles of dread.

For thou art Nature's prophet—priest,
Anointed by her God,
And dwellest in her sacred courts,

By others all untrod:
To thee alone 'tis given to raise
The veil that shrouds from mortal gaze—
Her mysteries sublime;
To hear her sweet and solemn tone
Revealing wonders else unknown
In all the lapse of time.

And more—the human heart is deep,
And passionate, and strong,
But thou mayst read its sealed page
And search its depths among;
Mayst bow it with thy spell of might

Or urge it to a prouder flight,
 A loftier desire—
 Till, yielding to thy high control,
 The newly-wakened, eager soul,
 To purer things aspire.

Thou dwellest on this lowly earth,
 Majestic and alone;
 Thy home is in a brighter clime,
 Near the Eternal's throne;
 And evermore, in tameless might,
 Still strivest thou to wing thy flight,
 Its glory to attain;
 E'en as the eagle turns his eye,
 Though fettered, to his native sky,
 And struggles with his chain.

Men gaze in strange and wondering awe
 On thine inspiréd brow,
 But reck not of the hidden things
 That darkly sleep below;
 Nor how thou spurnest earth's control,
 What voices haunt thy troubled soul—
 What shadows round thee play;
 Thy dreams are all of future bliss,
 Of other worlds—and e'en in this
 Thy name shall not decay!

Sage! musing in thy lonely cell—
 Aspiring, yet serene;
 Tracking afar the light of truth,
 Through darkness dimly seen—
 A thousand minds thy truths have caught,
 And pondered o'er thy lofty thought,
 In inspiration high:
 A thousand minds have scanned the page
 Made clearer by the lapse of age,
 In which thy treasures lie.

Bard—lo! the thrilling strain that poured
 Thy soul's deep melodies,
 Have waked in many an echoing heart
 A thousand sympathies;
 Have lived through years of dull decay
 When princely names have passed away,
 That were a glory then,
 Till every word hath thus become
 Like to a thrilling voice of home,
 In the deep hearts of men!

And ye o'er whose inspired souls
 Strange shapes of beauty gleamed,
 Embodied to the gaze of men
 In forms of heaven that seemed—
 The marble still in beauty lives,
 The pictured canvass but receives
 New value from decay;
 And both shall perish ere the name
 Of him who gave them unto fame
 Hath passed, like them, away.

And they, to whom were given the gift
 Of Inspiration's tongue—
 Upon whose high, commanding words
 Senates in rapture hung;
 And they, the dauntless chiefs and brave,
 On battle-field and ocean-wave,
 Who won a lofty fame—
 Lo! leathless, and defying Time.

A thousand monuments sublime
 Commemorate each name!

Thus Genius lives—its spirit caught
 From heaven's own height afar,
 Shines tranquil mid the gloom of earth,
 An ever-guiding star:
 A shining mark that's given to show
 To those who darkly tread below
 The way our pathway tends;
 A beauty and a mystery,
 A prophecy of things to be
 When earthly being ends!

A prophecy of glorious things—
 Of holy things and bright,
 Which we behold not through the mists
 That dim our mortal sight;
 A voice that whispers from afar,
 Telling of wondrous things that are
 Where perfectness hath power!
 A light to guide the spirit on
 Till that celestial state be won
 Which was our primal dower.

Thou shalt go forth in prouder might
 And firmer strength ere long,
 And Truth shall guide thee on thy way
 With revelation strong;
 And thou shalt see with wondering eyes
 The thousand mighty mysteries
 That round our being cling;
 Unfolding truths whose shadows lie
 Darkly before the doubting eye,
 Our souls bewildering.

High souls have gazed on wondrous things,
 And men have called them dreams—
 But they are such as shadowed stars
 Upon the mirroring streams;
 We gaze upon the phantom-glow—
 Alas! we gaze too much below—
 And strive to grasp in vain;
 But Genius turns his gaze afar,
 Where like a pure and shining star
 The glorious truth is seen!

Go forth, thou spirit proud and high,
 Upon thy soaring flight!
 Thou art the messenger of God,
 And he will guide thee right.
 Go proudly forth and fearlessly,
 For many a hidden mystery
 Awaits thee to unseal:
 And men shall gaze in rapt surprise
 On wonders that to darkened eyes
 Thy brightness shall reveal!

◆
 MY SISTER.

I HAVE an only sister,
 Fresh in her girlish glee,
 For she is only seventeen,
 And still is fancy free:
 She has a fair and happy face,
 Like cloudless skies in May—
 Or like a lake, where tranquilly
 The silver moonbeams play.

She is my only sister,
 And we've together grown,
 Till childhood's thoughtless glee hath changed
 To girlhood's gentle tone;
 And we have shared in varied scenes
 Of sadness and of glee,
 But never were two sisters
 As different as we.
 Yet in our outward seeming,
 In feature and in face,
 They say that e'en a careless glance
 May some resemblance trace;
 Save that a flood of sunny light
 O'er her seems softly shed,
 While over me some darker shades
 Like twilight shadows spread.
 Her tresses, tinged with golden,
 All gracefully entwine
 Upon a calm and placid brow
 Of fairer hue than mine;
 Her cheek is of a brighter glow,
 Her eye a softer brown,
 Where from the dark and drooping fringe
 A dreamy shade is thrown.
 My sister hath no sorrow
 To check her spirit free;
 No mournful shadows o'er her pass
 As oft they pass o'er me;
 Her smile is ever beaming forth
 In one unchanging mood,
 The gladness of a sunny heart
 By sorrow unsubdued.
 She's happy mid the revelry,
 And in the mazy dance;
 And in the drearest solitude
 As brightly shines her glance;
 She calmly plucks the flowers of life
 Around her pathway spread,
 And careth not for those to bloom,
 Nor dreams of others dead.
 The deep, delirious dreamings,
 Whose wild, bewildering strife
 Beguiles the heart from sober truths
 And wearies it of life—
 The sudden fits of mournfulness,
 Of wild and fitful glee,
 My sister's tranquil breast knows not,
 As they are known to me.
 There are many like my sister—
 They who serenely glide,
 Secure in tranquil cheerfulness
 Adown life's stormy tide.
 'Tis strange to think how tranquilly
 They brave the tempest's frown,
 And calmly breast the troubled waves,
 When other barks go down!
 My fair and gentle sister!
 How calmly glides her life—
 No weariness to dim her brow,
 No care or spirit-strife:
 With happy heart she hears alone
 The music of life's stream,
 And all things seem to her as yet
 A fair and fairy dream!

THE SEA-SHELL.

SADLY the murmur, stealing
 Through the dim windings of the mazy shell,
 Seemeth some ocean-mystery concealing
 Within its cell.
 And ever sadly breathing,
 As with the tone of far-off waves at play, [ing,
 That dreamy murmur through the sea-shell wreath-
 Ne'er dies away.
 It is no faint replying
 Of far-off melodies of wind and wave,
 No echo of the ocean-billow, sighing
 Through gem-lit cave.
 It is no dim retaining
 Of sounds that through the dim sea-caverns swell,
 But some lone ocean-spirit's sad complaining
 Within that cell.
 "Where are the waters flowing?"
 Thus breathes that ever-wailing spirit-tone;
 "Where are the bright gems in their beauty glow-
 In cavern lone? [ing,
 "I languish for the ocean—
 I pine to view the billow's heaving crest.
 I miss the music of its dreamlike motion,
 That lulled to rest.
 "Where are the bright waves playing?
 Where sleeps the cavern's still and gem-lit gloom!
 For there I know sweet tones, yet sad, are straying,
 That call me home!"
 In vain thy plaintive sighing,
 Lone ocean-sprite! thy home is far away;
 No ocean-music giveth sweet replying
 Unto thy lay.
 Far off the waves are gleaming;
 Thy sisters deck with pearls their tresses fair,
 And gem-light through the ocean-caves is stream-
 Thou art not there! [ing
 How like art thou, sad spirit,
 To many a one, the lone ones of the earth!—
 Who in the beauty of their souls inherit
 A purer birth;
 They who, for ever yearning,
 Pine for the glory of their far-off home;
 Unto its half-veiled beauty sadly turning,
 From earthly gloom.
 Whose tones, for ever swelling,
 Pour forth the melody of burning thought;
 From the sweet music of that far-off dwelling
 An echo caught!
 Like thine the restless sighing—
 Like thine the melody their spirits own,
 No kindred music to their own replying,
 No answering tone!
 They dream—they dream for ever!
 They live in visions beautiful and vain;
 And vain the spirit's passionate endeavor
 To break their chain.
 Yet thou, lone child of ocean,
 Mayst never more behold thine ocean-foam
 While they shall rest from each wild, sad emotion
 And find their home!

REBECCA S. NICHOLS.

MISS REBECCA S. REED, now Mrs. NICHOLS, is a native of the little town of Greenwich, in New Jersey, where her father was a physician. When she was seventeen years of age, Dr. Reed removed to Kentucky, and a few months afterward she was married, in Louisville, to Mr. W. Nichols, of Homer, in New York. Her first appearance as an author was under the signature of "Ellen," in the Louisville News Letter, in 1839. In the same year Mr. Nichols removed to St. Louis, where he established *The Pennant*, a daily gazette, from which in a few months he withdrew and went to Cincinnati, where he has since resided.

In 1844, Mr. Nichols published a volume entitled *Bernice, or the Curse of Minna*, and other Poems, and she has since been a frequent contributor to the periodicals, under her proper signature and under that of "Kate Cleveland." *Bernice* is a romantic story, in three cantos. The scene is in Italy; and the poem contains some striking passages, but none that should add to the good reputation she has acquired by her minor pieces, many of which are evidently the offspring of real emotion, and bear to that the relation of experience to the fictitious passion of the stage. Some of her best pieces were first published in *The Guest*, a journal of which she was editress

TO MY BOY IN HEAVEN.

I GAZED upon thee! Was it rigid Death
That sat enthroned upon thine icy brow?
Ah no! methought I saw the living breath
Of life expand thy heaving breast but now:
He sleeps! tread softly—wake him not; how bright
These dreams of heaven upon his spirit fall!
They fold it slumbering 'neath their wings of light,
And bear it up to Heaven's high festival—
The festival of dreams—where spirits hold
Their deep communings, when the seraph Sleep
Spreads his encircling wings, which softly fold
The earth to rest, and close the eyes that weep.

It was a fearful dream: methought ye said
That he—my boy—was of the earth no more!
That all the sentinels of life had fled,
And that pale Death their portals guarded o'er:
Ye deemed that I should weep—but not a tear
Burst from the frozen founts where they were pent,
Though dark, foreboding thought and bitter fear
Rushed to my heart, and bade my soul lament.
He is not dead—he sleeps: he could not die,
So loved, so beautiful! If Death should bear
His spirit hence, e'en to his native sky,
My voice would pierce the inner temples there!

He is not dead! Ah, how my spirit mocks
The vain delusion! Can I look on this, [locks?
And doubt whose hand each charmed vein now
I dare not claim what Death hath sealed as his:
And thus I gave thee, Arthur, to the tomb,
And saw the brow oft pillowed next my heart
Laid down amid the dust and darkling gloom,
To be, alas! too soon of dust a part!

I saw them heap the earth about thy form,
And press the light turf o'er thy peaceful breast,
Then leave thee to the cold and brooding worm,
As some young dove in a deserted nest.

I gazed: it was the autumn's golden light [home
That flung bright shadows o'er thy new-made
While through the trees that waved in colors bright,
I heard the low sweet winds thy dirges moan!
And there was one looked with me on that scene,
Who bade me know our bitter loss thy gain:
But ah! his cheek was pale as mine, I ween,
And from his eyes the hot tears fell like rain.
That eve, while gazing on the midnight sky,
One bright new star looked out from its lone
sphere:
We knew no name to call the stranger by,
So gave it thine, and deemed that thou wert near.

The autumn passed: how desolate was earth!
How froze the lucid veins upon her brow!
While oft the spectre winds now wandered forth
Like unseen spirits, treading sad and slow:
Dark, hoary winter came, with piercing breath,
And gave to earth a passionless embrace—
Ah me! 'twas as the lip of white-browed Death
Had kissed with fondness some beloved face:
The dazzling snow-wreath garlanded thy tomb,
While each pale star, effulgent as the day,
Let forth its glittering beams amid the gloom,
And dimpled earth, where this white splendor lay.

I left thee: wooed to that rich southern clime
Where glows the orange and where blooms the rose;
The land of passion, where the brow of time [rose;
Dims not, but with renewed splendor glows—
The joyous Spring on her triumphal car
Rode through the land in beauty and in light,
And on the young south wind flung wide and far
The odor of her flowers—her spirit's young delight.
I rested not, though all was bright and green,
For still I heard thy gentle voice's moan:
My spirit leaped the darkling space between,
And knelt, all breathless, by thy twilight home!

One year hath flown—one little circling year—
 A dim, faint shadow of the wing of Time;
 Nor hath mine eye forgot the secret tear,
 Or heart to weave the sad and mournful rhyme:
 I stand beside thee—and I quickly trace
 The loving hand that hath been busy here.
 Who gave such beauty to thy dwelling-place,
 And bade the fresh green grass wave lightly there?
 My heart is full, nor can I say farewell,
 E'en to thy gentle shade, oh spirit bright!
 Without one prayer for him who wove the spell
 Of loveliness where all was rayless night.
 Not unremembered, then, thy narrow home
 Within the city of the voiceless dead;
 For hither oft a kindred form would roam,
 And place fresh turf above thy fair young head.
 I stand beside thee!—and again the dreams
 Of olden time rise up before my view,
 While lulling sounds, like to the voice of streams
 Float o'er my soul, soft as the morning dew:
 Could prayers or tears of mine but win thee now
 From thy high walk around the starry thrones,
 So selfish this, my tears would cease to flow—
 My voice refuse to falter forth the tones.

◆
 MY SISTER ELLEN.

SISTER ELLEN, I've been dreaming
 Of a fair and happy time;
 Gentle thoughts are round me gleaming,
 Thoughts of sunny girlhood's prime:
 Oh, the light, untutored fancies,
 Images so quaint and bold—
 Dim outlines of old romances,
 Forming childhood's age of gold!
 Eternal spring was then above us,
 Sunshine cheered our every path;
 None then knew us but to love us—
 Winning ways sweet childhood hath.
 Thou art little Nelly, looking
 Up into my anxious face—
 I thy childish caprice brooking,
 As thy merry thoughts I trace:
 See thy dreamy blue eyes glancing
 From thy founts of light and glee,
 And thy little feet go dancing
 Like the waves upon the sea!
 Tossing from thy snowy shoulder
 Golden curls with witching grace,
 Charming every new beholder
 With thine arch, expressive face.
 Sister Ellen! I've been dreaming
 Of some lightsome summer evenings,
 When the harvest-moon was beaming
 Softly through the dewy leaves—
 How among the flowers we wandered,
 Treading light as summer air;
 Looking upward, how we pondered
 On the dazzling glories there!
 We were children then together,
 Though I older was in years,
 And life's dark and stormy weather
 Seemed like April's smiles and tears.

FAREWELL OF THE SOUL TO THE BODY

HARK! a solemn bell is pealing
 From the far-off spirit clime;
 Angel forms, expectant, kneeling
 On the outer shores sublime,
 Hither turn their eyes of splendor
 Piercing through the mists of time!
 Thou art faintly, sadly sighing,
 Voyager through time with me;
 Can it be, thou'rt sinking—dying?
 Can it be that I am free—
 Free to drink in life immortal,
 Unrestrained now by thee?
 Yes! thine earthly days are numbered,
 Yet thou'rt clinging round me still;
 Still my drooping wings are cumbered
 By thy weak and fleshly will:
 Gently thus I loose thy claspings,
 Wishing thee no further ill.
 Though I've often bent upon thee
 A rebuking spirit's gaze,
 When thy spell was fully on me,
 In our early, youthful days,
 Sad and loath I am to leave thee,
 Treading Death's bewildering maze!
 All of enmity is banished
 As I hear thee moaning low,
 Pride and beauty have so vanished,
 Nothing can revive them now:
 See the hand of death triumphing
 In the dew upon thy brow!
 Ah! thy heart is faintly tolling,
 Like a closely muffled bell,
 And the purple rivers rolling
 'Neath thy bosom's gentle swell,
 Flow like waters when receding
 From a thirsty, springless well.
 What a weight is on thy bosom—
 What a palsy in thy hand!
 Thus Death chilled fair Eden's blossom—
 Thus, at his august command,
 All of human birth and mixture
 Shuddering in his presence stand!
 Let me, through thine eyelids closing,
 Look once more upon the earth;
 There thou soon wilt be reposing,
 Borne away from home and hearth,
 Where thy footsteps once were greeted
 With the noisy shout of mirth.
 Hark! what organ tones are swelling
 Through the spirit-realm on high;
 Ransomed souls are sweetly telling
 Of the joys beyond the sky:
 Let me here no longer linger,
 When the heavens are so nigh!
 Life's companion! thus we sever—
 Our short pilgrimage is done:
 We shall reunite for ever,
 Travel-stained and weary one,
 When the voice of God Eternal
 Wakes the dead with trumpet tone

LAMENT OF THE OLD YEAR.

"I'm weary and old," said the dying Year.
 As the sceptre fell from his shrunken hand;
 "One foot on the earth, and one on the bier,
 I go, with a wail for the beautiful here,
 To the phantom years in the ghostly land.
 Thought, like a river swift, sweeps o'er me now;
 Backward I'm borne to the eve of my birth:
 Smooth, then, my wrinkled cheek, spotless my brow;
 Stood I, with steady hand, held to the plough,
 Ready to furrow the beautiful earth!
 Then, as I sped along, softly there came
 One with a flowing robe, silken and green;
 Sweet was her siren voice—Spring was her name:
 Sunshine or shade, she was ever the same—
 Dazzling in beauty, and graceful in mien.
 Bride of my youthful days, gentle and fair,
 Low lies thy grave at the portals of Time!
 Wrapt in thy shroud of long sunshiny hair,
 The hours upborne by the wings of the air,
 Entombed thee in love, singing dirges sublime.
 There on thy bosom wan, pulseless and cold,
 Lay thy three doves at rest, which thou didst bear;
 First-born of early love—lambs of our fold,
 How, on their scented breath, Death feasted bold!
 E'en May, the youngest one, fairest, was there.
 Then, as I turned aside, weeping for thee,
 Swift came another maid, laughing and bright;
 She on my bosom hung, joyous and free,
 And in her dulcet tones warbled to me—
 Pouring her heart out in strains of delight.
 Bride of my sober prime, faded and gone,
 Thou wert to me as a beautiful dream!
 Love in thy spirit dwelt, free on his throne,
 Held by thy ravishing sweetness alone,
 Till thou wert engulfed in oblivion's stream.
 Sad, then, my spirit grew—lonely I sighed;
 All that I loved on earth fled from my grasp:
 Spring, in her beauty, first mournfully died—
 Summer I buried, too, close by her side,
 Wrenching the links of affection's strong clasp.
 Thin grew my whitened beard—moistened my eye;
 Faint was my voice's tone—languished my heart:
 Then, in my dreary age, Autumn drew nigh,
 Like a sweet angel of love from the sky,
 Ready to act the Samaritan's part.
 Oh, she with wisdom soothed! cheerful her voice,
 Ringing at morn like a clear matin-bell;
 Streams in my Summer's path seemed to rejoice;
 Spring was my first and my earliest choice,
 But Autumn I loved with a fervor as well.
 Oft when the glowing stars—footprints of God—
 Lit up the earth with a holier light,
 We o'er each pleasant place falt'ringly trod,
 Wailing the fate of the brown, fading sod,
 That shrank from our steps as if fearing a blight
 Down by a flashing rill, winding in shade,
 Leaping to sunlight in gladness and mirth,
 We, in a softened mood, pleasantly made
 A couch, where the streamlet a monody played—
 A death song for one of the brightest of earth!

Pale grew the berries red, close at our feet;
 Wan looked the waning moon over our head;
 Then moaned the hollow winds, winged and fleet,
 And Autumn unfolded her white winding-sheet,
 While Winter approached and enshrouded the
 dead!

As I in voiceless grief over her hung,
 Through her half-frozen lips broken words came:
 Sweeter than all that the minstrel has sung,
 The death-stricken accents that fell from her tongue,
 For even in death she was lisping my name!

Down by her yawning tomb, wrinkled with care,
 Cheerless and lone I sat, stricken and old;
 While my shrill piping voice poured on the air
 Tones like the voice of the spectre Despair,
 Calling his flock to their desolate fold!

Then did I journey on, leaning the while
 Faintly on Winter's staff, goaded by him:
 Ne'er on my shrivelled lips glimmered a smile—
 Wearily travelled we many a mile,
 The sun growing dark, and the stars shining dim.

Through the old forests vast, leafless and brown,
 Fled we the sickle keen, wielded by Time:
 Thus ever reapeth he what hath been sown,
 Plucking the fruits which another hath grown,
 Golden sheaves binding in every clime.

Down by the blackened stream, flowing from Death,
 Sit I, with folded hands, waiting my doom;
 Numb are my aged limbs—frozen my breath;
 Soon shall the pearl-berried misletoe wreath
 Twine its green arms round the parted Year's
 tomb!"

Thus sighed the dying year, palsied and old;
 Feeble and few grew the words that he spoke;
 Twelve had the bell with its iron tongue told
 When Time, in his office grown fearless and bold,
 With sharp-whetted scythe cut him down at a
 stroke!

THE ISLE OF DREAMS.

I MET thee in the Isle of Dreams,
 Beloved of my soul—
 I met thee on the silver sands,
 Where Lethean rivers roll;
 And by the flashing water-falls,
 That lulled the hours asleep,
 Thy spirit whispered unto mine
 The vows it may not keep....

I met thee in the Isle of Dreams—
 No fairer land may bloom
 Among the island-stars that crest
 The midnight's heavy gloom:
 The lilies blossomed in our path,
 Wild roses on the spray,
 And young birds from the wilderness
 Sang each a dreamy lay.

Our steps fell lightly as we pressed
 The green, enchanted ground,
 For love was swelling in our hearts,
 And in the air around:

All, all was sunshine, bliss, and light,
Belovéd of my soul,
When in the Isle of Dreams we met,
Where Lethean rivers roll.....

Then tread again the sounding shores
That echo in my dreams,
And walk beneath the rosy sky
That through my vision gleams ;
Oh meet me, meet me yet once more,
Belovéd of my soul,
Within the lovely Isle of Dreams,
Where Lethean rivers roll !

◆
THE SHADOW.

Twice beside the crumbling well
Where the lichen clingeth fast—
Twice, the shadow on them fell,
And the breeze went wailing past.
"Shines the moon this eve as brightly
As the harvest-moon may shine ;
Stands each star, that glimmers nightly,
Like a saint within its shrine :
Whence the shade then, whence the shadow ?
Canst thou tell, sweet lady mine ?"

But the lady's cheek was pale,
And her lips were snowy white,
As she clasped her silken veil,
Floating in the silver light :
Like an angel's wing it glistened—
Like a sybil seemed the maid ;
But in vain the lover listened,
Silence on her lips was laid !
Though they moved, no sound had broken
Through the stillness of the glade.

Brighter grew her burning eyes—
Wan and thin the rounded cheek :
Was it terror, or surprise,
That forbade the lips to speak ?
To his heart, then, creeping slowly,
Came a strange and deadly fear ;
Words and sounds profane, unholy,
Stole into his shrinking ear—
And the moon sunk sudden downward,
Leaving earth and heaven drear !

Slowly from the lady's lips
Burst a deep and heavy sigh—
As from some long, dark eclipse,
Rose the red moon in the sky :
Saw he then the lady leaning
Cold and fainting by the well ;
Eyes once filled with tender meaning
Closed beneath some hidden spell :
What was heard he dared not whisper,
What he feared were death to tell !

The little hand was wondrous fair
Which to him so wildly clung—
Raven was the glossy hair
Then from off her forehead flung ;
Much too fair that hand for staining
With a crime of darkest dye :

But the moon again is waning
In the pale and starless sky—
Hark ! what words are slowly falling
On the breeze that swept them by ?

"Touch her not !" the voice it said—
"Wrench thy mantle from her grasp !
Thus the disembodied dead
Warns from that polluting clasp.
Touch her not, but still look on her—
All an angel seemeth she ;
Yet, the guilty stains upon her
Shame the Fiend's dark company !
But, her hideous crime is nameless
Under heaven's canopy."

Twice, beside the crumbling well,
Where the lichen clingeth fast—
Twice the shadow on them fell,
And the breeze went wailing past :
Twice the voice's hollow warning
Pierced the haunted midnight air !
Then the golden light of morning
Streamed upon the lady there :
They who found her, stark and lonely,
Said the corse was very fair.

◆
LITTLE NELL.

Spring, with breezes cool and airy,
Opened on a little fairy ;
Ever restless, making merry,
She, with pouting lips of cherry,
Lisp'd the words she could not master,
Vexed that she might speak no faster—
Laughing, running, playing, dancing,
Mischief all her joys enhancing—
Full of baby-mirth and glee,
It was a joyous sight to see

Sweet Little Nell !

Summer came, the green earth's lover,
Ripening the tufted clover—
Calling down the glittering showers,
Breathing on the buds and flowers—
Rivalling young pleasant May
In a generous holyday !
Smallest insects hummed a tune
Through the bless'd nights of June :
And the maiden sang her song
Through the days so bright and long—
Dear Little Nell !

Autumn came ! the leaves were falling—
Death the little one was calling :
Pale and wan she grew, and weakly,
Bearing all her pains so meekly,
That to us she seemed still dearer
As the trial-hour drew nearer.
But she left us hopeless, lonely,
Watching by her semblance only :
And a little grave they made her,
In the churchyard cold they laid her—
Laid her softly down to rest,
With a white rose on her breast—
Poor Little Nell !

THE LITTLE FLOCK.

"We were not many"—we who stood
 In childhood round our mother's knee—
 A laughing, wild, and wayward brood
 Of many a changeful mind and mood,
 And hearts as light as hearts could be.

"We were not many"—we who played,
 When breathless came the scorching noon.
 Out in the leafy, grassy shade,
 The old and fragrant orchard made,
 As lengthened shadows fell in June.

How sweetly smelled the upturned mould
 Beneath the green and bending bough,
 For there, when days were moist and cold,
 The grass was sown ere spring was old—
 I'd give the world to see it now!

"We were not many"—we who drew
 At evening round the blazing hearth,
 To read, how from the harebells blue
 The tiny elves would drink the dew,
 Ere fairy forms forsook the earth.

"We were not many"—we who heard,
 From lips we loved at eve and morn,
 The teachings of the holy word,
 When youthful hearts to prayer were stirred,
 And love of meek-eyed Faith was born.

"We were not many"—death has spared
 A larger flock to mother's tears,
 And when his icy arm was bared,
 We scarcely thought that he had dared
 To touch the one so young in years.

"We were not many"—we who wept
 To see his star in swift decline:
 Five golden autumns he has slept—
 Five budding springs the moss has crept
 Around his couch beneath the pine.

"We are not many"—when we stand
 Where now he sleeps, at fall of dew;
 When loving May, with breezes bland,
 Has smoothed the turf with angel hand,
 And decked it round with violets blue.

"We are not many"—we who press
 With trembling lips Life's brimming cup:
 One craving draughts of happiness—
 Another, it may be, would bless
 The wave that dashed death's waters up.

"We are not many"—doubts and fears,
 And faded hopes of earth's renown,
 And broken faith, and toil and tears,
 Have, in the winepress of our years,
 Been heaped, and crushed, and trodden down!

"We were not many"—we who stood
 In childhood round our mother's knee:
But one from out the laughing brood
 Has borne unto his solitude
 The dreams he dreamt in infancy.

MUSINGS.

How like a conqueror the king of day
 Folds back the curtains of his orient couch,
 Bestrides the fleecy clouds, and speeds his way
 Through skies made brighter by his burning
 touch;

For as a warrior from the tented field,
 Victorious hastes his wearied limbs to rest,
 So doth the sun his brazen sceptre yield,
 And sink, fair night, upon thy gentle breast.

All hail, sad Vesper! on thy girdled throne
 Thou sittest a queen. Oh, twilight watcher-star,
 With gliding step thou comest forth alone,
 Pale, dreamy dweller of the realms afar;
 And when at eve's most holy, chastened hour,
 I watch each lesser star within its shrine,
 How do I miss the strange, mysterious power
 That chains my spirit to thine orb divine.

Fair Vesper! when thy golden tresses gleam
 Amid the banners of the sunset sky,
 Thy spirit floats on every radiant beam
 That gilds with beauty thy sweet home on high:
 Then hath my soul its hour of deepest bliss,
 And gentle thoughts like angels round me
 throng,

Breathing of worlds (oh, how unlike to this!)
 Where dwells eternal melody and song.

Star of the twilight! thou wert loved by one
 Whose spirit late hath passed away from earth,
 Who parted from us when the wailing tone
 Of some lone winds hushed gentle summer's
 mirth:

Yet, though we missed her at the eventide,
 And eyes gazed sadly on the vacant chair,
 Though from the hearth her music-tones have
 died,

And gone glad laughter that resounded there—

Still from her high and holy place above
 None would recall her to this earthly sphere,
 Or seek to win her from that home of love
 To tread the paths of sin and sorrow here:
 But clouds are gathering round fair Cynthia's
 home,
 And dark and heavy grows the sultry air,
 While, one by one, the lights in yon vast dome
 Fade and go out as Death were busy there.

And she, pale spirit of the midnight skies,
 Whose tears of light were streaming o'er the
 heath,

Now seems, unto my wakeful, watching eyes,
 Like some lone weeper in the house of death!
 The storm hath burst—the lightning's angry eye
 Glanceth around me, and the hoarse winds tell
 The raging tempest's might and majesty.
 Bright thoughts have vanished—gentle star, fare-
 well!

JULIA WARD HOWE.

(Born 1819).

Mrs. JULIA HOWE is a daughter of the late eminent banker Samuel Ward, and a sister of Samuel Ward, junior, one of our most accomplished scholars. In the spring of 1843 she was married to Dr. S. G. Howe, of Boston, so well known to his countrymen, and indeed to mankind, as one of the most active and wise of living philanthropists. Mrs. Howe was educated by the best masters, and her native intelligence rewarded a careful culture with fruits of grace and beauty which detain the admiration of society. One of her teachers was the much-lamented Schlesinger, of whom an elegant memoir was published by Mr. Ward, at the close of which he observes: "Returning to New York from a visit to Boston, on the morning of the twelfth of June, the writer of this memoir was overpowered by the sad intelligence of the demise of Mr. Schlesinger—whom he loved as a brother, and of whose danger he

had no suspicion. He gradually gathered from a pupil of the deceased, that he had died in the night of the eighth, and been buried, the Sunday after, in the Marble Cemetery, whither his mortal remains were followed by his friends and his Brothers of the 'Concordia,' who sang a requiem over his grave. When he asked her for further details, turning away to hide her tears, she handed him these lines." The pupil here referred to is Mrs. Howe, and the lines are the poem entitled *The Burial of Schlesinger*, which may be ranked among the finest productions of feminine genius.

Mrs. Julia Ward, the mother of Mrs. Howe, was a woman of taste and various acquirements, and her literary abilities are illustrated in many brilliant occasional poems, in English and French, of which some specimens are furnished in an earlier part of the present volume.

THE BURIAL OF SCHLESINGER.

SAD music breathes upon the air,
And steps come mournfully and slow;
Heavy is the load we bear,
Fellow-men our burthen share,
Death has laid our brother low.
Ye have heard our joyous strain,
Listen to our notes of wo!

Do ye not remember him
Whose finger, from the thrilling wire,
Now drew forth tears, now tones of fire?
Ah! that hand is cold for ever:
Gone is now life's fitful fever—
We sing his requiem.

We are singing him to rest—
He will rise a spirit blest.
Sing it softly, sing it slowly—
Let each note our sorrow tell,
For it is our last farewell,
And his grave is lone and lowly.

We sorrow for thee, brother!
We grieve that thou must lie
Far from the spot where thy fathers sleep;
Thou camest o'er the briny deep
In a stranger land to die.

We bear thee gently, brother,
To thy last resting-place;

21

Soon shall the earth above thee close,
And the dark veil of night repose
For ever on thy face.

We placed the last flowers, brother,
Upon thy senseless brow;
We kissed that brow before 't was hid,
We wept upon thy coffin-lid,
But all unmoved wert thou.

We've smoothed the green turf, brother,
Above thy lowly head;
Earth in her breast receive thee:
Oh, it is sad to leave thee,
Alone in thy narrow bed!

Thou art not with us, brother—
Yet, in yon blissful land,
Perhaps, thou still canst hear us—
Perhaps thou hoverest near us
And smilest as the choral band,
Which once obeyed thy master hand!
Now linger with their tears to leave
The sod that seals thy grave.

The sun is sinking, brother,
And with it our melody.
The dying cadence of our rite
Is mingled with the dying light.
Oh, brother! by that fading ray,
And by this mournful parting day,
We will remember thee.

321

The sculptor, in his chiselled stone,
 The painter, in his colors blent,
 The bard, in numbers all his own,
 Raises himself his monument:
 But he, whose every touch could wake
 A passion, and a thought control,
 He who, to bless the ear, did make
 Music of his very soul;
 Who bound for us, in golden chains,
 The golden links of harmony—
 Naught is left us of his strains,
 Naught but their fleeting memory:
 Then, while a trace of him remains,
 Shall we not cherish it tenderly?

◆◆◆

WORDSWORTH.

BARK of the unseen haven,
 Mind of unearthly mood,
 Like to the prophet's raven,
 Thou bringest me heavenly food;
 Or like some mild dove winging
 Its way from cloudless skies,
 Celestial odors bringing,
 And in its glad soul singing
 The songs of paradise.

Surely thou hast been nearer
 The bounds of day and night—
 Thy vision has been clearer,
 And loftier thy flight,
 And thou to God art dearer
 Than many men of might.
 Speak! for to thee we listen
 As never to bard before,
 And faded eyes shall glisten
 That thought to be bright no more.

Oh, tell us of yonder heaven,
 And the world that lies within;
 Tell us of the happy spirits
 To whom we are near of kin;
 Tell of the songs of rapture,
 Of the stars that never set;
 Do the angels call us brothers—
 Does our Father love us yet?

Speak, for our souls are thirsting
 For the light of righteousness;
 Speak, for our bosoms are bursting
 With a desolate loneliness;
 Our hearts are worn and weary,
 Our robes are travel-soiled—
 For through a desert dreary
 Our wandering feet have toiled.

Those to whom life looks brighter
 May ask an earthlier strain:
 A gayer spell and a lighter
 Shall hold them in its chain;
 But to those who have drunk deepest
 Of the cup of joy and grief,
 The tuneful tears thou weep'st
 Do minister relief.

Speak, for the earth is throbbing
 With a wild sense of pain;
 The wintry winds are sobbing

The requiem of the slain;
 Dimly our lamps are burning,
 And gladly we list to thee,
 With a strange and mystic yearning
 Toward the home where we would be:
 Turn from the rhyme of weary Time,
 And sing of Eternity!

Tell of the sacred mountains
 Where prophets in prayer have kneeled;
 Tell of the glorious fountains
 That soon shall be unsealed;
 Tell of the quiet regions
 Where those we love are fled;
 Tell of the angel legions
 That guard the blessed dead!

Tell us of the sea of glass,
 And of the icy river;
 To those who its waves must pass
 Thy message of love deliver.
 Strike, strike thy harp of many lays,
 And we will join the song of praise
 To Him that sitteth upon the throne
 Of life and love for ever!

◆◆◆

WOMAN.

A VESTAL priestess, proudly pure,
 But of a meek and quiet spirit;
 With soul all dauntless to endure,
 And mood so calm that naught can stir it
 Save when a thought most deeply thrilling
 Her eyes with gentlest tears is filling,
 Which seem with her true words to start
 From the deep fountain at her heart.

A mien that neither seeks nor shuns
 The homage scattered in her way;
 A love that hath few favored ones,
 And yet for all can work and pray;
 A smile wherein each mortal reads
 The very sympathy he needs;
 An eye like to a mystic book
 Of lays that bard or prophet sings,
 Which keepeth for the holiest look
 Of holiest love its deepest things

A form to which a king had bent,
 The fireside's dearest ornament—
 Known in the dwellings of the poor
 Better than at the rich man's door;
 A life that ever onward goes,
 Yet in itself has deep repose.

A vestal priestess, maid, or wife—
 Vestal, and vowed to offer up
 The innocence of a holy life
 To Him who gives the mingled cup;
 With man its bitter sweets to share,
 To live and love, to do and dare;
 His prayer to breathe, his tears to shed,
 Breaking to him the heavenly bread
 Of hopes which all, too high for earth,
 Have yet in her a mortal birth.

This is the woman I have dreamed,
 And to my childish thought she seemed
 The woman I myself should be:
 Alas! I would that I were she.

TO A BEAUTIFUL STATUE

I WOULD there were a blush upon thy cheek,
That I might deem thee human, not divine!
I would those sweet yet silent lips might speak,
Even to say, "I never can be thine!"
I would thine eye might shun my ardent gaze,
Then timidly return it; 'neath the fold
Of the white vest thy heart beat to the praise
Responsive that thou heedest not. I hold
Thy slender hand in mine: oh, why is it so cold?

Statue! I call on thee! I bid thee wake
To life and love. The world is bright and fair;
The flowers of spring blush in each verdant brake;
The birds' sweet song makes glad the perfumed air,
And thou alone feel'st not its balmy breath.
Oh! by what spell, once dear, still unforgot,
Shall I release thee from this seeming death? | spot?
What prayer shall charm thee from yon haunted
Awake! I summon thee! In vain: she hears me not.

What power hath bound thee thus? Devoid of
sense,

Buried in thine own beauty, speechless, pale—
What strange, stern destiny, what dire offence,
Hath drawn around thy living charms this veil?
Didst thou, like Niobe, behold the death
Of all thy loved ones? Did so sad a sight
Urge from thy bosom forth the panting breath,
Steal from thy tearful eye its liquid light,
And wrap thy fainting spirit in eternal night?

Or wert thou false, and merciless as fair—
And is it thus thy perfidy is wroken?
Didst thou with smiles the trusting soul ensnare,
And smile again to see it crushed and broken?
Oh, no! Heaven wished to rescue from the tomb
A form so faultless; and its mandate high
Arrested thee in youth's transcendent bloom,
Congealed in marble thy last parting sigh, [die.
Soothed thee to wakeless sleep, nor suffered thee to

For sure thou wert not always thus! The rush
Of life's warm stream hath lit thy vacant glance,
Tinting thy pallid cheek with maiden blush;
Those fairy limbs have sported in the dance,
Before they settled thus in quiet rest;
Thine ear the lyre's numbers hath received,
And to'd their import to the throbbing breast;
Thy heart hath hoped and feared, hath joyed and
grieved,

Hath loved and trusted, and hath been deceived.
Sleep on! The memory of thy grief or wrongs
With the forgotten past have long since fled;
And pitying Fate thy slumber still prolongs,
Lest thou shouldst wake, to sorrow for the dead.
Oh, should thine eyes unclose again on earth,
To find thyself uncared for, and alone—
The mates of thy young days of laughing mirth,
And he, more dear than all, for ever gone—
With bitter tears thou'dst ask again a heart of stone.

Sleep on in peace! thou shalt not sleep for ever:
Soon on thine echoing ear the voice shall thrill,
Whose well-known tone a'one thy bonds may
And bid thy spirit burst its cerements chill: [sever,
Thy frozen heart its pulses shall resume,

Thine eye with glistening tears of rapture swell,
Thou shalt arise in never-fading bloom!
The voice of deathless Love must break the spell:
Until that time shall come, sweet dreamer, fare thee
well!

WANING.

THE Moon looks dimly from the skies,
Of half her queenlike beauty shorn;
A sad and shrouded thing, she lies
Where she, scarce three weeks since, was born.

As from the darkness forth she sprang,
And it to her a cradle gave,
So on its bosom she must hang
Trembling, till it become her grave.

But while she sees the stars so bright,
The Moon can not her death deplore,
For all the heavens are sown with light,
Though from herself it come no more.

Pale Moon! and I like thee am sinking
Into my natural nothingness;
I who, like thee, from heaven was drinking
The godlike power to love and bless.

This shroud of night is dark and chill,
And yet I can not think to mourn;
The skies I filled are radiant still,
And will be bright when I am gone!

LEES FROM THE CUP OF LIFE.

ONCE I was sad, and well could weep,
Now I am wild, and I will laugh;
Pour out for me libations deep!
The blood of trampled grapes I'll quaff,
And mock at all who idly mourn,
And smite the beggar with his staff.

Oh! let us hold carousal dread
Over our early pleasures gone,
Youth is departed, love is dead;
Oh wo is me that I was born!
Yet fill the cup, pass round the jest—
Methinks I could laugh grief to scorn.

'Tis well to be a thing alone,
For whom no creature cares or grieves,
To build on desert sands a throne,
And spread a couch on wintry leaves,
Ruthless and hopeless, worn and wise—
The fool, the imbecile, believes!

Make me a song whose sturdy rhyme
Shall bid defiance bold to Wo.
Though caitiff wretch, come down to me,
See, at thy gate my trump I b'ow,
And, armed with rude indifference,
To thee thy scornful glove I throw!

Ah me! unequal, bootless fight!
Ah, cuirass, that betrays my trust!
Sorrow's stern angel bears a dart
Fatal to all of mortal dust;
He is a spirit, I of clay:
He can not die—alas, I must!

SPEAK, FOR THY SERVANT HEARETH.

SPEAK, for thy servant heareth ;
 Alone, in my lowly bed,
 Before I laid me down to rest
 My nightly prayer was said ;
 And naught my spirit feareth,
 In darkness or by day :
 Speak, for thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

I've stood before thine altar,
 A child before thy might ;
 No breath within thy temple stirred
 The dim and cloudy light ;
 And still I knew that thou wert there,
 Teaching my heart to say—
 "Speak, for thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey."

O God, my flesh may tremble
 When thou speakest to my soul ;
 But it can not shun thy presence blest,
 Or shrink from thy control.
 A joy my spirit cheereth
 That can not pass away :
 Speak, for thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

Thou biddest me to utter
 Words that I scarce may speak,
 And mighty things are laid on me,
 A helpless one and weak ;
 Darkly thy truth declareth
 Its purpose and its way :
 Speak, for thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

And shouldst thou be a stranger
 To that which thou hast made ?
 Oh! ever be about my path,
 And hover near my bed.
 Lead me in every step I take,
 Teach me each word I say :
 Speak, for thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

How hath thy glory lighted
 My lonely place of rest ;
 How sacred now shall be to me
 The spot which thou hast blest !
 If aught of evil should draw nigh
 To bring me shame and fear,
 My steadfast soul shall make reply,
 "Depart, for God is near !"

I bless thee that thou speakest
 Thus to an humble child ;
 The God of Jacob calls to me
 In gentle tones and mild ;

Thine enemies before thy face
 Are scattered in dismay :
 Speak, Lord, thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

I've stood before thee all my days—
 Have ministered to thee ;
 But in the hour of darkness first
 Thou speakest unto me.
 And now, the night appeareth
 More beautiful than day :
 Speak, Lord, thy servant heareth,
 And heareth to obey.

A MOTHER'S FEARS.

I AM one who holds a treasure,
 A gem of wondrous cost ;
 But I mar my heart's deep pleasure
 With the fear it may be lost.

God gives not many mothers
 So fair a child as thou,
 And those he gives to others
 In death are oft laid low.

I, too, might know that sorrow,
 To stand by thy dying bed,
 And wish each weary morrow
 Only that I were dead.

Oh! would that I could bear thee,
 As I bore thee 'neath my heart,
 And every sorrow spare thee,
 And bid each pain depart !

Tell me some act of merit
 By which I may deserve
 To hold the angel spirit,
 And its sweet life preserve.

When I watch the little creature,
 If tears of rapture flow—
 If I worship each fair feature—
 All mothers would do so.

And if I fain would shield her
 From suffering, on my breast,
 Strive every joy to yield her,
 'T is thus that I am blest.

Oh! for some heavenly token,
 By which I may be sure
 The vase shall not be broken—
 Dispersed the essence pure !

Then spake the Angel of Mothers
 To me, in gentle tone :
 "Be kind to the children of others,
 And thus deserve thine own."



Illustration of a woman

AMELIA B. WELBY.

(Born 1821—Died 1852)

AMELIA B. WELBY, whose maiden name was COPPUCK, was born in the small town of St. Michael's, in Maryland, in 1821. When she was about fourteen years of age, her father removed to Lexington and afterward to Louisville, in Kentucky, where, in 1838, she was married to Mr. George B. Welby, a merchant of that city.

Mrs. Welby made herself known at a very early age by numerous poetical pieces printed, under the signature of "Amelia," in the Louisville Journal, which is edited by Mr. George D. Prentice, (a gentleman deserving as much reputation for his literary abilities as for his wit,) and has been a medium for the original appearance of much of the best poetry of the West.

In 1844 a collection of her poems appeared in a small octavo volume at Boston, and their popularity has been so great that it has since passed through four or five large editions. This success must have surprised as much as it gratified the amiable and modest poet, for, writing to me in the summer of 1843, she observed in reference to a suggestion I had made to her—"My husband and friends here also desire greatly to have a collection of my little poems published, but really I am afraid they are not worth it. Many of them

were written when I was so very young, that at the sober age of twenty-two I can scarcely read them without a blush." With the same letter she sent me the manuscript of one of her longest poems, entitled Pulpit Eloquence. It is now before me, and though scarcely a believer in Mr Poe's ingenious speculations upon "autograpny," I see in the elaborate neatness and distinctness of her round and regular handwriting an indication of the peculiar character of her genius, which delights in grace and repose, in forms of delicacy and finished elegance.

There are in the writings of Mrs. Welby few indications of creative power; she walks the Temple of the Muses with no children of the imagination; but her fancy is lively, discriminating, and informed by a minute and intelligent observation of nature, and she has introduced into poetry some new and beautiful imagery. Her sentiment has the relation to passion which her fancy sustains to the imagination. No painful experience has tried her heart's full energies; but her feelings are natural and genuine; and we are sure of the presence of a womanly spirit, reverencing the sanctities and immunities of life, and sympathizing with whatever addresses the sense of beauty.

THE RAINBOW.

I SOMETIMES have thoughts, in my loneliest hours,
That lie on my heart like the dew on the flowers,
Of a ramble I took one bright afternoon
When my heart was as light as a blossom in June;
The green earth was moist with the late fallen showers,
The breeze fluttered down and blew open the flowers,
While a single white cloud, to its haven of rest
On the white wing of Peace, floated off in the west.
As I threw back my tresses to catch the cool breeze,
That scattered the rain-drops and dimpled the seas,
Far up the blue sky a fair rainbow unrolled
Its soft-tinted pinions of purple and gold.
'T was born in a moment, yet, quick as its birth,
It had stretched to the uttermost ends of the earth,
And, fair as an angel, it floated as free,
With a wing on the earth and a wing on the sea.
How calm was the ocean! how gentle its swell
Like a woman's soft bosom it rose and it fell;

While its light sparkling waves, stealing laughingly
o'er,

When they saw the fair rainbow, knelt down on the
shore.

No sweet hymn ascended, no murmur of prayer,
Yet I felt that the spirit of worship was there,
And bent my young head, in devotion and love,
'Neath the form of the angel that floated above.

How wide was the sweep of its beautiful wings!
How boundless its circle, how radiant its rings!
If I looked on the sky, 't was suspended in air;
If I looked on the ocean, the rainbow was there;
Thus forming a girdle, as brilliant and whole
As the thoughts of the rainbow, that circled my soul.
Like the wing of the Deity, calmly unfurled,
It bent from the cloud and encircled the world.

There are moments, I think, when the spirit receives
Whole volumes of thought on its unwritten leaves,
When the folds of the heart in a moment unclose
Like the innermost leaves from the heart of a rose.

And thus, when the rainbow had passed from the sky,
The thoughts it awoke were too deep to pass by ;
It left my full soul, like the wing of a dove,
All fluttering with pleasure and fluttering with love.

I know that each moment of rapture or pain
But shortens the links in life's mystical chain ;
I know that my form, like that bow from the wave,
Must pass from the earth, and lie cold in the grave ;
Yet oh ! when Death's shadows my bosom encloud,
When I shrink at the thought of the coffin and shroud,
May Hope, like the rainbow, my spirit enfold
In her beautiful pinions of purple and gold !

PULPIT ELOQUENCE.

THE day was declining : the breeze in its glee
Had left the fair blossoms to sing on the sea,
As the sun in its gorgeousness, radiant and still,
Dropped down like a gem from the brow of the hill ;
One tremulous star, in the glory of June,
Came out with a smile and sat down by the Noon,
As she graced her blue throne with the pride of a queen.
The smiles of her loveliness gladdening the scene.

The scene was enchanting ! in distance away
Rolled the foam-crested waves of the Chesapeake bay,
While bathed in the moonlight the village was seen,
With the church in the distance that stood on the
green,

The soft-sloping meadows lay brightly unrolled
With their mantles of verdure and blossoms of gold,
And the earth in her beauty, forgetting to grieve,
Lay asleep in her bloom on the bosom of eve.

A light-hearted child, I had wandered away [day ;
From the spot where my footsteps had gambolled all
And free as a bird's was the song of my soul,
As I heard the wild waters exultingly roll,
While, lightening my heart as I sported along
With bursts of low laughter and snatches of song,
I struck in the pathway half worn o'er the sod
By the feet that went up to the worship of God.

As I traced its green windings, a murmur of prayer
With the hymn of the worshippers rose on the air,
And, drawn by the links of its sweetness along,
I stood unobserved in the midst of the throng :
For a while my young spirit still wandered about
With the birds and the winds that were singing
without,

But birds, waves, and zephyrs, were quickly forgot
In one angel-like being that brightened the spot.

In stature majestic, apart from the throng
He stood in his beauty, the theme of my song !
His cheek pale with fervor—the blue orbs above
Lit up with the splendors of youth and of love ;
Yet the heart-glowing raptures, that beamed from
those eyes,

Seemed saddened by sorrows and chastened by sighs,
As if the young heart in its bloom had grown cold
With its loves unrequited, its sorrows untold.

Such language as his I may never recall,
But his theme was salvation—salvation to all :
And the souls of a thousand in ecstasy hung [tongue.
On the manna-like sweetness that dropped from his

Not alone on the ear his wild eloquence stole :
Enforced by each gesture it sank to the soul,
Till it seemed that an angel had brightened the god
And brought to each bosom a message from God.

He spoke of the Savior : what pictures he drew .
The scene of his sufferings rose clear on my view ,
The cross, the rude cross where he suffered and died,
The gush of bright crimson that flowed from his side,
The cup of his sorrows, the wormwood and gall,
The darkness that mantled the earth as a pall,
The garland of thorns, and the demon-like crews,
Who knelt as they scoffed him—"Hail, King of
the Jews !"

He spake, and it seemed that his statue-like form
Expanded and glowed as his spirit grew warm—
His tone so impassioned, so melting his air,
As, touched with compassion, he ended in prayer,
His hands clasped above him, his blue orbs upthrown,
Still pleading for sins that were never his own,
While that mouth, where such sweetness ineffable
clung,
Still spoke, though expression had died on his tongue.

O God ! what emotions the speaker awoke !
A mortal he seemed—yet a deity spoke ;
A man—yet so far from humanity riven !
On earth—yet so closely connected with heaven !
How oft in my fancy I've pictured him there,
As he stood in that triumph of passion and prayer,
With his eyes closed in rapture, their transient eclipse
Made bright by the smiles that illumined his lips.

There's a charm in delivery, a magical art,
That thrills, like a kiss, from the lip to the heart ;
'Tis the glance, the expression, the well-chosen word,
By whose magic the depths of the spirit are stirred ;
The smile, the mute gesture, the soul-starting pause,
The eye's sweet expression, that melts while it awes,
The lip's soft persuasion—its musical tone—
Oh such was the charm of that eloquent one !

The time is long past, yet how clearly defined
That bay, church, and village, float up on my mind !
I see amid azure the moon in her pride,
With the sweet little trembler that sat by her side ;
I hear the blue waves, as she wanders along,
Leap up in their gladness and sing her a song,
And I tread in the pathway half worn o'er the sod
By the feet that went up to the worship of God.

The time is long past, yet what visions I see !
The past, the dim past, is the present to me ; [throng
I am standing once more mid that heart-stricker
A vision floats up—'tis the theme of my song—
All glorious and bright as a spirit of air,
The light like a halo encircling his hair ;
As I catch the same accents of sweetness and love,
He whispers of Jesus, and points us above.

How sweet to my heart is the picture I've traced !
Its chain of bright fancies seemed almost effaced,
Till Memory, the fond one, that sits in the soul,
Took up the frail links, and connected the whole :
As the dew to the blossom, the bud to the bee,
As the scent to the rose, are those memories to me ;
Round the chords of my heart they have tremulously
And the echo it gives is the song I have sung. [clung,

ON ENTERING THE MAMMOTH CAVE.

HUSH! for my heart-blood curdles as we enter
 To glide in gloom these shadowy realms about;
 Oh! what a scene the round globe to its centre,
 To form this awful cave, seems hollowed out!
 Yet pause—no mystic word hath yet been spoken
 To win us entrance to this awful sphere—
 A whispered prayer must be our watchword token,
 And peace—like that around us—peace unbroken
 The passport here.

And now farewell, ye birds and blossoms tender,
 Ye glistening leaves by morning dews impearled,
 And you, ye beams that light with softened splendor
 The glimmering glories of yon outer world!
 While thus we pause these silent arches under,
 To you and yours a wild farewell we wave,
 For oh! perhaps this awful spot may sunder
 Our hearts from all we love—this world of wonder
 May be our grave.

And yet farewell! the faintly flickering torches
 Light our lone footsteps o'er the silent sod;
 And now all hail, ye everlasting arches,
 Ye dark dominions of an unseen God!
 Who would not for this sight the bliss surrender
 Of all the beauties of yon sunny sphere,
 And break the sweetest ties, however tender,
 To be the witness of the silent splendor
 That greets us here!

Ye glittering caves, ye high, o'erhanging arches,
 A pilgrim-band we glide amid your gloom,
 With breathless lips, and high, uplifted torches,
 All fancifully decked in cave-costume;
 Far from the day's glad beams, and songs, and flowers,
 We've come with spell-touched hearts, ye countless
 To glide enchanted, for a few brief hours, [caves,
 Through the calm beauty of your awful bowers
 And o'er your waves!

Beautiful cave! that all my soul entrances,
 Known as the wonder of the West so long,
 Oh 'twere a fate beyond my wildest fancies,
 Could I but shrine you now as such in song!
 But 'tis in vain—the untaught child of Nature,
 I can not vent the thoughts that through me flow,
 Yet none the less is graved thine every feature
 Upon the wild, imaginative creature
 That hails you now!

Palace of Nature! with a poet's fancies
 I've oftimes pictured thee in dreams of bliss,
 And glorious scenes were given to my glances,
 But never gazed I on a scene like this!
 Compared with thine, what are the awful wonders
 Of the deep, fathomless, unbounded sea?
 Or the storm-cloud whose lance of lightning sunders
 The solid oak?—or even thine awful thunders,
 Niagara!

Hark! hear ye not those echoes ringing after
 Our gliding steps—my spirit faints with fear—
 Those mocking tones, like subterranean laughter—
 Or does the brain grow wild with wandering here!
 There may be spectres wild and forms appalling
 Our wandering eyes, where'er we rove, to greet—
 Methinks I hear their low, sad voices calling
 Upon us now, and far away the falling
 Of phantom feet.

The glittering dome, the arch, the towering column,
 Are sights that greet us now on every hand,
 And all so wild, so strange, so sweetly solemn—
 So like one's fancies formed of fairy land!
 And these, then, are your works, mysterious powers!
 Your spells are o'er, around us, and beneath,
 These opening aisles, these crystal fruits and flowers,
 And glittering grotts, and high-arched, beauteous
 As still as death! [bowers,

But yet lead on; perhaps than this fair vision,
 Some lovelier yet in darkling distance lies—
 Some cave of beauty, like those realms Elysian
 That oftimes open on poetic eyes;
 Some spot, where led by Fancy's sweet assistance
 Our wandering feet o'er silvery sands may stray,
 Where prattling waters urge with soft resistance
 Their wavelets on, till lost in airy distance,
 And far away.

Oft the lone Indian o'er these low-toned waters
 Has bent perhaps his swarthy brow to lave!
 It seems the requiem of their dark-eyed daughters,
 Those sweet, wild notes that wander o'er the wave.
 Hast thou no relic of their ancient glory,
 No legend, lonely cavern! linked with thine?
 No tale of love—no wild, romantic story
 Of some warm heart whose dreams were transitory
 And sweet as mine!

It must be so: the thought your spell enhances;
 Yet why pursue this wild, romantic dream?
 The heart, afloat upon its fluttering fancies,
 Would lose itself in the bewildering theme.
 And yet, ye waters! still I list your surging,
 And ever and anon I seem to view,
 In Fancy's eye, some Indian maid emerging
 Through the deep gloom, and o'er your waters urging
 Her light canoe.

Oh silent cave! amid the elevation
 Of lofty thought could I abide with thee,
 My soul's sad shrine, my heart's lone habitation,
 For ever and for ever thou shouldst be:
 Here into song my every thought I'd render,
 And thou, and thou alone, shouldst be my theme,
 Far from the weary world's delusive splendor,
 Would not my lonely life be all one tender,
 Delicious dream?

Yes, though no other form save mine might hover
 In these lone halls, no other whisper roll
 Along those airy domes that arch me over
 Save gentle Echo's, sister of my soul, [me,
 Yet 'neath these domes whose spell of beauty weighs
 My heart would evermore in bliss abide—
 No sorrow to depress, no hope to raise me,
 Here would I ever dwell—with none to praise me,
 And none to chide.

Region of caves and streams! and must I sever
 My spirit from your spell? 'T were bliss to stray
 The happy rover of your realms for ever,
 And yet, farewell for ever and for aye!
 I leave you now, yet many a sparkling token
 Within your cool recesses I have sought
 To treasure up with fancies still unspoken, [broken
 Till from these quivering heartstrings Death hath
 The thread of thought.

HOPELESS LOVE.

THE trembling waves beneath the moonbeams quiver
 Reflecting back the blue, unclouded skies;
 The stars look down upon the still, bright river,
 And smile to see themselves in paradise;
 Sweet songs are heard to gush in joyous bosoms,
 That lightly throb beneath the greenwood tree
 And glossy plumes float in amid the blossoms,
 And all around are happy—all but me!

And yet, I come beneath the light, that trembles
 O'er these dim paths, with listless steps to roam,
 For here my bursting heart no more dissembles,
 My sad lips quiver, and the tear-drops come;
 I come once more to list the low-voiced turtle,
 To watch the dreamy waters as they flow,
 And lay me down beneath the fragrant myrtle,
 That drops its blossoms when the west winds blow.

Oh! there is one, on whose sweet face I ponder,
 One angel-being mid the beauteous band,
 Who in the evening's hush comes out to wander
 Amid the dark-eyed daughters of the land!
 Her step is lightest where each light foot presses,
 Her song is sweetest mid their songs of glee,
 Smiles light her lips, and rosebuds, mid her tresses,
 Look lightly up their dark redundancy.

Youth, wealth, and fame, are mine: all, that entrances
 The youthful heart, on me their charms confer;
 Sweet lips smile on me too, and melting glances
 Flash up to mine—but not a glance from her!
 Oh, I would give youth, beauty, fame, and splendor,
 My all of bliss, my every hope resign,
 To wake in that young heart one feeling tender—
 To clasp that little hand, and call it mine!

In this sweet solitude the sunny weather
 Hath called to life light shapes and fairy-elves,
 The rosebuds lay their crimson lips together,
 And the green leaves are whispering to themselves;
 The clear, faint starlight on the blue wave flushes,
 And, filled with odors sweet, the south wind blows,
 The purple clusters load the lilac-bushes,
 And fragrant blossoms fringe the apple-boughs.

Yet, I am sick with love and melancholy,
 My locks are heavy with the drooping dew,
 Low murmurs haunt me—murmurs soft and holy,
 And oh, my lips keep murmuring, murmuring too!
 I hate the beauty of these calm, sweet bowers,
 The bird's wild music, and the fountain's fall;
 Oh, I am sick in this lone land of flowers,
 My soul is weary—weary of them all!

Yet had I that sweet face, on which I ponder,
 To bloom for me within this Eden-home,
 That lip to sweetly murmur when I wander,
 That cheek to softly dimple when I come—
 How sweet would glide my days in these lone bowers,
 Far from the world and all its heartless throngs,
 Her fairy feet should only tread on flowers,
 I'd make her home melodious with my songs!

Ah me! such blissful hopes once filled my bosom,
 And dreams of fame could then my heart enthral,
 And joy and bliss around me seemed to blossom;
 But oh, these blissful hopes are blighted—all!

No smiling angel decks these Eden-bowers,
 No springing footstep echoes mine in glee—
 Oh, I am weary in this land of flowers!
 I sigh—I sigh amid them all—ah me!

THE OLD MAID.

WHY sits she thus in solitude? her heart
 Seems melting in her eye's delicious blue—
 And as it heaves, her ripe lips lie apart
 As if to let its heavy throbbings through;
 In her dark eye a depth of softness swells,
 Deeper than that her careless girlhood wore;
 And her cheek crimson with the hue that tells
 The rich, fair fruit is ripened to the core.

It is her thirtieth birthday! with a sigh
 Hersoulhath turn'd from youth's luxuriant bowers,
 And her heart taken up the last sweet tie
 That measured out its links of golden hours!
 She feels her inmost soul within her stir
 With thoughts too wild and passionate to speak;
 Yet her full heart—its own interpreter—
 Translates itself in silence on her cheek.

Joy's opening buds, affection's glowing flowers,
 Once lightly sprang within her beaming track;
 Oh, life was beautiful in those lost hours,
 And yet she does not wish to wander back!
 No! she but loves in loneliness to think
 On pleasures past, though never more to be:
 Hope links her to the future—but the link
 That binds her to the past is memory!

From her lone path she never turns aside,
 Though passionate worshippers before her fall;
 Like some pure planet in her lonely pride,
 She seems to soar and beam above them all!
 Not that her heart is cold!—emotions new
 And fresh as flowers are with her heartstrings knit:
 And sweetly mournful pleasures wander through
 Her virgin soul, and softly ruffle it.

For she hath lived with heart and soul alive
 To all that makes life beautiful and fair; [hive
 Sweet Thoughts, like honey-bees, have made their
 Of her soft bosom-cell, and cluster there;
 Yet life is not to her what it hath been:
 Her soul hath learned to look beyond its gloss—
 And now she hovers like a star between
 Her deeds of love—her Savior on the cross!

Beneath the cares of earth she does not bow,
 Though she hath oftimes drained its bitter cup,
 But ever wanders on with heavenward brow,
 And eyes whose lovely lids are lifted up!
 She feels that in that lovelier, happier sphere,
 Her bosom yet will, birdlike, find its mate,
 And all the joys it found so blissful here
 Within that spirit-realm perpetuate.

Yet, sometimes o'er her trembling heartstrings thrill
 Soft sighs, for raptures it hath ne'er enjoyed—
 And then she dreams of love, and stives to fill
 With wild and passionate thoughts the craving void.
 And thus she wanders on—half sad, half blest—
 Without a mate for the pure, lonely heart,
 That, yearning, throbs within her virgin breast.
 Never to find its lovely counterpart!

MELODIA.

I MET, once in my girlish hours,
 A creature, soft and warm;
 Her cottage bonnet, filled with flowers,
 Hung swinging on her arm;
 Her voice was sweet as the voice of Love,
 And her teeth were pure as pearls,
 While her forehead lay, like a snow-white dove
 In a nest of nut-brown curls;
 She was a thing unknown to fame—
 Melodia was her strange, sweet name.

I never saw an eye so bright
 And yet so soft as hers;
 It sometimes swam in liquid light,
 And sometimes swam in tears;
 It seemed a beauty, set apart
 For softness and for sighs;
 But oh! Melodia's melting heart
 Was softer than her eyes—
 For they were only formed to spread
 The softness from her spirit shed.

I've gazed on many a brighter face,
 But ne'er on one, for years,
 Where beauty left so soft a trace
 As it had left on hers.
 But who can paint the spell, that wove
 A brightness round the whole?
 'T would take an angel from above
 To paint the immortal soul—
 To trace the light, the inborn grace,
 The spirit, sparkling o'er her face.

Her bosom was a soft retreat
 For love, and love alone,
 And yet her heart had never beat
 To Love's delicious tone.
 It dwelt within its circle free
 From tender thoughts like these,
 Waiting the little deity,
 As the blossom waits the breeze
 Before it throws the leaves apart
 And trembles, like the love-touched heart.

She was a creature, strange as fair,
 First mournful and then wild—
 Now laughing on the clear, bright air
 As merry as a child,
 Then, melting down, as soft as even
 Beneath some new control,
 She'd throw her hazel eyes to heaven
 And sing with all her soul,
 In tones as rich as some young bird's,
 Warbling her own delightful words.

Melodia! oh how soft thy darts,
 How tender and how sweet!
 Thy song enchained a thousand hearts
 And drew them to thy feet;
 And, as thy bright lips sang, they caught
 So beautiful a ray,
 That, as I gazed, I almost thought
 The spirit of thy lay
 Had left, while melting on the air,
 Its sweet expression painted there.

Sweet vision of that starry even!
 Thy virgin beauty yet,
 Next to the bless'd hope of heaven,
 Is in my spirit set.
 It is a something, shrined apart,
 A light from memory shed,
 To live until this tender heart,
 On which it lives, is dead—
 Reminding me of brighter hours,
 Of summer eves and summer flowers.

TO A SEA-SHELL.

SHELL of the bright sea-waves!
 What is it that we hear in thy sad moan?
 Is this unceasing music all thine own?
 Lute of the ocean-caves!
 Or does some spirit dwell
 In the deep windings of thy chambers dim,
 Breathing for ever, in its mournful hymn,
 Of ocean's anthem-swell?
 Wert thou a murmurer long
 In crystal palaces beneath the seas,
 Ere from the blue sky thou hadst heard the breeze
 Pour its full tide of song?

Another thing with thee:
 Are there not gorgeous cities in the deep,
 Buried with flashing gems that brightly sleep,
 Hid by the mighty sea?
 And say, oh lone sea-shell!
 Are there not costly things and sweet perfumes
 Scattered in waste o'er that sea-gulf of tombs?
 Hush thy low moan and tell.

But yet, and more than all—
 Has not each foaming wave in fury tossed
 O'er earth's most beautiful, the brave, the lost,
 Like a dark funeral pall?
 'Tis vain—thou answerest not!
 Thou hast no voice to whisper of the dead;
 'Tis ours alone, with sighs like odors shed,
 To hold them unforgot!

Thine is as sad a strain
 As if the spirit in thy hidden cell
 Pined to be with the many things that dwell
 In the wild, restless main.

And yet there is no sound
 Upon the waters, whispered by the waves,
 But seemeth like a wail from many graves,
 Thrilling the air around.

The earth, oh moaning shell!
 The earth hath melodies more sweet than these—
 The music-gush of rills, the hum of bees
 Heard in each blossom's bell.

Are not these tones of earth,
 The rustling forest, with its shivering leaves,
 Sweeter than sounds that e'en in moonlit eves
 Upon the seas have birth?
 Alas! thou still wilt moan—
 Thou'rt like the heart that wastes itself in signs
 E'en when amid bewildering melodies,
 If parted from its own.

THE LAST INTERVIEW.

HERE, in this lonely bower where first I won thee,
I come, beloved, beneath the moon's pale ray,
To gaze once more through struggling tears upon
And then to bear my broken heart away. [thee,
I dare not linger near thee as a brother,
I feel my burning heart would still be thine;
How could I hope my passionate thoughts to smother,
While yielding all the sweetness to another,
That should be mine!

But Fate hath willed it; the decree is spoken;
Now life may lengthen out its weary chain;
For, reft of thee, its loveliest links are broken,
May we but clasp them all in heaven again!
Yes, thou wilt there be mine: in yon blue heaven
There are sweet meetings of the pure and fond;
Oh! joys unspeakable to such are given,
When the sweet ties of love, that here are riven,
Unite beyond:

A glorious charm from heaven thou dost inherit;
The gift of angels unto thee belongs;
Then breathe thy love in music, that thy spirit
May whisper to me thro' thine own sweet songs;
And though my coming life may soon resemble
The desert spots through which my steps will flee,
Though round thee then wild worshippers assemble,
My heart will triumph if thine own but tremble
Still true to me.

Yet, not when on our bower the light reposes
In golden glory, wilt thou sigh for me—
Not when the young bee seeks the crimson roses,
And the far sunbeams tremble o'er the sea;
But when at eve the tender heart grows fonder,
And the full soul with pensive love is fraught,
Then with wet lids o'er these sweet paths thou'lt
wander,
And, thrilled with love, upon my memory ponder
With tender thought.

And when at times thy birdlike voice entrances
The listening throng with some enchanting lay,
If I am near thee, let thy heavenly glances
One gentle message to my heart convey;
I ask but this—a happier one has taken
From my lone life the charm that made it dear;
I ask but this, and promise thee unshaken
To meet that look of love: but oh, 't will awaken
Such raptures here!

And now farewell! farewell! I dare not lengthen
These sweet, sad moments out; to gaze on thee
Is bliss indeed, yet it but serves to strengthen
The love that now amounts to agony;
This is our last farewell, our last fond meeting;
The world is wide, and we must dwell apart;
My spirit gives thee, now, its last wild greeting,
With lip to lip, while pulse to pulse is beating,
And heart to heart.

Farewell! farewell! our dream of bliss is over—
All save the memory of our plighted love;
I now must yield thee to thy happier lover,
Yet, oh remember, thou art mine above!
'T is a sweet thought, and, when by distance parted,

'T will lie upon our hearts a holy spell;
But the sad tears beneath thy lids have started,
And I—alas! we both are broken-hearted—
Dearest, farewell!

MY SISTERS.

LIKE flowers that softly bloom together,
Upon one fair and fragile stem,
Mingling their sweets in sunny weather
Ere strange, rude hands have parted them.
So were we linked unto each other,
Sweet sisters, in our childish hours,
For then one fond and gentle mother
To us was like the stem to flowers;
She was the golden thread that bound us
In one bright chain together here,
Till Death unloosed the cord around us,
And we were severed far and near.

The floweret's stem, when broke or shattered,
Must cast its b'ossoms to the wind,
Yet, round the buds, though widely scattered,
The same soft perfume still we find;
And thus, although the tie is broken
That linked us round our mother's knee,
The memory of words we've spoken,
When we were children light and free,
Will, like the perfume of each blossom,
Live in our hearts where'er we roam,
As when we slept on one fond bosom,
And dwelt within one happy home.

I know that changes have come o'er us,
Sweet sisters! we are not the same,
For different paths now lie before us,
And all three have a different name;
And yet, if Sorrow's dimming fingers
Have shadowed o'er each youthful brow,
So much of light around them lingers
I can not trace those shadows now.
Ye both have those who love ye only,
Whose dearest hopes are round you thrown,
While, like a stream that wanders wildly,
Am I, the youngest, wildest one.

My heart is like the wind, that beareth
Sweet scents upon its unseen wing—
The wind! that for no creature careth,
Yet stealeth sweets from everything;
It hath rich thoughts for ever leaping
Up, like the waves of flashing seas,
That with their music still are keeping
Soft time with every fitful breeze;
Each leaf that in the bright air quivers,
The sounds from hidden solitudes,
And the deep flow of far-off rivers,
And the loud rush of many floods:
All these, and more, stir in my bosom
Feelings that make my spirit glad,
Like dewdrops shaken in a blossom;
And yet there is a something sad
Mixed with those thoughts, like clouds, that hover
Above us in the quiet air,
Veiling the moon's pale beauty over,
Like a dark spirit brooding there.

But, sisters! those wild thoughts were never
 Yours: ye would not love, like me,
 To gaze upon the stars for ever,
 To hear the wind's wild melody.
 Ye'd rather look on smiling faces,
 And linger round a cheerful hearth,
 Than mark the stars' bright hiding-places
 As they peep out upon the earth.
 But, sisters! as the stars of even
 Shrink from Day's golden-flashing eye,
 And, melting in the depths of heaven,
 Veil their soft beams within the sky;
 So shall we pass, the joyous-hearted,
 The fond, the young, like stars that wane,
 Till every link of earth be parted,
 To form in heaven one mystic chain.

◆
 MUSINGS.

I WANDERED out one summer night,
 'T was when my years were few,
 The wind was singing in the light,
 And I was singing too;
 The sunshine lay upon the hill,
 The shadow in the vale,
 And here and there a leaping rill
 Was laughing on the gale.
 One fleecy cloud upon the air
 Was all that met my eyes;
 It floated like an angel there
 Between me and the skies;
 I clapped my hands and warbled wild.
 As here and there I flew,
 For I was but a careless child,
 And did as children do.
 The waves came dancing o'er the sea
 In bright and glittering bands;
 Like little children, wild with glee,
 They linked their dimpled hands—
 They linked their hands, but, ere I caught
 Their sprinkled drops of dew,
 They kissed my feet, and, quick as thought,
 Away the ripples flew.
 The twilight hours, like birds, flew by,
 As lightly and as free;
 Ten thousand stars were in the sky,
 Ten thousand on the sea;
 For every wave with dimpled face,
 That leaped upon the air,
 Had caught a star in its embrace,
 And held it trembling there.
 The young moon, too, with upturned sides
 Her mirrored beauty gave,
 And, as a bark at anchor rides,
 She rode upon the wave;
 The sea was like the heaven above,
 As perfect and as whole,
 Save that it seemed to thrill with love
 As thrills the immortal soul.
 The leaves, by spirit-voices stirred,
 Made murmurs on the air,
 Low murmurs, that my spirit heard
 And answered with a prayer;

For 't was upon that dewy sod,
 Beside the moaning seas,
 I learned at first to worship God
 And sing such strains as these.

The flowers, all folded to their dreams,
 Were bowed in slumber free
 By breezy hills and murmuring streams,
 Where'er they chanced to be;
 No guilty tears had they to weep,
 No sins to be forgiven;
 They closed their leaves and went to sleep
 'Neath the blue eye of heaven!"

No costly robes upon them shone,
 No jewels from the seas,
 Yet Solomon upon his throne
 Was ne'er arrayed like these;
 And just as free from guilt and art
 Were lovely human flowers,
 Ere Sorrow set her bleeding heart
 On this fair world of ours.

I heard the laughing wind behind
 A-playing with my hair;
 The breezy fingers of the wind—
 How cool and moist they were!
 I heard the night-bird warbling o'er
 Its soft, enchanting strain:
 I never heard such sounds before,
 And never shall again.

Then wherefore weave such strains as these,
 And sing them day by day,
 When every bird upon the breeze
 Can sing a sweeter lay?
 I'd give the world for their sweet art,
 The simple, the divine—
 I'd give the world to melt one heart
 As they have melted mine!

◆
 THE LITTLE STEP-SON.

I HAVE a little step-son,
 The loveliest thing alive:
 A noble, sturdy boy is he,
 And yet he's only five;
 His smooth cheek hath a blooming glow,
 His eyes are black as jet,
 And his lips are like two rosebuds,
 All tremulous and wet:
 His days pass off in sunshine,
 In laughter, and in song,
 As careless as a summer rill,
 That sings itself along;
 For like a pretty fairy tale,
 That's all too quickly told,
 Is the young life of a little one
 That's only five years old.
 He's dreaming on his happy couch
 Before the day grows dark,
 He's up with morning's rosy ray
 A-singing with the lark;
 Where'er the flowers are freshest,
 Where'er the grass is green,
 With light locks waving on the wind
 His fairy form is seen,

Amid the whistling March winds,
 Amid the April showers ;
 He warbles with the singing birds
 And blossoms with the flowers ;
 He cares not for the summer heat,
 He cares not for the cold—
 My sturdy little step-son,
 That's only five years old.

How touching 'tis to see him clasp
 His dimpled hands in prayer,
 And raise his little rosy face
 With reverential air !
 How simple is his eloquence,
 How soft his accents fall,
 When pleading with the King of kings
 To love and bless us all !
 And when from prayer he bounds away
 In innocence and joy,
 The blessing of a smiling God
 Goes with the sinless boy ;
 A little lambkin of the flock,
 Within the Savior's fold,
 Is he my lovely step-son,
 That's only five years old.

I have not told you of our home,
 That in the summer hours
 Stands in its simple modesty
 Half hid among the flowers ;
 I have not said a single word
 About our mines of wealth—
 Our treasures are this little boy,
 Contentment, peace, and health ;
 For even a lordly hall to us
 Would be a voiceless place
 Without the gush of his glad voice,
 The gleams of his bright face :
 And many a courtly pair, I ween,
 Would give their gems and gold
 For a noble, happy boy, like ours,
 Some four or five years old.

◆
 THE PRESENCE OF GOD.

O THOU, who flingst so fair a robe
 Of clouds around the hills untrod—
 Those mountain-pillars of the globe,
 Whose peaks sustain thy throne, O God !
 All glittering round the sunset skies,
 Their trembling folds are lightly furled,
 As if to shade from mortal eyes
 The glories of yon upper world ;
 There, while the evening star upholds
 In one bright spot their purple folds,
 My spirit lifts its silent prayer,
 For thou, the God of love, art there.

The summer flowers, the fair, the sweet,
 Upspringing freely from the sod,
 In whose soft looks we seem to meet
 At every step thy smiles, O God !
 The humblest soul their sweetness shares,
 They bloom in palace-hall, or cot ;
 Give me, O Lord ! a heart like theirs,
 Contented with my lowly lot !
 Within their pure, ambrosial bells,

In odors sweet, thy Spirit dwells ;
 Their breath may seem to scent the air—
 'Tis thine, O God ! for thou art there.

List ! from yon casement low and dim
 What sounds are these that fill the breeze !
 It is the peasant's evening hymn
 Arrests the fisher on the seas :
 The old man leans his silver hairs
 Upon his light-suspended oar,
 Until those soft, delicious airs
 Have died like ripples on the shore.
 Why do his eyes in softness roll ?
 What melts the manhood from his soul ?
 His heart is filled with peace and prayer,
 For thou, O God ! art with him there.

The birds among the summer blooms
 Pour forth to thee their strains of love,
 When, trembling on uplifted plumes,
 They leave the earth and soar above ;
 We hear their sweet, familiar airs
 Where'er a sunny spot is found ;
 How lovely is a life like theirs,
 Diffusing sweetness all around !
 From clime to clime, from pole to pole,
 Their sweetest anthems softly roll,
 Till, melting on the realms of air,
 Thy still, small voice seems whispering there.

The stars, those floating isles of light,
 Round which the clouds unfurl their sails,
 Pure as a woman's robe of white
 That trembles round the form it veils,
 They touch the heart as with a spell,
 Yet, set the soaring fancy free,
 And oh how sweet the tales they tell !
 They tell of peace, of love, and thee !
 Each raging storm that wildly blows,
 Each balmy gale that lifts the rose,
 Sublimely grand, or softly fair,
 They speak of thee, for thou art there,

The spirit oft oppressed with doubt,
 May strive to cast thee from its thought,
 But who can shut thy presence out,
 Thou mighty Guest that com'st unsought !
 In spite of all our cold resolves,
 Whate'er our thoughts, where'er we be,
 Still magnet-like the heart revolves,
 And points, all trembling, up to thee ;
 We can not shield a troubled breast
 Beneath the confines of the blest,
 Above, below, on earth, in air,
 For thou the living God art there.

Yet, far beyond the clouds outspread,
 Where soaring Fancy oft hath been,
 There is a land where thou hast said
 The pure of heart shall enter in ;
 In those far realms so calmly bright
 How many a loved and gentle one
 Bathes its soft plumes in living light
 That sparkles from thy radiant throne !
 There souls, once soft and sad as ours,
 Look up and sing mid fadeless flowers ;
 They dream no more of grief and care,
 For thou, the God of peace, art there.

CATHERINE WARFIELD AND ELEANOR LEE.

CATHERINE ANN WARE and ELEANOR PERCY WARE, daughters of the Hon. Nathaniel Ware, of Mississippi, were born near the city of Natchez. After studying several years in the best seminaries of their native state, they completed their education in one of the most fashionable schools of Philadelphia, after leaving which they passed some time in travel, and became known in many brilliant circles for the vivacious grace of their manners and their fine intelligence. Their home beside the "Father of Waters" was exchanged for one in Cincinnati, and during the residence of Judge Ware in that city they were married: the eldest to Mr. Warfield, of Lexington, Kentucky, and the other to Mr. Lee, then of Vicksburg, and now of a place called Bachelor's Bend, about twelve miles from the Mississippi river.

Their first appearance in the literary world was in a volume entitled *The Wife of Leon*, and other Poems, by Two Sisters of the West, printed in New York in 1843. It consisted principally of fruits of desultory repose from the excitements of society—short pieces, written to wile away time, and gratify a taste for composition—without a thought that they would ever meet the eyes of strangers; and it was not until urged to do so by several friends distinguished for their abilities in literature, that they consented to the wishes of their father in giving them to the press.

The reception of these poems vindicated their publication. They were reviewed with many expressions of approval in the most critical journals, and with especial praise in *The New York Evening Post* and *The New Mirror*, conducted by two poets, of very different characters, but both destined to places among the standard authors of the age and country. A second edition of this volume appeared, under the names of the authors, in Cincinnati, in the autumn of 1848.

In 1846 Mrs. Warfield and Mrs. Lee published a new collection of their writings, under the title of *The Indian Chamber* and other Poems, in which there is evinced a very decided advancement in reflection, feeling and

art. They exhibit more readiness of epithet and imagery, from the observation of nature and the experience of life, and have more meaning and earnestness.

We have in neither volume any intimation of the respective shares of the authors in its production, but it would not have escaped the detection of the most careless readers that the poems are by different hands, of very different though perhaps not very unequal powers. Among them are many specimens of ingenious and happy fancy, of bold and distinct painting, and of tasteful, harmonious, and sometimes sparkling versification; but not a few of them would have been much better if the authors had recollected that the word "thing" can never be properly applied to a human intelligence except in expression of contempt, and that "redolent," "fraught," "glee," and some half dozen other pet phrases of poetasters, convenient enough for rhyming and filling out lines, have, from the manner in which they are commonly applied, become offensive, unless used sparingly and with the most exact propriety. Illustrations of the fault to which we refer—a fault by no means peculiar to the "Two Sisters of the West,"—may be found in that line of *The Bird of Washington*, in which the soul is styled

A proud, triumphant thing:

and in *Remorse*, where the word "adored," which is as sacred to one purpose as the Hebrew characters that syllabled the highest name of the Creator, and which expresses no possible extravagance of feeling toward a human being, is used for *loved*, or—though this would be in very bad taste—for *worshipped*.

The two volumes that have been referred to do not comprise all nor perhaps the best of the compositions of their authors. They are both experienced and successful writers of prose, and Mrs. Warfield has written a novel, that, if published under her real name, would surprise those who have formed the most favorable estimates of her powers, by its fine description, genial wit, and criticism of society and manners.

REMORSE.

THE day had died in splendor royally,
Mid draperies of purple and of gold,
And crimson banners waving o'er its bier;
And the last yellow tints were fading fast
From earth and sea, and paling in the west
Into that vague, gray shadow which comes down
Over the breast of Nature, as deep thought
Upon the human spirit. Strangely linked
With all the deeper yearnings of the soul—
The secrets of the inner fane—art thou,
Mysterious Twilight! thou, who didst prevail
O'er Chaos with a drear and brooding weight,
And hadst a name ere night and day began.
Still, in thine ancient guise, thou walkst the earth,
Thou shadow of the Almighty! and callst up
Conscience, and Thought, and Memory, that sleep
Through the glad, busy day and dreaming night,
In long and sad array. There lives not one
O'er whom thine influence falls not mournfully;
Thou art prophetic to the few who boast
A happy past, and with thy shadowy hand
Seemest to lift a corner of the veil
That shuts their present from futurity.
And to the mourning spirit thou revealest
Pale, haunting faces—lost, yet loved not less
Than when they knew no better home than earth,
And wore a human guise. But in the soul
Where lies a hidden sting of pain and wrong,
Of vain regret, or, darker still, remorse—
Thou bringst, O shadowy Twilight, brooding gloom,
And dearth, and restlessness, and agony!

Within a southern garden, where the breath
Of flowers went up like incense, and the plash
Of falling fountains made a murmuring voice
Of music sweet, yet same, there paced a man
Restlessly to and fro: the lingering light
Fell on his features, pale and beautiful
As those of the old statues, and with much
Of the ideal tenderness that breathed
Around the marble, till it rivalled life—
Yet with a latent sternness, lurking still
About the august, high forehead, and the lip,
And the fine, sweeping profile, that recalled
Yet more a statue's strong similitude.
But wild and stormy changes now o'ercast
Those noble features—sick and wringing pain,
Then shuddering shame, anxiety, despair:
These, plainly as my hand hath traced the words,
Were written on his aspect; and a prayer—
Which, in its brief and utter desolateness,
Bears more of misery than any boon
A human heart may crave—oft left his lip,
Unconscious of its utterance: "Oh, my God,
Let me forget—or suffer me to die!"

A step was near him. Suddenly he turned,
And bent a long, sad gaze on one whose touch
Had broken the dark spell; whose white hand lay
Yet on his arm in tenderness; whose eyes
Were raised with such intensity of love. [down,
They touched the springs of tears. Then he bowed
And veiling in his hand his quivering face,
Wept silently and long; while mournfully
Watched over him that angel minister,

Whose love alone poured balm into his wound,
And shone a star o'er the dark waste of life.

Still in that southern garden lingered they,
The pale and suffering man, and she who seemed
The genius of his fate. The stars were met
In starry conclave in their halls above,
And the moon, in the deep and quiet heaven,
Rose high amid a maze of fleecy clouds,
Toward the noon of night. Beneath a bower
Where breathed the odorous jessamine, they sat
Communing of the irrevocable past.
His voice was lifted in the solemn night
In passionate remorse: he, who had stood
At morn within the crowded council-hall,
Pouring abroad a gush of eloquence
That stirred the heart as with a trumpet-note,
That called up Feeling from its inmost cell,
And followed Motive to its hidden source,
And touched the electric chain of Memory,
Until the mighty mass became as one
Sentient and breathing soul beneath his spell,
He, the adored, the proud, the eloquent,
The stateliest amid men, now filled the hush
Of night with dark bewailings, while each pause
Of that sad, thrilling voice, was filled by tones
Unutterably musical and soft,
Urging Love's fondest prayer:

"Be calm, mine own!

The strife was not thy seeking: thou didst bear,
(Thou, who art fearless as an eagle plumed,)
With saintlike meekness, much of taunt and wrong;
Much scorn and injury, ere they could urge
Thy hand against the man thou lovest so well—
Ay, with a brother's tenderness. Be firm;
Turn from such memories." He arose, and paced
The moonlight bower with folded arms, and heal
Bowed to his breast. "They haunt me yet," he said,
"That manly form, those large, dark, joyous eyes,
The stately step, the sweet, fresh, ringing laugh,
(Marion! it was a sound that had no peer,
Save at a fountain, at its freshest source,
Gushing through mountain clefts.) these, these arise,
Darkly and terribly. These haunt me still.

"I would forgetfulness were mine! full oft
That old wild tale of oriental lands
Comes back with all its witchery to my brain,
Fresh as when o'er its page I hung entranced
In my glad boyhood, 'neath the summer boughs.
The waters of oblivion! where are they,
Those crystal waters in their marble font?
For one deep draught I would surrender all
The eloquence, the power, the wealth, the fame,
That I have made mine own—all, all, save thee,
And go with toiling hands and hopeful heart
Forth on the waste of life! Forgetfulness—
I ask but this!" He paused, and choking back
A tide of agony, went on once more
In calmer tones: "It is not oft, mine own—
Believe me—oh! not often that my soul
Opens her prison chambers, and gives forth
Her captive anguish. Even in solitude
My habit is not this; and thou hast known,
Hitherto, from some gloomy mood alone,
Some sad, fantastic humor, some wild dream,
Whose mutterings startled thee from midnight sleep

To fearful watches—something of the spell
That binds me, as the serpent binds the bird
Helplessly in its strong and poisonous coils.
But there are times when, armed with fearful
strength,

Burst from their stony cells those prisoners pale,
Those memories that may not, will not die,
Those agonies that keep a quenchless flame
Burning within their dungeons, as of old
The virgins of the Sun fed, day and night,
Their fire for ages. These arise to daunt,
To taunt me wildly, and I leave the halls,
The haunts of men—even from thy presence flee,
Often to the dark forest, or the brink
Of the deep-moaning and unresting sea,
To battle with the fiend!"

Again that voice,
Clear as a silver lute, and redolent
With love and hope, filled the deep hush of pain:
"Thy virtues, thy profound humility,
Thy charity for all, thy tenderness,
Thy genius, which on eagles' wings ascends
Above the arrows of thine enemies,
A star for men, a light for after-times—
Ay, more than these, thy deep and stern remorse:
Shall not these prove atonement at the shrine
Of God, for that one deed—not all thine own,
But forced upon thee by fatality;
A sorrow, not a crime!"

"It is in vain"—
He spoke as one in utter hopelessness—
"Marion! thy gentle sophistry is vain;
I have essayed that specious reasoning
That would wipe out, from hands imbrued in blood,
The dark, the gory stain. Much have I striven
To call up all my wrongs, and these array
Against the moment when my hand unloosed
A spirit from its tenement of clay.
I have remembered all my injuries,
Lived o'er again our feuds; recalled his wild
And insolent insults—nay, the very blow
That maddened me.

Yet have all these failed,
As mists before the red, uprising sun,
Compared to that brief instant. I would give
Life, that once more those lips were here to heap
Their bitterest imprecations on my head;
That hand again, a portion of our mould,
That smote me, harshly, undeservedly;
That haughty heart still beating high with wrath,
O'er which the sod now presses heavily—
Or that I lay beside him in the grave!
I am not self-deluded. I am borne
By some invisible agency along
To power, to fame; and inspiration hangs
About my lips that startles me at times,
Even as the crowd is startled; and I feel
That I am changed—that with intensity
Of thought and passion, genius was aroused,
Born, like the wondrous bird of Araby,
From ashes, desolation, and from death.
A giant earthquake hath thrown up to light
The gems that sparkled in the secret mine,
But overwhelmed the blossoms that made fair
Earth's bosom. Never, never more

The earnestness, the loveliness of life,
Shall shine on me! Its fitful glare alone
Illumines my ill-ordered destiny;
And in the wild excitement of the crowd,
The clamor of the multitude, the voice
Of adulation, and the strife for fame,
I lose alone the memory of my doom.
The torchlight of existence still remains:
Its sunlight hath departed, and as flame
Consumes the al'iment that feeds its life,
And self-destroyed expires—so must my soul
Perish amid its ashes.

Nay! the time
Is near, my Marion, when this voice shall cease
To pour its bitter plainings on thine ear;
A sickness and a weariness have crept
Of late across my spirit, and a vague
And dreamy craving for reality—
For all things seem like shadows. Men move by
As forms we dimly see in midnight dreams;
And the vast crowd, with all its upcast heads,
Seems often a phantasma to mine eyes.
All but the sense of one great agony,
And that is like the sea, unslumbering—
And that is like the stars, unchangeable—
Ay, deep and constant as my love for thee,
Is that remorse!"

She clung to him, she bathed
His brow with tears. She did not speak, she knew
How vain the task to soothe such agony.
But mutely in her bleeding heart she prayed
The mood might pass, or that the oblivious grave
Might close o'er both.

They rose at last, and traced
Through a dim, intricate path, where orange-boughs
Made sweet the earth beneath their feet, the way
To their majestic home; and through its halls
And colonnades of marble, where up sprang
Many a low-voiced fountain, many a shaft
Of porphyry, and marble bearing up
Vases of antique splendor, filled with flowers,
They passed in silence and in gloom of soul,
Even as those shapes that move, a restless throng,
Within the halls of Eblis.—Peace be theirs!

DEATH ON THE PRAIRIE.

It was a morn of autumn: wide, and vast,
And boundless, to the eyes of those who gazed
Upon its waste of verdure, as the sea,
The prairie stretched away; and through its long
Luxuriant grass the breath of morning crept,
Swaying its flexile blades, until they rose
And fell in masses like the ocean-waves,
And rendered, like those billows of the deep,
The sunbeam's splendor back, for yet the dews
Were on their mobile surface.

In this wide
Monotony of beauty there appeared
One landmark only for the weary eye,
And that was but a wreathing cloud of smoke.
Uprising from the fires of those who made
A temporary sojourn on that waste
Of verdure. They had paused where burst a sprig

Up from the very sod, and made its way
 Quietly through the grass; a silver stream,
 Narrow and winding, and almost unseen
 At a few paces from its humble source.
 Here had they sadly rested, for the sake
 Of one whose weariness of heart and limb
 Demanded such repose, and whose parched lips
 Drank eagerly and gratefully their last
 Refreshment from the waters of the wild.
 She lay upon the rude and hasty couch
 Which kindly hands had framed, that dying girl,
 And gazed upon the blue, autumnal sky,
 With something half ecstatic in her pale
 And parted lips, and in her large blue eyes,
 And in the folding of her wan, slight hands,
 Clasped as in prayer.

She had besought them not
 To raise between her and the firmament
 Shelter or shade. It was her dying wish
 To feel the breeze, the sunlight, on her brow;
 For she was one, though lowly of descent,
 Imbued with fine perceptions, and the high
 And spiritual love of Nature long
 Had made its home and altar in her heart:
 She seemed not of the mould of those who hung
 In watchful love around her.

It may be
 That Death, the chastener, from her lineaments
 Had banished all the dross of earthly thought,
 And stamped the impress of the angel there.
 The loveliness of that seraphic face
 No marble might surpass—nor in the halls
 Of princely dwellings, where the beautiful
 Wear the fine delicacy of the flower,
 Hath eye beheld a brow more beautiful
 Than hers, the daughter of the emigrant.
 'The deep solemnity of hopeless grief
 Reigned o'er the band of kindred wayfarers—
 A silence only broken by the low
 And pleading voice of one who knelt beside
 The perishing girl, and clasped her chilling hands,
 And wiped the dews from her transparent brow
 With the devoted tenderness of despair.
 Silent and stern, with folded arms, and lips
 Compressed in agony, the father stood,
 And gazed upon the lily of his race
 Broken and crushed; and the strong, swarthy lines
 Of his embrowned and manly countenance
 Seemed deeper ploughed by that short space of grief
 Than all its years of toil, of change, of pain.
 And silent, too, the brothers grouped around,
 Yet shaken in their stillness, as the pines
 That bow their stately crests before the winds;
 And prone on earth her youthful sister lay,
 With hidden face, and low, convulsive sobs.
 But, to the last, the mother faltered not:
 She who had cherished to idolatry
 That young, frail creature, and divided her
 With an impassible devotedness
 From all things else on earth. She who had erred
 In the injustice of her tenderness,
 And poured the vials of maternal love
 A thousand-fold on one—she faltered not,
 But with a bursting heart put back the tide
 Of anguish and despair, and lifted up

Her soul with that already plumed for heaven,
 And strove to smoothe the bitterness of death
 With words of consolation, peace, and prayer,
 And holy inspiration.

“Sing to me,
 Kind mother; sing to me that old sweet hymn,
 Which in our village church so solemnly
 Welcomed each sabbath day: I well believe
 That, even mid the harmonies of saints,
 It will return to me.”

'T was difficult
 To take from agony a voice for song;
 Yet the devoted mother poured the strain
 Of holy beauty on the dying ear,
 That seemed to drink its melody with joy,
 And stifled the deep groans that often strove
 To pass her lips. Hers was heroic love.
 Unheeded by the mourning band, a child—
 A bright-haired boy—had wandered from their fires
 To gather prairie-flowers, and now returned
 With a rich store of fragrance and of bloom,
 And with the impulse of a loving heart
 Showered the rich blossoms on his sister's breast.
 She turned her face to his, illumined with
 A smile of most benignant tenderness,
 And clasping in her own his rosy hands,
 She gave into his trust a solemn charge:
 “Be true to man, to God: be staff and stay
 To our beloved parents; falter not
 In the good path—and we shall meet again!”
 Simple those words, and few: yet shall they cling
 Upon his brain while Memory holds her seat,
 And with their serious tenderness and truth
 Charm, like a talisman, his soul from wrong.

The hours wore on, and gradually the face
 Of the departing maiden more and more
 Revealed the hand of the victorious king.
 The strife was almost over—if, indeed,
 Strife might be called that ebbing of the tide
 Of pain, of consciousness, of life away.
 Yet still there was a duty unfulfilled—
 A prayer unuttered—and it was the last
 That left the wan lips of the fainting girl,
 Breathed on a mother's ear:

“When I am gone,
 Take from my breast a curl of raven hair,
 And mingle with it one long braid of mine—
 Then send them home to *him*; and say I died
 Peacefully—trusting he would turn away
 From his dark course of passion and of sin,
 And meet me there!”

She raised her hand on high:
 It fell a lifeless thing—a tremor shook
 Her delicate frame, as the breeze shakes the flower,
 And life was gone!

They broke the sod of flowers,
 And made her virgin grave beside the spring
 Which laved her dying brow, and went their way
 Across the wilderness.

Nor is there aught
 To mark her lone and distant resting-place;
 The human eye might seek in vain to trace
 The vestige of her last repose, amid
 The long, rank grass that shadows all the earth—
 But angels know the spot, and guard it well.

LEGEND OF THE INDIAN CHAMBER.

I.

"BASIL! set my house in order.

For, when I return to-day,

I shall bring with me a stranger,

Tarrying on his homeward way.

Open fling the Indian Chamber,

And the arras free from mould;

There array a goodly banquet,

Such as cheered my sires of old—

When, from chase or war returning,

Dukes and princes of my line,

From the evening till the morning,

Filled the cup and drained the wine."

"Master, in thy lordly castle

There are many halls of pride,

Where no damp the walls encumber—

Where no spells of gloom abide.

In the gallery of the Titans,

In the hall of Count Lothaire,

In the grand saloon of columns,

Better had ye banquet there.

But the dreary Indian Chamber,

Oh! bethink you, master mine—

There have slept, in mortal slumber,

All the princes of your line.

"There the mourners ever gather,

Forth to bear the noble dead—

There you saw your stately father,

And your noble brother laid;

There, save in these times of anguish,

Never, since my life began,

Entered in a ray of sunlight,

Or the step of mortal man.

And the sounds of mystic meaning—

Master! need I speak of these?—

Which from that lone eastern chamber

Meet the ear—the spirit freeze!"

With a brow of haughty pallor,

Straight the baron turned away,

In a scornful accent saying,

"'Tis my mandate, slave!—obey."

Then in haste, with gloomy aspect,

Forth he went upon his steed,

Rushing headlong on his pathway,

Like an evil spirit freed.

And with sad and stricken spirit,

Basil watched his lord depart,

While a dark and evil omen,

Hearse-like, pressed upon his heart.

Long he lingered at the portal,

Bound as with a gloomy dream;

Long he looked upon the landscape,

Which before him ceased to seem;

Then, with low and prayerful mutterings,

Shaking oft his tresses gray,

Clasping oft his withered fingers,

Basil went upon his way.

Passed he up the ancient stairway,

Groped he through the echoing aisle,

Where, to seek the olden chapel,

Oft had passed a kingly file.

Climbed he the remotest turret

Of that castle grand and vast,

And before the Indian Chamber

Wearily he paused at last:

Yes, a moment there he faltered,

He who oft had stood the shock

Of the hottest, fiercest battle,

Firm as a primeval rock.

On the bolt his fingers trembled,

Scarcely could their strength unclose

The immense and ponderous fastening,

Rusted by its long repose.

Yet a moment—yet a moment,

Ere the door was open flung,

Paused the old and awe-struck Basil,

Fervent *avés* on his tongue.

As if Heaven his prayer had answered,

Peace and comfort round him stole,

And a calm and lofty courage

Nerved his hand and filled his soul.

With a slight, yet sudden effort,

Back the oaken door he threw,

And upon the darkened threshold

Stood the fearful place to view.

Dark and dreary was that chamber,

Which in lengthened gloom appeared,

With its dark and mystic arras,

Wrought in symbols wild and weird.

Lifelike were the gorgeous figures,

Giantlike they seemed to loom

In the dim, imperfect twilight

Of that long-forsaken room.

Warily the old man entered:

With a solemn step he trod

Through the drear and dark apartment,

Trusting to his fathers' God.

In the ample hearth he kindled

Brands that, in departed days,

Quenched and blackened, had been left there—

Strange and ghostly seemed their blaze.

And upon the marble table

Ranged the regal store of plate,

And arrayed the goodly banquet,

As became his master's state:

Urn, and vase, and chalice, brimming

With the floods of ruby wine,

As beseemed the dukes and princes

Of that mighty Norman line.

Then he silently betook him

To his first-appointed task—

Wiping from the ancient arras

Many a spot of mould and mask.

But the dark and loathing horror,

It befits me not to speak,

Which, while still his task pursuing,

Shook his hand, and blanched his cheeks

For he could not but remember

How, in long-departed years,

Woven was that wondrous fabric

By the spells of Indian seers.

Wrought with themes of Hindoo story

Lifelike, in their coloring bold,

Yemen's fall, and Vishnu's glory,

Was that arras quaint and old

Juggernaut's remorseless chariot,
 Funeral pyre, and temple proud,
 Bungalow, and rajah's palace,
 With their strange and motley crowd;
 Jungle low, and flower-crowned river,
 Dancing-girls, with anklets bright—
 These, like gorgeous dreams of fever,
 Crowded on the gazer's sight.

And the long and twisting serpents,
 And the tigers crouching grim,
 Seemed the dark and fearful guardians
 Of that Indian Chamber dim.
 To the simple, earnest spirit
 Of the old and faithful man,
 For a Christian hand to touch them,
 Was to merit Christian ban.
 Saint and martyr inly calling,
 Still he wrought his master's will,
 When a terror more appalling
 Caused his very veins to chill.

In that dreary Indian Chamber,
 Strangely grand and desolate,
 With its long and hearse-like hangings,
 Stood a pluméd bed of state.
 Closed around with solemn mystery
 As a kingly purple pall,
 High it towered, a silent history
 Of departed funeral.
 And with eyes amazed—distended
 By their dread and spell-bound look—
 Basil gazed in stony horror:
 Lo! the trailing curtains shook.

And a groan of hollow anguish
 From the close-drawn hangings broke,
 As if one for ages sleeping
 Suddenly to torture woke.
 God of terror!—slowly parted
 By a wan and spectral hand,
 Back were drawn the purple curtains—
 Back, as with a spirit wand:
 And a face of ghostly beauty,
 With its dark and streaming hair,
 And its eyes of ghoulish brightness,
 Seemed upon his sense to glare.

How in that terrific moment
 Basil's senses kept their throne,
 Is alone to God and angels
 In its wondrous mystery known.
 How he gathered faith and firmness
 To uplift his agéd hand,
 And address the disembodied,
 Man may never understand:
 Save that in the ghostly features
 Still a semblance he descried
 To the high and lovely lady
 Who had been his master's bride.

"In the name of God the Father,
 In the name of God the Son,
 In the name of all good angels,
 Speak to me, unearthly one!
 Answer why, from wave returning,
 Moanest thou in anguish here:
 Surely for some holy purpose

Thou art suffered to appear.
 If for evil I defy thee,
 By the cross upon my breast,
 By my faith in life eternal,
 And my yearning hope for rest."

Then with moveless lips the phantom
 Spake in low and hollow tones,
 As if shaped to words and meaning
 Were the night-wind's hollow moans.
 "Basil! darkly was I murdered
 Sailing on the river Rhine,
 By thy harsh and ruthless master,
 Last of an illustrious line.
 False the tale his lips have uttered,
 False the tears his eyes have shed—
 I was hurled upon the water
 With the marks of murder red!

"Basil! thou art good and faithful:
 Thee I charge, by hopes divine,
 With a hundred chanted masses
 Shrive my soul by Mary's shrine.
 None shall stay thy holy fervor,
 None forbid the sacred rite;
 For thy master's life is destined
 'To expire in crime to-night!"
 Fixed in awe, the agéd Basil
 Gazing on the spectre stood;
 But not with the waning phantom
 Passed away his icy mood.

Long in that drear Indian Chamber,
 Like a form of sculptured stone,
 Kept the old and awe-struck servant
 Vigil terrible and lone;
 Till the sound of coming footsteps,
 And of voices loud and clear,
 And of ringing spur and sabre,
 Smote upon his spell-bound ear:
 And in haste the door was opened,
 And with high and pluméd crest
 Entered in the noble baron,
 Ushering in a foreign guest.

"Basil! all is dark and sombre;
 Cast fresh fagots on the hearth,
 And illumine the silver sconces
 To preside above our mirth.
 Let the chamber glow like sunlight;
 Ill this gloom befits our glee."
 Then loud laughed the stately baron—
 Seldom, seldom so laughed he.
 'T was a sound that chilled with terror
 All that knew his nature well:
 'T was the heaven's electric flashing
 Ere the bolt of lightning fell.

 II.

Now the chamber glowed like sunlight—
 Strange and wondrous in that glare
 Was the weird and ancient arras,
 Were the figures woven there;
 Wavering with the flickering torches
 Seemed the motley multitude;
 Twisting serpent, rolling chariot,
 All with ghostly life imbued:

Crouching tiger—hideous idol—
 All that grand and splendid masque,
 Mixture strange of truth and fable,
 As in sunshine seemed to bask.
 "Long have I sojourned in India,"
 Thus the lofty stranger said;
 "There, for wealth and idle treasure,
 Health, and youth, and blood, I shed.
 And I feel like one who dreameth,
 As I on these walls survey
 All those objects so familiar,
 Year by year and day by day."
 All in strange and blended splendor,
 Like a vision of the night—
 Never yet on earthly fabric
 Glowed a scene so rich and bright.
 Fixed upon the spell-wrought arras
 Was the eastern stranger's gaze;
 With his head and heart averted,
 There he dreamed of other days:
 When, with eyes of watchful terror,
 Basil saw his master glide,
 And within the golden chalice
 Brimming with its purple tide,
 With a stealthy, glancing motion,
 As a conjuror works his spell,
 Cast a drop of ruby liquid
 From a tiny rose-lipped shell.
 "Hither turn, thou eastern dreamer:
 Pledge me in this golden cup;
 'Tis our old and feudal custom—
 He who tastes must quaff it up.
 Why that brow of gloom and pallor?
 Answer, why that sudden start?"
 Low the eastern stranger muttered
 Of the spells that chilled his heart:
 "No! my eyes have not deceived me,
 As I fondly dreamed erewhile;
 See the victim's bride descending
 From the rajah's funeral pile.
 "See, she cometh!—wildly streaming
 Are her robes—her raven hair:
 See, she cometh; darkly gleaming
 From her eyes their fell despair!
 Now she stands beside the altar,
 In the Bramin's sacred shrine;
 Now a jewelled cup she seizes—
 Flames within it seem to shine;
 Now, O God! she leaves the arras—
 Steps upon the chamber floor:
 We are lost—the prey of demons;
 Baron, I will gaze no more!"
 Turned away the soul-sick stranger,
 Traversed he the chamber high,
 When the baron's awful aspect
 Chained his step and fixed his eye.
 Never from his memory perished
 Through long years of after-life
 In the camp, the court, the battle,
 That remorseful face of strife.
 Rooted as a senseless statue,
 In his hand the cup of gold;
 Lips apart and eyes distended,
 Stood the Norman baron bold!

High her cup the phantom lifted,
 Flames within it seemed to roll;
 Then alone these words she uttered—
 "Pledge me in thy feudal bowl!"
 Chained and speechless, guest and servant
 Saw the baron drain the draught;
 Saw him fall convulsed and blackened
 As the deadly bowl he quaffed;
 Saw the phantom bending o'er him,
 As libation on his head
 Slowly, and with mien exulting,
 From the cup of flames she shed.
 Then a shriek of smothered anguish
 Rang the Indian Chamber through
 While a gust of icy bleakness
 From the waving arras blew.
 In its breath the watchers shuddered,
 And the portals open rung,
 And the ample hearth was darkened,
 As if ice was on it flung;
 And the lofty torches warring
 For a moment in the blast,
 In their sconces were extinguished,
 Leaving darkness o'er the past!

◆
 SHE COMES TO ME.

SHE comes to me in robes of snow,
 The friend of all my sinless years—
 Even as I saw her long ago,
 Before she left this vale of tears.
 She comes to me in robes of snow—
 She walks the chambers of my rest,
 With soundless footsteps, sad and slow,
 That wake no echo in my breast.
 I see her in my visions yet,
 I see her in my waking hours;
 Upon her pale, pure brow is set
 A crown of azure hyacinth flowers.
 Her golden hair waves round her face,
 And o'er her shoulders gently falls:
 Each ringlet hath the nameless grace
 My spirit yet on earth recalls.
 And, bending o'er my lowly bed,
 She murmurs—"Oh, fear not to die!
 For thee an angel's tears are shed,
 An angel's feast is spread on high.
 "Come, then, and meet the joy divine
 That features of the spirits wear:
 A fleeting pleasure here is thine—
 An angel's crown awaits thee there.
 "Listen! it is a choral hymn"—
 And, gliding softly from my couch,
 Her spirit-face waxed faint and dim,
 Her white robes vanished at my touch.
 She leaves me with her robes of snow—
 Hushed is the voice that used to thrill
 Around the couch of pain and wo—
 She leaves me to my darkness still

I WALK IN DREAMS OF POETRY.

I WALK in dreams of poetry ;
 They compass me around ;
 I hear a low and startling voice
 In every passing sound ;
 I meet in every gleaming star,
 On which at eve I gaze,
 A deep and glorious eye, to fill
 My soul with burning rays.

I walk in dreams of poetry ;
 The very air I breathe
 Is filled with visions wild and free,
 That round my spirit wreathe ;
 A shade, a sigh, a floating cloud,
 A low and whispered tone—
 These have a language to my brain,
 A language deep and lone.

I walk in dreams of poetry,
 And in my spirit bow
 Unto a lone and distant shrine,
 That none around me know.
 From every heath and hill I bring
 A garland rich and rare,
 Of flowery thought and murmuring sigh,
 To wreathe mine altar fair.

I walk in dreams of poetry :
 Strange spells are on me shed ;
 I have a world within my soul
 Where no one else may tread—
 A deep and wide-spread universe,
 Where spirit-sound and sight
 Mine inward vision ever greet
 With fair and radiant light.

My footsteps tread the earth below,
 While soars my soul to heaven :
 Small is my portion here—yet there
 Bright realms to me are given.

I clasp my kindred's greeting hands,
 Walk calmly by their side,
 And yet I feel between us stands
 A barrier deep and wide.

I watch their deep and house-hold joy
 Around the evening hearth,
 When the children stand beside each knee
 With laugh and shout of mirth.
 But oh ! I feel unto my soul
 A deeper joy is brought—
 To rush, with eagle wings and strong,
 Up in a heaven of thought.

I watch them in their sorrowing hours,
 When, with their spirits tossed,
 I hear them wail with bitter cries
 Their earthly prospects crossed ;
 I feel that I have sorrows wild
 In my heart buried deep—
 Immortal griefs, that none may share
 With me—nor eyes can weep.

And strange it is : I can not say
 If it is wo or weal,
 That thus unto my heart can flow
 Fountains so few may feel ;
 The gift that can my spirit raise
 The cold, dark earth above,

Has flung a bar between my soul
 And many a heart I love.

Yet I walk in dreams of poetry,
 And would not change that path,
 Though on it from a darkened sky
 Were poured a tempest's wrath.
 Its flowers are mine, its deathless blooms,
 I know not yet the thorn ;
 I dream not of the evening glooms
 In this my radiant morn.

Oh ! still in dreams of poetry
 Let me for ever tread,
 With earth a temple, where divine,
 Bright oracles are shed :
 They soften down the earthly ills
 From which they can not save ;
 They make a romance of our life ;
 They glorify the grave.

REGRET.

No voice hath breathed upon mine ear
 Thy name since last we met ;
 No sound disturbed the silence drear,
 Where sleep entombed from year to year
 Thy memory, my regret.

It was not just, it was not meet,
 For one so loved as I,
 To coldly hear thy parting feet,
 To lose for aye thine accents sweet,
 Nor feel a wish to die.

Oh, no ! such heartless calm was not
 The doom deserved by thee ;
 Thou whose devotedness was bought
 By years of gloom, an alien's lot,
 A grave beyond the sea.

I deemed not then that time at last
 Should link with tears thy name ;
 And from the ashes of the past,
 That Sorrow, with its bitter blast,
 Should wake the avenging flame.

I deemed not then that when the grave
 Had made thee long its own,
 My soul with yearnings deep should crave
 The truth, the fervent love that gave
 Thy heart its passionate tone.

And yield to olden memories
 The boon it once denied,
 When, with calm brow and tearless eyes,
 I saw thy faded energies,
 I mocked thy broken pride.

All this is past ; thou art at rest,
 And now the strife is mine :
 In turn I bear the weary breast,
 The restless heart, the brain oppressed,
 That in those years were thine.

And all too late, the consciousness
 Of thy perfections rare,
 Thy deep, thy fervent tenderness,
 Thy true, thy strong devotedness,
 Have waked me to despair.

SONG.

I NEVER knew how dear thou wert,
 Till I was on the silent sea;
 And then my lone and musing heart
 Sent back its passionate thoughts to thee.
 When the wind slept on ocean's breast,
 And the moon smiled above the deep,
 I longed thus o'er thy spirit's rest
 A vigil like yon moon to keep.

When the gales rose, and, tempest-tossed,
 Our struggling ship was sore beset,
 Our topsails rent, our bearing lost,
 And fear in every spirit met—
 Oh! then, amid the midnight storm,
 Peace on my soul thy memory shed:
 The floating image of thy form
 Made strong my heart amid its dread.

Yes! on the dark and troubled sea,
 I strove my spirit's depths to know,
 And found its deep, deep love for thee,
 Fathomless as the gulfs below.
 The waters bore me on my way—
 Yet, oh! more swift than rushing streams,
 To thee flew back, from day to day,
 My clinging love—my burning dreams.

THE BIRD OF WASHINGTON.

SUGGESTED BY AN INCIDENT IN AUDUBON

ABOVE that dark, romantic stream,
 Gray rocks and gloomy forests tower,
 And o'er its sullen floods the dream
 Of Lethe seems to lower;
 Low, shadowed by its frowning steeps,
 The deep and turbid river sweeps.

It sweeps along through many a cleft
 And chasm in the mountains gray,
 Which in forgotten years were reft
 To give its waters way;
 And far above, in martial lines,
 Like warriors, stand the pluméd pines.

Erect and firm they lift on high
 Their pointed tops and funeral spires,
 And seem to pierce the sunset sky,
 And bask amid its fires;
 And when the mountain-winds are loud,
 Their branches swell the anthem proud.

Few steps have dared those rugged ways—
 The precipice is steep and stern;
 And those who on its ramparts gaze
 From the drear aspect turn,
 With little heart to tempt the path
 Bared by the storm and lightning's wrath.

But those who love the awful might
 Of Nature's dreariest solitude,
 May find on that repulsive height
 A scene to match their mood;
 And from its summit look abroad
 On the primeval works of God.

There, in that loneliness profound,
 The soul puts forth a stronger wing,

And soars, from worldly chains unbound,
 A proud, triumphant thing,
 To claim its kindred with the sky,
 And feel its latent deity.

'T was there that, at the set of sun,
 A traveller watched an eagle's flight—
 Now lost amid the vapors dun
 That ushered in the night,
 Now wheeling through the vault of space,
 In wild intricacies of grace.

And as declined the crimson gleam
 Behind the mountain's purple crest,
 He saw him sink, with sudden scream,
 Upon his rocky nest;
 Then, clambering up the rugged way,
 The traveller sought his kingly prey.

Through bush and brake, o'er loosened rock,
 That, sliding from his footsteps slow,
 Went plunging with a sudden shock
 Into the wave below;
 O'er fallen tree, and serpents' brood,
 He sought the eagle's solitude.

Emerging from the coppice dark
 That crowned the frowning precipice,
 He stood in silent awe to mark
 The fathomless abyss
 Which yawned beneath him deep and stern,
 And barred him from the eagle's cairn.

A deer, half maddened by the chase,
 Had once in safety leaped across:
 Such was the legend of the place—
 Yet difficult it was
 For those who heard to comprehend
 How fear itself such strength could lend.

And thus divided from his prey,
 The traveller watched that mountain king,
 As, gazing on the dying day,
 He sat with folded wing,
 And looked the fable of the Greek—
 The bird with thunder in his beak.

So calm, so full of quiet might
 He seemed upon his craggy throne;
 In his dark eye so much of light,
 Of mind, of meaning shone,
 That for a moment hand and heart
 Refused to do their deadly part.

Exulting creature! thee no more
 The sunlight summoned from thy rest
 On wild and warring wing to soar,
 With tempest on thy crest;
 No more the glorious day's decline
 Brought calm repose to heart of thine

Whelmed in the life-stream of thy breast
 Thine eaglets perished in their lair,
 And thou, upon thy crag-perched nest,
 In impotent despair,
 In wild, in sick, in deadly strife,
 Didst yield thy glorious mountain life!

Then falling from thine eyry lone.
 Where oft with proud, unquailing eye
 Thou didst survey the noonday sun,

To worship or defy;
Where oft thy voice outshrieked the blast—
The stream received his lord at last.

But, eagle! no ungenerous foe
Was he who snatched thee from the wave,
And watched thy last, expiring throe
With sighs for one so brave:
He gave thee, monarch of the river,
A name that bids thee live for ever!

THE DESERTED HOUSE.

ROUND that house, deserted lying,
Wearily the winds are sighing
Evermore with sound undying
Through the empty window-pane;
As if with its wails distressing
It could call each earthly blessing
From the sods above them pressing,
Back to live and breathe again.

There the cuckoo sits complaining;
All night long her voice is straining,
And the empoisoned oak-vine training,
Hangs its tendrils on the wall.
Once within those chambers dreaming,
Gentle looks of love were gleaming,
Gentle tones with deep love teeming
Did unto each other call.

Far above the roof-tree failing,
See the hoary vulture sailing;
Marketh she the serpent trailing
Underneath the threshold-stone.
Heaven's bright messengers resembling,
Ringdoves here of old were trembling,
As round some fair hand assembling,
They were fed by her alone.

Through the chamber-windows prying,
Softly on the dark floor lying,
See the ghostly moonlight, flying
Through the untrodden gloom.
Seems it not to thee sweet faces,
Shadowy forms of vanished graces,
Stealing, flitting to their places,
In that long-forsaken room!

Where the darkened stairway windeth,
There her brood the eagle mindeth,
And with chains Arachné bindeth
Balustrade to balustrade.
Once so lightly upward bounding
Fairy steps were heard bounding,
While sweet laughter wild, astounding,
Echoes through the mansion made.

Round the oaken tables spreading,
Through the hall the guests were treading,
Where the festal lamps were shedding
Light upon the ruby wine:
Now swift through the doorway shrunken,

Creeping o'er the threshold sunken,
With the dew and starlight drunken,
Reptile insects seem to twine.

In the parlor, long forsaken,
Once the lute was wont to waken;
And with locks all lightly shaken,
Maids and matrons joined in mirth.
Gentle accents here were swelling,
Hallowed voices often telling
Heaven alone was Virtue's dwelling:
All these beings rest in earth.

Mid these garden flowerets pining,
'Neath the starlight dimly shining,
Where the deadly vine is twining,
Once were glorious bowers.
Once were glad some children playing,
O'er the grass plots lightly straying,
With their golden ringlets swaying
'Neath their crowns of flowers.

By yon gnarled oak's curious twisting,
Here was once a lover's trysting,
Fondly to each other listing,
While they told their plighting vows
Often when the lightning streaketh,
And the wind its branches seeketh,
Then that olden oak-tree speaketh,
And sweet voices fill the boughs.

Could we bring again the glory
To this mansion gray and hoary,
Flinging light on every story,
Yet it would be desolate.
Yet (they say) 'tis doomed hereafter;
Forms shall gleam from wall and rafter
Full of silent tears and laughter,
Mingling with a human fate.

Some indeed have said that, creeping,
Nightly from the window peeping,
Lightly from the casement leaping,
They a ghostly maid have seen.
On the broken gate she swingeth,
And her wanlike hands she wringeth,
And with garments white she wingeth
O'er the grassy plain so green.

To the dark oak-tree she cometh,
Round its trunk she wildly roameth,
Shuddering, as the dark stream foameth;
There she roves till break of day.
Hers they say was love illicit,
Yet from out her murdered spirit
This sad mansion did inherit
A curse *never* done away!

Therefore, in the balance weighing,
Underneath the rods decaying,
With their white hands clasped as praying,
Sleep the owners of the spot;
While this home of the departed,
Making sad the lightest-hearted,
Standeth still, a house deserted—
By the world, save me, forgot.

SUSAN PINDAR.

THIS clever young poet was born at Pindar's Vale, an estate near Wolfert's Roost, the seat of Mr. Irving, on the Hudson. Her father, who had been engaged in commerce, failing in some important speculations, went to New Orleans to retrieve his fortunes, and died there; and Miss Pindar was soon after deprived of all near kindred by the decease of her brothers. Her poems have been pub-

lished chiefly in The Knickerbocker Magazine. Some of them are distinguished for a graceful play of fancy and womanly feeling, and others for a happy vein of wit and humor. She seems to write with much facility, and the elegance of her compositions indicates the careful mental discipline, without which no degree of genius has yet enabled an author to win a desirable reputation.

THE SPIRIT MOTHER.

ART thou near me, spirit mother,
When, in the twilight hour,
A holy hush pervades my heart
With a mysterious power:
While eyes of dreamy tenderness
Seem gazing into mine,
And stir the fountains of my soul—
Sweet mother, are they thine?
Is thine the blessed influence
That o'er my being flings
A sense of rest, as though 't were wrapped
Within an angel's wings?
A deep, abiding trustfulness,
That seems an earnest given
Of future happiness and peace
To those who dwell in heaven!
And oftimes when my footsteps stray
In error's shining track,
There comes a soft, restraining voice,
That seems to call me back;
I hear it not with outward ears,
But with a power divine
Its whisper thrills my inmost soul:
Sweet mother, is it thine?
It well may be, for know we not
That beings all unseen
Are ever hovering o'er our paths,
The earth and sky between?
They're with us in our daily walks,
And tireless vigils keep,
To weave those happy fantasies
That bless our hours of sleep!
Oh, could we feel that spirit-eyes
For ever on us gaze,
And watch each idle thought that threads
The heart's bewildering maze,
Would we not guard each careless word,
All sinful feelings quell,
Lest we should grieve the cherished ones
We loved on earth so well?

Sweet spirit mother, bless thy child!
And with a holy love
Inspire my feeble energies,
And lift my heart above;
And when the long-imprisoned soul
These earthly bonds has riven,
Be thine the wing to bear it up
And waft it on to heaven.

THE LADY LEONORE.

OUR upon the waters foaming,
O'er the deep, dark sea,
A maiden through the twilight gloaming
Gazeth earnestly:
Mighty waves, tempestuous dashing,
Burst upon the shore;
Recks she not their angry lashing,
Heeds she not the tempest crashing,
Lady Leonore!
She was Beauty's fairest daughter,
Glorious in her pride;
Noble suitors oft had sought her,
Countless hearts had sighed;
Vainly the impassioned lover
Burning words did pour:
Bright and cold as stars above her,
Failed all tearful sighs to move her,
Cruel Leonore!
One there was, of noble bearing,
Lowly in his birth:—
Worthy he of all comparing
With the great of earth;
Dared he own Love's sacred feeling,
The humble troubadour?
O'er his harp-strings wildly stealing,
Every strain his soul revealing,
Worshipped Leonore.
Loved she him?—what soft commotion
Stirred within her breast,
Wakening each fond emotion
With a sweet unrest

Pride all tender ties doth sever—
 And they met no more.
 Could she wed a minstrel!—never!
 Left he then his home for ever—
 Haughty Leonore!

Now his image sadly keeping
 Shrined within her heart,
 Dimmed her eyes with ceaseless weeping
 Smiles for aye depart:

Love with fond resistless yearning
 Bids her him restore;
 While the beacon-light is burning,
 Waiteth she his glad returning,
 Tender Leonore!

Wildly now the tempest rushing
 On its fearful path,
 Every fated object crushing
 In its furious wrath.

List!—that shriek of wo despairing,
 Rising mid the roar;
 To her heart what anguish bearing,
 Where she stands the storm-king daring,
 Faithful Leonore!

Soon the early dawn is breaking,
 Glorious and serene,
 And the sun, in splendor waking,
 Smiles upon the scene.
 A maiden clasps her lifeless lover
 On the wreck-strewn shore:
 Moaning surges break above her—
 But for her all storms are over,
 Hapless Leonore!

BURIAL OF WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR

WITH slow and solemn tread,
 Through aisles where warrior-figures grim
 Stand forth in shadowy gloom,
 While loudly peals the funeral hymn,
 And censors waft perfume,
 Bring they the kingly dead.

They bear him to his rest,
 Around whose lofty deeds is cast
 The panoply of fame;
 Who gave his war-cry to the blast,
 And left a conqueror's mighty name
 His nation's proud bequest.

Around his royal bier
 The chieftains stand, in reverence bowed,
 Amid a hush profound;
 When from the vast assembled crowd
 A solemn voice, with warning sound,
 Rung on each startled ear.

“Forbear!” it cried, “forbear!
 This ground mine heritage I claim;
 Here bloomed our household vine,
 Until this dread despoiler came,
 And crushed its roots to raise this shrine
 In mockery of prayer!”

“By all your hopes of earth,
 As ye before the throne of Heaven
 In judgment shall appear,

As ye would pray your sins forgiven,
 Lay not the tyrant's ashes here
 Upon my father's hearth!”

Mute stood those warriors bold,
 Each swarthy cheek grew red with shame,
 That ne'er with fear had paled;
 And for his dust, before whose name
 The bravest hearts in terror quailed,
 They bought a grave with gold.

Oh, Victory, veil thy brow!
 What are thy pageants of an hour—
 Thy wreath, when stained with crime?
 Oh, fame, ambition, haughty power!
 Ye bubbles on the stream of time,
 Where are your glories now!

LAURALIE.

LIGHTER than the sunbeam's ray,
 Dawning on the sea,
 Graceful as a moonlight fay,
 Was she who won all hearts away—
 Lauralie!

Tresses bright of golden hair,
 Flowing wild and free,
 Down her cheek beyond compare,
 Nestling in her bosom fair—
 Lauralie!

By the heaven within her eyes,
 Plainly might you see,
 She had stolen their glorious dyes
 From the laughing summer skies—
 Lauralie!

Less beautiful than good and kind,
 Pure as snow was she;
 All gentle thoughts dwelt in her mind,
 By innocence and truth refined—
 Lauralie!

A tall knight came, with bearing bold,
 And tender vows breathed he;
 Alas! a tale too often told,
 He won her heart, his love waned cold—
 Lauralie!

He brought a fair and haughty bride
 From o'er the sea;
 And as he feasted at her side,
 A maiden sought his feet and died—
 Lauralie!

Now doth the broken-hearted sleep
 Beneath the linden tree;
 Above the sod the wild vines creep,
 And maidens seek the spot to weep:
 Lauralie!

But he—the false one!—knows not rest,
 Dishonored now is he;
 His faithless bride has left his breast:
 Oh, well are all thy wrongs redressed,
 Lauralie!

A maniac wild, he smiles no more,
 But wanders by the sea,
 And mutters, mid the tempest's roar,
 The name he traces on the shore—
 Lauralie!

GREENWOOD.

THERE is a spot far in the green still wood,
 Where Nature reigns in majesty alone,
 Where the tall trees for countless years have stood,
 And flowers have bloomed and faded all unknown;
 Where fearless birds soar through the morning skies,
 And fill the air with varied melodies,
 While o'er the water's breast dark shadows brood,
 Flung by the clustering boughs, a glorious solitude!

It is a holy place, so calm and still,
 So wrapped in shades of peaceful quietude:
 A sense of awe the inmost soul doth thrill,
 And tunes the spirit to a higher mood,
 When in the precincts of that sacred spot
 The busy cares of life are all forgot.
 Let not a foot-fall, with irreverent sound,
 Startle the echoes of the hallowed ground.

The dead are with us, where green branches wave,
 And where the pine boughs cast a deeper gloom;
 Yonder a rose-tree marks an early grave,
 And there proud manhood sleeps beneath the tomb;
 The young high heart with vague, bright dreamings
 Too pure for earth, yet haply now fulfilled, [filled,
 Lies mute, perchance by his who knew not rest,
 Until the damp sod pressed his aching breast.

And doth it not seem meet,
 That there earth's weary pilgrims should repose,
 Far from the hurrying tread of eager feet,
 Where the last sunbeams at the daylight's close
 Quiver like golden harpstrings mid the trees,
 While with a spirit's touch the evening breeze
 Wakens a requiem for the sleepers there,
 And Nature's every breath seems fraught with
 prayer!

And when the twilight, in her robe of gray,
 Flings o'er the earth a veil of mystic light,
 While as the glow of even melts away,
 The stars above grow more intensely bright,
 Even as the promise that our God has given,
 As fade our hopes on earth, so grow they bright in
 heaven:

Might we not deem them holy spirit-eyes,
 Their vigils keeping in the silent skies?

Oh, noiseless city of the mighty dead!
 Lonely and mute, yet are thy annals fraught
 With solemn teachings, and thy broad page spread
 With the rich lore of soul-awakening thought;
 And when the wanderer on the future shores
 Shall seek its hidden mysteries to explore,
 Thy hallowed shades, with spirit-voices rife,
 May lead him onward to the gates of life.

THOUGHTS IN SPRING-TIME.

FAR in some still, sequestered nook,
 Removed from worldly strife,
 How calmly, like a placid brook,
 Would glide the stream of life!

How sweet in temples God has made
 To raise the voice of prayer,
 While songsters from the leafy glade
 With music fill the air!

Does not the spirit seem to spurn
 The fettered thoughts of earth,
 And with a holier impulse turn
 To thoughts of higher birth?

When in the forests' vast arcade,
 Where man has seldom trod,
 Amid the works that he has made,
 We stand alone with God?

When gazing on fair Nature's face,
 Untouched by hand of art,
 In every leaf his love we trace,
 What feelings thrill the heart!

The diamond dew-drop on the spray,
 Each early-fading flower,
 The glittering insects of a day—
 All show God's wondrous power:

And teach us by their helplessness
 Of his unwearied care,
 Who gives the lily's vestal dress,
 And bids us not despair.

When in the fading light of day
 The forest trees grow dim,
 And evening comes in sober gray,
 How turn our souls to him!

There is no sound upon the air,
 All living things are still—
 A solemn hush as if of prayer,
 Is brooding o'er the hill:

While far above, like spirit-eyes,
 The stars their vigils keep,
 And smile on the fair stream that lies
 Upon earth's breast, asleep.

There is a spell that binds the heart
 At this most hallowed hour,
 And bids all earth-born thoughts depart
 Beneath its holy power.

And when to all created things
 A voice of praise is given,
 The spirit seems on angel wings
 To soar aloft to Heaven.

CAROLINE MAY.

MISS CAROLINE MAY, a daughter of the Rev. Edward Harrison May, minister of one of the Reformed Dutch churches in the city of New York, is the author of many very graceful and striking poems; and during

the present year she has published, in Philadelphia, a volume entitled *Specimens of the American Female Poets*. Miss May has given few of her compositions to the public, and the following, except one, are now first printed.

THE SABBATH OF THE YEAR.

It is the sabbath of the year;
And if ye'll walk abroad,
A holy sermon ye shall hear,
Full worthy of record.
Autumn the preacher is; and look—
As other preachers do,
He takes a text from the one Great Book,
A text both sad and true.
With a deep, earnest voice, he saith—
A voice of gentle grief,
Fitting the minister of Death—
"Ye all fade as a leaf;
And your iniquities, like the wind,
Have taken you away;
Ye fading flutterers, weak and blind,
Repent, return, and pray."
And then the Wind ariseth slow,
And giveth out a psalm—
And the organ-pipes begin to blow,
Within the forest calm;
Then all the Trees lift up their hands,
And lift their voices higher,
And sing the notes of spirit bands
In full and glorious choir.
Yes! 'tis the sabbath of the year!
And it doth surely seem,
(But words of reverence and fear
Should speak of such a theme.)
That the corn is gathered for the bread,
And the berries for the wine,
And a sacramental feast is spread,
Like the Christian's pardon sign.
And the Year, with sighs of penitence,
'The holy feast bends o'er;
For she must die, and go out hence—
Die, and be seen no more.
Then are the choir and organ still,
The psalm melts in the air,
The Wind bows down beside the hill,
And all are hushed in prayer.
Then comes the Sunset in the west,
Like a patriarch of old,
Or like a saint who hath won his rest,
His robes, and his crown of gold;
And forth his arms he stretcheth wide,
And with solemn tone and clear
He blesseth, in the eventide,
The sabbath of the year.

TO A STUDENT.

GIVE thyself to the beauty
Of this September day!
And let it be thy duty
To treasure every ray
Of the sweet light that streams abroad,
An emblem of its Maker, God!
Oh! put away the learning
Of science and of art;
And stifle not the yearning
That swells within thy heart,
To look upon, and love, and bless,
Departing Summer's loveliness!
Go out into the garden,
And taste the sweetness there—
(Thy books will surely pardon
A pause from studious care)—
Of the still lavish mignonette,
And the few flowers that linger yet.
Go, feel the sweet caressing
Of the south wind on thy cheek—
Kind as the breathed-out blessing
Of one too sad to speak;
And mournful in its music low
As the dim thoughts of long ago.
Lift up thy face in gladness
To the sky so soft and warm,
And watch the frolic madness
Of the changeful clouds, that form
A mimic shape, in every change,
Of something beautiful and strange.
Or go, if thou wouldst rather,
To the distant woods, and see
How surely thou wilt gather
From forest harmony
Sweet themes for present songs of praise,
And hoards of thought for future lays.
Oh! it will make thee better,
More wise, and glad, and kind,
To throw off every fetter,
And go with pliant mind—
Like a free, open-hearted child,
To wander in the forests wild.
The love of Nature heightens
Our love to God and man;
And a spirit, Love enlightens,
Farther than others can,
Pierces with: clear and steady eyes
Into the land where true thought lies!

SONNETS.

I. ON A WARM NOVEMBER DAY.

Is this November? It must surely be
 That some sweet May day, like a merry girl
 With eye of laughing blue, and golden curl,
 In the excess of her light-hearted glee,
 Has run too far from home, and lost her way;
 And now she trembles, while upon the air
 Flutter the rainbow ribands of her hair,
 And her warm breath comes quick, for fear her play
 Should into danger her wild footsteps bring!
 She sees herself upon the barren heath
 Where, happily, November slumbereth:
 What, should he wake, and find her trespassing!
 Yet, weep not, wanderer! for I know ere night
 Thou wilt be home again laughing with safe delight.

II. ON THE APPROACH OF WINTER.

Now comes the herald of stern Winter. Hear
 The blast of his loud trumpet through the air,
 Bidding collected families prepare
 For the fierce king, without delay or fear;
 Not seacoal fires alone, or cordial cheer
 Of generous wine, or raiment thick and warm,
 Though these may make the bleak and boisterous
 A picture for the eye, and music for the ear; [storm
 But laws of kindness, simple and sincere,
 Patient forbearance, and sweet cheerfulness,
 And gentle charity that loves to bless—
 To hide all faults as soon as they appear.
 Without such stores, bought by no golden price,
 Winter may freeze the human blood to ice!

III. THOUGHT.

So truly, faithfully, my heart is thine,
 Dear Thought, that when I am debarred from thee
 By the vain tumult of vain company;
 And when it seems to be the fixed design
 Of heedless hearts, who never can incline
 Themselves to seek thy rich though hidden charms,
 To keep me daily from thy outstretched arms—
 My soul sinks faint within me, and I pine
 As lover pines when from his love apart,
 Who, after having been long loved, long sought,
 At length has given to his persuasive art
 Her generous soul with hope and fear full fraught:
 For thou'rt the honored mistress of my heart,
 Pure, quiet, bountiful, beloved Thought!

IV. HOPE.

LIKE the glad skylark, who each early morn
 Springs from his shady nest of weeds or flowers,
 And whether stormy clouds, or bright, are born,
 Pierces the realm of sunshine and of showers;
 And with untiring wing and steady eye,
 And never ceasing song, (so loud and sweet,
 So full of trusting love, that it is meet
 It should be poured forth at heaven's portals high,)
 Bears up his sacrifice of gratitude:
 So Hope—the one, the only Hope—spreads out
 Her wings from the heart's tearful solitude,
 (Shadowed too oft with weeds,) quivers about

The cloudy caves of earth, till sudden strength is
 given
 To dart above them all, and soar with songs to
 heaven.

V. MEMORY.

LIKE the full-hearted nightingale,
 Who careth not to sing her sad, sweet strain
 To open Daylight; but when pale
 And thoughtful Evening sheds o'er plain,
 And hill, and vale, a quiet sense
 Of loneliness unbroken, then she gives
 Her soul to the deep influence
 Of silence and of shade, and lives
 A life of mournful melody
 In one short night: so Memory,
 Shrinking from daylight's glare and noise,
 Reserves her melancholy joys
 For the dark stillness of the holy night,
 And then she pours them forth till dawning light.

LILIES.

EVERY flower is sweet to me—

The rose and violet,
 The pink, the daisy, and sweet pea,
 Heart's-ease and mignonette,
 And hyacinths and daffodillies:
 But sweetest are the spotless lilies.

I know not what the lilies were
 That grew in ancient times—
 When Jesus walked with children fair,
 Through groves of eastern climes,
 And made each flower, as he passed by it,
 A type of faith, content, and quiet.

But they were not more pure and bright
 Than those our gardens show;
 Or those that shed their silver light,
 Where the dark waters flow;
 Or those that hide in wood and alley,
 The fragrant lilies of the valley.

And I, in each of them, would see
 Some lesson for my youth:
 The loveliness of purity,
 The stateliness of truth,
 Whene'er I look upon the lustre
 Of those that in the garden cluster.

Patience and hope, that keep the sou.
 Unruffled and secure,
 Though floods of grief beneath it roll,
 I learn, when calm and pure
 I see the floating water-lily,
 Gleam amid shadows dark and chilly

And when the fragrance that ascends,
 Shows where its lovely face
 The lily of the valley bends,
 I think of that sweet grace,
 Which sheds within the spirit lowly.
 A rest, like heaven's, so safe and holy

TO NATURE.

Rocks, and woods, and water,
I am now with ye!
What a grateful daughter
Ought I not to be!
Alone with Nature—oh, what bliss,
What a privilege is this!

Give me now a blessing,
Help my tongue to speak
The feelings that are pressing
Till my heart grows weak—
Faint with the strange influence
Of this wild magnificence.

I shut my eyes a minute,
Listening to the sound:
Music is there in it,
Stirring and profound!
Wild-voiced waters, babbling breeze,
Telling tales of aged trees:

And the echoes—hearken!
There they chiefly dwell,
Where those huge rocks darken
That green woody dell:
Hearken with what joy they spring,
When the village church bells ring!

Up I look, and follow
With my eyes the sound,
Fading in the hollow
Of the hills around;
Then I clasp my hands and sigh,
That so soon the echoes die.

And I think how fleetly
Pleasures that we prize,
Like the echoes, sweetly
Fade before our eyes:
But 'tis well, 'tis well for me,
Prone to earth idolatry.

Oh! ye kingly mountains,
With your cedar woods;
Closing diamond fountains
In their solitudes:
In my very soul ye dwell—
Can I love ye then too well?

Oh! ye clouds of glory,
That your crimson throw
On the old rocks hoary,
While the stream below
Sleeps in an unbroken shade:
Can too much of ye be made?

Can I love to linger
In this quiet nook,
Tracing Nature's finger
Reading Nature's book,
Till such lingering be wrong—
Reading, tracing there too long?

If so, 'tis no pity;
For too soon, alas!

To the imprisoning city
From these haunts I pass,
And this quiet nook will be
Seen alone in memory.

Rocks, and woods, and water,
Now I am with ye,
And a grateful daughter
Ever will I be—
Loving ye, e'en when ye are
From my loving heart afar.

THE SUN.

WHEN the bounteous summer-time
Threw the riches of its prime,
Corn and grass, and fruit and flowers
Upon meadows, fields, and bowers;
When the teeming earth below
Seemed to quiver in the glow
Of the sky, intensely bright
With luxuriant, melting light—
Then we ever tried to shun
The advances of the sun:
Flying from his burning glance,
If he looked at us by chance;
Shutting out his beams, if they
Ever boldly dared to stray
To our dark and fragrant room,
Rendered cool by quiet gloom.
Now the summer time is gone,
And the winds begin to mourn;
Now the yellow leaves fall down,
And the grass is turning brown,
And the flowers are dying fast;
Now the chill, destroying blast,
Seems to whisper in the vine
A sad warning of decline—
We invoke the sun's warm ray,
And we bless it all the day;
Looking up, as to a friend,
When its beams on us descend;
And we watch it down the west,
As it early sinks to rest:
Then, with sorrow at our hearts,
Sigh, "How soon the sun departs!"
So, in brightest summer tide
Of prosperity and pride,
When our friends are kind and warm,
And we dream not of the storm—
Then we hide in our recess
From the Sun of Righteousness,
Closing up our soul and sight
To his strong and piercing light.
But when the autumn blast
Of desertion sweepeth past,
Then we cry—by grief made bold—
"We are desolate and cold!
Let thy beams descend, and heal
The soul-smarting wounds we feel;
Shine upon us, Christ our Sun—
Without thee we are undone!"

ALICE G. HAVEN.

(Born 1828—Died 1863).

MISS EMILY BRADLEY, a native of the city of Hudson, in New York, was married in 1846 to the late Joseph C. Neal, of Philadelphia, an author and a man who will be regretted while any of his acquaintances are living. She was educated at a boarding-school in New Hampshire, and was known as a writer by many spirited compositions, chiefly in prose, published under the signature of "Al

ice G. Lee." After the death of Mr. Neal, in the summer of 1847, Mrs. Neal continued, in Philadelphia, with much tact and ability, the popular journal of which he was the editor, called Neal's Saturday Evening Gazette. She afterwards married Mr. Samuel L. Haven, of New York, and wrote a number of children's books under the *nom de plume* of "Cousin Alice."

THE BRIDE'S CONFESSION.

A SUDDEN thrill passed through my heart,
Wild and intense—yet not of pain—
I strove to quell quick-bounding throbs,
And scanned the sentence o'er again.
It might have been full idly penned
By one whose thoughts from love were free
And yet, as if entranced, I read—
"Thou art most beautiful to me."

Thou didst not whisper I was loved;
There were no gleams of tenderness,
Save those my trembling heart would hope
That careless sentence might express.
But while the blinding tears fell fast,
Until the words I scarce could see,
There shone, as through a wreathing mist—
"Thou art most beautiful to me."

To thee?—I cared not for all eyes,
So I was beautiful in thine!
A timid star, my faint, sad beams
Upon thy path alone should shine.
Oh, what was praise, save from thy lips?
And love should all unheeded be,
So I could hear thy bless'd voice
Say, "Thou art beautiful to me."

And I have heard those very words—
Blushing beneath thine earnest gaze—
Though thou perchance hadst quite forgot
They had been said in bygone days:
While clasped hand and circling arm
Then drew me nearer still to thee,
Thy low voice breathed upon mine ear—
"Thou, love, art beautiful to me."

And, dearest, though thine eyes alone
May see in me a single grace,
I care not, so thou e'er canst find
A hidden sweetness in my face.
And if, as years and cares steal on,
Even that lingering light must flee,
What matter, if from thee I hear—
"Thou art still beautiful to me!"

MIDNIGHT AND DAYBREAK.

I HAD been tossing through the restless night,
Sleep banished from my pillow, and my brain
Weary with sense of dull and stifling pain,
Yearning and praying for the bless'd light.
My lips moaned thy dear name, beloved one!
Yet I have seen thee lying stiff and cold,
Thy form bound only by the shroud's pure fold,
For life with all its suffering was done.
Then agony of loneliness o'ercame
My widowed heart; night would fit emblem seem
For the evanishing of that bright dream:
The heavens were dark, my life henceforth the same;
No hope—its pulse within my breast was dead.

Once more I sought the casement. Lo! a ray,
Faint and uncertain, struggled through the gloom,
And shed a misty twilight on the room;
Long watched-for herald of the coming day!
It brought a thrill of gladness to my breast.
With clasped hands and streaming eyes I prayed,
Thanking my God for light, though long delayed;
And gentle calm stole o'er my wild unrest.
"Oh soul!" I said, "thy boding murmurs cease;
Though sorrow bind thee as a funeral pall,
Thy Father's hand is guiding thee through all;
His love will bring a true and perfect peace.
Look upward once again: though drear the night,
Earth may be darkness, Heav'n will give thee light."

THE CHURCH.

CLAD in a robe of pure and spotless white,
The youthful bride with timid step comes forth
To greet the hand to which she plights her troth,
Her soft eyes radiant with a strange delight.
The snowy veil which circles her around
Shades the sweet face from every gazer's eye,
And thus wrapped, she passes calmly by—
Nor casts a look but on the unconscious ground
So should the Church, the bride elect of Heaven—
Remembering Whom she goeth forth to meet

And with a truth that can not brook deceit
 Holding the faith which unto her is given—
 Passthrough this world, which claims her for awhile,
 Nor cast about her longing look, nor smile.

◆
 BLIND!

I.

The hand of the operator wavered—the instrument ran 'nd aside—in a moment she was blind for life.

BLIND, said you? Blind for life!
 'Tis but a jest—no, no, it can not be
 That I no more the blessed light may see!
 Oh, what a fearful strife
 Of horrid thought is raging in my mind!
 I did not hear aright—"For ever blind!"

Mother, you would not speak
 Aught but the truth to me, your stricken child:
 Tell me I do but dream; my brain is wild,
 And yet my heart is weak.
 Oh, mother! fold me in a close embrace—
 Bend down to me that dear, that gentle face.

I can not hear your voice!
 Speak louder, mother. Speak to me, and say
 This frightful dream will quickly pass away.
 Have I no hope, no choice?
 O Heaven! with light has sound, too, from me fled?
 Call, shout aloud, as if to wake the dead!

Thank God! I hear you now:
 I hear the beating of your troubled heart;
 With every wo of mine it has a part.
 Upon my upturned brow
 The hot tears fall from those dear eyes for me:
 Once more, oh is it true I may not see?

This silence chills my blood.
 Had you one word of comfort, all my fears
 Were quickly banished: faster still the tears,
 A bitter, burning flood,
 Fall on my face, and now one trembling word
 Confirms the dreadful truth my ears have heard!

Why weep you?—I am calm:
 My wan lip quivers not—my heart is still.
 My swollen temples—see, they do not thrill!
 That word was as a charm;
 Tell me the worst: all, all I now can bear;
 I have a fearful strength—that of despair.

What is it to be blind!—
 To be shut out for ever from the skies—
 To see no more the "light of loving eyes"—
 And, as years pass, to find
 My lot unvaried by one passing gleam
 Of the bright woodland or the flashing stream?

To feel the breath of Spring,
 Yet not to view one of the tiny flowers
 That come from out the earth with her soft showers;
 To hear the bright birds sing,
 And feel, while listening to their joyous strain,
 My heart can ne'er know happiness again!

Then in the solemn night
 To lie alone, while all anear me sleep,
 And fancy fearful forms about me creep:
 Starting in wild affright,

To know, if true, I could not have the power
 To ward off danger in that lonely hour.

And as my breath came thick
 To feel the hideous darkness round me press,
 Adding new terror to my loneliness;
 While every pulse leaped quick
 To clutch and grasp at the black, stifling air—
 Then sink in stupor from my wild despair.

It comes upon me now!
 I can not breathe; my heart grows quick and chill;
 Oh, mother, are your arms about me still—
 Still o'er me do you bow?
 And yet I care not: better all alone—
 No one to heed my weakness should I moan.

Again! I will not live.
 Death is no worse than this eternal night—
 Those resting in the grave heed not the light!
 Small comfort can ye give.
 Yes, Death is welcome as my only friend;
 In the calm grave my sorrows will have end.

Talk not to me of hope!
 Have you not told me it is all in vain—
 That while I live I may not see again?
 That earth, and the broad scope
 Of the blue heaven—that all things glad and free
 Henceforth are hidden—tell of hope to me?

It is not hard to lie
 Calmly and silently in that long sleep;
 No fear can wake me from that slumber deep.
 So, mother, let me die:
 I shall be happier in the gentle rest
 Than living with this grief to fill my breast.

II.

"God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb."—Stern.

THANK God that yet I live!
 In tender mercy, heeding not the prayer
 I boldly uttered in my first despair,
 He would not rashly give
 The punishment an erring spirit braved.
 From sudden death in kindness I was saved.

It was a fearful thought
 That this fair earth had not one pleasure left!
 I was at once of sight and hope bereft.
 My soul was not yet taught
 To bow submissive to the sudden stroke;
 Its crushing weight my heart had well-nigh broke.

Words are not that can tell
 The horrid thought that burned upon my brain,
 That came and went with madness still the same—
 A black and icy spell
 That froze my life-blood, stopp'd my fluttering breath,
 Was laid upon me—even "life in death."

Long, weary months crept by,
 And I refused all comfort; turned aside,
 Wishing that in my weakness I had died.
 I uttered no reply,
 But without ceasing wept and moaned, and prayed
 The hand of Death no longer might be stayed.

I shunned the gaze of all:
 I knew that pity dwelt in every look;
 Pity e'en then my proud heart could not brook;

Though darkness as a pall
Circled me round, each mournful eye I fell
That for a moment on my features dwelt.

You, dearest mother, know
I shrank in sullenness from your caress;
Even your kisses added to distress,
For burning tears would flow
As you bent o'er me, whispering, "Be calm,
He who hath wounded holds for thee a balm."

He did not seem a friend:
I deemed in wrath the sudden blow was sent
From a strong arm that never might relent;
That pain alone would end
With life—for, mother, then it seem to me
That long and dreamless would death's slumber be.

That blessed illness came:
My weakened pulse now bounded wild and strong,
While soon a raging fever burned along
My worn, exhausted frame;
And for the time all knowledge passed away—
It mattered not that hidden was the day.

The odor of sweet flowers
Came stealing through the casement when I woke,
When the wild fever-spell at last was broke;
And yet for many hours
I laid in dreamy stillness, till your tone
Called back the life that seemed for ever flown.

You, mother, knelt in prayer;
While one dear hand was resting on my head,
With sobbing voice, how fervently you plead
For a strong heart, to bear
The parting which you feared—"Or, if she live,
Comfort, O Father, to the stricken give!"

"Take from her wandering mind
The heavy load which it so long hath borne,
Which even unto death her frame hath worn:
Let her in mercy find,
That though the earth she may no longer see,
Her spirit still can look to Heaven and thee."

A low sob from me stole:
A moment more, your arms about me wound,
My head upon your breast a pillow found;
And through my weary soul
A holy calm came stealing from on high:
Your prayer was answered—I was not to die.

Then when the bell's faint chime
Came floating gently on the burdened air,
My heart went up to God in fervent prayer.
And, mother, from that time
My wild thoughts left me, hope returned once more:
I felt that happiness was yet in store.

Daily new strength was given:
For the first time since darkness on me fell,
I passed with more of joy than words can tell
Under the free, blue heaven;

I bathed my brow in the cool, gushing spring:
How much of life those bright drops seemed to bring!

I crushed the dewy leaves
Of the pale violets, and drank their breath—
Though I had heard that at each floweret's death
A sister blossom grieves.
I did not care to see their glorious hues,
Fearing the richer perfume I might lose.

Then in the dim old wood
I laid me down beneath a bending tree,
And dreamed, dear mother, waking dreams of thee:
I thought how just and good
The Power that had so gently sealed mine eyes,
Yet bade new pleasures and new hopes arise.

For now in truth I find
My Father all his promises hath kept:
He comforts those who here in sadness wept
"Eyes to the blind"
Thou art, O God! Earth I no longer see,
Yet trustfully my spirit looks to thee.

A MEMORY.

SLOWLY fades the misty twilight
O'er the thronged and noisy town;
Storms are gathered in the distance,
And the clouds above it frown.
Yet before me leaves sway lightly
In the hushed and drowsy air,
And the trees new-clothed in verdure
Have no summer of despair.

I have gazed into the darkness,
Seeking in the busy crowd
For a form once passing onward
With a step as firm and proud;
For a face upturned in gladness
To the window where I leaned,
Smiling with an eager welcome,
Though a step but intervened.

Even now my cheek is flushing
With the rapture of that gaze.
And my heart as then beats wildly.
Oh, the memory of those days
As a dear, dear dream it cometh,
Swiftly as a dream it flies!
No one springeth now unto me,
Smiling with such earnest eyes—

No one hastens home at twilight,
Watching for my hand to wave:
For the form I seek so vainly
Sleepeth in the silent grave;
And the eyes have smiled in dying
Blessing me with latest life—
Oh, my friend! above the discord
Of the last, wild, earthly strife.

CAROLINE H. CHANDLER.

THE maiden name of this fine writer was HIESKILL. She was married several years ago to Mr. M. T. W. Chandler, a son of the Hon. Joseph R. Chandler, of Philadelphia,

which is her native city. Her poems have appeared from time to time in the United States Gazette, and in the Philadelphia magazines.

TO MY BROTHER.

"The love where Death hath set his seal,
Nor age can chill, nor rival steal,
Nor falsehood disavow."—*Byron.*

WELCOME, O brother, to our household meeting,
Welcome again from o'er the distant sea ;
Long have we looked for thy familiar greeting,
Long have we yearned to gaze once more on thee.
Daily and nightly for thy safe returning
Have prayers ascended from our watchful hearts,
When, as before a shrine, for ever burning,
The lamp of love its holy light imparts.

How have we missed thee in our joy and sorrow !
How have we daily marked thy vacant place !
How have we fondly sighed for the fair morrow,
That should restore to us thine own dear face !
The chain of love hath lost a link without thee—
And all too slowly runs the golden sand
Till that sweet time when, circled round about thee,
Safe in our midst, we may behold thee stand.

Yet with our welcome mingle strains of sadness
Unheard before amidst our household mirth ;
Hushed are the wonted tones of joy and gladness,
For ever quenched the light upon our hearth.
The star is hidden from our earnest gazing,
Silent the music in the troubled air,
Yet do we surely know, to heaven upraising
Our eyes all dim with tears, that she is there.

The Father hath received her into glory—
The lamb hath refuge found within the fold ;
And though her life be as an untold story,
Her death is writ in characters of gold.
Oh ! little darling, with the tears fast raining,
And the sick heart a mother only knows—
I think of thy most patient uncomplaining,
Submissive ever, till thy sweet life's close ;

Of all the wealth of thy young heart's devotion—
Of the last mortal sickness, faint unrest—
And oh, dread thought, the little hand's last motion,
Which even in death would clasp me to thy breast !
Each censure passed in chastening correction
Upon thy childish faults, so few and light—
Each look, each hasty word, with vain reflection,
Comes pressing hard upon my heart to-night.

Once more, my solitary vigil keeping,
I watch beside thee in that silent room ;

Counting thy pulse, as the hot blood runs leaping
Through those young veins, soon quiet in the tomb.
Once more I mark the dimpled cheek's deep flushing,
Seen by the dim night-lamp ; once more thy cry
Of mortal pain sends with a mighty rushing
The awful thought that thou must surely die !

These are most dread and fearful recollections,
Ne'er to be blotted out till life hath fled ;
Yet are there holy, comforting reflections,
Which bloom like flowers around the early dead.
Oh ! to believe, with meekness uncomplaining,
In the dear mercy of God's loving sway—
That our sore loss is her eternal gaining—
That darkness leadeth but to perfect day.

Ye find us not the same as when we parted,
Oh, brother mine ! but weary and way-worn—
Ye find us not the same as when we started
On the dark road of life, in youth's fair morn.
Then, with a holy and a meek confiding,
And a fond trust, too lovely to endure,
We dreamed not of the evil here abiding,
For to the heart of youth all things are pure.

The world no longer wears the same gay seeming
That shone around it once in life's first years,
And we have learned to mock its idle dreamings,
And bathe its brightest hopes with bitter tears.
Oh ! dreary is that first most sad awaking
From the sweet confidence of early truth,
To find Hope's rosy glass, in fragments breaking,
Reflects no more the visions of our youth !

Ah ! many hearts have changed since we two parted,
And many grown apart, as time hath sped—
Till we have almost deemed that the true-hearted
Abided only with the faithful dead.
And some we trusted with a fond believing,
Have turned and stung us to the bosom's core ;
And life hath seemed but as a vain deceiving,
From which we turn aside, heartsick and sore.

Oh, brother ! this is but a mournful greeting
With which to hail the wanderer's return ;
My lay, responsive to my heart's sad beating,
Tells but of death—the ashes and the urn.
Yet must we wait, God's own good time abiding
And faithful labor at the task below—
Till his just hand, the good and ill dividing,
Shall change to future joy our present wo.

ELIZA L. SPROAT.

MISS SPROAT is a native and a resident of Philadelphia. She is the author of many fanciful and brilliant poems, of which a few have recently been printed in literary miscellanies. She has wit, delicacy, and a pleasing vein of sentiment.

THE PRISONER'S CHILD.

THE dull, chill prison building,
Oh, what a gloomy sight!
It wears in boldest morning
The coward scowl of Night.
The warm, fresh Light approaches,
And shuddering turns away:
Within its shadow looming foul
No joysome thing will stay.
Yet there's a light within my cell,
A lovely light its walls enclose;
My happy child—my daughter pure—
My wild, wild rose.
The prison sounds are dreary
To one who hears them long;
The murderer talking to himself—
The drunkard's crazy song.
My prison-door grates harshly,
It bodes the jailer's scowl;
The jailer's dog sleeps all the day,
To wake at night and howl.
Yet there is music in my cell,
And Joy's own voice its walls enclose;
My heaven-bird—my gladsome girl—
My wild, wild rose.
Her mellow, golden accents
O'erflow the air around,
As if the joyous sunshine
Resolved itself to sound.
She carols clear at morning,
And prattles sweet at noon;
She sings to rest the weary sun,
And ringeth up the moon;
And when in sleep she visits home,
(My daughter knows the angels well),
She'll fearless rouse the awful night,
Her happy dreams to tell.
Oh, some have many treasures,
But other I have none;
The dear Creator gave me
My blessings all in one.
The wealth of many jewels
Is garnered in her eyes;
The worth of many loving hearts
Within her bosom lies;
She's more to me than daily bread,
And more to me than night's repose:
My staff, my flower, my praise, my prayer—
My wild, wild rose.

A FEW STRAY SUNBEAMS.

LITTLE dainty Sunbeams!
Listen when you please,
You'll not hear their tiny feet
Dancing in the trees:
All so light and delicate
Is their golden tread,
Not a single flower-leaf
Such a step may dread.
Merry, laughing Sunbeams,
Playing here and there,
Passing through the rose-leaves,
Flashing everywhere;
Through the cottage window,
In the cottage door,
Past the green, entangled vines,
On the cottage floor.
Lovely little Sunbeams,
Laughing as they played
Through the flying ringlets
Of the cottage maid;
Staying but to flush her cheek,
Darting in their glee
Down the darkened forest-path,
O'er the open lea,
Through the castle window
Where, in curtained gloom,
Sat its lovely mistress
In her splendid bloom!
Oh ye saucy Sunbeams!
Could ye dare to spy
Time's annoying footmarks
Near a lady's eye?
Dare ye flash around her,
Every line to see,
Lighting each stray wrinkle up
In your cruel glee?
See! the witching Sunbeams
With the wand they hold,
Turn the earth to emerald,
And the skies to gold;
All the streams are silver
'Neath their magic rare,
All the black years Night hath shed,
Gems for kings to wear.
Beautiful is moonlight,
Like to Nature's mind,

Purely white and brilliant,
 Coldly, calmly kind :
 Beautiful thy burning stars,
 Like to Nature's soul,
 Rapturous that ever gaze,
 Heavenward as they roll.
 But oh ! the human sunlight,
 Flooding earth in glee,
 Nature's living, laughing, loving,
 Gladsome *heart* for me !

—•—
 GUONARE.

WHERE TO shall I liken thee,
 Holy Guonare ?
 To the waves that leap so free,
 Or the flowers that smile so fair ?—
 Fearless as the bounding wave,
 Meek as any little flower,
 God to woman never gave
 More of love with more of power.
 Thou art not a violet,
 Feeble, shrinking, sweet, and frail ;
 Wrongful scorn could never yet
 Cause thy heart to quail.
 Thou art not a sunbright rose,
 Tossing bold her lovely form
 With each breeze that comes and goes—
 Laughing, gaudy, flushed, and warm.
 Thou art like a lily, standing
 Near the rose's gaudy form :
 Like a pure, cool lily, bending
 Near the rose all flushed and warm.
 Thou art like a great, bright star,
 Shining clearly, calmly forth,
 Through some chasm in a cloud
 Darkly shrouding all the earth.
 Thou art like a rainbow fair,
 Gleaning brightness still from sorrow,

Turning tears to hope-gems rare,
 Showing still a glad to-morrow.
 Thou hast looked upon the stars
 Till thine eyes are darkly bright,
 Beaming forth in broadest day
 Strange and holy light.

Thou art all a mystery,
 Wondrous Guonare !
 I could almost fancy thee
 (Looking on thine eyes so rare)
 Some mistaken spirit, landing
 On this shore of care and cark—
 One of God's white angels, standing
 In a world of dark.

Maiden, dost thou never blush ?
 Woman, dost thou never weep ?
 Hold sad talks with Night and Care,
 While God's happy sleep ?
 Dost thou never teach thy brow
 A wreath of glowing smiles to wear,
 To hide the crown of thorns below,
 Calm-eyed Guonare ?

Passion hath no charm
 To lure thy heavenward eye ;
 Care and Sin but look on thee,
 And pass in wonder by.
 Thou hast surely brought to earth
 Charms to keep thee passion-free—
 Memories of thy heaven-birth
 And thine immortality.

Or, mayhap the angels fair,
 Sporting in their raptured glee,
 When thy soul to earth was lent,
 Then forgot to proffer thee
 Drink from that dim, awful river,
 Alway since to mortals given,
 Where the earth-doomed soul for ever
 Loses sight of heaven.

HARRIET LISZT.

(Born 1819).

MISS HARRIET WINSLOW, a native of Portland, in Maine, was married in 1848 to Mr. Charles Liszt, of Pennsylvania, and they have

since resided in Boston. Mrs. Liszt is the author of a few beautiful poems, the greater number of which have been printed in the annuals.

~~~~~  
 WHY THIS LONGING ?

WHY this longing, thus for ever sighing  
 For the far off, unattained, and dim ;  
 While the beautiful, all round thee lying,  
 Offers up its low, perpetual hymn ?  
 Wouldst thou listen to its gentle teaching,  
 All thy restless yearning it would still :  
 Leaf, and flower, and laden bee, are preaching  
 Thine own sphere, though humble, first to fill.  
 Poor indeed thou must be, if around thee  
 Thou no ray of light and joy canst throw ;  
 If no silken cord of love hath bound thee

To some little world through weal or woe ;  
 If no dear eyes thy fond love can brighten—  
 No fond voices answer to thine own ;  
 If no brother's sorrow thou canst lighten  
 By daily sympathy and gentle tone.  
 Not by deeds that win the crowd's applauses ;  
 Not by works that give thee world-renown ;  
 Not by martyrdom, or vaunted crosses,  
 Canst thou win and wear the immortal crown  
 Daily struggling, though unloved and lonely,  
 Every day a rich reward will give ;  
 Thou wilt find, by hearty striving only,  
 And truly loving, thou canst truly live.

## JULIET H. L. CAMPBELL.

MISS JULIET H. LEWIS, now Mrs. CAMPBELL, is a daughter of the Hon. Ellis Lewis, president of the second judicial district of Pennsylvania. At an early age she distinguished herself as a writer of poetry; and, since her marriage, to Mr. James H. Campbell, a member of the bar of Pottsville, on the seventh of June, 1843, she has been a frequent contributor, of both prose and verse, to the magazines and annuals. During many years of her maiden life she was an only child, and, without companions of her own age, was in constant association with her parents. She frequently accompanied her father on his professional and judicial journeys; and I remember meeting her at West

Point, in her fourteenth or fifteenth year, while Judge Lewis was discharging the duties of an official visiter to the Military Academy there. She had then a reputation for genius, and a few exhibitions of her precocious powers had caused her to be ranked with the Davidsons, who were then subjects of much conversation. Judge Lewis is a student of

“The old and antique rhyme,”

and a poet of no mean powers; and to the peculiar nature of her filial relations, and her consequent intimacy with many persons of eminent abilities and dignified character, she owes the early development of her capacities and her accurate knowledge of the world.

### DREAMS.

MANY, oh man! are the wild dreams beguiling  
Thy spirit of its restlessness, and ever  
Thou rushest onward, some new prize pursuing,  
Like the mad waves of a relentless river.  
First love, the morning sun of thy existence,  
Enchants thy path with glories and with bliss:  
Oh linger! for the shadowy hereafter  
Hath naught to offer that can equal this.

Linger, and revel in thy first young dreaming,  
The holiest that can thrill thy yearning heart—  
Husband the precious moments, the brief feeling  
Of youthful ecstasy will soon depart.  
Seek not to win too soon that which thou lovest,  
When winning will but break the magic spell:  
Love on, but seek not, strive not—the attainment  
Will cloy thy fickle heart, thy dream dispel.

Vain is the warning! Death as soon will listen  
To the beseechings of his stricken prey;  
Or Time will tarry when the cowering nations  
Shrink from their desolating destiny!  
Thou art as fierce as Fate in thy pursuing—  
Thou art impetuous as the flight of Time;  
And didst thou love a star, thy mad presuming  
Would seek to grasp it, though thou thus shouldst  
break th' eternal chime.

And now Ambition, like a radiant angel,  
Attracts thy vision and enchains thy thought:  
Ambition is thy god, and thou art laying  
Thy all before the insatiate Juggernaut;  
The health, the strength, which crowned thy youth  
with glory,

The friends who loved thee in thy early day,  
The clinging love which once thy bosom cherished—  
All these are cast, like worthless weeds, away.

Take now the prize for which thou'st madly bartered,  
Thy first, best treasures; and in lonely grief  
Enjoy Fame's emptiness, and, broken hearted,  
Feed on the poison of thy laurel leaf;  
Then, sated, turn in bitter disappointment  
From the applause of Flattery's fawning troop,  
And curse, within thy cheated heart's recesses,  
Ambition's demon, and thyself his dupe!

These are the visions of thy youth and manhood:  
With disappointment wilt thou grow more sage!  
Alas, more grovelling yet, and more degrading,  
Is avarice, the sordid dream of age!  
When all the joys of summer have departed,  
And life is stripped alike of birds and bloom,  
'Tis sad to see Age, in his dotage, treasure  
The withered leaves beside his yawning tomb!

Yes, many are thy dreams, while gentle woman  
Hath but one vision, and it is of thee!  
Faith, hope, and charity, (most Christian graces,)  
In her meek bosom dwell, a trinity  
Combined in unit; and an earthly godhead,  
Whose name is Love, demands her worshipping:  
And she, e'en as the Hindoo to his idol,  
The blind devotion of her heart doth bring;  
And when her god of clay hath disappointed,  
Earth can enchant no more—she looks above,  
Laying her crushed heart on her Savior's bosom:  
Love was her heaven, now Heaven is her love.

## NIGHT-BLOOMING FLOWERS.

FAIR buds! I've wandered day by day  
 To this sequestered spot,  
 That I might catch your earliest smiles,  
 And yet ye open not.  
 The morning mists are scattered now,  
 No cloud is in the sky;  
 The sun, like a benignant king,  
 Smiles from his throne on high,  
 While birds, in gushing melody,  
 Are offering homage up;  
 And sister flowers, beneath his gaze,  
 Ope wide each fragile cup:  
 Why shut ye then your incense in,  
 And hide your loveliness,  
 As though you may not share their joy  
 Beneath the sun's caress?

Now wake ye! 'tis the sunset hour,  
 The day king has gone down—  
 Yet still upon the mountain's top  
 Is seen his brilliant crown.  
 Awake ye! if its gleaming gems,  
 Its bands of glittering gold,  
 Its glorious, lifelike radiance,  
 Departing, ye'd behold.  
 The river's touched with glowing light,  
 And rolls a crimson flood,  
 While heaven's blush has lent its hues  
 Unto the leafy wood:  
 Still are you folded to your dreams?  
 Bright must those visions be,  
 If they surpass the gorgeousness  
 Of heaven's pageantry!

Good night! the stars are gemming heaven,  
 And seem like angels' eyes,  
 Resuming now their silent watch  
 Within the far-off skies;  
 They nightly on their burning thrones,  
 Like guardian spirits keep  
 Familiar vigil o'er the world,  
 Wrapt in its solemn sleep;  
 And tenderly they gaze on us,  
 Those children of the air,  
 While every ray they send to you  
 Some message seems to bear,  
 That stirs you to the inmost core:  
 You thrill beneath their beams,  
 And start and tremble wildly, like  
 Ambition in his dreams.

Now, lo! ye burst your emerald bonds,  
 And ope your languid eyes,  
 And spread your loveliness before  
 Those dwellers of the skies;  
 While incense from your grateful hearts  
 Like prayer ascends to heaven,  
 And kindly dew and starry light  
 Are answering blessings given.  
 "Ask and ye shall receive," you seem  
 To whisper to my hear,  
 And move me in your worshipping  
 To take an acute part.  
 Sweet teachers! 'tis an hour for prayer,  
 When hushed are sounds of mirth,

And slumber rests his balmy wing  
 Upon the weary earth;  
 When all the ties that bind the soul  
 To worldliness are riven—  
 Then heartfelt prayers, like loosened birds,  
 Will wing their way to heaven.

## A STORY OF SUNRISE.

WHERE the old cathedral towers,  
 With its dimly lighted dome,  
 Underneath its morning shadow  
 Nestles my beloved home;  
 When the summer morn is breaking  
 Glorious, with its golden beams,  
 Through my open latticed window  
 Matin music wildly streams.  
 Not the peal of deep-toned organ  
 Smites the air with ringing sound—  
 Not the voice of singing maiden  
 Sighing softer music round;  
 Long ere these have hailed the morning,  
 Is the mystic anthem heard,  
 Wildly, fervently, outpouring  
 From the bosom of a bird.  
 Every morn he takes his station  
 On the cross which crowns the spire,  
 And with heaven-born inspiration,  
 Vents in voice his bosom's fire;  
 Every morn when light and shadow,  
 Struggling, blend their gold and gray,  
 From the cross, midway to heaven,  
 Streams his holy melody.  
 Like the summons from the turrets  
 Of an eastern mosque it seems;  
 "Come to prayer, to prayer, ye faithful!"  
 Echoes through my morning dreams.  
 Heedful of the invitation  
 Of the pious messenger,  
 Lo! I join in meek devotion  
 With so lone a worshipper.  
 And a gushing, glad thanksgiving  
 From my inmost heart doth thrill,  
 To our Ever Friend in heaven,  
 As our blent glad voices trill.  
 Then the boy who rests beside me  
 Softly opes his starry eyes,  
 Tosses back his streaming ringlets,  
 Gazes round in sweet surprise.  
 He, though sleeping, felt the radiance  
 Struggling through the curtained gloom  
 Heard the wild, harmonious hymning  
 Break the stillness of my room:  
 These deliciously commingled  
 With the rapture of his dreams,  
 And the heaven of which I've told him  
 On his childish vision gleams.  
 Guardian seraphs, viewless spirits,  
 Brooding o'er the enchanted air,  
 Pause, with folded wings, to listen  
 To the lisping of his prayer;  
 Up, to the recording angel,  
 When their ward on earth is done,  
 They will bear the guileless accents  
 Of my infant's orison!

## ELISE JUSTINE BAYARD.

MISS BAYARD, a daughter of one of the few old historical families of New York who still preserve fortune and position, has, by a few brilliant lyrics published in the magazines, revived attention to a name which figures in the early provincial annals of her native state, and which in later times was prominent among the commercial notabilities of the city of her birth. A lady of leisure, fortune, and general accomplishment, is not likely to bestow any very severe study upon the art of poetry; but the amateur votary in this instance has shown a vigor of thought,

emotion, and expression, in some of her productions, which gives the highest promise of what she may accomplish, should she devote her fine intelligence to literature.

The following poems were first printed in the *Literary World*, and Miss Bayard has published a few more in the *Knickerbocker Magazine* and in other miscellanies. Among her compositions that have been circulated in manuscript are some, of a more ambitious character, that would vindicate higher encomiums than will here be adventured upon her abilities.

### A FUNERAL CHANT FOR THE OLD YEAR.

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year!

And it calleth from its shroud  
With a hollow voice and loud,

But serene :

And it saith, "What have I given,  
That hath brought thee nearer Heaven ?

Dost thou weep, as one forsaken,  
For the treasures I have taken ?

Standest thou beside my hearse

With a blessing or a curse ?

Is it well with thee, or worse,

That I have been ?"

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year!

The midnight shades that fall—

They will serve it for a pall,

In their gloom :

And the misty vapors crowding

Are the withered corse enshrouding ;

And the black clouds looming off in

The far sky, have plumed the coffin :

But the vaults of human souls,

Where the memory unrolls

All her tear-besprinkled scrolls,

Are its tomb !

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year!

The moon hath gone to weep,

With a mourning still and deep,

For her loss :

The stars dare not assemble

Through the murky night to tremble ;

The naked trees are groaning

With an awful, mystic moaning ;

Wings sweep upon the air,

Which a solemn message bear,

And hosts, whose banners wear

A crown'd cross !

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year!

Who make the funeral train,

When the queen hath ceased to reign ?

Who are here

With the golden crowns that follow,

All invested with a halo ?

With a splendor transitory

Shines the midnight from their glory ;

And the pæan of their song

Rolls the aisles of space along—

But the left hearts are less strong,

For they were dear !

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year!

With a dull and heavy tread,

Tramping forward with the dead,

Who come last ?

Lingering with their faces groundward,

Though their feet are marching onward,

They are shrieking—they are calling

On the rocks in tones appalling :

But Earth waves them from her view,

And the God-light dazzles through—

And they shiver, as spars do,

Before the blast !

'Tis the death night of the solemn Old Year !

We are parted from our place

In her motherly embrace,

And are alone !

For the infant and the stranger,

It is sorrowful to change her :

She hath cheered the night of mourning

With a promise of the dawning ;

She hath shared in our delight

With a gladness true and bright :

Oh! we need her joy to-night—

But she is gone !

ON FINDING THE KEY OF AN OLD  
PIANO.

UNLOCK, unlock the shrines of memory,  
 And bid her many keys their voices send  
 Up in the silent hour unto me.  
 Speak! that the tones of other years may lend  
 Their vanished harmonies and lost romance  
 To days immersed in gloom and dissonance.

Thou, who the while unconscious played thy part,  
 And called fair music from her silent cell  
 To echo murmurs from the gushing heart,  
 Come! wake once more the departed spell:  
 I fain would hear of things and thoughts again,  
 Which ming'ed often with the stealing strain.

Hark! it comes creeping on: it is an air  
 Full of strange wailing—mournfully profound;  
 Some music-spirit moaning in despair,  
 Prisoned in that sweet barrier of sound:  
 And yet, methinks "might I a captive be,  
 If thus environed in captivity!"

And shadowy forms around the instrument  
 Come closely pressing, whispering low words  
 That keep time with the music, redolent  
 Of deep vibrations in the hidden chords  
 That round the heart their hurried measure keep,  
 And sway its pulses with resistless sweep.

Voice of the voiceless! Graves give up their dead,  
 And at thy word departed echoes ring,  
 Familiar carols from the lips that fled  
 Long weary years ago, with fatal wing,  
 Unto the silent regions of the tomb,  
 And died away there in its hollow gloom.

Hush! other instruments are creeping in  
 To perfect the concordance of the whole,  
 And well remembered voices now begin  
 To bear on wings invisible my soul.  
 My own! amongst them I can hear my own—  
 Alas! 'tis almost a forgotten tone!

Was it eve dark'ning o'er the pleasant room,  
 When the soft breezes of the summer night  
 Breathed through its atmosphere a faint perfume,  
 Or when the autumn's crimson fire-light  
 Glowed upon every brow—thou still wert there,  
 Wreck of departed days, with many an air.

Joyous or sorrowful—profound or wild—  
 Swiftly thy sweeping chords gave out their tones,  
 Light as the laughter of a sinless child—  
 Deep as the anguish told in captive moans—  
 Smooth as the flow of rivers to the sea—  
 Irregular as dark insanity.

There have been hands that are beneath the mould,  
 (I seem to feel their chillness in thy touch)—  
 Eyes, wept the while they moved, that now are cold  
 As this impassive metal: yet are such  
 The things that bind us nearest, move us most,  
 And leave a hopeless voice when they are lost.

Now, stranger hands across those keys will run,  
 And other walls for other groups surround,  
 And stranger eyes look lovingly upon  
 The unconscious mover of the realm of sound:

That realm, once sacred, my sweet home, to thee,  
 And ever sacred to my memory.

But thou, impassive thing, thus severed wide  
 From thy sole wealth in those harmonious waves,  
 Another empire be thine own beside:  
 Be thou the pass-key to the spirit caves,  
 Thou the deliverer of their captive throng,  
 The portal spirit of the gates of song.

## SPIRITUAL BEAUTY.

THAT pale and shadowy beauty,  
 It haunts my vision now:  
 The genius radiating  
 From the dazzling marble brow—  
 The high and saintly fervor,  
 The meek and childlike faith,  
 The trusting glance, which saith  
 More than mortal accent saith:  
 They haunt me when the night-winds swell,  
 And daylight can not break their spell.

I see the blue eye shining  
 Through the lashes as they fall,  
 An inward glory speaking  
 To the inward life of all—  
 A ray that was illumined  
 At the far celestial light,  
 And burns through mist and shadow,  
 A beacon ever bright,  
 Serene, seraphic, and sublime,  
 And changeless with the flight of time.

A faint, transparent rose-light  
 Is trembling on the cheek,  
 And lingering on the pale lip—  
 A glow that seems to speak:  
 It wavers like the taper  
 Dim lit at forest shrine,  
 When night-winds whisper to it:  
 It breathes of the Divine,  
 With its ethereal mystery,  
 Too fragile of the earth to be.

Her grace is as a shadow—  
 As undefinable;  
 Wedded to every motion thus,  
 And rarely beautiful.  
 Untaught, and all unconscious,  
 It hath a voice to me  
 Which eloquently speaketh  
 Of inward harmony:  
 Of Soul and Sense together swayed—  
 To the First Soul an offering made.

That pale and shadowy beauty,  
 It seemed an inward thing—  
 A spiritual vision—  
 A chaste imagining:  
 Not all in form or feature  
 The fairy phantom dwelt,  
 But, like the air of heaven,  
 Was yet less seen than felt—  
 A presence the true heart to move  
 To praise, and prayer, and holy love.



## THE SEA AND THE SOVEREIGN.

It is said that after the death of Prince William, eldest son of Henry I., king of England, who was wrecked off the coast of Normandy, the monarch was never seen to smile more.

OPEN, ye ruthless waves!  
Open the mouths of your uncounted graves,  
To swallow up a king!  
It is no common thing:  
A kingdom in one man incarnated  
Goes down to hold his court among your dead!

Jewels lie fathoms down  
To glisten, set in crystal, on his crown;  
A coral carcanet  
An insect realm may set  
(A bauble that a king were proud to wear)  
Upon his marble throat, all stiff and bare.

Build him an amber throne,  
And deck it well with many a burning stone;  
And let his footstool be  
The lapis lazuli;  
And hang his hall with stalactites, whose sheen  
May make a daylight in the submarine.

An argosy of pearls  
May glisten in his waving yellow curls:  
I ween no wealthier prince  
Hath swayed a kingdom, since  
The silver was as dust in Judah's street,  
Trodden by Solomon's imperial feet.

Out bursts the ancient Sea  
With bitter merriment in mockery:  
"Take thou," she saith, "the gem  
To deck thy diadem—  
The hidden riches of my caves be thine;  
I have thy treasure—pay thyself in mine!"

"The pomp is bootless now,  
A gemmed tiara for that fleshless brow!  
There is no need of thrones  
For those enamelled bones;  
Of daylight for those hollow, sightless eyes!  
I rob not: take thou booty for my prize."

There is a broken groan,  
A wail of sorrow from a kingly throne;  
There is a human heart  
Of which he was a part  
Whom thou hast swallowed, thou devouring Sea!  
A father's heart and cry of agony!

For him thy gifts are brought—  
For him thine ores with cunning skill are wrought.  
He only cries aloud:  
"I crave but for a shroud!  
Oh Ocean, pitiless, relentless one!  
Thy riches keep: give back, give back my son!

"Could I but see my child  
In death, my bitter anguish were more mild;  
His buried form unseen  
Stands day and me between—  
My vision blinds, my soul, my reason warps;  
Ocean! I would but once behold his corpse!"

Day laughs out on the sky  
With the glad brightness of her waking eye;  
In the all-blessed Spring  
Earth is a happy thing;

Yea, on her face the false and murderous Sea  
Wears smiles of peace: but never smileth HE!

The altar shows the bride  
Full of meek gladness by her lover's side;  
And childhood's sweet caress  
Betokens happiness;  
Nay, weary age in infant purity  
Finds cause for smiles: but never smileth he!

Folly forgets her chime,  
Awed by that sorrow reverend and sublime;  
Forgets Joy to be glad;  
Forgets Grief to be sad;  
Smiles tell him, "Gone!" and at his coming flee  
What lip dare smile—for never smileth he!

The dead man all the while  
Lies with the horrid semblance of a smile  
Parting his hollow skull;  
And glad and beautiful  
His angel in a new felicity  
Smiles from the skies: but never smileth he!

## WORSHIP.

LOVE! for the true heart's sacred love is its Creator's will!

His glorious law of sympathy it labors to fulfil:

So work out in its smaller sphere, with faithful diligence,  
The mighty, universal schemes of his omnipotence.

Love! if ye can not learn to love your brother whom ye see,  
How shall ye grow in faith toward the unseen Deity?

A true heart's love is worship. Indirectly it is praise,  
And prayer: for piety is not to cultivate one phase

Of this anomalous being, with its wide capacity—  
Its vast illimitable range of power and fantasy:

The length, the breadth, the height, the depth, of this which we call man,  
God hath made this to worship him, as nothing narrow can:

Universality of gifts upon one creature shed,  
And to the Benefactor's praise shall all save one be dead?

Mind, soul, heart, strength, all else of good, of rich and beautiful,  
Lavished upon the human frame, yet every sense be dull

Save one! one only live to him of all this glorious tower!—

Forbid it, Honor, Truth! No! work is piety of power;

Genius is piety of mind; Love piety of heart;  
Religion piety of soul. It will not serve to part  
These elements of worship, and then blasphemously give

The mutilated corpse to Him through whom the whole must live.

## LUCY LARCOM.

(Born 1826).

MISS LARCOM is a native of Massachusetts, and was for several years employed in one of the factories at Lowell. She has been a frequent contributor to the Lowell Offering, for the early volumes of which she wrote a series of parables that attracted much attention. She is now a teacher in Illinois, but continues to write for this interesting periodical, which illustrates so beautifully the character, taste, and abilities, of the New England operatives. Mr. Whittier, in referring to some of her poems, observes: "That they were written by a young woman whose life has been no long holyday of leisure, but

one of toil and privation, does not indeed enhance their intrinsic merit, but it lends them an interest in the eyes of those who, like ourselves, long to see the cords of caste broken, and the poor niceties of aristocratic exclusiveness, irrational and unchristian everywhere, but in addition ridiculous in a country like ours, vanish before the true nobility of mind—the natural graces of a good heart and a useful life—the self-sustained dignity of a spirit superior to the folly of accounting labor degradation, and usefulness a calamity, and which can not count as common and unclear the duties which God has sanctified."

### ELISHA AND THE ANGELS.

THE cheerful sunbeams hastened up the east,  
Chasing the gray mists to the mountain-tops,  
And morning burst upon Gilboa's hills.  
The playful kids were leaping o'er the crags;  
The little happy birds, that all night long  
In the dry clefts had found a nestling-place,  
Were flying sunward, singing hymns of praise;  
And from the green, awakening vales arose  
The sound of bleating herds and lowing kine.  
Elisha's servant, issuing early forth  
To the day's needful toil, with vigorous step  
Trod a worn path that wound among the rocks.  
He paused to gaze upon the enlivening scene,  
And hear the harmony of Nature's joy,  
And bless the God of morning.

Suddenly

A flash of light unusual struck his eye:  
Half doubting, he beheld a line of spears  
And burnished shields, that from a neighboring hill  
In mocking splendor threw the sunlight back;  
And saw, stretched far around, a circle wide  
Of rich war-chariots, while horsemen armed  
Crowded each mountain-pass and deep defile.  
Too well he knew the terrible array—  
The Assyrian host, his master's foes and his!  
Fear, like an inward demon, blanched his cheek,  
Stared from his eye, and shook his nerveless limbs.  
Poor, feeble man! why, e'en the little birds,  
That sung so blithely o'er the frightful chasms,  
Had taught him stronger confidence than this.  
Yet, weak as he, how often we forget  
That in our great All-seeing Father's sight  
We are worth more than sparrows!

Back he turned

Unto the prophet's dwelling, nor did rest

Till, faint with terror, at his feet he fell.  
The man of God upon his threshold stood,  
His forehead bared unto the streaming light,  
And inspiration beaming from his eye.  
Doth he not tremble? Nay; the cedar-tree,  
That stands in unmoved grandeur at his side,  
Is not more firm than he. Calmly he scans  
The panoply of war before him spread,  
As 'twere a flock reposing in the shade.  
He hears his prostrate servant's stifled cry—  
"Alas, my master! how shall we escape?"  
How foolish must such fright have seemed to him  
Whose eyes the Lord had opened! Should he deign  
To speak a soothing word, and lull his fears?  
If man might e'er be proud, 'twas surely he,  
Who had been singled out from common men  
To be an oracle unto his kind.

His was the dignity sublime of one  
Who feels divinity within him burn, [God  
And thinks the thoughts and speaks the words of  
But haughtiness belongs to narrow souls,  
And wisdom is too godlike to be proud.  
Elisha owned himself of kindred dust  
With that frail trembler. Mildly he replied:  
"Fear thou no more; for lo! a mightier force  
Than all yon heathen host, is on our side."  
"But where?" the servant's doubtful glance in-  
quires.

The prophet answered not, but clasped his hands,  
Looked up to heaven, and prayed in tones subdued,  
"Lord, open thou his eyes, that he may see!"

How changed the scene! these rocks, that lately  
Opaque and dull beneath the azure sky, [lay  
Are robed in glory that outshines the sun.  
Embattled legions gird the prophet round  
With blazoned banners and heaven-tempered spears,  
Horses and chariots, in whose fiery sheen

The pomp of Syria's army but appears  
Like a dim candle in the noonday blaze:  
The mount is full of angels!

Blest were we,  
When every earthly prospect is shut in,  
And all our mortal helpers disappear,  
If, with Faith's eye undimmed and opened wide,  
We might behold the blessed angel-troop  
Which God, our God, has promised shall encamp  
Round those who fear his name. Our sickly doubts,  
That flit like foul night-ravens o'er our souls,  
Would hush their screams and fly before the dawn;  
And we should learn to fear no evil thing,  
And in Adversity's grim gaze could smile.

Sometimes, when wandering in a labyrinth  
Whence we can find no clue, and all is dark,  
We wonder why our spirits do not die.  
Perhaps in secret bowed, some holy soul  
Utters for us the prophet's kind request;  
And we, though dimly, are allowed to see  
The prints of angels' feet along the road;  
And our hearts, beating lightly, follow on  
After the steps that sound before, albeit  
Uncertain whose they are, though we are sure  
Of a safe outlet from the tangled way.

Father of Spirits! Savior of our souls!  
Let heavenly guides go with us down life's way;  
And when we come unto that river's brink  
Upon whose other bank in light and love  
We shall be as the angels—then we know  
Thou wilt be near us, though this earthborn clay,  
Shrinking in mortal terror from the plunge  
Which shall release its tenant unto bliss,  
May with foreboding clouds obscure our faith  
And hide thy presence. Oh! hear now one prayer  
Which then our hearts may be too faint to breathe:  
"Lord, open thou our eyes, that we may see!"

#### THE BURNING PRAIRIE.

EVENING throws her dusky mantle  
O'er the boundless, grassy sea;  
Here and there, like ships at anchor,  
In the moonlight stands a tree;  
While the stars that nightly travel  
O'er the highway of the skies,  
Bend upon earth's weary pilgrims  
Still and clear their earnest eyes.

Now the constellations brighten:  
Like a stern and warlike lord,  
Bright Orion leads the pageant—  
He of gleaming belt and sword.  
In his wake glide forth the Pleiads;  
By the pole-star leaps the Bear;  
Down the star-paved road in silence  
Rides the Lady in her Chair!

But behold! an earthly glimmer  
Rises 'neath the starry beam;  
Far along the prairie's border  
How the ruddy fringes stream!  
See the red flames darting forward,  
Sparkling through the withered grass,  
While the lurid smoke uprolling  
Stains the azure as they pass.

Who the distant blaze enkindled:  
Can it be some savage clan  
Flinging out the winged wildfire  
To affright the pale-faced man?  
Nay: for Mississippi's water  
Speeds no sachem's light canoe,  
And beside the dark Missouri  
Are the Indians' wigwams few.

'Tis the farmer's mighty besom:  
Thus he sweeps the fertile plain—  
Lays it bare unto the baptism  
Of the softening vernal rain.  
Where the billowy flame is rolling,  
Shall a warmer sun behold  
Verdant pastures richly laden,  
Harvests tinged with wavy gold.

Brighter visions burst upon me;  
For the dear enchantress, Hope,  
Bids me look into the future  
Through her magic telescope.  
Lo! a glorious blaze ascending—  
Purer, loftier doth it grow,  
Every ridge and swell revealing,  
Softened in the mellow glow.

'Tis the central fire of Freedom,  
Lighted on the nation's heart:  
Cynosure of happy millions,  
Fadeless peace its rays impart;  
Truth and Love, their white wings waving,  
Sit and fan it all day long,  
And to meet its warmth and brightness  
Ever pours a grateful throng.

Let it blaze! The Pilgrim's watch-fire,  
Kindled first on Plymouth rock,  
Must not die upon the prairies,  
Nor with fitful flickerings mock.  
Every lowly cabin window  
Shall reflect its steady light,  
And beyond the red horizon  
It shall make the country bright.

Then the gazers of the nations,  
And the watchers of the skies,  
Looking through the coming ages  
Shall behold, with joyful eyes,  
In the fiery track of Freedom  
Fall the mild baptismal rain,  
And the ashes of old Evil  
Feed the Future's golden grain.









Miss Mary H. H. H.

*Mary H. H.*





That decked the miser's daughter ; envious tongues  
Gilded anew the half-forgotten tale,  
And it became the marvel of all Rome :  
Thus, till the diadem of gems and gold  
Burned on her white brow like a circling flame,  
And she went writhing home, to weep—to loathe  
The sordid parent who had brought this blight  
Upon the joyous promise of her youth !

It was the still noon of a summer night,  
When the young countess from her father's roof  
Fled—with a noble of the Roman court.  
Morn came, and through the empty corridors,  
The balconies, the gardens, the wide halls,  
In vain they sought her. Noon passed by, and then  
The truth was guessed, not spoken ! Silently  
Count Julio trod the marble staircases,  
And pausing by the door that once was hers,  
Stood a brief moment, and then, pressing on,  
Stepped through the quiet chamber. All was still,  
Bearing no traces of her recent flight.

Here lay a slipper, here a silken robe,  
And here a lute thrown down, with a white glove  
Flung carelessly beside it. Still the air  
Breathed of the delicate perfumes she had loved.

He glanced but once around the empty room,  
Then from the mirrored and silk-draped walls  
Cast his eye downward o'er his shrunken form,  
His meagre garments. Few the words he spake,  
And muttered low : but in them came a curse,  
So blasphemous, so hideous in its depth  
Of impotent rage, that they who at his side  
Yet stood in lingering pity, with blanched lips  
Turned to the threshold, and crept shuddering forth.

He breathed his sorrow to no human ear,  
But left it channelled in his heart, to breed  
Corruption there. None knew how wearily  
The hours passed on beneath those lonely walls ;  
None saw him, when by midnight still a watcher  
He brooded o'er his anguish, pale and faint,  
Starting and trembling, as incessantly  
The night winds swayed the curtains to and fro,  
Fancying the rustle of her silken robe,  
Her footfall on the staircase ! Time sped on  
To strike the dulled bloom from his cheek, and sear  
The soul that once had queened it on his brow.

A bent and wan old man, upon whose breast  
Hung the neglected masses of his beard—  
With tremulous hands, habitually clinched  
Till the sharp nails wore furrows in the palms—  
Thus stole he forth at even, and with eyes  
Lost in the golden future of his dreams, [ing.  
Passed through the busy crowds unmarked, unheed-

Once had he looked upon Bianca's face—  
Once had she knelt before him, with her child  
Gasping upon her breast, and prayed for succor.  
The unwept victim of a drunken brawl,  
Her lord had fallen, and the palace walls  
That owned her mistress were deserted now.  
She had braved fear and hunger, till her babe  
Wailed dying on her bosom, and so urged—  
Pride, shame, forgotten in a mother's love—  
Clung to his knees for pardon. But in vain :  
He cursed her as she knelt—bade her go forth,  
And mid the loathsome suppliants that unveil  
Disease and suffering to the eye of wealth,

Bare, too, her anguish to the glance of Pity ;  
Then, as she lingered, spurned her from his feet  
With words that chilled her agony to dread,  
And drove her thence in horror !

From that day  
His very blood seemed charged with bitterness.  
Miser and usurer both, upon the wickets  
Of others' happiness he built his own ;  
His name became accurs'd in the land,  
And with his withering soul his body grew  
Scarce human in its ghastly hideousness.

The bulb enshrouds the lily ; and within  
The most unsightly form may folded lie  
The white wings of an angel. But in him  
Seemed all the sweet humanities of life  
Coldly encharmelled ; and no hand divine  
Rolled from his breast the weary weight of sin,  
To bid them go forth unto suffering man  
Like gracious ministers.

And she, alas !  
Whom he had madly driven forth to ruin—  
Earth hath no words to tell how dark the change  
That clothed her fallen spirit. O'er the waste  
Of want and horror that engulfed her fortunes,  
She had sent forth the white dove, Purity,  
And it returned no more. The Roman dames  
Took not her name upon their scornful lips.  
Her form became a model for the artist ;  
And her rare face went down to future ages,  
Limned on his canvass. Ye may mark it yet,  
In the long galleries of the Vatican,  
Varied but still the same : now robed in pride,  
As monarchs in their garbs of Syrian purple ;  
Now with a Magdalen's blue mantle drawn  
Over the bending forehead. As the marble  
Sleeps in unsullied whiteness on the tomb,  
Taking no taint from the foul thing it covers,  
Her beauty bore no blight from guilt, but lived  
A monument that made her name immortal.

Night had uprisen, clothed with storms and gloom ;  
No taper lit the solitary hall,  
And to and fro, with feeble steps, its lord [then,  
Paced through the darkness. Midnight came, and  
Pausing beside the groaning door, that weighed  
Its rusty hinge, Count Julio, crouching, peered  
Into the gloom without ; for stealthy feet,  
Whose echo struck upon his wary ear,  
Had passed the lower halls, and slowly now  
Trod the great staircase.

'T was no robber's step :  
Faint, slow, and halting, ever and anon,  
As though in weariness. His sharpened sense  
Caught, mid the fitful pauses of the wind,  
The headlong dashing of the driven rain,  
A sound of painful breathing—nay, of sobs—  
Bursting, and then as suddenly suppressed.

Shuddering he stood ; and as the storm's red bolt  
Leaped through the windows, lighting as it passed,  
A dusky shape, that covered at the flash,  
He shrank within the chamber, and once more  
Listened in silence.

Nearer came the sound :  
A tall form crossed the threshold, and threw back  
What seemed a heavy mantle. Then again  
Glanced the pale lightning, and Count Julio knew

By the long hair that swept her garments' hem,  
Bianca!—

They who through that night of fear  
Kept watch with storm and terror till the dawn,  
Bore its dark memories even to the tomb:  
For shrieks and cries seemed mingled with the wind;  
And voices, as of warring fiends, prevailed  
O'er its low mutterings. Morn awoke at last;  
And with its earliest gleam Count Julio crept  
Out through his palace gardens. Swollen drops  
Hung from the curved roofs of the porticoes;  
His footsteps dashed them from the earth-bowed  
And from the tangles of the matted grass; [leaves,  
But over-head the day broke gloriously.

Where once a fountain to the sunlight leaped,  
A marble naiad, by its weedy bed,  
Stood on her pedestal. With hand outstretched  
She grasped a hollowed shell, now brimming o'er;  
While a green vine that round her arm had crept,  
Rose, serpent-like, and in the chalice dipped  
Its curling tendrils. Thither turned his eye  
Just as the red uprising of the morn  
Flushed the pale statue, and crept brightening down,  
Even to its very base. Mantled and prone,  
A heap that scarcely seemed a human form,  
Crouched in the shadow, and with tottering feet  
The old man hurried onward. Motionless,  
It stirred not at his footsteps: nearer still— [hands  
He marked a white face, upward turned, clinched  
Locked in the hair that swept its ghastly brow!  
Shading his weak eyes from the blinding sun,  
Cowering in trembling horror to the earth,  
Still on he crept; then bending softly down,  
Spoke in a smothered voice—"Hist, hist, Bianca!"

Oh, mockery! Her ear that he had filled  
With curses, woke not to the tones of love; [not  
The breast that he had spurned from him, heaved  
At his wild anguish. Death had done its work:  
The tempest had been merciless as the parent  
That drove her forth to meet it; and the flash  
Of its red eye more withering than his scorn!  
Shunned, both in penitence and guilt; forsaken  
By those who only prized her for the beauty  
Time and perchance remorse had touch'd with blight;  
Drenched with the rain; all breathless with the storm;  
Homeless and hopeless—she had crept to him  
Once more a suppliant: spurned rudely forth,  
Here had lain down despairing, and so perished.

#### STORM AT TWILIGHT

THE roar of a chafed lion, in his lair  
Begirt by levelled spears. A sudden flash,  
Intense, yet wavering, like a beast's fierce eye  
Searching the darkness. The wild bay of winds  
Sweeps the burnt plains of heaven, and from afar  
Linked clouds are riding up like eager horsemen,  
Javelin in hand. From the north wings of twilight  
There falls unwonted shadow, and strange gloom  
Cloisters the unwilling stars. The sky is roofed  
With tempest, and the moon's scant rays fall through  
Like light let dimly through the fissured rock  
Vaulting a cavern. To the horizon  
The green sea of the forest hath rolled back  
Its levelled billows, and where mast-like trees

Sway to its bosom, here and there a vine, [aloft  
Braced to some pine's bare shaft, clings—rocked  
Like a bold mariner. There is no bough  
But lifteth its appealing arm to Heaven.  
The scudding grass is shivering as it flies,  
And herbs and flowers crouch to their mother earth  
Like frightened children. 'Tis more terrible  
When the hoar thunder speaks, and the fleet wind  
Stops, like a steed that knows his rider's voice—  
For oh! the rush that follows is the calm  
Of a despairing heart; and as a maniac  
Loses his grief in raving, the mad storm,  
Weeping hot tears, awakens with a sob  
From its blank desolation, and shrieks on!

#### JULIETTE.

WHERE the rough crags lift, and the sea mews cail,  
Yet stands Earl Hubert's castle tall:  
Close at the base of its western wall  
The chafed waves stand at bay;  
And the May-rose twined in its banquet hall  
Dips to the circling spray.  
For the May-rose springs, and the ivy clings,  
And the wall-flower flaunts in the ruined bower,  
And the sea-bird foldeth her weary wings  
Up in the stone-gray tower.  
Scaling an arch of the postern rude,  
A wild vine dips to the ocean's flow;  
Deep in the niches the blind owls brood,  
And the fringing moss hangs low  
Where stout Earl Hubert's banner stood  
Five hundred years ago!

Out from the castle's western wall  
Juteth a tower round and tall,  
And leading up to the parapet  
By a winding turret-stair:  
Over the sea there looketh yet  
A chamber small and square,  
Where the faint daylight comes in alone  
Through a narrow slit in the solid stone;  
And here, old records say,  
Earl Hubert bore his wayward child  
From courts and gallants gay—  
That, guarded by the billows wild,  
And cloistered from her lover's arms,  
Here might she mourn her wasted charms,  
Here weep her youth away.

"One—two!" said the sentinel,  
Pacing his rounds by the eastern tower.  
Up in the turret a solemn knell  
Tolled for the parting hour;  
Over the ocean its echo fell—  
"One! two!"—like a silver bell  
Chiming afar in the sea-nymph's bower.  
Shrill and loud was the sea-bird's cry,  
The watch-dog bayed as the moon rose high,  
The great waves swelled below;  
And the measured splash of a dipping oar  
Broke softly through their constant roar,  
And paused beneath the shade  
Flung westward by that turret hoar  
Where slept the prisoned maid.  
The sentinel paced to and fro

Under the castle parapet,  
But, in her chamber, Juliette  
Heard not the tramp of his clanging foot,  
Nor the watchdog baying near—  
Only the sound of a low toned lute  
Stole to her dreaming ear.

The moon rode up as the night wore on,  
Looking down with a blinding glare  
Into that chamber still and lone,  
Touching the rough-hewn cross of stone  
And the prayer-beads glittering there—  
The loosened waves of the sleeper's hair,  
And the curve of her shoulder, white and bare!

She dreamed! she dreamed! that dreary keep  
Melted away in the calm moonbeams;  
The deep bell's call and the wave's hoarse sweep  
Changed for the lull of a forest deep,  
And the pleasant voice of streams.

She seemed to sit by a mossy stone,  
To watch the blood-red sun go down  
And hang on the verge of the horizon  
Like a ruby set in a golden ring;  
To hear the wild birds sing

Up in the larch-boughs, loud and sweet,  
Over a surf where the soft waves beat  
With a sound like a naiad's dancing feet.  
For here and there on its winding way  
Down by dingle and shady nook,

Under the white thorn's dropping spray  
Glittered the thread of a slender brook;  
And scarce a roebuck's leap beyond,  
Close at the brink of its grassy bound,  
She heard her lover's chiding hound,  
His bugle's merry play.

Oh! it was sweet again to be  
Under the free blue skies!  
She turned on her pillow restless'y,  
And the tears to her sleeping eyes  
Came welling up as the full drops start  
With Spring's first smile from a fountain's heart.

Up rose the maid in her dreamy rest,  
And flung a robe o'er her shou'lders bare,  
And gathered the threads of her floating hair,  
Ere with a foot on the turret stair  
She paused, then onward pressed,  
As the tones of a soft lute broke again  
Through the deeper chords of the voiceful main.  
Steep and rude was the perilous way;

Through loopholes square and small  
The night looked into the turret gray,  
And over the massive wall  
In blocks of light the moonbeams lay;  
But the changeful ghosts of the showering spray  
And the mirrored play of the waters dim  
Rippled and glanced on the ceiling grim.

The moon looked into her sleeping eyes,  
The night wind stirred her hair,  
And wandering blindly, Juliette,  
Close on the verge of the parapet,  
Stood without in the open air.

Under the blue arch of the skies,  
Save for the pacing sentinel,  
Save for the ocean's constant swell,  
There seemed astrir no earthly thing.

Below, the great waves rose and fell,  
Scaling ever their craggy bound,  
But scarce a zephyr's dipping wing  
Broke the silver crust of the sea beyond:  
And in her lifelike dream  
The maiden now had wandered on  
To the brink of the slender stream;  
Then pausing, stayed her eager foot,  
For with the brook's sweet monotone  
Mingled the soft voice of a lute;  
And, where the levelled moonbeams played  
Over the lap of a turfey glade,  
A hound lay sleeping in the shade.

Rocked by the light waves to and fro,  
Scarcely an arrow's flight from shore,  
Her lover in his bark below  
Paused, resting on the oar,  
Watching the foam-wreaths bead and fall  
Like shattered stars from the castle wall.  
And higher yet he raised his eyes—  
Jesu! he started with affright!

For painted on the dusky skies  
Seemed hovering in the tremulous light  
A figure small and angel white!  
Against the last lay far and dim.

Touched by the moon's uncertain ray,  
The airy form of the turret grim,  
Doubtful he gazed a moment's space,  
Then rowed toward the cast'e's base,

But checked his oar midway,  
And gazing up at the parapet,  
Shouted the one word, "Juliette!"

Lute, baying hound, and rest'ess deep,  
Each gave the clue bewildered Thought  
Had followed through the maze of sleep,  
And by her lulled ear faintly caught  
Her lover's voice its echo wrought.

She heard him call, she saw him stand,  
With smiling lip and beckoning hand;  
And closer pressed, and dreaming yet,  
From the green border of the stream—

From the o'erhanging parapet  
Sprang forward with a scream!  
Then once again the deep bell tolled  
Up in the turret gray and old,  
And, mingled with its lingering knell,  
The echoed cry, half won, half lost,

Startled the weary sentinel,  
Now slumbering at his post:  
Yet, wakened from his dreamful rest,  
He deemed the sound some wandering ghost  
Haunting the caves of Sleep,  
For like a bird upon its nest

The hushed air brooded o'er the deep;  
And to his drowsy ear there crept  
On'y the voice of the choral waves—

Only the drip of the spray that wept,  
And the ripples that sang through the weedy caves  
Nor marked he, ere again he slept,  
The muffled stroke of a hasty oar,  
A steed's quick tramp along the shore.  
When morning came, a shallop's keel  
Grated the edge of the pebbly strand—  
A maid's small foot and a knight's armed heel  
Lay traced upon the sand!

## SUMMER.

THE early Spring hath gone : I see her stand  
Afar off, on the hills—white clouds, like doves,  
Yoked by the south wind to her opal car,  
And at her feet a lion and a lamb  
Couched side by side. Irresolute Spring hath gone,  
And Summer comes, like Psyche, zephyr-borne  
To her sweet land of pleasures.

She is here !

Amid the distant vales she tarried long ;  
But she hath come, oh, joy ! for I have heard  
Her many chorded harp the livelong day  
Sounding from plains and meadows, where of late  
Rattled the hail's sharp arrows, and where came  
The wild north wind, careering like a steed  
Unconscious of the rein. She hath gone forth  
Into the forest, and its poised leaves  
Are platformed for the Zephyr's dancing feet.  
Under its green pavilions she hath reared  
Most beautiful things. The Spring's pale orphans lie  
She tered upon her breast ; the bird's loved song  
At morn outsoars his pinion, and when waves  
Put on Night's silver harness, the still air  
Is musical with soft tones. She hath baptized  
Earth with her joyful weeping ; she hath blessed  
All that do rest beneath the wing of Heaven,  
And all that hail its smile. Her ministry  
Is typical of love ; she hath disdained  
No gentle office, but doth bend to twine  
The grape's light tendrils, and to pluck apart  
The heart-leaves of the rose. She doth not pass  
Unmindful the bruised vine, nor scorn to lift  
The trodden weed ; and when her lowlier children  
Faint by the wayside, like worn passengers,  
She is a gentle mother, all night long  
Bathing their pale brows with her healing dew ;  
The hours are spendthrifts of her wealth ; the days  
Are dowered with her beauty.

Priestess ! queen !

Amid the ruined temples of the wood  
She hath rebuilt her altars, and called back  
The scattered choristers, and over aisles  
Where the slant sunshine, like a curious stranger,  
Guided through arches and bare chairs, hath spread  
A roof magnificent. She hath awaked  
Her oracle, that, dumb and paralyzed,  
Slept with the torpid serpents of the lightning,  
Bidding his dread voice—Nature's mightiest—  
Speak mystically of all hidden things  
To the attentive spirit.

There is laid

No knife upon her sacrificial altar,  
And from her lips there comes no pealing triumph.  
But to those crystal halls, where Silence sits  
Enchanted, hath arisen a mingled strain  
Of music, delicate as the breath of buds ;  
And on her shrine the virgin Hours lay  
Odors and exquisite dyes, like gifts that kings  
Send from the spicy gardens of the East.

## A FOREST SCENE.

I know a forest vast and old—

A shade so deep, so darkly green,  
That Morning sends her shaft of gold  
In vain to pierce its leafy screen :  
I know a brake where sleeps the fawn,  
The soft-eyed fawn, through noon's repose,  
For noon, with all the calm of dawn,  
Lies hushed beneath those dewy boughs

Oh ! proudly then the forest kings

Their banners lift o'er vale and mount ;  
And cool and fresh the wild grass springs,  
By lonely path, by sylvan fount ;  
There, o'er the fair, leaf-laden rill

The laurel sheds her clustered bloom,  
And throned upon the rock-wreathed hill  
The rowan waves his scarlet plume.

No huntsman's call, no baying hound,  
Scares from his rest the light-limbed stag,  
But following faint his airy bound,  
Glad Echo leaps from crag to crag.  
From morn till eve the wood-birds sing,  
And, by the wild wave's glittering play,  
The pheasant plumes her glossy wing,  
The doe lies couched at close of day.

From slippery ledge, from moss-grown rock,  
Dash the swift waters at a bound ;  
And from the foam that veils the shock,  
Floats every wavelet sparkle-crowned ;  
Through brake, and dell, and lawny glade,  
O'er gnarled root and mossy stone,  
Beneath the forest's emerald shade  
The stream winds murmuring, sparkling on

Far floating o'er its limpid breast

The lily sends her petals fair—  
And, couched beneath her regal crest,  
The balm-flower scents the drowsy air ;  
From spray and vine, o'er rocky ledge,  
Hang blossoms wild of crimson dye ;  
And on the curved and sanded edge  
The pink-lined shells, wave-polished, lie.

There wakes no tone of idle mirth

Amid those shadows vast and dim,

But from the gentle lips of Earth

How soft and low her forest hymn !

How soft and low, where stirs the wind

Through the dark arches of the wood,

Where, gray with moss, the boughs entwined

Hang whispering o'er the chiming flood !

When twilight skies look faintly down,

When noon lies hushed on leaf and spray,

When midnight casts her silver crown

Before the throne of godlike day—

There, still, to earth's perpetual choir,

The same sweet harmony is given :

For angels wake her sacred lyre,

And every chord is strung by Heaven.

A POET'S LOVE.

THE stag leaps free in the forest's heart,  
 But thy step is lighter, my love, my bride!  
 Light as the quick-footed breezes that part  
 The plummy ferns on the mountain-side.  
 Swift as the zephyrs that come and pass  
 O'er the waveless lake and the billowy grass;  
 I hear thy voice where the white spray gleams,  
 In the one-toned bells of the rippled streams,  
 In the shivering boughs of the aspen tree,  
 In the wind that stirreth the sil'very pine,  
 In the shell that moans of the distant sea—  
 Never was voice so sweet as thine!  
 Never a sound through the even dim  
 Came half so soft as thy vesper hymn.

I have followed fast from the lark's low nest  
 Thy breezy step to the mountain crest;  
 The livelong day I have wandered on,  
 Till the stars were up, the twilight gone;  
 Ever unwearied where thou hast roved,  
 Fairest, and purest, and best beloved!  
 I have felt thy kiss in the leafy aisle,  
 And thy breath astir in my waving hair,  
 I have met the light of thy haunting smile  
 In the deep, still woods, and the sunny air,  
 For thou lookest down from the bending skies,  
 And the earth is glad with thy laughing eyes.

When my heart is sad and my pulse beats low,  
 Whose touch so light on my burning brow?  
 Who cometh in dreams to my midnight sleep?  
 Who bendeth over my noonday rest?  
 Who singeth me songs in the forest deep,  
 Laying my head to her gentle breast?  
 When life grows dim to my weary eye,  
 When joy departeth and sorrow is nigh,  
 Who, 'neath the track of the stars, save thee,  
 Speaketh or singeth of hope to me?

There comes a time when the morn shall rise,  
 Yet charm no smile to thy film'd eyes;  
 There comes a time when thou liest low,  
 With the roses dead on thy frozen brow,  
 With a pall hung over thy tracéd rest,  
 And the pulse asleep in thy silent breast.  
 There shall come a dirge through the valleys drear,  
 And a white-robed priest to thine icy bier:  
 His lip is cold, but his dim eyes weep, [deep.  
 And he maketh thy grave where the snow falls

Who is me when I watch and pray  
 For the lightest tread of thy coming foot,  
 For the softest note of thy summer lay,  
 For the faintest chord of thy vine-strung lute!  
 Who is me when the storms sweep by,  
 And the mocking winds are my sole reply!

A SONG FOR AUTUMN.

FRIGHTEN the bird from the tasselled pine,  
 Where he sings like a hope in a gloomy breast;  
 Tread down the blossoms that cling to the vine,  
 Winnow the blooms from the mountain's crest;  
 Let the balm-flower sleep where the small brooks  
 twine,  
 And the golden-rod treasure the ye'low sunshine.

Muffle the bells of the faint-lipped waves;  
 Let the red leaves fall; let the brown fawn leap  
 Through the golden fern; in the weedy caves  
 Let the snake coil up for his winter sleep.  
 Let the ringed snake coil where the earth is drear,  
 Like a grief that grows cold as the heart grows sere.  
 Pluck down the rainbow; make steadfast the throne  
 Of the star that was faint in the summer night;  
 Let the white daughters of wave and sun  
 Weep as they cloister the pale, pale light; [rills,  
 Let the mist-wreaths brood o'er the valley-bound  
 And the sky trail its mantle far over the hills.

Plunder the wrecks of the forest, and blind  
 The waters that picture its ruinous dome.  
 Wildly, oh wildly, most sorrowful wind!  
 Chant, like a prophet of terror to come—  
 Like a Niobe stricken with infinite dread,  
 Leave the spirit of Beauty alone with her dead.  
 Throne the white Naiad that filleth her urn  
 At the fount of the sun; on the curtain of night  
 Paint wild Auroras like visions that burn,  
 Rosy Auroras, like dreams of delight.  
 Mantle the earth, fold the robe on her breast,  
 While the sky, like a seraph, hangs over her rest

A TRUE STORY OF A FAWN.

DOWN from a mountain's craggy brow,  
 His homeward way the hunter took,  
 By a path that wound to the vales below,  
 At the side of a leaping brook.  
 Long and sore had his journey been,  
 By the dust that clung to his forest green,  
 By the stains on his brodered moccasin;  
 And over his shoulder his rifle hung,  
 And an empty horn at his girdle swung.

The eve crept westward: soft and pale  
 The sunset poured its rosy flood  
 Slanting over the wooded vale;  
 And the weary hunter stood,  
 Looking down on his cot below,  
 Watching his children there at play,  
 Watching the swing on the chestnut bough  
 Flit to and fro through the twilight gray,  
 Till the dove's nest rocked on its quivering spray.

Faint and far, through the forest wide,  
 Came a hunter's voice and a hound's deep cry;  
 Silence, that slept in the rocky dell,  
 Scarcely woke, as her sentinel  
 Challenged the sound from the mountain-side—  
 Over the valleys the echo died;  
 And a doe sprang lightly by,  
 And cleared the path, and panting stood,  
 With her trembling fawn, by the leaping flood.

She spanned the torrent at a bound,  
 And swiftly onward, winged by fear,  
 Flew, as the bay of the deep-mouthed hound  
 Fell loudly on her ear;  
 And pausing by the waters deep,  
 Too slight to stem their rapid flow,  
 Too weak to dare the perilous leap,  
 The fawn sprang wildly to and fro,  
 Watching the flight of her lithe-limbed doe.

Now she hung o'er the torrent's edge,  
 And sobbed and wept as the waves shot by ;  
 Now she paused on the rocky ledge,  
 With head erect, and steadfast eye,  
 Listening to the stag-hound's cry :  
 Close from the forest the deep bay rang,  
 Close in the forest the echoes died,  
 And over the pathway the brown fawn sprang,  
 And crouched by the hunter's side.

Deep in the thickets the boughs unclasped,  
 Leaped apart with a crashing sound ;  
 Under the lithe vines, sure and fast,  
 Came on the exulting hound—  
 Yet, baffled, stopped to bay and glare,  
 Far from the torrent's bound :  
 For the weeping fawn, still crouching there,  
 Shrank not, nor fled, but closer pressed,  
 And laid her head on the hunter's breast.

## FRANCES A. AND METTA V. FULLER.

MISS FRANCES A. FULLER, and her sister, MISS METTA VICTORIA FULLER, have recently published many poems and prose compositions, which have been commended by the critical editors of the Home Journal, as evincing "unquestionable signs of true genius."

The latter has generally written under the signature of "Singing Sybil." The Misses Fuller are both very young, the oldest having been born about the year 1826. They reside in the pleasant village of Monroeville, in the northern part of Ohio.

## FRANCES A. FULLER.

### A REVERY.

Not from Fancy's land of wonders  
 Come the dreams that haunt my brain ;  
 But from out the Past's dim chambers  
 Glide along the shadowy train.  
 On each pale and solemn visage  
 Is some old remembrance pressed,  
 Some dear memory that hath lingered  
 Ever fadeless in my breast.  
 And as troop on troop of visions  
 Through Thought's silent halls defile,  
 Like the ancient ghosts that wander  
 Through some lone cathedral aisle,  
 New-born fancies mix and mingle  
 With the old familiar throng,  
 And the Past and Present meeting,  
 Swell the river-tide of song.  
 Dreams of Present have no power  
 And no grandeur like the Past :  
 Glory borrows its enchantment  
 From the distance it is cast.  
 But the Present is the wizard  
 That can break Oblivion's seal,  
 And the "dead Past's dead," unburied,  
 By a magic word reveal.  
 Life has many hidden currents,  
 Like the cave-streams of the earth,  
 Flowing deep and strong in secret,  
 Ne'er betraying bourne or birth.  
 And the flood in darkness wandering,  
 With no flower upon its way,  
 Has its course with richer treasures  
 Than have met the glare of day.

Light that sometimes shines upon it,  
 Finds it deep, and pure, and cold ;  
 And the starry gleam reflected  
 Leaves no bosom secret told.  
 In its deepest bed are hidden  
 Treasures gathered from all life ;  
 Pearls of thought and gold of feeling,  
 Moveless in the current's strife.

In life's lively panorama,  
 Looking for what is to be,  
 We forget to note the Present,  
 Ere its changing phantoms flee ;  
 But as clouds by tempests driven  
 Scatter rain-drops as they fly,  
 Many golden sands have fallen  
 Where they must for ever lie.

Of the dreams that throng around me  
 "In the Spirit's pictured hall,"  
 Know I none whose shadowy presence  
 I would choose not to recall.  
 Come they to me by the midnight,  
 Come they to me by the day,  
 Memory's thousand silver pennons  
 Float above their host away.

In my heart the plaintive treble  
 Of the broken notes of song  
 Make no discord in the music,  
 As it flows in waves along :  
 For the spirit of my dreaming  
 Sings me all the missing notes ;  
 And the strain, to you so broken,  
 Perfect to my hearing floats.

## THE OLD MAN'S FAVORITE

Do you ask where she has fled—  
 Fanny, with the laughing eyes?  
 Should I tell you "She is dead,"  
 You would mimic tears and sighs,  
 And affect a sad surprise.

Yester-week, when you were here,  
 She was sitting on your knee,  
 Whispering stories in your ear  
 With an air of mystery,  
 And a roguish glance at me.

Fanny's heart was always light—  
 Light and free as pluméd bird;  
 When she glanced within our sight,  
 Or her merry voice we heard,  
 Music in our hearts was stirred.

Do you ask where Fanny hides?  
 I will tell you by-and-by;  
 Look you where the river glides,  
 In whose depths the shadows lie  
 Mingled of the earth and sky:

Fanny always loved that spot;  
 There her favorite flowers grew—  
 Violet, forget-me-not,  
 And the iris gold and blue,  
 With its pearly beads of dew.

Off on the old rustic bridge,  
 Made of supple boughs entwined,

Hanging from each margin's ridge  
 Like a hammock in the wind,  
 Fanny fearlessly reclined.

And she's told me, while her eyes  
 Filled with tears of childish bliss,  
 That she could see paradise  
 From her rocking resting-place,  
 Mirrored in the river's face.

That she saw the tall trees wave,  
 Bright-winged birds among their bowers.  
 And a river that did lave  
 Banks o'ergrown with fairest flowers,  
 And a sky more blue than ours.

Then she asked, with such a smile  
 As an angel-face might wear,  
 If she watched a long, long while,  
 She could see her mother there,  
 Walking in the groves so fair.

When, to soothe the child, I said  
 She should see mamma in heaven,  
 To that frail old bridge she sped  
 As if wings to her were given;  
 And—but look! you see 'tis riven!

Ha! you start—your looks are wild!  
 Calm yourself, old man, I pray;  
 Fanny was an angel-child,  
 And 'tis well she's gone away  
 To her paradise so gay.

## METTA VICTORIA FULLER.

## THE POSTBOY'S SONG.

THE night is dark and the way is long,  
 And the clouds are flying fast,  
 The night-wind sings a dreary song,  
 And the trees creak in the blast;  
 The moon is down in the tossing sea,  
 And the stars shed not a ray;  
 The lightning flashes frightfully,  
 But I must on my way.

Full many a hundred times have I  
 Gone o'er it in the dark,  
 Till my faithful steeds can well descry  
 Each long familiar mark:  
 Withal, should peril come to-night,  
 God have us in his care!  
 For without help and without light,  
 The boldest may beware.

Like a shuttle thrown by the hand of Fate,  
 Forward and back I go,  
 Bearing a thread to the desolate  
 To darken their web of wo;  
 And a brighter thread to the glad of heart,  
 And a mingled one to all,  
 But the dark and the light I can not part,  
 Nor alter their hues at all.

On, on my steeds! the lightning's flash  
 An instant gilds our way—  
 But steady! by that fearful crash

The heavens seemed rent away!  
 Soho! now comes the blast anew,  
 And a pelting flood of rain:  
 Steady—a sea seems bursting through  
 A rift in some upper main!

'Tis a terrible night—a dreary hour—  
 Yet who will remember to pray,  
 That the care of the storm-controlling Power  
 May be over the postboy's way!  
 The wayward wanderer from his home,  
 The sailor upon the sea,  
 Have prayers to bless them where they roam—  
 Who thinketh to pray for me?

But the storm abates—uprides the moon  
 Like a ship upon the sea:  
 Now on, my steeds! this glorious moon  
 Of a night so dark shall be  
 A scene for us. Toss high your heads,  
 And cheerily speed away:  
 We shall startle the sleepers in their beds  
 Before the dawn of day!

Like a shuttle thrown by the hand of Fate  
 Forward and back I go,  
 Bearing a thread to the desolate  
 To darken their web of wo—  
 And a brighter thread to the glad of heart  
 And a mingled one for all:  
 But the dark and the light I can not part,  
 Nor alter their hues at all.

## MIDNIGHT.

ONE by one, in slow succession,  
 The twelve hours have floated by,  
 Circling, in a still procession,  
 Round a glittering throne on high;  
 Handmaids to the solemn midnight,  
 As she walketh up the sky.

With a motion slow and peerless,  
 Up she glideth through the air,  
 Mutely perfect, smileless, tearless,  
 Hushed, and wonderfully fair—  
 Pausing, in her quiet splendor,  
 Where her twelve attendants are.

All the stars their brows uncover,  
 All the breezes die away,  
 All the hours which round her hover,  
 Stand in dim and mute array;  
 For the Midnight, pure and placid,  
 Kneeleth on her throne to pray.

Grand, beyond the power of telling,  
 Is the Midnight in her prayer—  
 All sublimity has dwelling  
 On her brow, serenely fair;  
 Brighter than the crown of jewels  
 Bound upon her raven hair.

She is asking for a blessing  
 On the earth that dreams below—  
 And the leaves, their boughs caressing,  
 Cease their waving to and fro,  
 And the murmuring, trilling streamlet  
 Seems to sing more soft and slow.

Her pure eyes are upward beaming,  
 And her pale hands folded lie:  
 Oh, how beautiful this seeming  
 Of the queen of a'1 the sky,  
 Meekly asking, mid her glory,  
 From the greater power on high.

In her dim and holy presence  
 The still world has grown more still,  
 And soft silence's subtle essence  
 Seems the breathless air to fill,  
 Till the hushed heart of creation  
 Scarcely dares with awe to thrill.

In serene, subduing splendor,  
 When her time of prayer has flown,  
 Through the circle that attend her  
 She descendeth from her throne—  
 Gliding westward from the zenith,  
 As they follow one by one.

All the stars their faces cover,  
 All the flowers droop with tears,  
 And the breezes round them hover,  
 With a whispered tale of fears,  
 As the Midnight queen retireth,  
 And the king of day appears.

Were I but a star in heaven,  
 Or a little flower, alone,  
 I would worship, every even,  
 The sweet Midnight on her throne;  
 But a worship yet more perfect  
 Hath the living spirit known.

## THE SILENT SHIP.

WE were sitting in the starlight,  
 By the gliding river's side—  
 He, a spirit pure and earnest,  
 I, his sacred spirit-bride—  
 Sitting in the holy starlight  
 Falling from the jewelled sky,  
 O'er the water just beneath us,  
 Flowing bright and silent by.

There was something dim and dreamy  
 And so solemn in the air,  
 And the earth was lying sweetly  
 In her slumber still and fair;  
 And her breath had grown so quiet,  
 That a fold it did not stir  
 Of the green luxurious curtains,  
 Drooping graceful over her.

Silent dew and silent starlight,  
 Silent earth and silent sky—  
 All was hushed save one faint murmur  
 Of the river flowing by—  
 And one low, dear tone of music,  
 Whispering in my thrilling ear  
 Words so dreamlike in their beauty,  
 That my soul could only hear—

Words so eloquent and gentle,  
 That I never may forget,  
 They are ringing in sweet melody,  
 Within my spirit yet!  
 In the dim, delicious silence,  
 Even the water fell asleep,  
 Looking bright and pure and placid,  
 And immeasurably deep.

And subdued by this strange beauty,  
 The communer by my side  
 Hushed his spiritual revealings,  
 And sat voiceless by his bride.  
 How beautiful this stillness—  
 This intense yet softened rest!  
 A perfect sense of happiness  
 Thrilled deep within each breast.

When as we watched the trembling  
 Of the starlight on the stream,  
 From out the shadow of a curve,  
 All noiseless as a dream,  
 All slowly, softly, silently,  
 All spirit-like and clear,  
 Gliding through gently parting waves,  
 We saw a ship appear.

We hushed our breath, we hushed our hearts:  
 No echo of a sound  
 Came in, through the dim loveliness,  
 The solemn air around.  
 We gazed upon the silent ship—  
 No sign of life was there—  
 Yet on it glided gracefully,  
 All tall and straight and fair!

We saw the ripples break away  
 And lose themselves in light,  
 As gently but unwaveringly  
 It stoe upon our sight;



We saw each slender spar and mast  
Defined against the sky,  
As slowly, softly, silently,  
It phantom-like went by.

A feeling of sublimity,  
Which could not be expressed,  
Sank heavy through the breathless hush  
Upon each throbbless breast—  
A sense of something beautiful,  
Yet almost to be feared,  
As slowly, softly, silently,  
The strange ship disappeared.

"Sybil!" was breathed upon my ear,  
In one low, thrilling tone,  
As I felt the clasping of a hand  
Grow tighter on my own :  
It was enough—within our souls  
Each felt that ship to be  
An emblem of our spirit-love,  
Our mingled destiny.

It seemed so like a hallowed spell,  
So like a lovely dream,  
With lingering steps we turned away  
From the star-lighted stream :

Its beauty was so strange and wild,  
And inexpressible,  
That after many days had passed  
We found no words to tell  
Our thoughts of dreamy love'iness,  
And the certainty it gave  
That thus our still, deep spirit-love  
Should glide upon life's wave.

Clouds now are o'er our silent ship,  
And not one starry gleam  
Falls softly through the shadows  
That dim life's troubled stream !  
There are storms and clouds and darkness,  
But I tremble not with fear,  
For our ship will glide unshaken on  
Till the stars again appear.

Such thoughts as these that silent ship  
Within our souls awoke,  
Are prophecies too sure and deep  
To be by darkness broke ;  
And whether there be storms or not,  
Our spirits linked must be,  
Till our bark is moored in safety  
In the far Eternity.

## THE SPIRIT OF MY SONG.

TELL me, have you ever met her—  
Met the spirit of my song ?  
Have her wavelike footsteps glided  
Through the city's worldly throng ?  
You will know her by a wreath,  
Woven all of starry light,  
That is lying mid her hair—  
Braided hair as dark as night.

A short band of radiant summers  
Is upon her forehead laid,  
Twining half in golden sunlight,  
Sleeping half in dreamy shade :  
Five white fingers clasp a lyre,  
Five its silvery strings awake,  
And bewildering to the soul  
Is the music that they make.

Though her glances sleep like shadows  
'Neath each falling, silken lash,  
Yet, at aught that wakes resentment,  
They magnificently flash.  
Though you loved such dewy dream-light  
And such glance of sweet surprise,  
You could never bear the scorn  
Of those proud and brilliant eyes.

There's a sweet and winning cunning  
In her bright lip's crimson hue,  
And a fitting tint of roses  
From her soft cheek gleaming through—  
Do you think that you have met her ?—  
She is young and pure and fair,  
And she wears a wreath of starlight  
In her braided, ebon hair.

Often at her feet I'm sitting,  
With my head upon her knee,  
While she tells me dreams of beauty  
In low words of melody ;  
And, when my unskilful fingers  
Strive her silvery lyre to wake,  
She will smooth my tresses, smiling  
At the discord which I make.

But of late days I have missed her—  
The bright being of my love—  
And perchance she's stolen pinions  
And has floated up above.  
Tell me, have you ever met her—  
Met the spirit of my song—  
Have her wavelike footsteps glided  
Through the city's worldly throng ?

## ALICE AND PHŒBE CAREY.

AMONG the younger American poets there are few whom we regard with more interest, or whose writings inspire us with more hopeful anticipations, than these two sisters, who were born in a quiet and pleasant district in the vicinity of Cincinnati, where they have always resided, and most of the time in portionless and unprotected orphanage. Their education has been limited by the meagre and infrequent advantages of an obscure country school, from which they were removed altogether at a very early age; and with neither books nor literary friends to guide or encourage them, and in circumstances which would have chilled and withered common natures, they "have been and still are, humble" but most acceptable "worshippers in the glorious temple of song."

ALICE and PHŒBE CAREY have but very recently become known at all in the literary world. It is but two or three years since I first saw the name of either of them, in a western newspaper, and of nearly a hundred of the poems which are now before me, probably not one has been written more than that time. "We write," observes Alice Carey, in a letter which I regret that I may not copy here entire, that the reader's affection might be kindled with his admiration, "we write with much facility, often producing two or three poems in a day, and never elaborate. We have printed, exclusive of our

early productions, some three hundred and fifty, which those in your possession fairly represent." And these are the fruits of no literary leisure, but the mere pastimes of lives that are spent in prosaic duties, lightened and made grateful only by the presence of the muse.

In the west, song gushes and flows, like the springs and rivers, more imperially than elsewhere, as they will believe who study her journals, or who read these effusions and those of Amelia Welby, the authors of *The Wife of Leon*, and other young poets, whose minds seem to be elevated, by the glorious nature there, into the atmosphere where all thought takes a shape of beauty and harmony. A delicious play of fancy distinguishes much of the finest poetry of the sex; but Alice Carey evinces in many poems a genuine imagination and a creative energy that challenges peculiar praise. We have perhaps no other author, so young, in whom the poetical faculty is so largely developed. Her sister writes with vigor, and a hopeful and genial spirit, and there are many felicities of expression, particularly in her later pieces. She refers more than Alice to the common experience, and has perhaps a deeper sympathy with that philosophy and those movements of the day, which look for a nearer approach to equality, in culture, fortune, and social relations.

### ALICE CAREY.

(Born 1820—Died 1871.)

#### THE HANDMAID.

Why rests a shadow on her woman's heart?

In life's more girlish hours it was not so;  
Ill hath she learned to hide with harmless art  
The soundings of the plummet-line of wo!

Oh, what a world of tenderness looks through  
The melting sapphire of her mournful eyes:  
Less softly moist are violets full of dew,  
And the delicious color of the skies.

Serenely amid worship doth she move,  
Counting its passionate tenderness as dross;  
And tempering the pleadings of earth's love,  
In the still, solemn shadows of the cross.

It is not that her heart is cold or vain,  
'That thus she moves through many worshippers;

No step is lighter by the couch of pain,  
No hand on fever's brow lies soft as hers.

From the loose flowing of her amber hair  
The summer flowers we long ago unknit,  
As something between joyance and despair  
Came in the chamber of her soul to sit.

In her white cheek the crimson burns as faint  
As red doth in some cold star's chastened  
beam;

The tender meekness of the pitying saint  
Lends all her life the beauty of a dream.

Thus doth she move among us day by day,  
Loving and loved—but passion can not move  
The young heart that hath wrapped itself away  
In the soft mantle of a Savior's love.

## HYMN OF THE TRUE MAN.

PEACE to the True Man's ashes! Weep for those  
Whose days in old delusions have grown dim;  
Such lives as his are triumphs, and their close  
An immortality: weep not for him.

As feathers wafted from the eagle's wings  
Lie bright among the rocks they can not warm,  
So lie the flowery lays that Genius brings,  
In the cold turf that wraps his honored form.

A practical rebuker of vain strife,  
Bolder in deeds than words, from beardless youth  
To the white hairs of age, he made his life  
A beautiful consecration to the Truth.

Virtue, neglected long, and trampled down,  
Grew stronger in the echo of his name;  
And, shrinking self-condemned beneath his frown,  
The cheek of harlotry grew red with shame.

Serene with conscious peace, he strewed his way  
With sweet humanities, the growth of love;  
Shaping to right his actions, day by day,  
Faithful to this world and to that above.

The ghosts of blind belief and hideous crime.  
Of spirit-broken loves, and hopes betrayed,  
That flit among the broken walls of Time,  
Are by the True Man's exorcisms laid.

Blest in his life, who to himself is true,  
And blest his death—for memory, when he dies,  
Comes, with a lover's eloquence, to renew  
Our faith in manhood's upward tendencies.

Weep for the self-abased, and for the s'ave,  
And for God's children darkened with the smoke  
Of the red altar—not for him whose grave  
Is greener than the misletoe of the oak.

## PALESTINE.

BRIGHT inspiration! shadowing my heart  
Like a sweet thing of beauty—could I see  
Tabor and Carmel ere I hence depart,  
And tread the quiet vales of Galilee,  
And look from Hermon with its dew and flowers,  
Upon the broken walls and mossy towers,  
O'er which the Son of man in sadness wept,  
The golden promise of my life were kept.

Alas! the beauteous cities, crowned with flowers,  
And robed with royalty! no more in thee,  
Fretted with golden pinnacles and towers,  
They sit in haughty beauty by the sea:  
Shadows of rocks, precipitate and dark,  
Rest still and heavy where they found a grave;  
There glides no more the humble fisher's bark,  
And the wild heron drinks not of the wave.

But still the silvery willows fringe the rills,  
Judea's shepherd watches still his fold;  
And round about Jerusalem the hills  
Stand in their solemn grandeur as of old;  
And Sharon's roses still as sweetly bloom  
As when the apostles, in the days gone by,  
Rolled back the shadows from the dreary tomb,  
And brought to light Life's Immortality.

The East has lain down many a beauteous bride,  
In the dim silence of the sepulchre,  
Whose names are shrined in story, but beside  
Their lives no sign to tell they ever were.  
The imperial fortresses of old renown— [now?  
Rome, Carthage, Thebes—alas! where are they  
In the dim distance lost and crumbled down;  
The glory that was of them, from her brow  
Took of the wreath in centuries gone by,  
And walked the Path of Shadows silently.

But Palestine! what hopes are born of thee—  
I can not paint their beauty, hopes that rise,  
Sinking this perishing mortality  
To the bright, deathless glories of the skies:  
Where the sweet Babe of Bethlehem was born—  
Love's mission finished there in Calvary's gloom,  
There blazed the glories of the rising morn,  
And Death lay gasping there at Jesus' tomb!

## OLD STORIES.

No beautiful star will twinkle  
To-night through my window-pane,  
As I list to the mournful falling  
Of the leaves and the autumn rain.

High up in his leafy covert  
The squirrel a shelter hath;  
And the tall grass hides the rabbit,  
Asleep in the churchyard path.

On the hills is a voice of wailing  
For the pale dead flowers again,  
That sounds like the heavy trailing  
Of robes in a funeral train.

Oh, if there were one who loved me—  
A kindly and gray-haired sire,  
To sit and rehearse old stories  
To-night by my cabin fire:

The winds as they would might rattle  
The boughs of the ancient trees—  
In the tale of a stirring battle  
My heart would forget all these.

Or if by the embers dying  
We talked of the past, the while,  
I should see bright spirits flying  
From the pyramids and the Nile.

Echoes from harps long silent  
Would troop through the aisles of time  
And rest on the soul like sunshine,  
If we talked of the bards sublime.

But hark! did a phantom call me,  
Or was it the wind went by?  
Wild are my thoughts and restless,  
But they have no power to fly.

In place of the cricket humming,  
And the moth by the candle's light,  
I hear but the deathwatch drumming  
I've heard it the livelong night.

Oh for a friend who loved me—  
Oh for a gray-haired sire,  
To sit with a quaint old story,  
To-night by my cabin fire.

## PICTURES OF MEMORY.

AMONG the beautiful pictures  
 That hang on Memory's wall,  
 Is one of a dim old forest,  
 That seemeth best of all :  
 Not for its gnarled oaks olden,  
 Dark with the mistletoe ;  
 Not for the violets golden  
 That sprinkle the vale below ;  
 Not for the milk-white lilies,  
 That lead from the fragrant hedge,  
 Coquetting all day with the sunbeams,  
 And stealing their golden edge ;  
 Not for the vines on the upland  
 Where the bright red berries rest,  
 Nor the pinks, nor the pale, sweet cowslip,  
 It seemeth to me the best.  
 I once had a little brother,  
 With eyes that were dark and deep—  
 In the lap of that old dim forest  
 He lieth in peace asleep :  
 Light as the down of the thistle,  
 Free as the winds that blow,  
 We roved there the beautiful summers,  
 The summers of long ago ;  
 But his feet on the hills grew weary,  
 And, one of the autumn eves,  
 I made for my little brother  
 A bed of the yellow leaves.  
 Sweetly his pale arms folded  
 My neck in a meek embrace,  
 As the light of immortal beauty  
 Silently covered his face :  
 And when the arrows of sunset  
 Lodged in the tree-tops bright,  
 He fell, in his saint-like beauty,  
 Asleep by the gates of light.  
 Therefore, of all the pictures  
 That hang on Memory's wall,  
 The one of the dim old forest  
 Seemeth the best of all.

## THE TWO MISSIONARIES.

IN the pyramid's heavy shadows,  
 And by the Nile's deep flood,  
 They leaned on the arm of Jesus,  
 And preached to the multitude ;  
 Where only the ostrich and parrot  
 Went by on the burning sands,  
 They builded to God an altar,  
 Lifting up holy hands.  
 But even while kneeling lowly  
 At the foot of the cross to pray,  
 Eternity's shadows slowly  
 Stole over their pilgrim way :  
 And one, with the journey weary,  
 And faint with the spirit's strife,  
 Fell sweetly asleep in Jesus,  
 Hard by the gates of life.  
 Oh, not in Gethseman's garden,  
 And not by Genesareth's wave,  
 The light, like a golden mantle,  
 O'erspreadeth his lowly grave ;

But the bird of the burning desert  
 Goes by with a noiseless tread,  
 And the tent of the restless Arab  
 Is silently near him spread.  
 Oh, could we remember only,  
 Who shrink from the lightest ill,  
 His sorrows, who, bruised and lonely,  
 Wrought on in the vineyard still—  
 Surely the tale of sorrow  
 Would fall on the mourner's breast,  
 Hushing, like oil on the waters,  
 The troubled wave to rest.

## VISIONS OF LIGHT.

THE moon is rising in beauty,  
 The sky is solemn and bright,  
 And the waters are singing like lovers  
 That walk in the valleys at night.  
 Like the towers of an ancient city,  
 That darken against the sky,  
 Seems the blue mist of the river  
 O'er the hill-tops far and high.  
 I see through the gathering darkness  
 The spire of the village church,  
 And the pale white tombs, half hidden  
 By the tasselled willow and birch.  
 Vain is the golden drifting  
 Of morning light on the hill ;  
 No white hands open the windows  
 Of those chambers low and still.  
 But their dwellers were all my kindred,  
 Whatever their lives might be,  
 And their sufferings and achievements  
 Have recorded lessons for me.  
 Not one of the countless voyagers  
 Of life's mysterious main,  
 Has laid down his burden of sorrows,  
 Who hath lived and loved in vain.  
 From the bards of the elder ages  
 Fragments of song float by,  
 Like flowers in the streams of summer,  
 Or stars in the midnight sky.  
 Some plumes in the dust are scattered,  
 Where the eagles of Persia flew,  
 And wisdom is reaped from the furrows  
 The plough of the Roman drew.  
 From the white tents of the crusaders  
 The phantoms of glory are gone,  
 But the zeal of the barefooted hermit  
 In humanity's heart lives on.  
 Oh, sweet as the bell of the sabbath  
 In the tower of the village church,  
 Or the fall of the yellow moonbeams  
 In the tasselled willow and birch—  
 Comes a thought of the blessed issues  
 That shall follow our social strife,  
 When the spirit of love maketh perfect  
 The beautiful mission of life :  
 For visions of light are gathered  
 In the sunshine of flowery nooks,  
 Like the shades of the ghostly Fathers  
 In their twilight cells of books !

## HELVA.

HER white hands full of mountain flowers,  
 Down by the rough rocks and the sea,  
 Helva, the raven-tressed, for hours  
 Hath gazed forth earnestly.  
 Unconscious that the salt spray flecks  
 The ebon beauty of her hair—  
 What vision is it she expects?  
 So meekly lingering there.  
 Is it to see the sea fog lift  
 From the broad bases of the hills,  
 Or the red moonlight's golden drift,  
 That her soft bosom thrills?  
 Or yet to see the starry hours  
 Their silver network round her throw,  
 That 'neath the white hands, full of flowers,  
 Her heart heaves to and fro?  
 Why strains so far the aching eye?  
 Kind nature wears to-night no frown,  
 And the still beauty of the sky  
 Keeps the mad ocean down.  
 Why are those damp and heavy locks  
 Put back, the faintest sound to win?  
 Ah! where the beacon lights the rocks,  
 A ship is riding in!  
 Who comes forth to the vessel's side,  
 Leaning upon the manly arm  
 Of one who wraps with tender pride  
 The mantle round her form?  
 Oh Helva, watcher of lone hours,  
 May God in mercy give thee aid!  
 Thy cheek is whiter than thy flowers—  
 Thy woman's heart betrayed!

## THE TIME TO BE.

I sit where the leaves of the maple,  
 And the gnarled and knotted gum,  
 Are circling and drifting around me,  
 And think of the time to come.  
 For the human heart is the mirror  
 Of the things that are near and far;  
 Like the wave that reflects in its bosom  
 The flower and the distant star.  
 And beautiful to my vision  
 Is the time it prophetically sees,  
 As was once to the monarch of Persia  
 The gem of the Cycladés.  
 As change is the order of Nature,  
 And beauty springs from decay,  
 So in its destined season  
 The false for the true makes way.  
 The darkening power of evil,  
 And discordant jars and crime,  
 Are the cry preparing the wilderness  
 For the flower and the harvest-time.  
 Though doubtings and weak misgivings  
 May rise to the soul's alarm,  
 Like the ghosts of the heretic burners,  
 In the province of bold Reform.

And now, as the summer is fading,  
 And the cold clouds full of rain,  
 And the net in the fields of stubble  
 And the briars, is spread in vain—  
 I catch, through the mists of life's river,  
 A glimpse of the time to be,  
 When the chain from the bondman rusted  
 Shall leave him erect and free—  
 On the solid and broad foundation,  
 A common humanity's right,  
 To cover his branded shoulder  
 With the garment of love from sight.

## TO LUCY.

THE leaves are rustling mournfully,  
 The yellow leaves and sere;  
 For Winter with his naked arms  
 And chilling breath is here:  
 The rills that all the autumn-time  
 Went singing to the sea,  
 Are waiting in their icy chains  
 For Spring to set them free;  
 No bird is heard the live-long day  
 Upon its mates to call,  
 And coldly and capriciously  
 The slanting sunbeams fall.  
 There is a shadow on my heart  
 I can not fling aside—  
 Sweet sister of my soul, with thee  
 Hope's brightest roses died!  
 I'm thinking of the pleasant hours  
 That vanished long ago,  
 When summer was the goldenest,  
 And all things caught its glow:  
 I'm thinking where the violets  
 In fragrant beauty lay,  
 Of the buttercups and primroses  
 That blossomed in our way.  
 I see the willow, and the spring  
 O'ergrown with purple sedge;  
 The lilies and the scarlet pinks  
 That grew along the hedge;  
 The meadow, where the elm tree threw  
 Its shadows dark and wide,  
 And, sister, flowers in beauty grew  
 And perished side by side:  
 O'er the accustomed vale and hill  
 Now Winter's robe is spread,  
 The beetle and the moth are still,  
 And all the flowers are dead.  
 I mourn for thee, sweet sister,  
 When the wintry hours are here,  
 But when the days grow long and bright,  
 And skies are blue and clear—  
 Oh, when the Summer's banquet  
 Among the flowers is spread,  
 My spirit is most sorrowful  
 That thou art with the dead:  
 We laid thee in thy narrow bed,  
 When autumn winds were high—  
 Thy life had taught us how to live.  
 And then we learned to die.

## A LEGEND OF ST. MARY'S.

ONE night, when bitterer winds than ours,  
 On hill-sides and in valleys low,  
 Built sepulchres for the dead flowers,  
 And buried them in sheets of snow—  
 When over ledges, dark and cold,  
 The sweet moon, rising high and higher,  
 Tipped with a dimly burning gold  
 St. Mary's old cathedral spire.  
 The lamp of the confessional,  
 (God grant it did not burn in vain,)  
 After the solemn midnight bell,  
 Streamed redly through the lattice-pane.  
 And kneeling at the father's feet,  
 Whose long and venerable hairs,  
 Now whiter than the mountain sleet,  
 Could not have numbered half his prayers,  
 Was one—I can not picture true  
 The cherub beauty of his guise;  
 Lilies, and waves of deepest blue,  
 Were something like his hands and eyes!  
 Like yellow mosses on the rocks,  
 Dashed with the ocean's milk-white spray,  
 The softness of his golden locks  
 About his neck and forehead lay.  
 Father, thy tresses, silver-sleet,  
 Ne'er swept above a form so fair;  
 Surely the flowers beneath his feet  
 Have been a rosary of prayer!  
 We know not, and we can not know,  
 Why swam those meek blue eyes with tears;  
 But surely guilt, or guiltless wo,  
 Had bowed him earthward more than years.  
 All the long summer that was gone,  
 A cottage maid, the village pride,  
 Fainter and fainter smiles had worn,  
 And on that very night she died!  
 As soft the yellow moonbeams streamed  
 Across her bosom, snowy fair,  
 She said (the watchers thought she dreamed)  
 'Tis like the shadow of his hair!  
 And they could hear, who nearest came,  
 The cross to sign and hope to lend,  
 The murmur of another name  
 Than that of mother, brother, friend.  
 An hour—and St. Mary's spires,  
 Like spikes of flame, no longer glow—  
 No longer the confessional fires  
 Shine redly on the drifted snow.  
 An hour—and the saints had claimed  
 That cottage maid, the village pride;  
 And he, whose name in death she named,  
 Was darkly weeping by her side.  
 White as a spray-wreath lay her brow  
 Beneath the midnight of her hair,  
 But all those passionate kisses now  
 Wake not the faintest crimson here!  
 Pride, honor, manhood, can not check  
 The vehemence of love's despair—

No soft hand steals about his neck,  
 Or bathes its beauty in his hair!  
 Almost upon the cabin walls,  
 Wherein the sweet young maiden died,  
 The shadow of a castle falls,  
 Where for her young lord waits a bride!  
 With clear blue eyes, and fair brown curls,  
 In her high turret still she sits;  
 But ah, what scorn her ripe lip curls—  
 What shadow to her bosom fits!  
 From that low cabin tapers flash,  
 And, by the shimmering light they spread,  
 She sees beneath its mountain ash,  
 Leafless, but all with berries red,  
 Impatient of the unclasped rein,  
 A courser that should not be there—  
 The silver whiteness of his mane  
 Streaming like moonlight on the air!  
 Oh, Love! thou art avenged too well—  
 The young heart, broken and betrayed,  
 Where thou didst meekly, sweetly dwell,  
 For all its sufferings is repaid.  
 Not the proud beauty, nor the frown  
 Of her who shares the living years,  
 From her the winding-sheet wraps down,  
 Can ever buy away the tears!

## WATCHING.

THY smile is sad, Ellella,  
 Too sad for thee to wear,  
 For scarcely have we yet untwined  
 The rosebuds from thy hair!  
 So, dear one, hush thy sobbing,  
 And let thy tears be dried—  
 Methinks thou shouldst be happier,  
 Three little months a bride!  
 Hark! how the winds are heaping  
 The snow-drifts cold and white—  
 The clouds like spectres cross the sky—  
 Oh, what a lonesome night!  
 The hour grows late and later,  
 I hear the midnight chime:  
 Thy heart's fond keeper, where is he?  
 Why comes he not?—'tis time!  
 Here make my heart thy pillow,  
 And, if the hours seem long,  
 I'll while them with a legend wild,  
 Or fragment of old song—  
 Or read, if that will soothe thee,  
 Some poet's pleasant rhymes:  
 Oh, I have watched and waited thus,  
 I can not tell the times!  
 Hush, hark! across the neighboring hills  
 I hear the watchdog bay—  
 Stir up the fire, and trim the lamp,  
 I'm sure he's on the way!  
 Could that have only been the winds,  
 So like a footstep near?  
 No, smile Ellella, smile again,  
 He's coming home—he's here!

## AN EVENING TALE.

COME, thou of the drooping eyelid,  
 And cheek that is meekly pale,  
 Give over thy pensive musing  
 And list to a lonesome tale :  
 For hearts that are torn and bleeding,  
 Or heavy as thine, and lone,  
 May find in another's sorrow  
 Forgetfulness of their own :  
 So heap on the blazing fagots  
 And trim the lamp anew,  
 And I'll te'l you a mournful story—  
 I would that it were not true !

The bright red clouds of the sunset  
 On the tops of the mountains lay,  
 And many and goodly vessels  
 Were anchored below in the bay—  
 We saw the walls of the city,  
 And could hear its vexing din,  
 As our mules, with their nostrils smoking,  
 Drew up at a wayside inn :  
 The hearth was ample and blazing,  
 For the night was something chill,  
 But my heart, though I knew not wherefore,  
 Sank down with a sense of ill.

That night I stood on the terrace  
 O'erlooking a blossomy vale,  
 And the gray old walls of a convent  
 That loomed in the moonlight pale—  
 Till the lamp of the sweet Madonna  
 Grew faint as if burning low,  
 And the midnight bell in the turret  
 Swung heavily to and fro—  
 When just as its last sweet music  
 Came back from the echoing hill,  
 And the hymn of the ghostly friars  
 In the fretted aisle grew still—

On a rude bench, hid among olives,  
 I noted a maiden fair,  
 Alone, with the night wind playing  
 In the locks of her raven hair :  
 Thrice came the sound of her sighing,  
 And thrice were her red lips pressed  
 With wild and passionate fervor  
 To the cross that hung on her breast :  
 But her bearing was not the bearing  
 That to saintly soul belongs,  
 Albeit she chanted the fragments  
 Of holy and beautiful songs.

'T was the half hour after the midnight,  
 And, so like that it might be now,  
 The full moon was meekly climbing  
 Over the mountain's brow—  
 When the step of the singing maiden  
 In the corridor lightly trod,  
 And I presently saw her kneeling  
 In prayer to the mother of God !  
 On the leaves of her golden missal  
 Darkly her loose locks lay,  
 As she cried, "Forgive me, sweet Virgin,  
 And mother of Jesus, I pray !"

When the music was softly melting  
 From the eloquent lips of morn,

Within the walls of the convent  
 Those beautiful locks were shorn :  
 And wherefore the veil was taken  
 Was never revealed by time,  
 But Charity sweetly hopeth  
 For sorrow, and not for crime.

## GEORGE BURROUGHS.\*

Oa, dark as the creeping of shadows,  
 At night, o'er the burial hill,  
 When the pulse in the stony artery  
 Of the bosom of earth is still—

When the sky, through its frosty curtain,  
 Shows the glitter of many a lamp,  
 Burning in brightness and stillness,  
 Like the fire of a far-off camp—

Must have been the thoughts of the martyr,  
 Of the jeers and the taunting scorn,  
 And the cunning trap of the gallows,  
 That waited his feet at morn—

As down in his lonesome dungeon  
 The hours trooped silent and slow,  
 Like sentinels through the thick darkness,  
 Hard by the tents of the foe.

Could he hear the voices of music  
 That thrilled that deep heart of gloom ?  
 Or see the pale and still beauty  
 That sweetly leaned by the tomb ?

Could he note through the cold and thin shadow  
 That swept through his prison bars,  
 The white hand of the pure seraph  
 That beckoned him to the stars ?

As, roused to the stony rattle  
 Of the hangman's open cart,  
 He smothered, till only God heard it—  
 The piercing cry of his heart.

Can Christ's mercy wash back to whiteness  
 The feet his raiment that trod,  
 Whose soul, from that dark persecution,  
 Went up to the bosom of God ?

Hath he forgiveness, who shouted,  
 "Righteously do ye, and well,  
 To quench in blood, hot and smoking,  
 This firebrand, which is of hell !"

Over fields moistened thus darkly  
 Wave harvests of tolerance now ;  
 But the tombstones of the old martyrs  
 Sharpened the share of the plough !

\* No purer hearts or more heroic spirits ever perished at the stake, than some crushed and broken on the wheel of bigotry during the Puritan Reign of Terror. Among them, I would instance the Rev. George Burroughs, who prayed with and for his repentant accuser the day previous to his execution, and whose conviction demonstrated the righteousness of God to the Rev. Cotton Mather. After his execution, to which he was conveyed in an open cart, Mr. Burroughs was stripped of his clothing, dragged by the hangman's rope to a rocky excavation, in which, being thrown and trampled on by the mob, he was finally left partly uncovered.

## LIGHTS OF GENIUS.

UPHEAVING pillars, on whose tops  
 The white stars rest like capitals,  
 Whence every living spark that drops  
 Kindies and blazes as it falls!  
 And if the arch-fiend rise to pluck,  
 Or stoop to crush their beauty down,  
 A thousand other sparks are struck,  
 That Glory settles in her crown.  
 The huge ship, with its brassy share,  
 Ploughs the blue sea to speed their course,  
 And veins of iron cleave the air,  
 To waft them from their burning source!  
 All, from the insect's tiny wings,  
 And the small drop of morning dew,  
 To the wide universe of things,  
 The light is shining, burning through.  
 Too deep for our poor thoughts to gauge  
 Lie their clear sources, bright as truth,  
 Whence flows upon the locks of age  
 The beauty of eternal youth.  
 Think, oh my faltering brother! think,  
 If thou wilt try, if thou hast tried,  
 By all the lights thou hast, to sink  
 The shaft of an immortal tide!

## DEATH'S FERRYMAN.

BOATMAN, thrice I've called thee o'er,  
 Waiting on life's solemn shore,  
 Tracing, in the silver sand,  
 Letters till thy boat should land.  
 Drifting out alone with thee,  
 Toward the clime I can not see,  
 Read to me the strange device  
 Graven on thy wand of ice.  
 Push the curls of golden hue  
 From thy eyes of starlit dew,  
 And behold me where I stand,  
 Beckoning thy boat to land.  
 Where the river mist, so pale,  
 Trembles like a bridal veil,  
 O'er yon lowly drooping tree,  
 One that loves me waits for me.  
 Hear, sweet boatman, hear my call!  
 Last year, with the leaflet's fall,  
 Resting her pale hand in mine,  
 Crossed she in that boat of thine.  
 When the corn shall cease to grow,  
 And the ryefield's silver flow  
 At the reaper's feet is laid,  
 Crossing, spake the lovely maid:  
 Dearest love, another year  
 Thou shalt meet this boatman here—  
 The white fingers of despair  
 Playing with his golden hair.  
 From this silver-sanded shore,  
 Beckon him to row thee o'er;  
 Where yon solemn shadows be,  
 I shall wait thee—come and see!  
 There! the white sails float and flow,  
 One in heaven and one below;  
 And I hear a low voice cry,  
 Ferryman of Death am I.

## SAILOR'S SONG.

HA! the bird has fled my arrow—  
 Though the sunshine of its plumes,  
 Like the summer dew is dropping,  
 On its native valley blooms;  
 In the shadow of its parting wing  
 Shall I sit down and pine,  
 That it pours its song of beauty  
 On another heart than mine!  
 From thy neck, my trusty charger,  
 I will strip away the rein,  
 But to crop the flowery prairie  
 May it never bend again!  
 With thy hoof of flinty silver,  
 And thy blue eye shining bright,  
 Through the red mists of the morning  
 Speed like a beam of light.  
 I'm sick of the dull landmen—  
 'Tis time, my lads, that we  
 Were crowding on the canvass,  
 And standing out to sea!  
 Ever making from the headlands  
 Where the wrecker's beacons ride,  
 Red and deadly, like the shadow  
 Of the lion's brindled hide;  
 And hugging close the islands,  
 That are belted with the blue,  
 Where a thousand birds are singing  
 In the dells of light and dew;  
 Time unto our songs the billows  
 With their dimpled hands shall keep,  
 As we're ploughing the white furrows  
 In the bosom of the deep!  
 In watching the light flashing  
 Like live sparks from our prow,  
 With but the bitter kisses  
 Of the cold surf on my brow,  
 May my voyage at last be ended,  
 And my sleep be in the tide,  
 With the sea-waves clasped around me,  
 Like the white arms of a bride!

## TO THE EVENING ZEPHYR.

I SIT where the wild-bee is humming,  
 And listen in vain for thy song;  
 I've waited before for thy coming,  
 But never, oh, never so long!  
 How oft with the blue sky above us,  
 And waves breaking light on the shore,  
 Thou, knowing they would not reprove us,  
 Hast kissed me a thousand times o'er!.....  
 Alone in the gathering shadows,  
 Still waiting, sweet Zephyr, for thee,  
 I look for the waves of the meadows,  
 And dimples to dot the blue sea.  
 The blossoms that waited to greet thee  
 With heat of the noontide oppressed,  
 Now flutter so light to meet thee,  
 Thou'rt coming, I know, from the west  
 Alas! if thou findest me pouting,  
 'Tis only my love that alarms;  
 Forgive, then, I pray thee, my doubting,  
 And take me once more to thine arms!



## MUSINGS BY THREE GRAVES.

THE dappled clouds are broken : bright and clear  
 Comes up the broad and glorious star of day ;  
 And night, the shadowy, like a hunted deer,  
 Flies from the close pursuer fast away.

Now on my ear a murmur faintly swells,  
 And now it gathers louder and more deep,  
 As the sweet music of the village bells  
 Rouses the drowsy rustic from his sleep.

Hark ! there's a footstep startling up the birds,  
 And now as softly steals the breeze along,  
 I hear the sound, and almost catch the words  
 Of the sweet fragment of a pensive song.

And yonder, in the clover-scented vale—  
 Her bonnet in her hand, and simply clad—  
 I see the milkmaid with her flowing pail :  
 Alas ! what is it makes her song so sad !

In the seclusion of these lowly de'ils,  
 What mournful lesson has her bosom learned ?  
 Is it the memory of sad farewells,  
 Or faithless love, or friendship unreturned ?

Methinks yon sunburnt swain, with knotted thong,  
 And rye-straw hat slouched careless on his brow,  
 Whistled more loudly, passing her along,  
 To yoke his patient oxen to the plough.

'Tis all in vain : she heeds not, if she hears,  
 And, sadly musing, separate ways they go :  
 Oh, who shall tell how many bitter tears  
 Are mingled in the brightest fount below ?

Poor, simple tenant of another's lands,  
 Vexed with no dream of heraldic renown ;  
 No more the earnings of his sinewy hands  
 Shall make his spirit like the thistle's down.

Smile not, recipient of a happier fate,  
 And haply better formed life's ills to bear,  
 If e'er you pause to read the name and date  
 Of one who died the victim of despair.

Now morn is fully up ; and while the dew  
 From off her golden locks is brightly shed,  
 In the deep shadows of the solemn yew  
 I sit alone and muse above the dead.

Not with the blackbird whistling in the brake,  
 Nor when the rabbit lightly near them treads,  
 Shall they from their deep slumbering awake,  
 Who lie beneath me in their narrow beds.

Oh, what is life ? at best a narrow bound,  
 Where each that lives some baffled hope survives :  
 A search for something, never to be found,  
 Records the history of the greatest lives !

There is a haven for each weary bark,  
 A port where they who rest are free from sin ;  
 But we, like children trembling in the dark,  
 Drive on and on, afraid to enter in.

Here lies an aged patriarch at rest,  
 To whom the needy never vainly cried,  
 Till in this vale, with toil and years oppressed,  
 His long-sustaining staff was laid aside.

Oft for his country had he fought and bled,  
 And gladly, when the lamp of life grew dim,  
 He joined the silent army of the dead—  
 Then why should tears of sorrow flow for him ?

We mourn not for the cornfield's deep'ning gold,  
 Nor when the sickle on the hills is plied ;  
 And wherefore should we sorrow for the old  
 Who perish when life's paths have all been tried ?

How oft at noon, beneath the orchard trees,  
 With brow serene and venerably fair,  
 I've seen a little prattler on his knees,  
 Smoothing with dimpled hand his silver hair.

When music floated on the sunny hills, [drest,  
 And trees and shrubs with opening flowers were  
 She meekly put aside life's cup of ills,  
 And kindly neighbors laid her here to rest.

And ye who loved her, would ye call her back,  
 Where its deep thirst the soul may never slake ;  
 And sorrow, with her lean and hungry pack,  
 Pursues through every winding which we take ?

Where lengthened years but teach the bitter truth,  
 That transient preference does not make a friend ;  
 That manhood disavows the love of youth,  
 And riper years of manhood, to the end.

Beneath this narrow heap of mouldering earth,  
 Hard by the mansions of the old and young,  
 A wife and mother sleeps, whose humble worth  
 And quiet virtues poet never sung.

With yonder cabin, half with ivy veiled,  
 And children by the hand of mercy sent—  
 And love's sweet star, that never, never paled,  
 Her bosom knew the fulness of content.

Mocking ambition never came to tear  
 The finest fibres from her heart away—  
 The aim of her existence was to bear  
 The cross in patient meekness day by day.

No hopeless, blind idolator of chance,  
 The sport and plaything of each wind that blows,  
 But lifting still by faith a heavenward glance,  
 She saw the waves of death around her close.

And here her children come with pious tears,  
 And strew their simple offerings in the sod ;  
 And learn to tread like her the vale of years,  
 Beloved of man and reconciled to God.

Now from the village school the urchins come,  
 And shout and laughter echo far and wide ;  
 The blue smoke curls from many a rustic home,  
 Where all their simple wants are well supplied

The labored hedger, pausing by the way,  
 Picks the ripe berries from the gadding vine :  
 The axe is still, the cattle homeward stray,  
 And transient glories mark the day's decline.

## PHŒBE CAREY.

(Born 1825—Died 1871.)

## THE LOVERS.

THOU marvel'st why so oft her eyes  
 Fill with the heavy dew of tears—  
 Have I not told thee that there lies  
 A shadow darkly on her years?  
 Life was to her one sunny whole,  
 Made up of visions fancy wove,  
 Till that the waters of her soul  
 Were troubled by the touch of love.  
 I knew when first the sudden pause  
 Upon her spirit's sunshine fell—  
 Alas! I little guessed the cause,  
 'T was hidden in her heart so well:  
 Our lives since early infancy  
 Had flowed as rills together flow,  
 And now to hide her thought from me  
 Was bitterer than to tell its wo.

One night, when clouds with anguish black  
 A tempest in her bosom woke,  
 She crushed the bitter tear-drops back,  
 And told me that her heart was broke!  
 I learned it when the autumn hours  
 With wailing winds around us sighed—  
 'T was summer when her love's young flowers  
 Burst into glorious life, and died:  
 No—now I can remember well,  
 'T was the soft month of sun and shower;  
 A thousand times I've heard her tell  
 The season, and the very hour:  
 For now, when'er the tear-drops start,  
 As if to ease its throbbing pain,  
 She leans her head upon my heart  
 And tells the very tale again.

'T is something of a moon, that beamed  
 Upon her weak and trembling form,  
 And one beside, on whom she leaned,  
 That scarce had stronger heart or arm—  
 Of souls united there until  
 Death the last ties of life shall part,  
 And a fond kiss whose rapturous thrill  
 Still vibrates softly in her heart.

It is an era strange, yet sweet,  
 Which every woman's thought has known,  
 When first her young heart learns to beat  
 To the soft music of a tone—  
 That era when she first begins  
 To know, what love alone can teach,  
 That there are hidden depths within,  
 Which friendship never yet could reach:  
 And all earth has of bitter wo,  
 Is light beside her hopeless doom,  
 Who sees love's first sweet star below  
 Fade slowly till it sets in gloom:  
 There may be heavier grief to move  
 The heart that mourns an idol dead,  
 But one who weeps a living love  
 Has surely little left to dread.

I can not tell why love so true  
 As theirs, should only end in gloom—  
 Some mystery that I never knew  
 Was woven darkly with their doom:

I only know their dream was vain,  
 And that they woke to find it past,  
 And when by chance they met again,  
 It was not as they parted last.  
 His was not faith that lightly dies,  
 For truth and love as clearly shone  
 In the blue heaven of his soft eyes,  
 As the dark midnight of her own:  
 And therefore Heaven alone can tell  
 What are his living visions now;  
 But hers—the eye can read too well  
 The language written on her brow.

In the soft twilight, dim and sweet,  
 Once, watching by the lattice pane,  
 She listened for his coming feet,  
 For whom she never looked in vain:  
 Then hope shone brightly on her brow,  
 That had not learned its after fears—  
 Alas! she can not sit there now,  
 But that her dark eyes fill with tears!  
 And every woodland pathway dim,  
 And bower of roses cool and sweet,  
 That speak of vanished days and him,  
 Are spots forbidden to her feet.  
 No thought within her bosom stirs,  
 But wakes some feeling dark and dread:  
 God keep thee from a doom like hers—  
 Of living when the hopes are dead!

## BEARING LIFE'S BURDENS.

Oh, there are moments for us here, when, seeing  
 Life's inequalities, and wo, and care,  
 The burdens laid upon our mortal being  
 Seem heavier than the human heart can bear.

For there are ills that come without foreboding,  
 Lightnings that fall before the thunders roll,  
 And there are festering cares, that, by corroding,  
 Eat silently their way into the soul.

And for the evils that our race inherit,  
 What strength is given us that we may endure?  
 Surely the God and Father of our spirit  
 Sends not afflictions which he can not cure!

No! there is a Physician, there is healing,  
 And light that beams upon life's darkest day,  
 To him whose heart is right with God, revealing  
 The wisdom and the justice of his way.

Not him who never lifts his thought to Heaven,  
 Remembering whence his blessings have been sent;  
 Nor yet to him are strength and wisdom given,  
 Whose days with profitless scourge and fast are  
 spent:

But him whose heart is as a temple holy,  
 Whose prayer in every act of right is said—  
 He shall be strong, whether life's ills wear slowly,  
 Or come like lightning down upon his head:

He who for his own good or for another  
 Ready to pray, and strive, and labor, stands—  
 Who loves his God by loving well his brother,  
 And worships him by keeping his commands.

## RESOLVES.

I HAVE said I would not meet him—  
 Have I said the words in vain ?  
 Sunset burns along the hill-tops,  
 And I'm waiting here again :  
 But my promise is not broken,  
 Though I stand where once we met ;  
 When I hear his coming footsteps,  
 I can fly him even yet.

We have stood here oft when evening  
 Deepened slowly o'er the plain,  
 But I must not, dare not, meet him  
 In the shadows here again ;  
 For I could not turn away and  
 Leave that pleading look and tone,  
 And the sorrow of his parting  
 Wou'd be bitter as my own.

In the dim and distant ether  
 The first star is shining through,  
 And another, and another !  
 Trembles softly in the blue :  
 Should I linger but one moment  
 In the shadows where I stand,  
 I shall see the vine-leaves parted  
 With a quick, impatient hand.

But I will not wait his coming—  
 He will surely come once more ;  
 Though I said I would not meet him,  
 I have told him so before ;  
 And he knows the stars of evening  
 See me standing here again—  
 Oh, he surely will not leave me  
 Now to watch and wait in vain !

'T is the hour—the time of meeting—  
 In one moment 't will be past ;  
 And last night he stood beside me—  
 Was that blessed time the last ?  
 I could better bear my sorrow,  
 Could I live that parting o'er :  
 Oh, I wish I had not told him  
 That I would not come once more !

Could that have been the night-wind  
 Moved the branches thus apart ?  
 Did I hear a coming footstep,  
 Or the beating of my heart ?  
 No—I hear him, I can see him,  
 And my weak resolves are vain :  
 I will fly, but to his bosom,  
 And to leave it not again !

## LIGHT IN DARKNESS.

Do we think of the light and sunshine,  
 Of the blessings left us still,  
 When we sit and ponder darkly  
 And blindly o'er life's ill,  
 How should we dispel the shadows  
 Of still and deep despair,  
 And lessen the weight of anguish  
 Which every heart must bear ?

The clouds may rest on the present.  
 And sorrow on days that are gone,  
 But no night is so utterly cheerless  
 That we may not look for the dawn ;  
 And there is no human being  
 With so who'ly dark a lot,  
 But the heart, by turning the picture,  
 May find some sunny spot :  
 For, as in the lays of winter,  
 When the snowdrifts whiten the hill,  
 Some birds in the air will flutter,  
 And warble, to cheer us still :  
 So, if we would hark to the music,  
 Some hope with a starry wing,  
 In the days of our darkest sorrow,  
 Will sit in the heart and sing.

## THE WIFE OF BESSIERES.\*

THE pathway where the sun went down,  
 Shone faintly in the western arch,  
 As tranquil Eve was leading on  
 Her silent armies in their march :  
 Bright hosts of onward moving stars  
 Were in the orient climbing higher,  
 Where, first among his brethren, Mars  
 Burned redly as a beam of fire :

In the wide plain that lay below  
 The dark Bohemian mountain heights,  
 But lately, from the tents of snow,  
 Streamed ruddily the camp fire's lights.  
 But now the grass waves quietly,  
 The mountains watch that place alone,  
 And the cool night dews silently  
 To leaf and flower came stealing down.

Yet in that valley, lone and damp,  
 A form is gliding to and fro,  
 And, by the glimmer of her lamp,  
 I see a mourner's face of wo :  
 That beacon through the night burns on  
 The pale face lingering sweetly nigh,  
 And fades not when the feet of dawn  
 Shake out the diamonds from the sky.

'T is she, whose noble lover died  
 Ere the red morn of Lutzen shone—  
 The duke of Istria's mournful bride  
 Still watching by his tomb alone.  
 Vain weeper, wherefore linger on ?  
 Thy locks with heavy dews are wet—  
 The feet that to the dead go down,  
 Ne'er came to meet the faithful yet.

Oh, woman's love hath fondly turned  
 To those in dungeons, deep and dark,  
 And beacon fires have steadily burned  
 To light a long-expected bark :  
 But what affection, true and tried,  
 Which death can shake not, nor remove.  
 Is hers, who feeds the lamp beside  
 The sepulchre of buried love.

\* The king of Saxony erected a monument over Bessieres, where he fell, and over it his disconsolate widow kept a lamp burning, night and day, for a year.

## THE FOLLOWERS OF CHRIST.

WHAT were Thy teachings? thou who hadst not  
 In all this weary earth to lay thy head; [where  
 Thou who wert made the sins of men to bear,  
 And break with publicans thy daily bread!  
 Turning from Nazareth, the despised, aside,  
 And dwelling in the cities by the sea,  
 What were thy words to those who sat and dried  
 Their nets upon the rocks of Galilee?  
 Didst thou not teach thy followers here be'ow,  
 Patience, long-suffering, charity, and love;  
 To be forgiving, and to anger slow,  
 And perfect, like our blessed Lord above?  
 And who were they, the called and chosen then,  
 Through all the world, teaching thy truth, to go?  
 Were they the rulers, and the chiefest men,  
 The teachers in the synagogue? Not so!  
 Makers of tents, and fishers by the sea,  
 These only left their all to follow thee.  
 And even of the twelve whom thou didst name  
 Apostles of thy holy word to be,  
 One was a devil; and the one who came  
 With loudest boasts of faith and constancy,  
 He was the first thy warning who forgot,  
 And said, with curses, that he knew thee not!  
 Yet were there some who in thy sorrows were  
 To thee even as a brother and a friend,  
 And women, seeking out the sepulchre,  
 Were true and faithful even to the end:  
 And some there were who kept the living faith  
 Through persecution even unto death  
 But, Savior, since that dark and awful day  
 When the dread temple's veil was rent in twain,  
 And while the noontide brightness fled away,  
 The gaping earth gave up her dead again;  
 Tracing the many generations down,  
 Who have professed to love thy holy ways,  
 Through the long centuries of the world's renown,  
 And through the terrors of her darker days—  
 Where are thy followers, and what deeds of love  
 Thy deep devotion to thy precepts prove?  
 Turn to the time when o'er the green hills came  
 Peter the Hermit, from the cloister's gloom,  
 Telling his followers in the Savior's name  
 To arm and battle for the sacred tomb;  
 Not with the Christian armor—perfect faith,  
 And love which purifies the soul from dross—  
 But holding in one hand the sword of death,  
 And in the other lifting up the cross,  
 He roused the sleeping nations up to feel  
 All the blind ardor of unholy zeal!  
 With the bright banner of the cross unfurled,  
 And chanting sacred hymns, they marched, and  
 They made a pandemonium of the world, [yet  
 More dark than that where fallen angels met:  
 The singing of their bugles could not drown  
 The bitter curses of the hunted down!  
 Richard, the lion-hearted, brave in war,  
 Tancred, and Godfrey, of the fearless band,  
 Though earthly fame had spread their names afar,  
 What were they but the scourges of the land?  
 And worse than these, were men whose touch would  
 Pollution, vowed to lives of sanctity! [be

And in thy name did men in other days  
 Construct the inquisition's gloomy cell,  
 And kindle persecution to a blaze,  
 Likest of all things to the fires of hell!  
 Ridley and Latimer—I hear their song  
 In calling up each martyr's glorious name,  
 And Cranmer, with the praises on his tongue  
 When his red hand dropped down amid the flame!  
 Merciful God! and have these things been done,  
 And in the name of thy most holy Son?  
 Turning from other lands grown old in crime,  
 To this, where Freedom's root is deeply set,  
 Surely no stain upon its folds sublime  
 Dims the escutcheon of our glory yet!  
 Hush! came there not a sound upon the air  
 Like captives moaning from their native shore—  
 Woman's deep wail of passionate despair  
 For home and kindred seen on earth no more?  
 Yes, standing in the market-place I see  
 Our weaker brethren coldly bought and sold,  
 To be in hopeless, dull captivity,  
 Driven forth to toil like cattle from the fold:  
 And hark! the lash, and the despairing cry  
 Of the strong man in perilous agony!  
 And near me I can hear the heavy sound  
 Of the dull hammer borne upon the air:  
 Is a new city rising from the ground?  
 What hath the artisan constructed there?  
 'Tis not a palace, nor an humble shed;  
 'Tis not a holy temple reared by hands—  
 No!—lifting up its dark and bloody head  
 Right in the face of Heaven, the scaffold stands  
 And men, regardless of "Thou shalt not kill,"  
 That plainest lesson in the Book of Light,  
 Even from the very altars tell us still,  
 That evil sanctioned by the law is right!  
 And preach, in tones of eloquence sublime,  
 To teach mankind that murder is not crime!  
 And is there nothing to redeem mankind?—  
 No heart that keeps the love of God within?  
 Is the whole world degraded, weak, and blind,  
 And darkened by the leprous scales of sin?  
 No, we will hope that some, in meekness sweet,  
 Still sit, with trusting Mary, at thy feet.  
 For there are men of God, who faithful stand  
 On the far ramparts of our Zion's wall,  
 Planting the cross of Jesus in some land  
 That never listened to salvation's call.  
 And there are some, led by philanthropy,  
 Men of the feeling heart and daring mind,  
 Who fain would set the hopeless free,  
 And raise the weak and fallen of mankind.  
 And there are many in life's humblest way,  
 Who tread like angels on a path of light,  
 Who warn the sinful when they go astray,  
 And point the erring to the way of right;  
 And the meek beauty of such lives will teach  
 More than the eloquence of man can preach.  
 And, blessed Savior! by thy life of trial,  
 And by thy death, to free the world from sin,  
 And by the hope that man, though weak and vile,  
 Hath something of divinity within—  
 Still will we trust, though sin and crime be met,  
 To see thy holy precepts triumph yet!

## SYMPATHY.

In the same beaten channel still have run  
 The blessed streams of human sympathy ;  
 And though I know this ever hath been done,  
 The why and wherefore I could never see :  
 Why some such sorrow for their griefs have won,  
 And some, unpitied, bear their misery,  
 Are mysteries, which, thinking o'er and o'er,  
 Has left me nothing wiser than before.

What bitter tears of agony have flowed  
 O'er the sad pages of some old romance ! [glowed,  
 How Beauty's cheek beneath those drops has  
 That dimmed the sparkling lustre of her glance,  
 And on some lovesick maiden is bestowed,  
 Or some rejected, hap'ess knight, perchance,  
 All her deep sympathies, until her moans  
 Stifle the nearer sound of living groans !

Oh, the deep sorrow for their sufferings felt, [prove  
 Where is found something—"better days"—to  
 What heart above their downfall will not melt,  
 Who in a "higher circle" once could move :  
 For such, mankind have ever freely dealt  
 Out the full measure of their pitying love,  
 Because they witnessed, in their wretchedness,  
 Their friends grow fewer, and their fortunes less.

But for some humble peasant girl's distress,  
 Some real being left to stem the tide,  
 Who saw her young heart's wealth of tenderness  
 Betrayed, and trampled on, and flung aside—  
 Who seeks her out, to make her sorrows less ?  
 What noble lady o'er her tale hath cried ?  
 None ! for the records of such humble grief  
 Obtain not human pity—scarce belief.

And as for their distress, who from the first  
 Have had no fortune and no friends to fail—  
 Those who in poverty were born and nursed :  
 For such, by men, are placed without the pale  
 Of sympathy—since they are deemed the worst  
 Who are the humblest ; and if want assail  
 And bring them harder toil, 'tis only said  
 "They have been used to labor for their bread !"

Oh, the unknown, unpitied thousands found  
 Huddled together, hid from human sight  
 By fell disease or gnawing famine—bound  
 To some dim, crowded garret, day and night,  
 Or in unwholesome cellars under ground,  
 With scarce a breath of air or ray of light—  
 Hunger and rags, and labor ill repaid :  
 These are the things that ask our tears and aid.

And these ought not to be : it is not well,  
 Here in this land of Christian liberty,  
 That honest worth or hope'less want shou'd dwell  
 Unaided by our care and sympathy :  
 And is it not a burning shame to tell  
 We have no means to check such misery,  
 When wealth from out our treasury freely flows,  
 To wage a deadly warfare with our foes !

It is all wrong : yet men begin to deem  
 The days of darkest gloom are nearly done—  
 A something, like the first daylight beam  
 That heralds with the coming of the dawn,

Breaks on the sight. Oh, if it be no dream,  
 How shall we haste that blessed era on :  
 For there is need that on men's hearts should fall  
 A spirit that shall sympathize with all.

## SONG OF THE HEART.

THEY may tell for ever of worl'ds of bloom,  
 Beyond the skies and beyond the tomb—  
 Of the sweet repose and the rapture there,  
 That are not found in a world of care :  
 But not to me can the present seem  
 Like a foolish tale or an idle dream.

Oh, I know that the bowers of heaven are fair,  
 And I know that the waters of life are there ;  
 But I do not long for their happy flow,  
 While there burst such fountains of bliss below  
 And I would not leave, for the rest above,  
 The faithful bosom of trusting love !

There are angels here : they are seen the while,  
 In each love-lit brow and each gentle smile ;  
 There are seraph voices that meet the ear,  
 In the kindly tone and the word of cheer  
 And light, such light as they have above,  
 Beams on us here from the eyes of love !

Yet, when it cometh my time to die,  
 I would turn from this bright world wil'ing ;  
 Though, even then, would the thoughts of this  
 Tinge every dream of that land of bliss :  
 And I fain would lean on the loved for aid,  
 Nor walk alone through the vale and shade.

And if 'tis mine, till life's changes end,  
 To guard the heart of one faithful friend,  
 Whatever the trials of earth may be,  
 On the peaceful shore or the restless sea—  
 In a palace home or the wilderness—  
 There is heaven for me in a world like this.

## THE PRISONER'S LAST NIGHT.

THE last red gold had melted from the sky,  
 Where the sweet sunset lingered soft and warm,  
 And starry Night was gathering silently  
 The jewelled mantle round her regal form ;  
 While the invisible fingers of the breeze  
 Shook the young blossoms lightly from the trees.

Yet were their breaking hearts beneath the stars,  
 Though the hushed earth lay smiling in the light,  
 And the dull fetters and the prison bars  
 Saw bitter tears of agony that night,  
 And heard such burning words of love and truth  
 As wring the life-drops from the heart of youth.

For he, whom men relentless doomed to die,  
 Parted with one who loved him till the last ;  
 With many a vow of faith and constancy  
 The long, long watches of the night were passed  
 Till heavy and slow, the prison door  
 Swung back, and—to'd them that their hour was o'er

'T was his last night on earth ! and God alone  
 Can tell the anguish of that stricken one,  
 Fettered in darkness to the dungeon stone

And doomed to perish with the rising sun :  
And she, whose faith through all was vainly true,  
Her heart was broken—and she perished too.

And will this win an erring brother back  
To the sweet paths of pleasantness and peace ?  
“ While crimes are punished but by crimes more  
black,”

Will ever wickedness and sorrow cease ?  
No ! crime will never fail to scourge the land,  
So long as blood is on her ruler's hand.

And oh, how long will hearts in sin and pride  
Reject His blessed precepts, who of yore  
Taught men forgiveness on the mountain side,  
And spoke of love and mercy by the shore ?  
How long will power, with such despotic sway,  
Trample unfriended weakness in its way !

Hasten, O Lord of light ! that glorious time  
When man no more shall spurn thy wise command,  
Filling the earth with wretchedness and crime,  
And making guilt a p'ague-spot on the land :  
Hasten the time, that blood no more shall cry  
Unceasingly for vengeance to the sky !

---

#### MEMORIES.

“ She loved me, but she left me.”

MEMORIES on memories ! to my soul again  
There come such dreams of vanished love and bliss  
That my wrung heart, though long inured to pain,  
Sinks with the fulness of its wretchedness :  
Thou, dearer far than all the world beside !  
Thou, who didst listen to my love's first vow—  
Once I had fondly hoped to call thee bride :  
Is the dream over ? comes the awakening now ?  
And is this hour of wretchedness and tears  
The only guerdon for my wasted years ?  
And I did love thee—when by stealth we met  
In the sweet evenings of that summer time,  
Whose pleasant memory lingers with me yet,  
As the remembrance of a better clime  
Might haunt a fallen angel. And oh, thou—  
Thou who didst turn away and seek to bind  
Thy heart from breaking—thou hast felt ere now  
A heart like thine o'er-mastereth the mind :  
Affection's power is stronger than thy will—  
Ah, thou didst love me, and thou lovest me still.  
My heart could never yet be taught to move  
With the calm even pulses that it should :  
Turning away from those that it should love,  
And loving whom it should not, it hath wooed  
Beauty forbidden—I may not forget ;  
And thou, oh thou canst never cease to feel ;  
But time, which hath not changed affection yet,  
Hath taught at least one lesson—to conceal ;  
So none but thou, who see my smiles, shall know  
The silent bleeding of the heart below.

---

#### “ EQUAL TO EITHER FORTUNE.”

“ EQUAL to either fortune !” This should be  
The motto of the perfect man and true—  
Striving to stem the billow fearlessly,  
And keeping steadily the right in view,

Whether it be his lot in life to sail  
Before an adverse or a prosperous gale.

Man fearlessly his voice for truth should raise,  
When truth would force its way in deed or word ;  
Whether for him the popular voice of praise,  
Or the cold sneer of unbelief is heard :  
Like the First Martyr, when his voice arose  
Distinct above the hisses of his foes.

“ Equal to either fortune,” Heaven designs,  
Whether his destiny be repose or toil—  
Whether the sun upon his palace shines,  
Or calls him forth to plant the furrowed soil :  
So shall he find life's blessings freely strewn  
Around the peasant's cottage as the throne.

Man should dare all things which he knows are right,  
And fear to do no act save what is wrong ;  
But, guided safely by his inward light,  
And with a permanent belief, and strong,  
In Him who is our Father and our friend,  
He should walk steadfastly unto the end.

Ready to live or die, even in that day  
Which man from childhood has been taught to fear,  
When, putting off its cumbrous weight of clay,  
The spirit enters on a nobler sphere :  
And he will be, whose life was rightly passed,  
“ Equal to either fortune” at the last.

---

#### COMING HOME.

How long it seems since first we heard  
The cry of “ land in sight !”  
Our vessel surely never sailed  
So slowly till to-night.

When we discerned the distant hills,  
The sun was scarcely set,  
And, now the noon of night is passed,  
They seem no nearer yet.

Where the blue Rhine reflected back  
Each frowning castle wall,  
Where, in the forest of the Hartz,  
Eternal shadows fall—

Or where the yellow Tiber flowed  
By the old hills of Rome—  
I never felt such restlessness,  
Such longing for our home.

Dost thou remember, oh, my friend,  
When we beheld it last,  
How shadows from the setting sun  
Upon our cot were cast ?  
Three summer-times upon its wall's  
Have shone for us in vain ;  
But oh, we're hastening homeward now,  
To leave it not again.

There, as the last star dropped away  
From Night's imperial brow,  
Did not our vessel “ round the point” ?  
The land looks nearer now !  
Yes, as the first faint beams of day  
Fell on our native shore,  
They're dropping anchor in the bay,  
We're home, we're home once more !

## THE CHRISTIAN WOMAN.

Oh, beautiful as morning in those hours,  
 When, as her pathway lies along the hills,  
 Her golden fingers wake the dewy flowers,  
 And softly touch the waters of the rills,  
 Was she who walked more faintly day by day,  
 Till silently she perished by the way.

It was not hers to know that perfect heaven  
 Of passionate love returned by love as deep;  
 Not hers to sing the cradle-song at even,  
 Watching the beauty of her babe asleep;  
 "Mother and brethren"—these she had not known,  
 Save such as do the Father's will alone.

Yet found she something still for which to live—  
 Hearths desolate, where angel-like she came,  
 And "little ones" to whom her hand could give  
 A cup of water in her Master's name;  
 And breaking hearts to bind away from death,  
 With the soft hand of pitying love and faith.

She never won the voice of popular praise,  
 But, counting earthly triumph as but dross,  
 Seeking to keep her Savior's perfect ways,  
 Bearing in the still path his blessed cross,  
 She made her life, while with us here she trod,  
 A consecration to the will of God!

And she hath lived and labored not in vain:  
 Through the deep prison cells her accents thrill,  
 And the sad slave leans idly on his chain,  
 And hears the music of her singing still;  
 While little children, with their innocent praise,  
 Keep freshly in men's hearts her Christian ways.

And what a beautiful lesson she made known—  
 The whiteness of her soul sin could not dim;  
 Ready to lay down on God's altar stone  
 The dearest treasure of her life for him.  
 Her flame of sacrifice never, never waned,  
 How could she live and die so self-sustained?

For friends supported not her parting soul,  
 And whispered words of comfort, kind and sweet,  
 When treading onward to that final goal,  
 Where the still bridegroom waited for her feet;  
 Alone she walked, yet with a fearless tread,  
 Down to Death's chamber, and his bridal bed!

## DEATH SCENE.

Dying, still slowly dying,  
 As the hours of night rode by,  
 She had lain since the light of sunset  
 Was red on the evening sky:  
 Till after the middle watches,  
 As we softly near her trod,  
 When her soul from its prison fetters  
 Was loosed by the hand of God.

One moment her pale lips trembled  
 With the triumph she might not tell,  
 As the sight of the life immortal  
 On her spirit's vision fell;  
 Then the look of rapture faded,

And the beautiful smile was faint,  
 As that in some convent picture,  
 On the face of a dying saint.

And we felt in the lonesome midnight,  
 As we sat by the silent dead,  
 What a light on the path going downward  
 The feet of the righteous shed;  
 When we thought how with faith unshrinking  
 She came to the Jordan's tide,  
 And taking the hand of the Savior,  
 Went up on the heavenly side

## LOVE AT THE GRAVE.

REMEMBRANCE of nature's prime,  
 And herald of her fading near,  
 The last month of the summer time  
 Of leaves and flowers is with us here

More eloquent than lip can preach,  
 To every heart that hopes and fears,  
 What solemn lesson does it teach,  
 Of the quick passage of our years.

To me it brings sad thoughts of one,  
 Who in the summer's fading bloom  
 Bright from the arms of love went down  
 To the dim silence of the tomb.

How often since has spring's soft shower  
 Revived the life in nature's breast,  
 And the sweet herb and tender flower  
 Have been renewed above her rest!

How many summer times have told  
 To mortal hearts their rapid flight,  
 Since first this heap of yellow mould  
 Shut out her beauty from my sight.

Since first, to love's sweet promise true,  
 My feet beside her pillow trod,  
 Till year by year the pathway grew  
 Deeper and deeper in the sod.

Now these neglected roses tell  
 Of no kind hand to tend them nigh—  
 Oh God! I have not kept so well  
 My faith as in the years gone by!

But here to-day my step returns,  
 And kneeling where these willows wave,  
 As the soft flame of sunrise burns  
 Down through the dim leaves to thy grave—

I cry, forgive, that I should prove  
 Forgetful of thy memory;  
 Forgive me, that a living love  
 Once came between my soul and thee!

For the weak heart that vainly yearned  
 For human love its life to cheer,  
 Baffled and bleeding, has returned  
 To stifle down its crying here.

For, steadfast still, thy faith to me  
 Was one which earth could not estrange,  
 And, lost one! where the angels be,  
 I know affection may not change!

## MARY LOCKHART LAWSON.

MISS LAWSON is a native of Philadelphia. Her father, the late Alexander Lawson, of that city, was a countryman, friend, and instructor of Wilson, the ornithologist, and in the life of that remarkable man is frequently referred to for the most admirable traits of character. He was an artist of such excellence that Lucien Bonaparte was accustomed to speak of him as the master of all the engravers in natural history.

Miss Lawson's poems have appeared principally since 1842, in the Knickerbocker and

in Graham's Magazine. She has occasionally written with considerable felicity in the Scottish dialect, but I think her English poems best, notwithstanding her perfect and loving familiarity with the language and the literature of the fatherland of her parents. They are characterized by a pleasing fancy, and frequently by tenderness of feeling, and a minute and artistlike truthfulness of rural description. Some of her religious pieces are graceful and fervid expressions of trust and devotion.

### THE BANISHED LOVER.

"Chaque pas qui m'éloignoit de vous, séparoit mon corps de mon ame, et me donnoit un sentiment anticipé de la mort, Je voulois vous decouvrir ce que Je verrois. Vain projet! Je n'ai rein ver que vous."  
St. Preux.

THEY tell me of the prospect I survey,  
They speak of streams, and skies of deepest blue,  
That shine o'er fertile vales and flowery meads;  
Of mountain clefts, with torrents dashing through:  
It may be so; for Nature to the gay  
Is ever beautiful—it charms not me!  
I only feel my soul remains afar—  
My passion-clouded eyes see naught save thee.

The tender, blissful thoughts that fill my soul,  
Bound by mine oath to thee, I fain would quell;  
For I have promised, dear one! for thy sake,  
To yield no more to love-enrapturing spell:  
I would obey—like other mortals seem;  
Bear with my fate, and brave reality;  
But shrinking from the wretchedness it brings,  
I cling to visions that are full of thee.

I know that we must part: but do not prove  
Too pitiless, beloved! nor urge too far  
The sufferings of a grieved and tortured heart,  
Where love and honor hold perpetual war:  
I go at thy command; but can I join  
A dreary world, where thou art naught to me?  
No! better far in solitude to dwell,  
And cheer its lonely hours with dreams of thee.

Yet oft will memory paint one happy scene,  
One moment fraught with ecstasy of bliss,  
When, thrilling with the soft clasp of thy hand,  
My lips met thine in one long glowing kiss:  
Ah, fatal gift! that was our parting doom—  
How wert thou shadowed by Fate's stern decree!  
Alas! that clouds of sadness should have dimmed  
The first, the only boon of love from thee!

### BELIEVE IT.

If thy heart whispers that I love thee still,  
Yet living on a memory of the past,  
Or that mine eyes with tender tear-drops fill,  
As o'er Hope's ruined page my glance is cast—  
That oft thy name is blended with my prayer,  
Thine image mingled with the morning's light,  
That sleep, which drowns all waking dreams of care,  
But wafts thy softened shadow to my sight—  
Believe it

If when thou dost recall that vine-clad grove, [ding,  
The moonbeams filled with checkered light and sha-  
Where first we breathed our trembling vows of love,  
And lingered till the stars' soft rays were fading,  
Thy fancy paints me wandering sad and slow  
Through those dim paths that once thy footstep  
With deep regrets and sighs of lonely wo, [pressed  
That find no echo in thine altered breast—  
Believe it

Though when we meet, I school my downcast eye  
And faltering lip to speak a careless greeting,  
Or mid the crowd in silence pass thee by,  
Lest I betray my heart's unquiet beating:  
'Tis that no eye save thine shall ever see  
My soul gush forth in yearning to thine own,  
Or coldly trace the feelings felt for thee,  
And read the love revealed in look and tone—  
Believe it.

Wronged by thine anger, prized perchance no more,  
From me undying thought thou canst not sever,  
Still may I trust to meet thee on that shore  
Where pure affection lights the soul for ever:  
Though earthly hope in meekness I resign,  
E'en while my heart's full tenderness revealing,  
Remember, if one doubt arise in thine,  
These words of truth in bitter tears I'm sealing:  
Believe it!



## THE HAUNTED HEART.

'Tis true he ever lingers at her side,  
 But mark the wandering glances of his eye:  
 A lover near a fond and plighted bride,  
 With less of love than sorrow in his sigh!  
 And well it is for her, that gentle maid,  
 Who loves too well, too fervently, for fears;  
 She deems not her devotion is repaid  
 With deep repinings o'er life's early years.

For oft another's image fills his breast,  
 E'en when he breathes to her love's tender vow;  
 While her soft hand within his own is prest,  
 And timid blushes mantle her young brow,  
 Fond memory whispers of the dreamy past,  
 Its hopes and joys, its agony and tears:  
 In vain from out his soul he strives to cast  
 One shadowy form—the love of early years.

Ne'er from his heart the vision fades away:  
 Amid the crowd, in silence, and alone,  
 The stars by night, the clear blue sky by day,  
 Bring to his mind the happiness now flown;  
 A tone of song, the warbling of the birds,  
 The simplest thing that memory endears,  
 Can still recall the form, the voice, the words,  
 Of her, the best beloved of early years.

He dares not seek the spot where first they met,  
 Too dangerous for his only hope of rest—  
 His strong but fruitless effort to forget  
 Those scenes that wake deep sorrow in his breast;  
 And yet the quiet beauty of the grove  
 All plainly to his restless mind appears,  
 Where, as the sun declined, he loved to rove  
 With her, the first fond dream of early years.

He sees the stream beside whose brink they strayed,  
 Engrossed in converse sweet of coming hours,  
 And watched the rippling currents as they played,  
 In ebb and flow, upon the banks of flowers:  
 And the old willow, 'neath whose spreading shade  
 She owned her love—again her voice he hears,  
 He starts—alas! the vision only fades  
 To leave regretful pangs for early years.

It was his idle vanity that changed  
 The pure, deep feelings of her trusting heart,  
 Whose faithful love not even in thought had ranged,  
 But worshipped him, from all the world apart:  
 Now cold and altered is her beaming eye,  
 And no fond hope his aching bosom cheers,  
 That she will shed one tear, or breathe one sigh,  
 For him she loved so well in early years.

He feels she scorns him with a bitter scorn:  
 He questions not the justice of his fate,  
 For long had she his selfish caprice borne,  
 And wounded pride first taught her how to hate.

Oh, ye who cast away a heart's deep love,  
 Remember, ere affection disappears,  
 That keen reproachful throbs your soul may move  
 Like his who lives to mourn life's early years!

## EVENING THOUGHTS

THE evening star, with mild yet radiant light,  
 Shines clearly 'neath the young moon's pallid crest.  
 The last faint gleam of crimson sunset fades  
 In mellowed hues of brightness from the west,  
 Soft shadows fall upon the mountain's brow,  
 And steal with gradual pace o'er wood and stream  
 A balmy stillness floats upon the earth,  
 And life is peaceful as a tranquil dream.

O God, whose mantle shades this lovely world,  
 And leaves a ray of glorious beauty round;  
 In that far home where angels spread their wings,  
 What infinite perfection must abound,  
 What visions of ecstatic, wondrous bliss,  
 In thy sublime, thy awful presence dwell,  
 When in this sphere, all dimmed by sin and pain,  
 Thy gifts of light and love words may not tell!

Would that my soul each wayward pulse could still,  
 That I might know thee, Father, as thou art—  
 That I within thy paths of peace might walk,  
 And take my place amid the "pure in heart;"  
 Then might I hope, as death's dark clouds drew near,  
 Amid the deepening gloom thy smile to see,  
 But oft my wandering footsteps guide me far  
 From out the way that leads alone to thee

What if we view upon the brink of wo,  
 A dazzling gleam steal through the gates of heaven,  
 And feel at once, while close its pearly doors,  
 How long its entrance to our steps was given,  
 Till, in the utter madness of our souls,  
 Our last faint lingering hope in silence died,  
 While at the moment of our dreadful doom,  
 Perchance, we basked in worldliness and pride.

And while in folly's gilded courts I stand,  
 Is this my fate? Ah, no! by these sad tears,  
 Plead for me, Jesus, meek and holy one,  
 For thou hast shared earth's agonies and fears;  
 Thou seest the struggles of my changing soul—  
 Oh, let its darker thoughts of grief depart,  
 And hear my prayer, when, kneeling low, I crave  
 Thy words of truth may reach my troubled heart.

Devoid of merit, what have I to boast,  
 When man's best virtues are unworthy thee?  
 Yet in thy mercy will I place my trust,  
 And in the Cross my hope and promise see,  
 And though unresting conscience sternly tells  
 Of talents unemployed and wasted powers,  
 Lend me thine aid, and to thy service, Lord,  
 I'll dedicate the remnant of my hours

## MARIA LOWELL.

(Born 1821—Died 1853).

MARIA WHITE, the daughter of an opulent citizen of Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1844 was married to James Russell Lowell, and for her genius, taste, and many admirable personal qualities, she is worthy to be the wife

of that fine poet and true hearted man. She has published several elegant translations from the German, and a large number of original poems of the imagination, some of which illustrate questions of morals and humanity.

### JESUS AND THE DOVE.

With patient hand Jesus in clay once wrought,  
And made a snowy dove that upward flew.  
Dear child, from all things draw some holy thought,  
That, like his dove, they may fly upward too.

MARY, the mother good and mild,  
Went forth one summer's day,  
That Jesus and his comrades all  
In meadows green might play.  
To find the brightest, freshest flowers,  
They search the meadows round,  
They twined them all into a wreath  
And little Jesus crowned.  
Weary with play, they came at last  
And sat at Mary's feet,  
While Jesus asked his mother dear  
A story to repeat.  
"And we," said one, "from out this clay  
Will make some little birds;  
So shall we all sit quietly,  
And heed the mother's words."  
Then Mary, in her gentle voice,  
Told of a little child  
Who lost her way one dark, dark night,  
Upon a dreary wild;  
And how an angel came to her,  
And made all bright around,  
And took the trembling little one  
From off the damp, hard ground;  
And how he bore her in his arms  
Up to the blue so far,  
And how he laid her fast asleep,  
Down in a silver star.  
The children sit at Mary's feet,  
But not a word they say,  
So busily their fingers work  
To mould the birds of clay.  
But now the clay that Jesus held,  
And turned unto the light,  
And moulded with a patient touch,  
Changed to a perfect white.  
And slowly grew within his hands  
A fair and gentle dove,  
Whose eyes unclose, whose wings unfold,  
Beneath his look of love.  
The children drop their birds of clay,  
And by his side they stand,  
To look upon the wondrous dove  
He holds within his hand.

And when he bends and softly breathes,  
Wide are the wings outspread;  
And when he bends and breathes again,  
It hovers round his head.

Slowly it rises in the air  
Before their eager eyes,  
And, with a white and steady wing,  
Higher and higher flies.

The children all stretch forth their arms  
As if to draw it down:

"Dear Jesus made the little dove  
From out the clay so brown—  
"Canst thou not live with us below,  
Thou little dove of clay,  
And let us hold thee in our hands,  
And feed thee every day?"

"The little dove it hears us not,  
But higher still doth fly;  
It could not live with us below—  
Its home is in the sky."

Mary, who silently saw all—  
That mother true and mild—  
Folded her hands upon her breast,  
And kneeled before her child.

### THE MAIDEN'S HARVEST.

THERE goeth with the early light  
Across a barren plain,  
One who, with face as morning bright,  
Singeth, "I come again:

"And every grain I scatter free  
A hundred fold shall yield,  
Till waveth as a golden sea  
This dark and barren field."

She casteth seed upon the ground,  
From out her pure white hand,  
And little winds steal up around  
To bear it through the land.

She strikes her harp, she sings her song,  
She sings so loud and clear—  
"Arise, arise, ye sleeping throng,  
And bud and blossom here!"

When o'er the hills she passed away,  
The Spring remembered her,  
And came, with sun and air of May,  
The barren earth to stir.

And falling dew the spot did love,  
 And lingered there till noon;  
 And winds and rains moved on above  
 In softly changing tune.  
 So when the Autumn cometh round,  
 The golden heads bend low,  
 And near and nearer to the ground  
 Their royal beard doth flow.  
 The poor rejoice : in throngs they come  
 To reap the dropping grain ;  
 Their voices rise in busy hum—  
 " Who, who hath sowed the plain ?  
 " And who hath wrought such bounteous cheer  
 Where all before was dead ?"  
 They bless the unseen giver dear  
 Who sent this daily bread.  
 With harp in hand, a maiden bright  
 Passed slowly by the throng ;  
 With face as fair as sunset light  
 The maiden sang her song :  
 " In morning time I sowed this plain—  
 Blessed the evening be,  
 Which gives back every little grain  
 A hundred fold to me !"

## SONG.

Oh, Bird, thou dartest to the sun  
 When morning beams first spring,  
 And I, like thee, would swiftly run,  
 As sweetly would I sing ;  
 Thy burning heart doth draw thee up  
 Unto the source of fire—  
 Thou drinkest from its glowing cup,  
 And quenchest thy desire.  
 Oh, Dew, thou droppest soft below  
 And plastest all the ground ;  
 Yet when the noontide comes, I know  
 Thou never canst be found.  
 I would like thine had been my birth ;  
 Then I, without a sigh,  
 Might sleep the night through on the earth,  
 To waken in the sky.  
 Oh, Clouds, ye little, tender sheep,  
 Pastured in fields of blue,  
 While moon and stars your fold can keep  
 And gently shepherd you—  
 Let me, too, follow in the train  
 That flocks across the night,  
 Or lingers on the open plain  
 With new washed fleeces white.  
 Oh, singing Winds, that wander far,  
 Yet always seem at home,  
 And freely play 'twixt star and star  
 Along the bending dome—  
 I often listen to your song,  
 Yet never hear you say  
 One word of all the happy worlds  
 That shine so far away.  
 For they are free, ye all are free—  
 And Bird, and Dew, and Light,  
 Can dart upon the azure sea,  
 And leave me to my night.

Oh, would like theirs had been my birth :  
 Then I, without a sigh,  
 Might sleep this night through on the earth,  
 To waken in the sky.

## THE MORNING-GLORY.

We wreathed about our darling's head  
 The morning-glory bright ;  
 Her little face looked out beneath,  
 So full of life and light,  
 So lit as with a sunrise,  
 That we could only say,  
 " She is the morning-glory true,  
 And her poor types are they."  
 So always from that happy time  
 We called her by their name  
 And very fitting did it seem—  
 For, sure as morning came,  
 Behind her cradle bars she smiled  
 To catch the first faint ray,  
 As from the trellis smiles the flower  
 And opens to the day.  
 But not so beautiful they rear  
 Their airy cups of blue,  
 As turned her sweet eyes to the light,  
 Brimmed with sleep's tender dew ;  
 And not so close their tendrils fine  
 Round their supports are thrown,  
 As those dear arms whose outstretched plea  
 Clasped all hearts to her own.  
 We used to think how she had come,  
 Even as comes the flower,  
 The last and perfect added gift  
 To crown love's morning hour,  
 And how in her was imaged forth  
 The love we could not say,  
 As on the little dewdrops round  
 Shines back the heart of day.  
 We never could have thought, O God,  
 That she must wither up,  
 Almost before a day was flown,  
 Like the morning-glory's cup ;  
 We never thought to see her droop  
 Her fair and noble head,  
 Till she lay stretched before our eyes,  
 Wilted, and cold, and dead !  
 The morning-glory's blossoming  
 Will soon be coming round :  
 We see their rows of heart-shaped leaves  
 Upspringing from the ground ;  
 The tender things the winter killed  
 Renew again their birth,  
 But the glory of our morning  
 Has passed away from earth.  
 Oh, Earth ! in vain our aching eyes  
 Stretch over thy green plain !  
 Too harsh thy dews, too gross thine air,  
 Her spirit to sustain :  
 But up in groves of paradise  
 Full surely we shall see  
 Our morning-glory beautiful  
 Twine round our dear Lord's knee.

## SARA J. LIPPINCOTT.

MRS. LIPPINCOTT, known as "Grace Greenwood," was born of New England parentage, in Onondaga, an agricultural town near the city of Syracuse, in New York. At an early age she was taken to Rochester, which is still the residence of her brother and my friend of many years, Mr. J. B. Clarke, whose success in the law shows how erroneous is the common impression that literary studies are incompatible with the devotion to business necessary to professional eminence. It was probably the displays of his abilities, in many graceful poems and prose writings, that led Mrs. Lippincott to the cultivation of her tastes and powers in the same field. Certainly it was a great advantage to have so accomplished a critic, bound by such bonds, to watch over her earlier essays, and guard her from the dangers to which youthful authorship is most exposed. In a recent letter she says of Rochester: "It was for some years my well-beloved home; here it was that I spent my few school-days, and received my trifle of book knowledge. It was here that woman's life first opened upon me, not as a romance, not as a fairy dream, not as a golden heritage of beauty and of pleasure, but as a sphere of labor, and care, and suffering; an existence of many efforts and few successes, of eager and great aspirations and slow and partial realizations."

The parents of Mrs. Lippincott afterward removed to New Brighton, on the Beaver river, two miles from its junction with the Ohio, and thirty miles below Pittsburg; and it was from this beautiful village, in a quiet valley, surrounded by the most bold and picturesque scenery, that in 1844 she wrote the first of those sprightly and brilliant letters under the signature of "Grace Greenwood," by which she was introduced to the literary world. They were addressed to General Morris and Mr. Willis, then editors of the *New Mirror*, and being published in that miscellany, the question of their authorship was discussed in the journals and in literary circles; they were attributed in turn to the most quaint and elegant of our known writers

and curiosity was in no degree lessened by intimations that they were by some Diana of the West, who, like the ancient goddess, inspired the men who saw her with madness, and in her chosen groves and by her streams used the whip and rein with the boldness and grace of Mercury. Such secrets are not easily kept, and while the fair magazinist was visiting the Atlantic cities, in 1846, the veil was thrown aside and she became known by her proper name. She has since been among the most industrious and successful of our authors, and has written with perhaps equal facility and felicity in every style—

"From grave to gay, from lively to severe."

Her apprehensions are sudden and powerful. The lessons of art and the secrets of experience have no mists for her quick eyes. Many-sided as Proteus, she yet by an indomitable will bends all her strong and passionate nature to the subject that is present, plucks from it whatever it has of mystery, and weaves it into the forms of her imagination, or casts it aside as the dross of a fruitless analysis. Educated in a simple condition of society, where conventionalism had no authority against truth and reason, and the healthful activity of her mind preserved by an admirable physical training and development—all her thought is direct and honest, and her sentiment vigorous and cheerful. But the energy of her character and intelligence is not opposed to true delicacy. A feeble understanding, and a nature without the elements of quick and permanent decision, on the contrary, can not take in the noblest forms of real or ideal beauty. It is the sham delicacy that is shocked at things actual and necessary, that fills the magazines with rhymed commonplaces, that sacrifices to a prudish nicety all individualism, and is the chief bar to æsthetic cultivation and development. She looks with a poet's eye upon Nature, and with a poet's soul dares and aspires for the beautiful, as it is understood by all the great intelligences whose wisdom takes the form of genius.

It is as a prose writer that Mrs. Lippincott

is best known, and it may be that her prose compositions have more individuality and illustrate a wider range of knowledge and re-

fection than her poems, but the author of Ariadné and some of the other pieces here quoted has given a name to other ages.

## ARIADNE.\*

DAUGHTER of Crete—how one brief hour,  
E'en in thy young love's early morn,  
Sends storm and darkness o'er thy bower—  
Oh doomed, oh desolate, oh lorn!  
The breast which pillowed thy fair head,  
Rejects its burden—and the eye  
Which looked its love so earnestly,  
Its last cold glance hath on thee shed;  
The arms which were thy living zone,  
Around thee closely, warmly thrown,  
Shall others clasp, deserted one!

Yet, Ariadné, worthy thou  
Of the dark fate which meets thee now,  
For thou art grovelling in thy wo:  
Arouse thee! joy to bid him go;  
For god above, or man below,  
Whose love's warm and impetuous tide  
Cold interest or selfish pride  
Can chill, or stay, or turn aside,  
Is all too poor and mean a thing  
One shade o'er woman's brow to fling  
Of grief, regret, or fear;  
To cloud one morning's golden light—  
Disturb the sweet dreams of one night—  
To cause the soft flash of her eye  
To droop one moment mournfully,  
Or tremble with one tear!

'Tis *thou* shouldst triumph; thou art free  
From chains which bound thee for a while;  
This, this the farewell meet for thee,  
Proud princess on that lonely isle:

"Go—to thine Athens bear thy faithless name;  
Go, base betrayer of a holy trust!  
Oh, I could bow me in my utter shame,  
And lay my crimson forehead in the dust,  
If I had ever loved thee as thou art,  
Folding mean falsehood to my high, true heart!

"But thus I loved thee not: before me bowed  
A being glorious in majestic pride,  
And breathed his love, and passionately vowed  
To worship only me, his peerless bride;  
And this was thou, but crowned, enrobed, entwined,  
With treasures borrowed from my own rich mind!

"I knew thee not a creature of my dreams,  
And my rapt soul went floating into thine;  
My love around thee poured such halo-beams,  
Hadst thou been true, had made thee all divine.  
And I, too, seemed immortal in my bliss,  
When my glad lip thrilled to thy burning kiss!

\* The demigod Theseus having won the love of Ariadné, daughter of the king of Crete, deserted her on the isle of Naxos. In Miss Bremer's *H—— Family*, the blind girl is described as singing "Ariadné à Naxos," in which Ariadné is represented as following Theseus, climbing a high rock to watch his departing vessel, and calling upon him in her despairing anguish.

"Shrunk and shrivelled into Theseus now  
Thou standst: behold, the gods have blown away  
The airy crown that glittered on thy brow—  
The gorgeous robes which wrapped thee for a day;  
Around thee scarce one fluttering fragment clings—  
A poor lean beggar in all glorious things!

"Nor will I deign to cast on thee my hate—  
It were a ray to tinge with splendor still  
The dull, dim twilight of thy alter-fate—  
Thou shalt pass from me like a dream of ill—  
Thy name be but a thing that crouching stole  
Like a poor thief, all noiseless from my soul!

"Though thou hast dared to steal the sacred flame  
From out that soul's high heaven, she sets thee free;  
Or only chains thee with thy sounding shame:

Her memory is no Caucasus for thee;  
And e'en her hovering hate would o'er thee fling  
Too much of glory from its shadowy wing!

"Thou thinkst to leave my life a lonely night—  
Ha! it is night all glorious with its stars!

Hopes yet unclouded beaming forth their light,  
And free thoughts rolling in their silver cars!  
And queenly pride, serene, and cold, and high,  
Moves the Diana of its calm, clear sky!

"If poor and humbled thou believest me,  
Mole of a demigod, how blind art thou!  
For I am rich—in scorn to pour on thee:  
And gods shall bend from high Olympus' brow,  
And gaze in wonder on my lofty pride;  
Naxos be hallowed, I be deified!"

On the tall cliff where cold and pale  
Thou watchest his receding sail,  
Where thou, the daughter of a king,  
Wailest like a wind-harp's breaking string,  
Bendst like a weak and wilted flower  
Before a summer evening's shower—  
There shouldst thou rear thy royal form,  
Like a young oak amid the storm,  
Uncrushed, unbowed, unriven!  
Let thy last glance burn through the air,  
And fall far down upon him there,  
Like lightning stroke from heaven!  
There shouldst thou mark o'er billow crest  
His white sail flutter and depart;  
No wild fears surging at thy breast,  
No vain hopes quivering round thy heart;  
And this brief, burning prayer alone  
Leap from thy lips to Jove's high throne:  
"Just Jove! thy wrathful vengeance stay,  
And speed the traitor on his way;  
Make vain the siren's silver song,  
Let nereids smile the wave along—  
O'er the wild waters send his bark  
Like a swift arrow to its mark!  
Let whirlwinds gather at his back,  
And drive him on his dastard track;  
Let thy red bolts behind him burn,  
And blast him, should he dare to turn!"

## DREAMS.

THERE was a season when I loved  
 The calm and holy night,  
 When like yon silvery evening star,  
 Just trembling on our sight,  
 My spirit through its heaven of dreams  
 Went floating forth in light.  
 Night is the time when Nature seems  
 God's silent worshipper;  
 And ever with a chastened heart  
 In unison with her,  
 I laid me on my peaceful couch,  
 The day's dull cares resigned,  
 And let my thoughts fold up like flowers,  
 In the twilight of the mind:  
 Fast round me closed the shades of sleep,  
 And then burst on my sight  
 Visions of glory and of love,  
 The stars of slumber's night!  
 Dreams, wondrous dreams, which far around  
 Did such rich radiance fling,  
 As the sudden, first unfurling  
 Of a young angel's wing.  
 Then sometimes blessed beings came,  
 Parting the midnight skies,  
 And bore me to their shining homes,  
 The bowers of paradise;  
 I felt my worn, world-wearied soul  
 Bathed in divine repose—  
 My earth-chilled heart in the airs of heaven  
 Unfolding as a rose.  
 Nor were my dreams celestial all,  
 For oft along my way  
 Clustered the scenes and joys of home,  
 The loves of every day:  
 Soft, after angel-music, still  
 The voices round my hearth—  
 Sweet, after paradisaean flowers,  
 The violets of earth.  
 But now I dread the night: it holds  
 Within its weary bounds  
 Strife, griefs, and fears, red battle-fields,  
 And spectre-haunted grounds!  
 One night there sounded through my dreams  
 A trumpet's stirring peal,  
 And then methought I went forth armed,  
 And clad in glittering steel—  
 And sprang upon a battle-steed,  
 And led a warrior band,  
 And we swept, a flood of fire and death,  
 Victorious through the land!  
 Oh, what wild rapture 'twas to mark  
 My serried ranks advance,  
 And see amid the foe go down  
 Banner, and plume, and lance!  
 The living trampled o'er the dead—  
 The fallen, line on line,  
 Were crushed like grapes at vintage time,  
 And blood was poured like wine!  
 My sword was dripping to its hilt,  
 And this small, girlish hand

Planted the banner, lit the torch,  
 And waved the stern command.  
 How swelled and burned within my heart  
 Fierce hate and fiery pride—  
 My very soul rode like a bark  
 On the battle's stormy tide!  
 My pitying and all-woman's soul—  
 Oh no, it was not *mine*!  
 Perchance mine slumbered, or had left  
 Awhile its earthly shrine;  
 So the spirit of a Joan d'Arc  
 Stole in my sleeping frame,  
 And wrote her history on my heart  
 In words of blood and flame.  
 My dead are with me in my dreams,  
 Rise from their still, lone home—  
 But are they as I loved them here?  
 O Heaven, 'tis thus they come!  
 Silent and cold, the pulseless form  
 In burial garments dressed,  
 The pale hands holding burial-flowers  
 Close folded on their breast!  
 My living—they in whose tried hearts  
 My wild, impassioned love  
 Foldeth its wings contentedly,  
 And nestles as a dove—  
 They come, they hold me in their arms;  
 My heart, with joy oppressed,  
 Seems panting 'neath its blessed weight,  
 And swooning in my breast;  
 My eyes look up through tears of bliss,  
 Like flowers through dews of even,  
 There's a painful fullness in my lips,  
 Till the kiss of love is given:  
 When sudden their fresh, glowing lips  
 Are colorless and cold,  
 And an icy, shrouded corse is all  
 My shuddering arms enfold!  
 Have I my guardian angels grieved,  
 That they have taken flight?  
 Or frown'st thou on me, oh my God!  
 In the visions of the night?  
 Yet with a child's fond faith I rest  
 Still on thy fatherhood;  
 Speak peace unto my troubled dreams,  
 Thou merciful and good!  
 And oh! if cares and griefs must come,  
 And throng my humble way,  
 Then let me, strengthened and refreshed,  
 Strive with them in the day;  
 This glorious world which thou hast made,  
 Spread out in bloom before me,  
 Thy blessed sunshine on my path,  
 Thy radiant skies hung o'er me.  
 But when, like ghosts of the sun's lost rays,  
 Come down the moonbeams pale,  
 And the dark earth lies like an eastern bride  
 Beneath her silvery veil—  
 Then let the night, with its silence deep,  
 Its dews, and its starry gleams,  
 Be peace, and rest, and love—O God,  
 Smile on me in my dreams!

ILLUMINATION,  
FOR THE TRIUMPH OF OUR ARMS IN MEXICO.

Light up thy homes, Columbia,  
For those chivalric men  
Who bear to scenes of warlike strife  
Thy conquering arms again;  
Where glorious victories, flash on flash,  
Reveal their stormy way—  
Resaca's, Palo Alto's fields,  
The heights of Monterey!

They pile with thousands of thy foes  
Buena Vista's plain;  
With maids, and wives, at Vera Cruz,  
Swell high the list of slain;  
They paint upon the southern skies  
The blaze of burning domes—  
Their laurels dew with blood of babes:  
Light up, light up thy homes!

Light up your homes, oh fathers!  
For those young hero bands  
Whose march is still through vanquished towns  
And over conquered lands;  
Whose valor wild, impetuous,  
In all its fiery glow  
Pours onward like a lava-tide,  
And sweeps away the foe!

For those whose dead brows Glory crowns,  
On crimson couches sleeping;  
And for home faces wan with grief,  
And fond eyes dim with weeping:  
And for the soldier, poor, unknown,  
Who battled madly brave,  
Beneath a stranger-soil to share  
A shallow, crowded grave.

Light up thy home, young mother!  
Then gaze in pride and joy  
Upon those fair and gentle girls,  
That eag'e-eyed young boy;  
And clasp thy darling little one  
Yet closer to thy breast,  
And be thy kisses on its lips  
In yearning love impressed.

In yon beleaguered city  
Were homes as sweet as thine;  
There trembling mothers felt loved arms  
In *fear* around them twine;  
The lad with brow of olive hue,  
The babe like lily fair,  
The maiden with her midnight eyes  
And wealth of raven hair.

The booming shot, the murderous shell,  
Crashed through the crumbling walls,  
And filed with agony and death  
Those sacred household halls;  
Then, bleeding, crushed, and blackened, lay  
The sister by the brother,  
And the torn infant gasped and writhed  
On the bosom of the mother!

Oh, sisters, if you have no tears  
For fearful scenes like these;  
If the banners of the victors veil  
The victims' agonies;

If ye lose the babe's and mother's cry  
In the noisy roll of drums;  
If your hearts with martial pride throb high—  
Light up, light up your homes!

THE LAST GIFT.

I LEAVE thee, love: in vain hast thou  
The God of life implored;  
My clinging soul is torn from thine,  
My faithful, my adored!  
My last gift—I have on it breathed  
In blessing and in prayer;  
So lay it close, close to thy heart,  
This little lock of hair!

I know thou wilt think tenderly  
And lovingly on me;  
Thou wilt forget my waywardness  
When I am gone from thee;  
Thou wilt remember all my love,  
Which made thee think me fair;  
Thou wilt with many tears begem  
This little lock of hair!

And yet at last, thy grief's wild storm  
Will sigh itself to rest;  
And thou mayst choose another love,  
And clasp her to thy breast:  
But when she hides her glowing face  
In tearful gladness there,  
Oh, do not let *her* hand displace  
This little lock of hair!

The dark, rich hue thou oft hast praised,  
The ringlet still shall hold;  
Still, as the sunlight on it falls,  
Give out quick gleams of gold:  
Though years roll by, no trace of change  
Its glossy rings shall wear—  
It never will grow gray, beloved,  
This little lock of hair!

And when the earth weighs chill and damp  
Above my resting-place,  
When fall moist tresses heavily  
Around my cold, dead face—  
'Tis sweet to know a part of me  
Thine own life-glow may share—  
Thou'lt keep it warm, love, always warm,  
This little lock of hair!

Ah, dearest! see how pale and cold  
Has grown this hand of mine!  
No longer now it glows and thrills  
Within the clasp of thine.  
I go!—soon where my dying head  
Is pillowed with fond care,  
No trace of me shall linger, save  
This little lock of hair!

I see thee not! I faintly feel  
The fast tears thou dost weep;  
Kiss down my quivering eyelids, love,  
Thus, thus, and I will sleep.  
I go where angels beckon me,  
I go their heaven to share—  
Yet with a longing envy leave  
This little lock of hair!

## A LOVER TO HIS FAITHLESS MISTRESS.

Thou false! thy voice is in mine ear;  
 The love-looks of thine eyes,  
 To meet my gaze most passionate,  
 In dreamy softness rise;  
 I feel the beating of thy heart—  
 I breathe thy perfumed sighs!  
 Thou false! thy thrilling fingers part  
 The locks from off my brow;  
 And on these lips, where live no more  
 Fond prayer and burning vow,  
 The wine and honey of thy kiss  
 Are lingering even now.  
 I mock myself with visions vain:  
 Another life than mine  
 Bathes in the rose-light of thy love;  
 Blush, tone, and glance of thine,  
 Are pouring through another heart  
 A tide of life divine!  
 At last I know thee—and my soul,  
 From all thy spells set free,  
 Abjures the cold, consummate art  
 Shrined as a soul in thee,  
 Priestess of falsehood—deeply learned  
 In all heart-treachery!  
 Yet look thou on me, if thine eyes  
 May dare again to scan  
 A face where honor is not masked,  
 Nor truth put under ban—  
 Wouldst know me for that poor, sad thing,  
 A spirit-broken man?  
 Ay, look!—is not this head yet borne  
 Full haughtily and high?  
 Is this lip tremulous with sighs,  
 Or pale with agony?  
 And wouldst thou feel a prouder fire  
 Outflashing from mine eye?  
 Each lingering, murmuring thought of love,  
 The heart which thou hast riven  
 Crushes to silence—each regret  
 For false joys thou hast given,  
 And flings thy very memory  
 To all the winds of heaven!  
 Go, lavish on another now  
 Thy frothy love's excess;  
 Go measure out thy practised words  
 Of lip-deep tenderness;  
 Go dupe him with thy well-trained smiles,  
 Thy meaningless caress!  
 Leave *him* in trusting folly blest—  
 Enchant, enchain him still—  
 Awake his most adoring thoughts,  
 Make every heartstring thrill,  
 Hold thou his life and very soul  
 The blind slaves of thy will!  
 I give thee joy: thou hear'st fond lips  
 A new love's tale repeating;  
 Thine every glance wealth's pomp and glare  
 And glittering gauds are meeting,  
 And merrily to the ring of coin  
 Thy hollow heart is beating

Thou workest miracles, fair saint,  
 Not found in legends old:  
 Thy showers of silver tears return  
 To thee in showers of gold;  
 Thy melting kisses change to gems,  
 Sweet lady bought and sold!

## HERVEY TO NINA.

SUGGESTED BY A PASSAGE IN FREDERIKA BREMER

DIVIDED in our lives, and yet twin-hearted,  
 Our sad first parents shared a happier fate;  
 When from Love's Eden, dearest, we departed,  
 'T was ours to sever at the outer gate.  
 Ah, yet I know whatever path thou'rt tracing,  
 Thy tearful eye is sometimes backward cast;  
 Thou art not coldly from thy heart effacing  
 The thrilling story of our blissful past—  
 When life was like a sunset's glories blended  
 With all the waking splendors of the morn; [ed,  
 And when, dear love, if some light showers descend—  
 It seemed 't was but that rainbows might be born.  
 Oh warm, oh beautiful, oh glorious season,  
 Like the first blushing time of Cashmere's roses!  
 My soul forgets cold truth and worldly reason,  
 And in thy lap of languid joy reposes.  
 In reveries delicious I revisit  
 Each spot where Love's impassioned tale was told;  
 Where moments passed of pleasure so exquisite,  
 Time should have marked their flight with sands of  
 gold.  
 Again upon my throbbing breast thou'rt leaning,  
 Oh, fondly, wildly loved one—oh, adored!  
 Again come back thy words of tenderest meaning,  
 That once such raptures through my bosom poured.  
 Again I feel the wish, intense and burning,  
 'To live within thy life, to drink thine air;  
 That deep, mysterious, and mighty yearning  
 Would draw me down from heaven, wert thou not  
 there.  
 A fount there was within each bosom flowing,  
 That gushed not water, but love's purple wine;  
 Sparkling with rapture and with passion glowing,  
 It maketh mortals for a space divine.  
 'T was joy to know thee of that fountain drinking  
 Within my soul upspringing but for thee;  
 And I of thine as deeply, all unthinking  
 There might be madness in that draught for me  
 When all of bliss the earth-born may inherit  
 Divinely lavish was around us thrown,  
 And when the mystic union of the spirit  
 Had twined our glowing beings into one—  
 Then were we parted: Hope's ecstatic vision  
 Grew dim with tears, and Joy's young pinion furled  
 Pillowed on flowers, we had a dream Elysian,  
 And we have awakened in a stormy world!  
 Gone, gone, for ever! we beheld it vanish,  
 As a warm cloud melts in the blue above;  
 Yet from our souls no power create can banish  
 The golden memory of that dream of love!



## CANST THOU FORGET?

CANST thou forget, beloved, our first awaking  
From out the shadowy realm of doubts and dreams,  
To know Love's perfect sunlight round us breaking,  
Bathing our beings in its gorgeous gleams—  
Canst thou forget?

A sky of rose and gold was o'er us glowing,  
Around us was the morning breath of May;  
Then met our soul-tides, thence together flowing,  
Then kissed our thought-waves, mingling on their  
way: Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget when first thy loving fingers  
Laid gently back the locks upon my brow?  
Ah, to my woman's thought that touch still lingers  
And softly glides along my forehead now!  
Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget when every twilight tender,  
Mid dews and sweets, beheld our slow steps rove,  
And when the nights which came in starry splendor  
Seemed dim and pallid to our heaven of love?  
Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget the childlike heart-outpouring  
Of her whose fond faith knew no faltering fears?  
The lashes drooped to veil her eyes adoring,  
Her speaking silence, and her blissful tears?  
Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget the last most mournful meeting,  
The trembling form clasped to thine anguished  
breast,  
The heart against thine own, now wildly beating,  
Now fluttering faint, grief-wrung, and fear-op-  
pressed— Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget, though all Love's spells be broken,  
The wild farewell which rent our souls apart?  
And that last gift, Affection's holiest token,  
The severed tress, which lay upon thy heart—  
Canst thou forget?

Canst thou forget, beloved one—comes there never  
The angel of sweet visions to thy rest?  
Brings she not back the fond hopes fled for ever,  
While one lost name thrills through thy sleeping  
breast— Canst thou forget?

## INVOCATION TO MOTHER EARTH.

Oh, Earth! thy face hath not the grace  
That smiling Heaven did bless,  
When thou wert "good," and blushing stood  
In thy young loveliness;  
And, mother dear, the smile and tear  
In thee are strangely met;  
Thy joy and wo together flow—  
But ah! we love thee yet.

Thou still art fair, when morn's fresh air  
Thrills with the lark's sweet song;  
When Nature seems to wake from dreams,  
And laugh and dance along;  
Thou'rt fair at day, when clouds all gray  
Fade into glorious blue;

When sunny Hours fly o'er the flowers,  
And kiss away the dew.

Thou'rt fair at eve, when skies receive  
The last smiles of the sun;  
When through the shades that twilight spreads  
The stars peep, one by one;  
Thou'rt fair at night, when full starlight  
Streams down upon the sod;  
When moonlight pale on hill and dale  
Rests like the smile of God.

And thou art grand, where lakes expand,  
And mighty rivers roll;  
Where Ocean proud with threatenings loud  
Mocketh at man's control;  
And grand thou art when lightnings dart  
And gleam athwart the sky;  
When thunders peal, and forests reel,  
And storms go sweeping by!

We bless thee now, for gifts that thou  
Hast freely on us shed;  
For dew and showers, and beauteous bowers,  
And blue skies overhead;  
For morn's perfume, and midday's bloom,  
And evening's hour of mirth;  
For glorious night, for all things bright,  
We bless thee, Mother Earth!

But when long years of care and tears  
Have come and passed away,  
The time may be, when sadly we  
Shall turn to thee, and say:  
"We are worn with life, its toils and strife,  
We long, we pine for rest;  
We come, we come, all wearied home—  
Room, mother, in thy breast!"

## "THERE WAS A ROSE."

THERE was a rose, that blushing grew  
Within my life's young bower;  
The angels sprinkled holy dew  
Upon the blessed flower:  
I glory to resign it, love,  
Though it was dear to me;  
Amid thy laurels twine it, love,  
It only blooms for thee.

There was a rich and radiant gem  
I long kept hid from sight,  
Lost from some seraph's diadem—  
It shone with Heaven's own light!  
The world could never tear it, love,  
That gem of gems from me;  
Yet on thy fond breast wear it, love,  
It only shines for thee.

There was a bird came to my breast,  
When I was very young;  
I only knew that sweet bird's nest,  
To me she only sung;  
But, ah! one summer day, love,  
I saw that bird depart:  
The truant flew thy way, love,  
And nestled in thy heart.

## THE SCULPTOR'S LOVE.

THE sculptor paused before his finished work—  
A wondrous statue of divinest mould.  
Like Cytherea's were the rounded limbs,  
The hands, in whose soft fulness, still and deep,  
Like sleeping Loves, the chiseled dimples lay,  
The hair's rich fall, the lip's exquisite curve ;  
But most like Juno's were the brow of pride,  
And lofty bearing of the matchless head.  
While over all, a mystic holiness,  
Like Dian's purest smile, around her hung,  
And hushed the idle gazer, like the air  
Which haunts at night the temples of the gods.

As stood the sculptor, with still folded arms,  
And viewed this shape of rarest loveliness,  
No flush of triumph crimsoned o'er his brow,  
Nor grew his dark eye luminous with joy.  
Heart-crushed with grief, worn with intense desires,  
And wasting with a mad, consuming flame,  
He wildly gazed—his cold cheek rivalling  
The whiteness of the marble he had wrought.  
The robe's loose folds which lay upon his breast  
Tumultuous rose and fell, like ocean-waves  
Upheaved by storms beneath ; and on his brow,  
In beaded drops, the dew of anguish lay.  
And thus he flung himself upon the earth,  
And poured in prayer his wild and burning words :

"Great Jove, to thy high throne a mortal's prayer  
In all the might of anguish struggles up!  
Thou see'st this statue, chiseled by my hand—  
Thou hast beheld, as day by day it grew  
To more than earthly beauty, till it stood  
The wonder of the glorious world of art.  
The sculptor wrought not blindly : oft there came  
Blest visions to his soul of forms divine ;  
Of white-armed Juno, in that hour of love,  
When fondling close the cuckoo, tempest-chilled,  
She all unconscious in that form did press  
The mighty sire of the eternal gods  
To her soft bosom !—Aphrodite fair  
As first she trod the glad, enamored earth  
With small, white feet, spray-dripping from the sea ;  
Of crested Dian, when her nightly kiss  
Pressed down the eyelids of Endymion—  
Her silvery presence making all the air  
Of dewy Latmos tremulous with love.

"And now (deem not thy suppliant impious,  
Our being's source, thou Father of all life.)  
A wild, o'er-mastering passion fires my soul ;  
I madly love the work my hand hath wrought !  
Intoxicate, I gaze through all the day,  
And mocking visions haunt my couch at night ;  
My heart is faint and sick with longings vain,  
A passionate thirst is parching up my life.  
"I call upon her, and she answers not !  
The fond love-names I breathe into her ear  
Are met with maddening silence ; when I clasp  
Those slender fingers in my fevered hand,  
Their coldness chills me like the touch of death !  
And when my heart's wild beatings shake my frame,  
And pain my breast with love's sweet agony,  
No faintest throb that marble bosom stirs !

"Oh, I would have an eye to gaze in mine ;  
An ear to listen for my coming step ;

A voice of love, with tones like Joy's own bells,  
To ring their silver changes on mine ear ;  
A yielding hand, to thrill within mine own,  
And lips of melting sweetness, full and warm !  
Would change this deathless stone to mortal flesh,  
And barter immortality for love !

"If voice of earth, in wildest prayer, may reach  
To godhood, throned amid the purple clouds,  
To animate this cold and pulseless stone,  
Grant thou one breath of that immortal air  
Which feedeth human life from age to age,  
And floats round high Olympus.—Hear, O Jove !  
"And so this form may shrine a soul of light,  
Whose starry radiance shall unseal these eyes,  
Send down the sky's blue deeps, O Sire divine—  
One faintest gleam of that benignant smile  
Which glows upon the faces of the gods,  
And lights all heaven.—Hear, mighty Jove !"

He stayed his prayer, and on his statue gazed.  
Behold, a gentle heaving stirred its breast !  
O'er all the form a flush of rose-light passed ;  
Along the limbs the azure arteries throbbled ;  
A golden lustre settled on the head,  
And gleamed amid the meshes of the hair ;  
The rounded cheek grew vivid with a blush ;  
Ambrosial breathings cleft the curved lips,  
And softly through the arched nostril stole ;  
The fringed lids quivered and uprose, and eyes  
Like violets wet with dew drank in the light.

Moveless she stood, until her wandering glance  
Upon the rapt face of the sculptor fell :  
Bewildered and abashed, it sank beneath  
The burning gaze of his adoring eyes.  
And then there ran through all her trembling frame  
A strange, sweet thrill of blissful consciousness :  
Life's wildest joy, in one delicious tide,  
Poured through the channels of her newborn heart,  
And Love's first sigh rose quivering from her breast !

She turned upon her pedestal, and smiled,  
And toward the kneeling youth bent tenderly.  
He rose, sprang forward with a passionate cry,  
And joyously outstretched his thrilling arms ;  
And lo ! the form he sculptured from the stone,  
Instinct with life, and radiant with soul,  
A breathing shape of beauty, soft and warm,  
Of mortal womanhood, all smiles and tears,  
In love's sweet trance upon his bosom lay.

## THE DREAM.

LAST night, my love, I dreamed of thee—

Yet 't was no dream elysian ;  
Draw closer to my breast, dear Blanche,  
The while I tell the vision :  
Methought that I had left thee long,  
And, home in haste returning—  
My heart, lip, cheek, with love and joy  
And wild impatience burning—

I called thee through the silent house,  
But here, at last, I found thee,  
Where, deathly still and ghostly white,  
The curtains fell around thee.  
Dead—dead thou wert !—cold lay that form,  
In rarest beauty moulded

And meekly o'er thy still, white breast  
 The snowy hands were folded.  
 Methought thy couch was fitly strewn  
 With many a fragrant blossom;  
 Fresh violets thy fingers clasped,  
 And rosebuds decked thy bosom:  
 But thine eyes, so like young violets,  
 Might smile upon me never,  
 And the rose-bloom from thy cheek and lip  
 Had fled away for ever!

I raised thee lovingly—thy head  
 Against my bosom leaning,  
 And called thy name, and spoke to thee  
 In words of tenderest meaning.  
 I sought to warm thee at my breast—  
 My arms close round thee flinging;  
 To breathe my life into thy lips,  
 With kisses fond and clinging.  
 Oh, hour of fearful agony!  
 In vain my phrensied pleading;  
 Thy dear voice hushed, thy kind eye closed,  
 My lonely grief unheeding!  
 Pale wert thou as the lily-buds  
 Twined mid thy raven tresses,  
 And cold thy lip and still thy heart  
 To all my wild caresses!.....

I woke, amid the autumn night,  
 To hear the rain descending,  
 And roar of waves and howl of winds  
 In stormy concert blending.  
 But, oh! my waking joy was morn,  
 From heaven's own portals flowing,  
 And the summer of thy living love  
 Was round about me glowing!

I woke—ah, blessedness! to feel  
 Thy white arms round thee wreathing—  
 To hear, amid the lonely night,  
 Thy calm and gentle breathing!

I bent above thy rest till morn,  
 With many a whispered blessing—  
 Soft, timid kisses on thy lips  
 And blue-veined eyelids pressing.  
 While thus from Slumber's shadowy realm  
 Thy truant soul recalling,  
 Thou couldst not know whence sprang the tears  
 Upon thy forehead falling.  
 And oh, thine eye's sweet wonderment,  
 When thou didst ope them slowly,  
 To mark mine own bent on thy face  
 In rapture deep and holy!  
 Thou couldst not know, till I had told  
 That dream of fearful warning,  
 How much of heaven was in my words—  
 "God bless thee, love—good-morning!"

◆◆◆

DARKENED HOURS.

With folded arms and drooping head,  
 I stand, my heart's blest goal unwon;  
 My soul's high purpose unattained—  
 But life—but life goes hurrying on!  
 I pause and linger by the way,  
 With fainting heart and slumbering powers,

And still the grand, immortal height  
 Which I would climb, before me towers.  
 And still far up its rugged steep,  
 The poet-laurel mocks mine eyes;  
 While sweetly on its summit wave  
 The fadeless flowers of paradise.  
 My voice is silent, though I mark  
 The toil and wo of human lives,  
 The beauty of that human love  
 That meekly suffers, trusts, and strives.  
 My voice is silent, though I see  
 The captive pining in his cell,  
 And hear the exiled patriot breathe  
 O'er the wild seas his sad farewell  
 No song of joy is on my lip  
 While Freedom's banners are unfurled,  
 And Freedom's fearless battle-shouts  
 And triumph-lays ring round the world!

No glow of rapturous feeling comes  
 To flush my cheek, or light mine eye,  
 While golden splendors of the morn  
 Are kindling all the eastern sky.  
 Nor when, while dews weigh down the rose,  
 I read amid the shadowy even  
 That bright Evangel of our God,  
 Whose words are worlds, the starry heaven  
 Yet was my nature formed to feel  
 The gladness and the grief of life—  
 To thrill at Freedom's name, and joy  
 In all her brave and holy strife;  
 To tremble with the perfect sense  
 Of all things lovely or sublime,  
 The glory of the midnight heaven,  
 The beauty of the morning time.  
 God-written thoughts are in my heart,  
 And deep within my being lie  
 Eternal truths and glorious hopes,  
 Which I must speak before I die  
 Who shall restore the early faith,  
 The fresh, strong heart, the utterance bold!  
 Ah! when may be this weary weight  
 From off my groaning spirit rolled!

To Thee I turn, before whose throne  
 No earnest suppliant bows in vain:  
 My spirit's faint and lonely cry  
 Thou wilt not in thy might disdain.  
 Awake in me a truer life!  
 A soul to labor and aspire;  
 Touch thou my mortal lips, O God,  
 With thine own truth's immortal fire!

Be with me in my darkened hours—  
 Bind up my bruised heart once more;  
 The grandeur of a lofty hope  
 About my lowly being pour!

Give strength unto my spirit's wing,  
 Give light unto my spirit's eye,  
 And let the sunshine of thy smile  
 Upon my upward pathway lie!

Thus, when my soul in thy pure faith  
 Hath grown serene, and free, and strong  
 Thy greatness may exalt my thought,  
 Thy love make beautiful my song.

## LOVE AND DARING.

THOU dar'est not love me! thou canst only see  
 The great gulf set between us: hadst thou *love*,  
 'T would bear thee o'er it on a wing of fire!  
 Wilt put from thy faint lip the mantling cup,  
 The draught thou 'st prayed for with divinest thirst,  
 For fear a poison in the chalice lurks?  
 Wilt thou be barred from thy soul's heritage,  
 The power, the rapture, and the crown of life,  
 By the poor guard of danger set about it?  
 I tell thee that the richest flowers of heaven  
 Bloom on the brink of darkness. Thou hast marked  
 How sweetly o'er the beetling precipice  
 Hangs the young June-rose with its crimson heart:  
 And wouldst not sooner peril life to win  
 That royal flower, that thou mightst proudly wear  
 The trophy on thy breast, than idly pluck  
 A thousand meek-faced daisies by the way?  
 How dost thou shudder at Love's gentle tones,  
 As though a serpent's hiss were in thine ear!  
 Albeit thy heart throbs echo to each word,  
 Why wilt not rest, oh weary wanderer,  
 Upon the couch of flowers Love spreads for thee,  
 On banks of sunshine!—voices silver-toned  
 Shall lull thy soul with strange, wild harmonies,  
 Rock thee to sleep upon the waves of song;  
 Hope shall watch o'er thee with her breath of dreams,  
 Joy hover near, impatient for thy waking—  
 Her quick wing glancing through the fragrant air.  
 Why dost thou pause hard by the rose-wreathed  
 Why turn thee from the paradise of youth, [gate?  
 Where Love's immortal summer blooms and glows,  
 And wrap thyself in coldness as a shroud?  
 Perchance 'tis well for *thee*—yet does the flame  
 That glows with heat intense and mounts toward  
 As fitly emblem holiest purity [heaven,  
 As the still snow-wreath on the mountain's brow.  
 Thou dar'est not say, "I love," and yet thou lovest,  
 And think'st to crush the mighty yearning down,  
 That in thy spirit shall upspring for ever!  
 Twinned with thy soul, it lived in thy first thoughts,  
 It haunted with strange dreams thy boyish years,  
 And colored with its deep, empurpled hue,  
 The passionate aspirations of thy youth.  
 Go, take from June her roses; from her streams  
 The bubbling fountain-springs; from life take love,  
 Thou hast its all of sweetness, bloom, and strength.  
 There is a grandeur in the soul that dares  
 To live out all the life God lit within;  
 That battles with the passions hand to hand,  
 And wears no mail, and hides behind no shield;  
 That plucks its joy in the shadow of Death's wing,  
 That drains with one deep draught the wine of life,  
 And that with fearless foot and heaven-turned eye  
 May stand upon a dizzy precipice,  
 High o'er the abyss of ruin, and not fall!

## A MORNING RIDE.

WHEN troubled in spirit, when weary of life,  
 When I faint 'neath its burdens, and shrink from  
 its strife—  
 When its fruits turned to ashes are mocking my  
 taste,  
 And its fairest scene seems but a desolate waste;  
 Then come ye not near me my sad heart to cheer  
 With Friendship's soft accents or Sympathy's tear;  
 No counsel I ask, and no pity I need,  
 But bring me, oh, bring me my gallant young steed,  
 With his high-arched neck and his nostril spread  
 His eye full of fire, and his step full of pride! [wide,  
 As I spring to his back, as I seize the strong rein,  
 The strength of my spirit returneth again:  
 The bonds are all broken which fettered my mind,  
 And my cares borne away on the wings of the wind;  
 My pride lifts its head, for a season bowed down,  
 And the queen in my nature now puts on her crown.  
 Now we're off like the winds to the plains whence  
 they came,  
 And the rapture of motion is thrilling my frame.  
 On, on speeds my courser, scarce printing the sod,  
 Scarce crushing a daisy to mark where he trod.  
 On, on, like a deer, when the hounds' early bay  
 Awakes the wild echoes, away and away!  
 Still faster, still farther he leaps at my cheer,  
 Till the rush of the startled air whirrs in my ear;  
 Now 'long a clear rivulet lieth his track—  
 See his glancing hoof tossing the white pebbles back;  
 Now a glen dark as midnight—what matter?—  
 we'll down,  
 Though shadows are round us, and rocks o'er us  
 frown;  
 The thick branches shake as we're hurrying through,  
 And deck us with spangles of silvery dew.  
 Whata wild thought of triumph, that this girlish hand  
 Such a steed in the might of his strength may com-  
 mand!  
 What a glorious creature! ah, glance at him now,  
 As I check him a while on this green hillock's brow;  
 How he tosses his mane with a shrill, joyous neigh,  
 And paws the firm earth in his proud, stately play!  
 Hurrah, off again—dashing on, as in ire,  
 Till the long flinty pathway is flashing with fire!  
 Ho, a ditch!—shall we pause? No, the bold leap  
 we dare—  
 Like a swift-winged arrow we rush through the air.  
 Oh! not all the pleasure that poets may praise—  
 Not the 'wilderling waltz in the ballroom's blaze,  
 Nor the chivalrous joust, nor the daring race,  
 Nor the swift regatta, nor merry chase,  
 Nor the sail high heaving waters o'er,  
 Nor the rural dance on the moonlight shore—  
 Can the wild and thrilling joy exceed  
 Of a fearless leap on a fiery steed.

## ANNA H. PHILLIPS.

"HELEN IRVING" is the graceful *nom de plume* of Miss ANNA H. PHILLIPS, of Lynn, Massachusetts—probably the youngest of our young American poetesses. She is not a professional authoress, having written but little, and published less; but, judging by the quality rather than the quantity of her productions, she can not be denied the possession of a fine poetical genius. Her first poem, Love and Fame, which appeared in the Home Journal, in the spring of 1847, Mr. Willis

thus introduced to the public; "We might have called attention, very reasonably and justly, to the beautiful versification of this production—to the melody, and the varied succession of melody, in the flow of the stanzas. They prove the nicest possible ear, with the happiest subjection to critical judgment. True genius is in the conception, we think, and an assurance of successful genius lies in the twin excellence of giving so beautiful a thought its fit embodiment."

### LOVE AND FAME.

It had passed in all its grandeur, that sounding  
summer shower  
Had paid its pearly tribute to each fair expectant  
flower,  
And while a thousand sparklers danced lightly on  
the spray,  
Close folded to a rosebud's heart one tiny rain-drop  
lay.  
Throughout each fevered petal had the heaven-  
brought freshness gone,  
They had mingled dew and fragrance till their very  
souls were one;  
The bud its love in perfume breathed, till its pure  
and starry guest  
Grew glowing as the life-hue of the lips it fondly  
pressed.  
He dreamed away the hours with her, his gentle  
bride and fair,  
No thought filled his young spirit, but to dwell for  
ever there,  
While ever bending wakefully, the bud a fond  
watch kept,  
For fear the envious zephyrs might steal him as  
he slept.  
But forth from out his tent of clouds in burnished  
armor bright,  
The conquering sun came proudly in the glory of  
his might,  
And, like some grand enchanter, resumed his wand  
of power,  
And shed the splendor of his smile on lake, and  
tree, and flower.  
Then, peering through the shadowy leaves, the rain-  
drop marked on high,  
A many-hued triumphal arch span all the eastern  
sky—  
He saw his glittering comrades all wing their joyous  
flight,

And stand—a glorious brotherhood—to form that  
bow of light!  
Aspiring thoughts his spirit thrilled—"Oh, let me  
join them, love!  
I'll set thy beauty's impress on yon bright arch  
above,  
And, as a world's admiring gaze is raised to iris  
fair,  
'T will deem my own dear rosebud's tint the love-  
liest color there!"  
The gentle bud released her clasp—swift as a  
thought he flew,  
And brightly mid that glorious band he soon was  
glowing too—  
All quivering with delight to feel that she, his rose-  
bud bride,  
Was gazing, with a swelling heart, on this, his hour  
of pride!  
But the shadowy night came down at last—the  
glittering bow was gone,  
One little hour of triumph was all the drop had  
won:  
He had lost the warm and tender glow, his distant  
bud-love's hue,  
And he sought her sadly sorrowing—a tear-dimmed  
star of dew.

### NINA TO RIENZI.\*

LEAVE thee, Rienzi! Speak not thus.  
Why should I quit thy side?  
Say, shall I shrink with craven fear,  
Thine own, and freedom's bride?  
Whence comes the sternness on thy lip—  
Needs Nina to be tried?

\* It is recorded, that when the "last of the tribunes" saw, in the discontent of the people and the withdrawal of the favor of the church, approaching peril, he bade his young wife seek shelter with those who would cherish and shield her, and leave him to meet danger alone. But she nobly preferred suffering and death with him should loved, to life with separation from him.

I leave thee ! didst thou win and wed  
 A fond, weak girl—to twine  
 Her arms around thee in thy joy—  
 To press her lips to thine,  
 And breathe a love born of the heart,  
 But not the soul divine !

To thrill with childish awe, whene'er  
 Thy brow grew dark with thought,  
 And when the threat'ning lightnings gleamed  
 Thy dark'ning sky athwart,  
 Shrink from the crash, and leave thee lone,  
 Amid the wrecks it wrought !

Am I not thine—wedded to thee  
 In heart, and soul, and mind—  
 Thou, and free Rome, within my breast  
 As on one altar shrined—  
 My destiny, my very life,  
 Closely with thine entwined !

Thou calledst me thine, when freemen flung  
 Fame's laurel on thy brow ;  
 And am I less thine own—my love

Less fondly cherished now,  
 When Rome dishonoring miscreants dare  
 That fame to disavow !

Look in mine eyes ! thou know'st thy love  
 Has been to me a heaven,  
 In which my soul has floated, like  
 The one pure star of even—  
 Proud in the lofty consciousness  
 Of glory gained and given.

Nay, strive not to look coldly, love,  
 Thou reckst not of the power  
 With which my heart will cling to thine  
 In mad misfortune's hour—  
 Glowing more bright its changeless truth,  
 As darker storms shall lower.

And oh, Rienzi ! should Heaven deem  
 Thy sacred mission done,  
 How glorious 'twere to die with thee,  
 My own, my worshipped one—  
 As, bathed in living light, the day  
 Dies with the setting sun !



MRS. ELIZABETH AKERS ALLEN.

BABYHOOD.

O, BABY, with your marvellous eyes,  
Clear as the yet unfallen dew,  
Methinks you are the only wise,—  
No change can touch you with surprise,—  
Nothing is strange or new to you.

You did not weep, when faint and weak  
Grew Love's dear hand within your hold,  
And, when I pressed your living cheek  
Close down to lips which could not speak,  
You did not start to find them cold.

You think it morning when you wake,  
That night comes when your eyelids fall,  
That the winds blow, and blossoms shake,  
And the sun shincs for your small sake;  
And, queen-like, you accept it all.

O you are wise ! you comprehend  
What my slow sense may not divine,—  
The sparrow is your fearless friend,  
And even these pine-tassels bend  
More fondly to your cheek than mine.

When in the summer woods we walk,  
All shy, sweet things commune with you :  
You understand the robin's talk ;  
And when a flower bends its stalk,  
You answer it with nod and coo.

Sometimes, with playful prank and wile,  
As seeing what I cannot see,  
You look into the air, and smile,  
And murmur softly all the while  
To one who speaks no word to me.

Is it because your sacred youth  
Is free from touch of time or toil ?  
I cannot tell ;—perhaps, in sooth,  
Clean hands may grasp the fair white truth  
Withheld from mine through fear of soil.

I guard you with a needless care,  
O child, so sinlessly secure !  
I see that even now you wear  
A dawning glory in your hair,—  
And fittingly, for you are pure:

Pure to the heart's unsullied core,  
As, conscious of its spotless trust,  
The lily's temple is, before  
The bee profanes its marble floor,  
Leaving a track of golden dust.

O, shield me with your light caress,  
Dear heart, so stainless and so new !  
Unconscious of your loveliness,  
Your beauty, fresh and shadowless,  
As is a violet of its blue.

Perhaps through death our souls may gain  
Your perfect peace, your holy rest.  
Life has not vexed us all in vain,  
If, after all this woe and pain,  
We may be blessed babes again,  
Cradled on Love's immortal breast !

GOING TO SLEEP.

THE light is fading down the sky,  
The shadows grow and multiply ;  
I hear the thrushes' evening song :  
But I have borne with toil and wrong  
So long, so long !  
Dim dreams my drowsy senses drown,—  
So, darling, kiss my eyelids down !

My life's brief spring went wasted by,  
My summer ended fruitlessly ;  
I learned to hunger, strive, and wait:  
I found you, love,—O happy fate!—  
So late, so late !  
Now all my fields are turning brown,—  
So, darling, kiss my eyelids down !

O blessed sleep ! O perfect rest !  
Thus pillowed on your faithful breast,  
Nor life nor death is wholly drear,  
O tender heart, since you are here,—  
So dear, so dear !  
Sweet love ! my soul's sufficient crown !  
Now, darling, kiss my eyelids down !

LEFT BEHIND.

It was the autumn of the year—  
The strawberry-leaves were red and sere,  
October's airs were fresh and chill,  
When, pausing on the windy hill,  
The hill that overlooks the sea,  
You talked confidingly to me,—  
Me, whom your keen artistic sight  
Has not yet learned to read aright,  
Since I have veiled my heart from you,  
And loved you better than you knew.

You told me of your toilsome past,  
The tardy honors won at last,  
The trials borne, the conquests gained,  
The longed-for boon of Fame attained :  
I knew that every victory  
But lifted you away from me,—  
That every step of high emprise  
But left me lowlier in your eyes :  
I watched the distance as it grew,  
And loved you better than you knew.

You did not see the bitter trace  
Of anguish sweep across my face ;  
You did not hear my proud heart beat  
Heavy and slow beneath your feet :  
You thought of triumphs still unwon,  
Of glorious deeds as yet undone ;  
And I, the while you talked to me,  
I watched the gulls float lonesomely  
Till lost amid the hungry blue,  
And loved you better than you knew.

You walked the sunny side of fate ;  
The wise world smiles, and calls you great ;  
The golden fruitage of success  
Drops at your feet in plenteousness ;  
And you have blessings manifold,—  
Renown and power, and friends and gold.  
They build a wall between us twain  
Which may not be thrown down again.  
Alas! for I, the long years through,  
Have loved you better than you knew.

Your life's proud aim, your art's high truth,  
Have kept the promise of your youth ;  
And while you won the crown which now  
Breaks into bloom upon your brow,  
My soul cried strongly out to you  
Across the ocean's yearning blue,  
While, unremembered and afar,  
I watched you, as I watch a star  
Through darkness struggling into view,  
And loved you better than you knew.

I used to dream, in all these years  
Of patient faith and silent tears,  
That Love's strong hand would put aside  
The barriers of place and pride,—  
Would reach the pathless darkness through  
And draw me softly up to you.  
Perchance the violets o'er my dust  
Will half betray their buried trust,  
And say, their blue eyes full of dew,  
"She loved you better than you knew."

#### ENDURANCE.

How much the heart may bear, and yet not  
break !

How much the flesh may suffer, and not die!  
I question much if any pain or ache  
Of soul or body brings our end more nigh :  
Death chooses his own time ; till that is sworn,  
All evils may be borne.

We shrink and shudder at the surgeon's  
knife,  
Each nerve recoiling from the cruel steel  
Whose edge seems searching for the quiver-  
ing life,  
Yet to our sense the bitter pangs reveal,  
That still, although the trembling flesh be  
torn,

This also can be borne.

We see a sorrow rising in our way,  
And try to flee from the approaching ill ;  
We seek some small escape ; we weep and  
pray ;

But when the blow falls, then our hearts  
are still ;  
Not that the pain is of its sharpness shorn,  
But that it can be borne.

We wind our life about another life ;  
We hold it closer, dearer than our own :  
Anon it faints and fails in deathly strife,  
Leaving us stunned, and stricken, and  
alone ;  
But ah! we do not die with those we mourn,—  
This also can be borne.

Behold, we live through all things,—fam-  
ine, thirst,  
Bereavement, pain ; all grief and misery,  
All woe and sorrow ; life inflicts its worst  
On soul and body,—but we cannot die.  
Though we be sick, and tired, and faint, and  
worn,—  
Lo, all things can be borne!

#### SINGING IN THE RAIN.

WHERE the elm-tree branches by the rain  
are stirred,  
Careless of the shower, swings a little bird :  
Clouds may frown and darken, drops may  
fall in vain ;—  
Little heeds the warbler singing in the rain!

Silence soft, unbroken, reigneth every-  
where,—  
Save the rain's low heart-throbs pulsing on  
the air,—  
Save the song, which, pausing, wins no  
answering strain ;—  
Little cares the robin singing in the rain!

Not yet are the orchards rich with rosy snow,  
Nor with dandelions are the fields aglow ;  
Yet almost my fancy in his song's sweet  
flow  
Hears the June leaves whisper, and the  
roses blow!

Dimmer fall the shadows, mistier grows the  
air,—  
Still the thick clouds gather, darkening here  
and there.  
From their heavy fringes pour the drops  
again ;  
Still the bird is swinging, singing in the  
rain.

O thou hopeful singer, whom my faith per-  
ceives  
To a dove transfigured bringing olive-  
leaves,—  
Olive-leaves of promise, types of joy to  
be ;—  
How, in doubt and trial, learns my heart  
of thee !

Cheerful summer prophet ! listening to thy  
song,  
How my fainting spirit groweth glad and  
strong.  
Let the black clouds gather, let the sun-  
shine wane,  
If I may but join thee singing in the rain !



## A SPRING LOVE-SONG.

THE earth is waking at the voice of May,  
The new grass brightens by the trodden way,  
The woods wave welcome to the sweet spring  
day,  
And the sea is growing summer blue;  
But fairer, sweeter than the smiling sky,  
Or bashful violet with tender eye,  
Is she whose love for me will never die,—  
I love you, darling, only you!

O, friendships falter when misfortunes frown,  
The blossoms vanish when the leaves turn  
brown,  
The shells lie stranded when the tide goes  
down,  
But you, dear heart, are ever true.  
The grass grows greenest when the rain-  
drops fall,  
The vine clasps closest to the crumbling  
wall,—  
So love blooms sweetest under sorrow's  
thrall,—  
I love you, darling, only you!

The early robin may forget to sing,  
The loving mosses may refuse to cling,  
Or the brook to tinkle at the call of spring,  
But you, dear heart, are ever true.  
Let the silver mingle with your curls of gold.  
Let the years grow dreary and the world  
wax old,  
But the love I bear for you will ne'er grow  
cold,—  
I love you, darling, only you!

## THE AMBER ROSARY.

MY birthday! I must keep it, as of old,  
And wear some token of a holiday;  
For see the woods are gay with red and gold,  
And autumn sings her merriest roundelay.  
I have no heart for dainty robes to-day,  
And flowers do not suit me any more;  
So, from the darkness where it hides away,  
I take this relic of the days of yore,—  
Only an antique amber rosary,  
Whose beads still hold the mellow light  
of Rome,  
Clasped by a cross of blackest ebony,  
Fashioned by loving fingers here at home.  
And as I lift again the chain and cross,  
The bright beads seem a wreath of golden  
days,  
Ended too soon by black and bitter loss,  
Made gloomier still by their contrasting  
rays.  
O, liquidly the sunlight filters through  
These shining spheres of warm translucent  
gold,  
Changing to drops of rich and wondrous hue,  
Like precious wine of vintage rare and old.  
Ah me! this rosary, in other lands,  
Has learned more prayers than I shall ever  
know,—

Its slow beads slipped and smoothed by pious  
hands,  
Whose pulses stopped a hundred years ago.

It keeps an odor mystical and dim,  
As of old churches, where the censer  
swings,—  
Where, listening to the echo-chanted hymn,  
The sculptured angels fold their marble  
wings.

Where through the windows melts the un-  
willing light,  
And in its passage learns their gorgeous  
stain,  
Then bars the gloom with rays all rainbow  
bright,  
As human souls grow beautiful through  
pain.

One birthday,—it might be a year ago,  
Or fifty, or a thousand,—one who smiled  
Counted these beads, and praised their mar-  
vellous glow,  
Saying, "I bring a gift to you, dear child,—

"An amulet, not made of gems or gold,  
But drops of light, imprisoned from above.  
Gold were too heavy; gems, too hard and  
cold;  
And only amber suits the soul of love.

"What fitter birthday token could I give?  
See how the clear orbs answer to the sun?  
I clasp them at your throat, and you shall live  
A perfect golden year for every one!"

"Then why the cross?" I asked. He sighed  
and said,  
"For possible sorrows." Ah, these useless  
tears!

The hand which placed it here, now cold and  
dead,  
Forgets to twine for me the golden years.

Forgets to bless her waiting head, who wears  
For his dear sake these amber beads  
to-day,—

Forgets to make the cruel cross she bears  
Grow lighter as the birthdays wear away.

Yet still the amber gleams, and unawares  
Turns all to gold beneath its mellow ray;  
O pure hearts, glowing with remembered  
prayers,  
Plead for her peace who has no heart to  
pray!

## OCTOBER.

THE door-yard trees put on their autumn  
bloom,  
Purple, and gold, and crimson rich and  
strong,  
That stain the light, and give my lonesome  
room  
An atmosphere of sunset all day long.

In giddy whirls the yellow elm-leaves fall,  
The rifed cherry-boughs grow sere and  
thinned,

Yet still the morning-glories on the wall  
Fling out their purple trumpets to the  
wind,—

So full but now of summer's triumph-notes,  
The moth's soft wing their powdery sta-  
mens stirred,

The bee's rich murmur filled their honeyed  
throats,  
And the quick thrilling of the humming-  
bird.

In the long dreary nights of storm I hear  
The windy woodbine beat against the pane,  
Trembling and shuddering with cold and  
fear,  
Like one who seeks a shelter all in vain.

The sobbing rain deplores the sad decline  
Of all which erst was fair, and sweet, and  
young,

The tender fingers of the clambering vine  
Are bruised against the trellis where they  
clung.

This is my world dismantled, cold and bare ;  
The winter threatens, lowering and  
drear ;—

Where are the pattering feet, the shining  
hair,  
The eyes which made it always summer  
here ?

---

AT LAST.

---

At last, when all the summer shine  
That warmed life's early hours is past,  
Your loving fingers seek for mine  
And hold them close—at last—at last !  
Not off the robin comes to build  
Its nest upon the leafless bough  
By autumn robbed, by winter chilled,—  
But you, dear heart, you love me now.

Though there are shadows on my brow  
And furrows on my cheek, in truth,—  
The marks where Time's remorseless plough  
Broke up the blooming sward of Youth,—  
Though fled is every girlish grace  
Might win or hold a lover's vow,  
Despite my sad and faded face,  
And darkened heart, you love me now !

I count no more my wasted tears ;  
They left no echo of their fall ;  
I mourn no more my lonesome years ;  
This blessed hour atones for all.  
I fear not all that Time or Fate  
May bring to burden heart or brow,—  
Strong in the love that came so late,  
Our souls shall keep it always *now* !

---

LAST.

---

FRIEND, whose smile has come to be  
Very precious unto me,  
Though I know I drank not first  
Of your love's bright fountain-burst,  
Yet I grieve not for the past,  
So you only love me last !

Other souls may find their joy  
In the blind love of a boy :  
Give me that which years have tried,  
Disciplined and purified,—  
Such as, braving sun and blast,  
You will bring to me at last !

There are brows more fair than mine,  
Eyes of more bewitching shine,  
Other hearts more fit, in truth,  
For the passion of your youth ;  
But, their transient empire past,  
You will surely love me last !

Wing away your summer-time,  
Find a love in every clime,  
Roam in liberty and light,—  
I shall never stay your flight ;  
For I know, when all is past,  
You will come to me at last !

Change and flutter as you will,  
I shall smile securely still ;  
Patiently I trust, and wait,  
Though you tarry long and late ;  
Prize your spring till it be past,  
Only, only love me last !

---

FORGOTTEN.

---

In this dim shadow, where  
She found the quiet which all tired hearts  
crave,  
Now, without grief or care,  
The wild bees murmur, and the blossoms  
wave,  
And the forgetful air  
Blows heedlessly across her grassy grave.

Yet when she lived on earth,  
She loved this leafy dell, and knew by name  
All things of sylvan birth ;  
Squirrel and bird chirped welcome, when she  
came ;  
But now, in careless mirth,  
They frisk, and build, and warble all the  
same.

From the great city near,  
Wherein she toiled through life's incessant  
quest  
For weary year on year,  
Come the far voices of its deep unrest  
To touch her dead, deaf ear,  
And surge unechoed o'er her pulseless breast.

The hearts which clung to her  
Have sought out other shrines, as all hearts  
must,  
When Time, the comforter,  
Has worn their grief out, and replaced their  
trust ;  
Not even neglect can stir  
This little handful of forgotten dust.

Grass waves, and insects hum,  
And then the snow blows bitterly across ;  
Strange footsteps go and come,  
Breaking the dew-drops on the starry moss  
She lieth still and dumb,  
Counting no longer either gain or loss.

Ah, well,—'tis better so ;  
 Let the dust deepen as the years increase ;  
 Of her who sleeps below  
 Let the name perish, and the memory cease,  
 Since she has come to know  
 That which through life she vainly prayed  
 for,—Peace !

—+—  
 IN AN ATTIC.

THIS is my attic room. Sit down, my friend.  
 My swallow's nest is high and hard to gain ;  
 The stairs are long and steep ; but at the end  
 The rest repays the pain.

For here are peace and freedom ; room for  
 speech  
 Or silence, as may suit a changeful mood :  
 Society's hard by-laws do not reach  
 This lofty altitude.

You hapless dwellers in the lower rooms  
 See only bricks and sand and windowed  
 walls ;  
 But here, above the dust and smoky glooms,  
 Heaven's light unhindered falls.

So early in the street the shadows creep,  
 Your night begins while yet my eyes be-  
 hold  
 The purpling hills, the wide horizon's sweep,  
 Flooded with sunset gold.

The day comes earlier here. At morn I see  
 Along the roofs the eldest sunbeam peep ;  
 I live in daylight, limitless and free,  
 While you are lost in sleep.

I catch the rustle of the maple-leaves,  
 I see the breathing branches rise and fall,  
 And hear, from their high perch along the  
 eaves.

The bright-necked pigeons call.

Far from the parlors with their garrulous  
 crowds  
 I dwell alone, with little need of words ;  
 I have mute friendships with the stars and  
 clouds,  
 And love-trysts with the birds.

So all who walk steep ways, in grief and  
 night,  
 Where every step is full of toil and pain,  
 May see, when they have gained the sharpest  
 height,  
 It has not been in vain,

Since they have left behind the noise and  
 heat ;  
 And, though their eyes drop tears, their  
 sight is clear :  
 The air is purer, and the breeze is sweet,  
 And the blue heaven more near.

—+—  
 OCTOBER TO MAY.

THE day that brightens half the earth  
 Is night to half. Ah, sweet,  
 One's mourning is another's mirth,—  
 You wear your bright years like a crown,  
 While mine, dead garlands, tangle down  
 In chains about my feet.

The breeze which wakes the folded flower  
 Sweeps dead leaves from the tree ;  
 So partial Time, as hour by hour  
 He tells the rapid years,—*cheu !*—  
 Brings bloom and beauty still to you,  
 But leaves his blight with me.

The sun which calls the violet up  
 Out of the moistened mould  
 Withers the wind-flower's fragile cup,—  
 For even Nature has her pets,  
 And, favoring the new, forgets  
 To love and spare the old.

The shower that makes the bud a rose  
 Beats off the lilac bloom ;  
 I am a lilac ; so life goes ;  
 A lilac that has outlived May ;  
 You are a blush-rose : well-a-day !  
 I pass, and give you room !

—+—  
 EVENING.

HARK ! hear the sleet against the pane,  
 And hear the wild winds blow !  
 It chills me with a shuddering dread,  
 This heavy, heaping snow,—  
 I cannot bear that all night long  
 The drifts should deepen so.

O darling, that this storm should beat  
 Upon thy lonesome bed !  
 O darling, that this drifting snow  
 Should heap above thy head,  
 And I not there to shelter thee,  
 And bear the storm instead !

I trim anew the glowing fire,—  
 The flames leap merrily ;  
 I make the lamplight bright and clear,—  
 Thou art not here to see.  
 Ah, since I sit here all alone  
 What are they all to me ?

O dreary hearth ! O lonesome life !  
 O empty heart and home !  
 It is not home to me, wherein  
 Thy dear feet never come,—  
 There is no meaning in the word  
 Since thy loved lips are dumb !

So, all in vain the bright flames dance,  
 The ruddy embers glow :  
 I shiver in the mellow light,  
 Because, alas, I know  
 The snow-drifts heap above thy sleep,—  
 This heavy, heaping snow !

—+—  
 PROPHECY.

THERE 's a clasp upon my fingers,  
 There's a kiss upon my brow,  
 In my ear Love's breathing lingers,—  
 But, alas, it is not thou !  
 Since I walk no more with thee,  
 O, the days have come to be  
 Dreary, dreary unto me ;—  
 Best beloved, where art thou ?

In these sweet, prophetic mornings,  
 When the brown buds load the bough,  
 And the air brings summer warnings,  
 All my heart cries, "Where art thou?"  
 Still my heart, for evermore  
 Yearning toward the misty shore,  
 Keeps repeating o'er and o'er,  
 "Best beloved, where art thou?"

When my soul grows faint with pining,  
 And at death's behest I bow,  
 On some kindly breast reclining  
 I shall sigh, "Would it were *thou*!  
 Unforgotten, dearest, best,  
 Would that thy most faithful breast  
 Could have pillowed my last rest,—  
 O beloved, were it *thou*!"

Gentle voices breathe around me  
 Words with fondest meaning blent;  
 Love's most tender care has crowned me  
 With all blessings but content;  
 O the blessed days of old!  
 O the love too long untold!  
 O the years so dark and cold,  
 And their burden, "Were it *thou*!"

—  
 "MY DEARLING."  
 —

My Darling!—thus, in days long fled,  
 In spite of creed and court and queen,  
 King Henry wrote to Anne Boleyn,—  
 The dearest pet name ever said,  
 And dearly purchased, too, I ween!  
 Poor child! she played a losing game:  
 She won a heart,—so Henry said,—  
 But ah! the price she gave instead!  
 Men's hearts, at best, are but a name:  
 She paid for Henry's with her head!  
 You count men's hearts as something worth?  
 Not I: were I a maid unwed,  
 I'd rather have my own fair head  
 Than all the lovers on the earth,  
 Than all the hearts that ever bled!  
 "My Darling!" with a love most true,  
 Having no fear of creed or queen,  
 I breathe that name my prayers between;  
 But it shall never bring to you  
 The hapless fate of Anne Boleyn!

—  
 WHEN THE LEAVES ARE TURNING BROWN.  
 —

NEVER is my heart so gay  
 In the budding month of May,  
 Never does it beat a tune  
 Half so sweet in bloomy June,  
 Never knows such happiness  
 As on such a day as this,  
 When October dons her crown,  
 And the leaves are turning brown.

Breathe, sweet children, soft regrets  
 For the vanished violets;  
 Sing, young lovers, the delights  
 Of the golden summer nights;—

Never in the summer hours  
 On my way such radiance showers  
 As from heaven falls softly down,  
 When the leaves are turning brown.

Braid your girdles, fresh and gay,  
 Children, in the bloom of May;  
 Twist your chaplets in young June,  
 Maidens,—they will fade full soon;  
 Twine ripe roses, July-red,  
 Lovers, for the dear one's head;—  
 I will weave my richer crown  
 When the leaves are turning brown!

—  
 CONSOLATION.  
 —

NOW leave, O leave me! I have stayed to  
 hear  
 All the vain comfortings your lips have  
 said,—  
 Well meant, but yet they fall upon my ear  
 As yellow leaves might whirl about my  
 head;—  
 Now leave me with my dead.

I would not be ungrateful, friends; but still  
 Your kind, condoling voices trouble me:  
 This aching need, which words can never fill,  
 Rejects your proffered comfort utterly,  
 As husks and vanity.

They are unwise physicians who would bind  
 A bleeding wound, and pour in wine and oil,  
 While yet the arrow-head remains behind;—  
 This stab, whence yet the ruddy life-drops  
 boil,  
 Mocks your unskillful toil.

You tell me that to him I mourn is given  
 Such bliss as makes this world seem poor  
 and dim;—  
 Is there an angel in the whole of heaven,  
 In all the shining ranks of seraphim,  
 Can take *my* place to him?

Can he be happy while I grieve and pine?  
 Can he rejoice, and I in misery?  
 Then he is changed, and is no longer mine;  
 For he so loved me, that he could not be  
 Content away from me.

And yet you say he dwells in joy and peace,  
 Far from this dim and sorrowful estate,  
 And, when my earthly wanderings shall  
 cease,  
 Will come and meet me at life's outer gate:  
 "Be strong," you say, "and wait."

Would that I were like Stephen, and could  
 see,  
 What time the cruel stones bruise out my  
 soul,  
 The opening heavens, and angels waiting me!  
 Alas! I hear no homeward chariot-roll,  
 No welcome to the goal.

Ah me! the red is yet upon my cheek,  
 And in my veins life's vigorous currents  
 play;  
 Adown my hair there shines no warning  
 streak,

And the sweet meeting which you paint  
to-day  
Seems sadly far away.

Another tells me that he loves me still,—  
Sees, hears, and guides me through life's  
hurrying throng,  
While I, despite my yearning sense and will,  
Am blind and deaf, and do his deep love  
wrong,  
By weeping all day long.

What does it comfort me, if still he walks  
Beside me all the while, invisibly?  
What does it help me, that a dear ghost  
mocks

Blind eyes with unseen smiles? I fail to see  
What comfort it may be.

There is *no* balm. Though he may dwell in  
bliss,

I sit in grief. It is the loss, the lack,  
The absence, and the utter emptiness  
Which kill me. Comfort?—Find the grave-  
ward track  
And bring my darling back!

— — —  
A DREAM.  
— — —

BACK again, darling? O day of delight!  
How I have longed for you, morning and  
night!  
Watched for you, pined for you, all the days  
through,

Craving no boon and no blessing but you,—  
Prayed for you, plead for you, sought you in  
vain,

Striving forever to find you again,—  
Counting all anguish as naught, if I might  
Clasp you again as I clasp you to-night!

O, I have sorrowed and suffered so much  
Since I last answered your lip's loving  
touch,—

Through the night-watches, in daylight's  
broad beams,  
Anguished by visions and tortured by  
dreams,—

Dreams so replete with bewildering pain,  
Still it is throbbing in heart and in brain:  
O, for I dreamed,—keep me close to your  
side,

Darling, O darling!—I dreamed you had died!

Dreamed that I stood by your pillow, and  
heard  
From your pale lips love's last half-uttered  
word;

And by the light of the May-morning skies  
Watched your face whiten, and saw your  
dear eyes

Gazing far into the Wonderful Land;  
Felt your fond fingers grow cold in my  
hand;—

“Darling,” you whispered, “My darling!”  
you said

Faintly, so faintly,—and then you were dead!

O the dark hours when I knelt by your grave,  
Calling upon you to love and to save,—

Pleading in vain for a sign or a word  
Only to tell me you listened and heard,—  
Only to say you remembered and knew  
How all my soul was in anguish for you;  
Bitter, despairing, the tears that I shed,  
Darling, O darling, because you were dead!

O the black days of your absence, my own!  
O to be left in the wide world alone!  
Long, with our little one clasped to my breast,  
Wandered I, seeking for refuge and rest;  
Yet all the world was so careless and cold,  
Vainly I sought for a sheltering fold;—  
There was no roof and no home for my head,  
Darling, O darling, because you were dead!

Yet, in the midst of the darkness and pain,  
Darling, I knew I should find you again!  
Knew, as the roses know, under the snow,  
How the next summer will set them aglow;  
So did I always, the dreary days through,  
Keep my heart single and sacred to you  
As on the beautiful day we were wed,  
Darling, O darling, although you were dead!

O the great joy of awaking, to know  
I did but dream all that torturing woe!  
O the delight, that my searching can trace  
Nothing of coldness or change in your face!  
Still is your forehead unfurrowed and fair;  
None of the gold is lost out of your hair,  
None of the light from your dear eyes has  
fled—

Darling, O how could I dream you were dead?

Now you are here, you will always remain,  
Never, O never to leave me again!  
How it has vanished, the anguish of years!  
Vanished! nay, these are not sorrowful  
tears,—

Happiness only my cheek has impearled,—  
There is no grieving for me in the world;  
Dark clouds may threaten, but I have no fear,  
Darling, O darling, because you are here!

— — —  
ANSWER ME.  
— — —

If you love me, friend, to-night,  
Much and tenderly,  
Let me rest my wearied head  
Here upon your knee;  
And the while I question you,  
Prithee answer me,—  
Answer me!

Is there not a gleam of peace  
On this tiresome earth?  
Does not one oasis cheer  
All this dreary dearth?  
And does all this toil and pain  
Give no blessing birth?  
Answer me!

Comes there never quiet, when  
Once our hearts awake?  
Must they then for evermore  
Labor, strive, and ache?  
Have they no inheritance  
But to bear—and break?  
Answer me!

## THE SPARROW AT SEA.

AGAINST the baffling winds, with slow advance,  
 One drear December day,  
 Up the vexed Channel, toward the coast of France,  
 Our vessel urged her way.

Around the dim horizon's misty slopes  
 The storm its banners hung ;  
 And, pulling bravely at the heavy ropes,  
 The dripping sailors sung.

A little land-bird, from its home-nest warm,  
 Bewildered, driven, and lost,  
 With wearied wings, came drifting on the storm,  
 From the far English coast.

Blown blindly onward, with a headlong speed  
 It could not guide or check,  
 Seeking some shelter in its utter need,  
 It dropped upon the deck.

Forgetting all its dread of human foes,  
 Desiring only rest,  
 It folded its weak wings, and nestled close  
 And gladly to my breast.

Wherefore, I said, this little flickering life,  
 Which now all panting lies,  
 Shall yet forget its peril and its strife,  
 And soar in sunny skies.

To-morrow, gaining England's shore again,  
 Its wings shall find their rest ;  
 And soon, among the leaves of some green lane,  
 Brood o'er a summer nest.

And when, amid my future wanderings,  
 My far and devious quest,  
 I hear a warbling bird, whose carol rings  
 More sweetly than the rest, —

Then I shall say, with heart awake and warm,  
 And sudden sympathy,  
 " It is the bird I sheltered in the storm,  
 The life I saved at sea ! "

But when the morning fell across the ship,  
 And storm and cloud were fled,  
 The golden beak no longer sought my lip, —  
 The wearied bird was dead.

The bitter cold, the driving wind and rain,  
 Were borne too many hours ;  
 My pity came too late and all in vain,  
 Sunshine on frozen flowers.

Thus many a heart which dwells in grief and tears,  
 Braving and suffering much,  
 Bears patiently the wrong and pain of years,  
 But breaks at Love's first touch !

## ROCK ME TO SLEEP.

BACKWARD, turn backward, O Time, in your flight,  
 Make me a child again just for to-night !  
 Mother, come back from the echoless shore,  
 Take me again to your heart as of yore ;  
 Kiss from my forehead the furrows of care,  
 Smooth the few silver threads out of my hair ;  
 Over my slumbers your loving watch keep ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

Backward, flow backward, O tide of the years !  
 I am so weary of toil and of tears, —  
 Toil without recompense, tears all in vain, —  
 Take them, and give me my childhood again !  
 I have grown weary of dust and decay, —  
 Weary of flinging my soul-wealth away ;  
 Weary of sowing for others to reap ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

Tired of the hollow, the base, the untrue,  
 Mother, O mother, my heart calls for you !  
 Many a summer the grass has grown green,  
 Blossomed and faded, our faces between :  
 Yet, with strong yearning and passionate pain,  
 Long I to-night for your presence again.  
 Come from the silence so long and so deep ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

Over my heart, in the days that are flown,  
 No love like mother-love ever has shone ;  
 No other worship abides and endures, —  
 Faithful, unselfish, and patient like yours :  
 None like a mother can charm away pain  
 From the sick soul and the world-weary brain.  
 Slumber's soft calms o'er my heavy lids creep ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

Come, let your brown hair, just lighted with gold,  
 Fall on your shoulders again as of old ;  
 Let it drop over my forehead to-night,  
 Shading my faint eyes away from the light ;  
 For with its sunny-edged shadows once more  
 Haply will throng the sweet visions of yore ;  
 Lovingly, softly, its bright billows sweep ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

Mother, dear mother, the years have been long  
 Since I last listened your lullaby song :  
 Sing, then, and unto my soul it shall seem  
 Womanhood's years have been only a dream.  
 Clasped to your heart in a loving embrace,  
 With your light lashes just sweeping my face,  
 Never hereafter to wake or to weep ; —  
 Rock me to sleep, mother, — rock me to sleep !

## MRS. ROLLIN COOKE,

(ROSE TERRY.)

### DONE FOR.

A WEEK ago to-day, when red-haired Sally  
Down to the sugar-camp came to see me,  
I saw her checked frock coming down the  
valley,

Far as any body's eyes could see.  
Now I sit before the camp-fire,  
And I can't see the pine-knots blaze,  
Nor Sally's pretty face a-shining,  
Though I hear the good words she says.

A week ago to-night I was tired and lonely,  
Sally was gone back to Mason's Fort,  
And the boys by the sugar-kettles left me  
only ;

They were hunting coons for sport.  
By there snaked a painted Pawnee,  
I was asleep before the fire ;  
He creased my two eyes with his hatchet,  
And scalped me to his heart's desire.

There they found me on the dry tussocks  
lying,

Bloody and cold as a live man could be ;  
A hoot-owl on the branches overhead was  
crying,

Crying murder to the red Pawnee.  
They brought me to the camp-fire,  
They washed me in the sweet white  
spring ;

But my eyes were full of flashes,  
And all night my ears would sing.

I thought I was a hunter on the prairie,  
But they saved me for an old blind dog ;  
When the hunting-grounds are cool and  
airy,

I shall lie here like a helpless log.  
I can't ride the little wiry pony,  
That scrambles over hills high and low ;  
I can't set my traps for the cony,  
Or bring down the black buffalo.

I'm no better than a rusty, bursted rifle,  
And I don't see signs of any other trail ;  
Here by the camp-fire blaze I lie and stifle,  
And hear Jim fill the kettles with his pail.  
Its no use groaning. I like Sally,  
But a Digger squaw wouldn't have me !  
I wish they hadn't found me in the valley,—  
It's twice dead not to see !

### AFTER THE CAMANCHES.

SADDLE, saddle, saddle !  
Mount and gallop away !  
Over the dim green prairie,  
Straight on the track of day,

Spare not spur for mercy,  
Hurry with shout and thong,  
Fiery and tough is the mustang,  
The prairie is wide and long.

Saddle, saddle, saddle !  
Leap from the broken door  
Where the brute Camanche entered  
And the white-foot treads no more.  
The hut is burned to ashes,  
There are dead men stark outside,  
But only a long dark ringlet  
Left of the stolen bride.

Go, like the east-wind's howling !  
Ride with death behind.  
Stay not for food or slumber,  
Till the thieving wolves ye find !  
They came before the wedding,  
Swifter than prayer or priest ;  
The bridemen danced to bullets,  
The wild dogs ate the feast.

Look to rifle and powder !  
Fasten the knife-belt sure ;  
Loose the coil of the lasso,  
Make the loop secure ;  
Fold the flask in the poncho,  
Fill the pouch with maize,  
And ride as if to-morrow  
Were the last of living days !

Saddle, saddle, saddle !  
Redden spur and thong ;  
Ride like the mad tornado,  
The track is lonely and long.  
Spare not horse nor rider ;  
Fly for the stolen bride ;  
Bring her home on the crupper,  
A scalp on either side !

### DOUBT.

THEE bee knows honey,  
And the blossoms light,  
Day the dawning,  
Stars the night ;  
The slow, glad river  
Knows its sea :  
Is it true, Love,  
I know not thee ?

When the Summer  
Brings snow-drifts piled,  
When the planets  
Go wandering wild,  
When the old hill-tops  
Valleys be,—  
Tell me true, Love,  
Shall I know thee ?

Where'er I wander,  
By sea or shore,  
A dim, sweet vision  
Flies fast before,  
Its lingering shadow  
Floats over me;—  
I know thy shade, Love,  
Do I know thee?

“Rest in thy dreaming,  
Child divine!  
What grape-bloom knoweth  
Its fiery wine?  
Only the sleeper  
No sun can see;  
He that doubteth  
Knows not me.”

---

CAIN.

HERE it found me—“Where is thy brother?”

Out of the very heavens it fell,  
Sharp as a peal of rattling thunder,  
Then the echo leapt up from hell.

He—Jehovah—“Where is thy brother?”  
I knew, He knew—the devil laughed.  
He that gave me the staff to fell him.  
So the archer reviled the shaft!

Oh, my brother, my brother, my brother!  
Thy blood panted and throbb'd in me.  
We were children of one mother,  
Little children upon her knee.

Oh, my brother, my brother, my brother!  
Sad-eyed, tender, good, and true.  
Never more on hill or valley,  
Never tracked through the morning dew.

I held up the staff before me,  
Down it crashed on the gentle head.  
One live look of wondering sorrow,  
One sharp quiver—that was dead.

Thou! Thou gavest me a brother—  
Gave me a life to cast away—  
Hast Thou in heaven such another?  
Hast Thou in heaven a sword to slay?

Hasten Thou—“Where is thy brother?”  
Voice my curst lips dare not name.  
Hasten! write with thy fiery finger  
On my forehead the murderer's shame.

I am doomed—alone for ever.  
Yet, so long as the slow years part,  
Thou shalt brand new Cains with curses,  
Not on the forehead, but in the heart!

---

“CHE SARA SARA.”

SHE walked in the garden  
And a rose hung on a tree,  
Red as heart's blood,  
Fair to see.

“Ah, kind south-wind,  
Bend it to me!”  
But the wind laughed softly,  
And blew to the sea.

High on the branches,  
Far above her head,  
Like a king's cup  
Round, and red.  
“I am comely,”  
The maiden said,  
“I have gold like shore-sand,  
I wish I were dead!

“Blushes and rubies  
Are not like a rose,  
Through its deep heart  
Love-life flows.  
Ah, what splendors  
Can give me repose!  
What is all the world worth?  
I cannot reach my rose.”

---

MIDNIGHT.

THE west-wind blows, the west-wind blew,  
The snow hissed cruelly,  
All night I heard the baffled cry  
Of mariners on the sea.

I saw the icy shrouds and sail,  
The slippery, reeling deck,  
And white-caps dancing pale with flame,  
The corpse-lights of the wreck.

The west-wind blows, the west-wind blew,  
And on its snowy way,  
That hissed and hushed like rushing sand,  
My soul fled far away.

The snow went toward the morning hills  
In curling drifts of white,  
But I went up to the gates of God  
Through all the howling night.

I went up to the gates of God;  
The angel waiting there,  
Who keeps the blood-red keys of Heaven,  
Stooped down to hear my prayer.

“Dear keeper of the keys of Heaven,  
A thousand souls to-night  
Are torn from life on land and sea,  
While life was yet delight.

“But I am tired of storms and pain;  
Sweet angel, let me in!  
And send some strong heart back again,  
To suffer and to sin.”

The angel answered—stern and slow—  
“How darest thou be dead,  
While God seeks dust to make the street  
Where happier men may tread?”

“Go back, and eat earth's bitter herbs,  
Go, hear its dead-bells toll;  
Lie speechless underneath their feet,  
Who tread across thy soul.

“Go, learn the patience of the Lord  
Whose righteous judgments wait;  
Thy murdered cry may cleave the ground,  
But not unbar His gate.”



Right backward, through the whirling  
snow—  
Back, on the battling wind,  
My soul crept slowly to its lair,  
The body left behind.

The west-wind blows, the west-wind blew,  
There are dead men on the sea,  
And landsmen dead, in shrouding drifts—  
But there is life in me.

—  
AT LAST.  
—

THE old, old story o'er again—  
Made up of passion, parting, pain.  
He fought and fell, to live in fame,  
But dying only breathed her name.

Some tears, most sad and innocent ;  
Some rebel thoughts, but all unmeant ;  
Then, with a silent, shrouded heart,  
She turned to life and played her part.

Another man, who vowed and loved,  
Her patient, pitying spirit moved,  
Sweet hopes the dread of life beguiled,—  
The lost love sighed,—the new love smiled.

So she was wed and children bore,  
And then her widowed sables wore ;  
Her eyes grew dim, her tresses gray,  
And dawned at length her dying day.

Her children gather,—some are gone,  
Asleep beneath a lettered stone ;  
The living, cold with grief and fear,  
Stoop down her whispering speech to hear.

No child she calls, no husband needs.  
At death's sharp touch the old wound bleeds :  
" Call him ! " she cried,—her first love's  
name

Leapt from her heart with life's last flame.

—  
DECEMBER XXXI.  
—

THERE goes an old Gaffer over the hill,  
Thieving, and old, and gray ;  
He walks the green world, his wallet to fill,  
And carries good spoil away.

Into his bag he popped a king ;  
After him went a friar,  
Many a lady, with gay gold ring,  
Many a knight and squire.

He carried my true love far away,  
He stole the dog at my door ;  
The wicked old Gaffer, thieving and gray,  
He'll never come by any more.

My little darling, white and fair,  
Sat in the door and spun ;  
He caught her fast by her silken hair,  
Before the child could run.

He stole the florins out of my purse,  
The sunshine out of mine eyes ;  
He stole my roses, and, what is worse,  
The gray old Gaffer told lies.

He promised fair when he came by,  
And laughed as he slipped away,  
For every promise turned out a lie ;  
But his tale is over-to-day.

Good-by, old Gaffer ! you'll come no more,  
You've done your worst for me.  
The next gray robber will pass my door,  
There's nothing to steal or see.

—  
NEW MOON.  
—

ONCE, when the new moon glittered  
So slender in the West,  
I looked across my shoulder,  
And a wild wish stirred my breast.

Over my white, right shoulder  
I looked at the silver horn,  
And wished a wish at even  
To come to pass in the morn.

Whenever the new moon glittered,  
So slender and so fine,  
I looked across my shoulder,  
And wished that wish of mine !

Now, when the West is rosy,  
And the snow-wreaths blush below,  
And I see the light white crescent  
Float downward, soft and slow ;

I never look over my shoulder,  
As I used to look before ;  
For my heart is older and colder,  
And now I wish no more !

—  
INDOLENCE.  
—

INDOLENT, indolent ! yes, I am indolent ;  
So is the grass growing tenderly, slowly ;  
So is the violet fragrant and lowly,  
Drinking in quietness, peace, and content ;  
So is the bird on the light branches swing-  
ing,  
Idly his carol of gratitude singing,  
Only on living and loving intent.

Indolent, indolent ! yes, I am indolent ;  
So is the cloud overhanging the moun-  
tain ;  
So is the tremulous wave of a fountain,  
Uttering softly its silvery psalm.  
Nerve and sensation, in quiet reposing,  
Silent as blossoms the night-dew is clos-  
ing,  
But the full heart beating strongly and  
calm.

Indolent, indolent ! yes, I am indolent,  
If it be idle to gather my pleasure  
Out of creation's uncoveted treasure,  
Midnight and morning, by forest and sea,  
Wild with the tempest's sublime exulta-  
tion,  
Lonely in Autumn's forlorn lamentation,  
Hopeful and happy with Spring and the  
bee.

Indolent, indolent! are ye not indolent?  
 Thralls of the earth and its usages weary,  
 Toiling like gnomes where the darkness is dreary,  
 Toiling and sinning to heap up your gold!  
 Stiffing the heavenward breath of devotion,  
 Crushing the freshness of every emotion;  
 Hearts like the dead which are pulseless and cold!

Indolent, indolent! art thou not indolent?  
 Thou who art living unloving and lonely,  
 Wrapt in a pall that will cover thee only,  
 Shrouded in selfishness, piteous ghost!  
 Sad eyes behold thee, and angels are weeping  
 O'er thy forsaken and desolate sleeping;  
 Art thou not indolent? art thou not lost?

—♦—  
 NEMESIS.

WITH eager steps I go  
 Across the valleys low,  
 Where in deep brakes the writhing serpents hiss.  
 Above, below, around,  
 I hear the dreadful sound  
 Of thy calm breath, eternal Nemesis.

Over the mountains high,  
 Where silent snow-drifts lie,  
 And greet the red morn with a pallid kiss,  
 There, in the awful night,  
 I see the solemn light  
 Of thy clear eyes, avenging Nemesis!

Far down in lonely caves,  
 Dark as the empty graves  
 That wait our dead hopes and our perished bliss,  
 Though to their depths I flee,  
 Still do my fixed eyes see  
 Thy pendant sword, unchanging Nemesis!

Inevitable fate!  
 Still must thy phantoms wait  
 And mock my shadow like its fearful twin?  
 Is there no final rest  
 In this doom-haunted breast?  
 Does thy terrific patience wait therein?

"Aye! wander as thou wilt,  
 The blood thy hand hath spilt  
 Stamps on thy brow its black, eternal sign;  
 Thyself thou canst not flee.  
 Writhe in thine agony!  
 Suffer! despair! thou art condemned—and mine."

—♦—  
 TRUTHS.

I WEAR a rose in my hair,  
 Because I feel like a weed;  
 Who knows that the rose is thorny  
 And makes my temples bleed?  
 If one gets to his journey's end, what matter  
 how galled the steed?

I gloss my face with laughter,  
 Because I cannot be calm;  
 When you listen to the organ,  
 Do you hear the words of the psalm?  
 If they give you poison to drink, 'tis better  
 to call it balm.

If I sneer at youth's wild passion,  
 Who fancies I break my heart?  
 'Tis this world's righteous fashion,  
 With a sneer to cover a smart.  
 Better to give up living than not to play  
 your part.

If I scatter gold like a goblin,  
 My life may yet be poor.  
 Does Love come in at the window  
 When Money stands at the door?  
 I am what I seem to men. Need I be any  
 more?

God sees from the high blue heaven,  
 He sees the grape in the flower;  
 He hears one's life-blood dripping  
 Through the maddest, merriest hour;  
 He knows what sackcloth and ashes hide in  
 the purple of power.

The broken wing of the swallow  
 He binds in the middle air;  
 I shall be what I am in Paradise—  
 So, heart, no more despair!  
 Remember the blessed Jesus, and wipe his  
 feet with thy hair.

—♦—  
 A CHILD'S WISH.

"BE my fairy, mother,  
 Give me a wish a day;  
 Something, as well in sunshine  
 As when the rain-drops play."

"And if I were a fairy,  
 With but one wish to spare,  
 What should I give thee, darling;  
 To quiet thine earnest prayer?"

"I'd like a little brook, mother,  
 All for my very own,  
 To laugh all day among the trees,  
 And shine on the mossy stone;

"To run right under the window,  
 And sing me fast asleep,  
 With soft steps, and a tender sound  
 Over the grass to creep.

"Make it run down the hill, mother,  
 With a leap like a tinkling bell,  
 So fast I never can catch the leaf  
 That into its fountain fell.

"Make it as wild as a frightened bird,  
 As crazy as a bee,  
 And a noise like the baby's funny  
 laugh;  
 That's the brook for me!"

## THE TWO VILLAGES.

OVER the river, on the hill,  
Lieth a village white and still;  
All around it the forest-trees  
Shiver and whisper in the breeze;  
Over it sailing shadows go  
Of soaring hawk and screaming crow,  
And mountain grasses, low and sweet,  
Grow in the middle of every street.

Over the river, under the hill,  
Another village lieth still;  
There I see in the cloudy night  
Twinkling stars of household light,  
Fires that gleam from the smithy's door,  
Mists that curl on the river shore;  
And in the roads no grasses grow,  
For the wheels that hasten to and fro.

In that village on the hill  
Never is sound of smithy or mill;  
The houses are thatched with grass and  
flowers;  
Never a clock to toll the hours;  
The marble doors are always shut,  
You cannot enter in hall or hut;  
All the villagers lie asleep;  
Never a grain to sow or reap;  
Never in dreams to moan or sigh;  
Silent and idle and low they lie.

In that village under the hill,  
When the night is starry and still,  
Many a weary soul in prayer  
Looks to the other village there,  
And weeping and sighing, longs to go  
Up to that home from this below;  
Longs to sleep in the forest wild,  
Whither have vanished wife and child,  
And heareth, praying, this answer fall:  
"Patience! that village shall hold ye  
all!"

## BLUE-BEARD'S CLOSET.

FASTEN the chamber!  
Hide the red key;  
Cover the portal,  
That eyes may not see.  
Get thee to market,  
To wedding and prayer;  
Labor or revel,  
*The chamber is there!*

In comes a stranger—  
"Thy pictures how fine,  
Titian or Guido,  
Whose is the sign?"  
Looks he behind them?  
Ah! have a care!  
"Here is a finer."  
*The chamber is there!*

Fair spreads the banquet,  
Rich the array;  
See the bright torches  
Mimicking day;

When harp and viol  
Thrill the soft air,  
Comes a light whisper:  
*The chamber is there!*

Marble and painting,  
Jasper and gold,  
Purple from Tyrus,  
Fold upon fold,  
Blossoms and jewels,  
Thy palace prepare:  
Pale grows the monarch;  
*The chamber is there!*

Once it was open  
As shore to the sea;  
White were the turrets,  
Goodly to see;  
All through the casements  
Flowed the sweet air;  
Now it is darkness;  
*The chamber is there!*

Silence and horror  
Brood on the walls;  
Through every crevice  
A little voice calls:  
"Quicken, mad footsteps,  
On pavement and stair;  
Look not behind thee,  
*The chamber is there!*"

Out of the gateway,  
Through the wide world,  
Into the tempest  
Beaten and hurled,  
Vain is thy wandering,  
Sure thy despair,  
Flying or staying,  
*The chamber is there!*

## THE ICONOCLAST.

A THOUSAND years shall come and go,  
A thousand years of night and day,  
And man, through all their changing show,  
His tragic drama still shall play.

Ruled by some fond ideal's power,  
Cheated by passion or despair,  
Still shall he waste life's trembling hour,  
In worship vain, and useless prayer.

Ah! where are they who rose in might,  
Who fired the temple and the shrine,  
And hurled, through earth's chaotic night,  
The helpless gods it deemed divine?

Cease, longing soul, thy vain desire!  
What idol, in its stainless prime,  
But falls, untouched of axe or fire,  
Before the steady eyes of Time?

He looks, and lo! our altars fall,  
The shrine reveals its gilded clay,  
With decent hands we spread the pall  
And, cold with wisdom, glide away.

Oh! where were courage, faith, and truth,  
If man went wandering all his day  
In golden clouds of love and youth,  
Nor knew that both his steps betray?

Come, Time, while here we sit and wait,  
Be faithful, spoiler, to thy trust!  
No death can further desolate  
The soul that knows its god was dust.

—  
SEMELE.

"For there bee none of those pagan fables in whiche there lyeth not a more subtle meanyng than the extern expression thereof should att once signifye."—*Marriages of ye Deade.*

SPiRiT of light divine!  
Quick breath of power,  
Breathe on these lips of mine,  
Persuade the bud to flower;  
Cleave thy dull swathe of cloud! no longer  
waits the hour.

Exulting, rapturous flame,  
Dispel the night!  
I dare not breathe thy name,  
I tremble at thy light,  
Yet come! in fatal strength,—come, in all-  
matchless might.

Burn, as the leaping fire  
A martyr's shroud;  
Burn, like an Indian pyre,  
With music fierce and loud.  
Come, Power! Love calls thee,—come, with  
all the god endowed!

Immortal life in death,  
On these wrapt eyes,  
On this quick, failing breath,  
In dread and glory rise.  
The altar waits thy torch,—come, touch the  
sacrifice!

Come! not with gifts of life,  
Not for my good;  
My soul hath kept her strife  
In fear and solitude;  
More blest the inverted torch, the horror-  
curdled blood.

Better in light to die  
Than silent live;  
Rend from these lips one cry,  
One death-born utterance give,  
Then, clay, in fire depart! then, soul, in  
heaven survive!

—  
DEPARTING.

WEEP not for the dead! they lie  
Safe from every changing sky;  
Over them thou shalt not cry  
Any more.  
Weep for him whose lessening sail,  
Borne upon an outward gale,  
Sees the beacon faint and fail  
On the shore.

Weep not for the dead: they sleep  
Where no evil visions creep;  
God hath sealed their slumber deep  
Till his day,  
Weep for him who fleeth fast  
On a fierce and alien blast,  
Torn from all the haunted past,  
Far away.

He shall never see again  
Home-lit valley, hill, or plain;  
He shall mourn and cry in vain  
O'er the dead.  
Wandering in a stranger-land,  
None shall grasp his listless hand,  
No sweet sister-nurse shall stand  
By his bed.

Weep for him, and weep for those  
Who shall never more unclose  
Home's dear portals, nor repose  
In its rest.  
Foreign where their kindred dwell,  
Strange where they have loved too well,  
Home-sick as no speech can tell,  
All unblest.

For the dead thou shalt not mourn,  
He hath reached a peaceful bourne;  
Weep for him, the travel-worn,  
All alone!  
Life's long torture he must bear  
Till his very soul despair,  
Helpless both for cry or prayer;  
Make his moan!

—  
LA COQUETTE.

You look at me with tender eyes,  
That, had you worn a month ago,  
Had slain me with divine surprise:—  
But now I do not see them glow.

I laugh to hear your laughter take  
A softer thrill, a doubtful tone,—  
I know you do it for my sake.  
You rob the nest whose bird is flown.

Not twice a fool, if twice a child!  
I know you now, and care no more  
For any lie you may have smiled,  
Than that starved beggar at your door.

He has the remnants of your feast;  
You offer me your wasted heart!  
He may enact the welcome guest;  
I shake the dust off and depart.

If you had known a woman's grace  
And pitied me who died for you,  
I could not look you in the face,  
When now you tell me you are "true."

True!—If the fallen seraphs wear  
A lovelier face of false surprise  
Than you at my unmoving air,  
There is no truth this side the skies.

But this *is* true, that once I loved.—  
You scorned and laughed to see me die;  
And now you think the heart so proved  
Beneath your feet again shall lie!

I had the pain when you had power;  
Now mine the power, who reaps the pain?  
You sowed the wind in that black hour;  
Receive the whirlwind for your gain!

## MRS. ELIZABETH STODDARD.

### THE CHIMNEY-SWALLOW'S IDYL.

FROM where I built the nest for my first young  
In the high chimney of this ancient house  
I saw the household fires burn and go down,  
And know what was and is forever gone.  
My dusky, swift-winged fledgelings, flying far  
To seek their mates in clustered eaves or towers,  
Would linger not to learn what I have learned,  
Soaring through air or steering over sea.  
These single, solitary walls must fade;  
But I return, inhabiting my nest—  
A little simple bird, which still survives  
The noble souls now banished from this hearth;  
And none are here besides but she who shares  
My life, and pensive vigil holds with me.  
No longer does she mourn; she lives serene;  
I see her mother's beauty in her face,  
I see her father's quiet pride and power,  
The linked traits and traces of her race;  
Her brothers dying, like strong sapling trees  
Hewn down by violent blows prone in dense woods,  
Covered with aged boughs, decaying slow.  
She muses thus: "Beauty once more abides;  
The rude alarm of death, its wild amaze  
Is over now. The chance of change has passed;  
No doubtful hopes are mine, no restless dread,  
No last word to be spoken, kiss to give  
And take in passion's agony and end.  
They cannot come to me, but in good time  
I shall rejoin my silent company,  
And melt among them, as the sunset clouds  
Melt in gray spaces of the coming night."  
So she holds dear as I this tranquil spot,  
And all the flowers that blow, and maze of green.  
The meadows da'sy-full, or brown and sear;  
The shore which bounds the waves I love to skim,  
And dash my purple wings against the breeze.  
When breaks the day I twitter loud and long,  
To make her rise and watch the vigorous sun  
Come from his sea-bed in the weltering deep,  
And smell the dewy grass, still rank with sleep.  
I hover through the twilight round her eaves,  
And dart above, before her, in her path,  
Till, with a smile, she gives me all her mind;  
And in the deep of night, lest she be sad  
In sleepless thought, I stir me in my nest,

And murmur as I murmur to my young;  
She makes no answer, but I know she hears;  
And all the cherished pictures in her thoughts  
Grow bright because of *me*, her swallow friend!

### BEFORE THE MIRROR.

Now, like the Lady of Shalott,  
I dwell within an empty room,  
And through the day, and through the night,  
I sit before an ancient loom.  
And like the Lady of Shalott,  
I look into a mirror wide,  
Where shadows come, and shadows go,  
And ply my shuttle as they glide.  
Not as she wove the yellow wool,  
Ulysses' wife, Penelope;  
By day a queen among her maids,  
But in the night a woman, she,  
Who, creeping from her lonely couch,  
Unravell'd all the slender woof;  
Or with a torch she climbed the towers,  
To fire the fagots on the roof!  
But weaving with a steady hand  
The shadows, whether false or true,  
I put aside a doubt which asks,  
"Among these phantoms what are you?"  
For not with altar, tomb, or urn,  
Or long-haired Greek with hollow shield,  
Or dark-prowed ship with banks of oars,  
Or banquet in the tented field;  
Or Norman-knight in armor clad,  
Waiting a foe where four roads meet;  
Or hawk and hound in bosky dell,  
Where dame and page in secret greet;  
Or rose and lily, bud and flower,  
My web is broidered. Nothing bright,  
Is woven here: the shadows grow  
Still darker in the mirror's light!  
And as my web grows darker too,  
Accursed seems this empty room;  
I know I must forever weave  
These phantoms by this hateful loom.

### NOVEMBER.

MUCH have I spoken of the faded leaf;  
Long have I listened to the wailing wind,  
And watched it ploughing through the heavy clouds;  
For autumn charms my melancholy mind.

When autumn comes, the poets sing a dirge :  
 The year must perish ; all the flowers are  
 dead ;  
 The sheaves are gathered ; and the mottled  
 quail  
 Runs in the stubble, but the lark has fled !  
 Still, autumn ushers in the Christmas cheer,  
 The holly-berries and the ivy-tree :  
 They weave a chaplet for the Old Year's  
 heir ;  
 These waiting mourners do not sing for me !  
 I find sweet peace in depths of autumn  
 woods,  
 Where grow the ragged ferns and rough-  
 ened moss ;  
 The naked, silent trees have taught me this,—  
 The loss of beauty is not always loss !

“HALLO! MY FANCY, WHITHER WILT THOU GO?”

SWIFT as the tide in the river  
 The blood flows through my heart,  
 At the curious little fancy  
 That to-morrow we must part.

It seems to me all over,  
 The last words have been said ;  
 And I have the curious fancy  
 To-morrow will find me dead !

ON MY BED OF A WINTER NIGHT.

On my bed of a winter night,  
 Deep in a sleep, and deep in a dream,  
 What care I for the wild wind's scream ?  
 What to me is its crooked flight ?

On the sea of a summer's day,  
 Wrapped in the folds of a snowy sail,  
 What care I for the fitful gale,  
 Now in earnest, and now in play ?

What care I for the fitful wind,  
 That groans in a gorge, or sighs in a tree ?  
 Groaning and sighing are nothing to me ;  
 For I am a man of steadfast mind.

THE HOUSE BY THE SEA.

To-NIGHT I do the bidding of a ghost,  
 A ghost that knows my misery ;  
 In the lone dark I hear his wailing boast,  
 “Now shalt thou speak with me.”

Must I go back where all is desolate,  
 Where reigns the terror of a curse,  
 To knock, a beggar, at my father's gate,  
 That closed upon a hearse ?

The old stone pier has crumbled in the sea ;  
 The tide flows through the garden wall ;  
 Where grew the lily, and where hummed  
 the bee,  
 Black sea-weeds rise and fall.

I see the empty nests beneath the eaves ;  
 No bird is near ; the vines have died ;  
 The orchard trees have lost the joy of leaves,  
 The oaks their lordly pride.

Of what avail to set ajar the door  
 Through which, when ruin fell, I fled ?  
 If on the threshold I should stand once more,  
 Shall I behold the dead ?  
 Shall I behold, as on that fatal night,  
 My mother from the window start ?  
 When she was blasted by the evil sight—  
 The shame that broke her heart ?

The yellow grass grows on my sister's grave ;  
 Her room is dark—she is not there ;  
 I feel the rain, and hear the wild wind  
 rave—  
 My tears, and my despair.

A white-haired man is singing a sad song  
 Amid the ashes on the hearth—  
 “Ashes to ashes, I have moaned so long  
 I am alone on earth.”

No more ! no more ! I cannot bear this pain ;  
 Shut the foul annals of my race ;  
 Accursed the hand that opens them again,  
 My dowry of disgrace.

And so, farewell, thou bitter, bitter ghost !  
 When morning comes the shadows fly ;  
 Before we part, I give this merry toast,  
*The dead that do not die !*

YOU LEFT ME.

You left me, and the anguish passed,  
 And passed the day and passed the night—  
 A blank in which my senses failed ;  
 Then slowly came a mental sight.

So plain it reproduced the hours  
 We lived as one—the books we read,  
 Our quiet walks and pleasant talks—  
 Love, by your spirit was I led ?

Oh, love, the vision grows too dear ;  
 I live in visions—I pursue  
 Them only ; come, your rival meet,  
 My future bring, it will be—*you*.

THE POET'S SECRET.

The poet's secret I must know,  
 If that will calm my restless mind.  
 I hail the seasons as they go,  
 I woe the sunshine, brave the wind.

I scan the lily and the rose,  
 I nod to every nodding tree,  
 I follow every stream that flows,  
 And wait beside the rolling sea.

I question melancholy eyes,  
 I touch the lips of women fair ;  
 Their lips and eyes may make me wise,  
 But what I seek for is not there.

In vain I watch the day and night,  
 In vain the world through space may roll ;  
 I never see the mystic light,  
 Which fills the poet's happy soul.

To hear through life a rhythm flow,  
 And into song its meaning turn—  
 The poet's secret I must know :—  
 By pain and patience shall I learn ?

## A SUMMER NIGHT.

I FEEL the breath of the summer night,  
 Aromatic fire :  
 The trees, the vines, the flowers are astir  
 With tender desire.

The white moths flutter about the lamp,  
 Enamored with light ;  
 And a thousand creatures softly sing  
 A song to the night !

But I am alone, and how can I sing  
 Praises to thee ?  
 Come, Night ! unveil the beautiful soul  
 That waiteth for me.

## THE HOUSE OF YOUTH.

THE rough north winds have left their icy  
 caves  
 To growl and group for prey  
 Upon the murky sea ;  
 The lonely sea-gull skims the sullen waves  
 All the gray winter day.

The mottled sand-bird runneth up and down,  
 Amongst the creaking sedge,  
 Along the crusted beach ;  
 The time-stained houses of the sea-walled  
 town  
 Are tottering on its edge.

An ancient dwelling, in this ancient place,  
 Stands in a garden drear,  
 A wreck with other wrecks ;  
 The Past is there, but no one sees a face  
 Within, from year to year.

The wiry rose-trees scratch the window-pane ;  
 The window rattles loud ;  
 The wind beats at the door,  
 But never gets an answer back again,  
 The silence is so proud.

The last that lived there was an evil man ;  
 A child the last that died  
 Upon the mother's breast.  
 It seemed to die by some mysterious ban ;  
 Its grave is by the side

Of an old tree, whose notched and scanty  
 leaves  
 Repeat the tale of woe,  
 And quiver day and night,  
 Till the snow cometh, and a cold shroud  
 weaves,  
 Whiter than that below.

This time of year a woman wanders there—  
 They say from distant lands :  
 She wears a foreign dress,  
 With jewels on her breast, and her fair hair  
 In braided coils and bands.

The ancient dwelling and the garden drear  
 At night know something more :  
 Without her foreign dress  
 Or blazing gems, this woman stealeth near  
 The threshold of the door.

The shadow strikes against the window pane ;  
 She thrusts the thorns away :  
 Her eyes peer through the glass,  
 And down the glass her great tears drip, like  
 rain,  
 In the gray winter day.

The moon shines down the dismal garden  
 track,  
 And lights the little mound ;  
 But when she ventures there,  
 The black and threatening branches wave  
 her back,  
 And guard the ghastly ground.

What is the story of this buried Past ?  
 Were all its doors flung wide,  
 For us to search its rooms,  
 And we to see the race, from first to last,  
 And how they lived and died :—

Still would it baffle and perplex the brain,  
 But teach this bitter truth :  
 Man lives not in the past :  
 None but a woman ever comes again  
 Back to the house of Youth !

## THE SHADOWS ON THE WATER REACH.

THE shadows on the water reach  
 My shadow on the beach ;  
 I see the dark trees on the shore,  
 The fisher's oar.

I met her by the sea last night  
 A little maid in white.  
 I shall never meet her more  
 On the shore.

Ho ! fisher, hoist your idle sail  
 And whistle for a gale ;  
 My ship is waiting in the bay,  
 Row away

## EXILE.

My days of city life give me no hope ;  
 They pass along, unheeding city ways,  
 To find a happy place that once was mine,  
 And meet a love which has forsaken me.  
 Blind in these stony streets, dumb in their  
 crowds,  
 What can I do but dream of other days ?  
 Whose is the love I had, and have not now ?  
 If it be Nature's, let her answer me.  
 It wanders by the blue, monotonous sea,  
 Where rushes grow, or follows all the sweep  
 Of shallow summer brooks and umber pools.  
 Or does it linger in those hidden paths  
 Where star-like blossoms blow among dead  
 leaves,  
 And dark groves murmur over darker shrubs,  
 Birds with their fledgelings sleep, and pale  
 moths flit ?  
 With sunset's crimson flags perhaps it goes,  
 And re-appears with yellow Jupiter,  
 Riding the West beside the crescent moon.  
 Comes it with sunrise, when the sunrise  
 floats

From Night's bold towers, vast in the East,  
and gray  
Till tower and wall flash into fiery clouds,  
Moving along the verge, stately and slow,  
Ordered by the old music of the spheres?  
Perchance it trembles in October's oaks;  
Or, twining with the brilliant, berried vine,  
Would hide the tender, melancholy elm.  
Well might it rest within those solemn woods  
Where sunlight never falls—whose tops are  
green  
With airs from heaven,—its balmy mists and  
rains,—  
While underneath black, mossy, mammoth  
rocks  
Keep silence with the waste of blighted  
boughs.  
If winter riots with the wreathing snow,  
And ocean, tossing all his threatening plumes,  
And winds, that tear the hollow, murky sky,  
Can this, my love, which dwells no more  
with me,  
Find dwelling there,—like some storm-driven  
bird  
That knows not whence it flew, nor where to  
fly,  
Between the world of sea, and world of  
cloud,  
At last drops dead in the remorseless deep?

— — —  
A SEA-SIDE IDYL.

I WANDERED to the shore, nor knew I then  
What my desire,—whether for wild lament,  
Or sweet regret, to fill the idle pause  
Of twilight, melancholy in my house,  
And watch the flowing tide, the passing sails;  
Or to implore the air, and sea, and sky,  
For that eternal passion in their power  
Which souls like mine who ponder on their  
fate  
May feel, and be as they—gods to themselves.  
Thither I went, whatever was my mood.  
The sands, the rocks, the beds of sedge, and  
waves.  
Impelled to leave soft foam, compelled  
away,—  
I saw alone. Between the East and West,  
Along the beach no creature moved besides.  
High on the eastern point a lighthouse  
shone;  
Steered by its lamp a ship stood out to sea,  
And vanished from its rays towards the deep,  
While in the West, above a wooded isle,  
An island-cloud hung in the emerald sky,  
Hiding pale Venus in its sombre shade.  
I wandered up and down the sands, I loit-  
ered  
Among the rocks, and trampled through the  
sedge;  
But I grew weary of the stocks and stones.  
"I will go hence," I thought; "the Elements  
Have lost their charm; my soul is dead to-  
night.  
Oh passive, creeping Sea, and stagnant Air,  
Farewell! dull sands, and rocks, and sedge,  
farewell."

Homeward I turned my face, but stayed my  
feet.  
Should I go back but to revive again  
The ancient pain? Hark! suddenly there  
came,  
From over sea, a sound like that of speech;  
And suddenly I felt my pulses leap  
As though some Presence were approaching  
me.  
Loud as the voice of "Ocean's dark-haired  
king"  
A breeze came down the sea,—the sea rose  
high;  
The surging waves sang round me—this their  
song:  
"Oh, yet your love will triumph! He shall  
come  
In love's wild tumult; he shall come once  
more,—  
By tracks of ocean, or by paths of earth;  
The wanderer will reach you and remain."  
The breakers dashed among the rocks, and  
they  
Seemed full of life; the foam dissolved the  
sands,  
And the sedge trembled in the swelling tide.  
Was this a promise of the vaunting Sea,  
Or the illusion of a last despair?  
Either, or both, still homeward I must go,  
And that way turned mine eyes, and thought  
they met  
A picture,—surely so,—or I was mad.  
The crimson harvest moon was rising full  
Above my roof, and glimmered on my walls.  
Within the doorway stood a man I knew—  
No picture this. I saw approaching me  
Him I had hoped for, grieved for, and  
despaired.  
"My ship is wrecked," he cried, "and I re-  
turn  
Never to leave my love. You are my love?"  
"I too am wrecked," I sighed, "by lonely  
years;  
Returning you but find another wreck."  
He bent his face to search my own, and  
spake:  
"What I have traversed sea and land to find,  
I find. For liberty I fought, and life,  
On savage shores, and wastes of unknown  
seas,  
While waiting for this hour. Oh, think you  
not  
Immortal love mates with immortal love  
Always? And now, at last, we learn this  
love."  
My soul was filling with a mighty joy  
I could not show—yet must I show my love  
"From you whose will divided broke our  
hearts  
I now demand a different kiss than that  
Which then you said should be our parting  
kiss.  
Given, I vow the past shall be forgot.  
The kiss—and we are one! Give me the  
kiss."  
Like the dark rocks upon the sands he stood.  
When on his breast I fell, and kissed his lips.  
All the wild clangor of the sea was hushed;  
The rapid silver waves ran each to each,



Lapsed in the deep with joyous, murmured sighs.

Years of repentance mine, forgiveness his,  
To tell. Happy we paced the tranquil shores,  
Till, between sea and sky we saw the sun,  
And all our wiser, loving days began.

UNRETURNING.

Now all the flowers that ornament the grass,  
Wherever meadows are and placid brooks,  
Must fall—the “glory of the grass” must fall.

Year after year I see them sprout and spread—

The golden, glossy, tossing butter-cups,  
The tall, straight daisies and red clover globes,

The swinging bell-wort and the blue-eyed blade,

With nameless plants as perfect in their hues—

Perfect in root and branch, their plan of life,  
As if the intention of a soul were there:  
I see them flourish as I see them fall!

But he, who once was growing with the grass,

And blooming with the flowers, my little son,  
Fell, withered—dead, nor has revived again!  
Perfect and lovely, needful to my sight,  
Why comes he not to ornament my days?

The barren fields forget their barrenness,  
The soulless earth mates with these soulless things,

Why should I not obtain *my* recompense?  
The budding spring should bring, or summer's prime,

At least a vision of the vanished child,  
And let his heart commune with mine again,  
Though in a dream—his life was but a dream;  
Then might I wait with patient cheerfulness—

That cheerfulness which keeps one's tears unshed,  
And blinds the eyes with pain—the passage slow

Of other seasons, and be still and cold  
As the earth is when shrouded in the snow,  
Or passive, like it, when the boughs are stripped

In autumn, and the leaves roll everywhere.

And he should go again; for winter's snow,  
And autumn's melancholy voice, in winds,  
In waters, and in woods, belong to me—  
To me—a faded soul; for, as I said,

The sense of all his beauty—sweetness comes  
When blossoms are the sweetest; when the sea,

Sparkling and blue, cries to the sun in joy,  
Or, silent, pale, and misty waits the night,  
Till the moon, pushing through the veiling cloud,

Hangs naked in its heaving solitude:  
When feathery pines wave up and down the shore,

And the vast deep above holds gentle stars,  
And the vast world beneath hides him from me!

THE COLONEL'S SHIELD.

YOUR picture, slung about my neck,  
The day we went a-field,  
Swung out before the trench;  
It caught the eye of rank and file,  
Who knew “The Colonel's Shield.”

I thrust it back, and with my men  
(Our General rode ahead)  
We stormed the great redoubt,  
As if it were an easy thing,  
But rows of us fell dead!

Your picture hanging on my neck,  
Up with my men I rushed,—  
We made an awful charge:  
And then my horse, “The Lady Bess,”  
Dropped, and—my leg was crushed!

The blood of battle in my veins  
(A blue-coat dragged me out)—  
But I remembered you;  
I kissed your picture—did you know?  
And yelled, “For the redoubt!”

The Twenty-Fourth, my scarred old dogs,  
Growled back, “He'll put us through;  
We'll take him in our arms:  
Our picture there—the girl he loves,  
Shall see what we can do.”

The foe was silenced—so were we.  
I lay upon the field,  
Among the Twenty-Fourth;  
Your picture, shattered on my breast,  
Had proved “The Colonel's Shield.”

MERCEDES.

UNDER a sultry, yellow sky,  
On the yellow sand I lie;  
The crinkled vapors smite my brain,  
I smoulder in a fiery pain.

Above the crags the condor flies;  
He knows where the red gold lies,  
He knows where the diamonds shine;—  
If I knew, would she be mine?

Mercedes in her hammock swings;  
In her court a palm-tree flings  
Its slender shadow on the ground,  
The fountain falls with silver sound.

Her lips are like this cactus cup;  
With my hand I crush it up;  
I tear its flaming leaves apart;—  
Would that I could tear her heart!

Last night a man was at her gate;  
In the hedge I lay in wait;  
I saw Mercedes meet him there,  
By the fire-flies in her hair.

I waited till the break of day,  
Then I rose and stole away;  
But left my dagger in her gate;—  
Now she knows her lover's fate!

## THE BULL FIGHT.

ELEVEN o'clock :

Here are our cups of chocolate.  
Montez will fight the bulls to-day—  
All Madrid knows that :  
Queen Christina is going in state ;  
Dolores will go with her little fan !

Lace up my shoe :  
Put on my Basquina ;  
Can you see my black eyes ?  
I am Manuel's duchess.

In front of the box of the Queen and the  
Duke

Dolores sits, flirting her fan ;  
The church of St. Agnes stands on the right,  
And its shadow falls on the picadors ;  
On their old lean steeds they prance in the  
ring,  
Hidalgo fashion, their hands on their hips.

" *Ha ! Toro ! Toro !*"  
Good ! the horses are gored ;  
Now for the men.  
" *Ha ! Toro ! Torro !*"  
Every man over the barrier !

Not so ; for there the bull-fighter stands ;  
Some little applause from the royal box,  
And "*Montez ! Montez !*" from a thousand  
throats !

The bull bows well, though snorting with  
rage,  
And his fore leg makes little holes in the  
ground ;  
But Montez stands still ; his ribbons don't  
flutter !

Saints what a leap !  
See his rosette on the bull's black horn ;  
Montez is pale ; but his black eye shines,  
When Dolores cries—" *Kisses for Montez !*"  
Fie ! Manuel's duchess !

A minute longer the fight is done ;  
The mule-bells tinkle, the bull rides off ;  
Montez twirls a new diamond ring,  
And the crowd go home for chocolate.

## EL CAPITANO.

I FOUGHT wolves in the Pyrenees,  
Now and then a man out of France ;  
Sling your guitar, tap on the board,  
Girls of the village, will you dance ?

My heart snaps, chord after chord,  
When you sweep the strings that way ;  
Tie these roses around my gun,  
I'll be cock-of-the-walk to-day.

Surely I am a pious man,  
Every day I go to mass.  
There rides my lord—I'll whet my knife,  
To-night we'll meet in Pajes' pass.

Ting-a-ling ! will you marry me,  
Girl with the purple braided hair ?  
Hark ye, come and share my home,  
Come to the wild guerilla's lair.

'Tis leagues beyond these orange groves,  
In the caves of the Pyrenees ;  
You'll love to hear their torrents roar  
And the moan of the twisted trees.

Slip your fingers under my sash ;  
Do you feel my mad heart beat ?  
I swear it never loved before,  
Look in my eyes—kiss me, sweet !

Senoritas, I kiss your feet ;  
We fight, Senores—after to-day !  
My horse is here—we'll ride like fiends,  
Spring up behind me, away, away !

## ON THE CAMPAGNA.

STOP on the Appian Way,  
In the Roman Campagna ;  
Stop at my tomb,  
The tomb of Cecilia Metella.  
To-day as you see it,  
Alaric saw it, ages ago,  
When he, with his pale-visaged Goths,  
Sat at the gates of Rome,  
Reading his Runic shield.  
Odin ! thy curse remains !

Beneath these battlements  
My bones were stirred with Roman pride,  
Though centuries before my Romans died :  
Now my bones are dust ; the Goths are dust.  
The river-bed is dry where sleeps the king,  
My tomb remains !  
When Rome commanded the earth  
Great were the Metelli :  
I was Metella's wife ;  
I loved him—and I died.  
Then with slow patience built he this me-  
morial :  
Each century marks his love.

Pass by on the Appian Way  
The tomb of Cecilia Metella ;  
Wild shepherds alone seek its shelter,  
Wild buffaloes tramp at its base.  
Deep is its desolation,  
Deep as the shadow of Rome !

## CHRISTMAS COMES AGAIN.

LET me be merry now, 'tis time,  
The season is at hand  
For Christmas rhyme and Christmas chime ;  
Close up, and form the band.

The winter fires still burn as bright,  
The lamp-light is as clear,  
And, since the dead are out of sight,  
What hinders Christmas cheer ?

Why think or speak of that abyss  
In which lies all my Past ?  
High festival I need not miss,  
While song and jest shall last.

We'll clink and drink on Christmas Eve,  
Our ghosts can feel no wrong ;  
They revelled ere they took their leave—  
Hearken, my Soldier's Song :

"The morning air doth coldly pass,  
Comrades, to the saddle spring;  
The night more bitter cold will bring  
Ere dying—ere dying.  
Sweetheart, come, the parting glass,  
Glass and sabre, clash, clash,  
Ere dying—ere dying.  
Stirrup-cup and stirrup-kiss—  
Do you hope the foe we'll miss,  
Sweetheart, for this loving kiss,  
Ere dying—ere dying!"

The feasts and revels of the year  
Do ghosts remember long?  
Even in memory come they here?  
Listen, my Sailor's Song:

"O my hearties, yo, heave ho!  
Anchor's up in Jolly Bay—  
Hey!  
Pipes and swipes, hob and nob—  
Hey!  
Mermaid Bess and Dolphin Megg,  
Paddle over Jolly Bay—  
Hey!  
Tars haul in for Christmas Day,  
For round the 'varsal deep we go;  
Never church, never bell,  
For to tell  
Of Christmas Day,  
Yo, heave ho, my hearties O!  
Haul in, mates, here we lay—  
Hey!"

His sword is rustling in its sheath,  
His flag furled on the wall;  
We'll twine them with a holly-wreath,  
With green leaves cover all.

So clink and drink when falls the eve;  
But, comrades, hide from me  
Their graves—I would not see them heave  
Beside me, like the sea.

Let not my brothers come again,  
As men dead in their prime;  
Then hold my hands, forget my pain,  
And strike the Christmas chime.

---

#### LAST DAYS.

---

As one who follows a departing friend,  
Destined to cross the great, dividing sea,  
I watch and follow these departing days,  
That go so grandly, lifting up their crowns  
Still regal, though their victor Autumn  
comes.  
Gifts they bestow, which I accept, return,  
As gifts exchanged between a loving pair,  
Who may possess them as memorials  
Of pleasures ended by the shadow—Death.  
What matter which shall vanish hence, if  
both  
Are transitory—me, and these bright hours—  
And of the future ignorant alike?  
From all our social thralls I would be free.  
Let care go down the wind—as hounds afar,  
Within their kennels baying unseen foes,  
Give to calm sleepers only calmer dreams.

Here will I rest alone: the morning mist  
Conceals no form but mine; the evening  
dew  
Freshens but faded flowers and my worn  
face.  
When the noon basks among the wooded  
hills  
I too will bask, as silent as the air  
So thick with sun-motes, dyed like yellow  
gold,  
Or colored purple like an unplucked plum.  
The Thrush, now lonesome—for her young  
have flown—  
May flutter her brown wings across my  
path;  
And creatures of the sod with brilliant eyes  
May leap beside me, and familiar grow.  
The moon shall rise among her floating  
clouds—  
Black, vaporous fans, and crinkled globes of  
pearl—  
And her sweet silver light be given to me.  
To watch and follow these departing days  
Must be my choice; and let me mated be  
With Solitude; and memory and hope  
Unite to give me faith that nothing dies;  
To show me always, what I pray to know,  
That man alone may speak the word—*Fare-*  
*well.*

---

#### MEMORY IS IMMORTAL.

---

TIME passed, as passes time with common  
souls  
Whose thoughts and wishes end with every  
day;  
For whom no future is—whose present hours  
Reveal no looming shade of that which was.

But Memory is immortal, for she comes  
To me, from heaven or hell, to me, once  
more!  
As birds that migrate choose the ocean wind  
That beats them helpless, while it steers  
them home;

So I was this way driven—I chose this way—  
Of old my dwelling-place, where all my race  
Are buried. At first I was enchanted here;  
Impossible appeared the pall, the shroud;  
And in my spell, I trod the grassy streets,  
Where in the summer days mild oxen drew  
The bristling hay, and in the winter snows  
The creaking masts and knees for mighty  
ships,

Whose hulls were parted on the coral reefs,  
Or foundered in the depths of Arctic nights.  
I wandered through the gardens rank and  
waste,  
Wonderful once, when I was like the flowers;  
Along the weedy paths grew roses still,  
Surviving empire, but remaining queens.

My mood established by the slumbrous  
town—  
(Slumber with slumber, dream with dream  
should be)  
I sought a mansion on the lonely shore,  
From which, his feet made level with his  
head,

Its occupant was gone. I lived alone.  
Whoso, beneath this roof, had played his part  
In life's-deep tragedy, not here again  
Could be rehearsed its scenes of love or hate.  
Upon the ancient walls my pictures hung—  
Of men and women, strong and beautiful,  
Whose shoulders pushed along the world's  
great wheel:

Landscapes, where cloud and mountain rose  
as one,

Where rivers crept in secret vales, or rolled  
Past city walls, whose towers and palaces  
By slaves were builded, and by princes fallen!  
And books whose pages ever told one tale,  
The tale of human love, in joy or pain,  
The seed of our last hope—Eternity.  
Days glided by, this mirage cheated all;  
Morn came, eve went, and we were tranquil  
still.

If form, and sound, and color fail to show,  
By poet's, painter's, sculptor's noble touch,  
The subtle truth of Nature, can I tell  
How Nature poised my mind in light and  
shade?

But memory is immortal, and to me  
She advanced, silent, slow, a muffled shape.  
One moonlight night, I walked through long  
white lanes;

The sky and sea were like a frosted web;  
The air was heavy with familiar scents,  
Which travelled down the wind, I knew  
from where—

The fragrance of grove of Northern pines.  
My feet were hastening thither—and my  
heart?

At last I stood before a funeral mound,  
From which I fled when vanished love and  
life—

Long years ago—fled from my father's house;  
Banished myself, to banish him I loved—  
His broken history and his early grave.  
And in the moonlight Memory floated on,  
Immortal, with my now immortal Love!

#### THE MESSAGE.

To you, my comrades, whether far or near,  
I send this message. Let our past revive;  
Come, sound reveille to our hearts once more.  
Expecting, I shall wait till at my door  
I see you enter, each and every one  
Tumultuous, eager all, with clamorous  
speech,  
To hide my stammering welcome and my  
tears.

I am no host carousing long and late,  
Enticing guests with epicurean hints;  
Nor am I Timon, sick of this sad world,  
Who, jesting, cries, "The sky is overhead,  
And underneath that famous rest, the earth;  
Show me the man who can have more at last."

Without, the thunder of the city rolls;  
Within, the quiet of the student reigns.  
There is a change. Time was a childish  
voice,

Sweet as the lark's when from her nest she  
soars,

Thrilled over all, and vanished into heaven.  
Music once triumphed here: the skillful hand  
Of him who rarely struck the keys, and woke  
My soul in harmony grand as his own,  
Is folded on his breast, my soldier love.  
Here hangs his portrait, under it his sword;  
He served his country, and his grave's afar.  
Dread not this place as one to relics given,  
His who long wandering in foreign lands,  
Though I have decked with amaranth my  
wall,

The testimony of a later loss—  
Then dying, crossed the sea to die with me.  
Behold the sunrise and the morning clouds  
On yonder canvas, misty mountain-peaks—  
The simple grandeur of a perfect art!  
Behold these vivid woods, that gleam beside  
The happy vision of an autumn eve,  
When red leaves fall, and redder sunsets  
fade!

The world grows pensive sinking into night,  
Whose melancholy space hides sighing  
winds:

Can they reply to sadder human speech?  
What centuries are counted here—my books!  
Shadows of mighty men; the chorus, hark!  
The antique chant vibrates, and Fate  
compels!

Comrades, return; the midnight lamp shall  
gleam  
As in old nights; the chaplets woven then—  
Withered, perhaps, by time—may grace us  
yet;

The laurel faded is the laurel still,  
And some of us are heroes to ourselves.  
And amber wine shall flow; the blue smoke  
wreath

In droll disputes, with metaphysics mixed;  
Or float as lightly as the quick-spun verse,  
Threading the circle round from thought to  
thought,

Sparkling and fresh as is the airy web  
Spread on the hedge at morn in silver dew.  
The scent of roses you remember well;  
In the green vases they shall bloom again.  
And me—do you remember? I remain  
Unchanged, I think; though one I saw like  
me

Some years ago, with hair that was not white;  
And she was with you then, as brave a soul  
As souls can be whom Fate has not ap-  
proached.

But seek and find me now, unchanged or  
changed,

Mirthful in tears, and in my laughter sad.

MRS. JULIA C. R. DORR.

OVER THE WALL.

I KNOW a spot where the wild vines creep,  
And the coral moss-cups grow,  
And where, at the foot of the rocky steep,  
The sweet blue violets blow.  
There all day long, in the summer time,  
You may hear the river's dreamy rhyme;  
There all day long does the honey-bee  
Murmur and hum in the hollow-tree.

And there the feathery hemlock makes  
A shadow cool and sweet,  
While from its emerald wing it shakes  
Rare incense at your feet.  
There do the silvery lichens cling,  
There does the tremulous harebell swing;  
And many a scarlet berry shines  
Deep in the green of the tangled vines.

Over the wall at dawn of day,  
Over the wall at noon,  
Over the wall when the shadows say  
That night is coming soon,  
A little maiden with laughing eyes  
Climbs in her eager haste, and hies  
Down to the spot where the wild vines  
creep,  
And violets bloom by the rocky steep.

All wild things love her. The murmuring  
bee  
Scarce stirs when she draws near,  
And sings the bird in the hemlock-tree  
Its sweetest for her ear.  
The harebells nod as she passes by,  
The violet lifts its calm blue eye,  
The ferns bend lowly her steps to greet,  
And the mosses creep to her dancing feet.

Up in her pathway seems to spring  
All that is sweet or rare,—  
Chrysalis quaint, or the moth's bright wing,  
Or flower-buds strangely fair.  
She watches the tiniest bird's-nest hid  
The thickly-clustering leaves amid;  
And the small brown tree-toad on her arm  
Quietly hops, and fears no harm.

Ah, child of the laughing eyes, and heart  
Attuned to Nature's voice!  
Thou hast found a bliss that will ne'er de-  
part  
While earth can say, "Rejoice!"  
The years must come, and the years must  
go;  
But the flowers will bloom, and the breezes  
blow,  
And birds and butterfly, moth and bee,  
Bring on their swift wings joy to thee!

"EARTH TO EARTH."

NOT within yon vaulted tomb,  
With its darkness and its gloom,  
With its murky, heavy air,  
And the silence brooding there,  
Lay me, love, when I must be  
Hidden far away from thee.

Open not the iron door,  
Oped so often in days of yore;  
Place me not beside the dead,  
Whose companionship I dread,  
Where the phantoms come and go,  
Bending o'er the coffins low.

But when one with icy breath  
In my ear has whispered "death,"  
When the heart thy voice can thrill,  
Has grown pulseless, cold, and still,  
Kneel beside me, o'er me bow,  
Press thy last kiss on my brow.

Lay me then to dreamless rest,  
With the sod above my breast,  
In some quiet, sheltered spot,  
Peaceful as has been our lot,  
Since our solemn vows were said  
On the day when we were wed!

Let the sunlight round me play  
Through the long, bright summer day;  
Let old trees their branches wave  
O'er my green and grassy grave,  
While the changing shadows flit  
In strange beauty over it.

Plant a white rose at my feet,  
Or a lily fair and sweet,  
With the humble mignonette  
And the blue-eyed violet.  
So beside me, all day long,  
Bird and bee shall weave their song.

Then methinks at eventide,  
With our children by thy side,  
Darling! thou wilt love to come  
To my calm and quiet home;  
Thou wilt feel my presence there,  
Filling all the silent air.

Nearer will I seem to thee,  
Sleeping in the sunlight free,  
Than in yonder vaulted tomb,  
With its darkness and its gloom.  
"Earth to earth and dust to dust"  
Yield thou, love, in solemn trust,  
When our last farewell is said,  
And thy wife is with the dead!

YESTERDAY AND TO-DAY.

BUT yesterday among us here,  
One with ourselves in hope and fear :  
Joying like us in little things,  
The sheen of gorgeous insect wings,  
The song of bird, the hum of bee,  
The white foam of the heaving sea.

But yesterday your simplest speech,  
Your lightest breath, our hearts could reach ;  
Your very thoughts were ours. Our eyes  
Found in your own no mysteries.  
Your griefs, your joys, your prayers, we  
knew,

The hopes that with your girlhood grew.

But yesterday we dared to say,  
" 'Twere better you should walk this way,  
Or that, dear child ! Do thus, or so ;  
Older and wiser we, you know."

We gave you flowers and curled your hair,  
And brought new robes for you to wear.

To-day how far away thou art !  
In all thy life we have no part.  
Hast thou a want ? We know it not ;  
Utterly parted from our lot,  
The veriest stranger is to thee  
All those who loved thee best can be.

Deaf to our calls, our prayers, our cries,  
Thou dost not lift thy heavy eyes ;  
Nor heed the tender words that flow  
From lips whose kisses thrilled thee so  
But yesterday ! To-day in vain  
We wait for kisses back again.

To-day no awful mystery hid  
The dark and mazy past amid  
Is half so great as this that lies  
Beneath the lids of thy shut eyes,  
And in those frozen lips of stone,  
Impassive lips, that smile nor moan.

But yesterday with loving care  
We petted, praised thee, called thee fair ;  
To-day, oppressed with awe, we stand  
Before that ring-unfettered hand,  
And scarcely dare to lift one tress  
In mute and reverent caress.

But yesterday with us. To-day,  
Where thou art dwelling, who can say ?  
In heaven ? But where ? Oh ! for some  
spell

To make thy tongue this secret tell !  
To break the silence strange and deep,  
That thy sealed lips so closely keep !

In vain—in vain ! But yesterday  
So quick to answer and obey ;  
To-day, unmoved by word or tear,  
A creature of another sphere,  
Thou heedest us no more than they  
Who passed before the Flood away !

—  
AGNES.  
—

AGNES ! Agnes ! is it thus  
Thou, at last, dost come to us ?  
From the land of balm and bloom,  
Blindest airs and sweet perfume,

Where the jasmine's golden stars  
Glimmer soft through emerald bars.  
And the fragrant orange flowers  
Fall to earth in silver showers,  
Agnes ! Agnes !

With thy pale hands on thy breast,  
Comest thou here to take thy rest ?

Agnes ! Agnes ! o'er thy grave  
Loud the winter winds will rave,  
And the snow fall fast around,  
Heaping high thy burial mound ;  
Yet, within its soft embrace,  
Thy dear form and earnest face,  
Wrapt away from burning pain,  
Ne'er shall know one pang again.

Agnes ! Agnes !  
Never more shall anguish vex thee,  
Never more shall care perplex thee.

Agnes ! Agnes ! wait, ah ! wait  
Just one moment at the gate,  
Ere your poor feet enter in,  
Where is neither pain nor sin.  
Thou art blest, but how shall we  
Bear the pang of losing thee ?  
Thou art safe, but round us roll  
Billows which o'erwhelm the soul.  
Agnes ! Agnes !

What if we should lose our way  
In the darkness where we stray ?

Agnes ! Agnes ! turn thine ear  
From the anthem's swelling clear ;  
Passing sweet are they we know,  
While our words are weak and low ;  
But we love thee ! ah ! how well  
Angel tongue could never tell ;  
List ! *we love thee !* By that word  
Once thy heart of hearts was stirred.

Agnes ! Agnes !  
By that love we bid thee wait  
Just one moment at the gate !

Agnes ! Agnes ! No ! Pass on  
To the heaven that thou hast won !  
By thy life of brave endeavor,  
Up the heights-aspiring ever,  
Whence thy voice, like clarion clear,  
Rang out words of lofty cheer,—  
By thy laboring not in vain,  
By thy martyrdom of pain,  
Our Saint Agnes—  
From our yearning sight pass on  
To the Rest that thou hast won !

—  
UNDER THE PALM-TREES.  
—

WE were children together, you and I,  
We trod the same paths in days of  
old ;  
Together we watched the sunset sky,  
And counted its bars of massive gold.  
And when from the dark horizon's brim  
The moon stole up with its silver rim,  
And slowly sailed through the fields of air,  
We thought there was nothing on earth so  
fair.

You walk to-night where the jasmines grow,  
And the Cross looks down from the tropic  
skies ;

Where the spicy breezes softly blow,  
And the slender shafts of the palm-trees  
rise.

You breathe the breath of the orange flow-  
ers,

And the perfumed air of the myrtle bowers ;  
You pluck the acacia's golden balls,  
And mark where the red pomegranate  
falls.

I stand to-night on the breezy hill,  
Where the pine-trees sing as they sang of  
yore ;

The north star burneth clear and still,  
And the moonbeams silver your father's  
door.

I can see the hound as he lies asleep,  
In the shadow close by the old well-sweep,  
And hear the river's murmuring flow,  
As we two heard it long ago.

Do you think of the firs on the mountain-  
side,

As you walk to-night where the palm-  
trees grow ?

Of the brook where the trout in the dark-  
ness hide ?

Of the yellow willows waving slow ?  
Do you long to drink of the crystal spring,  
In the dell where the purple harebells  
swing ?

Would your pulses leap could you hear once  
more

The sound of the flail on the threshing-  
floor ?

Ah ! the years are long, and the world is  
wide,

And the salt sea rolls our hearts between ;  
And never again at eventide

Shall we two gaze on the same fair scene.  
But under the palm-trees wandering slow,  
You think of the spreading elms I know ;  
And you deem our daisies fairer far  
Than the gorgeous blooms of the tropics  
are !

— — —  
THE LAST OF SIX.  
— — —

COME in ; you are welcome, neighbor ; all  
day I've been alone,

And heard the wailing, wintry wind sweep  
by with bitter moan ;

And to-night beside my lonely fire, I mutely  
wonder why.

I, who once wept as others weep, sit here  
with tearless eye.

To-day this letter came to me. At first I  
could not brook,

Upon the unfamiliar lines by strangers pen-  
ned, to look ;

The dread of evil tidings shook my soul with  
wild alarm,—

But Harry's in the hospital, and has only  
lost an arm.

He is the last—the last of six brave boys as  
e'er were seen !

How short, to memory's vision, seem the  
years that lie between

This hour and those most blessed ones, when  
round this hearth's bright blaze

They charmed their mother's heart and eye  
with all their pretty ways.

My William was the eldest son, and he was  
first to go.

It did not at all surprise me, for I knew it  
would be so,

From that fearful April Sunday when the  
news from Sumter came,

And his lips grew white as ashes, while his  
eyes were all aflame.

He sprang to join the three months' men. I  
could not say him nay,

Though my heart stood still within me when  
I saw him march away ;

At the corner of the street he smiled, and  
waved the flag he bore ;—

I never saw him smile again—he was slain  
at Baltimore.

They sent his body back to me, and as we  
stood around

His grave, beside his father's, in yonder  
burial ground,

John laid his hand upon my arm and whis-  
pered, " Mother dear,

I have Willy's work and mine to do. I can-  
not loiter here."

I turned and looked at Paul, for he and  
John were twins, you know,

Born on a happy Christmas, four-and-twenty  
years ago ;

I looked upon them both, while my tears fell  
down like rain,

For I knew what one had spoken, had been  
spoken by the twain.

In a month or more they left me,—the merry,  
handsome boys,

Who had kept the old house ringing with  
their laughter, fun, and noise.

Then James came home to mind the farm ;  
my younger sons were still

Mere children, at their lessons in the school-  
house on the hill.

O days of weary waiting ! O days of doubt  
and dread !

I feared to read the papers, or to see the lists  
of dead ;

But when full many a battle storm had left  
them both unharmed,

I taugth my foolish heart to think the  
double lives were charmed.

Their colonel since has told me that no  
braver boys than they

Ever rallied round the colors, in the thick-  
est of the fray ;

Upon the wall behind you their swords are  
hanging still,—

For John was killed at Fair Oaks, and Paul  
at Malvern Hill.

Then came the dark days, darker than any known before ;

There was another call for men,—“ three hundred thousand more ;”

I saw the cloud on Jamie's brow grow deeper day by day.

I shrank before the impending blow, and scarce had strength to pray.

And yet at last I bade him go, while on my cheek and brow

His loving tears and kisses fell ; I feel them even now,

Though the eyes that shed the tears, and the lips so warm on mine

Are hidden under southern sands, beneath a blasted pine!

He did not die 'mid battle-smoke, but for a weary year

He languished in close prison walls, a prey to hope and fear ;

I dare not trust myself to think of the fruitless pangs he bore,

My brain grows wild when in my dreams I count his sufferings o'er.

Only two left! I thought the worst was surely over then ;

But lo! at once my school-boy sons sprang up before me—men!

They heard their brothers' martyr blood call from the hallowed ground ;

A loud, imperious summons that all other voices drowned.

I did not say a single word. My very heart seemed dead.

What could I do but take the cup, and bow my weary head

To drink the bitter draught again? I dared not hold them back ;

I would as soon have tried to check the whirlwind on its track.

You know the rest. At Cedar Creek my Frederick bravely fell ;

They say his young arm did its work right nobly and right well ;

His comrades breathe the hero's name with mingled love and pride ;

I miss the gentle blue-eyed boy, who frolicked at my side.

For me, I ne'er shall weep again. I think my heart is dead.

I, who could weep for lighter griefs, have now no tears to shed.

But read this letter, neighbor. There is nothing to alarm.

For Harry's in the hospital, and has only lost an arm!

#### WAITING FOR LETTERS.

COUNTING the minutes all the day long,  
Minutes that creep with the pace of a snail ;

Deaf to the Bobolink's jubilant song,  
Deaf to the Whippowil's pitiful wail!

Out in the garden red roses are blowing,  
Down by the hedgerow are violets growing,  
Daisies their dainty white blossoms are showing,

But the girl's heart bitter anguish is knowing.

Striving to work, for there's work to be done,—

Hands must be busy, though hearts bleed and break,—

Lifting up tear-laden eyes to the sun,

Ah! the long day will not speed for her sake ;

How the clock ticks on, unresting, unhalting,

Never a single beat staying or wasting ;

Steady as fate, though our souls may be draining

Cups where the bitter alone is remaining!

But the day wanes, as the longest day will ;

Slowly the golden light fades from the west,

All the green valleys lie breathless and still,  
Birds cease their trilling and winds are at rest.

Hark! A low sound as of far-away thunder!

'Tis the rush of the train as it sweeps along under

The crest of the mountains that, parting asunder,

Seem to shrink back from this demon-eyed wonder!

Ah, how her pulses throb! Silent and pale  
Now stands she waiting—the mail has come in!

Waiting for letters. But watching must must fail,

And hope dream in vain of the bliss that has been ;

Down where the southern pines sigh in the gloaming,

Still lie her lover's feet, weary of roaming ;

Never again shall the heart of the maiden  
Hail his white missives with love overlaid!

#### COMING HOME.

WHEN the winter winds were loud,  
And Earth slept in snowy shroud,  
Oft our darling wrote to us,—  
And the words ran ever thus,—  
“ I am coming in the spring!  
With the Mayflower's blossoming,  
With the young leaves on the tree,  
O my dear ones, look for me!”

And she came. One dreary day,  
When the skies were dull and gray,  
Softly through the open-door  
Our beloved came once more.  
Came with folded hands that lay  
Very quietly away,—  
Came with heavy-lidded eyes,  
Lifted not in glad surprise.

Not a single word she spoke ;  
Laugh nor sigh her silence broke



As across the quiet room,  
Darkening in the twilight gloom,  
On she passed in stillest guise,  
Calm as saint in Paradise,  
To the spot where—woe betide!—  
Four years since she stood a bride.

Then, you think, we sprang to greet  
her,—  
Sprang with outstretched hands to meet  
her,

Clasped in our arms once more,  
As in happy days of yore;  
Poured warm kisses on her cheek,  
Passive lips, and forehead meek,  
Till the barrier melted down  
That had thus between us grown.

Ah, no!—Darling, did you know  
When we bent above you so?  
When our tears fell down like rain,  
And our hearts were wild with pain?  
Did you pity us that day,  
Even as holy angels may  
Pity mortals here below,  
While they wonder at their woe?

Who can tell us? Word nor sign  
Came from those pale lips of thine;  
Loving heart and yearning breast  
Lay in coldest, calmest rest.  
Is thy Heaven so very fair  
That thou dost forget us there?  
Speak, beloved! Woe is me  
That in vain, I call on thee!

Some time—but not yet—I know  
Time will check the bitter flow  
Of our tears. But never more  
Will Earth wear the smile she wore,  
Wear the golden glow that flung  
Light the dreariest paths among,  
Ere that one small grave was made  
Underneath the elm-tree's shade.

#### HIDDEN AWAY.

HIDDEN away beneath the sod!  
O my darling, can this be true?  
In the pleasant paths your feet have trod  
Must I look in vain, henceforth, for you?  
Will the summers come, and the summers  
go?  
Will Earth rejoice in her robes of green?  
Will roses blow, while thy cheek's young  
glow  
And thine eyes' soft smiling ne'er are  
seen?

Hidden away three months ago!  
Only three months! but how long it seems  
Since that dreary day when the clouds hung  
low,

And the wild rains flooded the swollen  
streams!  
It was meet that the sombre skies should  
weep,  
And the hills that you loved be black as  
night,  
When the dreamless sleep of the grave so  
deep,  
Wrapped you away from our yearning  
sight!

I know that Earth is as fair to-day,  
As fresh and fair as she was last June,  
When the wind in the maple-bows alway  
Seemed to murmur a pleasant tune;  
The bending skies are as blue, I trow,  
The young leaves dance in their merry  
glee,  
The stars still glow, and the bright streams  
flow,—  
What have we lost then?—Only thee!

Only our best and our fairest, laid  
Out of our sight beneath the sod!  
Only a voice whose music made  
Shorter the weary ways we trod!  
But with warmth and light and odorous  
bloom,  
The beautiful earth is glad and gay,  
Though down in the gloom of the shadowy  
tomb  
Thy form, my beloved, lies hidden away!

#### THEN AND NOW.

WHEN last these trembling blossoms swang,  
Bright pendants on the bending spray,  
Like tiny bells by fairies rung  
In tinkling murmurs all the day;  
We bent above them, thou and I,  
Entranced the lovely things to view,  
That shamed the ruby's burning dye,  
And mocked the oriole's brilliant hue.

How fair thou wert that happy morn!  
I turned to gaze upon thy face,  
Where beauty, of the spirit born,  
Looked outward in serenest grace;  
Then broke a lovely crimson spray,  
With waxen leaves of darkest green,  
And soon, a glowing wreath, it lay  
Thy folds of soft brown hair between.

And then I kissed thee. Ah, my love!  
Would that our past might live again!  
For thou hast flown to realms above,  
While I am standing here, as then.

But now from these same flowers I twine  
A simple wreath to deck thy grave,  
Woe that a form so dear as thine  
Love had no power to shield or save!

MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

THE OLD PSALM TUNE.

YOU asked, dear friend, the other day,  
Why still my charmed ear  
Rejoiceth in uncultured tone  
That old psalm tune to hear?

I've heard full oft, in foreign lands,  
The grand orchestral strain,  
Where music's ancient masters live,  
Revealed on earth again,—

Where breathing, solemn instruments,  
In swaying clouds of sound,  
Bore up the yearning, tranced soul,  
Like silver wings around;—

I've heard in old St. Peter's dome,  
Where clouds of incense rise,  
Most ravishing the choral swell  
Mount upwards to the skies.

And well I feel the magic power,  
When skilled and cultured art  
Its cunning webs of sweetness weaves  
Around the captured heart.

But yet, dear friend, though rudely sung,  
That old psalm tune hath still  
A pulse of power beyond them all  
My inmost soul to thrill.

Those halting tones that sound to you,  
Are not the tones I hear;  
But voices of the loved and lost  
There meet my longing ear.

I hear my angel mother's voice,—  
Those were the words she sung;  
I hear my brother's ringing tones,  
As once on earth they rung;

And friends that walk in white above  
Come round me like a cloud,  
And far above those earthly notes  
Their singing sounds aloud.

There may be discord, as you say;  
Those voices poorly ring;  
But there's no discord in the strain  
Those upper spirits sing.

For they who sing are of the blest,  
The calm and glorified,  
Whose hours are one eternal rest  
On heaven's sweet floating tide.

Their life is music and accord:  
Their souls and hearts keep time  
In one sweet concert with the Lord,—  
One concert vast, sublime.

And through the hymns they sang on earth  
Sometimes a sweetness falls  
On those they loved and left below,  
And softly homeward calls,—

Bells from our own dear fatherland,  
Borne trembling o'er the sea,—  
The narrow sea that they have crossed,  
The shores where we shall be.

O sing, sing on, beloved souls!  
Sing cares and griefs to rest;  
Sing, till entranced we arise  
To join you 'mong the blest.

THE OTHER WORLD.

It lies around us like a cloud,  
A world we do not see;  
Yet the sweet closing of an eye  
May bring us there to be.

Its gentle breezes fan our cheek;  
Amid our worldly cares,  
Its gentle voices whisper love,  
And mingle with our prayers.

Sweet hearts around us throb and beat,  
Sweet helping hands are stirred,  
And palpitates the veil between  
With breathings almost heard.

The silence, awful, sweet, and calm,  
They have no power to break;  
For mortal words are not for them  
To utter or partake.

So thin, so soft, so sweet, they glide,  
So near to press they seem,  
They lull us gently to our rest,  
They melt into our dream.

And in the hush of rest they bring  
'Tis easy now to see  
How lovely and how sweet a pass  
The hour of death may be;—

To close the eye, and close the ear,  
Wrapped in a trance of bliss,  
And, gently drawn in loving arms,  
To swoon to that—from this,—

Scarce knowing if we wake or sleep,  
Scarce asking where we are,  
To feel all evil sink away,  
All sorrow and all care.

Sweet souls around us! watch us still;  
Press nearer to our side;  
Into our thoughts, into our prayers,  
With gentle helpings glide.





Let death between us be as naught,  
A dried and vanished stream ;  
Your joy be the reality,  
Our suffering life the dream.

---

THE SECRET.

---

"Thou shalt keep them in the secret of thy presence from the strife of tongues."

---

WHEN winds are raging o'er the upper  
ocean,  
And billows wild contend with angry  
roar,  
'Tis said, far down beneath the wild com-  
motion,  
That peaceful stillness reigneth evermore.

Far, far beneath, the noise of tempest dieth,  
And silver waves chime ever peacefully ;  
And no rude storm, how fierce soe'er he  
fieth,  
Disturbs the sabbath of that deeper sea.

So to the soul that knows thy love, O Purest,  
There is a temple peaceful evermore !  
And all the babble of life's angry voices  
Die in hushed stillness at its sacred door.

Far, far away the noise of passion dieth,  
And loving thoughts rise ever peacefully ;  
And no rude storm, how fierce soe'er he  
fieth,  
Disturbs that deeper rest, O Lord, in thee.

O rest of rests ! O peace serene, eternal !  
Thou ever livest and thou changest never ;  
And in the secret of thy presence dwelleth  
Fullness of joy, forever and forever.

---

THINK NOT ALL IS OVER.

---

THINK not, when the wailing winds of au-  
tumn  
Drive the shivering leaflets from the tree,  
Think not all is over : spring returneth,  
Buds and leaves and blossoms thou shalt  
see.

Think not, when the earth lies cold and  
sealed,  
And the weary birds above her mourn,—  
Think not all is over : God still liveth,  
Songs and sunshine shall again return.

Think not, when thy heart is waste and  
dreary,  
When thy cherished hopes lie chill and  
sere,—

Think not all is over : God still loveth,  
He will wipe away thy every tear.

Weeping for a night alone endureth,  
God at last shall bring a morning hour ;  
In the frozen buds of every winter  
Sleep the blossoms of a future flower.

---

THE CROCUS.

---

BENEATH the sunny autumn sky,  
With gold leaves dropping round,  
We sought, my little friend and I,  
The consecrated ground,  
Where, calm, beneath the holy cross,  
O'ershadowed by sweet skies,  
Sleeps tranquilly that youthful form,  
Those blue unclouded eyes.

Around the soft, green swelling mound  
We scooped the earth away,  
And buried deep the crocus bulbs  
Against a coming day.  
"These roots are dry, and brown, and  
sere ;  
Why plant them here ?" he said,  
"To leave them, all the winter long,  
So desolate and dead."

"Dear child, within each sere dead form  
There sleeps a living flower,  
And angel-like it shall arise  
In spring's returning hour."  
Ah, deeper down—cold, dark, and chill—  
We buried our heart's flower,  
But angel-like shall he arise  
In spring's immortal hour.

In blue and yellow from its grave  
Springs up the crocus fair,  
And God shall raise those bright blue eyes,  
Those sunny waves of hair.  
Not for a fading summer's morn,  
Not for a fleeting hour,  
But for an endless age of bliss,  
Shall rise our heart's dear flower.

---

"ONLY A YEAR."

---

ONE year ago,—a ringing voice,  
A clear blue eye,  
And clustering curls of sunny hair,  
Too fair to die.

Only a year,—no voice, no smile,  
No glance of eye,  
No clustering curls of golden hair,  
Fair but to die !

One year ago—what loves, what schemes  
Far into life !  
What joyous hopes, what high resolves,  
What generous strife !

The silent picture on the wall,  
The burial stone,  
Of all that beauty, life, and joy  
Remain alone !

One year,—one year,—one little year,  
And so much gone !  
And yet the even flow of life  
Moves calmly on.

The grave grows green, the flowers bloom  
fair,  
Above that head ;  
No sorrowing tint of leaf or spray  
Says he is dead.

No pause or hush of merry birds,  
That sing above,  
Tells us how coldly sleeps below  
The form we love.

Where hast thou been this year, beloved?  
What hast thou seen?  
What visions fair, what glorious life,  
Where thou hast been?

The veil! the veil! so thin, so strong!  
'Twixt us and thee;  
The mystic veil! when shall it fall,  
That we may see?

Not dead, not sleeping, not even gone,  
But present still,  
And waiting for the coming hour  
Of God's sweet will.

Lord of the living and the dead,  
Our Saviour dear!  
We lay in silence at thy feet  
This sad, sad year!

#### MIDNIGHT.

"He hath made me to dwell in darkness as those that have been long dead."

ALL dark!—no light, no ray!  
Sun, moon, and stars, all gone!  
Dimness of anguish!—utter void!—  
Crushed, and alone!

One waste of weary pain,  
One dull, unmeaning ache,  
A heart too weary, even to throb,  
Too bruised too break.

No longer anxious thoughts,  
No longer hopes and fears,  
No strife, no effort, no desire,  
No tears?

Daylight and leaves and flowers,  
Summer and song of bird!—  
All vanished!—dreams forever gone,  
Unseen, unheard!

Love, beauty, youth,—all gone!  
The high, heroic vow,  
The buoyant hope, the fond desire,—  
All ashes now!

The words they speak to me  
Far off and distant seem,  
As voices we have known and loved  
Speak in a dream.

They bid me to submit;  
I do—I cannot strive;  
I do not question,—I endure,  
Endure and live.

I do not struggle more,  
Nor pray, for prayer is vain;  
I but lie still the weary hour,  
And bear my pain.

A guiding God, a Friend,  
A Father's gracious cheer,  
Once seemed my own; but now even faith  
Lies buried here.

This darkened, deathly life  
Is all remains of me,  
And but one conscious wish,—  
To cease to be!

#### SECOND HOUR.

"They laid hold upon one Simon a Cyrenian, and on him they laid the cross, that he might bear it after Jesus."

ALONG the dusty thoroughfare of life,  
Upon his daily errands walking free,  
Came a brave, honest man, untouched by  
pain,  
Unchilled by sight or thought of misery.

But lo! a crowd:—he stops,—with curious  
eye  
A fainting form all pressed to earth he  
sees;  
The hard, rough burden of the bitter cross  
Hath bowed the drooping head and feeble  
knees.

Ho! lay the cross upon yon stranger there,  
For he hath breadth of chest and strength  
of limb.

Straight it is done; and heavy laden thus,  
With Jesus' cross, he turns and follows  
him.

Unmurmuring, patient, cheerful, pitiful,  
Prompt with the holy sufferer to endure,  
Forsaking all to follow the dear Lord,—  
Thus did he make his glorious calling  
sure.

O soul, whoe'er thou art, walking life's way,  
As yet from touch of deadly sorrow free,  
Learn from this story to forecast the day  
When Jesus and his cross shall come to  
thee.

O, in that fearful, that decisive hour,  
Rebel not, shrink not, seek not thence to  
flee,  
But, humbly bending, take thy heavy load,  
And bear it after Jesus patiently.

His cross is thine. If thou and he be one,  
Some portion of his pain must still be  
thine;

Thus only mayst thou share his glorious  
crown,  
And reign with him in majesty divine

Master in sorrow! I accept my share  
In the great anguish of life's mystery.  
No more, alone, I sink beneath my load,  
But bear my cross, O Jesus, after thee.

#### A DAY IN THE PAMFILI DORIA.

THOUGH the hills are cold and snowy,  
And the wind drives chill to-day,  
My heart goes back to a spring-time,  
Far, far in the past away.

And I see a quaint old city,  
Weary and worn and brown,  
Where the spring and the birds are so early  
And the sun in such light goes down.

I remember that old-time villa,  
Where our afternoons went by,  
Where the suns of March flushed warmly,  
And spring was in earth and sky.

Out of the mouldering city,  
Mouldering, old, and gray,  
We sped, with a lightsome heart-thrill,  
For a sunny, gladsome day,—

For a revel of fresh spring verdure,  
For a race 'mid springing flowers,  
For a vision of plashing fountains,  
Of birds and blossoming bowers.

There were violet banks in the shadows,  
Violets white and blue;  
And a world of bright anemones,  
That over the terrace grew,—

Blue and orange and purple,  
Rosy and yellow and white,  
Rising in rainbow bubbles,  
Streaking the lawns with light.

And down from the old stone pine-trees,  
Those far off islands of air,  
The birds are flinging the tidings  
Of a joyful revel up there.

And now for the grand old fountains,  
Tossing their silvery spray,  
Those fountains so quaint and so many,  
That are leaping and singing all day.

Those fountains of strange weird sculpture,  
With lichens and moss o'ergrown,  
Are they marble greening in moss-wreaths?  
Or moss-wreaths whitening to stone?

Down many a wild, dim pathway  
We ramble from morning till noon;  
We linger, unheeding the hours,  
Till evening comes all too soon.

And from out the ilex alleys,  
Where lengthening shadows play,  
We look on the dreamy Campagna,  
All glowing with setting day,—

All melting in bands of purple,  
In swathings and foldings of gold,  
In ribands of azure and lilac,  
Like a princely banner unrolled.

And the smoke of each distant cottage,  
And the flash of each villa white,  
Shines out with an opal glimmer,  
Like gems in a casket of light.

And the dome of old St. Peter's  
With a strange translucence glows,  
Like a mighty bubble of amethyst  
Floating in waves of rose.

In a trance of dreamy vagueness  
We, gazing and yearning, behold  
That city beheld by the prophet,  
Whose walls were transparent gold.

And, dropping all solemn and slowly,  
To hallow the softening spell,  
There falls on the dying twilight  
The Ave Maria bell.

With a mournful motherly softness,  
With a weird and weary care,  
That strange and ancient city  
Seems calling the nations to prayer.  
And the words that of old the angel  
To the mother of Jesus brought,  
Rise like a new evangel,  
To hollow the trance of our thought.

With the smoke of the evening incense  
Our thoughts are ascending then  
To Mary, the mother of Jesus;  
To Jesus, the Master of men.

O city of prophets and martyrs,  
O shrines of the sainted dead,  
When, when shall the living day-spring  
Once more on your towers be seen?

When He who is meek and lowly  
Shall rule in those lordly halls,  
And shall stand and feed as a shepherd  
The flock which his mercy calls,—

O, then to those noble churches,  
To picture, and statue, and gem,  
To the pageant of solemn worship,  
Shall the *meaning* come back again.

And this strange and ancient city,  
In that reign of His truth and love,  
Shall *be* what it *seems* in the twilight,  
The type of that City above.

#### THE GARDENS OF THE VATICAN.

SWEET fountains, plashing with a dreamy  
fall,

And mosses green, and tremulous veils of  
fern,

And banks of blowing cyclamen, and stars,  
Blue as the skies, of myrtle blossoming,  
The twilight shade of ilex overhead  
O'erbubbling with sweet song of nightingale,  
With walks of strange, weird stillness, lead-  
ing on

'Mid sculptured fragments half to green  
moss gone,

Or breaking forth amid the violet leaves  
With some white gleam of an old world  
gone by.

Ah! strange, sweet quiet! wilderness of calm,  
Gardens of dreamy rest, I long to lay  
Beneath your shade the last long sigh, and  
say,

Here is my home, my Lord, thy home and  
mine;

And I, having searched the world with many  
a tear,  
At last have found thee and will stray no  
more.

But vainly here I seek the Gardener  
That Mary saw. These lovely halls beyond,  
That airy, sky-like dome, that lofty fane,  
Is as a palace whence the king is gone  
And taken all the sweetness with himself.  
Turn again, Jesus, and possess thine own!  
Come to thy temple once more as of old!  
Drive forth the money-changers, let it be  
A house of prayer for nations. Even so,  
Amen! Amen!

MRS. MARY E. BRADLEY.

HEARTSEASE.

Of all the bonny buds that blow  
In bright or cloudy weather,  
Of all the flowers that come and go  
The whole twelve moons together,  
This little purple pansy brings  
Thoughts of the sweetest, saddest things.

I had a little lover once,  
Who used to give me posies :  
His eyes were blue as hyacinths,  
His lips were red as roses,  
And everybody loved to praise  
His pretty looks and winsome ways.

The girls that went to school with me  
Made little jealous speeches,  
Because he brought me royally  
His biggest plums and peaches,  
And always at the door would wait  
To carry home my books and slate.

"They couldn't see"—with pout and fang—  
"The mighty fascination  
About that little snub-nosed thing  
To win such admiration ;  
As if there wern't a dozen girls  
With nicer eyes and longer curls !"

And this I knew as well as they,  
And never could see clearly  
Why more than Marion or May  
I should be loved so dearly.  
So once I asked him, why was this ?  
He only answered with a kiss.

Until I teased him—"Tell me why—  
I want to know the reason ;"  
When from the garden-bed close by  
(The pansies were in season)  
He plucked and gave a flower to me,  
With sweet and simple gravity.

"The garden is in bloom," he said,  
"With lilies pale and slender,  
With roses and verbenas red,  
And fuchsias' purple splendor ;  
But over and above the rest,  
This little heartsease suits me best."

"Am I your little heartsease, then ?"  
I asked with blushing pleasure :  
He answered yes ! and yes again—  
Heartsease, and dearest treasure ;  
That the round world and all the sea  
Held nothing half so sweet as me !

I listened with a proud delight  
Too rare for words to capture,  
Nor ever dreamed what sudden blight  
Would come to chill my rapture.

Could I foresee the tender bloom  
Of pansies round a little tomb ?

Life holds some stern experience,  
As most of us discover,  
And I've had other losses since  
I lost my little lover ;  
But still this purple pansy brings  
Thoughts of the saddest, sweetest things.

MIGNONNETTE.

"Your qualities surpass your charms."—*Language of Flowers.*

I PASSED before her garden gate :  
She stood among her roses,  
And stooped a little from the state  
In which her pride reposes,  
To make her flowers a graceful plea  
For luring and delaying me.

"When summer blossoms fade so soon,"  
She said with winning sweetness,  
"Who does not wear the badge of June  
Lacks something of completeness.  
My garden welcomes you to-day,  
Come in and gather, while you may."

I entered in : she led me through  
A maze of leafy arches,  
Where velvet-purple pansies grew  
Beneath the sighing larches,—  
A shadowy, still, and cool retreat  
That gave excuse for lingering feet.

She paused, pulled down a trailing vine,  
And twisted round her finger  
Its starry sprays of jessamine,  
As one who seeks to linger.  
But I smiled lightly in her face,  
And passed on to the open space.

—Passed many a flower-bed fitly set  
In trim and blooming order,  
And plucked at last some mignonnette  
That strayed along the border ;  
A simple thing that had no bloom,  
And but a faint and far perfume.

She wondered why I would not choose  
That dreamy amaryllis,—  
"And could I really, then, refuse  
Those heavenly white lilies !  
And leave ungathered on the slope  
This passion-breathing heliotrope ?"

She did not know—what need to tell  
So fair and fine a creature ?—  
That there was one who loved me well  
Of widely different nature ;



A little maid whose tender youth,  
And innocence, and simple truth,  
Had won my heart with qualities  
That far surpassed her beauty,  
And held me with unconscious ease  
Enthralled of love and duty ;  
Whose modest graces all were met  
And symbolled in my mignonnette.

I passed outside her garden-gate,  
And left her proudly smiling :  
Her roses bloomed too late, too late,  
She saw, for my beguiling.  
I wore instead—and wear it yet—  
The single spray of mignonnette.

Its fragrance greets me unaware,  
A vision clear recalling  
Of shy, sweet eyes, and drooping hair  
In girlish tresses falling,  
And little hands so white and fine  
That timidly creep into mine ;

As she—all ignorant of the arts  
That wiser maids are plying—  
Has crept into my heart of hearts  
Past doubting or denying :  
Therein, while suns shall rise and set,  
To bloom unchanged, my mignonnette !

#### WINTER-GREEN.

" There are more things to be seen  
In this sprig of winter-green  
Than its leaves, and berries red,  
And the dew on which they feed.  
I will tell you what some day,  
When the children are at play,  
Out of hearing, out of sight:  
But no word of it to-night.  
For 'tis Christmas Eve, and we  
Must go dress the Christmas Tree."—ANON.

THE frost has melted from the pane,  
For rime is not in reason  
When flowers begin to bloom again,  
And the clear shining after rain  
Foretells an April season.

I know how white the snow-drifts lie  
Against the hawthorn hedges ;  
And do not venture to deny  
That icicles hang high and dry  
Along the window-ledges.

But some have found the flower of life  
A delicate May-comer ;  
Some find the winter's storm and strife  
With more of blooming sweetness rife  
Than any hour of summer.

And let me tell you why to-day  
The frost leaves no impression ;  
And why when all the world is gray  
I hold, so confidently gay,  
The sunshine in possession.

An hour ago this very room,  
That now you find so cheery,  
Was dull and darksome as a tomb  
Whereon the flowers have ceased to bloom,  
And I was just as dreary.

But while, with secret sense of shame,  
Yet secret sense of yearning,  
I breathed a rarely-uttered name,—  
Behold ! a letter to me came  
With news of his returning !

Then all the wintry world grew bright  
With summer warmth and shining,  
And every cloud that day or night  
Had darkened over my delight,  
Revealed a silver lining.

For long ago, O long ago,  
No need now to remember,  
If April violets were in blow,  
Or if the fields were wrapt in snow  
Of dreary cold December,—

My love was proud, my love and I  
Were proud, and tender-hearted ;  
We passed each other coldly by,  
Nor ever told the reason why  
So foolishly we parted.

We went our weary ways alone,  
He sailed the wide seas over ;  
I kept my secret for my own,  
And saw the pinky blossoms grown  
Ten times upon the clover.

Ten times I heard the honey-bees  
Among them sweetly humming ;  
But never summer bee nor breeze  
Brought me such welcome words as these,—  
" Your love is coming, coming ! "

Upon the bitter biting blast  
Of January flying,  
The happy message came at last ;  
And so, you see, my winter's past,  
For all the snow's denying.

You need not smile because the snow  
Upon my hair is sprinkled ;  
Hearts may keep spring-time still, although  
The brow above, like mine, you know,  
Is just a little wrinkled.

I would not change with you, my sweet,  
For all your April beauty ;  
Nor give, for all the hearts that meet  
To offer at your pretty feet  
Their undivided duty,

The one that unforgetting went  
For ten long years together,—  
The one whose crowning love has lent  
" The winter of my discontent "  
Its flush of summer weather.

#### BESIDE THE SEA.

TO E. D. B. S.

THE sea rolls up against the beach,  
The old house fronts the sea ;  
Only the high road's level reach  
Betwixt its waves and me.  
Across the window-ledge I lean  
And watch the waters play,  
As you have watched their shade and sheen  
On many an April day,

Like this, which brightens to its close  
Till sky and sea below  
With sunset tints of gold and rose  
Lie flushed in equal glow ;  
And far across the shining bay  
A rainbow faintly fades away.

How like a dream it seems to me,  
A tender dream come true,  
To watch, in silent sympathy,  
This sunlit sea with you !  
I turn to look upon your face ;  
It is not one, indeed—  
With all the frankness of your race—  
That he who runs may read :  
But like a flower that drops apart  
When summer sunbeams shine,  
The closest leaflets of your heart  
Have opened unto mine,  
With all your yearning thoughts that fly  
Beyond the sea, beyond the sky.

I would that like the sunbeams, dear,  
I held the happy power  
To shed a radiant atmosphere  
About the drooping flower—  
That as the cloud of April flies  
Before their bright control,  
So might the shadow from your eyes,  
Its substance from your soul !  
Vain wishes—unto us who know  
How black such shadows fall—  
The face we love best hid below  
A coffin-lid and pall—  
Love has not any balm to cure  
These griefs that silently endure.

And I who love you, friend of years,  
Can give you only this—  
The mute companionship of tears,  
The language of a kiss ;  
Or quiet clasping of the hand  
When memories overflow,  
And shines upon the sea and land  
The light of long ago.  
Not much for giving, it is true,  
To one in merrier mood,  
But something, after all, to you  
So to be understood ;  
And in this old house by the sea,  
I comprehend you utterly.

Its ancient walls are eloquent  
Of days that are no more ;  
Fair days, serene with sweet content,  
Dark days, that darkly bore  
The burden of a fierce despair,  
A sharp, unequal strife—  
Wherein who struggles he shall wear  
The bitter scars for life.  
You wear them—ah ! the cruel need,  
God knows it ! Let it be.  
Some day the riddle we shall read  
And all the reason see.  
The shadows darken on the bay ;  
The color fades ; you turn away.

## A RHYME OF THE RAIN.

ONCE I sang in April weather  
(Oh, I sang it all in vain !)  
"Come and welcome, April shower !  
Tap your message on the pane.  
April rain !  
I can guess the merry meaning  
Of your musical refrain.  
"For he loves me, loves me truly !  
Summer shower and winter snow  
Bring the happy message to me,  
And the wildest winds that blow.  
Oh, I know  
What the birds mean by their singing,  
What the brook says, laughing low !  
"He is coming ! April shower,  
With the bonny buds of May,  
Bid the lilacs and the lilies  
Don their loveliest array.  
Dance away !  
Let your kisses speed their blooming  
For my merry marriage-day !"

So I sang in April weather,  
And my voice was wild with glee  
As the streamlet's, rippling downward  
To its marriage with the sea.  
But, ah me !  
Never while the tides flow onward  
Shall my merry marriage be.

For he did not love me truly :  
'Tis the way of honey bees,  
Having sucked the flower's sweetness  
Just to wander as they please :  
Will the breeze  
Hold the flower's incompleteness  
Limitation unto these ?

Comes again the April weather,  
And the sudden cloud hangs low,  
And the rain-drops dance together  
With a measured fall and flow.  
But, I know,  
They will bring the message never  
That they brought me long ago.

## IN THE NIGHT.

THE night wind rustles in the trees :  
In my dim chamber, ill at ease,  
I lie with feverish pain oppress,  
And toss the covers from my breast,  
And turn my face to meet the breeze.

Outside, upon the lamp-lit street  
The ringing tramp of endless feet,  
And rush of wheels, and jangling bells  
Blend with a voice that sinks and swells  
In a rude ballad, shrilly sweet.

I listen till the wandering song  
Dies in the undistinguished throng  
Of jarring noises. Sleep has fled,  
And sad-eyed Thought has come instead  
To drag the weary hours along.

I yield myself to her control,  
And ponder, sick and sad of soul,  
How many sufferers there be  
That lie in sleepless pain, like me,  
Nor any power can make them whole.

No right have I, the truth being shown,  
Or such as I, to make a moan.  
Sin brings perforce its punishment ;  
Who breaks a law must be content  
To make the penalty his own.

And I have sinned enough, my God,  
To hold me still beneath Thy rod,  
And own the chastening is meet ;  
Knowing how wilfully my feet  
By and forbidden paths have trod.

But under this wide, starlit sky  
How many sinless creatures lie  
Tortured and bound with nameless pain,  
And stretch imploring hands in vain,  
Nor ever know the reason why !

The little children, innocent  
Alike of good or ill intent,  
Whose utter helplessness should be  
As utter an immunity—  
What is their sin for punishment ?

Why should their span of life, so brief,  
Be ignorantly full of grief ?  
And the pathetic look that lies  
Mutely appealing in their eyes  
Be unavailing for relief ?

It wrings my heart with sudden woe  
To know—as I too surely know—  
How many feverish hands will burn,  
What little heads shall toss and turn  
This night, in anguish, to and fro.

And how the mother-hearts must ache  
With equal anguish for their sake,  
The while with passionate tears they plead  
Before a Power that takes no heed  
To hands that burn or hearts that break !

My soul by reason of these things  
Is tortured by vain questionings.  
Is God a God of Love in truth ;  
And can He coldly, with no ruth,  
Observe such needless sufferings ?

I am His creature, verily,  
Made in His image. Can it be  
That the mere creature of His breath  
Who holds in balance life and death  
Is made more merciful than He ?

I would account it pure delight  
To stretch above the world this night  
Vast wings of healing, and to shed  
Upon each aching heart and head  
A blessed balm, if so I might.

As Christ the sick and sore went by,  
And made them whole, so too would I.  
No little child should wake to weep ;  
But, wrapt around with tender sleep,  
The mother and the babe should lie.

How the mere fancy that my will  
Could such a boundless good fulfil  
Deadens the sense of present pain,  
Sends the quick blood through every vein,  
And makes my languid pulses thrill !

Yet God on His eternal throne  
Hears all unmoved this endless moan,  
That at the echo of His word  
To sweet rejoicing could be stirred  
In a far-reaching monotone.

Thou art the potter, we the clay,  
My God ! and yet both night and day  
I wonder why Thy ways should be  
So past the finding out ; for me,  
I wonder when I ought to pray.

For hearts that simply pray and trust,  
They know Thee good, and great, and just,  
And with a love that casts out fear  
*They wait* to read Thy meaning clear—  
Even till dust returns to dust.

Let mine be like them in Thy sight,  
O God of mercy, God of might !  
That I may trust Thee for Thy grace,  
And find Thee in the darkest place  
By an unerring inward light.

Dispel the haunting doubt and dread—  
Twin spectres—that beset my bed ;  
Nor mine alone. Thou knowest, Lord,  
They keep their evil watch and ward  
This night by many a fevered head.

Through the long hours, with pain possessed,  
We lie and think, we cannot rest,  
And on our apprehension grows  
The sum of individual woes—  
A nightmare weight upon the breast.

But Thou canst lift the weary weight,  
And Love and Faith can penetrate  
With sweetest sense of certainty  
The desolating doubts of Thee  
That Unbelief and Fear create.

Therefore, let Faith and Love endure,  
Our Father ! till our hearts are sure  
The bitterest blossom that can blow  
Its root of sweetness hath below,  
And every ill shall find its cure.

---

SONG.

---

COOL wind, sweet wind, blowing off the sea,  
Have you brought from Adelaide the kiss  
she sent to me ?  
Adelaide 's a little maid, fair as summer  
skies,  
All the dew and all the blue of April in her  
eyes.  
Red her lips like strawberries, or cherries  
cleft in two,  
But never fruit from any root such heavenly  
sweetness drew ;  
I who stole a kiss from them, and not so  
long ago—  
Cool wind, sweet wind, ought n't I to know ?

Cool wind, sweet wind, flutter far away !  
 I would rather see the gale that sweeps  
 across the bay ;  
 Rather greet snow and sleet, and sullen winter  
 rain,  
 Than all the bloom and perfume that follow  
 in your train.  
 For when the winds of winter blow over  
 land and sea,  
 Adelaide, the little maid, she will marry me ;  
 Merrily the marriage bells will sound across  
 the bay—  
 Cool wind, sweet wind, flutter far away !

—♦—  
 THE FOUR-LEAVED CLOVER.  
 —

If it be true, or no,  
 That luck's in a four-leaved clover—  
 As the old stories go—  
 Now I mean to discover.

Ankle-deep in the dew  
 (With hopes too dear to be spoken),  
 I searched the grass-plot through  
 Till I found the fairy token.

Shyly hiding from sight  
 The nodding grasses under,  
 I brought it forth to the light—  
 Here is my four-leaved wonder !

A small affair, if you scan  
 Its outward presence merely,  
 To wake in the heart of a man  
 The hope he holds most dearly.

But love has its mystic lore—  
 You may call it superstition !  
 And Hope is the open door  
 Sometimes to a sweet fruition.

One thing this night shall show  
 Or I am no true lover,—  
 If it be false or no,  
 That luck's in a four-leaved clover !

—♦—  
 IRREVOCABLE.  
 —

NOT all I could have wished her: you are  
 right,  
 But blessings brighten as they take their  
 flight.

If I could see her yonder, in the chair  
 She sat in yesterday; could touch her hair;  
 Or clasp her living hand in mine once  
 more,—

I should be happier than I ever was before.

She was not so responsive to my touch,  
 She did not love me—as you say—so much,  
 That I should grieve with grief befitting  
 him

Whose cup of joy was emptied from the  
 brim.

But losing all, it does not help my need  
 To know the actual loss is very small in-  
 deed.

We never should have married: that ap-  
 pears  
 A clear deduction from the weary years  
 Of difference between us. She was young  
 And passionate; not apt to rule her tongue :  
 And I, with riper power of self-control,  
 For ever failed to strike the key-note of her  
 soul.

And yet I loved her: at the last she knew,  
 Past doubting, that my love was fond and  
 true.

Could my desire have stayed her failing  
 breath,  
 And drawn her from the cruel clasp of  
 Death,  
 She might have learned—I think she *would*  
 have learned—  
 To give me all for which my hungry spirit  
 yearned.

That parting anguish to us both revealed,  
 Too late, alas! the chance that Life con-  
 cealed.

As if these embers, smoldering at my feet,  
 Should glow again with red and quivering  
 heat,  
 And leap alive in airy jets of flame,  
 Because a sudden breath across their dulness  
 came.

It might have failed me in the trial? Yes,—  
 But I would risk the trial none the less.  
 God knows, there is no rough and bitter  
 track

I would not tread with joy, to bring her  
 back.

For blessings brighten as they take their  
 flight,  
 And life is very desolate to me to-night.

—♦—  
 ASHES OF ROSES.  
 —

SOMEBODY promised—"Or ever June closes  
 I will be with you to gather the roses:  
 Failing my share of the blossomy treasure  
 May lavished on you in bountiful measure,  
 Missing the dew and delight of the spring,  
 June, I affirm, shall atone for the thing.  
 When the sweet summer is blushing in  
 roses,  
 Watch for me, welcome me—ere your June  
 closes."

Somebody else, by the casement leaf-shaded,  
 Watched till her roses had blossomed and  
 faded:

Counted the beautiful days as they vanished;  
 Hoped until hope from her bosom was ban-  
 ished.

When the fair queen of the summer was  
 dead,

Sighing, she turned from the window, and  
 said—

"June will return for the rose and the  
 clover,  
 But oh! for the June of my heart that is  
 over!"

## KATE PUTNAM OSGOOD.

### DRIVING HOME THE COWS.

OUT of the clover and blue-eyed grass  
He turned them into the river lane ;  
One after another he let them pass,  
    Though fastened the meadow bars again.

Under the willows, and over the hill,  
    He patiently followed their sober pace ;  
The merry whistle for once was still,  
    And something shadowed the sunny face.

Only a boy ! and his father had said  
    He never could let his youngest go :  
Two already were lying dead  
    Under the feet of the trampling foe.

But after the evening work was done,  
    And the frogs were loud in the meadow-  
    swamp,  
Over his shoulder he slung his gun,  
    And stealthily followed the foot-path  
    damp.

Across the clover, and through the wheat,  
    With resolute heart and purpose grim,  
Though cold was the dew on his hurrying  
    feet,  
    And the blind bat's fitting startled him.

Thrice since then had the lanes been white,  
    And the orchards sweet with apple-bloom ;  
And now, when the cows came back at  
    night,  
    The feeble father drove them home.

For news had come to the lonely farm  
    That three were lying where two had lain ;  
And the old man's tremulous, palsied arm  
    Could never lean on a son's again.

The summer day grew cool and late :  
    He went for the cows when the work was  
    done ;  
But down the lane, as he opened the gate,  
    He saw them coming, one by one :

Brindle, Ebony, Speckle, and Bess,  
    Shaking their horns in the evening wind ;  
Cropping the butter-cups' out of the grass—  
    But who was it following close behind ?

Loosely swung in the idle air  
    The empty sleeve of army blue ;  
And worn and pale, from the crisping hair,  
    Looked out a face that the father knew.

For Southern prisons will sometimes yawn,  
    And yield their dead unto life again ;  
And the day that comes with a cloudy dawn  
    In golden glory at last may wane.

The great tears sprang to their meeting  
    eyes ;  
For the heart must speak when the lips  
    are dumb :  
And under the silent evening skies  
    Together they followed the cattle home.

### UNDER THE MAPLE.

THE start it gave me just now, to see—  
    As I stood in the door-way looking out—  
Rob Greene at play by the maple-tree,  
    Throwing the scarlet leaves about !

It carried me back a long, long way ;  
    Ten years ago—how the time runs by !—  
There was nobody left at home that day  
    But little Jimmy and father and I :

My husband's father, an old, old man,  
    Close on to eighty, but still so smart :  
It was only of late that he began  
    To stay in the house and doze apart.

But the fancy took him that afternoon  
    To go to the meadow to watch the men ;  
And as fast as I argued, just so soon  
    He went right over it all again ;

Till, seeing how set he seemed to be,  
    I thought, with the air so warm and still,  
It could not hurt him to go with me,  
    And sit for a little under the hill.

So, lending my arm to his feeble tread,  
    Together slowly we crossed the road,  
While Jim and his cart ran on ahead  
    With a heap of pillows for wagon load.

We made him a soft seat, cushioned about,  
    Of an old chair out of the barn close by ;  
Then Jim went off with a caper and shout,  
    While we sat silent, father and I.

For me, I was watching the men at work,  
    And looking at Jack, my oldest son—  
So like his father !—he never would shirk,  
    But kept straight on till the stint was  
    done.

Seventeen was Jack that last July :  
    A great stout fellow, so tall and strong !  
And I spoke to the old man by-and-by,  
    To see how fast he was getting along.

But father had turned away his head,  
    A-following Jimmy's busy game  
With the maple leaves, whose bloody red  
    Flared up in the sun like so much flame.

His lips, as he looked, began to move,  
 And I heard him mutter a word or two :  
 " Yes, Joe! A fire in the Weston grove?  
 Just wait—one minute—I'll go with you!"

" Why, father," I cried, " what *do* you mean?"

For I knew he talked of his brother Joe,  
 The twin that was drowned at scarce fifteen,  
 Sixty summers and more ago.

" The sun has dazzled you: don't you see  
 That isn't a fire a-blazing there?  
 It's only Jim, by the maple-tree,  
 Tossing the red leaves into the air."

But still he nodded, and looked, and smiled,  
 Whispering something I could not hear;  
 Till, fairly frightened, I called the child,  
 Who left his play and came frolicking near.

The old man started out of his seat :  
 " Yes, Joe, yes; I'm coming," said he.  
 A moment he kept his tottering feet,  
 And then his weight grew heavy on me.

" Father!" I screamed; but he did not mind,  
 Though they all came running about us  
 then:

The poor old body was left behind,  
 And the twins were young together again.

And I wonder sometimes, when I wake at  
 night,

Was it his eyes or my own were dim?  
 Did something stand, beyond my sight;  
 Among the leaves, and beckon to him?

Well! there comes Jim up the interval  
 road:

Ten summers ago? yes, all of ten :  
 That's Baby Jack on the pumpkin load,  
 And Jim is as old as Jack was then.

#### THE SOUL'S QUEST.

A SAD soul knocked, as the night came down,  
 At the gate where Time as warder stands;  
 There was dust in the folds of her pilgrim  
 gown,

And blood on the staff in her wounded  
 hands.

Whence art thou come, with a cheek as pale  
 As the lilies drooping above thy brow?  
 Thine eyes are heavy, thy footsteps fail;  
 Thou sorrowful soul, what seekest thou?

Oh, I am worn with the rocky road  
 My faltering feet were forced to climb!  
 I have come up from a far abode  
 To beg for a boon, O pitiful Time!

And how hast thou reached these hidden  
 towers  
 No mortal vision before hath found?  
 I have followed the lingering scent of the  
 flowers  
 Borne out of my life's fair garden-ground:

Young buds of hope, and the lavish bloom  
 Of joys cut down in their splendid prime:  
 I am faint for lack of their rich perfume;  
 Give back my roses, O cruel Time!

I have taken thy flowers and planted them  
 Where the breath of an endless summer  
 blows;

But left I not by their broken stem  
 A living lily for every rose?

Behold, they are wreathed around thy  
 brow;

Thy tresses scatter their dewy balm;  
 More fair than the flowers of earth, I trow,  
 Are Memory's lilies, pure and calm.

Oh, fresh and sweet though my lilies be,  
 I thirst for those cups of spice again!  
 Thou pleading soul, I will render thee  
 The boon thou hast sought through toil  
 and pain.

Unloose my lilies from out thy hair,  
 And bind in their place thy roses red.  
 Nay, nay, but suffer me still to wear  
 This fragrant bloom of the days that are  
 dead.

Shall I rob for thy earth my garden wall  
 Of the lily leaf and the rich rose-vine?  
 Thou shalt enter at last and gather all,  
 But choose thou to-day 'twixt thine and  
 mine.

Those roses the fullness of life had lent  
 The odor and flush of its fervid years;  
 But they breathed not the rare and subtle  
 scent  
 Of the pure pale lilies born of tears.

Slowly at length to the weary track,  
 From the flowers she had followed so far  
 astray,

Sweet Memory's chaplet bearing back,  
 The sad soul turned on her downward  
 way.

#### JIMMY.

JIMMY and I are fellows for play!  
 Never tired of it, rain or shine.  
 Jimmy was six the last birthday,  
 While I was only—sixty-nine!

So little Master Commonsense  
 Gives himself superior airs,  
 Guiding my inexperience  
 By the wisdom under his own white hairs.

Sometimes it happens the hoary sage—  
 Over-anxious for Number One—  
 Turns to account my tender age,  
 And I am most atrociously "done."

No matter how it may chance to be,  
 Jimmy's argument never fails:  
 The copper is always wrong for me,  
 And Jimmy is winner, heads or tails.

Well, I have lived to be boy and man,  
 Dad and grandad, and yet, I vow,  
 Never was I in my threescore and ten  
 Half so sharp as Jimmy is now !  
 And sadly the question bothers me,  
 As I stop in my play to look at him—  
 What will the Twentieth Century be,  
 If the Nineteenth's youngsters are all like  
 Jim ?

BY THE APPLE-TREE.

It was not anger that changed him of late ;  
 It was not diffidence made him shy ;  
 Yon branch that has blossomed above the  
 gate  
 Could guess the riddle—and so can I.  
 What does it mean when the bold eyes fall,  
 And the ready tongue at its merriest trips ?  
 What potent influence holds in thrall  
 The eager heart and the burning lips ?  
 Ah me ! to falter before a girl  
 Whose shy lids never would let you know  
 (Save for the lashes' wilful curl)  
 The pansy-purple asleep below.  
 Nothing to frighten a man away—  
 Only a cheek like a strawberry-bed ;  
 Only a ringlet's gold astray,  
 And a mouth like a baby's, dewy-red.  
 Ah, baby-mouth, with your dimpled bloom !  
 If but yon blossomy apple-bough  
 Could whisper a secret learned in the gloom,  
 That deepens its blushes even now.  
 No need, for the secret at last is known :  
 Yet so, I fancy, it might not be  
 Had he not met her, by chance, alone,  
 There in the lane, by the apple-tree.

MARGUERITE.

WHAT aileth pretty Marguerite ?  
 Such April moods about her meet !  
 She sighs, and yet she is not sad ;  
 She smiles, with naught to make her glad.  
 A thousand flitting fancies chase  
 The sun and shadow on her face :  
 The wind is not more light than she,  
 Nor deeper the unsounded sea.  
 What aileth pretty Marguerite ?  
 Doth none discern her secret sweet ?  
 Yet earth and air have many a sign  
 The heart of maiden to divine.  
 In budding leaf and building nest  
 Lie kindred mysteries half confest ;  
 And whoso hath the gift of sight  
 May Nature's riddle read aright.  
 Not all at once the lily's heart  
 Is kissed by wooing waves apart :  
 Not in a day the lavish May  
 Flings all her choicest flowers away.  
 Fair child ! shall potent Love alone  
 Forget to send his heralds on ?  
 Ah, happy lips, that dare repeat  
 What aileth pretty Marguerite !

MOTHER MICHAUD.

It was early morn when Mother Michaud  
 Passed by the guard at the city gate,  
 Drowsily measuring, to and fro,  
 The narrow length of the iron grate.  
 Still, far and faint in the twilight swoon,  
 Where dark and dawning at struggle meet,  
 Like her own pale shadow, the waning moon  
 Hung lonely over the lonely street.  
 By winding stairway and gable quaint—  
 Carved over again in shade below—  
 By arch and turret and pillared saint,  
 With lightsome step walked Mother Mi-  
 chaud.  
 Pleasant it was in the smoky town  
 The rosy old country face to see !  
 The high white cap and the peasant gown  
 Brought up a vision of Normandie—  
 Normandie, with its fair green swells,  
 The sweep of its orchards' flowery field,  
 Ways that wind into woody dell,  
 Corn fields red with the poppy's blood.  
 There, in the corner, the wheel stood still  
 That used to whirl like the bees on the  
 thatch ;  
 The cherries might tap on the window-sill,  
 And the vine, unloosened, lift the latch ;  
 But Mother Michaud had left behind  
 The sun and scent of her native plain,  
 Far over the darkling hills to find  
 The face of her youngest son again.  
 Nine long years had come and gone,  
 Nine long years, since the April day  
 When into the mists of the early dawn  
 He melted, a kindred mist, away.  
 And year after year the bright boy-face,  
 That never came back from that cloud-  
 land dim,  
 Beckoned her out of the empty space,  
 Till it drew her at last to follow him.  
 Lonely and dark in the dawning spread  
 The city's tangle of court and street ;  
 But the stones that answered her hurrying  
 tread  
 Had echoed before to his passing feet !  
 Lonely and dark ?—But a sound, a glare,  
 Strike on the sense like a sudden blow !  
 Press closer up to the shadowy stair,  
 Out of the tumult, Mother Michaud !  
 Clatters the street to the soldiers' tramp,  
 File on file, with a stately sheen,  
 Under the flare of the fitful lamp  
 Held high in the cart that rolls between.  
 The heads carved over the doorway there  
 Grin into view for a moment plain,  
 Mocking the mute, bewildered stare  
 Of the mother who finds her son again.  
 Finds him, to lose him at last—like this !  
 Chained like a wolf, with those wolfish  
 eyes !

Dead, with never a mother's kiss,  
 Ere yon low moon drops out of the skies!  
 Forward she sprang, in the torch-light blaze  
 Full overhead as the cart went by—  
 All her soul in that straining gaze,  
 All her strength in that maddened cry.  
 He turned, as it smote through his dulling  
 ears:  
 Their wild eyes met—and the cart drove on.  
 So Mother Michaud, after nine long years,  
 Looked into the face of her youngest son.

---

IN THE SEED.

---

You have chosen coldly to cast away  
 The love they tell you is faithless found.  
 Pity or trust it is vain to pray—  
 Your heart they have hardened, your  
 senses bound.  
 You have broken the wreaths that clasped  
 you round,  
 The strength of the vine and the opening  
 flower:  
 Love, torn and trampled on stony ground,  
 Is left to die in its blossom hour.  
 Well, go your ways; but, wherever they  
 lead,  
 They cannot leave me wholly behind.  
 From the flower, as it falls, there falls a  
 seed  
 Whose roots round the root of life shall  
 wind.  
 So sure as the soul in the flesh is shrined,  
 So sure as the fire in the cloud is set,  
 Be you ever so cold or ever so blind,  
 You shall find and fathom and feel me yet.  
 As the germ of a tree in the close dark earth  
 Struggles for life in its breathless tomb,  
 Quickening painfully into birth,  
 Writhing its way up to light and room;  
 As it spreads its growth till the great  
 boughs loom  
 A shade and a greenness wide and high,  
 And the birds sing under the myriad  
 bloom,  
 And the top looks into the infinite sky;  
 So shall it be with the love to-day  
 Flung under your feet as a worthless  
 thing.  
 The hour and the spot I cannot say  
 Where the seed, fate-sown, at last shall  
 spring:  
 Beyond, it may be, the narrow ring  
 Of our little world in swarming space,  
 After weary length of journeying,  
 It shall drop from the wind to its destined  
 place.  
 But somewhere, I know, it shall reach its  
 height!  
 Sometimes it shall conquer this cruel  
 wrong!  
 The sun by day, and the moon by night,  
 Shower and season, shall bear it along.  
 You will sleep and wake while it waxes  
 strong

And green beside the appointed ways,  
 Till, full of blossom and dew and song,  
 You shall find it there after many days.  
 Perchance it shall be amid long despair  
 Of toiling over the desert sand;  
 When your eyes are burned by the level  
 glare,  
 And the staff is fire to your bleeding  
 hand.  
 Then the waving of boughs in a silent  
 land,  
 And a wonder of green afar shall spread,  
 And your feet as under a tent shall stand,  
 With shadow and sweetness about your  
 head.  
 And my soul, like the unseen scent of the  
 flower,  
 Shall circle the heights and the depths of  
 the tree:  
 Nothing of all in that consummate hour  
 That shall not come as a part of me!  
 This world or that may my triumph see—  
 But love and life can never be twain,  
 And time as a breath of the wind shall be,  
 When we meet and grow together again!

---

UNDER THE MOON.

---

LIKE a lily-flower uplifted  
 Full blown on the blue tide-sway,  
 Into the heaven blossoms  
 The perfect moon of May.  
 White under her own white glory  
 She sees, on the green young ground,  
 The fallen bloom of the cherry  
 Drift over a double mound.  
 There, where the cottage chimneys  
 Peer dim through a mist of trees,  
 They sat by the hearth at evening,  
 With the child about their knees.  
 Three empty seats by the fireside,  
 Two graves 'neath the orchard bough:  
 The dead are at rest together;  
 But where is the living now!  
 Pale in the smoky circle  
 That fain would shadow her noon,  
 Over the lights of the city  
 Trembles the large May moon.  
 But blind to that searching splendor,  
 Deaf to the riotous street,  
 He lies in a drunken slumber—  
 The child that played at their feet.  
 Were it not well, in the cradle,  
 Long since the babe had died?  
 Had the little headstone risen  
 Those two green mounds beside?  
 Nay, this is not the ending,  
 O child of their love and prayer!  
 God's moon is one in the heavens,  
 His mercy everywhere.



## A CHILDISH FANCY.

OH mother! see how pale and wet  
The flowers on father's grave are lying!  
It must be watching you has set  
The little daisy-buds to crying!

Poor child! and do you think the earth  
Sorrows because our hearts are aching?  
Look, then, with what a careless mirth  
That sunlight on his bed is breaking!

Yes, but you called the great blue air  
God's home, to all His angels given;  
And so perhaps the sunbeam there  
Is father smiling up in heaven!

## SIXTEEN AND SIXTY.

SING with me, laugh with me, sister Spring!  
Oh! we are happy, we two, to-day!  
Are we two, or the self-same thing?  
Thou and I, O beautiful May?

I thrill as a leaf to the circling air:  
The blood in my veins is like sap in the  
vine:  
The wild bees follow my floating hair,  
Made sweet with buds for this lover of  
mine.

Frame me in light for his eyes anew!  
Does the earth shrink under your gaze,  
O sky?  
I am fair as a flower; I am fresh as the dew:  
We are young together, the year and I.

Heavens! to think there can come a time  
When the sense is dull and the pulse is  
slow!  
To stand, in the spring-tide's golden prime,  
The single blot on the whole great glow!

Poor madame yonder, with all her gold,  
She is pale and wrinkled, and old and  
alone;  
She is less alive than the mossy mould  
That clings to the top of that buried stone.

I never can be like that, I know,  
We have years on years of our youth's  
bright flower;  
And if ever my love must let him go,  
I shall drop and die in the self-same hour.

Hark! he is coming! The faint winds sigh  
Before his feet to bring him soon!  
While over us both, in the warm blue sky,  
The sun goes quivering up to noon.

One may venture to trust the sun to-day:  
There is warmth at last in that seeming  
blaze.

At last!—already the midst of May!  
So backward the springs are nowadays!

What do I see by the terrace there,  
That dazzles so white on the slope of  
green?

It is little Laura, with flowers in her hair?  
Ah yes: to-day she is just sixteen.

Poor silly baby! I understand  
What keeps you loitering there alone:  
Each bough in your path an outstretched  
hand,  
And every whisper a lover's tone.

You fancy, perhaps, in your giddy youth,  
I can never have dreamed such dreams as  
you?  
Eh, child? I have had my May, forsooth!  
Fairer than yours while it lasted, too.

To think that the time has been when even  
I, too, was a fool in Paradise!  
When the spring was the year, and the earth  
a heaven,  
And heaven itself was in two blue eyes!

Only sixteen! Such a weary round  
Before she can find what the whole is  
worth!  
Her Garden of Eden common ground,  
And her idol himself but a lump of earth.

Ah, well! like the rest she must live and  
learn.  
The flower of youth must wither and fall;  
The fire of love to its ashes burn;  
For me—thank Heaven! I have done with  
it all.

## AWAKENED.

MY heart was like a hidden lyre  
In silence that so long hath lain—  
Not e'en the cold, neglected wire  
Remembereth its own sweet strain:  
Till thou, a breeze from summer shore,  
Breathed tenderly across the string,  
That, waking into life once more,  
Began the broken song to sing.

My soul was like a diamond spark  
Imprisoned in the rocky mine,  
Unconscious, in that eyeless dark,  
What hidden fires within it shine:  
Till thou, a gleam of noonday light,  
Upon the buried jewel came,  
That, breaking from its long, dull night,  
Leaped up, a many-tinted flame.

My life was like a pallid flower  
Within the shadow sprung, alone,  
Forgotten of the sun and shower,  
And withering ere it has blown:  
Till thou, a drop of morning dew,  
Stole softly downward through the gloom,  
And straight the bud asunder flew  
To fill the air with balm and bloom.

Then take, and fashion to thy will,  
This heart and soul and life of mine!  
Shall not thine own free gifts fulfill  
Their utmost hope in seeking thine?  
I claim no harvest from a field  
My hands have tended not: the tone,  
The fragrance, and the light revealed  
By thee, belong to thee alone!

## SAWDUST.

LAST night I happened, quite by chance  
 Intruding late upon the scene,  
 To see a most delightful dance  
 My little sister's dolls between.

It was a party so select,  
 Conducted in the style approved,  
 I really hardly could detect  
 'Twas not the circle where *I* moved!

A manikin I marked, whom all  
 Seemed, as one doll, to hang about  
 (Except a cynic by the wall,  
 Whose grapes were sour enough, no doubt).

And as I saw the eager smile  
 Of such a very pretty ninny—  
 Whose waist and hair and general style  
 Were not unlike my cousin Winny—

And watched that other savage face,  
 A startling sort of likeness came  
 Between the poor doll-fellow's case  
 And—some one's whom I need not name.

And still the question puzzles me,  
 Remembering the look he wore—  
 Am *I* a doll? or can it be  
 That I have seen it all before?

Though, save myself, no creature there  
 Had any claim upon a soul,  
 That court about the millionaire  
 Looked strangely natural, on the whole.

Who would have thought the same good  
 sense  
 Common to dolls' and human brains,  
 Or such a trifling difference  
 'Twixt blood and sawdust in the veins!

## IN CLOVER.

THE path drops down the hill-side, and  
 creeps through the clover a while,  
 To tangle itself in thistles, at last, the other  
 side of the stile.

Bill's meadow and mine together there, per-  
 haps for the contrast's sake,  
 For Bill's is as rich a clover-field as ever  
 bothered a rake:

While mine!—well, I bought it, weeds and  
 all, this summer, of Parson West:  
 He's great in the pulpit Sundays—but his  
 farming's none of the best!

Not that I mean to grumble, for I think my-  
 self lucky enough  
 To get a piece of my own at last; what odds  
 if it's ever so rough?

But here, at my nooning, I catch a whiff of  
 the clover now and then,  
 Mixed with a laugh, and look over the wall,  
 to see her there again,

Talking with Bill. It's the queerest thing—  
 if girls were not always so!—  
 What brings her so often, lately? It isn't  
 for *him*, I *know*.

And Bill, he takes it so easy!—while she,  
 with a pretty art,  
 Mixes her smiles and blushes in a way I've  
 learned by heart,

Looks up and down together, enough to be-  
 wilder a man,  
 He pulls at that hard old cider, with barely  
 a glance from the can!

Well, well, I grudge the time to laugh till  
 after my work is done;  
 But only to see a fellow in clover—more  
 ways than one—

Turn coolly round to feeding, like an ox let  
 out from a stall,  
 Careless of summer sight or sound, and  
 something sweeter than all!

You lump of bread and butter, Bill! if *I*  
 were there in your stead!  
 There's more than hay in your clover-field,  
 and a meaning in lips so red!

If only I stood there, close to her, with the  
 clover up to my knees,  
 Full of the dew and the sunlight, and the  
 whirl and hum of the bees,

I'd envy neither your cider, nor the blossom-  
 wine they drink:  
 There's a sweeter honey than ever yet was  
 ripened for either, I think.

Well, it's easier wishing than working, but  
 there isn't much of a doubt  
 A man must raise his clover himself, or  
 manage to do without.

Bill's was his father's before him, it's true,  
 but Bill's no rule for me;  
 I reckon he's no more like to win what both  
 of us want, you see.

So, Dobbin, nooning is over. What! is she  
 going away?  
 Eat on, old horse, for a little; she's sure to  
 have something to say.

It's always the same: a word or a look just  
 as she passes the gate,  
 With a smile that dazzles my wits away till  
 after it's all too late.

No matter: some day, when *my* clover is  
 growing tall and red,  
 I'm bound to ask a question shall make her  
 falter instead.

It's only waiting and working a little longer  
 still:  
 Get up to your work, old fellow! *she doesn't*  
*cure for Bill!*

MRS. S. M. B. PIATT.

THE FANCY BALL.

As Morning you'd have me rise  
On that shining world of art ;  
You forget : I have too much dark in my  
eyes—

And too much dark in my heart.

“Then go as the Night—in June :  
Pass, dreamily, by the crowd,  
With jewels to mock the stars and the  
moon,  
And shadowy robes like cloud.

“Or as Spring, with a spray in your hair  
Of blossoms as yet unblown ;  
It will suit you well, for our youth should  
wear  
The bloom in the bud alone.

“Or drift from the outer gloom  
With the soft white silence of Snow :”  
I should melt myself with the warm, close  
room—  
Or my own life's burning. No.

“Then fly through the glitter and mirth  
As a Bird of Paradise :”  
Nay, the waters I drink have touch'd the  
earth :  
I breathe no summer of spice.

“Then ——” Hush : if I go at all,  
(It will make them stare and shrink,  
It will look so strange at a Fancy Ball,)  
I will go as——Myself, I think !

TWELVE HOURS APART.

HE loved me. But he loved, likewise,  
This morning's world in bloom and wings ;  
Ah, does he love the world that lies  
In dampness, whispering shadowy things,  
Under this little band of moon ?

He loves me ? Will he fail to see  
A phantom hand has touch'd my hair  
(And waver'd, withering, over me)  
To leave a subtle grayness there,  
Below the outer shine of June ?

He loves me ? Would he call it fair,  
The flush'd half-flower he left me, say ?  
For it has pass'd beneath the glare  
And from my bosom drops away,  
Shaken into the grass with pain ?

He loves me ? Well, I do not know.  
A song in plumage cross'd the hill  
At sunrise when I felt him go—  
And song and plumage now are still.  
He could not praise the bird again.

He loves me ? Vail'd in mist I stand,  
My veins less high with life than when  
To-day's thin dew was in the land,  
Vaguely less beautiful than then—  
Myself a dimness with the dim.

He loves me ? I am faint with fear.  
He never saw me quite so old ;  
I never met him quite so near  
My grave, nor quite so pale and cold :—  
Nor quite so sweet, he says, to him !

TO-DAY.

AN, real thing of bloom and breath,  
I can not love you while you stay.  
Put on the dim, still charm of death,  
Fade to a phantom, float away,  
And let me call you Yesterday !

Let empty flower-dust at my feet  
Remind me of the buds you wear ;  
Let the bird's quiet show how sweet  
The far-off singing made the air ;  
And let your dew through frost look fair.

In mourning you I shall rejoice.  
Go : for the bitter word may be  
A music—in the vanish'd voice ;  
And on the dead face I may see  
How bright its frown has been to me.

Then in the haunted grass I'll sit,  
Half careful in your wither'd place,  
And watch your lovely shadow flit  
Across To-morrow's sunny face,  
And vex her with your perfect grace.

So, real thing of bloom and breath,  
I weary of you while you stay.  
Put on the dim, still charm of death,  
Fade to a phantom, float away,  
And let me call you Yesterday !

MEETING A MIRROR.

BELOVED of beautiful and eager eyes,  
It had its honors from the guests below ;  
But it went somewhat nearer to the skies  
As it grew old, you know.

Still, from the gilded splendor of the day  
That Vanity sees shining in its place,  
I turned with yearning for the pleased, slow  
way  
It used to hold my face.

Far up the stair and shunn'd of faded eyes  
I found the thing that I had loved before:  
It took my face, grew dead-white with sur-  
prise,

Held it—then saw no more!

Suddenly blinded: for the Mirror shed  
Tears for dim hair it praised to suns  
gone by,

And One to whom once of it I gayly said,  
“My rival—dear as I!”

Companions, in our time, of pleasant lights,  
I thought, and music and rich foreign  
blooms,

What shall we find for those fair evening-  
sights

In lonesome upper rooms?

The misty Mirror show'd a calm reproof,  
Receiving there a higher company,  
In dust and empty silence near the roof,  
Than we were wont to see.

Its pride in jewel'd reverence was gone,  
And quiet tenderness was in its place,  
That took the sweet stars, as they glim-  
mer'd on

In chill clouds, to its grace.

#### EARTH IN HEAVEN.

SOMEWHERE, my friend, in the beautiful  
skies,

Awaiting us lovely and clear,  
We shall find all beauty that leaves our  
eyes

So vacant in vanishing here:  
Not the human alone has died  
To go up and be glorified.

I shall find my childhood playing there

In the grass where it used to play,  
And see our red-birds brighten the air;  
Again as a girl I shall stray

On the hills where the snow-drops grew,  
And hear the wild doves in the dew.

I shall feel the darkness dripping with rain

On the old home-roof; I shall see  
The white rose-bud in the yard again,  
And the sweet-brier climbing the tree,  
With its pretty young blooms that fell  
Below to be drown'd in the well.

And sometimes a night, with blossoming  
hours

In a crescent's early gleam,  
Will let a Dream flutter out of its flowers,  
With no other name but a Dream,  
To my breast, with a timid grace,  
And wings o'er its blushing face.

Ah! you smile in the dark; you smile, and  
refuse

My faith in these sweet faded things;  
But I tell you I know that my soul would  
lose

One-half of the strength in its wings  
If these were not keeping their light,  
As the angels in Heaven, to-night.

#### LAST WORDS.

##### OVER A LITTLE BED AT NIGHT.

GOOD-NIGHT, pretty sleepers of mine—  
I never shall see you again:  
Ah, never in shadow nor shine;  
Ah, never in dew nor in rain!

In your small dreaming-dresses of white,  
With the wild-bloom you gather'd to-day  
In your quiet shut hands, from the light  
And the dark you will wander away.

Though no graves in the bee-haunted grass,  
And no love in the beautiful sky,  
Shall take you as yet, you will pass,  
With this kiss, through these tear-drops,  
Good-by!

With less gold and more gloom in their  
hair,

When the buds near have faded to flowers,  
Three faces may wake here as fair—  
But older than yours are, by hours!

Good-night, then, lost darlings of mine—  
I never shall see you again:  
Ah, never in shadow nor shine;  
Ah, never in dew nor in rain!

#### THE END OF THE RAINBOW.

MAY you go to find it? You must, I fear;  
Ah, lighted young eyes, could I show you  
how—

“Is it past those lilies that look so near?”  
It is past all flowers. Will you listen,  
now?

The pretty new moons faded out of the sky,  
The bees and butterflies out of the air,  
And sweet wild songs would flutter and  
fly  
Into wet dark leaves and the snow's  
white glare.

There were winds and shells full of lone-  
some cries,  
There were lightnings and mists along  
the way,  
And the deserts would glitter against my  
eyes,  
Where the beautiful phantom-fountains  
play.

At last, in a place very dusty and bare,  
Some little dead birds I had petted to  
sing,  
Some little dead flowers I had gather'd to  
wear,  
Some wither'd thorns and an empty ring,

Lay scatter'd. My fairy story is told.  
(It does not please her: she has not  
smiled.)

What is it you say?—Did I find the gold?  
Why, I found the End of the Rainbow,  
child!

## TWO BLUSH-ROSES.

A BLUSH-ROSE lay in the summer ;  
There were golden lights in the sky,  
And a woman saw the blossom  
As she stood with her lover nigh.

A band in the flowering distance  
Play'd a dreamy Italian air,  
Like a memory changed to music,  
And it drifted everywhere.

'T was an exiled love of its Southland,  
That air, and its delicate wails  
Were only the wandering echoes  
Of the songs of nightingales.

"I love you," he tenderly whisper'd ;  
"I love you," she answer'd as low :  
And the music grew sweeter and sweeter,  
Because it had listen'd, I know.

But she look'd at the rose in the summer,  
And said, with a tremulous tear,  
"The love that now beats in my bosom  
Will bloom in a blush-rose next year."

A blush-rose lay in the summer ;  
There were golden lights in the sky,  
And a woman saw the blossom—  
As she stood with her lover nigh.

The band in the flowering distance  
Play'd the dreamy Italian air,  
Like a memory changed to music,  
And it drifted everywhere.

"I love you," he tenderly whisper'd ;  
"I love you," she timidly said :  
And the music grew sadder and sadder,  
And the blush-rose before them dropped  
dead.

Then he knew that the music remember'd,  
And knew the love that had beat  
Last year in her beautiful bosom  
Lay dead in the rose at his feet.

## OF A PARTING.

UNDER a calm of stars, my own,  
Under a drooping crescent light,  
You go, while fairy sounds are blown  
Out of the dreams of winds, my own—  
You go across the night ;  
But on some far-off strand of sunrise  
Our hearts meet in radiant bliss,  
Not damp, like this !

You go ; the calm of stars must go,  
The crescent light, the fairy sounds ;  
Billows of cloud will overflow  
The golden skies : but you must go.  
And in its stormy rounds  
The dark will hear low, fluttering voices  
Cry in my heart, like lonesome birds,  
For your sweet words.

You go, and twilights made for love  
Will gloom between us, dim with dew ;  
The spring-loosed music of the dove  
Will search the emerald woods for love,

And I will long for you,  
Among the blue and pearly blossoms  
Far on the mossy hills, alone,  
My own, my own.

But you must loose my hands and go.  
Haste with those tremulous words of pain,  
For I, most loved of all, I know  
(The thought is full of tears) some go  
And never come again ;  
So wait, and let me look forever  
Into the tenderness that lies  
In those deep eyes.

Ah ! you are gone ; and I—I hold  
My vacant arms to all who part,  
And weep for them, and long to fold  
Those strangers close, and say : "I hold  
Your sorrow in my heart ;"  
But look—the calm of stars is o'er us,  
And we go toward their lighted shore,  
And part no more.

## A DISENCHANTMENT.

AND thou wast but a breathing May  
Embodied by delicious dreams,  
And drifted o'er my wandering way  
On fancy's swift and shining streams.  
Thine eyes were only violets,  
Thy lips but buds of crimson bloom,  
Thy hair, coiled sunshine—vain regrets !  
Thy soul, a brief perfume.

And when the time of mists and chills  
Fell where the sweet wild roses grew,  
And took them from the shadowy hills,  
It took my lovely vision too ;  
And when I came again to find  
The charm which used to fill the air,  
A sorrow struck me mute and blind—  
Thou wast not anywhere !

Yet something met me in thy place,  
Something, they said, with looks like thine,  
With tresses full of golden grace  
And lips flush'd red with beauty's wine ;  
With voice of silvery swells and falls  
And dreamy eyes still sweetly blue—  
But, then, the reptile's nature crawls  
Beneath the rainbow's hue.

Woman, all things below, above,  
Look pale and drear and glimmering now,  
For I have loved thee with a love  
Whose passionate deeps such things as  
thou  
May never sound. And, with a moan,  
The chill'd tide of that love has rolled  
Above my heart, and made it stone,  
And oh, so cold, so cold !

I saw thee by a magic lamp  
Whose warm and gorgeous blaze is gone  
And o'er me shivers, gray and damp,  
The dimness of the real's dawn.  
Oh, I am like to one who stands  
Where late a vision smiled in air,  
And murmurs, with outstretching hands,  
"Where is my Angel—where ?"

## QUESTIONS OF THE HOUR.

“Do angels wear white dresses, say?  
Always, or only in the summer? Do  
Their birthdays have to come like mine, in  
May?  
Do they have scarlet sashes then, or blue?”

“When little Jessie died last night,  
How could she walk to Heaven—it is so  
far?  
How did she find the way without a light?  
There was n't even any moon or star.

“Will she have red or golden wings?  
Then will she have to be a bird, and fly?  
Do they take men like presidents and kings  
In hearses with black plumes clear to the  
sky?”

“How old is God? Has He gray hair?  
Can He see yet? Where did He have to  
stay  
Before—you know—he had made—Any-  
where?  
Who does He pray to—when He has to  
pray?”

“How many drops are in the sea?  
How many stars?—well, then, you  
ought to know  
How many flowers are on an apple-tree?  
How does the wind look when it does n't  
blow?”

“Where does the rainbow end? And why  
Did—Captain Kidd—bury the gold there?  
When will this world burn? And will the  
firemen try  
To put the fire out with the engines then?”

“If you should ever die, may we  
Have pumpkins growing in the garden, so  
My fairy godmother can come for me,  
When there's a prince's ball, and let me go?”

“Read Cinderella just once more—  
What makes—men's other wives—so  
mean?” I know  
That I was tired, it may be cross, before  
I shut the painted book for her to go.

Hours later, from a child's white bed  
I heard the timid, last queer question  
start:  
“Mamma, are you—my stepmother?” it  
said.  
The innocent reproof crept to my heart.

## A WALK TO MY OWN GRAVE.

[WITH THREE CHILDREN.]

THERE! do not stop to cry.  
“The path is long?—we walk so slow?”  
But we shall get there by and by.  
Every step that we go  
Is one step nearer, you know:  
And your mother's grave will be  
Such a pretty place to see.

“Will there be marble there,  
With doves, or lambs, or lilies?” No.  
Keep white yourselves. Why should you  
care  
If they *are* as white as snow,  
When the lilies can not blow,  
And the doves can never moan,  
Nor the lambs bleat—in the stone?

You want some *flowers*? Oh!  
We shall not find them on the way.  
Only a few brier-roses grow,  
Here and there, in the sun, I say.  
It is dusty and dry all day,  
But at evening there is shade,  
And—you will not be afraid?

Ah, the *flowers*? Surely, yes.  
At the end there will be a few,  
“Violets? Violets?” So I guess,  
And a little grass and dew;  
And some birds—you want them *blue*?  
And a spring, too, as I think,  
Where we will rest and drink.

Now kiss me and be good,  
For you can go back home and play.  
This is my grave here in the wood,  
Where I, for a while, must stay.  
Wait—will you always pray,  
Though you *are* sleepy, at night?  
There! do not forget *me*—quite.

Keep the baby sweetly drest,  
And give him milk and give him toys;  
Rock him, as I did, to his rest,  
And never make any noise,  
Brown-eyed girl and blue-eyed boys,  
Until he wakes. Good-by,  
And—do not stop to cry!

## ON A WEDDING DAY.

I LOOK far-off across the blue,  
Still distance vague with woods and Spring,  
The Earth is sweet with buds and dew;  
The birds their early carols sing.

I look, and somehow wish the hours  
Held calm and sun and bloom alone:  
No fallen leaves, no wither'd flowers,  
No storm, no wreck, no mist, no moan;

No painted palms of air on sand,  
No poisons where the spice-winds blow,  
No dark shapes haunting sea and land—  
But wherefore am I dreaming so?

It is because this music swells  
Across the lighted April day—  
Because I hear your bridal bells,  
Fair girl, a thousand miles away.

Yes, lovely in a holy place,  
Enchanted by my dream you rise:  
The young blush-roses on your face,  
The timid darkness in your eyes.

And, golden on your hand, I see  
The glitter of a sacred thing:  
I wish some Fairy, friend, may be  
Slave of the ring—your wedding ring!

MRS. LOUISE CHANDLER MOULTON.

THE SONG OF A SUMMER.

I PLUCKED an apple from off a tree,  
Golden and rosy, and fair to see—  
The sunshine had fed it with warmth and  
light—  
The dews had freshened it night by night,  
And high on the topmost bough it grew,  
Where the winds of heaven about it blew,  
And while the mornings were soft and  
young  
The wild-birds circled, and soared, and  
sung—  
There, in the storm, and calm, and shine,  
It ripened and brightened, this apple of  
mine,  
Till the day I plucked it from off the tree,  
Golden and rosy, and fair to see.  
How could I guess, 'neath that daintiest  
rind,  
That the core of sweetness I hoped to find,—  
The innermost hidden heart of the bliss  
Which dews and winds and the sunshine's  
kiss  
Had tendered and fostered by day and  
night,—  
Was black with mildew and bitter with  
blight :  
Golden and rosy, and fair of skin,  
Nothing but ashes and ruin within ?  
Ah ! never again with toil and pain  
Will I strive the topmost bough to gain—  
Though its wind-swung apples are fair to  
see,  
On a lower branch is the fruit for me.

TO MY HEART.

In thy long, lonely times, poor aching  
heart !  
When days are slow, and silent nights are  
sad,  
Take cheer, weak heart, remember and be  
glad,  
For some one loved thee.  
Some one, indeed, who cared for fading  
face,  
For time-touched hair, and weary-falling  
arm,  
And in thy very sadness found a charm  
To make him love thee.  
God knows thy days are desolate, poor  
heart !  
As thou dost sit alone, and dumbly wait  
For what comes not, or comes, alas ! too  
late,  
But some one loved thee.

Take cheer, poor heart, remembering what  
he said,  
And how of thy lost youth he missed no  
grace,  
But saw some subtler beauty in thy face,  
So well he loved thee.

It may be, on Time's farther shore, the  
dead  
Love the sweet shades of those they missed  
on this,  
And dream, in heavenly rest, of earth's lost  
bliss—  
So he shall love thee.

Till then take cheer, poor, silent, aching  
heart ;  
Content thee with the face he once found  
fair,  
Mourn not for fading bloom, or time-touched  
hair,  
Since he hath loved thee.

THE SPRING IS LATE.

SHE stood alone amidst the April fields—  
Brown, sodden fields, all desolate and  
bare—  
"The spring is late," she said—"the faith-  
less spring,  
That should have come to make the mea-  
dows fair.  
"Their sweet South left too soon, among  
the trees  
The birds, bewildered, flutter, to and fro ;  
For them no green boughs wait—their mem-  
ories  
Of last year's April had deceived them so.  
"Beneath a sheltering pine some tender  
buds  
Looked out, and saw the hollows filled  
with snow ;  
On such a frozen world they closed their  
eyes ;  
When spring is cold, how can the blossoms  
blow ?"  
She watched the homeless birds, the slow,  
sad spring,  
The barren fields, and shivering, naked  
trees :  
"Thus God has dealt with me, his child,"  
she said—  
"I wait my spring-time, and am cold  
like these.

"To them will come the fulness of their time;  
 Their spring, though late, will make the meadows fair;  
 Shall I, who wait like them, like them be blessed?  
 I am His own—doth not my Father care?"

—♦—  
 A WOMAN'S WAITING.

UNDER the apple-tree blossoms, in May,  
 We sat and watched as the sun went down;  
 Behind us the road stretched back to the east,  
 On, through the meadows, to Danbury town.  
 Silent we sat, for our hearts were full,  
 Silently watched the reddening sky,  
 And saw the clouds across the west  
 Like the phantoms of ships sail silently.

Robert had come with a story to tell,  
 I knew it before he had said a word—  
 It looked from his eye, and it shadowed his face—  
 He was going to march with the Twenty-third.

We had been neighbors from childhood up—  
 Gone to school by the self-same way,  
 Climbed the same steep woodland paths,  
 Knelt in the same old church to pray.

We had wandered together, boy and girl,  
 Where wild flowers grew and wild grapes hung;  
 Tasted the sweetness of summer days  
 When hearts are true and life is young.

But never a love-word had crossed his lips,  
 Never a hint of pledge or vow,  
 Until, as the sun went down that night,  
 His tremulous kisses touched my brow.

"Jenny," he said, "I've a work to do  
 For God and my country and the right—  
 True hearts, strong arms, are needed now,  
 I dare not stay away from the fight.

"Will you give me a pledge to cheer me on—  
 A hope to look forward to by-and-by?  
 Will you wait for me, Jenny, till I come back?"  
 "I will wait," I answered, "until I die."

The May moon rose as we walked that night  
 Back through the meadows to Danbury town,  
 And one star rose and shone by her side—  
 Calmly and sweetly they both looked down.

The scent of blossoms was in the air,  
 The sky was blue and the eve was bright,  
 And Robert said, as he walked by my side,  
 "Old Danbury town is fair to-night.

"I shall think of it, Jenny, when far away,  
 Placid and still 'neath the moon as now—  
 I shall see it, darling, in many a dream,  
 And you with the moonlight on your brow."

No matter what else were his parting words—  
 They are mine to treasure until I die,  
 With the clinging kisses and lingering looks,  
 The tender pain of that fond good-by.

I did not weep—I tried to be brave—  
 I watched him until he was out of sight—  
 Then suddenly all the world grew dark,  
 And I was blind in the bright May night.

Blind and helpless I slid to the ground  
 And lay with the night-dews on my hair,  
 Till the moon was down, and the dawn was up,  
 And the fresh May morn rose clear and fair.

He was taken and I was left—  
 Left to wait and to watch and pray—  
 Till there came a message over the wires,  
 Chilling the air of the August day.

Killed in a skirmish eight or ten—  
 Wounded and helpless as many more—  
 All of them our Connecticut men—  
 From the little town of Danbury, four.

But I only saw a single name—  
 Of one who was all the world to me:  
 I promised to wait for him till I died—  
 Oh God, O Heaven, how long will it be?

—♦—  
 THE SINGER.

WITHIN the crimson gloom  
 Of that dim, shaded room  
 I heard a singer sing.

She sang of life and death,  
 Of joys that end with breath,  
 And joys the end doth bring;

Of passion's bitter pain,  
 And memory's tears like rain,  
 Which will not cease to flow;

Of the deep grave's delights,  
 Where through long days and nights  
 They hear the green things grow,

Cool-rooted flowers, which come  
 So near to that still home,  
 Their ways the dead must know,

And shivers in the grass,  
 When winds of summer pass,  
 And whisper as they go,

Of the mad life above,  
 Where men like masquers move;  
 Or are they ghosts—who knows?—

Sad ghosts who cannot die,  
 And watch slow years go by  
 Amid those painted shows—



Who knows? For on her tongue  
 What never may be sung  
 Seemed trembling, and we wait

To catch the strain complete,  
 More full, but not more sweet,  
 Beyond the golden gate.

—♦—  
 A WEED.

How shall a little weed grow  
 That has no sun?  
 Rains fall and north winds blow—  
 What shall be done?

Out come some little pale leaves  
 At the spring's call,  
 But the harsh north winds blow,  
 And the sad rains fall.

Dost try to keep it warm  
 With fickle breath?  
 He must, who would give life,  
 Be Lord of death.

Some day you forget the weed—  
 Man's thoughts are brief—  
 And your coldness steals like frost  
 Through each pale leaf,

Till the weed shrinks back to die  
 On kinder sod;  
 Shall a life which found no sun,  
 In death find God?

—♦—  
 HOW LONG?

IF on my grave the summer grass were  
 growing,

Or heedless winter winds across it blowing,  
 Through joyous June, or desolate December,  
 How long, sweetheart, how long would you  
 remember,—

How long, dear love, how long?

For brightest eyes would open to the sum-  
 mer,

And sweetest smiles would greet the sweet  
 new-comer,

And on your lips grow kisses for the taking,  
 When all the summer buds to bloom are  
 breaking,—

How long, dear love, how long?

To the dim land where sad-eyed ghosts walk  
 only,

Where lips are cold, and waiting hearts are  
 lonely,

I would not call you from your youth's warm  
 blisses,

Fill up your glass and crown it with new  
 kisses,—

How long, dear love, how long?

Too gay, in June, you might be to regret me,  
 And living lips might woo you to forget me;  
 But ah, sweetheart, I think you would re-  
 member

When winds were weary in your life's De-  
 cember,—

So long, dear love, so long.

A PROBLEM.

My darling has a merry eye,  
 And voice like silver bells:  
 How shall I win her, prithee, say—  
 By what magic spells?

If I frown she shakes her head,  
 If I weep she smiles;  
 Time would fail me to recount  
 All her wilful wiles.

She flouts me so—she stings me so—  
 Yet will not let me stir—  
 In vain I try to pass her by,  
 My little chestnut bur.

When I yield to every whim  
 She strait begins to pout.  
 Teach me how to read my love,  
 How to find her out!

For flowers she gives me thistle blooms—  
 Her turtle doves are crows—  
 I am the groaning weather-vane,  
 And she the wind that blows.

My little love! My teasing love!  
 Was woman made for man—  
 A rose that blossomed from his side?  
 Believe it—those who can.

I went to sleep—I'm sure of it—  
 Some luckless summer morn;  
 A rib was taken from my side,  
 And of it made a thorn.

But still I seek by some fond art  
 To link it to my life,  
 Come, solve my problem, married men:  
 Teach me to win my wife.

—♦—  
 MAY-FLOWERS.

If you catch a breath of sweetness,  
 And follow the odorous hint  
 Through woods where the dead leaves  
 rustle,

And the golden mosses glint,

Along the spicy sea-coast,  
 Over the desolate down,  
 You will find the dainty May-flowers  
 When you come to Plymouth town.

Where the shy Spring tends her darlings,  
 And hides them away from sight,  
 Pull off the covering leaf-sprays,  
 And gather them pink and white,

Tinted by mystical moonlight,  
 Freshened by frosty dew,  
 Till the fair, transparent blossoms  
 To their pure perfection grew.

Then carry them home to your lady,  
 For flower of the spring is she,—  
 Pink and white, and dainty and slight,  
 And lovely as lovely can be.

Shall they die because she is fair,  
 Or live because she is sweet?  
 They will know for which they were born,  
 But you—must wait at her feet.

MRS. CELIA THAXTER.

EXPECTATION.

THROUGHOUT the lonely house the whole day long

The wind-harp's fitful music sinks and swells,—

A cry of pain, sometimes, or sad and strong, Or faint, like broken peals of silver bells.

Across the little garden comes the breeze, Bows all its cups of flame, and brings to me

Its breath of mignonette and bright sweet peas,

With drowsy murmurs from the encircling sea.

In at the open door a crimson drift

Of fluttering, fading woodbine leaves is blown,

And through the clambering vine the sunbeams sift,

And trembling shadows on the floor are thrown.

I climb the stair, and from the window lean Seeking thy sail, O love, that still delays ;

Longing to catch its glimmer, searching keen The jealous distance veiled in tender haze.

What care I if the pansies purple be,

Or sweet the wind-harp wails through the slow hours ;

Or that the lulling music of the sea

Comes woven with the perfume of the flowers ?

Thou comest not ! I ponder o'er the leaves, The crimson drift behind the open door :

Soon shall we listen to a wind that grieves, Mourning this glad year, dead forevermore.

And, O my love, shall we on some sad day Find joys and hopes low fallen like the leaves,

Blown by life's chilly autumn wind away In withered heaps God's eye alone perceives ?

Come thou, and save me from my dreary thought !

Who dares to question Time, what it may bring ?

Yet round us lies the radiant summer, fraught

With beauty : must we dream of suffering ?

Yea, even so. Through this enchanted land, This morning-red of life, we go to meet

The tempest in the desert, hand in hand, Along God's paths of pain, that seek His feet.

But this one golden moment,—hold it fast !

The light grows long : low in the west the sun,

Clear red and glorious, slowly sinks at last, And while I muse, the tranquil day is done.

The land breeze freshens in thy gleaming sail !

Across the singing waves the shadows creep :

Under the new moon's thread of silver pale, With the first star, thou comest o'er the deep !

THE SANDPIPER.

ACROSS the narrow beach we fit,

One little sandpiper and I

And fast I gather, bit by bit,

The scattered driftwood bleached and dry.

The wild waves reach their hands for it,

The wild wind raves, the tide runs high,

As up and down the beach we fit,—

One little sandpiper and I.

Above our heads the sullen clouds

Scud black and swift across the sky ;

Like silent ghosts in misty shrouds

Stand out the white light-houses high.

Almost as far as eye can reach

I see the close-reefed vessels fly,

As fast we fit along the beach,—

One little sandpiper and I.

I watch him as he skims along

Uttering his sweet and mournful cry.

He starts not at my fitful song,

Or flash of fluttering drapery.

He has no thought of any wrong ;

He scans me with a fearless eye.

Stanch friends are we, well tried and strong,

The little sandpiper and I.

Comrade, where wilt thou be to-night

When the loosed storm breaks furiously ?

My driftwood fire will burn so bright !

To what warm shelter canst thou fly ?

I do not fear for thee, though wroth

The tempest rushes through the sky :

For are we not God's children both,

Thou, little sandpiper, and I ?

THE MINUTE-GUNS.

I STOOD within the little cove,

Full of the morning's life and hope,

While heavily the eager waves

Charged thundering up the rocky slope.

The splendid breakers! How they rushed,  
 All emerald green and flashing white,  
 Tumultuous in the morning sun,  
 With cheer and sparkle and delight!

And freshly blew the fragrant wind,  
 The wild sea wind, across their tops,  
 And caught the spray and flung it far  
 In sweeping showers of glittering drops.

Within the cove all flashed and foamed  
 With many a fleeting rainbow hue:  
 Without, gleamed bright against the sky,  
 A tender wavering line of blue,

Where tossed the distant waves, and far  
 Shone silver-white a quiet sail;  
 And overhead the soaring gulls  
 With graceful pinions stemmed the gale.

And all my pulses thrilled with joy,  
 Watching the winds' and waters' strife,  
 With sudden rapture,—and I cried,  
 "O sweet is Life! Thank God for life!"

Sailed any cloud across the sky,  
 Marring this glory of the sun's?  
 Over the sea, from distant forts,  
 There came the boom of minute-guns!

War-tidings! Many a brave soul fled,  
 And many a heart the message stuns!  
 I saw no more the joyous waves,  
 I only heard the minute-guns.

#### ROCK WEEDS.

So bleak these shores, wind-swept and all  
 the year  
 Washed by the wild Atlantic's restless  
 tide,  
 You would not dream that flowers the woods  
 hold dear  
 Amid such desolation dare abide.

Yet when the bitter winter breaks, some day,  
 With soft winds fluttering her garments'  
 hem,  
 Up from the sweet South comes the linger-  
 ing May,  
 Sets the first wind-flower trembling on its  
 stem;

Scatters her violets with lavish hands,  
 White, blue, and amber; calls the colum-  
 bine,  
 Till like clear flame in lonely nooks, gay  
 bands  
 Swinging their scarlet bells, obey the sign;

Makes buttercups and dandelions blaze,  
 And throws in glimmering patches here  
 and there  
 The little eyebright's pearls, and gently lays  
 The impress of her beauty everywhere.

Later, June bids the sweet wild rose to blow,  
 Wakes from its dream the drowsy pim-  
 pernel;  
 Unfolds the bindweed's ivory buds that glow  
 As delicately blushing as a shell.

Then purple Iris smiles, and hour by hour,  
 The fair procession multiplies; and soon,  
 In clusters creamy white, the elder-flower  
 Waves its broad disk against the rising  
 moon.

O'er quiet beaches shelving to the sea  
 Tall mulleins sway, and thistles; all day  
 long  
 Flows in the wooing water dreamily,  
 With subtle music in its slumberous song.

Herb-robert hears, and princess'-feather  
 bright,  
 And gold-thread clasps the little skull-cap  
 blue;  
 And troops of swallows, gathering for their  
 flight,  
 O'er golden-rod and asters hold review.

The barren island dreams in flowers, while  
 blow  
 The south winds, drawing haze o'er sea  
 and land;  
 Yet the great heart of ocean, throbbing slow,  
 Makes the frail blossoms vibrate where  
 they stand;

And hints of heavier pulses soon to shake  
 Its mighty breast when summer is no more,  
 And devastating waves sweep on and break,  
 And clasp with girdle white the iron shore.

Close folded, safe within the sheltering seed,  
 Blossom and bell and leafy beauty hide;  
 Nor icy blast, nor bitter spray they heed,  
 But patiently their wondrous change  
 abide.

The heart of God through his creation stirs,  
 We thrill to feel it, trembling as the flowers  
 That die to live again,—his messengers,  
 To keep faith firm in these sad souls of  
 ours.

The waves of Time may devastate our lives,  
 The frosts of age may check our failing  
 breath,  
 They shall not touch the spirit that survives  
 Triumphant over doubt and pain and  
 death.

#### A SUMMER DAY.

At day-break in the fresh light, joyfully  
 The fishermen drew in their laden net;  
 The shore shone rosy purple and the sea  
 Was streaked with violet;

And pink with sunrise, many a shadowy sail  
 Lay southward, lighting up the sleeping  
 bay;  
 And in the west the white moon, still and  
 pale,  
 Faded before the day.

Silence was everywhere. The rising tide  
 Slowly filled every cove and inlet small;  
 A musical low whisper, multiplied,  
 You heard, and that was all.

No clouds at dawn, but as the sun climbed  
higher,  
White columns, thunderous, splendid, up  
the sky  
Floated and stood, heaped in his steady fire.  
A stately company.

Stealing along the coast from cape to cape  
The weird mirage crept tremulously on,  
In many a magic change and wondrous shape,  
Throbbing beneath the sun.

At noon the wind rose, swept the glassy sea  
To sudden ripple, thrust against the clouds  
A strenuous shoulder, gathering steadily  
Drove them before in crowds ;

Till all the west was dark, and inky black  
The level-ruffled water underneath,  
And up the wind cloud tossed,—a ghostly  
rack,  
In many a ragged wreath.

Then sudden roared the thunder, a great  
peal  
Magnificent, that broke and rolled away ;  
And down the wind plunged, like a furious  
keel,  
Cleaving the sea to spray ;

And brought the rain sweeping o'er land  
and sea.  
And then was tumult ! Lightning sharp  
and keen,  
Thunder, wind, rain,—a mighty jubilee  
The heaven and earth between !

Loud the roused ocean sang, a chorus grand ;  
A solemn music rolled in undertone  
Of waves that broke about on either hand  
The little island lone ;

Where, joyful in His tempest as His calm,  
Held in the hollow of that hand of His,  
I joined with heart and soul in God's great  
psalm,  
Thrilled with a nameless bliss.

Soon lulled the wind, the summer storm soon  
died ;  
The shattered clouds went eastward, drift-  
ing slow ;  
From the low sun the rain-fringe swept  
aside,  
Bright in his rosy glow,

And wide a splendor streamed through all  
the sky ;  
O'er sea and land one soft, delicious blush,  
That touched the gray rocks lightly, tenderly ;  
A transitory flush.

Warm, odorous gusts blew off the distant  
land,  
With spice of pine-woods, breath of hay  
new-mown,  
O'er miles of waves and sea, scents cool and  
bland,  
Full in our faces blown.

Slow faded the sweet light, and peacefully  
The quiet stars came out, one after one :  
The holy twilight fell upon the sea,  
The summer day was done.

Such unalloyed delight its hours had given,  
Musing, this thought rose in my grateful  
mind,

That God, who watches all things, up in  
heaven,  
With patient eyes and kind,

Saw and was pleased, perhaps, one child of  
his

Dared to be happy like the little birds,  
Because He gave his children days like this  
Rejoicing beyond words ;

Dared, lifting up to Him untroubled eyes  
In gratitude that worship is, and prayer,  
Sing and be glad with ever new surprise,  
He made his world so fair !

#### NOVEMBER.

THERE is no wind at all to-night  
To dash the drops against the pane ;  
No sound abroad, nor any light,  
And sadly falls the autumn rain ;

There is no color in the world,  
No lovely tint on hill or plain ;  
The summer's golden sails are furled,  
And sadly falls the autumn rain.

The Earth lies tacitly beneath,  
As it were dead to joy or pain :  
It does not move, it does not breathe,—  
And sadly falls the autumn rain.

And all my heart is patient too,  
I wait till it shall wake again ;  
The songs of spring shall sound anew,  
Though sadly falls the autumn rain.

#### YELLOW-BIRD.

YELLOW-BIRD, where did you learn that  
song,  
Perched on the trellis where grape-vines  
clamber,  
In and out fluttering, all day long,  
With your golden breast bedropped with  
amber ?

Where do you hide such a store of delight,  
O delicate creature, tiny and slender,  
Like a mellow morning sunbeam bright,  
And overflowing with music tender !

You never learned it at all, the song  
Springs from your heart in rich complete-  
ness,  
Beautiful, blissful, clear and strong,  
Steeped in the summer's ripest sweetness.

To think we are neighbors of yours ! How  
fine !

Oh what a pleasure to watch you together,  
Bringing your fern-down and floss to re-line  
The nest worn thin by the winter weather !

Send up your full notes like worshipful  
prayers ;

Yellow-bird, sing while the summer's be-  
fore you ;

Little you dream that, in spite of their cares,  
Here's a whole family, proud to adore you !

MRS. ADELINE D. T. WHITNEY.

PER TENEBRAS, LUMINA.

I KNOW how, through the golden hours  
When summer sunlight floods the deep,  
The fairest stars of all the heaven  
Climb up, unseen, the effulgent steep.  
Orion girds him with a flame ;  
And king-like, from the eastward seas  
Comes Aldebaran, with his train  
Of Hyades and Pleiades.  
In far meridian pride, the Twins  
Build, side by side, their luminous thrones ;  
And Sirius and Procyon pour  
A splendor that the day disowns.  
And stately Leo, undismayed,  
With fiery footstep tracks the sun,  
To plunge adown the western blaze,  
Sublimely lost in glories won.  
I know if I were called to keep  
Pale morning-watch with grief and pain,  
Mine eyes should see their gathering might  
Rise grandly through the gloom again.  
And when the winter Solstice holds  
In his diminished path the sun ;  
When hope and growth and joy are o'er,  
And all our harvesting is done ;  
When, stricken like our mortal life,  
Darkened and chill, the Year lays down  
The summer beauty that she wore,  
Her summer stars of harp and crown ;  
Thick trooping with their golden tread,  
They come as nightfall fills the sky,—  
Those stronger, grander sentinels,—  
And mount resplendent guard on high !  
Ah, who shall shrink from dark and cold,  
Or dread the sad and shortening days,  
When God doth only so unfold  
A wider glory to our gaze ?  
When loyal truth and holy trust,  
And kingly strength, defying pain,  
Stern courage, and sure brotherhood  
Are born from out the depths again ?  
Dear country of our love and pride !  
So is thy stormy winter given !  
So, through the terrors that betide,  
Look up, and hail thy kindling heaven !

BEHIND THE MASK.

It was an old, distorted face,—  
An uncouth visage, rough and wild,—  
Yet, from behind, with laughing grace,  
Peeped the fresh beauty of a child.

And so, contrasting strange to-day,  
My heart of youth doth inly ask  
If half earth's wrinkled grimness may  
Be but the baby in the mask.

Behind gray hairs and furrowed brow  
And withered look that life puts on,  
Each, as he wears it, comes to know  
How the child hides, and is not gone.

For while the inexorable years  
To saddened features fit their mould,  
Beneath the work of time and tears  
Waits something that will not grow old !

The rifted pine upon the hill,  
Scarred by the lightning and the wind,  
Through bolt and blight doth nurture still  
Young fibres underneath the rind ;

And many a storm-blast, fiercely sent,  
And wasted hope, and sinful stain,  
Roughen the strange integument  
The struggling soul must wear in pain ;

Yet when she comes to claim her own,  
Heaven's angels, haply, shall not ask  
For that last look the world hath known,  
But for the face behind the mask !

LARVÆ.

MY little maiden of four years old—  
No myth, but a genuine child is she,  
With her bronze-brown eyes and her curls  
of gold—  
Came, quite in disgust, one day, to me.

Rubbing her shoulder with rosy palm,  
As the loathsome touch seemed yet to  
thrill her,  
She cried, " O mother ! I found on my arm  
A horrible, crawling caterpillar ! "

And with mischievous smile she could  
scarcely smother,  
Yet a glance in its daring half awed and  
shy,

She added, " While they were about it,  
mother,  
I wish they 'd just finished the butterfly ! "

They were words to the thought of the soul  
that turns

From the coarser form of a partial growth,  
Reproaching the infinite patience that yearns  
With an unknown glory to crown them  
both.

Ah, look thou largely, with lenient eyes,  
On whatso beside thee may creep and cling.

For the possible glory that underlies  
 The passing phase of the meanest thing !  
 What if God's great angels, whose waiting  
 love  
 Beholdeth our pitiful life below,  
 From the holy height of their heaven above,  
 Could n't bear with the worm till the  
 wings should grow ?

—♦—  
 NORTHEAST.

WE had a week of rainy days ;  
 The heaven was gray, the earth was grim ;  
 And through a sea of hopeless haze  
 The dreamy daylight wandered dim.

The saddened trees, with weary boughs,  
 Drooped heavily, or sullen swayed  
 Slow answer to the sobs and soughs  
 The jaded east-wind, whimpering, made.

Faint as the dawn the noonday seemed,  
 With hardly more of stir or sound ;  
 The only noise or motion seemed  
 That dull, cold dropping on the ground.

Vainly the Soul her frame ignores ;  
 Deep answereth unto deep apart ;  
 And the great weeping out of doors  
 Touched the tear fountains in the heart.

So life looked drear, and heaven was dim ;  
 And though the Sun still strode the sky,  
 Through the thick gloom that shrouded him  
 Scarce trusted we the joy on high.

But, sudden, from the leafy dark,—  
 The close green covert rain-bestirred,—  
 Outbursting tremulously, hark,  
 The carol of a little bird !

Ah, long the storm ; yet none the less,  
 Hid from the utmost reach of ill,  
 And singing in the wilderness,  
 Some small, sweet hope waits blithely  
 still !

—♦—  
 RELEASED.

A LITTLE, low-ceiled room. Four walls  
 Whose blank shut out all else of life,  
 And crowded close within their bound  
 A world of pain, and toil, and strife.

Her world. Scarce furthermore she knew  
 Of God's great globe that wondrously  
 Outrolls a glory of green earth  
 And frames it with the restless sea.

Four closer walls of common pine ;  
 And therein lying, cold and still,  
 The weary flesh that long hath borne  
 Its patient mystery of ill.

Regardless now of work to do,  
 No queen more careless in her state,  
 Hands crossed in an unbroken calm ;  
 For other hands the work may wait.

Put by her implements of toil ;  
 Put by each coarse, intrusive sign ;  
 She made a Sabbath when she died,  
 And round her breathes a rest divine.

Put by, at last, beneath the lid,  
 The exempted hands, the tranquil face ;  
 Uplift her in her dreamless sleep,  
 And bear her gently from the place.

Of she hath gazed, with wistful eyes,  
 Out from that threshold on the night ;  
 The narrow bourn she crosseth now ;  
 She standeth in the eternal light.

Of she hath pressed, with aching feet,  
 Those broken steps that reach the door ;  
 Henceforth, with angels, she shall tread  
 Heaven's golden stair, forevermore !

—♦—  
 BEAUTY FOR ASHES.

WE have no glory of the woods this year !  
 The Summer lieth dead upon her bier,  
 And parched and brown, with faint and flut-  
 tering fall,

Gaunt arms drop down her melancholy pall.

Like some remorseful spirit she hath gone,  
 Finding no wedding garment to put on ;  
 From fever dropt to silence ; day by day,  
 Her green hope lost,—so perishing away.

All passion-burned were her meridian hours,  
 Untouched by any tenderness of showers :  
 Too late the wild winds and the penitent rain  
 Vex the dead days that are not born again.

So said we in the early autumn-time,  
 Missing the red leaf and the golden prime ;  
 And still the rain fell with sweet, patient  
 woe,  
 Like heart sin-broken, that can only so.

Then there befell a wonder. Scathed and  
 burned,  
 Great trees stood leafless ; but the earth-soul  
 yearned

Toward her salvation, and it came to pass,—  
 Green resurrection of young, gentle grass.

Fair in October as it had been May !  
 No matter for the season passed away,  
 For shortening suns, or useless little while :  
 Heaven's outright grace gave back that ver-  
 nal smile.

We missed no more the golden and the red.  
 For joy that the deep heart was quick, not  
 dead.

We saw as angels see ; through loss and sin-  
 nings :

All times are spring to God's dear new be-  
 ginnings.

—♦—  
 THE THREE LIGHTS.

MY window that looks down the west,  
 Where the cloud-thrones and islands rest,  
 One evening, to my random sight,  
 Showed forth this picture of delight.

The shifting glories were all gone ;  
 The clear blue stillness coming on ;  
 And the soft shade, 'twixt day and night,  
 Held the old earth in tender light.

Up in the ether hung the horn  
Of a young moon; and, newly born  
From out the shadows, trembled far  
The shining of a single star.

Only a hand's breadth was between,  
So close they seemed, so sweet-serene,  
As if in heaven some child and mother,  
With peace untold, had found each other.

Then my glance fell from that fair sky  
A little down, yet very nigh,  
Just where the neighboring tree-tops made  
A lifted line of billowy shade,—

And from the earth-dark twinkled clear  
One other spark, of human cheer;  
A home-smile, telling where there stood  
A farmer's house beneath the wood.

Only these three in all the space;  
Far telegraphs of various place.  
Which seeing, this glad thought was mine,—  
Be it but little candle-shine,

Or golden disk of moon that swings  
Nearest of all the heavenly things,  
Or world in awful distance small,  
One Light doth feed and link them all!

#### SUNLIGHT AND STARLIGHT.

GOD sets some souls in shade, alone;  
They have no daylight of their own:  
Only in lives of happier ones  
They see the shine of distant suns.

God knows. Content thee with thy night,  
Thy greater heaven hath grander light.  
To-day is close; the hours are small;  
Thou sitt'st afar, and hast them all.

Lose the less joy that doth but blind;  
Reach forth a larger bliss to find.  
To-day is brief: the inclusive spheres  
Rain raptures of a thousand years.

#### HEARTH-GLOW.

IN the freshine at the twilight,  
The pictures that I see  
Are less with mimic landscape bright  
Than with life and mystery.

Where the embers flush and flicker  
With their palpitating glow,  
I see, fitfuller and quicker,  
Heart-pulses come and go.

And here and there, with eager flame,  
A little tongue of light  
Upreaches earnestly to claim  
A somewhat out of sight.

I know, with instinct sure and high,  
A somewhat must be there;  
Else should the fiery impulse die  
In ashes of despair.

Through the red tracery I discern  
A parable sublime;  
A solemn myth of souls that burn  
In ordeals of time.

How the life-spark yearns and shivers  
Till the whiteness o'er it creep!  
Till the last, pale hope outquivers,  
And quenches into sleep!

Till 'mid the dust of what has been,  
It lieth dim and cold;  
Yet holdeth secretly, within,  
Heart-fervor, as of old!

As from the darkening fireside  
I slowly turn away,  
I think how souls of men abide  
The breaking of the day

When a morning touch shall stir again  
Those ashes of the night  
That gathered o'er our hearts of pain  
To keep their life alight!

#### TWOFOLD.

A DOUBLE life is this of ours;  
A twofold form wherein we dwell:  
And heaven itself is not so strange,  
Nor half so far as teachers tell.

With weary feet we daily tread  
The circle of a self-same round;  
Yet the strong soul may not be held  
A prisoner in the petty bound.

The body walketh as in sleep,  
A shadow among things that seem;  
While held in leash, yet far away,  
The spirit moveth in a dream.

A living dream of good or ill,  
In caves of gloom or fields of light;  
Where purpose doth itself fulfill,  
And longing love is instant sight.

Where time, nor space, nor blood, nor bond  
May love and life divide in twain;  
But they whom truth hath inly joined  
Meet inly on their common plane.

We need not die to go to God;  
See how the daily prayer is given!  
'T is not across a gulf we cry,  
"Our Father, who dost dwell in heaven!"

And "Let thy will on earth be done,  
As in thy heaven," by this, thy child!  
What is it but all prayers in one,  
That soul and sense be reconciled?

That inner sight and outer seem  
No more in thwarting conflict strive;  
But doing blossom from the dream,  
And the whole nature rise, alive?

There 's beauty waiting to be born,  
And harmony that makes no sound;  
And bear we ever, unaware,  
A glory that hath not been crowned.

And so we yearn, and so we sigh,  
And reach for more than we can see;  
And, witless of our folded wings,  
Walk Paradise unconsciously;

And dimly feel the day divine  
 With vision half redeemed from night,  
 Till death shall fuse the double life  
 And God himself shall give us light!

UP IN THE WILD.

Up in the wild, where no one comes to look,  
 There lives and sings a little lonely brook :  
 Liveth and singeth in the dreary pines,  
 Yet creepeth on to where the daylight shines.  
 Pure from their heaven, in mountain chalice  
 caught,  
 It drinks the rains, as drinks the soul her  
 thought ;  
 And down dim hollows where it winds along,  
 Pours its life-burden of unlistened song.

I catch the murmur of its undertone,  
 That sigheth ceaselessly, Alone ! alone !  
 And hear afar the Rivers gloriously  
 Shout on their paths toward the shining sea !

The voiceful Rivers, chanting to the sun,  
 And wearing names of honor, every one :  
 Outreaching wide, and joining hand with  
 hand

To pour great gifts along the asking land.

Ah, lonely brook ! Creep onward through  
 the pines ;  
 Press through the gloom to where the day-  
 light shines !

Sing on among the stones, and secretly  
 Feel how the floods are all akin to thee !

Drink the sweet rain the gentle heaven  
 sendeth ;  
 Hold thine own path, howeverward it tend-  
 eth ;

For somewhere, underneath the eternal sky,  
 Thou, too, shalt find the Rivers, by and by !

EQUINOCTIAL.

THE sun of life has crossed the line ;  
 The summer-shine of lengthened light  
 Faded and failed, till where I stand  
 'T is equal day and equal night.

One after one, as dwindling hours,  
 Youth's glowing hopes have dropped away,  
 And soon may barely leave the gleam  
 That coldly scores a winter's day.

I am not young ; I am not old ;  
 The flush of morn, the sunset calm,  
 Paling and deepening, each to each,  
 Meet midway with a solemn charm.

One side I see the summer fields  
 Not yet disrobed of all their green ;  
 While westerly, along the hills,  
 Flame the first tints of frosty sheen.

Ah, middle point, where cloud and storm  
 Make battle-ground of this, my life !  
 Where, even-matched, the night and day  
 Wage round me their September strife !

I bow me to the threatening gale ;  
 I know when that is overpast,  
 Among the peaceful harvest days,  
 An Indian summer comes at last !

THE SECOND MOTHERHOOD.

" He shall gather the lambs in his arms, and carry them in his bosom ; and shall gently lead those that are with young."

O HEARTS that long ! O hearts that wait,  
 Burdened with love and pain,  
 Till the dear life-dream, earth-conceived,  
 In heaven be born again !

O mother-souls, whose holy hope  
 Is sorrowful and blind,  
 Hear what He saith so tenderly  
 Who keepeth you in mind !

Of all his flock He hath for you  
 A sweet, especial grace ;  
 And guides you with a separate care  
 To his preparéd place.

For all our times are times of type,  
 Foretokened on the earth ;  
 And still the waiting and the tears  
 Must go before the birth.

Still the dear Lord, with whom abides  
 All life that is to be,  
 Keeps safe the joy but half-fulfilled  
 In his eternity.

Our lambs He carries in his arms  
 The heavenly meads among ;  
 And gently leadeth here the souls  
 Love-burdened with their young !

THE LAST REALITY.

A CHILD'S SATIRE.

CHILDREN want always the "truliest"  
 things,

The things that come nearest to life ;  
 Grown-up and real : for—sweet little souls—  
 They *believe* in the world and his wife !

Grown-up *is* real : we stand in the light  
 Of their heaven with our pitiful shows,  
 Till the shams of our living become to their  
 sight  
 Most in earnest of all that it knows.

Kathie wanted a doll for her Christmas this  
 year,  
 A doll that could do something grand ;  
 "Not cry ; that 's for babies ;" nor might it  
 suffice  
 That she simply could sit and could stand.

"And I don't care for eyes that will open  
 and shut."  
 "You did." "Well, the care is all gone.  
 I've seen 'em enough, mamma ; I want a  
 doll  
 With hair that takes off and puts on !"



MRS. HELEN HUNT.

SPINNING.

LIKE a blind spinner in the sun,  
I tread my days;  
I know that all the threads will run  
Appointed ways;  
I know each day will bring its task,  
And, being blind, no more I ask.

I do not know the use or name  
Of that I spin;  
I only know that some one came,  
And laid within  
My hand the thread, and said, "Since you  
Are blind, but one thing you can do."  
Sometimes the threads so rough and fast  
And tangled fly,  
I know wild storms are sweeping past,  
And fear that I  
Shall fall; but dare not try to find  
A safer place, since I am blind.

I know not why, but I am sure  
That tint and place,  
In some great fabric to endure  
Past time and race,  
My threads will have; so from the first,  
Though blind, I never felt accurst.

I think, perhaps, this trust has sprung  
From one short word  
Said over me when I was young,—  
So young, I heard  
It, knowing not that God's name signed  
My brow, and sealed me his, though blind.

But whether this be seal or sign  
Within, without,  
It matters not. The bond divine  
I never doubt.

I know he set me here, and still,  
And glad, and blind, I wait His will;  
But listen, listen, day by day,  
To hear their tread  
Who bear the finished web away,  
And cut the thread,  
And bring God's message in the sun,  
"Thou poor blind spinner, work is done."

THE PRINCE IS DEAD.

A ROOM in the palace is shut. The king  
And the queen are sitting in black.  
All day weeping servants will run and bring,  
But the heart of the queen will lack  
All things; and the eyes of the king will  
swim  
With tears which must not be shed,

But will make all the air float dark and  
dim,  
As he looks at each gold and silver toy,  
And thinks how it gladdened the royal boy,  
And dumbly writhes while the courtiers  
read  
How all the nations his sorrow heed.  
The Prince is dead,

The hut has a door, but the hinge is weak,  
And to-day the wind blows it back;  
There are two sitting there who do not  
speak;  
They have begged a few rags of black.  
They are hard at work, though their eyes  
are wet  
With tears which must not be shed;  
They dare not look where the cradle is set;  
They hate the sunbeam which plays on the  
floor,  
But will make the baby laugh out no more;  
They feel as if they were turning to stone,  
They wish the neighbors would leave them  
alone.

The Prince is dead.

"SPOKEN."

COUNTING the hours by bells and lights  
We rose and sank;  
The waves on royal banquet-heights  
Tossed off and drank  
Their jewels made of sun and moon,  
White pearls at midnight, gold at noon.

Counting the hours by bells and lights,  
We sailed and sailed;  
Six lonely days, six lonely nights,  
No ship we hailed.  
Till all the sea seemed bound in spell,  
And silence sounded like a knell.

At last, just when by bells and lights  
Of seventh day  
The dawn grew clear, in sudden flights  
White sails away  
To east, like birds, went spreading slow  
Their wings which reddened in the glow.

No more we count the bells and lights;  
We laugh for joy.  
The trumpets with their brazen might  
Call "Ship ahoy!"  
We hold each other's hands; our cheeks  
Are wet with tears; but no one speaks.

In instant comes the sun and lights  
The ship with fire;  
Each mast creeps up to dizzy heights,  
A blazing spire;

One faint "Ahoy," then all in vain  
We look ; we are alone again.

I have forgotten bells and lights,  
And waves which drank  
Their jewels up ; those days and nights  
Which rose and sank  
Have turned like other pasts, and fled,  
And carried with them all their dead.

But every day that fire ship lights  
My distant blue.

And every day glad wonder smites  
My heart anew,

How in that instant each could heed  
And hear the other's swift God-speed.

Counting by hours thy days and nights  
In weariness,

O patient soul, on godlike heights  
Of loneliness,

I passed thee by ; tears filled our eyes ;  
The loud winds mocked and drowned our  
cries.

The hours go by, with bells and lights ;  
We sail, we drift ;

Our souls in changing tasks and rites,  
Find work and shrift.

But this I pray, and praying know  
Till faith almost to joy can grow

That hour by hour the bells, the lights  
Of sound of flame

Weave spell which ceaselessly recites  
To thee a name,

And smiles which thou canst not forget  
For thee are suns which never set.

#### AMREETA WINE.

SHE rose up from the golden feast,  
And her voice rang like the sea ;

" Sir Knight, put down thy glass and come  
To the battlement with me.

" That was a charmed wine thou drank'st,  
Signed white from heaven, signed black  
from hell.

Alas ! alas ! for the bitter thing  
The sign hath forced thy lips to tell !"

" Ho here ! Ho, there ! Lift up and bear  
My choice wine out," she said ;

" That which hath brand of a clasping  
hand,  
And the seal blood-red.

" Ho here ! Ho there ! To the castle stair .  
Bear all that branded wine ;

And dash it far where the breakers are  
Whitest, of the brine !

" Let no man dare to shrink or spare,  
Or one red drop to spill ;

Of the endless pain of that wine's hot stain  
Let the salt sea bear its fill.

" O woe of mine ! O woe of thine !  
O woe of endless thirst !

O woe for the Amreeta wine,  
By fate and thee accurst !"

The knight spake words of sore dismay  
But her face was white like stone ;  
She saw him mount and ride away,  
And made no moan.

The wind blew east, the wind blew west,  
The airs from sepulchres ;  
No royal heart in all of them  
So dead as hers !

#### CORONATION.

At the king's gate the subtle noon  
Wove filmy yellow nets of sun ;  
Into the drowsy snare too soon  
The guards fell one by one.

Through the king's gate, unquestioned then,  
A beggar went, and laughed, " This  
brings

Me chance, at last, to see if men  
Fare better, being kings."

The king sat bowed beneath his crown,  
Propping his face with listless hand ;  
Watching the hour-glass sifting down  
Too slow its shining sand.

" Poor man, what wouldst thou have of  
me ?"

The beggar turned, and, pitying,  
Replied, like one in a dream, " Of thee,  
Nothing. I want the king."

Uprose the king, and from his head  
Shook off the crown and threw it by.  
" O man, thou must have known," he said,  
" A greater king than I !"

Through all the gates, unquestioned then,  
Went king and beggar hand in hand.  
Whispered the king, " Shall I know when  
Before *his* throne I stand ?"

The beggar laughed. Free winds in haste  
Were wiping from the king's hot brow  
The crimson lines the crown had traced.  
" This is his presence now."

At the king's gate, the crafty noon  
Unwove its yellow nets of sun ;  
Out of their sleep in terror soon  
The guards waked one by one.

" Ho here ! Ho there ! Has no man seen  
The king ?" The cry ran to and fro ;  
Beggar and king, they laughed, I ween,  
The laugh that free men know.

On the king's gate the moss grew gray ;  
The king came not. They called him  
dead ;

And made his eldest son one day  
Slave in his father's stead.

#### TRYST.

SOMEWHERE thou awaitest.  
And I, with lips unknissed,  
Weep that thus to latest  
Thou puttest off our tryst !

The golden bowls are broken,  
The silver cords untwine;  
Almond flowers in token  
Have bloomed,—that I am thine!

Others who would fly thee  
In cowardly alarms,  
Who hate thee and deny thee,  
Thou foldest in thine arms!

How shall I entreat thee  
No longer to withhold?  
I dare not go to meet thee,  
O lover, far and cold!

O lover, whose lips chilling  
So many lips have kissed,  
Come, even if unwilling,  
And keep thy solemn tryst!

#### MY STRAWBERRY.

O MARVEL, fruit of fruits, I pause  
To reckon thee. I ask what cause  
Set free so much of red from heats  
At core of earth, and mixed such sweets  
With sour and spice: what was that  
strength

Which out of darkness, length by length,  
Spun all thy shining thread of vine,  
Netting the fields in bond as thine.  
I see thy tendrils drink by sips  
From grass and clover's smiling lips;  
I hear thy roots dig down for wells,  
Tapping the meadow's hidden cells:

Whole generations of green thines,  
Descended from long lines of springs,  
I see make room for thee to bide  
A quiet comrade by their side;  
I see the creeping peoples go  
Mysterious journeys to and fro,  
Treading to right and left of thee,  
Doing thee homage wonderingly.  
I see the wild bees as they fare,  
Thy cups of honey drink, but spare.  
I mark thee bathe and bathe again  
In sweet uncalendared spring rain.  
I watch how all May has of sun  
Makes haste to have thy ripeness done,  
While all her nights let dews escape  
To set and cool thy perfect shape.  
Ah, fruit of fruits, no more I pause  
To dream and seek thy hidden laws!  
I stretch my hand and dare to taste,  
In instant of delicious waste  
On single feast, all things that went  
To make the empire thou hast spent.

#### "DOWN TO SLEEP."

NOVEMBER woods are bare and still;  
November days are clear and bright;  
Each noon burns up the morning's chill;  
The morning's snow is gone by night;  
Each day my steps grow slow, grow light,  
As through the woods I reverent creep,  
Watching all things lie "down to sleep."

I never knew before what beds,  
Fragrant to smell, and soft to touch,  
The forest sifts and shapes and spreads;  
I never knew before how much  
Of human sound there is in such  
Low tones as through the forest sweep  
When all wild things lie "down to sleep."

Each day I find new coverlids  
Tucked in, and more sweet eyes shut  
tight;

Sometimes the viewless mother bids  
Her ferns kneel down full in my sight;  
I hear their chorus of "good night;"  
And half I smile, and half I weep,  
Listening while they lie "down to sleep."

November woods are bare and still;  
November days are bright and good;  
Life's noon burns up life's morning chill;  
Life's night rests feet which long have  
stood;

Some warm soft bed, in field or wood,  
The mother will not fail to keep,  
Where we can "lay us down to sleep."

#### VINTAGE.

BEFORE the time of grapes,  
While they altered in the sun,  
And out of the time of grapes,  
When vintage songs were done,—

From secret southern spot,  
Whose warmth not a mortal knew;  
From shades which the sun forgot,  
Or could not struggle through,—

Wine sweeter than first wine,  
She gave him by drop, by drop;  
Wine stronger than seal could sign,  
She poured out and did not stop.

Soul of my soul, the shapes  
Of the things of earth are one;  
Rememberest thou the grapes  
I brought thee in the sun?

And darest thou still drink  
Wine stronger than seal can sign?  
And smilest thou to think  
Eternal vintage thine?

#### THOUGHT.

O MESSENGER, art thou the king, or I?  
Thou dalliest outside the palace gate  
Till on thine idle armor lie the late  
And heavy dews: the morn's bright, scorn-  
ful eye

Reminds thee; then, in subtle mockery,  
Thou smilest at the window where I wait,  
Who bade the ride for life. In empty state  
My days go on, while false hours prophesy  
Thy quick return; at last, in sad despair,  
I cease to bid thee, leave thee free as air;  
When lo, thou stand'st before me glad and  
fleet,

And lay'st undreamed of treasures at my feet.  
Ah! messenger, thy royal blood to buy,  
I am too poor. Thou art the king, not I.

MRS. MARGARET J. PRESTON.

SEBASTIANO AT SUPPER.\*

— HA! ha! How free and happy I am,  
Here in my rollicking, careless calm,  
With never a scowling monk to gibe,  
Or hurry me for the crab-like way  
They tell me I work. That beggarly tribe,  
Priors and abbesses, deem that a day  
Must count in the life of a picture. Fools!  
They think that they grow like mushroom  
stools.  
—“Here’s so many feet of bare, blank wall—  
Here’s so many days to fresco all.”  
Bah! Through the Father’s grace, that’s  
past,  
And I’m free—do you hear, friends?—free  
at last,  
With only the Seals upon my mind;  
As idle a Fraté as you’ll find  
In Rome or out of it. Here are we,  
Gandolfo and Messer Marco—three  
Right merry old roysterers, faith, we be;  
The night is before us; with many a chorus,  
We’ll set the rafters a-ringing o’er us;  
For I vow I never could tell which art—  
The brush or the bow, most swayed my  
heart.  
—Yes, yes—his worship Ippolito  
Once served me a sorry trick, I know—  
The time he sent—(he was love a-craze,  
And wanted the work quick done)—relays  
Of horses for speed, when I went to paint  
The Donna Guelma: *she* was the saint  
His prayers, were said to, in these old days!  
Well—would you believe it? Nathless, ’tis  
true;  
I left my pigments behind and brought  
My viol, as uppermost in my thought:  
—And what did his Cardinal graceship do?  
He smashed and he crashed the strings right  
through.  
And so, thereafter, I could not shirk,  
For music, a single day of work.  
Aye, aye—be sure ’twas a brutal shame,  
But it helped in a month to build my fame,  
For I need not tell you the picture’s name.  
Heigho! with a sweet relief I sigh,  
As I lounge so masterless here—you by,  
Dearest of comrades—sigh to think  
How Michelagnolo pinned me down,  
Granting me scarcely leave to wink,

\* Michael Angelo’s most famous pupil was Sebastiano del Piombo—so called from his being made Keeper of the Papal Seals, through which appointment he was enabled to live without work. But for his excessive indolence and self-indulgence, he might have disputed the palm with any of his contemporaries. All Art-pilgrims will remember his masterpiece in the Church of San Gian Grisostomo, Venice.

Impaled all day on his frescoes brown  
(Lout that I was to fear his frown!)  
No toil can tire *him* out: he’ll be  
Still fresh—you mark me—at ninety-three,  
With muscles like his own *David’s*. Well  
It was that we quarreled; for who can tell,  
If under his grand, resistless will,  
I might not have been a captive still?  
I think the Maëstro hates me though:  
My debtor I made him long ago,  
And it rankles his terrible pride. You see  
I went to Ischia once to paint  
The lovely Marchesa; (What a saint  
Of a wife Colonna had!—and he—  
But we’ll tell no tales; it’s all forgiven,  
Now that he’s been so long in heaven;)   
And the picture I gave the master, who  
Had learned to worship that face, as you  
Worship Our Lady’s; nor would I touch  
In boot a *biaccho*: ’tis so much  
To have him beholden! And that is how  
The liking of yore is hatred now.

Ah, well-a-day! I have loved my art,  
Beautiful mistress she ever was!  
And yet we are not unloth to part,  
Though bound together for years—because  
I inwardly groan to come and go,  
At beck of the best; and I leave her so.  
Besides, I own, of the perilous stuff  
The world calls fame I have had enough.  
To Giulio, Perino, and such, ’tis best  
I think, on the whole, to leave the rest.

—I’m garrulous: why have you let me waste  
My breath a-chattering? Only taste  
This vintage, and own it might cheat the  
Fates,  
And see you, my friends, the supper waits.

ANDREA’S MISTAKE.\*

1512.

“NOT *heard the tale?*” Why, where have  
you been hidden  
These seven days gone? All Florence rings  
it round;  
And you may see, along the Via Larga,  
Madonna Maddalena and the rest—  
The fair court-ladies, who were wont to count

\* The marriage of Andrea del Sarto (the old Florentine master, whose pictures take rank, perhaps, next to Raphael’s) with a widow of the lower class, a beautiful yet worthless woman, gave great disgust to his friends, and threatened seriously to arrest his course as an artist.

It honor if allowed to stand and watch  
Over his shoulder as our Andrea worked,—  
May see these very same avert the face  
And draw the robe aside when Andrea  
passes,  
As if from the contaminate touch of plague.

“*What hath he done?*” Ay, verily, done  
enough

To topple him down from his high dignity  
Among the Masters. Take your stroll to-  
night

Through Di San Gallo, and there ask the first  
Bold wanton that you chance to meet,  
“*What news?*”

And I will wager you ten *oboli*  
You'll have the story, all the marrow in it,  
Neat as a nut—with yet the shell of truth.

“*Rather from me?*” Good! you shall hear  
it now.

Let's turn aside, and by the fountain-brink  
In cool San Marco's gardens, talk of it.

“*A woman?*” Certes! Did you ever find  
Mischief a-brewing, nor beforehand know  
A woman's meddling finger there? Per  
Bacco!

To think how fortune, honor, reverence, all  
Waited his plucking—just as quick to drop  
At his mere touch as yonder fig has tumbled  
Ere the wind's coming; then to see him leave  
The vintage of his yet ungathered life,  
To rake a vile squeez'd orange from the muck  
Because the rind was bright! Why just  
consider

How royal Francis lures him to his court,  
Till the Venetian Masters grind their teeth,  
And Veronese grows green; and how the  
duke

Counts Villa Campi richer for the forms  
Our Andrea leaves there, than if Flemish  
arras,

Copied from Albrecht's\* rarest of cartoons,  
Hung every wall. And jealous Florence  
too—

A right harsh mother to her children oft—  
Why, Florence flings her roses at his feet,  
And sets him with her nobles, and throws  
wide

To him her proudest doors. And he—poor  
fool!—

For sake of lips that take a brighter red,  
Or cheek whose oval chances perfecter,  
Haply, than any to his insatiate eye,  
Makes haste to scramble from his hard-won  
seat

(Dropping his brushes in the sewer), to run  
And snatch this woman of the people up,  
And take her—mind you!—as his wedded  
wife.

“*Commend his courage?*” Hear you first  
the story,

Nor, when I tell it you, as here we sit,  
Will you once marvel that I sigh so, seeing  
I hold our Andrea's life as lost to Art.

\* Albrecht Dürer.

“*I overstate the case?*” Have you not marked  
How a base woman, armed with leopard  
strength

To match her leopard charms, can downward  
drag

The man who loves her with the strangling  
gripe

Of claws about his throat, and hold him so,  
Till all his rigid energies relax,  
And the fine fibres of his nobler will  
Beneath the brutish clutch part strand by  
strand?

“*He lift her up?*” Alack! who ever saw  
The diamond, dropt within the festering  
heap

Aglow with poison-flowers, prevail to make  
The mud illuminate? or beheld it even  
Dredged up, belike, from the pestiferous  
slime,

Again to flash on a pure forehead? Art—  
This priesthood of all beauteousness — is  
weak

Against temptation, and it offers oft  
Sweet incense to false gods, and kneels at  
shrines

Where, in its solemn claim of Good and  
True  
And Beautiful, 'tis sacrilege to worship.

“*Faith in our Andrea's genius?*”—which you  
say

Is *not* a diamond to be lost i' the mire,  
But a most lambent star that in the orbit  
Of its own splendor shall go circling on,  
To far-off ages visible? Well, they'll see!

“*Pity him?*” Yea, I'm moved to think on  
him;

And so to Santa Trinità I'll go  
To-morrow with gifts to please Our Lady:  
she,

Mayhap, may grant some respite of the  
thrall,

Seeing through this Maëstro's skill divine  
Mortals are won to purer love of her,  
By reason of his semblances. But yonder  
Jacopo beckons, and my tale's not told.

DONNA MARGHERITA.\*

(AN ART-PICTURE.)

HERE is the chamber: Messers, enter ye:  
A Borgherini needs must courtesy yield  
To whoso comes. Ye see upon the walls  
My priceless pictures, famed all Florence  
through—

Jacopo's work. Behold the Patriarch's sons,  
Cruel, unpitying, grouped about the boy,  
Whom, for a fardel of rough Midian gold,  
They barter, mindless of his frantic prayers.

\* During one of the sieges of Florence, the artist Palla, with the connivance of the vena *Signori*, seized, under pretence of purchase for the King of France, numbers of the art-treasures of the city,—thus enriching himself through his country's ruin. The Donna Margherita Borgherini, who owned the masterpiece of Jacopo Pontorno—*The History of Joseph*—braved the power of the State, and refused to give up her pictures.

Ha! Palla,—stand where thou canst note  
the chaffer,—

Yea,—so!—And now I say, this Simeon,  
Who clutches from the Arab's sleeve the  
price

O'er which they higggle, is as a puling milk-  
sop

To that *thou* art! *He* bartered only blood;  
Thou,—honor, faith, and Florence! And  
because

She lies, our Florence, weeping at the feet  
Of her invaders, in her broideries wrapped,  
(An Empress still, wanting, albeit, a crust,—)  
Thy thief's hand twitches off thy Mother's  
robe,

Leaving her in her naked majesty  
To perish. Out upon thy villainy!

I would this golden bodkin were a lance,  
For other impalement than a woman's hair:  
But being a woman, shorn of all defence,  
Saving my shuddering hate, I dare defy  
Thee and thy myrmidons, though ye be  
armed

With license from the huckstering Signori;—  
Ye loosen no pictures from these walls, ex-  
cept

Ye loosen them with my life!

—Why, cravens, yonder

Stands in that carven niche my bridal couch;  
And when I use from my Francesco's face  
To turn, I ever met the moistened lift  
Of Jacob's lids,—(see!) as with lips a-strain,  
He quaffs the maiden's foamy loveliness:  
The earliest sight that filled the baby eyes  
Of my young Florentine, was yon Hebrew  
lad

Weeping before his brothers' knees. Why I  
Were lacking in such mere brute instincts  
even

As teach the leaguered lioness to fight  
For shielding of her cubs and lair,—if less  
I dare for these. With the white heats of  
scorn

I'll shrivel your purpose, till ye shun to see,  
Each gazing on each, how dastards haste to  
crawl

Out of the glare.

. . . Yet Palla hath loved Art;

And he hath painted Mary-Mother's face  
Divinely, as between heaven's rosy clouds  
Herself had stooped to grant him seraph-  
glimpse,  
Else unconceived—

Palla, some wine?—Meseems

Thy brow grows ashen:—*No?*—Then sit  
apart

Under the arch here, where thou best canst  
mark

Reuben the coward, who slinks away afeard  
To brave the wrath of Judah and the rest.

—What! tire ye of the masterpiece so soon  
That ye turn backs out? Ay, 'tis well ye  
put

Your tools up; they'll unfasten no frames  
to-day

From Casa Borgherini's walls, I promise:  
And to the *Signori* (brave, worshipful!)

Bear, with my duty, back the Iscariot bribe,  
Owning that Donna Margherita haggled  
Over the price,—seeing she holds the pic-  
tures

At cost of her heart's blood.

—  
DOROTHEA'S ROSES.

(IN FLORENCE.)

YES,—here is the old cathedral;  
Out of the glare and heat,  
We'll plunge in these depths of coolness,  
(—Take the *prie-dieu* for a seat:)

Bathe in this gloom your vision,  
So wearied with frescoes'd shows,  
And let the slow ripples of silence,  
Tide-like, around you close.

Then at your ease, I'll show you  
That picture of Carlo's,\*—the sight  
Of whose so ineffable sweetness  
Prismed my dreams last night.

Surely you've heard the legend,  
(Saint Cyprian hands it down,)  
Of the beautiful Dorothea  
Who was crowned with the fiery crown?

*No?*—Then sit as you're sitting  
There, in that open stall,  
Just where the great rose-window  
Splendors the eastern wall,—

Just where the sunset shivers  
Its darts on the altar-rail,  
And while the blue smoke of the incense  
Rises, I'll tell the tale.

—There dwelt (while the old religion  
For the golden East sufficed,  
While the Grecian Zeus was worshipped  
In the temples, instead of Christ—

When flame and rack and dungeon  
Awaited the neophyte  
Who turned from an idol's statue,  
Or shrank from a pagan rite)—

In a fair Greek city, a maiden,  
Whose fame went all abroad  
Because of her wondrous beauty,  
And they called her *The gift of God*.

One day, as she passed, bestowing  
Offerings at Hebe's shrine,  
Strange words to her ear were wafted—  
New teachings that seemed divine.

She paused, and the hoary hermit  
Placed in her hands a scroll,  
—Saint John-the-Divine's sweet Gospel—  
And she read—and believed the whole.

Thereat, the fierce proconsul  
Rose in his wrath:—"Deny  
This myth of the Galilean,  
Or thou, by the gods, shalt die!"

\* Carlo Dolce's St. Dorothea.

Meekly she bowed before him,  
 With a faith no threat could dim ;  
 —“He hath died for *me*, and I cannot,  
 I cannot do less for *Him!*”

As out through the gates of the city,  
 They led her to meet her death,  
 From the midst of his gay companions,  
 Hilarion mocking saith—

“Ha!—goest thou, lovely maiden,  
 (Such joy on thy face I see,)  
 Afar to some fair Elysium,  
 Where thy bridegroom waits for thee?”

“If *there* an Hesperides garden  
 Blooms, that is brighter than ours,  
 Send me, beseech thee, in token,  
 A spray of celestial flowers!”

She smiled with a smile seraphic ;  
 —“Is *that* of thy faith the price?  
 Then, verily, thou shalt have roses  
 Gathered in Paradise.”

Onward she went exulting,  
 As though she were borne mid air ;  
 And lo! as she neared the pyre,  
 A fair-haired boy stood there,—

In his hand, three dewy roses,  
 Clustered about their stem :  
 —“Ah, hasten,”—she said,—“sweet an-  
 gel!  
*Hilarion waits for them!*”

—Come now, and see Carlo’s picture  
 Of the maiden, as she stands  
 With the golden nimbus around her,  
 And the roses within her hands.

#### IN AN EASTERN BAZAAR.

I AM tired!—Let us sit in the shadows  
 This mosque flings,—(how drowsy they  
 are!)

And watch, as they come from the meadows,  
 Those carriers, each with his jar  
 And puff at a lazy cigar.

Confess now, ’tis something delicious—  
 To leave the old life all behind,  
 Its turbulence, worries and wishes,  
 Its loves and its longings, and find  
 A Nirvana at last to your mind.

What softness suffuses the picture!  
 How tranquil the popped repose!  
 —See the child there, unbound by the  
 stricture  
 Of dress that encumbers:—*he* knows  
 (Acquit of the gyves we impose)

What the meaning of *freedom* is, better  
 Than any young Frank of them all,  
 Whose civilized feet we must fetter—  
 Whose fair Christian limbs we must gall  
 With garments that chafe and enthrall.

Just look at yon brown caryatid  
 Who poises the urn on her head ;  
 —Don’t tell me her long locks are matted,  
 But mark the Greek Naiad instead,  
 —Such grace to such symmetry wed!

Quick!—notice the droop of her shoulder,  
 And the exquisite curve of her arm ;  
 None ever will tell, or has told her  
 How perfect she is:—There’s the charm!  
 Such knowledge brings nothing but harm.

Here’s a group now! The jealous Zenanas  
 Unveil in the twilight their bowers ;  
 And girls that look proud as Sultanas,  
 Bloom out as the night-blooming flowers,  
 That drowse with their odors the hours.

True wildlings of nature! Each gesture  
 A study, by art undefiled :  
 They gather or loosen their vesture,  
 By no thought of observance beguiled,  
 Unconscious of *aim* as a child.

—The traffic too,—what now could ruffle  
 Yon white-turban’d merchant’s repose,  
 As placidly scorning the scuffle  
 And chaffer, he waits?—for he knows  
 Where the vantage will rest, at the close.

I miss (and how slumbrous the feeling!)  
 As I catch the low hum of these hives,  
 That Occident worry that’s stealing  
 (Through schemes that our culture con-  
 trives)  
 The calmness all out of our lives.

No exigence harries their pleasures ;  
 Unbeautiful haste does not fray  
 Their time of its margin of leisures ;  
 While *we*, in our prodigal way,  
 Forestall our whole morrow, to-day.

—Yes—yes—I concede we’re their betters,  
 (Self-gratulant Goth that I am!)  
 We have science, religion and letters,  
 With the bane of the curse, we’ve the  
 balm :  
*They* keep their inviolate calm.

If only this land of the lotus  
 Would teach us the charm it knows best,  
 That could soothe the rasped nerve—that  
 could float us  
 Far off to some Island of Rest,  
 What a boon from the East to the West!

#### ST. GREGORY’S SUPPER.

“SERVANT of *servants!* That is the name  
 Falleth the fittest when they call ;  
 Jesus my Master bore the same,  
 Though He be Sovereign Lord of all.  
 Shut in my crypt by night, by day,  
 Breathing His peace with every breath,  
 I was content to wear away,  
 Tasting a calm as sweet as death :  
 Yet they have bidden me forth to bear  
 Mitre and stole and sacred staff,—  
 Burdens that stoop my heart with care,  
 —Heart that is weak as winnowed chaff.

"Valens, abide with me, friend of friends,  
Share, as we use, our joy—our woe;  
Order my household,—make amends  
—Steading me thus—to poor and low,  
Whom, in their hovels, I'll see no more:  
Gather each night about my board  
Twelve gray beggars to halve my store,  
(—Am I not almoner for my Lord?—)  
Twelve of the outcasts. Even to such  
Still I would Servant of servants be:  
Small the abasement!—think how much  
Greater the Master's was for me."

Forth to his work the Pontiff passed,  
Wrapt in his prayerful thoughts apart,  
Fearful some clouding pride should cast  
Shadows of bale above his heart.  
Valens made haste against he came,  
Summoned as guests the twelve he bade,  
Hungry and homeless, lost to shame,  
Only in filth and rags arrayed:  
Just as they were, defiled, unsweet,  
Grimed with the squalid crust of sin.  
Pressing their hands, their host did greet  
Each, as they wondering, entered in.

Lifting his voice, he prayed,—then brake  
Generous bread for their full repast:  
"Welcome,"—he said,—“for the Lord's  
dear sake;”

While o'er the group his eyes he cast.  
"As it is written,—*He sat at meat  
Thus with the Twelve*;—Ha, what may it  
mean?”

Valens, I bade that but *twelve* should eat,  
Yet there be verily here thirteen!”  
Valens made answer:—"Even so,  
Heeded I, hearkening to thy hest:  
One hath intruded, nor do I know  
Wherefore he sitteth among the rest."

"Whence art thou come, unbidden?—  
Speak!”

Straightway the stranger gave reply:  
—"Once did a starving palmer seek  
Alms of thee, passing thy cloister by.  
'Nothing'—thou saidst—'is mine to give,  
Saving this silvern bowl,—to me,  
Gift of my mother; yet take and live:'  
—Know'st thou the palmer?—*I am he!*"

E'en as he spake, his face waxed faint,  
Brightened, then paled in a splendor dim,  
Leaving them mazed,—and then the Saint  
Knew it was Christ who had supped with  
him!

#### THE OPEN GATE.

PAST and over;—Yet no frenzy  
Racks my overladen brain;  
Grief can anodyne the spirit,  
Woe can numb its pain.  
Did you deem the blow would crush me,  
Pitying comforters,—that I  
In despairing acquiescence  
Could but moan and die?  
Nay,—one deadening shock hath palsied  
So my sentient nature o'er,  
Well I knew no after sorrow  
Now could craze me more.

Yet I grasped without abatement  
Its full meaning when ye said,  
Softly, lest the sound should stun me,  
That the child was dead.

Keep that bitterer word,—it gauges  
Something of that *other* woe,  
Different as the soundless ocean's  
From the shallows' flow.

Oh, not dead:—*that* word has in it  
Maddening terrors, wild alarms:  
—Rather, God has given the darling  
To his father's arms!

Months—or is it years?—have vanished  
Since for *him* the boy has smiled,  
And if saints can long in heaven,  
He must want the child.

. . . I have seen the gates unfolding,  
(Heavenly hath the vision been.)  
—Seen the little stranger venture  
Through the radiance in:

Watched the timid, shrinking wonder  
On the baby-face so fair,  
And the kindling smile of rapture,  
When he found *him* there:

Watched the soul-full recognition;  
Saw the finger pointing back  
To the arms he knew were stretching  
Toward that shining track:

Till I wondered at my sorrow,—  
But the vision would not stay;  
And it left the truth unsoftened,  
—He is taken away.

—What is left me? Only patience,  
Only heart to watch and wait,  
Till that moment when as convoys  
From the open gate,

Forth shall issue child and father,  
Bend above me,—name my name,—  
Sent upon a tenderer errand  
Than they ever came:

If to nurse the thought can lighten  
Even now the crush of woe,  
Surely, surely 'twill be blissful  
To arise and go!

#### GOD'S PATIENCE.

OF all the attributes whose starry rays  
Converge and centre in one focal light  
Of luminous glory such as angels' sight  
Can only look on with a blench'd amaze,  
None crowns the brow of God with purer  
blaze,

Nor lifts His grandeur to more infinite  
height  
Than His exhaustless patience. Let us praise  
With wondering hearts this strangest, ten-  
derest grace,

Remembering awe-struck, that the aveng-  
ing rod

Of Justice must have fallen, and Mercy's plan  
Been frustrate, had not Patience stood be-  
tween,

Divinely meek. And let us learn that man,  
Toiling, enduring, pleading—calm, serene,  
For those who scorn and slight, is likest God.



## NORA PERRY.

IN JUNE.

So sweet, so sweet the roses in their blowing,

So sweet the daffodils, so fair to see ;  
So blithe and gay the humming-bird a-going  
From flower to flower, a-hunting with the  
bee.

So sweet, so sweet the calling of the thrushes,  
The calling, cooing, wooing, everywhere ;  
So sweet the water's song through reeds  
and rushes,  
The plover's piping note, now here, now  
there.

So sweet, so sweet, from off the fields of  
clover,  
The west wind blowing, blowing up the  
hill ;

So sweet, so sweet, with news of some one's  
lover,  
Fleet footsteps ringing nearer, nearer  
still.

So near, so near, now listen, listen thrushes ;  
Now plover, blackbird, cease, and let me  
hear ;

And water, hush your song through reeds  
and rushes,  
That I may know whose lover cometh  
near.

So loud, so loud, the thrushes kept their  
calling,

Plover or blackbird never heeding me ;  
So loud the mill-stream too kept fretting,  
falling,  
O'er bar and bank, in brawling, boisterous  
glee.

So loud, so loud ; yet blackbird, thrush nor  
plover,

Nor noisy mill-stream, in its fret and fall,  
Could drown the voice, the low voice of my  
lover,  
My lover calling through the thrushes'  
call.

"Come down, come down !" he called, and  
straight the thrushes  
From mate to mate sang all at once,  
"Come down !"

And while the water laughed through reeds  
and rushes,  
The blackbird chirped, the plover piped,  
"Come down !"

Then down and off, and through the fields  
of clover,  
I followed, followed at my lover's call ;

Listening no more to blackbird, thrush, or  
plover,  
The water's laugh, the mill-stream's fret  
and fall.

—◆—  
THAT WALTZ OF VON WEBER'S.

GAYLY and gayly rang the gay music,  
The blithe, merry music of harp and of  
horn,

The mad, merry music, that set us a-dancing  
Till over the midnight came stealing the  
morn.

Down the great hall went waving the  
banners,

Waving and waving their red, white and  
blue,

As the sweet summer wind came blowing  
and blowing  
From the city's great gardens asleep in the  
dew.

Under the flags, as they floated and floated,

Under the arches and arches of flowers,  
We two and we two floated and floated  
Into the mystical midnight hours.

And just as the dawn came stealing and  
stealing,

The last of those wild Weber waltzes  
began ;

I can hear the soft notes now appealing and  
pleading,  
And I catch the faint scent of the sandal-  
wood fan

That lay in your hand, your hand on my  
shoulder,

As down the great hall, away and away,  
All under the flags and under the arches,  
We danced and we danced till the dawn of  
the day.

But why should I dream o'er this dreary old  
ledger,

In this counting-room down in this dingy  
old street,

Of that night or that morning, just there at  
the dawning,

When our hearts beat in time to our fast-  
flying feet ?

What is it that brings me that scent of  
enchantment,

So fragrant and fresh from out the dead  
years,

That just for a moment I'd swear that the  
music  
Of Weber's wild waltzes was still in my  
ears?

What is it, indeed, in this dusty old alley,  
That brings me that night or that morning  
in June?

What is it, indeed?—I laugh to confess it—  
A hand organ grinding a creaking old tune!

But somewhere or other I caught in the  
measure

That waltz of Von Weber's, and back it all  
came,

That night or that morning, just there at  
the dawning,

When I danced the last dance with my first  
and last flame.

My first and my last! but who would believe  
me

If, down in this dusty old alley to-day,  
'Twixt the talk about cotton, the markets,  
and money,

I should suddenly turn in some moment  
and say

That one memory only had left me a lonely  
And gray-bearded bachelor, dreaming of  
Junes,

Where the nights and the mornings, from  
the dusk to the dawns,

Seemed set to the music of Weber's wild  
tunes!

—◆—  
RIDING DOWN.  
—

Oh did you see him riding down,  
And riding down, while all the town  
Came out to see, came out to see,  
And all the bells rang mad with glee?

Oh did you hear those bells ring out,  
The bells ring out, the people shout,  
And did you hear that cheer on cheer,  
That over all the bells rang clear?

And did you see the waving flags,  
The fluttering flags, and tattered flags,  
Red, white and blue, shot through and  
through,  
Baptized with battle's deadly dew?

And did you hear the drums' gay beat,  
The drums' gay beat, the bugles sweet,  
The cymbals' clash, the cannons' crash  
That rent the sky with sound and flash?

And did you see me waiting there,  
Just waiting there, and watching there,  
One little lass amid the mass  
That pressed to see the hero pass?

And did you see him smiling down,  
And smiling down, as riding down,  
With slowest pace, with stately grace,  
He caught the vision of a face.

My face uplifted, red and white,  
Turned red and white with sheer delight,  
To meet the eyes, the smiling eyes,  
Out flashing in their swift surprise.

Oh did you see how swift it came,  
How swift it come like sudden flame,  
That smile to me, to only me,  
The little lass who blushed to see?

And at the windows all along,  
Oh, all along, a lovely throng  
Of faces fair, beyond compare,  
Beamed out upon him riding there.

Each face was like a radiant gem,  
A sparkling gem, and yet for them  
No swift smile came, like sudden flame,  
No arrowy glance took certain aim.

He turned away from all their grace,  
From all that grace of perfect face,  
He turned to me, to only me,  
The little lass who blushed to see!

—◆—  
MY LADY.  
—

HERE she comes—my lady—so fair and so  
fine  
From the gold of her hair to the glitter and  
shine  
Of her Pompadour silk with its ruffles of  
lace—  
A wonderful vision of fashion and grace.

Here she comes—my lady—drawing on the  
pink gloves  
Which I know, even here, have the scent  
that she loves;  
And soft, as she moves her fingers of snow,  
I catch in the movement the sparkle and  
glow

Of the ring that I gave her—the diamond  
solitaire  
That marks her "my lady," in Vanity Fair;  
My lady—my jewel—to have and to hold  
As her diamond is held—in a setting of gold.

My lady—my jewel—would she sparkle and  
glow  
If into the light I should suddenly go,  
And stand where her beautiful eyes would  
discover  
In the flash of a moment, the eyes of her  
lover?

Would she turn to my glance as the diamond  
turns  
To the light all its rays, till it blushes and  
burns?  
Should I, standing thus, in that moment—  
her lover,  
Be the light, all the light of her soul to  
discover?

Ah, my lady—my jewel—so fair and so fine,  
Of your soul I have had little token or sign;  
When I put on your finger that diamond  
solitaire,  
*I knew I was buying in Vanity Fair!*

## ANOTHER YEAR.

"ANOTHER year," she said, "another year.  
 These roses I have watched with so much  
 care,  
 Have watched and tended without pain or  
 fear,  
 Shall bud and bloom for me exceeding  
 fair—  
 Another year," she said, "another year."  
 "Another year," she said, "another year,  
 My life perhaps may bud and bloom again,  
 May bud and bloom like these red roses here,  
 Unlike them, tended with regret and  
 pain—  
 Another year, perhaps, another year.  
 "Another year, ah, yes, another year,  
 When bloom my roses, all my life shall  
 bloom ;  
 When summer comes, my summer too 'll be  
 here,  
 And I shall cease to wander in this gloom—  
 Another year, ah, yes, another year.  
 "For ah, another year, another year,  
 I'll set my life in richer, stronger soil,  
 And prune the weeds away that creep too  
 near,  
 And watch and tend with never-ceasing  
 toil—  
 Another year, ah, yes, another year."  
 Another year, alas! another year,  
 The roses all lay withering ere their prime,  
 Poor blighted buds, with scanty leaves and  
 sere,  
 Drooping and dying long before their  
 time—  
 Another year, alas! another year.  
 And ah, another year, another year,  
 Low, like the blighted dying buds, she lay,  
 Whose voice had prophesied without a fear,  
 Whose hand had trimmed the rose-tree  
 day by day,  
 To bloom another year, another year.

## AFTER THE BALL.

THEY sat and combed their beautiful hair,  
 Their long, bright tresses, one by one,  
 As they laughed and talked in the chamber  
 there,  
 After the revel was done.  
 Idly they talked of waltz and quadrille,  
 Idly they laughed, like other girls,  
 Who over the fire, when all is still,  
 Comb out their braids and curls.  
 Robe of satin and Brussels lace,  
 Knots of flowers and ribbons, too,  
 Scattered about in every place,  
 For the revel is through.  
 And Maud and Madge in robes of white,  
 The prettiest night-gowns under the sun,  
 Stockingless, slipperless, sit in the night,  
 For the revel is done,—

Sit and comb their beautiful hair,  
 Those wonderful waves of brown and  
 gold,  
 Till the fire is out in the chamber there,  
 And the little bare feet are cold.

Then out of the gathering winter chill,  
 All out of the bitter St. Agnes weather,  
 While the fire is out and the house is still,  
 Maud and Madge together,—

Maud and Madge in robes of white,  
 The prettiest night-gowns under the sun,  
 Curtained away from the chilly night,  
 After the revel is done,—

Float along in a splendid dream,  
 To a golden gittern's tinkling tune,  
 While a thousand lustres shimmering stream  
 . In a palace's grand saloon.

Flashing of jewels and flutter of laces,  
 Tropical odors sweeter than musk,  
 Men and women with beautiful faces,  
 And eyes of tropical dusk,—

And one face shining out like a star,  
 One face haunting the dreams of each,  
 And one voice, sweeter than others are,  
 Breaking into silvery speech,—

Telling, through lips of bearded bloom,  
 An old, old story over again,  
 As down the royal bannered room,  
 To the golden gittern's strain,

Two and two, they dreamily walk,  
 While an unseen spirit walks beside,  
 And all unheard in the lovers' talk,  
 He claimeth one for a bride.

O, Maud and Madge, dream on together,  
 With never a pang of jealous fear!  
 For, ere the bitter St. Agnes weather  
 Shall whiten another year,

Robed for the bridal, and robed for the tomb,  
 Braided brown hair and golden tress,  
 There'll be only one of you left for the bloom  
 Of the bearded lips to press,—

Only one for the bridal pearls,  
 The robe of satin and Brussels lace,—  
 Only one to blush through her curls  
 At the sight of a lover's face.

O beautiful Madge, in your bridal white,  
 For you the revel has just begun ;  
 But for her who sleeps in your arms to-night  
 The revel of Life is done!

But robed and crowned with your saintly  
 bliss,  
 Queen of heaven and bride of the sun,  
 O beautiful Maud, you'll never miss  
 The kisses another bath won!

L A U R A C . R E D D E N .

DISARMED.

O LOVE! so sweet at first!  
So bitter in the end!  
I name thee fiercest foe,  
As well as falsest friend.  
What shall I do with these  
Poor withered flowers of May—  
Thy tenderest promises—  
All worthless in a day?

How art thou swift to slay,  
Despite thy clinging clasp,  
Thy long caressing look,  
Thy subtle, thrilling grasp!  
Ay, swifter far to slay  
Than thou art strong to save;  
Thou renderest but a blow  
For all I ever gave.

Oh, grasping as the grave!  
Go, go! and come no more—  
But canst thou set my heart  
Just where it was before?  
Too selfish in thy need!  
Go, leave me to my tears,  
The only gifts of thine  
That shall outlast the years.

Yet shall outlast the years  
One other cherished thing,  
Slight as the vagrant plume  
Shed from some passing wing:  
The memory of thy first  
Divine, half-timid kiss.  
Go! I forgive thee all  
In weeping over this!

BROKEN OFF.

MEN said unto a prince of story-tellers,  
"Tell us another tale!"  
And yet, beside the bells, stood phantom  
knellers,  
And his voice was fit to fail.

At first he faltered, saying, "I am weary,  
And the words are slow to come.  
Across my kin flit visions dim and eerie,  
And 'tis sweet to keep at home!"

But the clamor rose, by many voices strength-  
ened;  
And one voice in his heart  
Grew louder as the spring-tide shadows  
lengthened:  
"Ah! 'tis dull to sit apart!

"Be prouder than to wait with fingers  
folded,  
Scared, looking out for death;  
Drop not the habit which thy life hath  
moulded  
But with thy lease of breath!"

He passed his hand across his heavy fore-  
head,  
And then across his eyes;  
Before him rose a spectre, dim and horrid,  
With terrible replies:

"The name by which men name me, while  
they shiver,  
It is Swiftly Certain Death:  
Leave all the latest arrows in their quiver,  
Or 'gage to me thy breath!"

Ah me! this prince of worthy story-tellers  
Stood sad beneath the sun;  
For he could see where stood the phantom  
knellers—  
But the story was begun!

Some said: "It is his story of all stories;"  
And others: "Lo! he fails!  
His later can not match his earlier glories—  
He falters and he pales!"

But men pressed round him, eagerly, to  
listen;  
And all else was forgot.  
He coaxed the smile to shine, the tear to  
glisten;  
And then—his voice was not!

The tale was but begun—the web half  
woven—  
The colors scarcely mixed—  
The cunning of his hand was not yet  
proven—  
His intent hardly fixed.

For the dark comrade who walked with his  
walking  
Laid lightly on his lip  
A cold forefinger—and he ceased from talk-  
ing—  
Suddenly—without slip.

Ah! still lips locked on the mysterious  
story!  
Ah! hand that can not hold  
The pen by which he earned his meed of  
glory—  
He's dead! and 'tis not told!

WORN OUT.

You say that the sun is shining,  
That buds are upon the trees,  
That you hear the laugh of the waters,  
The humming of early bees :  
I am pleased by none of these—  
I am weary !

Let me alone ! The silence  
Is sweeter than song to me !  
Dearer than Light is Darkness  
To the eyes that loathe to see !  
'Tis better to let me be—  
I am weary !

I have faltered and fallen—  
The race was but begun ;  
I am ashamed, and I murmur,  
" Oh ! that the day were done ! "  
How can I love the sun,  
Who am weary ?

What will you do for the flower  
That is cut away at the root ?  
If the wing of the bird be broken,  
What wonder the bird is mute ?  
Oh, peace ! and no more dispute—  
I am weary !

I will give you a token—  
A token by which to know  
When I have forgotten the trouble—  
The trouble that tires me so  
That I can no further go,  
Being weary.

When you shall come some morning  
And stand beside my bed,  
And see the wonderful pallor  
That over my face is spread,  
Shrink not. But remember I said  
I was weary.

Then shall you search my features,  
But a trace you shall not see  
Of all these months of sadness  
That have put their mark on me ;  
Then know that I am free,  
Who was weary.

For the Old must fall and crumble  
Before we can try the New ;  
We must taste that the False is bitter  
Before we can crave the True.  
This done, there's no more to do,  
Being weary,

Only to droop the eyelids,  
Only to bow the head,  
And to pass from those who are singing,  
" Alas ! for our friend is dead ! "  
But remember how I said,  
" I am weary ! "

A LOVE-SONG OF SORRENTO.

COME away to the shade of the citron grove,  
Carina !  
To hear the voice of the brooding dove,  
Carina !

Her soft throat swells as she tells her love  
To her tender mate in the myrtle above,  
And her tremulous pinions responsive move,  
Carina ! Carina !

Ah ! love is sweet as the spring is sweet,  
Carina !  
For me thou makest the spring complete,  
Carina !

The young wind bloweth unto thy feet  
A drift of flowers thy steps to meet,  
And the wounded blossoms perfume the  
heat,  
Carina ! Carina !

They are tokens for only a bride to wear,  
Carina !  
Yet I would crown thee if I might dare,  
Carina !  
Ah ! shy and sweet and tender and rare,  
Put away from thine eyes thy shining  
hair

Nay, now, have I startled thee, unaware ?  
Carina ! Carina !

My heart is lying across thy way,  
Carina !  
As thou crushest the flowers, wilt thou crush  
it—say,  
Carina ?

Or, sadder yet, wilt thou let it stay  
Where it is lying, well away,  
All on this pleasant morning in May ?  
Carina ! Carina !

My beautiful flower of flowers ! No,  
Carina !  
Thou wilt not scorn it nor crush it so,  
Carina !

One true little word before we go ;  
Close—nestle close—and whisper low—  
Low while the faint south breezes blow,  
Carina ! Carina !

Thou'lt wear nothing but white when we  
are wed,  
Carina !  
Thou'lt have orange blossoms about thy  
head,  
Carina !

The maidens shall string them on silver  
thread ;  
On a rose-leaf carpet thou shalt tread,  
While the bride-blush maketh thy beauty  
red,  
Carina ! Carina !

AN EMPTY NEST.

MINE is the song of an empty nest :  
Others will bring you braver songs ;  
But mine must utter my heart's behest  
Though I sing it to heedless throngs.

My steps were over the blanchéd leaves  
That had taken the frost's untimely kiss ;  
Not long ago we had carried the sheaves,  
But the season was all amiss.

With hanging head and loitering feet  
Toward the open land I went,

Through places that summer had made so  
sweet  
With a glamour but briefly lent.

I trod upon something soft and dry,  
For my eyes were full on the flaming  
west;  
And just where the grass was thick and  
high  
Was lying—an empty nest.

Oh, what visions of faded spring;  
Oh, what memories of silenced song,  
Of brooding breast, and of glancing wing,  
To an empty nest belong!

And the thought that suddenly came to me,  
Close to the water, facing the west,  
Was of some singing that used to be  
In another forsaken nest.

There were two birds that began to sing  
Low in the fields of yellow corn—  
Not for the heed their song should bring,  
But for love of the dewy morn.

Birds of one feather and sister birds,  
Crowded out of a roof-tree nest,  
Hatched within sound of lowing herds,  
But flying away from the west.

Birds of one feather fare best together:  
Singing, they built them another nest,  
Sat in it and sung in the worst of weather,  
Each loving the other best.

But we who listened one morning knew  
That only one bird was left to sing:  
They never had sung apart, the two,  
And we talked of a broken wing.

Now, should you chance to pass that way,  
You would vainly listen for any song;  
But what regrets for the vanished lay  
To this empty nest belong!

#### THE FIELDS ARE GRAY WITH IMMORTElLES.

THE sheep are sheltered in the fold,  
The mists are marshalled on the hill,  
The squirrel watches from his lair,  
And every living thing is still:  
The fields are gray with Immortelles!

The river, like a sluggish snake,  
Creeps o'er the brown and bristly plain;  
I hear the swinging of the pines  
Betwixt the pauses of the rain  
Down-dripping on the Immortelles!

And think of faces, slimy cold,  
That finch not under falling tears;  
Meek-mouthed and heavy-lidded, and  
With sleek hair put behind the ears,  
And crowned with scentless Immortelles!

The partridge hath forgot her nest  
Among the stubble by the rill;  
In vain the lances of the frost  
Seek for some tender things to kill:  
They can not hurt the Immortelles!

Sad empress of the stony fell!  
Gray stoic of the blasted heath!  
Dullest of flowers that ever bloomed,  
And yet triumphant over death,  
O, weird and winged Immortelle!

Lie lightly upon Nature's breast,  
And cover up her altered face,  
Lest we should shiver when we see  
The brightness of its vernal grace  
Grown grayer than the Immortelles!

The wind cries in the reedy-marsh,  
And wanders, sobbing, through the dell;  
Poor, broken-hearted lover, he  
For violets finds the Immortelle!  
The Immortelle! The Immortelle!

#### ENTRE NOUS.

As we two slowly walked that night,  
Silence fell on us—as of fear;  
I was afraid to face the light,  
Lest you should see that I loved you, dear.

You drew my arm against your heart,  
So close I could feel it beating near;  
You were brave enough for a lover's part—  
You were so sure that I loved you, dear.

Then you murmured a word or two,  
And tenderly stooped your listening ear;  
For you thought that all that you had to do  
Was to hear me say that I loved you,  
dear.

But, though your face was so close to mine  
That you touched my cheek with your  
chestnut hair,  
I wouldn't my lips to yours resign:  
And yet—I loved you—I loved you, dear.

And all at once you were cold and pale,  
Because you thought that I did not care;  
I cried a little behind my veil—  
But that was because I loved you, dear.

And so you thought 'twas a drop of rain  
That splashed your hand? But 'twas a  
tear;

For then you said you'd never again  
Ask me to say that I loved you, dear.

Well! I will tell—if you'll listen now:  
I thought of the words you said last year;  
How we girls weren't coy enough, and how  
There were half a dozen that loved you,  
dear.

And I was afraid that you held me light,  
And an imp at my shoulder said, "Beware!  
He's just in a wooing mood to-night."  
So I *wouldn't* say that I loved you, dear.

Not though I thought you the Man of men,  
Chiefest of heroes, brave and rare;  
Not though I never shall love again  
Any man as I loved you, dear.

I have suffered, and so have you;  
And to-night, if you were but standing  
here,

I'd make you an answer straight and true,  
If you'd ask again if I loved you, dear.

## HARRIET McEWEN KIMBALL.

### VIA DOLOROSA.

"In the world ye shall have tribulation."—*St. JOHN xvi. 33.*

My Saviour said: "Take up thy cross  
And follow me where I may lead;  
Count every earthly treasure dross,  
And, losing, find thy life indeed."

I raised my burden; it was light:  
Alas! how heavy it has grown!  
O toilsome way! O cruel height!  
Lord, can I bear my cross alone?

My foes, unnumbered and unseen,  
Press madly round me day and night;  
I have no friend on whom to lean;  
I sink in sorrow and affright!

O blessed Voice! . . . I hear Him say:  
"Lo, I am with thee till the end;  
Thy strength shall fail not through thy day,  
And I am thy Eternal Friend."

The burdens of the world He bore,  
And shall I shrink from bearing mine?  
Alone He walked in anguish sore,  
But me upholds with love divine.

His grace can smooth the roughest road;  
The way He hallowed I will take:  
How heavy, yet how light the load  
That I must bear for His dear sake!

Through tribulation though He lead,  
He maketh self-denial sweet;  
My life I lose each day indeed  
To find it at my Saviour's feet!

### MY KNOWLEDGE.

THOUGH men confront the living God  
With wisdom than His Word more wise,  
And leaving paths apostles trod,  
Their own devise;  
I would myself forsake and flee,  
O Christ, the living Way, to Thee!

I know not what the schools may teach,  
Nor yet how far from truth depart;  
One lesson is within my reach—  
The Truth Thou art:  
And learning this, I learn each day  
To cast all other lore away.

I cannot solve mysterious things,  
That fill the schoolmen's thoughts with  
strife;  
But oh! what peace this knowledge brings,  
Thou art the Life;

Hid in Thy everlasting deeps,  
The silent God His secret keeps.

The Way, the Truth, the Life Thou art!  
This, this I know; to this I cleave;  
The sweet new language of my heart—  
"Lord, I believe:"  
I have no doubt to bring to Thee;  
My doubt has fled, my faith is free!

### PRAYING IN SPIRIT.

"But thou, when thou prayest, enter into thy closet, and when thou hast shut thy door, pray to thy Father which is in secret."—*St. MATT. vi. 6.*

I NEED not leave the jostling world,  
Or wait till daily tasks are o'er,  
To fold my palms in secret prayer  
Within the close-shut closet door.

There is a viewless, cloistered room,  
As high as heaven, as fair as o'er,  
Where, though my feet may join the throng,  
My soul can enter in and pray.

When I have banished wayward thoughts,  
Of sinful works the fruitful seed,  
When folly wins my ear no more,  
The closet door is shut, indeed.

No human step approaching breaks  
The blissful silence of the place;  
No shadow steals across the light  
That falls from my Redeemer's face!

And never through those crystal walls  
The clash of life can pierce its way,  
Nor ever can a human ear  
Drink in the spirit-words I say.

One hearkening, even, cannot know  
When I have crossed the threshold o'er,  
For He, alone, who hears my prayer  
Has heard the shutting of the door!

### HUMBLE SERVICE.

It is an easy thing to say,  
"Thou knowest that I love Thee, Lord!"  
And easy in the bitter fray  
For His defence to draw the sword.

But when at His dear hands we seek  
Some lofty trust for Him to keep,  
To our ambition vain and weak  
How strange His bidding, "Feed my  
sheep."

"Too mean a task for love," we cry;  
Remembering not if, in our pride,

We pass His humbler service by,  
 Our vows are by our deeds denied.  
 O Father! help us to resign  
 Our hearts, our strength, our wills to Thee;  
 Then even lowliest work of Thine  
 Most noble, blest, and sweet will be!

—  
 MY FRIEND.  
 —

I WILL not wrong thee, O To-day,  
 With idle longing for To-morrow;  
 But patient plough my field, and sow  
 The seed of faith in every furrow.  
 Enough for me the loving light  
 That melts the cloud's repellent edges;  
 The still unfolding, bud by bud,  
 Of God's most sweet and holy pledges.  
 I breathe His breath; my life is His;  
 The hand He nerves knows no defraud-  
 ing,—  
 The Lord will make this joyless waste  
 Wave with the wheat of His rewarding.  
 Of His rewarding! Yes; and yet  
 Not mine a single blade or kernel;  
 The seed is His; the quickening His;  
 The care, unchanging and eternal.  
 His, too, the harvest song shall be,  
 When He who blest the barren furrow  
 Shall thrust His shining sickle in,  
 And reap my little field To-morrow.

—  
 THE BELL IN THE TOWER.  
 —

I HEAR the bell in the high church-tower,  
 Striking the hour;  
 The hushed Night hearkens, like one who  
 stands  
 In sudden awe, with uplifted hands!  
 A Spirit up in the tower doth dwell,  
 And when the bell  
 Peals out the hours with a measured chime,  
 I hear him turning the sands of time!  
 He says: "Life dieth with every breath!"  
 Whispers of Death:  
 "It is the fall of the flower of Earth;  
 The promise-seed of immortal birth!"  
 He speaks to the striving world below:  
 "Why do ye so?  
 Will all the treasure that hand can hold  
 Buy sweeter sleep in the church-yard mould?  
 "Behold one God, over great and small,  
 Judgeth ye all!  
 Ask Him for grace in the morning light,  
 And pray for pardon and peace at night!"  
 O, while I listen my whole soul bows,  
 Paying her vows;  
 And folly fleeth with sinful fear,  
 As those clear bell-strokes fall on my ear!

For not more solemn the holy chimes,  
 In other times,  
 That helped the faithful to pray aright,  
 And put the spirits of air to flight!  
 And ever—ever would I be near,  
 Daily to hear—  
 Daily and nightly, in work or rest,  
 The Voice that pierces and soothes my  
 breast!

—  
 ALL'S WELL.  
 —

THE day is ended. Ere I sink to sleep  
 My weary spirit seeks repose in Thine:  
 Father! forgive my trespasses, and keep  
 This little life of mine.  
 With loving kindness curtain Thou my  
 bed;  
 And cool in rest my burning pilgrim-feet;  
 Thy pardon be the pillow for my head—  
 So shall my sleep be sweet.  
 At peace with all the world, dear Lord, and  
 Thee,  
 No fears my soul's unwavering faith can  
 shake;  
 All's well! whichever side the grave for  
 me  
 The morning light may break!

—  
 THE GUEST.  
 —

"Behold, I stand at the door, and knock; if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me."—Rev. iii. 20.

SPEECHLESS Sorrow sat with me;  
 I was sighing wearily!  
 Lamp and fire were out: the rain  
 Wildly beat the window-pane.  
 In the dark we heard a knock;  
 And a hand was on the lock;  
 One in waiting spake to me,  
 Saying sweetly,  
 "I am come to sup with thee!"  
 All my room was dark and damp;  
 "Sorrow!" said I, "trim the lamp;  
 Light the fire, and cheer thy face;  
 Set the guest-chair in its place."  
 And again I heard the knock:  
 In the dark I found the lock:—  
 "Enter! I have turned the key!—  
 Enter, Stranger!  
 Who art come to sup with me."  
 Opening wide the door, he came;  
 But I could not speak his name:  
 In the guest-chair took his place;  
 But I could not see his face!  
 When my cheerful fire was beaming,  
 When my little lamp was gleaming,  
 And the feast was spread for three,  
 Lo! my MASTER  
 Was the Guest that supped with me!



## EMMA LAZARUS.

### IN THE JEWISH SYNAGOGUE AT NEWPORT.

HERE, where the noises of the busy town,  
The ocean's plunge and roar can enter  
not,  
We stand and gaze around with tearful awe,  
And muse upon the consecrated spot.

No signs of life are here : the very prayers  
Inscribed around are in a language dead ;  
The light of the "perpetual lamp" is spent  
That an undying radiance was to shed.

What prayers were in this temple offered up,  
Wrung from sad hearts that knew no joy  
on earth,

By these lone exiles of a thousand years,  
From the fair sunrise land that gave them  
birth !

Now as we gaze, in this new world of light,  
Upon this relic of the days of old,  
The present vanishes, and tropic bloom,  
And Eastern towns and temples we behold.

Again we see the patriarch with his flock,  
The purple seas, the hot blue sky o'erhead,  
The slaves of Egypt,—omens, mysteries,—  
Dark fleeing hosts by flaming angels led.

A wondrous light upon a sky-kissed mount,  
A man who reads Jehovah's written law,  
Midst blinding glory and effulgence rare,  
Unto a people prone with reverent awe.

The pride of luxury's barbaric pomp,  
In the rich court of royal Solomon—  
Alas ! we wake : one scene alone remains,—  
The exiles by the streams of Babylon.

Our softened voices send us back again  
But mournful echoes through the empty  
hall ;

Our footsteps have a strange unnatural sound,  
And with unwonted gentleness they fall.

The weary ones, the sad, the suffering,  
All found their comfort in the holy place,  
And children's gladness and men's gratitude  
Took voice and mingled in the chant of  
praise.

The funeral and the marriage, now, alas !  
We know not which is sadder to recall ;  
For youth and happiness have followed age,  
And green grass lieth gently over all.

Nathless the sacred shrine is holy yet,  
With its lone floors where reverent feet  
once trod.

Take off your shoes as by the burning bush,  
Before the mystery of death and God.

### ON A TUFT OF GRASS.

WEAK, slender blades of tender green,  
With little fragrance, little sheen,  
What makes ye so dear to all ?  
Nor bud, nor flower, nor fruit have ye,  
So tiny, it can only be  
'Mongst fairies ye are counted tall.

No beauty is in this,—ah, yea,  
E'en as I gaze on you to-day,  
Your hue and fragrance bear me back  
Into the green, wide fields of old,  
With clear, blue air, and manifold  
Bright buds and flowers in blossoming  
track.

All bent one way like flickering flame,  
Each blade caught sunlight as it came,  
Then rising, saddened into shade ;  
A changeful, wavy, harmless sea,  
Whose billows none could bitterly  
Reproach with wrecks that they had  
made.

No gold ever was buried there  
More rich, more precious, or more fair  
Than buttercups with yellow gloss.  
No ships of mighty forest trees  
E'er foundered in these guiltless seas  
Of grassy waves and tender moss.

Ah, no ! ah, no ! not guiltless still,  
Green waves on meadow and on hill,  
Not wholly innocent are ye ;  
For what dead hopes and loves, what graves,  
Lie underneath your placid waves,  
While breezes kiss them lovingly !

Calm sleepers with sealed eyes lie there ;  
They see not, neither feel nor care  
If over them the grass be green.  
And some sleep here who ne'er knew rest,  
Until the grass grew o'er their breast,  
And stilled the aching pain within.

Not all the sorrow man hath known,  
Nor all the evil he hath done,  
Have ever cast thereon a stain.  
It groweth green and fresh and light,  
As in the olden garden bright,  
Beneath the feet of Eve and Cain.

It flutters, bows, and bends, and quivers,  
And creeps through forests and by rivers,  
Each blade with dewy brightness wet,  
So soft, so quiet, and so fair,  
We almost dream of sleeping there,  
Without or sorrow or regret.

## DREAMS.

A DREAM of lilies : all the blooming earth,  
 A garden full of fairies and of flowers ;  
 Its only music the glad cry of mirth,  
 While the warm sun weaves golden-tissued  
 hours ;  
 Hope a bright angel, beautiful and true  
 As Truth herself, and life a lovely toy,  
 Which ne'er will weary us, ne'er break, a  
 new  
 Eternal source of pleasure and of joy.

A dream of roses : vision of Love's tree,  
 Of beauty and of madness, and as bright  
 As naught on earth save only dreams can be,  
 Made fair and odorous with flower and  
 light ;  
 A dream that Love is strong to outlast  
 Time,  
 That hearts are stronger than forgetful-  
 ness,  
 The slippery sand than changeful waves  
 that climb,  
 The wind-blown foam than mighty waters'  
 stress.

A dream of laurels : after much is gone,  
 Much buried, much lamented, much for-  
 got,  
 With what remains to do and what is done,  
 With what yet is, and what, alas ! is not,  
 Man dreams a dream of laurel and of bays,  
 A dream of crowns and guerdons and  
 rewards,  
 Wherein sounds sweet the hollow voice of  
 praise,  
 And bright appears the wreath that it  
 awards.

A dream of poppies, sad and true as Truth,  
 That all these dreams were dreams of  
 vanity ;  
 And full of bitter penitence and ruth,  
 In his last dream, man deems 'twere good  
 to die ;  
 And weeping o'er the visions vain of yore,  
 In the sad vigils he doth nightly keep,  
 He dreams it may be good to dream no more,  
 And life has nothing like Death's dream-  
 less sleep.

## EXULTATION.

BEHOLD, I walked abroad at early morning,  
 The fields of June were bathed in dew  
 and lustre,  
 The hills were clad with light as with a  
 garment.  
 The inexpressible auroral freshness,  
 The grave, immutable, aerial heavens,  
 The transient clouds above the quiet land-  
 scape,  
 The heavy odor of the passionate lilacs,  
 That hedged the road with sober-colored-  
 clusters,  
 All these o'ermastered me with subtle power,

And made my rural walk a royal progress,  
 Peopled my solitude with airy spirits,  
 Who hovered over me with joyous singing.  
 "Behold !" they sang, "the glory of the  
 morning.  
 Through every vein does not the summer  
 tingle,  
 With vague desire and flush of expectation ?  
 "To think how fair is life ! set round with  
 grandeur ;  
 The eloquent sea beneath the voiceless  
 heavens,  
 The shifting shows of every bounteous sea-  
 son ;  
 "Rich skies, fantastic clouds, and herby  
 meadows,  
 Gray rivers, prairies spread with regal flow-  
 ers,  
 Grasses and grains and herds of browsing  
 cattle :  
 "Great cities filled with breathing men and  
 women,  
 Of whom the basest have their aspirations,  
 High impulses of courage or affection.  
 "And on this brave earth still those finer  
 spirits,  
 Heroic Valor, admirable Friendship,  
 And Love itself, a very god among you.  
 "All these for thee, and thou evoked from  
 nothing,  
 Born from blank darkness to this blaze of  
 beauty,  
 Where is thy faith, and where are thy  
 thanksgivings ?"  
 The world is his who can behold it rightly,  
 Who hears the harmonies of unseen angels  
 Above the senseless outcry of the hour."

## SONNET.

STILL northward is the central mount of  
 Maine,  
 From whose high crown the rugged for-  
 ests seem  
 Like shaven lawns, and lakes with fre-  
 quent gleam,  
 "Like broken mirrors," flash back light  
 again.  
 Eastward the sea, with its majestic plain,  
 Endless, of radiant, restless blue, superb  
 With might and music, whether storms per-  
 turb  
 Its reckless waves, or halcyon winds that  
 reign,  
 Make it serene as wisdom. Storied Spain  
 Is the next coast, and yet we may not  
 sigh  
 For lands beyond the inexorable main ;  
 Our noble scenes have yet no history.  
 All subtler charms than those that feed  
 the eye,  
 Our lives must give them ; 'tis an aim  
 austere,  
 But opens new vistas, and a pathway clear.

## MARIAN DOUGLAS.

### MY WINTER FRIEND.

THE chickadee, the chickadee,—  
A chosen friend of mine is he.  
His head and throat are glossy black ;  
He wears a great coat on his back ;  
His vest is light,—'tis almost white ;  
His eyes are round and clear and bright.

He picks the seeds from withered weeds ;  
Upon my table-crumbs he feeds ;  
He comes and goes through falling snows ;  
The freezing wind around him blows,—  
He heeds it not : his heart is gay  
As if it were the breeze of May.

The whole day long he sings one song,  
Though dark the sky may be ;  
And better than all other birds  
I love the chickadee !

The bluebird coming in the spring,  
The goldfinch with his yellow wing,  
The humming-bird that feeds on pinks  
And roses, and the bobolinks,  
The robins gay, the sparrows gray,—  
They all delight me while they stay.

But when, ah me ! they chance to see  
A red leaf on the maple-tree,  
They all cry, "O, we dread the snow !"  
And spread their wings in haste to go ;  
And when they all have southward flown,  
The chickadee remains alone.

A bird that stays in wintry days,  
A friend indeed is he ;  
And better than all other birds  
I love the chickadee !

### POLITICS.

BILL MORE and I, in days gone by,  
Were friends the long year through,  
Save when, above the melting snow,  
Wild March his trumpet blew.

Outspoken foes, we then arose ;  
Each chose a different way ;  
For March, to our New Hampshire hills,  
Brings back town-meeting day.

Its gingerbread and oranges,  
Alike, on Bill and me  
That day bestowed, but only one  
Could share its victory.

For what was victory ? We had  
Opposing views of that,  
For Billy was an old line Whig,  
And I a Democrat.

The tide of politics ran high  
Among the village boys,  
And those were truest patriots  
Who made the greatest noise.

And who could higher toss his cap,  
Or louder shout than I ?  
Till all the mountain echoes learnt  
My party-battle-cry !

One time—it was election morn,—  
Beside the town-house door,  
Among a troop of cheering boys,  
I came on Billy More.

"Cheer on !" I called ; "I would not give  
For your hurrahs a fig ;  
But say, what do the Whigs believe ?  
Speak, Billy ! you're a Whig."

And Bill said : "I don't know nor care ;  
You needn't ask me that ;  
You'd better tell me, if you can,  
Why you're a Democrat."

And I commenced, in bold disdain,  
"What ? tell you if I can ?  
I ? Why my father's candidate  
For second selectman.

"And he knows—I know—he knows—he—  
I think—I feel—I—I—  
I—I—I am a Democrat,—  
And *that's* the reason why."

"Ha ! ha !" the mocking shout that rose,—  
I seem to hear it now,  
And feel the hot, tumultuous blood  
That crimsoned cheek and brow !

I might have spared my blushes then,  
I should have kept my shame  
For men, grown men, who fight to-day,  
For just a party name !

This side or that, they cast their votes,  
And pledge their faith, and why ?  
Go ask, and you will find them wise  
As Billy More and I !

### WAITING FOR THE MAY.

FROM out his hive there came a bee :  
"Has spring-time come, or not ?" said he.  
Alone, within a garden-bed,  
A small, pale snowdrop raised its head.  
" 'Tis March, this tells me," said the bee ;  
"The hive is still the place for me.  
The day is chill, although 'tis sunny.  
And icy cold this snowdrop's honey.

Again came humming forth the bee ;  
 "What month is with us now?" said he.  
 Gray crocus-blossoms, blue and white  
 And yellow, opened to the light.  
 "It must be April," said the bee.  
 "And April's scarce the month for me.  
 I'll taste these flowers (the day is sunny),  
 But wait before I gather honey."

Once more came out the waiting bee :  
 "'Tis come : I smell the spring!" said he.  
 The violets were all in bloom ;  
 The lilac tossed a purple plume ;  
 The daff'dill wore a yellow-crown ;  
 The cherry-tree a snow-white gown ;  
 And by the brookside, wet with dew,  
 The early wild-wake robins grew.  
 "It is the May-time!" said the bee,  
 "The queen of all the months for me!  
 The flowers are here, the sky is sunny :  
 'Tis now my time to gather honey!"

#### CHIMNEY-TOPS.

"AH! the morning is gray ;  
 And what kind of a day  
 Is it likely to be?"

"You must look up, and see  
 What the chimney-pots say.

"If the smoke from the mouth  
 Of the chimney goes south  
 'Tis the north wind, that blows  
 From the country of snows :  
 Look out for rough weather ;  
 The cold and the north wind  
 Are always together.

"When the smoke pouring forth  
 From the chimney goes north,  
 A mild day it will be,  
 A warm time we shall see :  
 The south wind is blowing  
 From lands where the orange  
 And fig-trees are growing.

"But, if west goes the smoke,  
 Get your water-proof cloak  
 And umbrella about :  
 'Tis the east wind that's out.  
 A wet day you will find it :  
 The east wind has always  
 A storm close behind it.

"It is east the smoke flies!  
 We may look for blue skies!  
 Soon the clouds will take flight,  
 'Twill be sunny and bright ;  
 The sweetest and best wind  
 Is, surely, that fair-weather  
 Bringer, the west wind."

#### THE YELLOW CLOUD.

"Look up! There's just one cloud in  
 sight,—  
 A yellow cloud as sunshine bright,  
 That, like a little golden boat,  
 Across the clear blue seems to float.

O! how I wish that cloud were ours,  
 The color of the cowslip-flowers,  
 And, sitting on it, you and I  
 Were gaily sailing round the sky!  
 O! wouldn't it be pleasant?  
 O! shouldn't we be proud  
 If we could only own it,—  
 That little yellow cloud?

"As free as birds we then could go  
 Whatever way the wind might blow,—  
 Above the rivers gleaming bright,  
 Above the hills with snowdrifts white,  
 Upon the tree-tops looking down,  
 Upon the steeples of the town.  
 We should hear far below us  
 The great bells ringing loud.  
 O! don't you wish we owned it,—  
 That little yellow cloud?"

"Why wish for what will never be?  
 That little cloud is not for me ;  
 But if it were, and you and I  
 Were on it sailing round the sky,  
 Who knows? we might be wishing then,  
 'O, if we could get down again!'  
 'Tis better to be humble,  
 By far, than to be proud ;  
 And on the ground we're safer  
 Than sailing on a cloud."

#### THE ROPE DANCER.

WHEN I was seven—O, it seems  
 A thousand years ago!  
 My sailor uncle took me out  
 To see a travelling show.  
 I wore, I can remember still,  
 A white cape with a plaited frill ;  
 And, through the green fields, to the tent,  
 A proud and happy child, I went.

The usual dwarf, contrasted, stood,  
 Beside the giant, there,  
 And to a squeaking fiddle danced  
 A well-instructed bear ;  
 And yards of ribbon, pink and blue,  
 From out his throat, a juggler drew ;  
 But, when the last performance came,  
 It made these sights seem poor and tame.

For, lightly as a spider runs  
 Along the glistening thread,  
 Upon a slender rope, that stretched  
 High, high above my head,  
 A little girl tripped, to and fro,  
 And did not cast one glance below!  
 A girl? It rather seemed to me  
 That fresh from fairy-land was she!

She had a poppy-colored skirt,  
 A gown of golden gauze,  
 And when she came back to the ground,  
 The tent rang with applause ;  
 Well pleased, she bowed and curt'sied then,  
 And went through all her feats again ;  
 Along the rope I saw her rise,  
 With throbbing heart, but envious eyes.

For, as I watched this elf, who seemed  
 Like Beauty's self, to me,  
 Of happy lots, the happiest,  
 I thought that hers must be ;  
 Since I, poor I, could never hope,  
 Like her, to walk upon a rope,  
 I felt, and felt that it was hard,  
 I was from life's best joy debarred !

But as, thus murmuring in my heart,  
 And filled with discontent,  
 Beside my uncle, with the crowd  
 That left the show, I went,  
 He pulled my sleeve, and whispered,  
 " See ! "

And, lo ! my fairy, close to me  
 Was standing, speaking with the dwarf.  
 I looked, and wished her further off !

For, nearer seen, the face I thought  
 So fair, looked pinched and brown ;  
 Begrimmed and frayed the scarlet skirt,  
 And stained the golden gown ;  
 How clean, I can remember still,  
 Beside it, seemed my cape's white frill !  
 I felt my weakened conscience stir,  
 To think how I had envied her !

And when, as we, together, home,  
 Walked down the field's green slope,  
 My uncle asked, " How would you like  
 To dance upon a rope,  
 And mount as high, and look as gay,  
 As did the girl we saw to-day ? "   
 I only shook my little head,  
 And not one word, in answer, said.

ANT-HILLS.

In their small, queer houses,  
 Each one with a round,  
 Ever-open doorway,  
 Leading under ground,  
 Living in my flower-bed,  
 Near my balsam plants,  
 Are, at least, a dozen  
 Families of ants.

Very neat and quiet  
 Working folks are they,  
 Cleaning house all summer,  
 From the first of May.

In and out their doorways,  
 Up and down they go,  
 Bits of earth and gravel  
 Bringing from below ;

Carrying the sand grains  
 From their rooms away,  
 Cleaning, cleaning, cleaning,  
 Every sunny day.

Labor is a blessing ;  
 But I really can't  
 Think it would be pleasant  
 To grow up an ant,

And be always busy,  
 Cleaning house each day,  
 All the pleasant summer,  
 From the first of May !

THE LOST FLOWERS.

Rosy red the summer sky ;  
 Rosy red the fields below,  
 By the blooming clover tinged,  
 Painted by the sunset's glow ;  
 Rosy red the river's breast,  
 Softly rippling towards the west,  
 While, beneath the willow's shade,  
 Happy, though alone, I played.

Brighter was my childish dream  
 Than the river or the sky ;  
 Floating wild-flowers down the stream,  
 What companion needed I ?  
 Sending forth a fairy fleet  
 Of midsummer blossoms sweet !  
 Meadow lilies, brown and gold,  
 Trailing wreaths of virgin's bower,  
 The red mulberry's crimson bloom,  
 Jewel weed and elder flower ;  
 Down the river's murmuring flow,  
 One by one, I watched them go,  
 Slowly drifting, till the last  
 Lingering flower from sight had passed,  
 And the sky above grew gray,  
 Gray beneath the river grew,  
 While the damp, chill, evening mist  
 Hid the clover-fields from view.

Empty-handed, half afraid,  
 Hastening homeward in the shade,  
 Sadly, vainly, wished I then,  
 " Would I had my flowers again ! "

ONE SATURDAY.

I NEVER had a happier time,  
 And I am forty-three,  
 Than one midsummer afternoon,  
 When it was May with me :  
 Life's fragrant May,  
 And Saturday,

And you came out with me to play ;  
 And up and down the garden walks,  
 Among the flowering beans,  
 We proudly walked and tossed our heads,  
 And played that we were queens.

Thrice prudent sovereigns, we made  
 The diadems we wore,  
 And fashioned for our royal hands,  
 The sceptres which they bore ;  
 But good Queen Bess  
 Had surely less

Than we, of proud self-consciousness,  
 While wreaths of honeysuckle hung  
 Around your rosy neck,  
 And tufts of marigold looped up  
 My gown, a " gingham check. "

Our chosen land was parted out,  
 Like Israel's, by lot ;  
 My kingdom, from the garden wall  
 Reached to the strawberry plot ;  
 The onion-bed,  
 The beet-tops red,  
 The corn which waved above my head,

The gooseberry bushes, hung with fruit,  
The wandering melon-vine,  
The carrots and the cabbages,  
All, all of them, were mine!

Beneath the cherry-tree was placed  
Your throne, a broken chair;  
Your realm was narrower than mine,  
But it was twice as fair:  
Tall hollyhocks,  
And purple phlox,  
And time-observing four o'clocks,  
Blue lavender, and candytuft,  
And pink and white sweet peas,  
Your loyal subjects, waved their heads  
In every passing breeze.

Oh! gay and prosperous was our reign  
Till we were called to tea;—  
But years, since then, have come and gone,  
And I am forty-three!  
Yet, journeying  
On rapid wing,  
Time has not brought, and cannot bring,  
For you or me, a happier day  
Than when, among the beans,  
We proudly walked and tossed our heads,  
And fancied we were queens.

---

THE SONG OF THE BEE.

Buzz-z-z-z-z-z, buzz!  
This is the song of the bee.  
His legs are of yellow;  
A jolly good fellow,  
And yet a great worker, is he.

In days that are sunny,  
He's getting his honey;  
In days that are cloudy,  
He's making his wax:  
On pinks and on lilies,  
And gay daffodillies,  
And columbine blossoms,  
He levies a tax!

Buzz-z-z-z-z-z, buzz!  
The sweet-smelling clover,  
He, humming, hangs over;  
The scent of the roses  
Makes fragrant his wings;  
He never gets lazy;  
From thistle and daisy,  
And weeds of the meadow,  
Some treasure he brings.

Buzz-z-z-z-z-z, buzz!  
From morning's first gray'light,  
Till fading of day'light,  
He's singing and toiling  
The summer day through.  
Oh, we may get weary,  
And think work is dreary:  
'Tis harder, by far,  
To have nothing to do!

THE YEAR'S LAST FLOWER.

WITCH-HAZEL bough! Witch-hazel bough!  
Strange time it seems to blossom now!  
The sky is gray, the birds have flown,  
With rustling leaves the ground is strown;  
The May-time, with her cowslip crown,  
Sweet Summer, showering rose-leaves down,  
The Autumn days, a bannered train,  
With colors like the flag of Spain,  
Have come and gone, without the power  
To win from thee a single flower!  
But now, when woods and fields are bare,  
And chill with coming snow the air,  
All wreathed with spring-like bloom art  
thou,  
All decked with gold, Witch-hazel bough!

Witch-hazel bough! Witch-hazel bough!  
Could I believe old stories now,  
Within my hand, were I a witch,  
Thou had'st the power to make me rich;  
To prove a true divining-rod,  
And show where, under stone or sod,  
Or growing tree, or running brook,  
I should for hidden treasure look!  
A child, I sought thy charm to try,  
But wo is me, no witch am I;  
For never gleam of elfin gold  
'Twas my good fortune to behold;  
No magic dwells in me, or thou  
Hast lost thy spell, Witch-hazel bough!

Witch-hazel bough! Witch-hazel bough!  
Though wizards' arts are powerless now,  
A high resolve, a steadfast will,  
A fearless heart work wonders still.  
To find and win a needful store  
Of goods, and gold, and wisdom's lore,  
The true divining-rods for me,  
Henceforth must toil and patience be!  
Then welcome, honest Labor! Thou  
Shalt bloom unplucked, Witch-hazel bough!

---

TWO PICTURES.

An old farm-house, with meadows wide,  
And sweet with clover on each side;  
A bright-eyed boy, who looks from out  
The door, with woodbine wreathed about,  
And wishes his one thought all day,—  
"Oh, if I could but fly away  
From this dull spot, the world to see,  
How happy, happy, happy,  
How happy I should be!"

Amid the city's constant din,  
A man, who round the world has been,  
Who, 'mid the tumult and the throng,  
Is thinking, thinking, all day long,—  
"Oh, could I only tread once more  
The field-path to the farm-house door,  
The old green meadows could I see,  
How happy, happy, happy,  
How happy I should be!"

## MRS. LUCY HAMILTON HOOPER.

### REVELRY.

FILL the cup till o'er the brim  
Flows the bright champagne.  
Here's forgetfulness of grief,  
Balm for every pain.  
Drink! we watch the dying hours  
Of the dying year.  
She I loved is dead and gone.  
Dead—and I am here!

Change the flask, and fill the glass  
With the red Lafitte.  
If there's Lethe upon earth,  
This—O this is it!  
Drink! till o'er the purple skies  
Morning flushes clear.  
You are dead, O love of mine!  
Dead—and I am here!

Pass the dusky Cognac here,  
Fill a stronger draught,  
Richer with the vine's hot life  
Than the last we quaffed.  
Drink! till Mem'ry's phantoms pale  
Fade and disappear.  
Drink! till I forget she's dead!  
Dead—and I am here!

### THE DUEL.

YOU need not turn so pale, love; I'm unhurt.  
We quarreled at the opera last night  
About some trifle. Nay, I scarce know what.  
We men *will* quarrel for the merest slight.  
We settled time, place, weapon, on the spot;  
Bois de Boulogne, this morning, pistols—  
weil,—  
I fear that you are cold, you shudder so,—  
At the first shot my adversary fell,  
Shot through the heart, stone-dead. Nay,  
now, don't faint!  
I hate a fainting woman. Here's your  
fan;  
A little water? So, you're better now.  
Pray, hear my story out, love, if you  
can.  
I think he uttered something as he fell:  
A woman's name—I scarcely caught the  
sound:  
It passed so quickly that I am not sure,  
For he was dead before he reached the  
ground.  
Ah, poor de Courcy! Handsome, was he  
not?  
A favorite with the ladies, I believe.

They'll miss him sadly. More than one  
fair dame  
Will o'er his sudden fate in secret grieve.  
How well he looked this morning, as he  
stood  
Waiting my fire with such a careless grace,  
The breezes playing with his raven curls,  
The sunshine lighting up his gay bright  
face!

Suppose my hand had trembled? If it had,  
I would have fallen instead of him.  
You're white  
At the bare thought. Nay, here I am, quite  
well,  
And ready for the opera to-night.  
Ronconi plays, and I would like to see  
"Marie de Rohan" once or twice again.  
His acting as De Chevreuse is sublime;  
How he portrays the jealous husband's  
pain!

All husbands have not such a wife as you;  
Fair as the sun, and chaste as winter's  
moon!  
How very pale you still are, dearest wife!  
There is no danger of another swoon?  
How wrong I was to tell you I had fought;  
I think you've scarce recovered from the  
shock.  
One kiss upon your brow, and then I'll go;  
And pray be ready, love, at eight o'clock!

### RE-UNITED.

YOU are dead, and I am dying;  
We shall meet before the morrow;  
All our lonely years are ended;  
We have done with pain and sorrow.  
I shall see you ere the setting  
Of you slowly rising moon.  
Ay, we knew not when we parted  
That we'd meet again so soon.  
All the long years we were severed  
All their bitter sorrows, seem  
Like the pale and fading phantoms  
Of a scarce-remembered dream.  
And my heart forgets its aching  
In the joy that thrills it now;  
There are none to come between us  
In the land to which I go.  
Do you know that I am coming?  
Do you watch for me to-night?  
Do you wait above the stars, love,  
As I wait beneath their light?

Ah, I know that you are waiting  
In your fair and distant home!  
We've a tryst now, O beloved!  
Where no enemies can come.

You are dead, and I am dying,  
Very slowly, but at last.  
And I trust the death-veiled Future  
To redeem the mournful Past.  
Ne'er was pillow pressed so gladly  
As the one whereon I'm lying;  
For I know you'll greet my waking.  
You are dead, and I am dying!

THE KING'S RIDE.

ABOVE the city of Berlin  
Shines soft the summer day,  
And near the royal palace shout  
The schoolboys at their play.

Sudden the mighty palace gates  
Unclasp their portals wide,  
And forth into the sunshine see  
A single horseman ride.

A bent old man in plain attire;  
No glitt'ring courtiers wait,  
No arméd guard attends the steps  
Of Frederick the Great!

The boys have spied him, and with shouts  
The summer breezes ring.  
The merry urchins haste to greet  
Their well-belovéd king.

Impeding e'en his horse's tread,  
Presses the joyous train;  
And Prussia's despot frowns his best,  
And shakes his stick in vain.

The frowning look, the angry tone,  
Are feigned, full well they know.  
They do not fear his stick—that hand  
Ne'er struck a coward blow.

"Be off to school, you boys!" he cries.  
"Ho! ho!" the laughers say,  
"A pretty king you not to know  
We've holiday to-day!"

And so upon that summer day,  
Those children at his side,  
The symbol of his nation's love,  
Did royal Frederick ride.

O Kings! your thrones are tott'ring now!  
Dark frowns the brow of Fate!  
When did you ride as rode that day  
King Frederick the Great?

AT THE BAL MABILLE.

I WAITED near the Bal Mabilie,  
Beside the open door,  
I fain would see the face that I  
Shall living see no more.

Outside, the silent night and I;  
Inside, the joyous din:  
Alas! that Love should weep without,  
And Sin should laugh within.

You passed me in the lamp-lit street,  
With flowers in your hair,  
And diamonds upon your breast,  
So beautiful—so bare.

Your dress of rosy moiré silk  
Swept round me as you passed:  
You'll find a stain upon its folds—  
It was a tear—my last.

I scarcely knew the face I loved  
A few brief months ago,  
For there was paint upon your cheek,  
A brand upon your brow.

Now I shall never seek you more,  
Whate'er your fate may be.  
I go to wait, where soon, or late,  
You'll surely come to me.

Though months and years may pass away  
Before we meet again,  
You will not fail to keep *this* tryst  
Beside the river Seine.

Dim then will be those shameless eyes,  
Those mocking lips be dumb;  
For I am keeper of *La Morgue*:  
I wait there till you come.

You will not come with painted cheeks,  
In flowers, gems, and *moire*.  
Good-night, O woman that I loved;  
Good-night, and *au revoir*.

TOUCH NOT.

Wo still üin Herz von Liebe g'uh't.

WHERE glows a heart with silent love  
Lay not thy reckless hand thereon;  
Extinguish not the heavenly spark;  
Indeed, indeed, 'twere not well done!

If e'er a spot all unprofaned  
Is found upon this world of ours,  
It is a youthful human heart  
When first it yields to pure Love's  
pow'rs.

Oh, grant thou still the dream that comes  
'Mid rosy blossoms of the May!  
Thou know'st not what a paradise  
Doth with that vision pass away.

There broke full many a valiant heart  
When love was reft away by fate,  
And many, suff'ring, wander forth,  
Filled with all bitterness and hate;

And many, bleeding, wounded sore,  
Shriek loud for hopes forever fled,  
And mid the world's dust fling them down,—  
For godlike Love to them was dead.

And weep, complain, e'en as thou wilt,  
Not all thy penitence and pain  
Can cause a faded rose to bloom,  
Or bid a dead heart live again.



MRS. HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD.

A LOVER'S GARDEN.

I THINK the white azaleas, dear,  
Shaped out of air to match thyself,  
Yet doubt if thou wilt find one here  
Among this fragrant flowery pelf;  
For they must hide when thou art near—  
As fair as moonlight and as clear.

But any rose that here may bloom  
Is not one-half so sweet as thou,  
Though petaled white with flakes of snow—  
Yet bind no spray about thy brow;  
Let the voluptuous roses go,  
For roses have a thorn, we know.

But bend and do not pass thee by,  
Where faintest odors hover low;  
Here the dark violets ensky  
Meanings that should not 'scape thee so,  
Since in their heaven-deepened dye  
Pure dreams of perfect passion lie.

And here, like spirits of the blest,  
The golden censer in the hand,  
To worship and to praise addressed,  
Rank after rank the lilies stand,  
Long for a place upon thy breast,  
Ask is thy smile or sunshine best!

And flout not the fair fleur-de-lis  
That lightly nods that purple plume—  
Flower of romantic chivalry,  
All France bends to thee in its bloom!  
A royal banner's blazonry—  
Thy sceptre would it rather be!

Where float the moths, the bluebirds sip,  
Where breath is rapture to the core,  
Where honeysuckles climb and slip—  
Linger, and say, Had Eden more?  
Tiptoe and let the glad things drip  
Their golden honey on thy lip!

But o'er those beds of blasting blight,  
Blue hoods of poison and the tomb—  
That blood-red blossom, a delight  
To look at, but whose touch is doom—  
Ah, let thy foot make fleeting flight  
Through foxglove and through aconite!

Yet breathe thee where the winds outroll  
From heliotropes an atmosphere  
Of fullest joy and vaguest dole,  
That makes each moment deep and dear,  
While dim regrets shall fill thy soul,  
And longings for some unknown goal.

So shall these buds forever bloom  
Around thee in my memory's freak,  
The strawberry-tree refuse thee room,  
The sweet-brier spray brush by thy cheek,

And thou be fresh 'mid their perfume,  
And white 'mid their ensanguined gloom.

Then flit down yonder hawthorn coast,  
The ancient lilac alleys thread,  
And turn the labyrinth, and be lost—  
That one day, when all hope is dead,  
And when the place is dreary most,  
Haunt it, I may, with thy sweet ghost!

AT TWILIGHT.

LIKE some bright mounting flame our life,  
New-kindled, springs and sparkles,  
Now soars defiance to the sun,  
Now glooms and darkles;

Here from the ruby-hearted glow  
Sweet influence round it shedding—  
Here from a half-quenched sullen brand  
Dull shadow spreading:

And gathered in its blither blaze  
What gay friends haply cluster,  
Warmed deeply with the rosy ray  
And lightsome lustre!

Full soon the cheerful guests are gone  
In slow departing number,  
Close-curtained from the murmuring world—  
Each to his slumber.

And down on the deserted hearth,  
In dying, fitful flashes,  
The lonely fire has drooped and sunk  
And fallen in ashes;

Yet part of that immortal flame  
Which, far in deeps of even,  
Informs the white and sacred stars  
And dazzles heaven!

VANITY.

THE sun comes up and the sun goes down,  
And day and night are the same as one;  
The year grows green and the year grows  
brown,  
And what is it all, when all is done?  
Grains of sombre or shining sand,  
Sliding into and out of the hand.

And men go down in ships to the seas,  
And a hundred ships are the same as one;  
And backward and forward blows the breeze,  
And what is it all, when all is done?  
A tide with never a shore in sight  
Setting steadily on to the night.

The fisher droppeth his net in the stream,  
 And a hundred streams are the same as  
 one ;  
 And the maiden dreameth her love-lit dream,  
 And what is it all, when all is done ?  
 The net of the fisher the burden breaks,  
 And alway the dreaming the dreamer wakes.

—

FLOWER SONGS.

—

I.—THE VIOLET.

SOAR, solemn heavens, your splendid  
 height,  
 And then in flashing darkness bend,  
 Wrap the sweet earth about with night,  
 And wide dim fields from end to end,  
 Lying far off and low,  
 Serenely with your brooding mystery  
 blend.

Slumber, sweet earth ! Thy lofty shade  
 Glows with the shining phantom dreams  
 That haunt thee nightly. Music made  
 By burdened boughs and rustling  
 streams,  
 Now falling hushed and slow,  
 Remotely lapped in dewy silence seems.

And ever blow between, faint air,  
 Blow with light, hesitating breath,  
 From melancholy places where  
 Perpetual fragrance wandereth.  
 O'er grave and garden blow,  
 Over warm life, and over lonely death.

And while the murmur rang, the sudden stir  
 Of branches tost in a tumultuous gust  
 Of showers and sweetness, darkling, swept  
 the brow

And passed. And through the fluted melody  
 There breathed that sound that silence lis-  
 tens to—

The crickets chirping their unbroken strain  
 On th' hill-side, in the black warm summer  
 night,

Thrill of ethereal tone, as if were heard  
 The rustle of the great orb's wings through  
 space

What time the brede of stars its lustre floats  
 In self-poised circles, and the dusk is deep.

And then, as when across one's rarest dream,  
 Just drawing off from the rich dregs of sleep,  
 A cheery cry comes, and a broken tune,  
 And in the covert of their odorous depths  
 The robins shake their wild wet wings and  
 flood

The shallow shores of dawn with music, till  
 The world is rosy—so another voice  
 Stole toward me, and I saw the hyacinth  
 With its white helmet part the sun-soaked  
 sod.

And heard, as if from out the bells that  
 wreathe

Its spire of piercing perfume dropped the  
 tones

Like rain-drops tinkling in a way-side pool.

II.—THE HYACINTH.

ON topmost twigs when morning burns  
 And lights his trembling fires,  
 When from his wing the glad bird spurns  
 The dew, and with his carol yearns  
 And to heaven's gate aspires—  
 The Maker looks upon his world  
 That puts her beauty bare,  
 All freshly, fragrantly impearled  
 Beneath the tender air,  
 Looks on his soft and gleaming world  
 And smiles to find her fair.  
 Then waken, waken,  
 The earth has taken  
 Into the sunshine her wondrous way ;  
 Then waken, waken,  
 The dews are shaken  
 Loose from the leaves and melt away,  
 Lost in the beautiful light of day !

Here the clear singing of the joyous sprite  
 Startled the echoes of that underworld  
 Where buds lie sleeping—straight the silent  
 bush

Beside me quivered in the happy light ;  
 The red sap mounted along stem and spray,  
 In countless hurried convolutions whirled  
 To break at once into the perfect flower—  
 The perfect flower—proud was the song she  
 sung.

III.—THE ROSE.

I AM the one rich thing that morn  
 Leaves for the ardent noon to win ;  
 Grasp me not, I have a thorn,  
 But bend and take my fragrance in.

The dew-drop on my bosom gives  
 The whole of heaven to searching eyes,  
 Only he who sees it lives,  
 And only he who slights it dies.

Ah, what bewildering warmth and wealth  
 Gather within my central fold !  
 Love-lorn airs of happy health  
 Hive with the honey that I hold.

This dazzling ruddiness divine  
 Shrouds spicy savors deep and dear,  
 Passion's sign and countersign,  
 The inmost meaning of the sphere

Petal on petal opening wide,  
 My being into beauty flows—  
 Hundred-leaved and damask-dyed—  
 Yet nothing, nothing but a rose !

And shaking off a sudden passionate tear  
 The rose ceased warble, and in an ecstasy  
 Shed all her lovely leaves around my feet  
 And stood discrowned.

Then gently was I 'ware  
 Of a pure breath from that delicious hour  
 When day sweeps all her glory after her  
 To fresh horizons—rapt and holy tone  
 Where lingered yet the note that haply fell  
 From seraphs leaning o'er the battlements  
 Of shining tower and rampart far above,  
 And ever in their idlesse singing praise.

## IV.—THE LILY.

Lift thine eyes, against the deepening skies  
All the sacred hills like altars glow,  
Waiting for the hastening sacrifice  
Ere the evening winds begin to blow.

Lift thy heart, and let the prayer depart  
To meet the heavenly flame upon the  
height,  
Till all thy shadows into splendor start,  
And the calm brain grow clear with still  
delight!

## PEACE.

Oh that the bells in all these silent spires  
Would clash their clangor on the sleeping  
air,  
Ring their wild music out with throbbing  
choirs,  
Ring peace in everywhere!

Oh that this wave of sorrow surging o'er  
The red, red land would wash away its  
stain—  
Drown out the angry fire from shore to  
shore,  
And give it peace again!

On last year's blossoming graves, with sum-  
mer calm,  
Loud in his happy tangle hums the bee;  
Nature forgets her hurt, and finds her balm—  
Alas! and why not we?

Spirit of God! that moved upon the face  
Of the waters, and bade ancient chaos  
cease,  
Shine, shine again o'er this tumultuous  
space,  
Thou that art Prince of Peace!

## MUSIC IN THE NIGHT.

WHEN stars pursue their solemn flight,  
Oft in the middle of the night,  
A strain of music visits me,  
Hushed in a moment silverly—  
Such rich and rapturous strains as make  
The very soul of silence ache  
With longing for the melody.

Or lovers in the distant dusk  
Of summer gardens, sweet as musk,  
Pouring the blissful burden out,  
The breaking joy, the dying doubt;  
Or revelers—all flown with wine,  
And in a madness half divine,  
Beating the broken tune about.

Or else the rude and rolling notes  
That leave some strolling sailors' throats,  
Hoarse with the salt sprays, it may be,  
Of many a mile of rushing sea;  
Or some high-minded dreamer strays  
Late through the solitary ways,  
Nor heeds the listening night, nor me.

Or how or whence those tones be heard,  
Hearing, the slumbering soul is stirred,

As when a swiftly passing light  
Startles the shadows into flight,  
While one remembrance suddenly  
Thrills through the melting melody—  
A strain of music in the night.

Out of the darkness bursts the song,  
Into the darkness moves along;  
Only a chord of memory jars,  
Only an old wound burns its scars,  
As the wild sweetness of the strain  
Smites the heart with passionate pain,  
And vanishes among the stars.

## HEREAFTER.

LOVE, when all these years are silent, van-  
ished quite and laid to rest,  
When you and I are sleeping, folded into  
one another's breast,  
When no morrow is before us, and the  
long grass tosses o'er us,  
And our grave remains forgotten, or by alien  
footsteps pressed—

Still that love of ours will linger, that great  
love enrich the earth,  
Sunshine in the heavenly azure, breezes  
blowing joyous mirth;  
Fragrance fanning off from flowers, mel-  
ody of summer showers,  
Sparkle of the spicy wood-fires round the  
happy autumn hearth.

That's our love. But you and I, dear—shall  
we linger with it yet,  
Mingled in one dew-drop, tangled in one  
sunbeam's golden net,  
On the violet's purple bosom, I the sheen,  
but you the blossom—  
Stream on sunset winds and be the haze  
with which some hill is wet?

Or, beloved—if ascending—when we have  
endowed the world  
With the best bloom of our being, whither  
will our way be whirled,  
Through what vast and starry spaces,  
toward what awful holy places,  
With a white light on our faces, spirit over  
spirit furled?

Only this our yearning answers—whereso'er  
that way defile.  
Not a film shall part us through the æons  
of that mighty while,  
In the fair eternal weather, even as phan-  
toms still together,  
Floating, floating, one forever, in the light  
of God's great smile!

## DAYBREAK.

THROUGH rosy dawns of June I go,  
Again the deepening sweetness part,  
While all their raptures round me flow  
And bubble freshly in my heart.

The broad blue mountains lift their brows  
Barely to bathe them in the blaze;  
The bobolinks from silence rouse  
And flash along melodious ways;

And hid beneath the grasses, wet  
With long carouse, a honeyed crew,  
Anemone and violet,  
Yet rollicking are drunk with dew.

How soft the wind that blows my hair—  
That steals the song off from my lip,  
And mounts in gladder tumult where  
The murmurous branches bend and dip!

How proudly smiling on his love  
The sun rides up the central blue,  
While like the wing of summer's dove  
She changes to his changing view—

All loveliness in every light,  
Voluptuous beauty o'er her strewn,  
A thing to lap the soul's delight  
While morning widens into noon!

NOCTURNE.

In the soft, starless summer night  
No murmur swims along the air,  
Wrapped in her dim and dusky veil,  
Earth seems to slumber everywhere.

All the still dews in hiding lie,  
With unrobbed sweetness droops the rose,  
Nor up nor down the garden walks  
A slight or stealthy zephyr blows.

Darkness and hush, profoundest peace;  
The falling leaf forgets to float;  
When with one deep and mighty throb  
Along the headland strikes the rote!—

Strikes with the awful undertone  
Of some great storm's tremendous blast,  
That far through white mid-seas ploughs on  
To scream around a broken mast!

But here the swell shall heave to shore  
A muffled music, till it seems  
The trouble of the sea become  
Only the burden of a dream!

MAGDALEN.

If any woman of us all,  
If any woman of the street,  
Before the Lord should pause and fall,  
And with her long hair wipe his feet—

He whom with yearning hearts we love,  
And fain would see with human eyes  
Around our living pathway move,  
And underneath our daily skies—

The Maker of the heavens and earth,  
The Lord of life, the Lord of death,  
In whom the universe had birth,  
But breathing of our breath one breath,

If any woman of the street  
Should kneel, and with the lifted mesh  
Of her long tresses wipe his feet,  
And with her kisses kiss their flesh—

How round that woman would we throng,  
How willingly would clasp her hands  
Fresh from that touch divine, and long  
To gather up the twice-blest strands!

How eagerly with her would change  
Our idle innocence, nor heed  
Her shameful memories and strange,  
Could we but also claim that deed!

A SIGH.

It was nothing but a rose I gave her,  
Nothing but a rose  
Any wind might rob of half its savor,  
Any wind that blows.

When she took it from my trembling fingers  
With a hand as chill—  
Ah, the flying touch upon them lingers,  
Stays, and thrills them still!

Withered, faded, pressed between the pages,  
Crumpled fold on fold—  
Once it lay upon her breast, and ages  
Cannot make it old!

ALIVE.

WHEN the wild-wake robin starts in the  
wood  
At the joy of the earth who escapes her  
bars,  
And the birches flutter in breezy mood,  
And the quick brooks run and sing in the  
sun  
To some strain of the song of the morn-  
ing stars;

When the gay rhodoras throng the swamp,  
Like a settling cloud of winged things  
All a-quiver in purple pomp,  
And their green and gold the ferns unfold  
To the far-heard murmur of hastening  
springs;

When trilliums nod, and the columbines  
Spread like flames through the forest  
gloom;  
When in open field the white-weed shines,  
And the birds and bees in the apple-trees  
Dart through skies of blue and of  
bloom;

When the whole bright orb is flashing  
along  
With her cloudy gossamers round her  
curled,  
A thing of blossom and leaf and song—  
Still, I cry, is He far as the farthest star,  
Or living and pulsing across His world?

MARY. N. PRESCOTT.

A LULLABY.

HUSH, hush, my sweet ;  
Rest, rest thy tired feet ;  
Forget the storms and tears of thy brief  
hours ;  
There's naught shall thee distress,  
Wrapt in sleep's blissfulness,  
Crowned by a dream of flowers.  
Hush, dearest, hush ;  
May no intruder brush  
From off thy bloomy cheek the downy kiss ;  
May no unquiet fly  
Go rudely buzzing by,  
To snatch away thy bliss.  
May dreams enchanted spread  
A pillow for thy head,  
And hang a curtain 'twixt thee and the sun ;  
While smiles shall overflow  
Thy rosy lips, as though  
The angels' whispers were too sweet for  
one.

Then sleep, my baby, dear ;  
Yet, lest the traitor, Fear,  
Should cry, " The child will waken never-  
more ! "  
Stir in thy dreams anon,  
Bidding the thought begone,  
And lift thine eyes to bless me as before !

ROCK, LITTLE NEST.

ROCK in the wind, little nest ;  
When you are full, life is best ;  
Soon enough wings will be grown,  
Flutter, and leave you alone.

Rock in the wind, little nest ;  
Say, what are storms to the blest ?  
Though you should tremble and fall,  
God cares for sparrows and all !

Rock, little nest ; like a song  
All the sweet days fleet along ;  
Winter will presently come,  
Making you vacant and dumb !

A TEAR.

WHEN the long green grass waves o'er me,  
And no summers are before me ;  
When the bitter wind's increase  
In no wise disturbs my peace ;  
When the spring's sweet thrill, as once,  
Wakes in me no quick response,

Will you, dear, in losing me,  
Lose the bloom of sky and sea ?

When the brown bees' busy hum  
Does not reach me, cold and dumb ;  
When the scent of the wild rose  
Breathes the sadness of repose,  
Where no tender voice is heard,  
Heart-sick sigh or whispered word ;  
When for me all seasons fail,  
Will your love, sweet, still prevail ?

Happier far the grave's seclusion,  
Where your love may seek intrusion,  
Than the summer's wasted sweetness,  
Barren of that love's completeness.  
Mouldering underneath the sod,  
Waiting on the will of God,  
Heaven itself would yet seem near,  
Should you drop there, sweet, a tear !

TO-DAY.

TO-DAY the sunshine freely showers  
Its benediction where we stand ;  
There's not a passing cloud that lowers  
Above this pleasant summer-land :  
Then let's not waste the sweet to-day—  
To-morrow, who can say ?

Perhaps to-morrow we may be  
(Alas ! alas ! the thought is pain !)  
As far apart as sky and sea,  
Sundered, to meet no more again :  
Then let us clasp thee, sweet to-day—  
To-morrow, who can say ?

The daylight fades ; a purple dream  
Of twilight hovers overhead,  
While all the trembling stars do seem  
Like sad tears yet unshed :  
Oh, sweet to-day, so soon away !  
To-morrow, who can say ?

SONG.

SLIPPING, drifting with the tide,  
All the summer twilight through,  
While in heaven the stars abide,  
In my heart sweet dreams of you.  
Echoes following from the shore  
Seem the chorus of our song,  
Summer odors blown before  
Float the tune along.

Shall we linger till the day  
Paints the earth a thing divine ?  
Spread the sail and haste away  
Where the distant breakers shine ?

Held within their fearful grasp,  
Would they crush us like a shell ?  
Dying, dearest, in your clasp  
All would yet be well !

---

TWO MOODS.

---

I PLUCKED the harebells as I went  
Singing along the river-side ;  
The skies above were opulent  
Of sunshine. " Ah ! whate'er betide,  
The world is sweet, is sweet," I cried,  
That morning by the river-side.

The curlews called along the shore ;  
The boats put out from sandy beach ;  
Afar I heard the breakers' roar,  
Mellowed to silver-sounding speech ;  
And still I sang it o'er and o'er,  
" The world is sweet for evermore ! "

Perhaps, to-day, some other one,  
Loitering along the river-side,  
Content beneath the gracious sun,  
May sing, again, " Whate'er betide,  
The world is sweet." I shall not chide,  
Although *my* song is done.

---

A SONG.

---

'Tis not the murmuring voice of Spring  
That stirs my heart and makes me sing ;  
'Tis not the blue skies, bubbling o'er  
With sunshine spilled along earth's floor ;  
Nor yet the flush of bursting rose,  
Nor bloom of any flower that grows.

It is that long, long years ago,  
When all the world was blushing so—  
It is that then my cheek blushed too,  
My heart beat fast for love and you :  
There was a music in the air  
I fail to find now anywhere.

And so, when Spring comes wandering by,  
I lose the thread of misery ;  
Trusting the promise of her days,  
I tune my voice to sing her praise,  
And cheat myself with the sweet pain  
That in the spring Love blooms again.

---

ASLEEP.

---

SOUND asleep : no sigh can reach  
Him who dreams the heavenly dream ;  
No to-morrow's silver speech  
Wake him with an earthly theme.  
Summer rains relentlessly  
Patter where his head doth lie ;  
There the wild fern and the brake  
All their summer leisure take.  
Violets blinded with the dew,  
Perfume lend to the sad rue,  
Till the day breaks, fair and clear,  
And no shadow doth appear.

---

THE BROOK.

---

" O I am tired ! " said the brook, complain-  
ing,

" I fain would stop a little while to rest ;  
The clouds would weary were they always  
raining ;  
The bird, if she forever built her nest !

" The stars withdraw from heaven and cease  
their shining,

The sun himself drops down into the west.  
I fain would stop," the brook kept on repair-  
ing,

" And catch my breath, and be an instant  
blessed.

" All day a voice calls, ' Follow, dearest, fol-  
low,'  
And toiling on, I seek to reach the goal,  
Nor pause to list to yonder happy swallow,  
Telling in song the secret of his soul."

" O foolish brook ! " the wind blew in re-  
plying,

" Am I not always with you on the wing ?  
Cease your fond mourning, cease your weary  
sighing,  
And thank your stars for such companion-  
ing ! "

The sun came up across the silver dawning,  
And hung a golden flame against the sky ;  
He dallied not to drink the dews of morning,  
And when the night fell ; *lo ! the brook was  
dry !*

At rest ! at rest ! no more of toil unceasing ;  
No watering of the roots of shrub or tree ;  
No hoarding from the rain, nor still increas-  
ing,  
To lose itself, at last, within the sea !

# INDEX OF NAMES OF AUTHORS.

| A                                       | PAGE |
|-----------------------------------------|------|
| Allen, Elizabeth Akers, Mrs. ....       | 401  |
| <b>B</b>                                |      |
| Bailey, Margaret L., Mrs. ....          | 225  |
| Barnes, Susan R. A., Mrs. ....          | 164  |
| Bayard, Elise Justine, Miss             | 357  |
| Bleecker, Anne Elise, Mrs. ....         | 28   |
| Bogart, Elizabeth, Miss. ....           | 137  |
| Bolton, Sarah T., Mrs. ....             | 308  |
| Botta, Anne C., Mrs. ....               | 232  |
| Bradley, Mary E., Mrs. ....             | 432  |
| Bradstreet, Anne, Mrs. ....             | 17   |
| Brooks, Maria, Mrs. ....                | 69   |
| Brooks, Mary E., Mrs. ....              | 139  |
| <b>C</b>                                |      |
| Campbell, Juliet H. L., Mrs. ....       | 355  |
| Canfield, Francesca Pascalis, Mrs. .... | 135  |
| Cooke, Rollin, Mrs. (Rose Terry)....    | 409  |
| Carey, Alice, Miss. ....                | 372  |
| Carey, Phoebe, Miss. ....               | 372  |
| Case, Luella J. B., Mrs. ....           | 306  |
| Chandler, Caroline H., Mrs. ....        | 352  |
| Chandler, Elizabeth Margaret, Miss      | 149  |
| Child, Lydia Maria, Mrs. ....           | 110  |
| <b>D</b>                                |      |
| Davidson, Lucretia, Miss. ....          | 152  |
| Davidson, Margaret, Miss. ....          | 152  |
| Day, Martha, Miss. ....                 | 228  |
| Dinnies, Anna Peyre, Mrs. ....          | 208  |
| Dodd, Mary Ann Hamner, Miss. ....       | 229  |
| Dorr, Julia C. R., Mrs. ....            | 423  |
| D'Ossoli, Marchioness, Margaret Fuller  | 251  |
| Douglas, Marian, Miss. ....             | 475  |
| <b>E</b>                                |      |
| Eames, Elizabeth Jessup, Mrs. ....      | 246  |
| Ellet, Elizabeth J., Mrs. ....          | 199  |
| Embury, Emma C., Mrs. ....              | 143  |
| Esling, Catharine H., Mrs. ....         | 217  |
| <b>F</b>                                |      |
| Faugeres, Margaretta V., Mrs. ....      | 35   |
| Ferguson, Elizabeth Graeme, Mrs. ....   | 24   |
| Follen, Eliza L., Mrs. ....             | 121  |
| Fuller, Frances A., Miss. ....          | 368  |
| Fuller, Metta V., Miss. ....            | 368  |
| <b>G</b>                                |      |
| Gray, Jane L., Mrs. ....                | 104  |
| Green, Frances H., Mrs. ....            | 123  |
| Gilman, Caroline, Mrs. ....             | 52   |
| Gould, Hannah F., Miss. ....            | 45   |
| <b>H</b>                                |      |
| Hale, Sarah Josepha, Mrs. ....          | 75   |
| Hall, Louisa J., Mrs. ....              | 111  |
| Haven, Alice G., Mrs. ....              | 349  |
| Hooper, Lucy, Miss. ....                | 288  |
| Hooper, Lucy Hamilton, Mrs. ....        | 479  |
| Howe, Julia Ward, Mrs. ....             | 321  |
| Hunt, Helen, Mrs. ....                  | 457  |
| <b>J</b>                                |      |
| Jacobs, Sarah S., Miss. ....            | 303  |
| James, Maria, Miss. ....                | 66   |
| Judson, Emily C., Mrs. ....             | 241  |
| <b>K</b>                                |      |
| Kimball, Harriet McEwen, Miss. ....     | 471  |
| Kinney, E. C., Mrs. ....                | 195  |

| L                                       | PAGE |
|-----------------------------------------|------|
| Larcom, Lucy, Miss. ....                | 360  |
| Lawson, Mary Lockhart, Miss. ....       | 386  |
| Lazarus, Emma, Miss. ....               | 473  |
| Lee, Eleanor, Mrs. ....                 | 333  |
| Lee, Mary E., Miss. ....                | 216  |
| Lewis, Sarah Anna, Mrs. ....            | 263  |
| Lippincott, Sara J., Mrs. ....          | 390  |
| Liszt, Harriet Winslow, Mrs. ....       | 354  |
| Little, Sophia L., Mrs. ....            | 107  |
| Loud, Margaret St. Leon, Mrs. ....      | 141  |
| Lowell, Maria, Mrs. ....                | 388  |
| <b>M</b>                                |      |
| May, Caroline, Miss. ....               | 346  |
| "May birth," Miss. ....                 | 362  |
| Mayo, Sarah Edgarton, Mrs. ....         | 298  |
| McCartee, Jessie G., Mrs. ....          | 131  |
| Meigs, Mary Noel, Mrs. ....             | 270  |
| Moulton, Louise Chandler, Mrs. ....     | 447  |
| <b>N</b>                                |      |
| Nichols, Rebecca S., Mrs. ....          | 316  |
| <b>O</b>                                |      |
| Oakes-Smith, Elizabeth, Mrs. ....       | 177  |
| Oliver, Sophia Helen, Mrs. ....         | 214  |
| Osgood, Frances Sargent, Mrs. ....      | 272  |
| Osgood, Kate Putnam, Miss. ....         | 437  |
| <b>P</b>                                |      |
| Pierson, Lydia Jane, Mrs. ....          | 256  |
| Perry, Nora, Miss. ....                 | 465  |
| Peters, Phillis Wheatley, Mrs. ....     | 30   |
| Phillips, Anne H., Miss. ....           | 399  |
| Piatt, S. M. B., Mrs. ....              | 443  |
| Pindar, Susan, Miss. ....               | 343  |
| Prescott, Mary N., Miss. ....           | 485  |
| Preston, Margaret J., Mrs. ....         | 460  |
| <b>R</b>                                |      |
| Ritchie, Anna Cora Mowatt, Mrs. ....    | 267  |
| Redden, Laura C., Miss. ....            | 468  |
| Rowson, Susannah, Mrs. ....             | 33   |
| <b>S</b>                                |      |
| Sawyer, Caroline M., Mrs. ....          | 218  |
| Scott, Julia H., Mrs. ....              | 206  |
| Signourney, Lydia Huntley, Mrs. ....    | 91   |
| Spofford, Elizabeth Prescott, Mrs. .... | 481  |
| Sproat, Eliza L., Miss. ....            | 353  |
| Smith, Emeline S., Mrs. ....            | 259  |
| Smith, Sarah Louisa P., Mrs. ....       | 212  |
| Stebbins, Mary E., Mrs. ....            | 157  |
| Stephens, Ann S., Mrs. ....             | 210  |
| St. John, A. R., Mrs. ....              | 211  |
| Stoddard, Elizabeth, Mrs. ....          | 415  |
| Stoddard, Lavinia, Mrs. ....            | 44   |
| Stowe, Harriet Beecher, Mrs. ....       | 428  |
| <b>T</b>                                |      |
| Taggart, Cynthia, Miss. ....            | 133  |
| Talley, Susan Archer, Miss. ....        | 311  |
| Thaxter, Celia, Mrs. ....               | 450  |
| Thurston, Laura M., Mrs. ....           | 227  |
| Townsend, Eliza, Miss. ....             | 38   |
| <b>W</b>                                |      |
| Ward, Julia Rush, Mrs. ....             | 90   |
| Ware, Katharine A., Mrs. ....           | 102  |
| Warfield, Catharine, Mrs. ....          | 333  |
| Warren, Mercy, Mrs. ....                | 21   |
| Welby, Amelia B., Mrs. ....             | 325  |
| Wells, Anna Maria, Mrs. ....            | 63   |
| Whitman, Sarah Helen, Mrs. ....         | 166  |
| Whitney, Adeline D. T., Mrs. ....       | 453  |
| Woodman, Hannah J., Miss. ....          | 310  |
| Worthington, Jane Taylor, Mrs. ....     | 260  |











